DIAGNOSTIC REPORT

Patient Ref. No. 71000000301552

SRL Diagnostics

CLIENT CODE : C000138381

CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS :
ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)
F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULI
SOUTH WEST DELHI
NEW DELHI 110030
DELHI INDIA
8800465156

SRL Ltd
SRL Wellness Centre, SCO. 13,Sector 16 Market, Faridabad
FARIDABAD, 121001
Haryana, INDIA
Tel : 9111591115, Fax :
CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956

PATIENT NAME : VIVEK SINGH PATIENT ID : **VIVEM23088971**

ACCESSION NO : **0071VF000316** AGE : 32 Years SEX : Male

DRAWN : RECEIVED : 11/06/2022 09:23 REPORTED : 13/06/2022 11:50

REFERRING DOCTOR : SELF CLIENT PATIENT ID :

Test Report Status **Final**	Results		Biological Reference Interval	Units
MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP BELOW 40 MALE				
BLOOD COUNTS,EDTA WHOLE BLOOD				
HEMOGLOBIN METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	15.7		13.0 - 17.0	g/dL
RED BLOOD CELL COUNT METHOD : IMPEDANCE	5.19		4.5 - 5.5	mil/µL
WHITE BLOOD CELL COUNT METHOD : IMPEDANCE	7.88		4.0 - 10.0	thou/µL
PLATELET COUNT METHOD : IMPEDANCE	288		150 - 410	thou/µL
RBC AND PLATELET INDICES				
HEMATOCRIT METHOD : CALCULATED	46.3		40 - 50	%
MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOL METHOD : DERIVED FROM IMPEDANCE MEASURE	89.4		83 - 101	fL
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HGB. METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	30.2		27.0 - 32.0	pg
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN CONCENTRATION METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	33.8		31.5 - 34.5	g/dL
MENTZER INDEX	17.2			
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH METHOD : DERIVED FROM IMPEDANCE MEASURE	13.1		11.6 - 14.0	%
MEAN PLATELET VOLUME METHOD : DERIVED FROM IMPEDANCE MEASURE	9.9		6.8 - 10.9	fL
WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT - NLR				
SEGMENTED NEUTROPHILS METHOD : DHSS FLOWCYTOMETRY	53		40 - 80	%
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT METHOD : DHSS FLOWCYTOMETRY, CALCULATED	4.20		2.0 - 7.0	thou/µL
LYMPHOCYTES METHOD : DHSS FLOWCYTOMETRY	40		20 - 40	%
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT METHOD : DHSS FLOWCYTOMETRY, CALCULATED	**3.15**	**High**	1 - 3	thou/µL
NEUTROPHIL LYMPHOCYTE RATIO (NLR) METHOD : CALCULATED	1.3			
EOSINOPHILS	2		1 - 6	%

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METHOD : DHSS FLOWCYTOMETRY				
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT	0.15		0.02 - 0.50	thou/µL
METHOD : DHSS FLOWCYTOMETRY, CALCULATED				
MONOCYTES	5		2 - 10	%
METHOD : DHSS FLOWCYTOMETRY				
ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT	0.37		0.20 - 1.00	thou/µL
METHOD : DHSS FLOWCYTOMETRY, CALCULATED				
BASOPHILS	0		0 - 2	%
METHOD : IMPEDANCE				
ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT	0.03		0.02 - 0.10	thou/µL
METHOD : DHSS FLOWCYTOMETRY, CALCULATED				
ERYTHRO SEDIMENTATION RATE, BLOOD				
SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR)	**15**	**High**	0 - 14	mm at 1 hr
METHOD : AUTOMATED (PHOTOMETRICAL CAPILLARY STOPPED FLOW KINETIC ANALYSIS)				
GLUCOSE, FASTING, PLASMA				
GLUCOSE, FASTING, PLASMA	92		74 - 99	mg/dL
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, HEXOKINASE				
GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD				
GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C)	**5.9**	**High**	Non-diabetic: < 5.7 Pre-diabetics: 5.7 - 6.4 Diabetics: > or = 6.5 ADA Target: 7.0 Action suggested: > 8.0	%
METHOD : CAPILLARY ELECTROPHORESIS				
MEAN PLASMA GLUCOSE	**122.6**	**High**	< 116	mg/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA				
GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA	129		Normal: 70 -139 Pre-Diabetic: 140 -199 Diabetic: > or = 200	mg/dL
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, HEXOKINASE				
CORONARY RISK PROFILE (LIPID PROFILE), SERUM.				
CHOLESTEROL	173		Desirable cholesterol level : < 200 Borderline high cholesterol : 200 - 239 High cholesterol : > or = 240	mg/dL

