

8X4H+5JC, Mahmoorganj Rd, Shivaji Nagar Colony, Mahmoorganj, Varanasi, Uttar Pradesh 221010, India

Latitude 25.3054009°

Local 01:59:50 PM GMT 08:29:50 AM Longitude 82.9790449°

Altitude 84 meters Saturday, 08.03.2025



भारत सरकार Government of India







सोनल श्रुति Sonal Shruti जन्म तिथि/DOB: 30/07/1998 महिला/ FEMALE

आधार पहचान का प्रमाण है, नागरिकता वा जन्मतिथि का नहीं । इसका उपयोग सत्यापन (ऑनलाइन प्रमाणीकरण, या क्यूआर कोड/ ऑफ़लाइन एक्सएमएल की स्कैनिंग) के साथ किया जाना चाहिए । Aadhaar is proof of identity, not of citizenship or date of birth. It should be used with verification (online authentication, or scanning of QR code / offline XML).

3907 9906 7697

मेरा आधार, मेरी पहचान





I, Sonal Shruti w/o Sonderp Jamen as her come to Chrondon Diagnostic for full body checkup. I have denied for Dapsinear fest on one my own consent.

Sonal Alerto 08/03/25.

Chandan Diagnostic Cente: 99, Shivaji Nagar, Mahmoorgan Varanasi-221010 (U.P.) Phone No.:0542-2223232









I, Sonal Shruli, W/o J'andelp Kuman, hard arrived at Chandon Diagnostic, Varanari for full body Cheekup, Chandon Diagnostic, Varanari for full body Cheekup, I have not provided any stool sample on my own will.

Sand Shruh'
08/3/25

Chandan Diagnostic Cente 99, Shivaji Nagar, Mahmoorgan Varanasi-221010 (U.P.) Phone No.:0542-2223232











CHANDAN DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE

Add: 99, Shivaji Nagar Mahmoorganj, Varanasi Ph: 9235447795,0542-4501413 CIN: U85110UP2003PLC193493

Patient Name : Mrs.SONAL SHRUTI-22S56510 Registered On : 08/Mar/2025 09:23:22 Age/Gender Collected : 26 Y 7 M 8 D /F : 08/Mar/2025 10:09:59 UHID/MR NO : CVAR.0000061788 Received : 08/Mar/2025 10:42:07 Visit ID : CVAR0128692425 Reported : 08/Mar/2025 13:23:14

Ref Doctor : Dr.MEDIWHEEL VNS -Status : Final Report

DEPARTMENT OF HAEMATOLOGY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA FEMALE ABOVE 40 YRS

| Test Name | Result | Unit | Bio. Ref. Interval | Method |
|------------------------------|------------------|--------|--|---|
| | | | | |
| Blood Group (ABO & Rh typing |) , Blood | | | |
| Blood Group | В | | | ERYTHROCYTE MAGNETIZED TECHNOLOGY / TUBE AGGLUTINA |
| Rh (Anti-D) | POSITIVE | | | ERYTHROCYTE MAGNETIZED TECHNOLOGY / TUBE AGGLUTINA |
| Complete Blood Count (CBC), | EDTA Whole Blood | | | |
| Haemoglobin | 13.40 | g/dl | 1 Day- 14.5-22.5 g/dl 1 Wk- 13.5-19.5 g/dl 1 Mo- 10.0-18.0 g/dl 3-6 Mo- 9.5-13.5 g/dl 0.5-2 Yr- 10.5-13.5 g/dl 2-6 Yr- 11.5-15.5 g/dl 6-12 Yr- 11.5-15.5 g/dl 12-18 Yr 13.0-16.0 g/dl Male- 13.5-17.5 g/dl Female- 12.0-15.5 g/dl | COLORIMETRIC METHOD (CYANIDE-FREE REAGENT) |
| TLC (WBC) <u>DLC</u> | 5,600.00 | /Cu mm | 4000-10000 | IMPEDANCE METHOD |
| Polymorphs (Neutrophils) | 60.00 | % | 40-80 | FLOW CYTOMETRY |
| Lymphocytes | 35.00 | % | 20-40 | FLOW CYTOMETRY |
| Monocytes | 3.00 | % | 2-10 | FLOW CYTOMETRY |
| Eosinophils | 2.00 | % | 1-6 | FLOW CYTOMETRY |
| Basophils ESR | 0.00 | % | < 1-2 | FLOW CYTOMETRY |
| Observed | 10.00 | MM/1H | 10-19 Yr 8.0 20-29 Yr 10.8 30-39 Yr 10.4 40-49 Yr 13.6 50-59 Yr 14.2 60-69 Yr 16.0 70-79 Yr 16.5 80-91 Yr 15.8 | |









