

### 

Lab ID 00000155 Registration on: 17/03/2023 09:13:00	
Age & Sex: 37 Year   FemaleReported on: 14:57:15	
Reference: VELOCITY HOSPITAL         Sample Type:         BLOOD ~ URINE	

CBC ESR			
Test	Observed Value	Unit	Biological Reference Interva
Haemoglobin	8.8 L	g/dL	12.0 - 16.0
Total RBC	5.58 H	mill./cm	4.00 - 5.20
Total WBC	11000	/cmm	4000 - 11000
Platelet Count	285000	/cmm	150000 - 450000
НСТ	31.2 L	%	36.0 - 48.0
MCV	55.9 L	fL	80.0 - 100.0
MCH	15.8 L		27.0 - 32.0
МСНС	28.2 L	pg g/dL	31.5 - 36.0
DIFFERENTIAL COUNT Neutrophils	00 11	%	40 - 70
Lymphocytes	82 H 15 L	%	20 - 40
Eosinophils	02	%	02-05
Monocytes	02	%	01-07
Basophils	00	%	01-07
Band Cells	00	%	0.0 - 6.0
ABSOLUTE DIFFERNTIAL COUNT	0000	/cumm	2000 - 7000
Neutrophils	<b>9020 H</b> 1650	/cumm	1000 - 3000
Lymphocytes Eccinophile	220	-	
Eosinophils		/cumm	20 - 500 200 - 1000
Monocytes	110 L	/cumm	
Basophils	0	/cumm	0 - 100
<u>GLR / NLR</u>	5.5		
(Neutrophil/Lymphocyte Ratio)			
<u>M ENTZER INDEX</u>	10.0		
RDW-CV	16.5	%	11.1 - 14.1
MPV	6.7	fl	
PCT	0.19	%	
PDW	14.5	%	







- 1				
	Name:	MANISHA NIKHIL SRIVASTAVA	Ward:	opd
	Lab ID	00000155	Registration on:	17/03/2023 09:13:00
	Age & Sex	37 Year   Female	Reported on:	14:57:16
	Reference:	VELOCITY HOSPITAL	Sample Type:	BLOOD ~ URINE

#### PERIPHERAL SM EAR EXAM INATION

RBC Morphology	Hypochromia (+), Microcytosis (+), Anisocytosis (+),Poikilocytosis (+),Target cell (+)		
WBC Morphology	Appear normal,	mmature cells are not seen .	
Platelets in Smear	Adequate.		
<u>Malarial Parasites</u>	Not Detected.		
Note	Hb electrophoresis is advised to rule out thalassemia as Mentzer index is <13. ( low HB, high RBC count and low MCV) .		
ESR			
AFTER 1 HOUR	18	mm/hr	0.0 - 20.0





Name: MANISH	A NIKHIL SRIVASTAVA	Ward:	opd
Lab ID 00000	155	Registration on:	17/03/2023 09:13:00
Age & Sex: 37 Year	Female	Reported on:	14:57:16
Reference: VELOCIT	YHOSPITAL	Sample Type:	BLOOD ~ URINE

#### **BLOOD GROUP**

Test

Observed Value Unit

**Biological Reference Interval** 

Blood Group Rh Factor "AB" POSITIVE







Name:	MANISHA NIKHIL SRIVASTAVA	Ward:	opd
Lab ID	00000155	Registration on:	17/03/2023 09:13:00
Age & Sex	37 Year   Female	Reported on:	14:57:16
Reference	VELOCITY HOSPITAL	Sample Type:	BLOOD ~ URINE

#### **BLOOD GLUCOSE TEST**

Test	Observed Value Unit	Biological Reference Interval
Sample	FLOURIDE PLASMA	
<u>FASTING (FBS)</u> Blood Sugar-F	<b>144.61 H</b> mg/dL	70.00-110.00





Name: MANISHA NIKHIL SRIVASTAVA	Ward:	opd
Lab ID 0000155	Registration on:	17/03/2023 09:13:00
Age & Sex: 37 Year   Female	Reported on:	14:57:16
Reference: VELOCITY HOSPITAL	Sample Type:	BLOOD ~ URINE

#### HEMOGLOBIN A1c TEST

Test	Observed Value	Unit	Biological Reference Interval
<u>HbA1</u> c	7.3 H	%	> 8 : Action Suggested 7-8 : Good control < 7 : Goal 6.2-7 : Near Normal Glycemia < 6.2 : Non-diabetic Level
Mean Blood Glucose	162.8 H	mg/dL	80.0 - 140.0

Importance of HbA1c - Glycated Hb. in Diabetes Mellitus

• HbA1c, also known as Glycated Hemoglobin is the most important test for the assessment of long term blood glucose control (also called glycemic control)

• HbA1c reflects mean blood glucose concentration over past 6-8 weeks and provides amuch better indication of long term glycemic control than blood glucose determination

• HbA1c is formed by non-enzymatic reaction between glucose and Hb., this reaction is irreversible and therefore remains unaffected by short term fluctuations in blood glucose levels.

