



Add: Plot no - 455/6, H G Complex, Kanchanpur, Varanasi -UP 221005 Ph: 05424019523 CIN: U85110UP2003PLC193493

Patient Name Age/Gender UHID/MR NO Visit ID Ref Doctor	: Mr.SINGH VIJAY-22E3791 : 37 Y 0 M 0 D /M : CVA1.0000003069 : CVA10031542425 : Dr.MEDIWHEEL VNS -	5	Registered O Collected Received Reported Status	n : 06/Nov/2024 1 : 06/Nov/2024 1 : 06/Nov/2024 1 : 06/Nov/2024 1 : 66/Nov/2024 1 : Final Report	6: 20: 14 6: 27: 23			
	DEPARTMENT OF HAEMATOLOGY MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS							
Test Name	mediume	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method			
Blood Group (Al	BO & Rh typing) , Blood							
Blood Group	51 57	A			ERYTHROCYTE MAGNETIZED TECHNOLOGY / TUBE AGGLUTINA			
Rh (Anti-D)		POSITIVE			ERYTHROCYTE MAGNETIZED TECHNOLOGY / TUBE AGGLUTINA			
Complete Blood	I Count (CBC) , Whole Blood							
Haemoglobin		12.00		1 Day- 14.5-22.5 g/dl 1 Wk- 13.5-19.5 g/dl 1 Mo- 10.0-18.0 g/dl 3-6 Mo- 9.5-13.5 g/dl 0.5-2 Yr- 10.5-13.5 g/dl 2-6 Yr- 11.5-15.5 g/dl 6-12 Yr- 11.5-15.5 g/dl 12-18 Yr 13.0-16.0 g/dl Male- 13.5-17.5 g/dl Female- 12.0-15.5 g/dl	COLORIMETRIC METHOD (CYANIDE-FREE REAGENT)			
TLC (WBC) <u>DLC</u>		7,600.00	/Cu mm	4000-10000	IMPEDANCE METHOD			
Polymorphs (Net Lymphocytes Monocytes Eosinophils Basophils ESR	utrophils)	50.00 42.00 4.00 4.00 0.00	% % %	40-80 20-40 2-10 1-6 < 1-2	FLOW CYTOMETRY FLOW CYTOMETRY FLOW CYTOMETRY FLOW CYTOMETRY FLOW CYTOMETRY			
Observed		10.00		10-19 Yr 8.0 20-29 Yr 10.8 30-39 Yr 10.4 40-49 Yr 13.6 50-59 Yr 14.2 60-69 Yr 16.0 70-79 Yr 16.5 80-91 Yr 15.8				









Add: Plot no - 455/6, H G Complex, Kanchanpur, Varanasi -UP 221005 Ph: 05424019523 CIN: U85110UP2003PLC193493

Patient Name	: Mr.SINGH VIJAY-22E37915	Registered On	: 06/Nov/2024 15:56:36
Age/Gender	: 37 Y O M O D /M	Collected	: 06/Nov/2024 16:20:14
UHID/MR NO	: CVA1.000003069	Received	: 06/Nov/2024 16:27:23
Visit ID	: CVA10031542425	Reported	: 06/Nov/2024 17:26:35
Ref Doctor	: Dr.MEDIWHEEL VNS -	Status	: Final Report

DEPARTMENT OF HAEMATOLOGY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method
			Pregnancy Early gestation - 48 (62 if anaemic)	
			Leter gestation - 70 (95)
Corrected	6.00	Mm for 1st hr.	if anaemic)	
PCV (HCT)	8.00 39.70	1VIIIII01 ISUIII. %	< 9 40-54	
Platelet count	39.70	70	40-04	
	0.10		1 5 4 0	
Platelet Count	2.10	LACS/cu mm	1.5-4.0	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE/MICROSCOPIC
PDW (Platelet Distribution width)	16.60	fL	9-17	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
P-LCR (Platelet Large Cell Ratio)	52.50	%	35-60	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
PCT (Platelet Hematocrit)	0.30	%	0.108-0.282	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
MPV (Mean Platelet Volume)	13.40	fL	6.5-12.0	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
RBC Count				
RBC Count	5.43	Mill./cu mm	4.2-5.5	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
Blood Indices (MCV, MCH, MCHC)				
MCV	73.00	fl	80-100	CALCULATED PARAMETER
MCH	22.00	pg	27-32	CALCULATED PARAMETER
MCHC	30.20	%	30-38	CALCULATED PARAMETER
RDW-CV	16.80	%	11-16	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
RDW-SD	44.00	fL	35-60	ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE
Absolute Neutrophils Count	3,800.00	/cu mm	3000-7000	
Absolute Eosinophils Count (AEC)	304.00	/cu mm	40-440	