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| | | | | |
| | | | Pregnancy Early gestation - 48 (62 if anaemic) Leter gestation - 70 (95 if anaemic) | |
| Corrected | 6.00 | Mm for 1st hr. | < 20 | |
| PCV (HCT) | 43.10 | % | 40-54 | CALCULATED |
| Platelet count | | | | |
| Platelet Count | 2.0 | LACS/cu mm | 1.5-4.0 | ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE/MICROSCOPIC |
| PDW (Platelet Distribution width) | 15.50 | fL | 9-17 | ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE |
| P-LCR (Platelet Large Cell Ratio) | 34.30 | % | 35-60 | ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE |
| PCT (Platelet Hematocrit) | 0.20 | % | 0.108-0.282 | ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE |
| MPV (Mean Platelet Volume) | 11.00 | fL | 6.5-12.0 | ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE |
| RBC Count | | | | |
| RBC Count | 4.66 | Mill./cu mm | 3.7-5.0 | ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE |
| Blood Indices (MCV, MCH, MCHC) | | | | |
| MCV | 92.50 | fl | 80-100 | CALCULATED PARAMETER |
| MCH | 28.80 | pg | 27-32 | CALCULATED PARAMETER |
| MCHC | 31.10 | % | 30-38 | CALCULATED PARAMETER |
| RDW-CV | 13.50 | % | 11-16 | ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE |
| RDW-SD | 44.40 | fL | 35-60 | ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE |
| Absolute Neutrophils Count | 3,360.00 | /cu mm | 3000-7000 | |
| Absolute Eosinophils Count (AEC) | 112.00 | /cu mm | 40-440 | |
| | | | | |

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DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA FEMALE ABOVE 40 YRS

| Test Name | Result | Unit | Bio. Ref. Interval | Method |
|-----------|--------|------|--------------------|--------|
| | | | | |

GLUCOSE FASTING, Plasma

Glucose Fasting 89.20 mg/dl < 100 Normal GOD POD

100-125 Pre-diabetes ≥ 126 Diabetes

Interpretation:

a) Kindly correlate clinically with intake of hypoglycemic agents, drug dosage variations and other drug interactions.

b) A negative test result only shows that the person does not have diabetes at the time of testing. It does not mean that the person will never get diabetics in future, which is why an Annual Health Check up is essential.

c) I.G.T = Impaired Glucose Tolerance.

CLINICAL SIGNIFICANCE:- Glucose is the major source of energy in the body. Lack of insulin or resistance to it section at the cellular level causes diabetes. Therefore, the blood glucose levels are very high. Elevated serum glucose levels are observed in diabetes mellitus and may be associated with pancreatitis, pituitary or thyroid dysfunction and liver disease. Hypoglycaemia occurs most frequently due to over dosage of insulin.

Glucose PP 125.00 mg/dl <140 Normal GOD POD

Sample:Plasma After Meal 140-199 Pre-diabetes >200 Diabetes

Interpretation:

a) Kindly correlate clinically with intake of hypoglycemic agents, drug dosage variations and other drug interactions.

b) A negative test result only shows that the person does not have diabetes at the time of testing. It does not mean that the person will never get diabetics in future, which is why an Annual Health Check up is essential.

c) I.G.T = Impaired Glucose Tolerance.

