



Add: Godavari Complex,Near K.V.M Public School Heera nagar,Haldwani Ph: 7705023379,-

CIN: U85110UP2003PLC193493

Patient Name : Mr.KULDEEP KUMAR Registered On : 08/Mar/2025 11:09:22 Age/Gender Collected : 36 Y 10 M 23 D /M : 08/Mar/2025 11:14:46 UHID/MR NO : CHL2.0000194262 Received : 08/Mar/2025 12:41:07 Visit ID : CHL20445532425 Reported : 08/Mar/2025 15:21:16

Ref Doctor : Dr.MEDIWHEEL ARCOFEMI HEALTH CARE LTD HLD - Status : Final Report

DEPARTMENT OF HAEMATOLOGY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method
Blood Group (ABO & Rh typing) , Blood				
Blood Group	А			ERYTHROCYTE MAGNETIZED TECHNOLOGY / TUBE AGGLUTINA
Rh (Anti-D)	POSITIVE			ERYTHROCYTE MAGNETIZED TECHNOLOGY / TUBE AGGLUTINA
Complete Blood Count (CBC), EDTA Who	le Blood			
Haemoglobin	15.70	g/dl	1 Day- 14.5-22.5 g/dl 1 Wk- 13.5-19.5 g/dl 1 Mo- 10.0-18.0 g/dl 3-6 Mo- 9.5-13.5 g/dl 0.5-2 Yr- 10.5-13.5 g/dl 2-6 Yr- 11.5-15.5 g/dl 6-12 Yr- 11.5-15.5 g/dl 12-18 Yr 13.0-16.0 g/dl Male- 13.5-17.5 g/dl Female- 12.0-15.5 g/dl	COLORIMETRIC METHOD (CYANIDE-FREE REAGENT)
TLC (WBC) <u>DLC</u>	4,800.00	/Cu mm	4000-10000	IMPEDANCE METHOD
Polymorphs (Neutrophils)	58.00	%	40-80	FLOW CYTOMETRY
Lymphocytes	34.00	%	20-40	FLOW CYTOMETRY
Monocytes	6.00	%	2-10	FLOW CYTOMETRY
Eosinophils	2.00	%	1-6	FLOW CYTOMETRY
Basophils ESR	0.00	%	< 1-2	FLOW CYTOMETRY
Observed	8.00	MM/1H	10-19 Yr 8.0 20-29 Yr 10.8 30-39 Yr 10.4 40-49 Yr 13.6 50-59 Yr 14.2 60-69 Yr 16.0 70-79 Yr 16.5 80-91 Yr 15.8	







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: Dr.MEDIWHEEL ARCOFEMI HEALTH Ref Doctor Status : Final Report CARE LTD HLD -

DEPARTMENT OF HAEMATOLOGY MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method
			Pregnancy Early gestation - 48 (62 if anaemic) Leter gestation - 70 (95 if anaemic)	
Corrected	NR	Mm for 1st hr.	< 9	
PCV (HCT)	49.00	%	40-54	CALCULATED
Platelet count				
Platelet Count	1.40	LACS/cu mm	1.5-4.0	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE/MICROSCOPIC
PDW (Platelet Distribution width)	16.50	fL	9-17	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
P-LCR (Platelet Large Cell Ratio)	53.20	%	35-60	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
PCT (Platelet Hematocrit)	0.19	%	0.108-0.282	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
MPV (Mean Platelet Volume)	14.00	fL	6.5-12.0	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
RBC Count				
RBC Count	4.98	Mill./cu mm	4.2-5.5	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
Blood Indices (MCV, MCH, MCHC)				
MCV	92.20	fl	80-100	CALCULATED PARAMETER
MCH	31.50	pg	27-32	CALCULATED PARAMETER
MCHC	34.20	%	30-38	CALCULATED PARAMETER
RDW-CV	13.70	%	11-16	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
RDW-SD	47.90	fL	35-60	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
Absolute Neutrophils Count	2,784.00	/cu mm	3000-7000	
Absolute Eosinophils Count (AEC)	96.00	/cu mm	40-440	

Dr.Pankaj Punetha DNB(Pathology)













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: Dr.MEDIWHEEL ARCOFEMI HEALTH Ref Doctor Status : Final Report CARE LTD HLD -

DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method	
GLUCOSE FASTING , Plasma					
Glucose Fasting	83.50	mg/dl	< 100 Normal 100-125 Pre-diabetes ≥ 126 Diabetes	GOD POD	

Interpretation:

- a) Kindly correlate clinically with intake of hypoglycemic agents, drug dosage variations and other drug interactions.
- b) A negative test result only shows that the person does not have diabetes at the time of testing. It does not mean that the person will never get diabetics in future, which is why an Annual Health Check up is essential.
- c) I.G.T = Impaired Glucose Tolerance.