S.N. Sinton Dr.S.N. Sinha (MD Path)

Page 2 of 11











Add: Plot no - 455/6, H G Complex, Kanchanpur, Varanasi -UP 221005 Ph: 05424019523 CIN: U85110UP2003PLC193493

Patient Name	: Mr.SINGH VIJAY-22E37915	Registered On	: 06/Nov/2024 15:56:36
Age/Gender	: 37 Y O M O D /M	Collected	: 06/Nov/2024 16:20:14
UHID/MR NO	: CVA1.000003069	Received	: 06/Nov/2024 16:34:58
Visit ID	: CVA10031542425	Reported	: 06/Nov/2024 17:16:49
Ref Doctor	: Dr.MEDIWHEEL VNS -	Status	: Final Report

DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method
GLUCOSE FASTING , Plasma				
Glucose Fasting	92.90	mg/dl	< 100 Normal 100-125 Pre-diabetes ≥ 126 Diabetes	GOD POD

Interpretation:

a) Kindly correlate clinically with intake of hypoglycemic agents, drug dosage variations and other drug interactions.b) A negative test result only shows that the person does not have diabetes at the time of testing. It does not mean that the person will never get diabetics in future, which is why an Annual Health Check up is essential.c) I.G.T = Impaired Glucose Tolerance.

CLINICAL SIGNIFICANCE:- Glucose is the major source of energy in the body. Lack of insulin or resistance to it section at the cellular level causes diabetes. Therefore, the blood glucose levels are very high. Elevated serum glucose levels are observed in diabetes mellitus and may be associated with pancreatitis, pituitary or thyroid dysfunction and liver disease. Hypoglycaemia occurs most frequently due to over dosage of insulin.

Glucose PP	125.00	mg/dl	<140 Normal	GOD POD
Sample:Plasma After Meal			140-199 Pre-diabetes	
			>200 Diabetes	

Interpretation:

a) Kindly correlate clinically with intake of hypoglycemic agents, drug dosage variations and other drug interactions.b) A negative test result only shows that the person does not have diabetes at the time of testing. It does not mean that the person will never get diabetics in future, which is why an Annual Health Check up is essential.c) I.G.T = Impaired Glucose Tolerance.

S.n. Sinta

Dr.S.N. Sinha (MD Path)

Page 3 of 11

View Reports on

Chandan 24x7 App









Add: Plot no - 455/6, H G Complex, Kanchanpur, Varanasi -UP 221005 Ph: 05424019523 CIN: U85110UP2003PLC193493

Patient Name	: Mr.SINGH VIJAY-22E37915	Registered On	: 06/Nov/2024 15:56:37
Age/Gender	: 37 Y O M O D /M	Collected	: 06/Nov/2024 16:20:14
UHID/MR NO	: CVA1.000003069	Received	: 06/Nov/2024 16:27:23
Visit ID	: CVA10031542425	Reported	: 07/Nov/2024 08:59:48
Ref Doctor	: Dr.MEDIWHEEL VNS -	Status	: Final Report

DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method	
GLYCOSYLATED HAEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C)	, EDTA BLOOD				
Glycosylated Haemoglobin (HbA1c)	5.20	% NGSP		HPLC (NGSP)	

Glycosylated Haemoglobin (HbATc)	5.20	% NGSP	HPLC (NGSP)
Glycosylated Haemoglobin (HbA1c)	33.00	mmol/mol/IFCC	
Estimated Average Glucose (eAG)	103	mg/dl	

Interpretation:

<u>NOTE</u>:-

- eAG is directly related to A1c.
- An A1c of 7% -the goal for most people with diabetes-is the equivalent of an eAG of 154 mg/dl.
- eAG may help facilitate a better understanding of actual daily control helping you and your health care provider to make necessary changes to your diet and physical activity to improve overall diabetes mnagement.