GLYCOSYLATED HAEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C), EDTA Whole Blood

| Glycosylated Haemoglobin (HbA1c) | 5.60 | % NGSP | HPLC (NGSP) |
|----------------------------------|-------|---------------|-------------|
| Glycosylated Haemoglobin (HbA1c) | 38.00 | mmol/mol/IFCC | |
| Estimated Average Glucose (eAG) | 114 | ma/dl | |

Interpretation:

NOTE:-











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|-----------|--------|------|--------------------|--------|--|
|-----------|--------|------|--------------------|--------|--|

- eAG is directly related to A1c.
- An A1c of 7% -the goal for most people with diabetes-is the equivalent of an eAG of 154 mg/dl.
- eAG may help facilitate a better understanding of actual daily control helping you and your health care provider to make necessary changes to your diet and physical activity to improve overall diabetes mnagement.

The following ranges may be used for interpretation of results. However, factors such as duration of diabetes, adherence to therapy and the age of the patient should also be considered in assessing the degree of blood glucose control.

| Haemoglobin A1C (%)NGSP | mmol/mol / IFCC Unit | eAG (mg/dl) | Degree of Glucose Control Unit |
|-------------------------|----------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|
| > 8 | >63.9 | >183 | Action Suggested* |
| 7-8 | 53.0 -63.9 | 154-183 | Fair Control |
| < 7 | <63.9 | <154 | Goal** |
| 6-7 | 42.1 -63.9 | 126-154 | Near-normal glycemia |
| < 6% | <42.1 | <126 | Non-diabetic level |

^{*}High risk of developing long term complications such as Retinopathy, Nephropathy, Neuropathy, Cardiopathy, etc.

Clinical Implications:

- *Values are frequently increased in persons with poorly controlled or newly diagnosed diabetes.
- *With optimal control, the HbA 1c moves toward normal levels.

BUN (Blood Urea Nitrogen)

16.00

mg/dL

7.0-23.0

CALCULATED

Interpretation:

Sample:Serum

Note: Elevated BUN levels can be seen in the following:

High-protein diet, Dehydration, Aging, Certain medications, Burns, Gastrointestimal (GI) bleeding.

Low BUN levels can be seen in the following:







^{**}Some danger of hypoglycemic reaction in Type 1diabetics. Some glucose intolerant individuals and "subclinical" diabetics may demonstrate HbA1C levels in this area.

N.B.: Test carried out on Automated G8 90 SL TOSOH HPLC Analyser.

^{*}A diabetic patient who recently comes under good control may still show higher concentrations of glycosylated hemoglobin. This level declines gradually over several months as nearly normal glycosylated *Increases in glycosylated hemoglobin occur in the following non-diabetic conditions: a. Iron-deficiency anemia b. Splenectomy c. Alcohol toxicity d. Lead toxicity

^{*}Decreases in A 1c occur in the following non-diabetic conditions: a. Hemolytic anemia b. chronic blood loss

^{*}Pregnancy d. chronic renal failure. Interfering Factors:

^{*}Presence of Hb F and H causes falsely elevated values. 2. Presence of Hb S, C, E, D, G, and Lepore (autosomal recessive mutation resulting in a hemoglobinopathy) causes falsely decreased values.





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DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA FEMALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name Result Unit Bio. Ref. Interval Method

Low-protein diet, overhydration, Liver disease.

Creatinine 0.90 mg/dL Female- 0.6-1.1 MODIFIED JAFFES

Sample:Serum Newborn 0.3-1.0 Infent 0.2-0.4

Child 0.3-0.7 Adolescent 0.5- 1.0

Interpretation:

The significance of single creatinine value must be interpreted in light of the patients muscle mass. A patient with a greater muscle mass will have a higher creatinine concentration. The trend of serum creatinine concentrations over time is more important than absolute creatinine concentration. Serum creatinine concentrations may increase when an ACE inhibitor (ACE) is taken. The assay could be affected mildly and may result in anomalous values if serum samples have heterophilic antibodies, hemolyzed, icteric or lipemic.

Uric Acid4.70mg/dL2.6-6.0URICASE

Sample:Serum

Interpretation:

Note:-

Elevated uric acid levels can be seen in the following:

Drugs, Diet (high-protein diet, alcohol), Chronic kidney disease, Hypertension, Obesity.

