

we love to care...

### **Department of Pathology & Microbiology Test Report**

## LABORATORY INVESTIGATION REPORT

Patient Name : Mr. INDRAKESH MAURYA

Age/Sex

: 36 Year(s)/Male

UHID

: TPSH.7411

**Order Date** 

: 08/11/2022 09:53

**Episode** 

: OP

Ref. Doctor

: Self

**Address** 

: MEDIWHEEL , ,Lucknow, Uttar Pradesh ,0

**Facility** 

: Tender Palm Superspeciality

Hospital

### **Biochemistry**

	Result	Unit	Biological Ref Range
est Name		Repo	ort Date : 08/11/22 11:04
Sample No: 07H0008234		•	
FASTING BLOOD SUGAR			
Sample- Fluoride Plasma			74 - 100
Glucose,Fasting	137 ▲	mg/dl	74 - 100
Plasma-F,GOD-POD			
a random / 2 hr post glucose value of	nsting plasma glucose of > or = 126 mg/dL and/or > or = 200 mg/dL on at least 2 occasions CNS dysfunction in adults) may result in Diabetic Ketoacidosis & is considered	d critical	
Sample- EDTA  HbA1c	5.8	%	Non-diabetic: <= 5.8 Pre-diabetic: 5.9-6.4
			Diabetic: >= 6.5
Estimated average glucose	119.8	mg/dl	70 - 130
High Performance Liquid Chromatograph	y (HPLC) ·		
INTERPRETATION:			

1] HbA1c is used for monitoring diabetic control . If reflects the estimated average glucose (eAG) .

2] HbA1c has been endorsed by clinical groups & ADA(American Diabetes Association ) guidelines 2012 , for diagnosis of diabetes using a cut- off point of 6.5%. ADA defined biological reference range for HbA1c is 4% - 6%. Patient with HbA1c value between 6.0% to 6.5% are considered at risk for developing diabetes in the future.

3] Trends in HbA1c are a better indicator of diabetes control than a solitary test.

4] In known diabetic patients, following values can be considered as a tool for monitoring the glycemic control. Excellent Control - 6 to 7

%, Fair to Good Control - 7 to 8 %, Unsatisfactory Control - 8 to 10 % and Poor Control - More than 10 % .

#### LIPID PROFILE

Sample- Serum 0 - 200mg/dl 246 ▲ Total Cholesterol Enzymatic CHOD-PAP 0 - 161mg/dl 232 A **Triglycerides** 

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.: Tender Palm Superspeciality Facility

Hospital

Glycerol Phosphate Oxidase

: MEDIWHEEL , ,Lucknow,Uttar Pradesh ,0

**HDL** Cholesterol

36.3

35.3 - 79.5 mg/dl

Direct

163.3 A

0 - 100 mg/dl

LDL Cholesterol

VLDL Cholesterol

46.4 ▲

6 - 38mg/dl

Calculated

6.8 A

0 - 4.5

CHOL/HDL RATIO

Note: Reference Interval as per National Cholesterol Education Program (NCEP) Adult Treatment Panel III Report. Calculated VLDL,CHOL/HDL RATIO,,LDL Cholesterol,serum, are calculated parameters

### PP BLOOD SUGAR

Sample- Fluoride Plasma

203 ▲

mg/dl

70 - 140

Glucose, Post Prandial (Method : Plasma-F,GOD-POD)

- 1. The diagnosis of Diabetes requires a fasting plasma glucose of > or = 126 mg/dL and/or a random / 2 hr post glucose value of > or = 200 mg/dL on at least 2 occasions
- 3. Very high glucose levels (>450 mg/dL in adults) may result in Diabetic Ketoacidosis & is considered critical 2. Very low glucose levels cause severe CNS dysfunction