CLINICAL SIGNIFICANCE: Glucose is the major source of energy in the body. Lack of insulin or resistance to it section at the cellular level causes diabetes. Therefore, the blood glucose levels are very high. Elevated serum glucose levels are observed in diabetes mellitus and may be associated with pancreatitis, pituitary or thyroid dysfunction and liver disease. Hypoglycaemia occurs most frequently due to over dosage of insulin.

GOD POD Glucose PP 104.90 mg/dl <140 Normal Sample:Plasma After Meal 140-199 Pre-diabetes >200 Diabetes

Interpretation:

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GLYCOSYLATED HAEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C), EDTA Whole Blood

Glycosylated Haemoglobin (HbA1c)	5.40	% NGSP	HPLC (NGSP)
Glycosylated Haemoglobin (HbA1c)	36.00	mmol/mol/IFCC	
Estimated Average Glucose (eAG)	108	mg/dl	

Interpretation:

NOTE:-













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Test Name Result Unit Bio. Ref. Interval Method

- eAG is directly related to A1c.
- An A1c of 7% -the goal for most people with diabetes-is the equivalent of an eAG of 154 mg/dl.
- eAG may help facilitate a better understanding of actual daily control helping you and your health care provider to make necessary changes to your diet and physical activity to improve overall diabetes mnagement.

The following ranges may be used for interpretation of results. However, factors such as duration of diabetes, adherence to therapy and the age of the patient should also be considered in assessing the degree of blood glucose control.

Haemoglobin A1C (%)NGSP	mmol/mol / IFCC Unit	eAG (mg/dl)	Degree of Glucose Control Unit
> 8	>63.9	>183	Action Suggested*
7-8	53.0 -63.9	154-183	Fair Control
< 7	<63.9	<154	Goal**
6-7	42.1 -63.9	126-154	Near-normal glycemia
< 6%	<42.1	<126	Non-diabetic level

^{*}High risk of developing long term complications such as Retinopathy, Nephropathy, Neuropathy, Cardiopathy, etc.

Clinical Implications:

- *Values are frequently increased in persons with poorly controlled or newly diagnosed diabetes.
- *With optimal control, the HbA 1c moves toward normal levels.

BUN (Blood Urea Nitrogen)

11.20

mg/dL

7.0-23.0

CALCULATED

Interpretation:

Sample:Serum

Note: Elevated BUN levels can be seen in the following:

High-protein diet, Dehydration, Aging, Certain medications, Burns, Gastrointestimal (GI) bleeding.

Low BUN levels can be seen in the following:







^{**}Some danger of hypoglycemic reaction in Type 1diabetics. Some glucose intolerant individuals and "subclinical" diabetics may demonstrate HbA1C levels in this area.

N.B.: Test carried out on Automated G8 90 SL TOSOH HPLC Analyser.

^{*}A diabetic patient who recently comes under good control may still show higher concentrations of glycosylated hemoglobin. This level declines gradually over several months as nearly normal glycosylated *Increases in glycosylated hemoglobin occur in the following non-diabetic conditions: a. Iron-deficiency anemia b. Splenectomy c. Alcohol toxicity d. Lead toxicity

^{*}Decreases in A 1c occur in the following non-diabetic conditions: a. Hemolytic anemia b. chronic blood loss

^{*}Pregnancy d. chronic renal failure. Interfering Factors:

^{*}Presence of Hb F and H causes falsely elevated values. 2. Presence of Hb S, C, E, D, G, and Lepore (autosomal recessive mutation resulting in a hemoglobinopathy) causes falsely decreased values.