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TRIGLYCERIDES	92		Normal: < 150 Borderline high : 150 - 199 High: 200 - 499 Very High : > /= 500	mg/dL
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY,GPO-POD METHOD				
HDL CHOLESTEROL	41		Low HDL cholesterol < 40 High HDL cholesterol > or = 60	mg/dL
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, HOMOGENEOUS DIRECT ENZYMATIC COLORIMETRIC				
DIRECT LDL CHOLESTEROL	**127.00**	**High**	Adult Optimal: < 100 Near Optimal: 100 - 129 Borderline High: 130 - 159 High: 160 - 189 Very High: > or = 190	mg/dL
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, ELIMINATION / CATALASE				
NON HDL CHOLESTEROL	**132**	**High**	Desirable : < 130 Above Desirable : 130 -159 Borderline High : 160 - 189 High : 190 - 219 Very high : > or = 220	mg/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
CHOL/HDL RATIO	4.2		Low Risk : 3.3 - 4.4 Average Risk : 4.5 - 7.0 Moderate Risk : 7.1 - 11.0 High Risk : > 11.0	
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
LDL/HDL RATIO	**3.1**	**High**	Desirable/Low Risk: 0.5 - 3.0 Borderline/Moderate Risk: 3.1 - 6.0 High Risk: > 6.0	
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
VERY LOW DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN	18.4		< or = 30	mg/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM				
BILIRUBIN, TOTAL	1.2		0.2 - 1.2	mg/dL
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, VANADATE OXIDATION				
BILIRUBIN, DIRECT	**0.4**	**High**	0.01 - 0.30	mg/dL
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, VANADATE OXIDATION				
BILIRUBIN, INDIRECT	0.80		0.1 - 1.0	mg/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
TOTAL PROTEIN	7.3		5.7 - 8.2	g/dL

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METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, BIURET				
ALBUMIN	4.2		3.2 - 4.8	g/dL
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, BROMOCRESOL GREEN(BCG) - DYE BINDING				
GLOBULIN	3.1		2.0 - 4.1	g/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
ALBUMIN/GLOBULIN RATIO	1.4		1.0 - 2.1	RATIO
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
ASPARTATE AMINOTRANSFERASE (AST/SGOT)	**71**	**High**	< 34.0	U/L
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY,MODIFIED IFCC				
ALANINE AMINOTRANSFERASE (ALT/SGPT)	**145**	**High**	10 - 49	U/L
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY,MODIFIED IFCC				
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE	103		30 - 120	U/L
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, IFCC STANDARDIZATION				
GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE (GGT)	44		< 73.0	U/L
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY,MODIFIED IFCC				
LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE	202		120 - 446	U/L
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, LACTATE TO PYRUVATE /NICOTINAMIDE ADENINE DINUCLEOTIDE (NAD).				
SERUM BLOOD UREA NITROGEN				
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN	7.7		6 - 20	mg/dL
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, UREASE WITH GLDH				
CREATININE, SERUM				
CREATININE	**0.74**	**Low**	0.90 - 1.30	mg/dL
METHOD : JAFFE, ALKALINE PICRATE, KINETIC WITH BLANK RATE CORRECTION				
BUN/CREAT RATIO				
BUN/CREAT RATIO	10.41		10 - 20	
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
URIC ACID, SERUM				
URIC ACID	7.1		3.7 - 9.2	mg/dL
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, URICASE/PEROXIDASE				
TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM				
TOTAL PROTEIN	7.3		5.7 - 8.2	g/dL
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, BIURET				
ALBUMIN, SERUM				
ALBUMIN	4.2		3.2 - 4.8	g/dL
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, BROMOCRESOL GREEN(BCG) - DYE BINDING				
GLOBULIN				
GLOBULIN	3.1		2.0 - 4.1	g/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				

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ELECTROLYTES (NA/K/CL), SERUM			
SODIUM	139	136 - 145	mmol/L
METHOD : INDIRECT INTEGRATED MULTISENSOR TECHNOLOGY (IMT).			
POTASSIUM	4.3	3.5 - 5.1	mmol/L
METHOD : INDIRECT INTEGRATED MULTISENSOR TECHNOLOGY (IMT).			
CHLORIDE	107	98 - 107	mmol/L
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION, URINE			
COLOR	PALE YELLOW		
APPEARANCE	CLEAR		
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	>=1.030	1.003 - 1.035	

Comments

NOTE :MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION OF URINE IS PERFORMED ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT.
IN NORMAL URINE SAMPLES CAST AND CRYSTALS ARE NOT DETECTED.