The following ranges may be used for interpretation of results. However, factors such as duration of diabetes, adherence to therapy and the age of the patient should also be considered in assessing the degree of blood glucose control.

Haemoglobin A1C (%)NGSP	mmol/mol / IFCC Unit	eAG (mg/dl)	Degree of Glucose Control Unit
> 8	>63.9	>183	Action Suggested*
7-8	53.0 -63.9	154-183	Fair Control
< 7	<63.9	<154	Goal**
6-7	42.1 -63.9	126-154	Near-normal glycemia
< 6%	<42.1	<126	Non-diabetic level

*High risk of developing long term complications such as Retinopathy, Nephropathy, Neuropathy, Cardiopathy, etc. **Some danger of hypoglycemic reaction in Type 1 diabetics. Some glucose intolerant individuals and "subclinical" diabetics may demonstrate HbA1C levels in this area.

N.B.: Test carried out on Automated VARIANT II TURBO HPLC Analyser.

<u>Clinical Implications:</u>

- *Values are frequently increased in persons with poorly controlled or newly diagnosed diabetes.
- *With optimal control, the HbA 1c moves toward normal levels.

*A diabetic patient who recently comes under good control may still show higher concentrations of glycosylated hemoglobin. This level



Page 4 of 11







Add: Plot no - 455/6, H G Complex, Kanchanpur, Varanasi -UP 221005 Ph: 05424019523 CIN: U85110UP2003PLC193493

Patient Name	: Mr.SINGH VIJAY-22E37915	Registered On	: 06/Nov/2024 15:56:37
Age/Gender	: 37 Y O M O D /M	Collected	: 06/Nov/2024 16:20:14
UHID/MR NO	: CVA1.000003069	Received	: 06/Nov/2024 16:27:23
Visit ID	: CVA10031542425	Reported	: 07/Nov/2024 08:59:48
Ref Doctor	: Dr.MEDIWHEEL VNS -	Status	: Final Report

DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method	

declines gradually over several months as nearly normal glycosylated *Increases in glycosylated hemoglobin occur in the following nondiabetic conditions: a. Iron-deficiency anemia b. Splenectomy

c. Alcohol toxicity d. Lead toxicity

*Decreases in A 1c occur in the following non-diabetic conditions: a. Hemolytic anemia b. chronic blood loss

*Pregnancy d. chronic renal failure. Interfering Factors:

*Presence of Hb F and H causes falsely elevated values. 2. Presence of Hb S, C, E, D, G, and Lepore (autosomal recessive mutation resulting in a hemoglobinopathy) causes falsely decreased values.

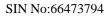
S.N. Sinta Dr.S.N. Sinha (MD Path)

Page 5 of 11

View Reports on

Chandan 24x7 App











Add: Plot no - 455/6, H G Complex, Kanchanpur, Varanasi -UP 221005 Ph: 05424019523 CIN: U85110UP2003PLC193493