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Adolescent 0.5-1.0

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DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method
Low-protein diet, overhydration, Liver disease.				
Creatinine Sample:Serum	0.94	mg/dL	Male 0.7-1.3 Newborn 0.3-1.0 Infent 0.2-0.4 Child 0.3-0.7	MODIFIED JAFFES

Interpretation:

The significance of single creatinine value must be interpreted in light of the patients muscle mass. A patient with a greater muscle mass will have a higher creatinine concentration. The trend of serum creatinine concentrations over time is more important than absolute creatinine concentration. Serum creatinine concentrations may increase when an ACE inhibitor (ACE) is taken. The assay could be affected mildly and may result in anomalous values if serum samples have heterophilic antibodies, hemolyzed, icteric or lipemic.

Uric Acid	6.33	mg/dL	3.5-7.2	URICASE
Sample:Serum				

Interpretation:

Note:-

Elevated uric acid levels can be seen in the following:

Drugs, Diet (high-protein diet, alcohol), Chronic kidney disease, Hypertension, Obesity.

LFT (WITH GAMMA GT), Serum

SGOT / Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST)	26.90	U/L	< 35	IFCC WITHOUT P5P
SGPT / Alanine Aminotransferase (ALT)	34.30	U/L	< 45	IFCC WITHOUT P5P
Gamma GT (GGT)	35.90	U/L	0-55	IFCC, KINETIC
Protein	7.84	g/dL	6.2-8.0	BIURET
Albumin	4.51	g/dL	3.4-5.4	B.C.G.
Globulin	3.33	gm/dL	1.8-3.6	CALCULATED
A:G Ratio	1.35		1.1-2.0	CALCULATED
Alkaline Phosphatase (Total)	59.30	U/L	53-128	IFCC AMP KINETIC
Bilirubin (Total)	1.62	mg/dL	Adult	DIAZO
			0-2.0	







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Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method
Bilirubin (Direct)	0.20	mg/dL	< 0.20	DIAZO
Bilirubin (Indirect)	1.42	mg/dL	< 1.8	CALCULATED
LIPID PROFILE, Serum				
Cholesterol (Total)	307.00	mg/dL	<200 Desirable 200-239 Borderline Hig > 240 High	CHOD-PAP gh
HDL Cholesterol (Good Cholesterol)	80.30	mg/dL	35.0-79.5	DIRECT ENZYMATIC
Non-HDL Cholesterol	226.70	mg/dl	0-130	CALCULATED
LDL Cholesterol (Bad Cholesterol)	201	mg/dL	< 100 Optimal 100-129 Nr. Optimal/Above Optimal 130-159 Borderline Hig 160-189 High > 190 Very High	CALCULATED gh
VLDL	25.60	mg/dL	10-33	CALCULATED
TC / HDL Cholesterol Ratio	3.82		3-5	CALCULATED
LDL / HDL Ratio	2.50		< 3.0	CALCULATED
Triglycerides	128.00	mg/dL	< 150 Normal 150-199 Borderline Hig 200-499 High >500 Very High	GPO-PAP gh

Interpretation:

Note:-

- 1. Measurements in the same patient can show physiological & analytical variations. Three serial samples 1 week apart are recommended for Total Cholesterol, Triglycerides, HDL & LDL Cholesterol.
- 2. Lipid Association of India (LAI) recommends screening of all adults above the age of 20 years for Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease (ASCVD) risk factors especially lipid profile. This should be done earlier if there is family history of premature heart disease, dyslipidemia, obesity or other risk factors
- 3. Triglycerides levels >150 mg/dL in fasting or >175 mg/dL in non-fasting are considered risk modifier for ASCVD risk

Treatment Goals for Lipid lowering therapy (as per Lipid Association of India 2023)













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TREATMENT GOAL

ASCVD RISK CATEGORY	LDL-C in mg/dL (Primary target)	NON HDL-C in mg/dL (Co-Primary target)
Low	<100	<130
Moderate	<100	<130
High	< 70	<100
Very High	< 50	<80
Extreme (A)	<50 (<30 Optional)	<80 (< 60 optional)
Extreme (B)	<30	<60

ASCVD Risk Stratification & Treatment goals in Indian population

Indians are at very high risk of developing ASCVD, they usually get the disease at an early age, have a more severe form of the disease and have poorer outcome as compared to the western populations. Many individuals remain asymptomatic before they get heart attack, ASCVD risk helps to identify high risk individuals even when there is no symptom related to heart disease. Risk stratification is important to guide lipid lowering therapy and to identify treatment goals.