CHEMICAL EXAMINATION, URINE			
PH	6.0	4.7 - 7.5	
PROTEIN	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
GLUCOSE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
KETONES	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
BLOOD	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
BILIRUBIN	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
UROBILINOGEN	NORMAL	NORMAL	
NITRITE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION, URINE			
PUS CELL (WBC'S)	0-1	0-5	/HPF
EPITHELIAL CELLS	0-1	0-5	/HPF
ERYTHROCYTES (RBC'S)	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	/HPF
CASTS	NOT DETECTED		
CRYSTALS	NOT DETECTED		
BACTERIA	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : DIP STICK/MICRO SCOPY/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
THYROID PANEL, SERUM			
T3	104.9	60 - 181	ng/dL
METHOD : CHEMILUMINESCENCE			
T4	7.80	4.50 - 10.90	µg/dL

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METHOD : CHEMILUMINESCENCE			
TSH 3RD GENERATION	2.206	0.550 - 4.780	µIU/mL
METHOD : CHEMILUMINESCENCE			
STOOL: OVA & PARASITE			
REMARK	SAMPLE NOT RECEIVED		
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			
ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD			
ABO GROUP	O		
METHOD : HEMAGGLUTINATION REACTION ON SOLID PHASE			
RH TYPE	RH+		
METHOD : HEMAGGLUTINATION REACTION ON SOLID PHASE			
XRAY-CHEST			
»»	BOTH THE LUNG FIELDS ARE CLEAR		
»»	BOTH THE COSTOPHRENIC AND CARIOPHRENIC ANGELS ARE CLEAR		
»»	BOTH THE HILA ARE NORMAL		
»»	CARDIAC AND AORTIC SHADOWS APPEAR NORMAL		
»»	BOTH THE DOMES OF THE DIAPHRAM ARE NORMAL		
»»	VISUALIZED BONY THORAX IS NORMAL		
IMPRESSION	NO ABNORMALITY DETECTED		
TMT OR ECHO			
TMT OR ECHO	REPORT ENCLOSED		
ECG			
ECG	REPORTS ENCLOSED		
MEDICAL HISTORY			
RELEVANT PRESENT HISTORY	NOT SIGNIFICANT		
RELEVANT PAST HISTORY	NOT SIGNIFICANT		
RELEVANT PERSONAL HISTORY	MARRIED./ VEGETERIAN		
RELEVANT FAMILY HISTORY	FATHER- HTN/DM		
OCCUPATIONAL HISTORY	B.TECH		
HISTORY OF MEDICATIONS	NOT SIGNIFICANT		
ANTHROPOMETRIC DATA & BMI			
HEIGHT IN METERS	1.76		mts
WEIGHT IN KGS.	90		Kgs

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BMI	29	BMI & Weight Status as follows: kg/sqmts Below 18.5: Underweight 18.5 - 24.9: Normal 25.0 - 29.9: Overweight 30.0 and Above: Obese	
GENERAL EXAMINATION			
MENTAL / EMOTIONAL STATE	NORMAL		
PHYSICAL ATTITUDE	NORMAL		
GENERAL APPEARANCE / NUTRITIONAL STATUS	HEALTHY		
BUILT / SKELETAL FRAMEWORK	AVERAGE		
FACIAL APPEARANCE	NORMAL		
SKIN	NORMAL		
UPPER LIMB	NORMAL		
LOWER LIMB	NORMAL		
NECK	NORMAL		
NECK LYMPHATICS / SALIVARY GLANDS	NOT ENLARGED OR TENDER		
THYROID GLAND	NOT ENLARGED		
CAROTID PULSATION	NORMAL		
TEMPERATURE	NORMAL		
PULSE	96 MIN/REGULAR, ALL PERIPHERAL PULSES WELL FELT		
RESPIRATORY RATE	NORMAL		
CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM			
BP	131/91 MM HG (SITTING)		mm/Hg
PERICARDIUM	NORMAL		
APEX BEAT	NORMAL		
HEART SOUNDS	S1, S2 HEARD NORMALLY		
MURMURS	ABSENT		
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM			
SIZE AND SHAPE OF CHEST	NORMAL		
MOVEMENTS OF CHEST	SYMMETRICAL		
BREATH SOUNDS INTENSITY	NORMAL		
BREATH SOUNDS QUALITY	VESICULAR (NORMAL)		
ADDED SOUNDS	ABSENT		
PER ABDOMEN			
APPEARANCE	NORMAL		

