



CLIENT CODE : C000138376

CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS :
ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)
F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULI
SOUTH WEST DELHI
NEW DELHI 110030
DELHI INDIA
8800465156

SRL Ltd
PLOT NO.160,POCKET D-11 SECTOR 8, ROHINI

NEW DELHI, 110085
NEW DELHI, INDIA
Tel : 9111591115, Fax :
CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956
Email : customercare.pitampura@srl.in

PATIENT NAME : KHUSHBOO GUPTA

PATIENT ID : KHUSF30068962

ACCESSION NO : 0062VI000337 AGE : 33 Years SEX : Female

DRAWN : RECEIVED : 10/09/2022 08:59 REPORTED : 12/09/2022 13:44

REFERRING DOCTOR : SELF

CLIENT PATIENT ID :

Test Report Status	Final	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
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MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP BELOW 40FEMALE**PHYSICAL EXAMINATION, URINE**

COLOR PALE YELLOW
METHOD : MACROSCOPY

APPEARANCE SLIGHTLY HAZY
METHOD : VISUAL EXAMINATION

SPECIFIC GRAVITY 1.010 1.003 - 1.035
METHOD : PKA CHANGE WITH REFLECTANCE, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

BLOOD COUNTS,EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

HEMOGLOBIN 12.1 12.0 - 15.0 g/dL
METHOD : CYANMETHHEMOGLOBIN METHOD

RED BLOOD CELL COUNT **4.84** High 3.8 - 4.8 mil/ μ L
METHOD : IMPEDANCE

WHITE BLOOD CELL COUNT 6.30 4.0 - 10.0 thou/ μ L
METHOD : IMPEDANCE

PLATELET COUNT 288 150 - 410 thou/ μ L
METHOD : IMPEDANCE

RBC AND PLATELET INDICES

HEMATOCRIT 37.9 36 - 46 %
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER

MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOL **78.0** Low 83 - 101 fL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER

MEAN CORPUSCULAR HGB. **24.9** Low 27.0 - 32.0 pg

MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN CONCENTRATION 31.8 31.5 - 34.5 g/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER

MENTZER INDEX 16.1

RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH **14.2** High 11.6 - 14.0 %
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER

MEAN PLATELET VOLUME 9.3 6.8 - 10.9 fL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER

CHEMICAL EXAMINATION, URINE

PH 7.0 4.7 - 7.5
METHOD : PH INDICATOR AND REFLECTANCE, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

PROTEIN **DETECTED (TRACE)** NOT DETECTED



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METHOD : PROTEIN ERROR OF INDICATORS WITH REFLECTANCE, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY				
GLUCOSE		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : GLUCOSE OXIDASE WITH REFLECTANCE, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY				
KETONES		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : ROTHERA'S WITH REFLECTANCE, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY				
BLOOD		DETECTED (++)	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : PEROXIDASE METHOD WITH REFLECTANCE, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY				
BILIRUBIN		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : DIAZOTIZED WITH REFLECTANCE, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY				
UROBILINOGEN		NORMAL	NORMAL	
METHOD : EHRLICH REACTION WITH REFLECTANCE, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY				
NITRITE		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : DIAZONIUM COMPOUND WITH REFLECTANCE, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY				
LEUKOCYTE ESTERASE		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT - NLR				
SEGMENTED NEUTROPHILS	63		40 - 80	%
METHOD : IMPEDENCE / MICROSCOPY				
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT	3.97		2.0 - 7.0	thou/ μ L
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
LYMPHOCYTES	28		20 - 40	%
METHOD : IMPEDENCE / MICROSCOPY				
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT	1.76		1.0 - 3.0	thou/ μ L
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
NEUTROPHIL LYMPHOCYTE RATIO (NLR)	2.3			
EOSINOPHILS	4		1 - 6	%
METHOD : IMPEDENCE / MICROSCOPY				
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT	0.25		0.02 - 0.50	thou/ μ L
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
MONOCYTES	4		2 - 10	%
METHOD : IMPEDENCE / MICROSCOPY				
ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT	0.25		0.2 - 1.0	thou/ μ L
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
BASOPHILS	1		0 - 2	%
METHOD : IMPEDENCE / MICROSCOPY				
ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT	0.06		0.02 - 0.10	thou/ μ L
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				