CSI Clinical Practice guidelines (2024) recommends in the absence of formal risk calculator for Indian population, only risk factors can be used for risk assessment. Standard Risk factors are:

- 1. Smoking/tobacco use
- 2. Hypertension
- 3. Diabetes
- 4. Family h/o Premature CAD (Men <55 years and women <60 years

Risk Assessment*

Low Moderate Risk High Risk Very High Risk Extremely High Risk

Presence of 2 or more standard ASCVD- ASCVD with recurrent

factors with no manifest

ASCVD CAD/PVD/CeVD vascular events













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Test Name		Result	Unit	Bio	. Ref. Interval	Method
No standard risk factor	Presence of any one standard risk factor	DM with 1 or more risk factor Heterozygous Familial Hypercholesterole- mia (HeFH) with no risk factor	Imaging->50%lesi in any two major vessels DM>20 years or multiple risk factor TOD		ASCVD with HeFH High Lp(a)	&
		Hypertension with one or more risk factor or with Target organ damage (TOD)	HeFH-with ASCV or RF	VD		
		CKD- eGFR 30-59 ml/min	CKD-eGFR <30 ml/min			

^{*} A more formal risk assessment may be used by clinicians according to their personal preferences and familiarity with the risk scores.











Test Name



CHANDAN DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE

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Unit

Rio Ref Interval

Method

CIN: U85110UP2003PLC193493

Patient Name : Mr.KULDEEP KUMAR Registered On : 08/Mar/2025 11:09:26 Age/Gender Collected : 36 Y 10 M 23 D /M : 08/Mar/2025 16:04:09 UHID/MR NO : CHL2.0000194262 Received : 08/Mar/2025 16:48:07 Visit ID : CHL20445532425 Reported : 08/Mar/2025 19:20:59

Result

Ref Doctor : Dr.MEDIWHEEL ARCOFEMI HEALTH Status : Final Report

DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL PATHOLOGY MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method
URINE EXAMINATION, ROUTINE ,	Urine			
Color	YELLOW		Pale Yellow	VISUAL EXAMINATION
Specific Gravity	1.015		1.001-1.030	PRE-TREATED POLYMERIC ION EXCHANGE RESIN
Reaction PH	Acidic (6.0)		5.0-8.0	METHYL RED BROMOTHYMOLBLUE
Appearance	CLEAR			
Protein	ABSENT	mg %	< 10 Absent 10-40 (+) 40-200 (++) 200-500 (+++) > 500 (++++)	TETRA BROMOPHENOL BLUE METHYLRED
Sugar	ABSENT	gms%	< 0.5 (+) 0.5-1.0 (++) 1-2 (+++) > 2 (++++)	GLUCOSE OXIDASE PEROXIDASE CHROMOGEN REACTION
Ketone	ABSENT	mg/dl	Serum-0.1-3.0 Urine-0.0-14.0	SODIUM NITROPRUSSIDE
Bile Salts	ABSENT		ABSENT	SULPHUR GRANULE
Bile Pigments	ABSENT		ABSENT	FOUCHET TEST
Bilirubin	ABSENT		ABSENT	DIAZONIUM SALT
Leucocyte Esterase	ABSENT		ABSENT	CARBOXYLIC ACID ESTER DIAZONIUM SALT
Urobilinogen(1:20 dilution)	ABSENT		ABSENT	DIAZONIUM SALT
Nitrite	ABSENT		ABSENT	SULFANANIC ACID TETRAHYDRO BENZOL
Blood	ABSENT		ABSENT	TETRA METHYL BENZIDINE
Microscopic Examination:				
Epithelial cells	2-3/h.p.f	cells/hpf	0.0-5.0	MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION
Pus cells	1-2/h.p.f	WBC/hpf	0.0-5.0	MICROSCOPIC
RBCs	ABSENT	RBC/hpf	0.0-2.0	MICROSCOPY
Cast	ABSENT	·	ABSENT	MICROSCOPY







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ABSENT

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DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

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Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method	
Crystals	ABSENT		ABSENT	MICROSCOPY	
Others	ABSENT				
SUGAR, FASTING STAGE, Urine					

gms%

Sugar, Fasting stage

Interpretation: (+) < 0.5

(++) 0.5-1.0

(+++) 1-2

(++++) > 2

SUGAR, PP STAGE, Urine

Sugar, PP Stage ABSENT

Interpretation:

(+) < 0.5 gms%

(++) 0.5-1.0 gms%

(+++) 1-2 gms%

(++++) > 2 gms%

Dr.Pankaj Punetha DNB(Pathology)











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DEPARTMENT OF IMMUNOLOGY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method	
PSA (Prostate Specific Antigen), Total Sample:Serum	0.44	ng/mL	<4.1	CLIA	

Interpretation:

- 1. PSA is detected in the serum of males with normal, benign hypertrophic, and malignant prostate tissue.
- 2. Measurement of serum PSA levels is not recommended as a screening procedure for the diagnosis of cancer because elevated PSA levels also are observed in patients with benign prostatic hypertrophy. However, studies suggest that the measurement of PSA in conjunction with digital rectal examination (DRE) and ultrasound provide a better method of detecting prostate cancer than DRE alone.
- 3. PSA levels increase in men with cancer of the prostate, and after radical prostatectomy PSA levels routinely fall to the undetectable range.
- 4. If prostatic tissue remains after surgery or metastasis has occurred, PSA appears to be useful in detecting residual and early recurrence of tumor.
- 5. Therefore, serial PSA levels can help determine the success of prostatectomy, and the need for further treatment, such as radiation, endocrine or chemotherapy, and in the monitoring of the effectiveness of therapy.

THYROID PROFILE - TOTAL, Serum

T3, Total (tri-iodothyronine)	141.00	ng/dl	84.61-201.7	CLIA
T4, Total (Thyroxine)	6.43	ug/dl	3.2-12.6	CLIA
TSH (Thyroid Stimulating Hormone)	11.200	μIU/mL	0.4 - 4.5	CLIA

Interpretation:

0.7 - 27	$\mu IU/mL$	Premature	28-36 Week	
2.3-13.2	μIU/mL	Cord Blood	> 37Week	
1.0-39.0	$\mu IU/mL$	Child	Birth 4 Days	
1.7-9.1	μIU/mL	Child	2-20 Week	
0.7 - 6.4	$\mu IU/mL$	Child (21 wk	- 20 Yrs.)	
0.4 - 4.5	$\mu IU/mL$	Adults	21-54 Years	
0.4-4.5	$\mu IU/mL$	Adults	55-87 Years	
Pregnan	<u>cy</u>			
0.3-4.5	μIU/mL	First trimester		
0.5-4.6	$\mu IU/mL$	Second trimester		
0.8-5.2	μIU/mL	Third trimester		









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DEPARTMENT OF IMMUNOLOGY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name Result Unit Bio. Ref. Interval Method

Whole blood heel puncture

<20.0 μIU/mL Newborn screen

- 1) Patients having low T3 and T4 levels but high TSH levels suffer from primary hypothyroidism, cretinism, juvenile myxedema or autoimmune disorders.
- 2) Patients having high T3 and T4 levels but low TSH levels suffer from Grave's disease, toxic adenoma or sub-acute thyroiditis.
- 3) Patients having either low or normal T3 and T4 levels but low TSH values suffer from iodine deficiency or secondary hypothyroidism.
- 4) Patients having high T3 and T4 levels but normal TSH levels may suffer from toxic multinodular goiter. This condition is mostly a symptomatic and may cause transient hyperthyroidism but no persistent symptoms.
- 5) Patients with high or normal T3 and T4 levels and low or normal TSH levels suffer either from T3 toxicosis or T4 toxicosis respectively.
- 6) In patients with non thyroidal illness abnormal test results are not necessarily indicative of thyroidism but may be due to adaptation to the catabolic state and may revert to normal when the patient recovers.
- 7) There are many drugs for eg. Glucocorticoids, Dopamine, Lithium, Iodides, Oral radiographic dyes, etc. which may affect the thyroid function tests.
- 8) Generally when total T3 and total T4 results are indecisive then Free T3 and Free T4 tests are recommended for further confirmation along with TSH levels.

<u>Note</u> :-

TSH levels are subject to circadian variation, reaching peak levels between 2 - 4.a.m. and at a minimum between 6-10 pm . The variation is of the order of 50%, hence time of the day has influence on the measured serum TSH concentrations.

