Patient Name Age/Gender UHID/MR NO Visit ID Ref Doctor	: Mr.SINGH VIJAY-22E37915 : 37 Y 0 M 0 D /M : CVA1.000003069 : CVA10031542425 : Dr.MEDIWHEEL VNS -		Registered On Collected Received Reported Status	: 06/Nov/2024 15 : 06/Nov/2024 16 : 06/Nov/2024 16 : 06/Nov/2024 19 : Final Report	20:14 27:23
			F BIOCHEMIST		
Test Name	MEDIWHEEL	. BANK OF BA Result	RODA MALE AI Unit	BOVE 40 YRS Bio. Ref. Interval	Method
restiname		Result	Unit	DIO. Rel. Interval	Method
BUN (Blood Urea N Sample:Serum	litrogen)	10.60	mg/dL	7.0-23.0	CALCULATED
Interpretation: Note: Elevated 1	BUN levels can be seen in th	e following:			
High-protein diet,	Dehydration, Aging, Certain me	edications, Burr	ns, Gastrointestim	al (GI) bleeding.	
Low BUN levels	can be seen in the following	:			
Low-protein diet,	overhydration, Liver disease.				
Creatinine Sample:Serum		0.90	mg/dl	0.7-1.30	MODIFIED JAFFES
mass will have a habsolute creatining	of single creatinine value must be higher creatinine concentration. e concentration. Serum creatinin mildly and may result in anomal	The trend of service concentration	um creatinine con is may increase w	centrations over time is then an ACE inhibitor	s more important than (ACE) is taken. The assay
Uric Acid Sample:Serum		4.70	mg/dl	3.4-7.0	URICASE
Interpretation: Note:- Elevated uric ac	id levels can be seen in the fo	ollowing:			
Drugs, Diet (high	-protein diet, alcohol), Chronic	kidney disease,	Hypertension, Ob	pesity.	
LFT (WITH GAM	MA GT) , Serum				
SGOT / Aspartate	e Aminotransferase (AST)	61.50	U/L	< 35	IFCC WITHOUT P5P
					Page 6 of 11

ISO 9001:2015

Home Sample Collection 080693666666











Add: Plot no - 455/6, H G Complex, Kanchanpur, Varanasi -UP 221005 Ph: 05424019523 CIN: U85110UP2003PLC193493

Patient Name	: Mr.SINGH VIJAY-22E37915	Registered On	: 06/Nov/2024 15:56:37
Age/Gender	: 37 Y O M O D /M	Collected	: 06/Nov/2024 16:20:14
UHID/MR NO	: CVA1.000003069	Received	: 06/Nov/2024 16:27:23
Visit ID	: CVA10031542425	Reported	: 06/Nov/2024 19:52:37
Ref Doctor	: Dr.MEDIWHEEL VNS -	Status	: Final Report

DEPARTMENT OF BIOCHEMISTRY MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

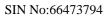
MEDIWHEEL DAINS OF BASODA MALE ADOVE 40 TK3				
Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method
SGPT / Alanine Aminotransferase (ALT)	93.80	U/L	< 40	IFCC WITHOUT P5P
Gamma GT (GGT)	47.00	IU/L	11-50	OPTIMIZED SZAZING
Protein	7.30	gm/dl	6.2-8.0	BIURET
Albumin	4.10	gm/dl	3.4-5.4	B.C.G.
Globulin	3.20	gm/dl	1.8-3.6	CALCULATED
A:G Ratio	1.28		1.1-2.0	CALCULATED
Alkaline Phosphatase (Total)	73.70	U/L	42.0-165.0	PNP/AMP KINETIC
Bilirubin (Total)	1.00	mg/dl	0.3-1.2	JENDRASSIK & GROF
Bilirubin (Direct)	0.30	mg/dl	< 0.30	JENDRASSIK & GROF
Bilirubin (Indirect)	0.70	mg/dl	< 0.8	JENDRASSIK & GROF
LIPID PROFILE (MINI), Serum				
Cholesterol (Total)	106.00	mg/dl	<200 Desirable 200-239 Borderline High > 240 High	CHOD-PAP
HDL Cholesterol (Good Cholesterol)	31.10	mg/dl	30-70	DIRECT ENZYMATIC
LDL Cholesterol (Bad Cholesterol)	60	mg/dl	< 100 Optimal 100-129 Nr. Optimal/Above Optima 130-159 Borderline High 160-189 High > 190 Very High	
VLDL	14.60	mg/dl	10-33	CALCULATED
Triglycerides	73.00	mg/dl	< 150 Normal 150-199 Borderline High 200-499 High >500 Very High	GPO-PAP