Long term complications of diabetes such as retinopathy-eye complications, nephropathy-kidney complications and neuropathy-nerve complications, are potentially serious and can lead to blindness, kidney failure etc.
Glycemic control monitored by HbA1c measurement using HPLC method-(Gold Standard) is considered most

important. (Ref. National Glycohemoglobin Standardization Program -NGSP).





- 1				
	Name:	MANISHA NIKHIL SRIVASTAVA	Ward:	opd
	Lab ID	00000155	Registration on:	17/03/2023 09:13:00
	Age & Sex:	37 Year   Female	Reported on:	14:57:16
	Reference:	VELOCITY HOSPITAL	Sample Type:	BLOOD ~ URINE

LIPID PROFILE			
Test	Observed Value	Unit	Biological Reference Interval
Sample	Fasting Blood Se	erum	
Cholesterol	209.4	mg/dL	<200 Desirable 200-29 Borderline >240 High
Triglyceride	119.9	mg/dL	<150 Normal 150-199 Borderline 200-499 High >=500 Very High
HDL Cholesterol	52.14	mg/dL	40-60
VLDL	23.98	mg/dL	0.00 - 30.00
LDL Cholesterol	133.28 H	mg/dL	<ul> <li>&lt; 130 : Optimal</li> <li>130 - 159 : Borderline High</li> <li>160 - 189 : High</li> <li>&gt;= 190 : Very High</li> </ul>
Cholesterol / HDL Chol. Ratio	2.56		0 - 3.5
Total Lipid	4.0 L	mg/dl	400.0 - 1000.0







Name:	MANISHA NIKHIL SRIVASTAVA	Ward:	opd
Lab ID	00000155	Registration on:	17/03/2023 09:13:00
Age & Sex	37 Year   Female	Reported on:	14:57:16
Reference:	VELOCITY HOSPITAL	Sample Type:	BLOOD ~ URINE

### RENAL FUNCTION TEST

Test		Unit	
S. Creatinine	0.68	mg/dL	0.5-1.30
Bl. Urea	19.0	mg/dL	10.0 - 40.0
BUN	8.9	mg/dl	6.0 - 22.0
Uric Acid	4.50	mg/dL	2.6 - 6.0





# SPECTRA DIAGNOSTIC



Name:	MANISHA NIKHIL SRIVASTAVA	Ward:	opd
Lab ID	00000155	Registration on:	17/03/2023 09:13:00
Age & Sex	37 Year   Female	Reported on:	14:57:16
Reference	VELOCITY HOSPITAL	Sample Type:	BLOOD ~ URINE

### LIVER FUNCTION TEST

Test	Observed Value	Unit	Biological Reference Interval
BILIRUBIN			
Total Bilirubin	0.6	mg/dL	0.00 - 1.20
Direct Bilirubin	0.2	mg/dL	0.00 - 0.40
Indirect Bilirubin	0.40	mg/dL	0.30 - 1.00
SGPT(ALT)	12.35	U/L	0.0 - 40.0
SGOT (AST)	23.3	U/L	0.0 - 46.0
Alkaline Phosphatase	223.0 H	U/L	40-129
PROTEINS			
Total Protein	7.2	g/dL	6.0 - 8.0
Albumin	4.2	g/dL	3.50 - 5.50
Globulin	3.0	g/dL	2.5 - 4.0
A/G Ratio	1.4		





# SPECTRA DIAGNOSTIC



Name:	MANISHA NIKHIL SRIVASTAVA	Ward:	opd
Lab ID	00000155	Registration on:	17/03/2023 09:13:00
Age & Sex	37 Year   Female	Reported on:	14:57:16
Reference	VELOCITY HOSPITAL	Sample Type:	BLOOD ~ URINE