Add: Godavari Complex,Near K.V.M Public School Heera nagar,Haldwani Ph: 7705023379.-

CIN: U85110UP2003PLC193493

Patient Name : 08/Mar/2025 11:09:28 : Mr.KULDEEP KUMAR Registered On Age/Gender : 36 Y 10 M 23 D /M Collected : 2025-03-08 13:25:25 UHID/MR NO : CHL2.0000194262 Received : 2025-03-08 13:25:25 Visit ID : CHL20445532425 Reported : 08/Mar/2025 13:27:28

Ref Doctor : Dr.MEDIWHEEL ARCOFEMI HEALTH Status : Final Report CARE LTD HLD -

DEPARTMENT OF X-RAY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

X-RAY DIGITAL CHEST PA

(500 mA COMPUTERISED UNIT SPOT FILM DEVICE)

DIGITAL CHEST P-A VIEW:-

- Bilateral lung fields appear grossly unremarkable.
- Diaphragmatic shadows are normal on both sides.
- Costo-phrenic angles are bilaterally clear.
- Trachea is central in position.
- Cardiac size & contours are normal.
- Bilateral hilar shadows are normal.
- Pulmonary vascularity & distribution are normal.
- Soft tissue shadow appears normal.

IMPRESSION:-

No significant abnormality is seen.

Adv:-Clinico-pathological correlation.

Note:-

- This report is not for any legal purpose as the patient identity is not confirmed.
- In case of any typing error, patient is requested to immediately inform to the doctor (radiologist), as the report is digitally signed.
- Discrepancy of laterality/side can be seen in 0.08% cases therefore review is advised before any operative procedure.















Add: Godavari Complex, Near K.V.M Public School Heera nagar, Haldwani Ph: 7705023379.-

CIN: U85110UP2003PLC193493

Patient Name : 08/Mar/2025 11:09:28 : Mr.KULDEEP KUMAR Registered On Age/Gender : 36 Y 10 M 23 D /M Collected : 2025-03-08 13:01:56 UHID/MR NO : CHL2.0000194262 Received : 2025-03-08 13:01:56 Visit ID : CHL20445532425 Reported : 08/Mar/2025 13:04:40

Ref Doctor : Dr.MEDIWHEEL ARCOFEMI HEALTH CARE LTD HLD - Status : Final Report

DEPARTMENT OF ULTRASOUND

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

ULTRASOUND WHOLE ABDOMEN (UPPER & LOWER)

WHOLE ABDOMEN ULTRASONOGRAPHY REPORT

LIVER

• The liver is normal in size and has a normal homogenous echo texture. No focal lesion is seen. (Note: - Small isoechoic focal lesion cannot be ruled out).

PORTAL SYSTEM

- The intra hepatic portal channels are normal.
- Portal vein is not dilated.
- Porta hepatis is normal.

BILIARY SYSTEM

- The intra-hepatic biliary radicles are normal.
- Common bile duct is not dilated.
- The gall bladder is normal in size and has regular walls. Lumen of the gall bladder is anechoic.

PANCREAS

• The pancreas is normal in size and shape and has a normal homogenous echotexture. Pancreatic duct is not dilated

KIDNEYS (Note- CT is more sensitive to detect renal calculi).

• Right kidney:-

- Right kidney is normal in size.
- Cortical echogenicity is normal.
- Pelvicalyceal system is not dilated.
- Cortico-medullary demarcation is maintained.
- Parenchymal thickness appear normal.

• Left kidney:-

- Left kidney is normal in size.
- Cortical echogenicity is normal.
- Pelvicalyceal system is not dilated.
- Cortico-medullary demarcation is maintained.
- Parenchymal thickness appear normal.

SPLEEN

• The spleen is normal in size and has a normal homogenous echo-texture.









Add: Godavari Complex, Near K.V.M Public School Heera nagar, Haldwani Ph: 7705023379.-

CIN: U85110UP2003PLC193493

Patient Name : Mr.KULDEEP KUMAR Registered On : 08/Mar/2025 11:09:28 Age/Gender : 36 Y 10 M 23 D /M Collected : 2025-03-08 13:01:56 UHID/MR NO : CHL2.0000194262 Received : 2025-03-08 13:01:56 Visit ID : CHL20445532425 Reported : 08/Mar/2025 13:04:40

: Dr.MEDIWHEEL ARCOFEMI HEALTH Ref Doctor Status : Final Report CARE LTD HLD -

DEPARTMENT OF ULTRASOUND

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

ILIAC FOSSAE & PERITONEUM

- Scan over the iliac fossae does not reveal any fluid collection or large mass.
- No free fluid is noted in peritoneal cavity.