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VENOUS PROMINENCE	ABSENT		
LIVER	NOT PALPABLE		
SPLEEN	NOT PALPABLE		
HERNIA	NORMAL		
CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM			
HIGHER FUNCTIONS	NORMAL		
CRANIAL NERVES	NORMAL		
CEREBELLAR FUNCTIONS	NORMAL		
SENSORY SYSTEM	NORMAL		
MOTOR SYSTEM	NORMAL		
REFLEXES	NORMAL		
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM			
SPINE	NORMAL		
JOINTS	NORMAL		
BASIC EYE EXAMINATION			
CONJUNCTIVA	NORMAL		
EYELIDS	NORMAL		
EYE MOVEMENTS	NORMAL		
CORNEA	NORMAL		
DISTANT VISION RIGHT EYE WITHOUT GLASSES	6/6		
DISTANT VISION LEFT EYE WITHOUT GLASSES	6/6		
BASIC ENT EXAMINATION			
EXTERNAL EAR CANAL	NORMAL		
TYMPANIC MEMBRANE	NORMAL		
NOSE	NO ABNORMALITY DETECTED		
SINUSES	CLEAR		
THROAT	NO ABNORMALITY DETECTED		
TONSILS	NOT ENLARGED		
SUMMARY			
RELEVANT HISTORY	NOT SIGNIFICANT		
RELEVANT GP EXAMINATION FINDINGS	NOT SIGNIFICANT		
RELEVANT LAB INVESTIGATIONS	WITHIN NORMAL LIMITS		
REMARKS / RECOMMENDATIONS	NONE		
FITNESS STATUS			

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FITNESS STATUS	FIT (WITH MEDICAL ADVICE) (AS PER REQUESTED PANEL OF TESTS)		

Comments

OUR PANEL OF DOCTORS.
GENERAL PHYSICIAN - DR. MUKUL GOSWAMI
CONSULTANT RADIOLOGIST - DR. D.R. CHUGH
CONSULTANT CARDIOLOGIST : DR. SANDEEP KUMAR

THIS REPORT CARRIES THE SIGNATURE OF OUR LABORATORY DIRECTOR.
THIS IS AN INVIOLABLE FEATURE OF OUR LAB MANAGEMENT SOFTWARE.
HOWEVER, ALL EXAMINATION AND INVESTIGATIONS HAVE BEEN
CONDUCTED BY OUR PANEL OF DOCTORS

Interpretation(s)
BLOOD COUNTS,EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-
The cell morphology is well preserved for 24hrs. However after 24-48 hrs a progressive increase in MCV and HCT is observed leading to a decrease in MCHC. A direct smear is recommended for an accurate differential count and for examination of RBC morphology.
RBC AND PLATELET INDICES-
Mentzer index (MCV/RBC) is an automated cell-counter based calculated screen tool to differentiate cases of Iron deficiency anaemia(>13) from Beta thalassaemia trait (<13) in patients with microcytic anaemia. This needs to be interpreted in line with clinical correlation and suspicion. Estimation of HbA2 remains the gold standard for diagnosing a case of beta thalassaemia trait.
WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT - NLR-
The optimal threshold of 3.3 for NLR showed a prognostic possibility of clinical symptoms to change from mild to severe in COVID positive patients. When age = 49.5 years old and NLR = 3.3, 46.1% COVID-19 patients with mild disease might become severe. By contrast, when age < 49.5 years old and NLR < 3.3, COVID-19 patients tend to show mild disease.
(Reference to - The diagnostic and predictive role of NLR, d-NLR and PLR in COVID-19 patients ; A.-P. Yang, et al.; International Immunopharmacology 84 (2020) 106504
This ratio element is a calculated parameter and out of NABL scope.
ERYTHRO SEDIMENTATION RATE, BLOOD-
Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a non - specific phenomena and is clinically useful in the diagnosis and monitoring of disorders associated with an increased production of acute phase reactants. The ESR is increased in pregnancy from about the 3rd month and returns to normal by the 4th week post partum. ESR is influenced by age, sex, menstrual cycle and drugs (eg. corticosteroids, contraceptives). It is especially low (0 -1mm) in polycythaemia, hypofibrinogenemia or congestive cardiac failure and when there are abnormalities of the red cells such as poikilocytosis, spherocytosis or sickle cells.