#### **URINE ANALYSIS**

Test	Observed Value	Unit	Biological Reference Interval
Sample	Fresh Urine		
PHYSICAL EXAM INATION			
Quantity	10.0	mL	
Colour	Pale-Yellow		
Appearance	Clear		Clear
рН	6.5		
Specific Gravity	1.010		
Sediments	Absent		Absent
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION			
Protein (Albumin)	Absent		Absent
Sugar	Absent		Absent
Bile Salts	Absent		Absent
Bile Pigment	Absent		Absent
Ketone	Absent		Absent
Occult Blood	Trace		Absent
Nitrite	Absent		Absent
Leukocyte Esterase	Trace		Absent
Urobilinogen	Normal		Normal
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			
Pus Cells	9-10	/hpf	Absent
Red Blood Cells	4-5	/hpf	Absent
Epithelial Cells	5-6	/hpf	Absent
Crystals	Absent		Absent
Amorphous material	Absent		Absent
Casts	Absent		Absent
Yeast	Absent		Absent
Bacteria	Present (+)		Absent

--- End of Report ---



## Neuberg 🎯 Abha



CLINICAL LABORATOR	IES DE L	
	LABORATORY REPORT	
Name : Mrs. MANISHA NIKHIL SRIVASTA	AVA Sex/Age : Female / 37 Years	Case ID : 30303611387
Ref. By	Dis. At :	Pt. ID : 2620932
Bill. Loc. : Spectra Diagnostic Laboratory Serv	vice Provider	Pt. Loc
Reg Date and Time : 17-Mar-2023 10:12	Sample Type : Serum	Mobile No. :
Sample Date and Time : 17-Mar-2023 10:15	Sample Coll. By : non NACL	Ref Id1 :
Report Date and Time : 17-Mar-2023 11:29	Acc. Remarks :	Ref Id2 :

TEST	RESULTS	UNIT	BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE	REMARKS
Thyroid Function Test				
<b>Triiodothyronine (T3)</b> CMIA	80.10	ng/dL	70 - 204	
<b>Thyroxine (T4)</b> CMIA	7.6	µg/dL	5.5 - 11.0	
TSH CMIA INTERPRETATIONS	2.672	µIU/mL	0.4 - 4.94	

- Circulating TSH measurement has been used for screening for euthyroidism, screening and diagnosis for hyperthyroidism & hypothyroidism. Suppressed TSH (<0.01 µIU/mL) suggests a diagnosis of hyperthyroidism and elevated concentration (>7 µIU/mL) suggest hypothyroidism. TSH levels may be affected by acute illness and several medications including dopamine and glucocorticoids. Decreased (low or undetectable) in Graves disease. Increased in TSH secreting pituitary adenoma (secondary hyperthyroidism), PRTH and in hypothalamic disease thyrotropin (tertiary hyperthyroidism). Elevated in hypothyroidism (along with decreased T4) except for pituitary & hypothalamic disease.
- Mild to modest elevations in patient with normal T3 & T4 levels indicates impaired thyroid hormone reserves & incipent hypothyroidism (subclinical hypothyroidism).
- Mild to modest decrease with normal T3 & T4 indicates subclinical hyperthyroidism.
- Degree of TSH suppression does not reflect the severity of hyperthyroidism, therefore, measurement of free thyroid hormone levels is required in patient with a supressed TSH level.

#### CAUTIONS

Sick, hospitalized patients may have falsely low or transiently elevated thyroid stimulating hormone. Some patients who have been exposed to animal antigens, either in the environment or as part of treatment or imaging procedure, may have circulating antianimal antibodies present. These antibodies may interfere with the assay reagents to produce unreliable results.

TSH ref range in Pregnacy
First trimester
Second trimester
Third trimester

Reference range (microlU/ml) 0.24 - 2.00 0.43-2.2 0.8-2.5

Note:(LL-VeryLow,L-Low,H-High,HH-VeryHigh ,A-Abnormal)

Dr. Varsha Suratwala

M.D.(Path)

**Dr. Prashant Naik** M.D.(Path), D.C.P. Page 1 of 2

Printed On: 17-Mar-2023 11:35

Neuberg Abha Laboratory Private Limited (Previously known as Abha Laboratory Pvt Ltd) Shankheshwar Complex, Opp. Raymond Showroom, Nr. Torrent Power, Majurogote, Surot - 395003 Ph. : 9909946480 / 0261-2465061, 62, 63, 3500500 hogol, Surat - 395003 945480 / 0261-2425253 Email : info@neubergabha.com | CIN : U74999GJ2020PTC113628 | Website : www.neubergabha.com

di Votsalya Bu 8A, Ring Rood, Athwa Gate, Surat - 395001 Ph. : 0261-6138181 / 7211126999