LFT (WITH GAMMA GT), Serum

| SGOT / Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST) | 24.40 | U/L | < 31 | IFCC WITHOUT P5P |
|---|-------|-------|---------|------------------|
| • | | | | |
| SGPT / Alanine Aminotransferase (ALT) | 27.50 | U/L | < 34 | IFCC WITHOUT P5P |
| Gamma GT (GGT) | 12.50 | U/L | 0-38 | IFCC, KINETIC |
| Protein | 6.30 | g/dL | 6.2-8.0 | BIURET |
| Albumin | 3.60 | g/dL | 3.4-5.4 | B.C.G. |
| Globulin | 2.70 | gm/dL | 1.8-3.6 | CALCULATED |
| A:G Ratio | 1.33 | | 1.1-2.0 | CALCULATED |
| Alkaline Phosphatase (Total) | 62.30 | U/L | 42-98 | IFCC AMP KINETIC |
| Bilirubin (Total) | 0.40 | mg/dL | Adult | DIAZO |
| | | | 0-2.0 | |









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| | | | | |
| Bilirubin (Direct) | 0.20 | mg/dL | < 0.20 | DIAZO |
| Bilirubin (Indirect) | 0.20 | mg/dL | < 1.8 | CALCULATED |
| LIPID PROFILE, Serum | | | | |
| Cholesterol (Total) | 156.00 | mg/dL | <200 Desirable 200-239 Borderline Hiç > 240 High | CHOD-PAP gh |
| HDL Cholesterol (Good Cholesterol) | 51.80 | mg/dL | 35.0-79.5 | DIRECT ENZYMATIC |
| Non-HDL Cholesterol | 104.20 | mg/dl | 0-130 | CALCULATED |
| LDL Cholesterol (Bad Cholesterol) | 88 | mg/dL | < 100 Optimal 100-129 Nr. Optimal/Above Optimal 130-159 Borderline Hig 160-189 High > 190 Very High | CALCULATED |
| VLDL | 15.80 | mg/dL | 10-33 | CALCULATED |
| TC / HDL Cholesterol Ratio | 3.01 | | 3-5 | CALCULATED |
| LDL / HDL Ratio | 1.71 | | < 3.0 | CALCULATED |
| Triglycerides | 79.00 | mg/dL | < 150 Normal 150-199 Borderline Hiq 200-499 High >500 Very High | GPO-PAP gh |

Interpretation:

Note:-

- 1. Measurements in the same patient can show physiological & analytical variations. Three serial samples 1 week apart are recommended for Total Cholesterol, Triglycerides, HDL & LDL Cholesterol.
- 2. Lipid Association of India (LAI) recommends screening of all adults above the age of 20 years for Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular Disease (ASCVD) risk factors especially lipid profile. This should be done earlier if there is family history of premature heart disease, dyslipidemia, obesity or other risk factors
- 3. Triglycerides levels >150 mg/dL in fasting or >175 mg/dL in non-fasting are considered risk modifier for ASCVD risk

Treatment Goals for Lipid lowering therapy (as per Lipid Association of India 2023)













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|--------------|--------|------|-----------------------|-----------|
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TREATMENT GOAL

| ASCVD RISK CATEGORY | LDL-C in mg/dL (Primary target) | NON HDL-C in mg/dL (Co-Primary target) |
|---------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| Low | <100 | <130 |
| Moderate | <100 | <130 |
| High | < 70 | <100 |
| Very High | < 50 | <80 |
| Extreme (A) | <50 (<30 Optional) | <80 (< 60 optional) |
| Extreme (B) | <30 | <60 |

ASCVD Risk Stratification & Treatment goals in Indian population

Indians are at very high risk of developing ASCVD, they usually get the disease at an early age, have a more severe form of the disease and have poorer outcome as compared to the western populations. Many individuals remain asymptomatic before they get heart attack, ASCVD risk helps to identify high risk individuals even when there is no symptom related to heart disease. Risk stratification is important to guide lipid lowering therapy and to identify treatment goals.