Reference :
1. Nathan and Oski's Haematology of Infancy and Childhood, 5th edition
2. Paediatric reference intervals. AACC Press, 7th edition. Edited by S. Soldin
3. The reference for the adult reference range is "Practical Haematology by Dacie and Lewis, 10th Edition"
GLUCOSE, FASTING, PLASMA-
ADA 2021 guidelines for adults, after 8 hrs fasting is as follows:
Pre-diabetics: 100 - 125 mg/dL
Diabetic: > or = 126 mg/dL
GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-
Glycosylated hemoglobin (GHb) has been firmly established as an index of long-term blood glucose concentrations and as a measure of the risk for the development of complications in patients with diabetes mellitus. Formation of GHb is essentially irreversible, and the concentration in the blood depends on both the life span of the red blood cell (average 120 days) and the blood glucose concentration. Because the rate of formation of GHb is directly proportional to the concentration of glucose in the blood, the GHb concentration represents the integrated values for glucose over the preceding 6-8 weeks.
Any condition that alters the life span of the red blood cells has the potential to alter the GHb level. Samples from patients with hemolytic anemias will exhibit decreased glycated hemoglobin values due to the shortened life span of the red cells. This effect will depend upon the severity of the anemia. Samples from patients with polycythemia or post-splenectomy may exhibit increased glycated hemoglobin values due to a somewhat longer life span of the red cells.
Glycosylated hemoglobins results from patients with HbSS, HbCC, and HbSC and HbD must be interpreted with caution, given the pathological processes, including anemia, increased red cell turnover, transfusion requirements, that adversely impact HbA1c as a marker of long-term glycemic control. In these conditions, alternative forms of testing such as glycated serum protein (fructosamine) should be considered.
"Targets should be individualized; More or less stringent glycemic goals may be appropriate for individual patients. Goals should be individualized based on duration of diabetes, age/life expectancy, comorbid conditions, known CVD or advanced microvascular complications, hypoglycemia unawareness, and individual patient considerations.''

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CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956

PATIENT NAME : VIVEK SINGH PATIENT ID : **VIVEM23088971**

ACCESSION NO : **0071VF000316** AGE : 32 Years SEX : Male

DRAWN : RECEIVED : 11/06/2022 09:23 REPORTED : 13/06/2022 11:50

REFERRING DOCTOR : SELF CLIENT PATIENT ID :

Test Report Status **Final**	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units

References
1. Tietz Textbook of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Diagnostics, edited by Carl A Burtis, Edward R.Ashwood, David E Bruns, 4th Edition, Elsevier publication, 2006, 879-884.
2. Forsham PH. Diabetes Mellitus:A rational plan for management. Postgrad Med 1982, 71,139-154.
3. Mayer TK, Freedman ZR: Protein glycosylation in Diabetes Mellitus: A review of laboratory measurements and their clinical utility. Clin Chim Acta 1983, 127, 147-184.
GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA-ADA Guidelines for 2hr post prandial glucose levels is only after ingestion of 75grams of glucose in 300 ml water,over a period of 5 minutes.
CORONARY RISK PROFILE (LIPID PROFILE), SERUM-
Serum cholesterol is a blood test that can provide valuable information for the risk of coronary artery disease This test can help determine your risk of the build up of plaques in your arteries that can lead to narrowed or blocked arteries throughout your body (atherosclerosis). High cholesterol levels usually don't cause any signs or symptoms, so a cholesterol test is an important tool. High cholesterol levels often are a significant risk factor for heart disease and important for diagnosis of hyperlipoproteinemia, atherosclerosis, hepatic and thyroid diseases.

Serum Triglyceride are a type of fat in the blood. When you eat, your body converts any calories it doesn't need into triglycerides, which are stored in fat cells. High triglyceride levels are associated with several factors, including being overweight, eating too many sweets or drinking too much alcohol, smoking, being sedentary, or having diabetes with elevated blood sugar levels. Analysis has proven useful in the diagnosis and treatment of patients with diabetes mellitus, nephrosis, liver obstruction, other diseases involving lipid metabolism, and various endocrine disorders. In conjunction with high density lipoprotein and total serum cholesterol, a triglyceride determination provides valuable information for the assessment of coronary heart disease risk.It is done in fasting state.

High-density lipoprotein (HDL) cholesterol. This is sometimes called the ""good"" cholesterol because it helps carry away LDL cholesterol, thus keeping arteries open and blood flowing more freely.HDL cholesterol is inversely related to the risk for cardiovascular disease. It increases following regular exercise, moderate alcohol consumption and with oral estrogen therapy. Decreased levels are associated with obesity, stress, cigarette smoking and diabetes mellitus.

SERUM LDL The small dense LDL test can be used to determine cardiovascular risk in individuals with metabolic syndrome or established/progressing coronary artery disease, individuals with triglyceride levels between 70 and 140 mg/dL, as well as individuals with a diet high in trans-fat or carbohydrates. Elevated sdLDL levels are associated with metabolic syndrome and an 'atherogenic lipoprotein profile', and are a strong, independent predictor of cardiovascular disease.
Elevated levels of LDL arise from multiple sources. A major factor is sedentary lifestyle with a diet high in saturated fat. Insulin-resistance and pre-diabetes have also been implicated, as has genetic predisposition. Measurement of sdLDL allows the clinician to get a more comprehensive picture of lipid risk factors and tailor treatment accordingly. Reducing LDL levels will reduce the risk of CVD and MI.

Non HDL Cholesterol - Adult treatment panel ATP III suggested the addition of Non-HDL Cholesterol as an indicator of all atherogenic lipoproteins (mainly LDL and VLDL). NICE guidelines recommend Non-HDL Cholesterol measurement before initiating lipid lowering therapy. It has also been shown to be a better marker of risk in both primary and secondary prevention studies.