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DIFFERENTIAL COUNT PERFORMED ON: EDTA SMEAR

METHOD : AUTOMATED ANALYZER / MICROSCOPY

DISCLAIMER: THE ABSOLUTE WHITE CELL COUNTS ARE OUTSIDE THE NABL ACCREDITED SCOPE OF THE LABORATORY.

MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION, URINE

PUS CELL (WBC'S) 0-1 0-5 /HPF

METHOD : ESTERASES METHOD WITH REFLECTANCE, SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

EPITHELIAL CELLS 0-1 0-5 /HPF

METHOD : MICROSCOPY

ERYTHROCYTES (RBC'S) 20 - 30 NOT DETECTED /HPF

METHOD : MICROSCOPY

CASTS NOT DETECTED

METHOD : MICROSCOPY

CRYSTALS NOT DETECTED

METHOD : MICROSCOPY

BACTERIA NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED

METHOD : MICROSCOPY

YEAST NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED

REMARKS NOTE:-MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION OF URINE PERFORMED BY CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT

ERYTHRO SEDIMENTATION RATE, BLOOD

SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR) 25 High 0 - 20 mm at 1 hr

METHOD : MODIFIED WESTERGREEN

GLUCOSE, FASTING, PLASMA

GLUCOSE, FASTING, PLASMA 93 74 - 99 mg/dL

METHOD : HEXOKINASE

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C) 5.0 Non-diabetic: < 5.7 %

Pre-diabetics: 5.7 - 6.4

Diabetics: > or = 6.5

ADA Target: 7.0

Action suggested: > 8.0

METHOD : HPLC

MEAN PLASMA GLUCOSE 96.8 < 116.0 mg/dL

METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER

GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA

GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA 102 70 - 139 mg/dL

METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY



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CORONARY RISK PROFILE, SERUM

CHOLESTEROL	173	< 200 Desirable 200 - 239 Borderline High >= 240 High	mg/dL
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METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

TRIGLYCERIDES	152	High < 150 Normal 150 - 199 Borderline High 200 - 499 High >=500 Very High	mg/dL
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METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

HDL CHOLESTEROL	45	< 40 Low >=60 High	mg/dL
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METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

CHOLESTEROL LDL	98	< 100 Optimal 100 - 129 Near optimal/ above optimal 130 - 159 Borderline High 160 - 189 High >= 190 Very High	mg/dL
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NON HDL CHOLESTEROL	128	Desirable-Less than 130 Above Desirable-130-159 Borderline High-160-189 High-190-219 Very High- >or =220	mg/dL
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METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER

CHOL/HDL RATIO	3.8		
LDL/HDL RATIO	2.2	0.5 - 3.0 Desirable/Low Risk 3.1 - 6.0 Borderline/Moderate Risk >6.0 High Risk	

VERY LOW DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN	30.4		mg/dL
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LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM

BILIRUBIN, TOTAL	0.29	Upto 1.2	mg/dL
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METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

BILIRUBIN, DIRECT	0.12	Upto 0.2	mg/dL
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METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

BILIRUBIN, INDIRECT	0.17	0.00 - 0.60	mg/dL
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METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER

TOTAL PROTEIN	7.3	6.4 - 8.3	g/dL
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METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY

ALBUMIN	4.8	3.70 - 4.94	g/dL
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METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY				
GLOBULIN		2.5	2.0 - 4.0	g/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
ALBUMIN/GLOBULIN RATIO		1.9	1.0 - 2.0	RATIO
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
ASPARTATE AMINOTRANSFERASE (AST/SGOT)		15	0 - 32	U/L
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY				
ALANINE AMINOTRANSFERASE (ALT/SGPT)		12	0 - 33	U/L
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY				
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE		130	High 35 - 104	U/L
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY				
GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE (GGT)		12	5 - 36	U/L
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY				
LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE		152	135 - 214	U/L
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY				
SERUM BLOOD UREA NITROGEN				
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN		9	6 - 20	mg/dL
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY				
CREATININE, SERUM				
CREATININE		0.53	0.5 - 0.9	mg/dL
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY				
BUN/CREAT RATIO				
BUN/CREAT RATIO		16.98	High 5.00 - 15.00	
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
URIC ACID, SERUM				
URIC ACID		3.6	2.4 - 5.7	mg/dL
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY				
TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM				
TOTAL PROTEIN		7.3	6.4 - 8.3	g/dL
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY				
ALBUMIN, SERUM				
ALBUMIN		4.8	3.97 - 4.94	g/dL
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY				
GLOBULIN				
GLOBULIN		2.5	2.0 - 4.0	g/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				





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ELECTROLYTES (NA/K/CL), SERUM

SODIUM	144	136 - 145	mmol/L
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
POTASSIUM	5.72	High 3.3 - 5.1	mmol/L
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
CHLORIDE	102	98 - 106	mmol/L
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			

THYROID PANEL, SERUM

T3	137.9	80.00 - 200.00	ng/dL
METHOD : ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE			
T4	7.65	5.10 - 14.10	µg/dL
METHOD : ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE			
TSH 3RD GENERATION	3.200	0.270 - 4.200	µIU/mL

PAPANICOLAOU SMEAR

TEST METHOD SAMPLE NOT RECEIVED

STOOL: OVA & PARASITE

COLOUR SAMPLE NOT RECEIVED

METHOD : MANUAL

ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

ABO GROUP TYPE B

METHOD : MANUAL

RH TYPE POSITIVE

METHOD : MANUAL

XRAY-CHEST

»» BOTH THE LUNG FIELDS ARE CLEAR
 »» BOTH THE COSTOPHRENIC AND CARIOPHRENIC ANGELS ARE CLEAR
 »» BOTH THE HILA ARE NORMAL
 »» CARDIAC AND AORTIC SHADOWS APPEAR NORMAL
 »» BOTH THE DOMES OF THE DIAPHRAM ARE NORMAL
 »» VISUALIZED BONY THORAX IS NORMAL

IMPRESSION NORMAL

TMT OR ECHO

TMT OR ECHO NEGATIVE

ECG



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ECG

WITHIN NORMAL LIMITS

MEDICAL HISTORY

RELEVANT PRESENT HISTORY	BACKPAIN.
RELEVANT PAST HISTORY	NOT SIGNIFICANT
RELEVANT PERSONAL HISTORY	MARRIED,01 CHILD, EGG.
MENSTRUAL HISTORY (FOR FEMALES)	NOT SIGNIFICANT
LMP (FOR FEMALES)	08/09/2022
OBSTETRIC HISTORY (FOR FEMALES)	P1A1L1- LSCS.
LCB (FOR FEMALES)	14 MONTHS.
RELEVANT FAMILY HISTORY	NOT SIGNIFICANT
OCCUPATIONAL HISTORY	MIS BACKEND OPS
HISTORY OF MEDICATIONS	NOT SIGNIFICANT

ANTHROPOMETRIC DATA & BMI

HEIGHT IN METERS	1.55	mts
WEIGHT IN KGS.	58.25	Kgs
BMI	24	

BMI & Weight Status as follows: kg/sqmts
Below 18.5: Underweight
18.5 - 24.9: Normal
25.0 - 29.9: Overweight
30.0 and Above: Obese

GENERAL EXAMINATION

MENTAL / EMOTIONAL STATE	NORMAL
PHYSICAL ATTITUDE	NORMAL
GENERAL APPEARANCE / NUTRITIONAL STATUS	HEALTHY
BUILT / SKELETAL FRAMEWORK	AVERAGE
FACIAL APPEARANCE	NORMAL
SKIN	NORMAL
UPPER LIMB	NORMAL
LOWER LIMB	NORMAL
NECK	NORMAL
NECK LYMPHATICS / SALIVARY GLANDS	NOT ENLARGED OR TENDER
THYROID GLAND	NOT ENLARGED
CAROTID PULSATION	NORMAL
BREAST (FOR FEMALES)	NORMAL