CSI Clinical Practice guidelines (2024) recommends in the absence of formal risk calculator for Indian population, only risk factors can be used for risk assessment. Standard Risk factors are:

- 1. Smoking/tobacco use
- 2. Hypertension
- 3. Diabetes
- 4. Family h/o Premature CAD (Men <55 years and women <60 years

Risk Assessment*

Low Moderate Risk High Risk Very High Risk Extremely High Risk

Presence of 2 or more standard

factors with no manifest

ASCVDASCVD with recurrent

CAD/PVD/CeVD vascular events

ASCVD













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|-------------|--------------------------|---|--|-------------------------------|--------|
| No standard | Presence of any | DM with 1 or more risk factor Heterozygous Familial | Imaging->50%lesic in any two major vessels DM>20 years or | ON ASCVD with HeFH High Lp(a) | & |
| risk factor | one standard risk factor | Hypercholesterole- mia (HeFH) with no risk factor | = | rs, | |
| | | Hypertension with one or more risk factor or with Target organ damage (TOD) | HeFH-with ASCV or RF | /D | |
| | | CKD- eGFR 30-59 ml/min | CKD-eGFR <30 ml/min | | |

^{*} A more formal risk assessment may be used by clinicians according to their personal preferences and familiarity with the risk scores.

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DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL PATHOLOGY MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA FEMALE ABOVE 40 YRS

| Test Name | Result | Unit | Bio. Ref. Interval | Method |
|-----------------------------|----------------------|-----------|--|--|
| | | | | |
| URINE EXAMINATION, ROUTINE, | Urine | | | |
| Color Specific Gravity | PALE YELLOW 1.010 | | Pale Yellow 1.001-1.030 | VISUAL EXAMINATION PRE-TREATED POLYMERIC ION EXCHANGE RESIN |
| Reaction PH | Acidic (6.0) | | 5.0-8.0 | METHYL RED BROMOTHYMOLBLUE |
| Appearance | CLEAR | | | |
| Protein | ABSENT | mg % | < 10 Absent 10-40 (+) 40-200 (++) 200-500 (+++) > 500 (++++) | TETRA BROMOPHENOL BLUE METHYLRED |
| Sugar | ABSENT | gms% | < 0.5 (+) 0.5-1.0 (++) 1-2 (+++) > 2 (++++) | GLUCOSE OXIDASE PEROXIDASE CHROMOGEN REACTION |
| Ketone | ABSENT | mg/dl | Serum-0.1-3.0 Urine-0.0-14.0 | SODIUM NITROPRUSSIDE |
| Bile Salts | ABSENT | | ABSENT | SULPHUR GRANULE |
| Bile Pigments | ABSENT | | ABSENT | FOUCHET TEST |
| Bilirubin | ABSENT | | ABSENT | DIAZONIUM SALT |
| Leucocyte Esterase | ABSENT | | ABSENT | CARBOXYLIC ACID ESTER DIAZONIUM SALT |
| Urobilinogen(1:20 dilution) | ABSENT | | ABSENT | DIAZONIUM SALT |
| Nitrite | ABSENT | | ABSENT | SULFANANIC ACID TETRAHYDRO BENZOL |
| Blood | ABSENT | | ABSENT | TETRA METHYL BENZIDINE |
| Microscopic Examination: | | | | |
| Epithelial cells | 1-2/h.p.f | cells/hpf | 0.0-5.0 | MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION |
| Pus cells | 0-2/h.p.f | WBC/hpf | 0.0-5.0 | MICROSCOPIC |
| RBCs | ABSENT | RBC/hpf | 0.0-2.0 | MICROSCOPY |
| Cast | ABSENT | | ABSENT | MICROSCOPY |











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| | | | | |
| Crystals | ABSENT | | ABSENT | MICROSCOPY |
| Others | ABSENT | | | |

S.N. Sinta

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Bio. Ref. Interval **Test Name** Unit Method Result

SUGAR, FASTING STAGE, Urine

Sugar, Fasting stage **ABSENT** gms%

Interpretation:

(+) < 0.5

0.5-1.0 (++)

(+++) 1-2

(++++) > 2

S.N. Sinta

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Bio. Ref. Interval **Test Name** Unit Method Result

SUGAR, PP STAGE, Urine

Sugar, PP Stage **ABSENT**

Interpretation:

(+) < 0.5 gms%

0.5-1.0 gms% (++)

(+++) 1-2 gms%

(++++) > 2 gms%

S.N. Sinta

Dr.S.N. Sinha (MD Path)