Recommendations:
Results of Lipids should always be interpreted in conjunction with the patient's medical history, clinical presentation and other findings.

NON FASTING LIPID PROFILE includes Total Cholesterol, HDL Cholesterol and calculated non-HDL Cholesterol. It does not include triglycerides and may be best used in patients for whom fasting is difficult.
LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM-
LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE
Bilirubin is a yellowish pigment found in bile and is a breakdown product of normal heme catabolism. Bilirubin is excreted in bile and urine, and elevated levels may give yellow discoloration in jaundice.Elevated levels results from increased bilirubin production (eg, hemolysis and ineffective erythropoiesis), decreased bilirubin excretion (eg, obstruction and hepatitis), and abnormal bilirubin metabolism (eg, hereditary and neonatal jaundice). Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin in Viral hepatitis, Drug reactions, Alcoholic liver disease Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is also elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin when there is some kind of blockage of the bile ducts like in Gallstones getting into the bile ducts, tumors &Scarring of the bile ducts. Increased unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin may be a result of Hemolytic or pernicious anemia, Transfusion reaction & a common metabolic condition termed Gilbert syndrome, due to low levels of the enzyme that attaches sugar molecules to bilirubin.
AST is an enzyme found in various parts of the body. AST is found in the liver, heart, skeletal muscle, kidneys, brain, and red blood cells, and it is commonly measured clinically as a marker for liver health. AST levels increase during chronic viral hepatitis, blockage of the bile duct, cirrhosis of the liver,liver cancer,kidney failure,hemolytic anemia,pancreatitis,hemochromatosis. AST levels may also increase after a heart attack or strenuous activity.ALT test measures the amount of this enzyme in the blood.ALT is found mainly in the liver, but also in smaller amounts in the kidneys,heart,muscles, and pancreas.It is commonly measured as a part of a diagnostic evaluation of hepatocellular injury, to determine liver health.AST levels increase during acute hepatitis,sometimes due to a viral infection,ischemia to the liver,chronic hepatitis,obstruction of bile ducts,cirrhosis.
ALP is a protein found in almost all body tissues.Tissues with higher amounts of ALP include the liver,bile ducts and bone.Elevated ALP levels are seen in Biliary obstruction, Osteoblastic bone tumors, osteomalacia, hepatitis, Hyperparathyroidism, Leukemia, Lymphoma, Paget's disease,Rickets,Sarcoidosis etc. Lower-than-normal ALP levels seen in Hypophosphatasia,Malnutrition,Protein deficiency,Wilson's disease.GGT is an enzyme found in cell membranes of many tissues mainly in the liver,kidney and pancreas.It is also found in other tissues including intestine,spleen,heart, brain and seminal vesicles.The highest concentration is in the kidney,but the liver is considered the source of normal enzyme activity.Serum GGT has been widely used as an index of liver dysfunction.Elevated serum GGT activity can be found in diseases of the liver,biliary system and pancreas.Conditions that increase serum GGT are obstructive liver disease,high alcohol consumption and use of enzyme-inducing drugs etc.Serum total protein,also known as total protein,is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum.Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin.Higher-than-normal levels may be due to:Chronic inflammation or infection,including HIV and hepatitis B or C,Multiple myeloma,Waldenstrom's disease.Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia,Bleeding (hemorrhage),Burns,Glomerulonephritis,Liver disease, Malabsorption,Malnutrition,Nephrotic syndrome,Protein-losing enteropathy etc.Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma.It is produced in the liver.Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein.Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by:Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome,protein-losing enteropathy,Burns,hemodilution,increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance,malnutrition and wasting etc
SERUM BLOOD UREA NITROGEN-

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PATIENT NAME : VIVEK SINGH PATIENT ID : **VIVEM23088971**

ACCESSION NO : **0071VF000316** AGE : 32 Years SEX : Male

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Causes of Increased levels
Pre renal
• High protein diet, Increased protein catabolism, GI haemorrhage, Cortisol, Dehydration, CHF Renal
• Renal Failure
Post Renal
• Malignancy, Nephrolithiasis, Prostatism

Causes of decreased levels
• Liver disease
• SIADH.
CREATININE, SERUM-
Higher than normal level may be due to:
• Blockage in the urinary tract
• Kidney problems, such as kidney damage or failure, infection, or reduced blood flow
• Loss of body fluid (dehydration)
• Muscle problems, such as breakdown of muscle fibers
• Problems during pregnancy, such as seizures (eclampsia)), or high blood pressure caused by pregnancy (preeclampsia)

Lower than normal level may be due to:
• Myasthenia Gravis
• Muscular dystrophy
URIC ACID, SERUM-
Causes of Increased levels
Dietary
• High Protein Intake.
• Prolonged Fasting,
• Rapid weight loss.
Gout
Lesch nyhan syndrome.
Type 2 DM.
Metabolic syndrome.