S.n. Sinta

Page 7 of 11

Dr.S.N. Sinha (MD Path)













Add: Plot no - 455/6, H G Complex, Kanchanpur, Varanasi -UP 221005 Ph: 05424019523 CIN: U85110UP2003PLC193493

Patient Name	: Mr.SINGH VIJAY-22E37915	Registered On	: 06/Nov/2024 15:56:37
Age/Gender	: 37 Y O M O D /M	Collected	: 06/Nov/2024 16:20:14
UHID/MR NO	: CVA1.000003069	Received	: 06/Nov/2024 16:27:23
Visit ID	: CVA10031542425	Reported	: 06/Nov/2024 16:47:36
Ref Doctor	: Dr.MEDIWHEEL VNS -	Status	: Final Report

DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL PATHOLOGY MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method
URINE EXAMINATION, ROUTINE , U	Irine			
Color	PALE YELLOW			
Specific Gravity	1.010			
Reaction PH	Acidic (6.0)			DIPSTICK
Appearance	CLEAR			DII STICK
Protein	ABSENT	mg %	< 10 Absent	DIPSTICK
riotein	ADJENT	Thy 70	< 10 Absent 10-40 (+) 40-200 (++) 200-500 (+++) > 500 (++++)	DIFSTICK
Sugar	ABSENT	gms%	< 0.5 (+) 0.5-1.0 (++) 1-2 (+++) > 2 (++++)	DIPSTICK
Ketone	ABSENT	mg/dl	Serum-0.1-3.0 Urine-0.0-14.0	BIOCHEMISTRY
Bile Salts	ABSENT			
Bile Pigments	ABSENT			
Bilirubin	ABSENT			DIPSTICK
Leucocyte Esterase	ABSENT			DIPSTICK
Urobilinogen(1:20 dilution)	ABSENT			
Nitrite	ABSENT			DIPSTICK
Blood	ABSENT			DIPSTICK
Microscopic Examination:				
Epithelial cells	0-2/h.p.f			MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION
Pus cells	0-2/h.p.f			
RBCs	ABSENT			MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION
Cast	ABSENT			
Crystals	ABSENT			MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION
Others	ABSENT			
SUGAR, FASTING STAGE, Urine				
Sugar, Fasting stage	ABSENT	gms%		









Add: Plot no - 455/6, H G Complex, Kanchanpur, Varanasi -UP 221005 Ph: 05424019523 CIN: U85110UP2003PLC193493

ſ	Patient Name	: Mr.SINGH VIJAY-22E37915	Registered On	: 06/Nov/2024 15:56:37
	Age/Gender	: 37 Y O M O D /M	Collected	: 06/Nov/2024 16:20:14
	UHID/MR NO	: CVA1.000003069	Received	: 06/Nov/2024 16:27:23
	Visit ID	: CVA10031542425	Reported	: 06/Nov/2024 16:47:36
	Ref Doctor	: Dr.MEDIWHEEL VNS -	Status	: Final Report

DEPARTMENT OF CLINICAL PATHOLOGY MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test NameResultUnitBio. Ref. Interval	Method
---------------------------------------	--------

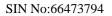
Interpretation:

 $\begin{array}{ll} (+) & < 0.5 \\ (++) & 0.5\text{-}1.0 \\ (+++) & 1\text{-}2 \\ (++++) & > 2 \end{array}$

S.N. Sinta Dr.S.N. Sinha (MD Path)

Page 9 of 11











Add: Plot no - 455/6, H G Complex, Kanchanpur, Varanasi -UP 221005 Ph: 05424019523 CIN: U85110UP2003PLC193493

Patient Name	: Mr.SINGH VIJAY-22E37915	Registered On	: 06/Nov/2024 15:56:37
Age/Gender	: 37 Y O M O D /M	Collected	: 06/Nov/2024 16:20:14
UHID/MR NO	: CVA1.000003069	Received	: 06/Nov/2024 16:27:23
Visit ID	: CVA10031542425	Reported	: 07/Nov/2024 09:27:26
Ref Doctor	: Dr.MEDIWHEEL VNS -	Status	: Final Report