### Neuberg 🎯 Abha

CLINICAL LABORATORIES



		LABORATORY F	REPORT	
Name : Mrs. MANISH	HA NIKHIL SRIVASTA	VA Sex/Age :	Female / 37 Years	Case ID : 30303611387
Ref. By		Dis. At :		Pt. ID : 2620932
Bill. Loc. : Spectra Diagi	nostic Laboratory Serv	ice Provider		Pt. Loc :
Reg Date and Time	: 17-Mar-2023 10:12	Sample Type :	: Serum	Mobile No. :
Sample Date and Time	: 17-Mar-2023 10:15	Sample Coll. By :	: non NACL	Ref Id1 :
Report Date and Time	: 17-Mar-2023 11:29	Acc. Remarks	:	Ref Id2 :

Interpretation Note: Ultra sensitive-thyroid-stimulating hormone (TSH) is a highly effective screening assay for thyroid disorders. In patients with an intact pituitary-thyroid axis, s-TSH provides a physiologic indicator of the functional level of thyroid hormone activity. Increased s-TSH indicates inadequate thyroid hormone, and suppressed s-TSH indicates excess thyroid hormone.Transient s-TSH abnormalities may be found in seriously ill, hospitalized patients, so this is not the ideal setting to assess thyroid function. However, even in these patients, s-TSH works better than total thyroxine (an alternative screening test). when the s-TSH result is abnormal, appropriate follow-up tests T4 & free T3 levels should be performed. If TSH is between 5.0 to 10.0 & free T4 & free T3 level are normal then it is considered as subclinical hypothyroidism which should be followed up after 4 weeks & If TSH is > 10 & free T4 & free T3 level are normal then it is considered as overt hypothyroidism.

Serum triodothyronine (T3) levels often are depressed in sick and hospitalized patients, caused in part by the biochemical shift to the production of reverse T3. Therefore, T3 generally is not a reliable predictor of hypothyroidism. However, in a small subset of hyperthyroid patients, hyperthyroidism may be caused by overproduction of T3 (T3 toxicosis). To help diagnose and monitor this subgroup, T3 is measured on all specimens with suppressed s-TSH and normal FT4 concentrations.

Normal ranges of 15H & thyroid hormons v: TSH ref range in Pregnacy First triemester Second triemester Third triemester	Reference range (microlU/n 0.24 - 2.00 0.43-2.2 0.8-2.5		
	Т3	T4	TSH
Normal Thyroid function	N	N	N
Primary Hyperthyroidism	$\uparrow$	1	$\checkmark$
Secondary Hyperthyroidism	^	1	↑
Grave's Thyroiditis	^	1	Υ
T3 Thyrotoxicosis	$\uparrow$	N	N/↓
Primary Hypothyroidism	$\checkmark$	4	Υ
Secondary Hypothyroidism	$\checkmark$	4	$\checkmark$
Subclinical Hypothyroidism	N	N	Ϋ́
Patient on treatment	N	N/↑	$\downarrow$

----- End Of Report -----

# For test performed on specimens received or collected from non-NSRL locations, it is presumed that the specimen belongs to the patient named or identified as labeled on the container/test request and such verification has been carried out at the point generation of the said specimen by the sender. NSRL will be responsible Only for the analytical part of test carried out. All other responsibility will be of referring Laboratory.

Note:(LL-VeryLow,L-Low,H-High,HH-VeryHigh ,A-Abnormal)

Dr. Varsha Suratwala M.D.(Path)

**Dr. Prashant Naik** M.D.(Path), D.C.P. Page 2 of 2

Printed On: 17-Mar-2023 11:35

Neuberg Abha Laboratory Private Limited (Previously known as Abha Laboratory Pvt Ltd) Shankheshwar Complex, Opp. Raymond Showroom, Nr. Torrent Power, Majuragote, Surat - 395003 Ph. : 9909946480 / 0261-2465061, 62, 63, 3500500 ibers. Email : info@neubergabha.com | CIN : U74999GJ2020PTC113628 | Website : www.neubergabha.com

1st Floor, Aadi Votsalya Building, 8A, Ring Road, Athwa Gate, Surat - 395001 Ph. : 0261-6138181 / 7211126999

Office : 2nd floor, Rojretna Chambi sbgarwad, Zapata Showroom Lane, Nr. Bhagal, Surat - 395003 h. : 9099945480 / 0261-2425253