Causes of decreased levels
• Low Zinc Intake
• OCP's
• Multiple Sclerosis

Nutritional tips to manage increased Uric acid levels
• Drink plenty of fluids
• Limit animal proteins
• High Fibre foods
• Vit C Intake
• Antioxidant rich foods
TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM-
Serum total protein,also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum..Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin

Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstrom's disease
Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage),Burns,Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome,Protein-losing enteropathy etc.
ALBUMIN, SERUM-
Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance,malnutrition and wasting etc.
ELECTROLYTES (NA/K/CL), SERUM-
Sodium levels are Increased in dehydration, cushing's syndrome, aldosteronism & decreased in Addison's disease, hypopituitarism,liver disease. Hypokalemia (low K) is common in vomiting, diarrhea, alcoholism, folic acid deficiency and primary aldosteronism. Hyperkalemia may be seen in end-stage renal failure, hemolysis, trauma, Addison's disease, metabolic acidosis, acute starvation, dehydration, and with rapid K infusion.Chloride is increased in dehydration, renal tubular acidosis (hyperchloremia metabolic acidosis), acute renal failure, metabolic acidosis associated with prolonged diarrhea and loss of sodium bicarbonate, diabetes insipidus, adrenocortical hyperfuction, salicylate intoxication and with excessive infusion of isotonic saline or extremely high dietary intake of salt.Chloride is decreased in overhydration, chronic respiratory acidosis, salt-losing nephritis, metabolic alkalosis, congestive heart failure, Addisonian crisis, certain types of metabolic acidosis, persistent gastric secretion and prolonged vomiting,
THYROID PANEL, SERUM-
Triiodothyronine T3 , is a thyroid hormone. It affects almost every physiological process in the body, including growth, development, metabolism, body temperature, and heart rate. Production of T3 and its prohormone thyroxine (T4) is activated by thyroid-stimulating hormone (TSH), which is released from the pituitary gland. Elevated concentrations of T3, and T4 in the blood inhibit the production of TSH.
Thyroxine T4, Thyroxine's principal function is to stimulate the metabolism of all cells and tissues in the body. Excessive secretion of thyroxine in the body is

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hyperthyroidism, and deficient secretion is called hypothyroidism. Most of the thyroid hormone in blood is bound to transport proteins. Only a very small fraction of the circulating hormone is free and biologically active.
In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are low.
Below mentioned are the guidelines for Pregnancy related reference ranges for Total T4, TSH & Total T3

Levels in Pregnancy	TOTAL T4 (µg/dL)	TSH3G (µIU/mL)	TOTAL T3 (ng/dL)
First Trimester	6.6 - 12.4	0.1 - 2.5	81 - 190
2nd Trimester	6.6 - 15.5	0.2 - 3.0	100 - 260
3rd Trimester	6.6 - 15.5	0.3 - 3.0	100 - 260

Below mentioned are the guidelines for age related reference ranges for T3 and T4.

	T3 (ng/dL)	T4 (µg/dL)
New Born:	75 - 260	1-3 day: 8.2 - 19.9
.		1 Week: 6.0 - 15.9

NOTE: TSH concentrations in apparently normal euthyroid subjects are known to be highly skewed, with a strong tailed distribution towards higher TSH values. This is well documented in the pediatric population including the infant age group.
Kindly note: Method specific reference ranges are appearing on the report under biological reference range.

Reference:
1. Burtis C.A., Ashwood E. R. Bruns D.E. Teitz textbook of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Diagnostics, 4th Edition.
2. Gowenlock A.H. Varley's Practical Clinical Biochemistry, 6th Edition.
3. Behrman R.E. Kilegman R.M., Jenson H. B. Nelson Text Book of Pediatrics, 17th Edition

STOOL: OVA & PARASITE-
Acute infective diarrhoea and gastroenteritis (diarrhoea with vomiting) are major causes of ill health and premature death in developing countries. Loss of water and electrolytes from the body can lead to severe dehydration which if untreated, can be rapidly fatal in young children, especially that are malnourished, hypoglycaemic, and generally in poor health.