DEPARTMENT OF IMMUNOLOGY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method	
	0.04		4.1	0114	
PSA (Prostate Specific Antigen), Total Sample:Serum	0.24	ng/mL	<4.1	CLIA	

Interpretation:

- 1. PSA is detected in the serum of males with normal, benign hypertrophic, and malignant prostate tissue.
- 2. Measurement of serum PSA levels is not recommended as a screening procedure for the diagnosis of cancer because elevated PSA levels also are observed in patients with benign prostatic hypertrophy. However, studies suggest that the measurement of PSA in conjunction with digital rectal examination (DRE) and ultrasound provide a better method of detecting prostate cancer than DRE alone⁻
- 3. PSA levels increase in men with cancer of the prostate, and after radical prostatectomy PSA levels routinely fall to the undetectable range.
- 4. If prostatic tissue remains after surgery or metastasis has occurred, PSA appears to be useful in detecting residual and early recurrence of tumor.
- 5. Therefore, serial PSA levels can help determine the success of prostatectomy, and the need for further treatment, such as radiation, endocrine or chemotherapy, and in the monitoring of the effectiveness of therapy.

THYROID PROFILE - TOTAL , Serum

T3, Total (tri-iodothyronine)	114.00	ng/dl	84.61–201.7	CLIA
T4, Total (Thyroxine)	6.94	ug/dl	3.2-12.6	CLIA
TSH (Thyroid Stimulating Hormone)	1.360	μlU/mL	0.27 - 5.5	CLIA

Interpretation:

0.3-4.5	µIU/mL	First Trimest	er	
0.5-4.6	µIU/mL	Second Trim	ester	
0.8-5.2	µIU/mL	Third Trimester		
0.5-8.9	µIU/mL	Adults	55-87 Years	
0.7-27	µIU/mL	Premature	28-36 Week	
2.3-13.2	µIU/mL	Cord Blood	> 37Week	
0.7-64	µIU/mL	Child(21 wk	- 20 Yrs.)	
1-39	µIU/mL	Child	0-4 Days	
1.7-9.1	µIU/mL	Child	2-20 Week	

1) Patients having low T3 and T4 levels but high TSH levels suffer from primary hypothyroidism, cretinism, juvenile myxedema or





Page 10 of 1





Add: Plot no - 455/6, H G Complex, Kanchanpur, Varanasi -UP 221005 Ph: 05424019523 CIN: U85110UP2003PLC193493

Patient Name	: Mr.SINGH VIJAY-22E37915	Registered On	: 06/Nov/2024 15:56:37
Age/Gender	: 37 Y O M O D /M	Collected	: 06/Nov/2024 16:20:14
UHID/MR NO	: CVA1.000003069	Received	: 06/Nov/2024 16:27:23
Visit ID	: CVA10031542425	Reported	: 07/Nov/2024 09:27:26
Ref Doctor	: Dr.MEDIWHEEL VNS -	Status	: Final Report

DEPARTMENT OF IMMUNOLOGY

MEDIWHEEL BANK OF BARODA MALE ABOVE 40 YRS

Test Name	Result	Unit	Bio. Ref. Interval	Method

autoimmune disorders.

2) Patients having high T3 and T4 levels but low TSH levels suffer from Grave's disease, toxic adenoma or sub-acute thyroiditis.

3) Patients having either low or normal T3 and T4 levels but low TSH values suffer from iodine deficiency or secondary hypothyroidism.

4) Patients having high T3 and T4 levels but normal TSH levels may suffer from toxic multinodular goiter. This condition is mostly a symptomatic and may cause transient hyperthyroidism but no persistent symptoms.

5) Patients with high or normal T3 and T4 levels and low or normal TSH levels suffer either from T3 toxicosis or T4 toxicosis respectively.