3. Very high glucose levels (\$450 mg/cc KIDNEY FUNCTION TEST (KFT)		121	19 - 45
Sample- Serum		mg/dl	19 - 45
Blood Urea	21.4		24 257
Serum, GLDH Kinetic		mg/dl	8.4 - 25.7
BUN-Blood Urea Nitrogen	10.0		
Serum, Urease		mg/dl	0.6 - 1.2
	1.07		
Creatinine		Ratio	10 - 20
Fixed Time	9.3 ▼		
Bun/Creatinine Ratio	in maldl BUN		

In blood, Urea is usually reported as BUN and expressed in mg/dl. BUN mass units can be con

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Complaint & Support: 8810729369



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**Episode** 

**Order Date** 

Ref. Doctor

Address

: OP : Self

: MEDIWHEEL , ,Lucknow,Uttar Pradesh ,0

**Facility** 

: Tender Palm Superspeciality

		***************************************	
Uric Acid  Serum, Uricase Peroxidase	7.25 ▲	. , mg/dl	3.6 - 7.2
<u>Electrolyte</u> Sodium	138.2	mmol/L	135 - 145
Serum ,ISE Potassium	3.74	mEq/L	3.5 - 5.1
Serum ,ISE  Total Protein  Biuret	6.91	g/dl	6.4 - 8.3
Serum Albumin  Serum, Bromocresol green	4.90	g/dl	3.5 - 5.2
Globulin  Calculated	2.01	g/dl	1.8 - 3.6
A:G Ratio  Calculated	. 2.44 ▲	Ratio	1.1 - 2.2

An electrolyte test can help determine whether there's an electrolyte imbalance in the body. Electrolytes are salts and minerals, such as sodium, potassium, chloride and bicarbonate, which are found in the blood. An electrolyte test can also be used to monitor the effectiveness of treatment for an imbalance that affects the functioning of an organ. The test is sometimes carried out during a routine physical examination, or it may be used as part of a more comprehensive set of tests. As part of routine blood testing, or when your doctor suspects that you have an imbalance of one of the electrolytes (usually sodium or potassium), or if your doctor suspects an acid-base

imbalance. Electrolytes may also be checked if you are prescribed certain drugs, particularly diuretics or ACE inhibitors. In specific disorders, one or more electrolytes may be abnormal. Your healthcare professional will look at the overall balance but is likely to be especially concerned with your sodium and potassium concentration. People whose kidneys are not functioning properly, for example, may retain excess fluid in the body, diluting the sodium and chloride so that they fall below normal concentrations. Those who experience severe fluid loss may show an increase in potassium, sodium, and chloride concentration (chloride tends to mirror the sodium concentration). Some forms of heart disease, muscle and nerve problems, and diabetes may also have one or more abnormal electrolytes. Electrolyte abnormalities may also be a consequence of drug treatment.

#### LIVER FUNCTION TEST (LFT)

Sample- Serum Total Bilirubin

0.89

mg/dl

0 - 1

Serum, Jendrassik\_Method

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Complaint & Support: 8810729369 In Association With Narayana Diagnostics, Lucknow



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## LABORATORY INVESTIGATION REPORT

Patient Name : Mr. INDRAKESH MAURYA

: TPSH.7411

**Episode** 

**Address** 

UHID

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Ref. Doctor

: Self

: MEDIWHEEL , ,Lucknow,Uttar Pradesh ,0

**Facility** 

Hospital

U/L

U/L

U/L

g/dl

g/dl

g/dl

Ratio

Direct Bilirubin Indirect Bilirubin Calculated

42.9 A

29.7

70.6

6.91

4.90

2.01

2.44

0.35

0.54

SGPT/ ALT (Serum)

SGOT/ AST (Serum)

Serum, IFCC

Serum, IFCC

Alkaline Phosphatase Serum, AMP/IFCC

**Total Protein** Biuret

Serum Albumin

Globulin Calculated

A/G Ratio

Calculated

Age/Sex

**Order Date** 

: Tender Palm Superspeciality

0 - 0.4

mg/dl

: 36 Year(s)/Male

: 08/11/2022 09:53

mg/dl 0.1 - 1

0 - 35

0 - 45

40 - 129

6.4 - 8.3

3.5 - 5.2

1.8 - 3.6

1.1 - 2.2

Comment:

Liver function tests, or LFTs, include tests that are routinely measured in all clinical laboratories. LFTs include bilirubin, a compound formed by the breakdown of hemoglobin; ammonia, a breakdown product of protein that is normally converted into urea by the liver before being excreted by the kidneys; proteins that are made by the liver including total protein, albumin, prothrombin, and fibrinogen; cholesterol and triglycerides, which are made and excreted via the liver; and the enzymes alanine aminotransferase (ALT), aspartate aminotransferase (AST), alkaline phosphatase (ALP), gamma-glutamyl transferase (GGT), and lactate dehydrogenase (LDH). Other liver function tests include serological tests (to demonstrate antibodies) and DNA tests for hepatitis and other viruses; and tests for antimitochondrial and smooth muscle antibodies, transthyretin (prealbumin), protein electrophoresis, bile acids, alpha-fetoprotein, and a constellation of other enzymes that help differentiate necrotic (characterized by death of tissues) versus obstructive liver disease.

### Hematology

1	Tiellia cology
8	
	Test Name
8	Result
	Unit Biological Ref Range
8	
8	Sample No: 07H0008234
8	
•	Report Date : 08/11/22 10:43
	DI COR COLOR

**BLOOD GROUP RH & ABO** 

Sample- EDTA

Blood group (ABO Typing)

' A '

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Shaheed Path, Lucknow-226002, UP \$\( +91-7307458428, 7521001912 \) Complaint & Support : 8810729369 In Association With Narayana Diagnostics, Lucknow



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# Department of Pathology & Microbiology Test Report

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Patient Name : Mr. INDRAKESH MAURYA

Age/Sex

**Facility** 

: 36 Year(s)/Male

UHID :

: TPSH.7411

: MEDIWHEEL , ,Lucknow,Uttar Pradesh ,0

Order Date

: 08/11/2022 09:53

Episode

**Address** 

: OP

Ref. Doctor

: Self

: Tender Palm Superspeciality

Hospital

Manual Slide Hemagglutination Positive RhD Factor (Rh typing) Manual Slide Hemagglutination COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT (CBC) Sample- EDTA 13.5 - 18 gm/dl 15.3 Haemoglobin (Spectrophotometrylorimetry) x10^6/ul 4.7 - 6 5.30 Electrical Impedance 42 - 52 % 45.8 **PCV** Calculated 78 - 100 fl 86.4 MCV Calculated 27 - 31 pg 28.9 MCH Calculated 32 - 36g/dl .33.4 MCHC Calculated 11.5 - 14 17.0 A **RDW** Calculated 150 - 450 x10^3/ul 223 Platelet Count Electrical Impedance 9 - 17 % 16.1 PDW Calculated 0.2 - 0.5% 0.19 ▼ Calculated 6 - 9.5 8.8 MPV Calculated 4 - 10.5 x10^3/ul 6.20 Total Leucocytes Count Electrical Impedance

Page 5 of 7



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## Department of Pathology & Microbiology **Test Report**