Laboratory diagnosis of parasitic infection is mainly based on microscopic examination and the gross examination of the stool specimen. Depending on the nature of the parasite, the microscopic observations include the identification of cysts, ova, trophozoites, larvae or portions of adult structure. The two classes of parasites that cause human infection are the Protozoa and Helminths. The protozoan infections include amoebiasis mainly caused by Entamoeba histolytica and giardiasis caused by Giardia lamblia. The common helminthic parasites are Trichuris trichiura, Ascaris lumbricoides, Strongyloides stercoralis, Taenia sp. etc
ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-
Blood group is identified by antigens and antibodies present in the blood. Antigens are protein molecules found on the surface of red blood cells. Antibodies are found in plasma. To determine blood group, red cells are mixed with different antibody solutions to give A,B,O or AB.

Disclaimer: "Please note, as the results of previous ABO and Rh group (Blood Group) for pregnant women are not available, please check with the patient records for availability of the same."

The test is performed by both forward as well as reverse grouping methods.
MEDICAL
HISTORY-**********
THIS REPORT CARRIES THE SIGNATURE OF OUR LABORATORY DIRECTOR. THIS IS AN INVIOLABLE FEATURE OF OUR LAB MANAGEMENT SOFTWARE. HOWEVER, ALL EXAMINATIONS AND INVESTIGATIONS HAVE BEEN CONDUCTED BY OUR PANEL OF DOCTORS.

****
FITNESS STATUS-
Conclusion on an individual's Fitness, which is commented upon mainly for Pre employment cases, is based on multi factorial findings and does not depend on any one single parameter. The final Fitness assigned to a candidate will depend on the Physician's findings and overall judgement on a case to case basis, details of the candidate's past and personal history; as well as the comprehensiveness of the diagnostic panel which has been requested for .These are then further correlated with details of the job under consideration to eventually fit the right man to the right job.
Basis the above, SRL classifies a candidate's Fitness Status into one of the following categories:
• Fit (As per requested panel of tests) – SRL Limited gives the individual a clean chit to join the organization, on the basis of the General Physical Examination and the specific test panel requested for.
• Fit (with medical advice) (As per requested panel of tests) - This indicates that although the candidate can be declared as FIT to join the job, minimal problems have been detected during the Pre- employment examination. Examples of conditions which could fall in this category could be cases of mild reversible medical abnormalities such as height weight disproportions, borderline raised Blood Pressure readings, mildly raised Blood sugar and Blood Lipid levels, Hematuria, etc. Most of these relate to sedentary lifestyles and come under the broad category of life style disorders. The idea is to caution an individual to bring about certain lifestyle changes as well as seek a Physician's consultation and counseling in order to bring back to normal the mildly deranged parameters. For all purposes the individual is FIT to join the job.
• Fitness on Hold (Temporary Unfit) (As per requested panel of tests) - Candidate's reports are kept on hold when either the diagnostic tests or the physical findings reveal the presence of a medical condition which warrants further tests, counseling and/or specialist opinion, on the basis of which a candidate can either be placed into Fit, Fit (With Medical Advice), or Unfit category. Conditions which may fall into this category could be high blood pressure, abnormal ECG, heart murmurs, abnormal vision, grossly elevated blood sugars, etc.
• Unfit (As per requested panel of tests) - An unfit report by SRL Limited clearly indicates that the individual is not suitable for the respective job profile e.g. total color blindness in color related jobs.

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DIAGNOSTIC REPORT

Patient Ref. No. 71000000301552

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MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP BELOW 40 MALE

ULTRASOUND ABDOMEN

ULTRASOUND ABDOMEN

REPORT ENCLOSED

****End Of Report****
Please visit www.srlworld.com for related Test Information for this accession

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Section Head–Hematology

Dr. Mamta Kumari, MBBS,MD
Consultant Microbiologist

Dr. Chandan Hazarika
Microbiologist

Dr.Geeta
Pathologist

CONDITIONS OF LABORATORY TESTING & REPORTING

1. It is presumed that the test sample belongs to the patient named or identified in the test requisition form.
2. All Tests are performed and reported as per the turnaround time stated in the SRL Directory of services (DOS).
3. SRL confirms that all tests have been performed or assayed with highest quality standards, clinical safety & technical integrity.
4. A requested test might not be performed if:
   a. Specimen received is insufficient or inappropriate specimen quality is unsatisfactory
   b. Incorrect specimen type
   c. Request for testing is withdrawn by the ordering doctor or patient
   d. There is a discrepancy between the label on the specimen container and the name on the test requisition form
5. The results of a laboratory test are dependent on the quality of the sample as well as the assay technology.
6. Result delays could be because of uncontrolled circumstances. e.g. assay run failure.
7. Tests parameters marked by asterisks are excluded from the "scope" of NABL accredited tests. (If laboratory is accredited).
8. Laboratory results should be correlated with clinical information to determine Final diagnosis.
9. Test results are not valid for Medico- legal purposes.
10. In case of queries or unexpected test results please call at SRL customer care (Toll free: 1800-222-000). Post proper investigation repeat analysis may be carried out.

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