6) In patients with non thyroidal illness abnormal test results are not necessarily indicative of thyroidism but may be due to adaptation to the catabolic state and may revert to normal when the patient recovers.

7) There are many drugs for eg. Glucocorticoids, Dopamine, Lithium, Iodides, Oral radiographic dyes, etc. which may affect the thyroid function tests.

8) Generally when total T3 and total T4 results are indecisive then Free T3 and Free T4 tests are recommended for further confirmation along with TSH levels.

*** End Of Report ***

Result/s to Follow:

STOOL, ROUTINE EXAMINATION, SUGAR, PP STAGE, ECG / EKG, X-RAY DIGITAL CHEST PA, ULTRASOUND WHOLE ABDOMEN (UPPER & LOWER), Tread Mill Test (TMT)



S.n. Sinta

Page 11 of 11

Dr.S.N. Sinha (MD Path)

This report is not for medico legal purpose. If clinical correlation is not established, kindly repeat the test at no additional cost within seven days

Facilities: MRI, CT scan, DR X-ray, Ultrasound, Sonomammography, Digital Mammography, ECG (Bedside also), 2D Echo, TMT, Holter, OPG, EEG, NCV, EMG & BERA, Audiometry, BMD, PFT, Fibroscan, Bronchoscopy, Colonoscopy and Endoscopy, Allergy Testing,Biochemistry & Immunoassay, Hematology, Microbiology & Serology, Histopathology & Immunohistochemistry, Cytogenetics and Molecular Diagnostics and Health Checkups * 365 Days Open *Facilities Available at Select Location

SIN No:66473794



Home Sample Collection 08069366666

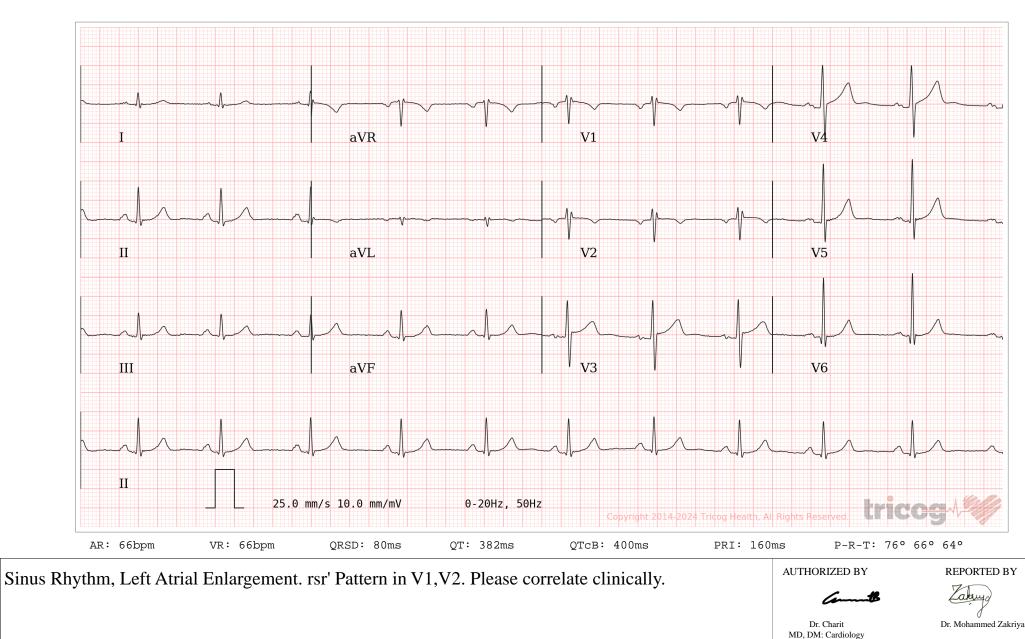


CHANDAN DIAGNOSTIC CENTRE-1, CHITAIPUR, VARANASI

Date and Time: 6th Nov 24 11:15 AM



Age / Gender:37/MalePatient ID:CVA10031542425Patient Name:Mr.SINGH VIJAY-22E37915



KMC 110543

63382