## LABORATORY INVESTIGATION REPORT

Patient Name : Mr. INDRAKESH MAURYA Age/Sex • • : 36 Year(s)/Male UHID : TPSH.7411 **Order Date** : 08/11/2022 09:53 **Episode** ; OP Ref. Doctor : Self **Address** : MEDIWHEEL , ,Lucknow,Uttar Pradesh ,0 : Tender Palm Superspeciality **Facility** Hospital **Differential Count** Neutrophils 53 % 44 - 76 Lymphocytes 40 % 20 - 40 Monocytes 04 % 2 - 10 Eosinophils 03 % 1-6 Basophils 00 % 0-2 **Urinalysis** Test Name Result . Unit Biological Ref Range Sample No: 07H0008234 Report Date: 08/11/22 11:05 URINE EXAMINATION, ROUTINE, URINE, R/E Sample- Urine Nature of specimen Random Colour Pale Yellow Pale Yellow Visual Transparency (Appearance) Clear Clear Visual Reaction (pH) 5.0 4.6 - 8 Double Ludicator Specific Gravity 1.010 1.003 - 1:035 Pka Change **Chemical Examination** Urine Protein (Albumin) Not Detected Urine Glucose (Sugar) Not Detected Not Detected Urine Ketones (Acetone) Not Detected Not Detected Bilirubin Not Detected Not Detected Bile Pigments Absent Absent Bile Salt Absent **Absent** Urobilinogen Normal

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Normal

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UHID

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**Order Date** 

: 08/11/2022 09:53

**Episode** 

: OP

Ref. Doctor

: Self

**Address** 

: MEDIWHEEL , ,Lucknow,Uttar Pradesh ,0

**Facility** 

End of Report

: Tender Palm Superspeciality

Hospital

Nitrite

Not Detected

Not Detected

**Microscopic Examination** 

Red blood cells

Pus Cells (WBCs)

**Epithelial Cells** Crystals

Cast

Bacteria

Not Detected

4-5

1-2

Not Detected

Absent

Not Detected

/HPF /HPF

0 - 5

0 - 5 /HPF

Not Detected

Absent

/HPF

/HPF

Not Detected

Not Detected

Dr.U.P Kushwaha

M.D.(PATH.)



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ND192941 Department of Pathology & Rejutable Day Patient ID **Patient Name** 

Test Report Collection Date

: 09-Nov-2022 12.0 : 09-Nov-2022 12:0

Age / Sex : 36 Referred Dr

Years / Male : TENDER PALM HOSPITAL

Report Date Contact No

: 09-Nov-2022 01.4

Sample Type Aadhaar/Passport No. :

: SERUM

Barcode

Investigation		HORMONES		* N D	
	Thyroid Function Test (Method : Serum, Chemiluminiscence) Triiodothyronine (Total T-3)	Value	Unit	Bio. Ref. Range	
	Inyroxine (Total T-4)	0.98	ng/ml	0.60-1.81	
	Thyroid-stimulating hormone (TSH)	7.90	ug/dl uIU/mL	5.01-12.45	
	INTERPRETATION: (T3 & T4)			0.35-5.50	

## INTERPRETATION: (T3 & T4)

Total T3 and T4 values may also be altered in other conditions due to changes in serum proteins or binding sites Pregnancy, Drugs (Androgens, Estrogens, O C pills, Phenytoin) Nephrosis etc. In such cases Free T3 and Free T4 give INTERPRETATION: (TSH)

- 1] TSH results between 4.5 to 15 show considerable physiologic & seasonal variation, suggest clinical correlation or repeat testing with fresh sample .
- 2]TSH results between 0.1 to 0.45 require correlation with patient age & clinical symptoms. As with increasing age, there are marked changes in thyroid hormone production, metabolism & its actions resulting in an increased prevalence of subclinicalthyroid disease .
- 3]TSH values may be transiently altered because of non thyroidal illness like severe infections, liver disease, renal
- 4]Drugs that decrease TSH values e.g:L-dopa,Glucocorticoid Drugs that increase TSH values

REFERENCE: TIETZ Fundamentals of ClinicalChemistry





Dr. U. P. Kushwaha M.D.(Path.)

Dr. Molay Banerjee M.D.(Micro.)



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Ref No. .....

DIAGNOSTICS REPORT

Patient Name

: Mr. INDRAKESH MAURYA

Age/Sex

: 36 Year(s)/Male

UHID

: TPSH.7411

Ref. Doctor

: Self

Order Date

Report Date

IP No

Facility

: 08/11/2022 69:53

: 08/11/2022 11:34

: Tender Palm Superspeciality

Hospital

## ULTRASOUND WHOLE ABDOMEN

LIVER: Normal in size (14.5 cm) show diffuse fatty infiltration. Intra Hepatic biliary radicals are not dilated.