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Add: 99, Shivaji Nagar Mahmoorganj, Varanasi Ph: 9235447795,0542-4501413 CIN: U85110UP2003PLC193493

Patient Name : Mrs.SONAL SHRUTI-22S56510 Registered On : 08/Mar/2025 09:23:25 Collected Age/Gender : 26 Y 7 M 8 D /F : 08/Mar/2025 10:09:59 UHID/MR NO : CVAR.0000061788 Received : 08/Mar/2025 10:42:07 Visit ID : CVAR0128692425 Reported : 08/Mar/2025 15:02:43 Ref Doctor : Dr.MEDIWHEEL VNS -Status : Final Report

DEPARTMENT OF IMMUNOLOGY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA FEMALE ABOVE 40 YRS

| Test Name | Result | Unit | Bio. Ref. Interval | Method | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------|---------------------------|--------------------|--------------|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | | |
| THYROID PROFILE - TOTAL , Serum | | | | | | | |
| T3, Total (tri-iodothyronine) | 149.00 | ng/dl | 84.61–201.7 | CLIA | | | |
| T4, Total (Thyroxine) | 7.85 | ug/dl | 3.2-12.6 | CLIA | | | |
| TSH (Thyroid Stimulating Hormone) | 3.990 | μIŪ/mL | 0.4 - 4.5 | CLIA | | | |
| Interpretation: | | | | | | | |
| • | | 0.7-27 μIU/ | mL Premature | 28-36 Week | | | |
| | | 2.3-13.2 μIU/1 | mL Cord Blood | > 37Week | | | |
| | | 1.0-39.0 μIU/ | mL Child | Birth 4 Days | | | |
| | | 1.7-9.1 μIU/ | mL Child | 2-20 Week | | | |
| | | 0.7-6.4 μIU/ | mL Child (21 wk | z - 20 Yrs.) | | | |
| | | $0.4-4.5 \mu IU/$ | mL Adults | 21-54 Years | | | |
| | | 0.4-4.5 µIU/1 | mL Adults | 55-87 Years | | | |
| | | Pregnancy | Pregnancy | | | | |
| | | 0.3-4.5 μIU/ | mL First trimeste | r | | | |
| | | 0.5-4.6 μIU/ | mL Second trime | ster | | | |
| | | 0.8-5.2 μIU/ | mL Third trimeste | er | | | |
| | | Whole blood heel puncture | | | | | |
| | | <20.0 μIU/ | mL Newborn scr | een | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

- 1) Patients having low T3 and T4 levels but high TSH levels suffer from primary hypothyroidism, cretinism, juvenile myxedema or autoimmune disorders.
- 2) Patients having high T3 and T4 levels but low TSH levels suffer from Grave's disease, toxic adenoma or sub-acute thyroiditis.
- 3) Patients having either low or normal T3 and T4 levels but low TSH values suffer from iodine deficiency or secondary hypothyroidism.
- **4)** Patients having high T3 and T4 levels but normal TSH levels may suffer from toxic multinodular goiter. This condition is mostly a symptomatic and may cause transient hyperthyroidism but no persistent symptoms.
- 5) Patients with high or normal T3 and T4 levels and low or normal TSH levels suffer either from T3 toxicosis or T4 toxicosis respectively.
- **6**) In patients with non thyroidal illness abnormal test results are not necessarily indicative of thyroidism but may be due to adaptation to the catabolic state and may revert to normal when the patient recovers.
- 7) There are many drugs for eg. Glucocorticoids, Dopamine, Lithium, Iodides, Oral radiographic dyes, etc. which may affect the thyroid function tests.
- 8) Generally when total T3 and total T4 results are indecisive then Free T3 and Free T4 tests are recommended for further confirmation along with TSH levels.

<u>Note</u> :-

TSH levels are subject to circadian variation, reaching peak levels between 2 - 4.a.m. and at a minimum between 6-10 pm . The variation is of the order of 50%, hence time of the day has influence on the measured serum TSH concentrations.