URETERS

- The upper parts of both the ureters are normal.
- Bilateral vesicoureteric junctions are normal.

URINARY BLADDER

• The urinary bladder is normal. Bladder wall is normal in thickness and is regular.

PROSTATE

• The prostate gland is normal in size (~13.7cc in volume) and normal in echotexture with smooth outline. No median lobe indentation is seen.

FINAL IMPRESSION:-

• No significant sonological abnormality noted.

Adv: Clinico-pathological & CT Abdomen correlation for further evaluation.

Note:-

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- Discrepancy of laterality/side can be seen in 0.08% cases therefore review is advised before any operative procedure.

*** End Of Report ***

Result/s to Follow:

STOOL, ROUTINE EXAMINATION, ECG / EKG, Tread Mill Test (TMT)



This report is not for medico legal purpose. If clinical correlation is not established, kindly repeat the test at no additional cost within seven days

Facilities: MRI, CT scan, DR X-ray, Ultrasound, Sonomammography, Digital Mammography, ECG (Bedside also), 2D Echo, TMT, Holter, OPG, EEG, NCV, EMG & BERA, Audiometry, BMD, PFT, Fibroscan, Bronchoscopy, Colonoscopy and Endoscopy, Allergy Testing, Biochemistry & Immunoassay, Hematology, Microbiology & Serology, Histopathology & Immunohistochemistry, Cytogenetics and Molecular Diagnostics and Health Checkups

*Facilities Available at Select Location









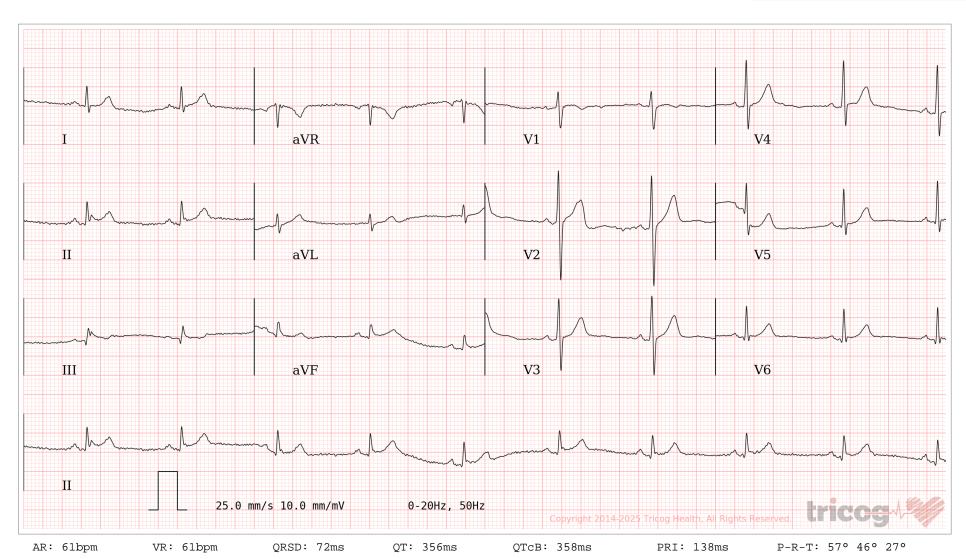
Chandan Diagnostic



Age / Gender: 36/Male Date and Time: 8th Mar 25 12:07 PM

Patient ID: CHL20445532425

Patient Name: Mr.KULDEEP KUMAR



ECG Within Normal Limits: Sinus Rhythm. Baseline artefacts. Please correlate clinically.

Dr. Charit

AUTHORIZED BY

MD, DM: Cardiology

63382

APMC/FMR/115638

REPORTED BY

Disclaimer: Analysis in this report is based on ECG alone and should only be used as an adjunct to clinical history, symptoms and results of other invasive and non-invasive tests and must be interpreted by a qualified physician.