No focal SOL is seen. Hepatic veins & I. V. C are normal.

GALL BLADDER: Normally distended. Wall is not thickened. A mobile calculus is seen in GB

measuring ~4.9 mm.

PORTA: Portal vein and CBD are normal in caliber.

PARAORTIC REGION: No significant lymph adenopathy is seen.

SPLEEN: Normal in position & size. Echoes are normal. Splenic vein is not dilated.

PANCREAS: Normal in contour. Echoes are normal. Pancreatic Duct is not dilated. No focal SOL is seen.

Right KIDNEY: - Normal in size (9.7 x 5.2 cm). Parenchymal echoes are normal. Cortico-medullary

differentiation is maintained. No calculus or hydronephrosis is seen.

LEFT KIDNEY: - Normal in size (10.2 x 4.6 cm). Parenchymal echoes are normal. CM differentiation is

maintained. No calculus or hydronephrosis is seen.

URINARY BLADDER: Normally distended. Wall not thickened. No echogenic calculus seen.

PROSTATE: Normal in size, shape & echotexture. No Focal lesion seen.

No free fluid in abdomen.

### **OPINION:**

- ·Grade II fatty infiltration.
- Small solitary GB calculus.

Dr.GARIMA SINGH , MBBS, DNB (RADIO-DIAGNOSIS)

Consultant Radiologist



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Patient ID

**Patient Name** 

ND192941 Department of Pathology & Migratial Day

MR. INDRAKESH MAURYA

Test Report Collection Date

: 09-Nov-2022 12:09 AM

: 09-Nov-2022 01.42 AM

: 09-Nov-2022 12.09 AM

Age / Sex

: 36 Years / Male

Contact No

Report Date

Referred Dr Sample Type

: TENDER PALM HOSPITAL : SERUM

Barcode

Aadhaar/Passport No.:

### **HORMONES**

Investigation	Value	Unit	Rio Ref Pango	
Thyroid Function Test (Method : Serum,Chemiluminiscence)	19		biol Keil Kalige	
Triiodothyronine (Total T-3)	0.98	ng/ml	0.60-1.81	
Thyroxine (Total T-4)	7.90	ug/dl	5.01-12.45	
Thyroid-stimulating hormone (TSH)	1.54	uIU/mL	0.35-5.50	
	Thyroid Function Test (Method : Serum,Chemiluminiscence) Triiodothyronine (Total T-3) Thyroxine (Total T-4) Thyroid-stimulating hormone	Thyroid Function Test  (Method : Serum,Chemiluminiscence)  Triiodothyronine (Total T-3)  Thyroxine (Total T-4)  Thyroid-stimulating hormone  1.54	Thyroid Function Test  (Method : Serum,Chemiluminiscence)  Triiodothyronine (Total T-3) 0.98 ng/ml  Thyroxine (Total T-4) 7.90 ug/dl  Thyroid-stimulating hormone 1.54 uIU/ml	Thyroid Function Test  (Method : Serum,Chemiluminiscence)  Triiodothyronine (Total T-3) 0.98 ng/ml 0.60-1.81  Thyroxine (Total T-4) 7.90 ug/dl 5.01-12.45  Thyroid-stimulating hormone 1.54 uIU/ml 0.35-5.50

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3]TSH values may be transiently altered because of non thyroidal illness like severe infections, liver disease, renal and heart failure, severe burns, trauma and surgery etc .

4]Drugs that decrease TSH values e.g:L-dopa,Glucocorticoid Drugs that increase TSH values e.gIodine,Lithium,Amiodarone.

REFERENCE: TIETZ Fundamentals of ClinicalChemistry

Checked By Page 1 of 1



Dr. U. P. Kushwaha M.D.(Path.)

Dr. Molay Banerjee . M.D.(Micro.)