S.N. Sinla













Add: 99, Shivaji Nagar Mahmoorganj,Varanasi Ph: 9235447795,0542-4501413 CIN: U85110UP2003PLC193493

Patient Name : Mrs.SONAL SHRUTI-22S56510 Registered On : 08/Mar/2025 09:23:27 Collected Age/Gender : 26 Y 7 M 8 D /F : 2025-03-08 10:16:47 UHID/MR NO : CVAR.0000061788 Received : 2025-03-08 10:16:47 Visit ID : CVAR0128692425 Reported : 08/Mar/2025 10:24:35

Ref Doctor : Dr.MEDIWHEEL VNS - Status : Final Report

DEPARTMENT OF X-RAY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA FEMALE ABOVE 40 YRS

X-RAY DIGITAL CHEST PA

X- Ray Digital Chest P.A. View

- Lung fields are clear.
- Pleural spaces are clear.
- Both hilar shadows appear normal.
- Trachea and carina appear normal.
- Heart size within normal limits.
- Both the diaphragms appear normal.
- Soft tissues and Bony cage appear normal.

IMPRESSION

* NO OBVIOUS DETECTABLE ABNORMALITY SEEN

Dr Raveesh Chandra Roy (MD-Radio)

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Add: 99, Shivaji Nagar Mahmoorganj,Varanasi Ph: 9235447795,0542-4501413 CIN: U85110UP2003PLC193493

Patient Name : Mrs.SONAL SHRUTI-22S56510 Registered On : 08/Mar/2025 09:23:28 Age/Gender : 26 Y 7 M 8 D /F Collected : 2025-03-08 09:39:31 UHID/MR NO : CVAR.0000061788 Received : 2025-03-08 09:39:31 Visit ID : CVAR0128692425 Reported : 08/Mar/2025 09:44:12

Ref Doctor : Dr.MEDIWHEEL VNS - Status : Final Report

DEPARTMENT OF ULTRASOUND

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA FEMALE ABOVE 40 YRS

ULTRASOUND WHOLE ABDOMEN (UPPER & LOWER)

WHOLE ABDOMEN ULTRASONOGRAPHY REPORT

LIVER

• The liver is normal in size (12.2 cm in midclavicular line) and has a normal homogenous echo texture. No focal lesion is seen.

PORTAL SYSTEM

- The intra hepatic portal channels are normal.
- Portal vein is (9.2 mm in caliber) not dilated.
- Porta hepatis is normal.

BILIARY SYSTEM

- The intra-hepatic biliary radicles are normal.
- Common bile duct is (3.8 mm in caliber) not dilated.
- The gall bladder is **normal** in size and has regular walls. Lumen of the gall bladder is anechoic.

PANCREAS

• The pancreas is **normal** in size and shape and has a normal homogenous echotexture. Pancreatic duct is not dilated.

KIDNEYS

• Right kidney:-

- Right kidney is normal in size, measuring ~ 9.4 x 3.7 cms.
- Cortical echogenicity is normal. Pelvicalyceal system is not dilated.
- Cortico-medullary demarcation is maintained. Parenchymal thickness appear normal.

• Left kidney:-

- Left kidney is normal in size, measuring ~ 9.9 x 3.8 cms.
- Cortical echogenicity is normal. Pelvicalyceal system is not dilated.
- Cortico-medullary demarcation is maintained. Parenchymal thickness appear normal.

SPLEEN













Add: 99, Shivaji Nagar Mahmoorganj, Varanasi Ph: 9235447795,0542-4501413 CIN: U85110UP2003PLC193493

: Mrs.SONAL SHRUTI-22S56510 Patient Name Registered On : 08/Mar/2025 09:23:28 Age/Gender : 26 Y 7 M 8 D /F Collected : 2025-03-08 09:39:31 UHID/MR NO : CVAR.0000061788 Received : 2025-03-08 09:39:31 Visit ID : CVAR0128692425 Reported : 08/Mar/2025 09:44:12

Ref Doctor : Dr.MEDIWHEEL VNS -Status : Final Report

DEPARTMENT OF ULTRASOUND

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA FEMALE ABOVE 40 YRS

• The spleen is normal in size (~ 7.0 cm in its long axis) and has a normal homogenous echo-

ILIAC FOSSAE & PERITONEUM

• Scan over the iliac fossae does not reveal any fluid collection or large mass.

URINARY BLADDER

- The urinary bladder is partially filled. Bladder wall is normal in thickness and regular.
- Pre-void urine volume is ~ 69 cc.

UTERUS & CERVIX

- The uterus is anteverted and normal in size (~ 63 x 46 x 33 mm / 52 cc) & shape and homogenous myometrial echotexture.
- The endometrial echo is seen in mid line (endometrial thickness ~ 5.3 mm).
- Cervix is normal.

ADNEXA & OVARIES

- Adnexa are normal.
- Both ovaries are visualized and normal.

FINAL IMPRESSION:-

• No significant sonological abnormality noted.

Adv: Clinico-pathological-correlation / further evaluation & Follow up

*** End Of Report ***

Result/s to Follow:

STOOL, ROUTINE EXAMINATION, Tread Mill Test (TMT), PAP SMEAR FOR CYTOLOGICAL EXAMINATION



Dr Raveesh Chandra Roy (MD-Radio)

This report is not for medico legal purpose. If clinical correlation is not established, kindly repeat the test at no additional cost within seven days

Facilities: MRI, CT scan, DR X-ray, Ultrasound, Sonomammography, Digital Mammography, ECG (Bedside also), 2D Echo, TMT, Holter, OPG, EEG, NCV, EMG & BERA, Audiometry, BMD, PFT, Fibroscan, Bronchoscopy, Colonoscopy and Endoscopy, Allergy Testing, Biochemistry & Immunoassay, Hematology, Microbiology & Serology, Histopathology & Immunohistochemistry, Cytogenetics and Molecular Diagnostics and Health Checkups 365 Days Open

*Facilities Available at Select Location











Chandan Diagnostic

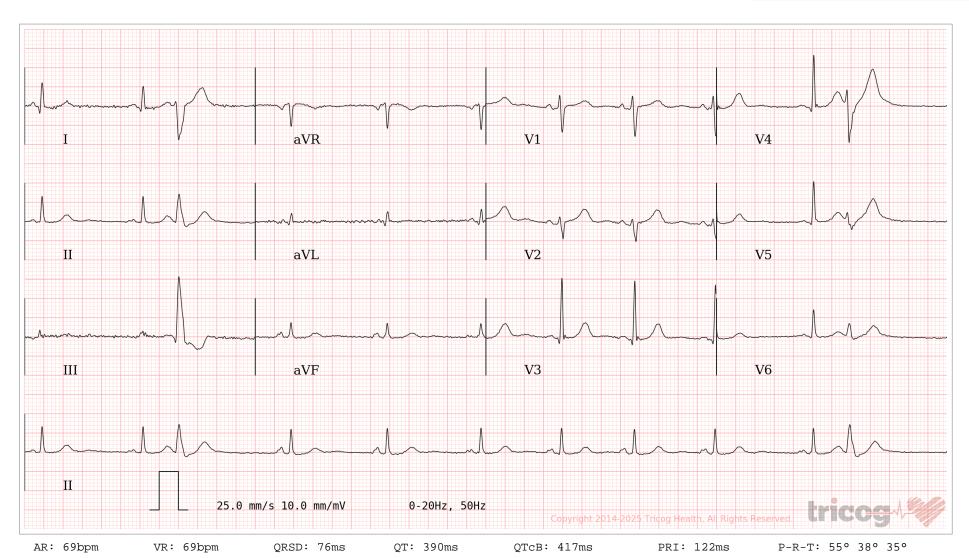


Age / Gender: 26/Female

Date and Time: 8th Mar 25 9:37 AM

Patient ID: CVAR0128692425

Patient Name: Mrs.SONAL SHRUTI-22S56510



ECG Within Normal Limits: Sinus Rhythm, Occasional Monomorphic PVCs seen.V1,V2 interchanged. Please correlate clinically.

Dr. Charit MD, DM: Cardiology

AUTHORIZED BY

REPORTED BY

Currents

Dr. Arundhati Muragoji

Disclaimer: Analysis in this report is based on ECG alone and should only be used as an adjunct to clinical history, symptoms and results of other invasive and non-invasive tests and must be interpreted by a qualified physician.

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