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TEMPERATURE		NORMAL		
PULSE		86/MIN REGULAR, ALL PERIPHERAL PULSES WELL FELT, NO CAROTID BRUIT		
RESPIRATORY RATE		NORMAL		
CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM				
BP		105/74 MM HG (SITTING)		mm/Hg
PERICARDIUM		NORMAL		
APEX BEAT		NORMAL		
HEART SOUNDS		S1, S2 HEARD NORMALLY		
MURMURS		ABSENT		
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM				
SIZE AND SHAPE OF CHEST		NORMAL		
MOVEMENTS OF CHEST		SYMMETRICAL		
BREATH SOUNDS INTENSITY		NORMAL		
BREATH SOUNDS QUALITY		VESICULAR (NORMAL)		
ADDED SOUNDS		ABSENT		
PER ABDOMEN				
APPEARANCE		NORMAL		
VENOUS PROMINENCE		ABSENT		
LIVER		NOT PALPABLE		
SPLEEN		NOT PALPABLE		
HERNIA		ABSENT		
ANY OTHER COMMENTS		NIL		
CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM				
HIGHER FUNCTIONS		NORMAL		
CRANIAL NERVES		NORMAL		
CEREBELLAR FUNCTIONS		NORMAL		
SENSORY SYSTEM		NORMAL		
MOTOR SYSTEM		NORMAL		
REFLEXES		NORMAL		
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM				
SPINE		NORMAL		
JOINTS		NORMAL		



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BASIC EYE EXAMINATION

CONJUNCTIVA	NORMAL
EYELIDS	NORMAL
EYE MOVEMENTS	NORMAL
CORNEA	NORMAL
DISTANT VISION RIGHT EYE WITH GLASSES	6/12
DISTANT VISION LEFT EYE WITH GLASSES	6/12
NEAR VISION RIGHT EYE WITH GLASSES	N/6
NEAR VISION LEFT EYE WITH GLASSES	N/6
COLOUR VISION	NORMAL

BASIC ENT EXAMINATION

EXTERNAL EAR CANAL	NORMAL
TYMPANIC MEMBRANE	NORMAL
NOSE	NO ABNORMALITY DETECTED
SINUSES	NORMAL
THROAT	NORMAL
TONSILS	NOT ENLARGED

BASIC DENTAL EXAMINATION

TEETH	NORMAL
GUMS	HEALTHY
ANY OTHER COMMENTS	NIL

SUMMARY

RELEVANT HISTORY	NOT SIGNIFICANT
RELEVANT GP EXAMINATION FINDINGS	NOT SIGNIFICANT
RELEVANT LAB INVESTIGATIONS	BLOOD CELLS - 20- 30
RELEVANT NON PATHOLOGY DIAGNOSTICS	NO ABNORMALITIES DETECTED
REMARKS / RECOMMENDATIONS	INCREASE WATER INTAKE; OPHTHALMOLOGIST CONSULTATION; REG. PHY. WORKOUTS

FITNESS STATUS

FITNESS STATUS	FIT (WITH MEDICAL ADVICE) (AS PER REQUESTED PANEL OF TESTS)
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Interpretation(s)

BLOOD COUNTS, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-

The cell morphology is well preserved for 24hrs. However after 24-48 hrs a progressive increase in MCV and HCT is observed leading to a decrease in MCHC. A direct smear is recommended for an accurate differential count and for examination of RBC morphology.

WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT - NLR-

The optimal threshold of 3.3 for NLR showed a prognostic possibility of clinical symptoms to change from mild to severe in COVID positive patients. When age = 49.5 years old and NLR = 3.3, 46.1% COVID-19 patients with mild disease might become severe. By contrast, when age < 49.5 years old and NLR < 3.3, COVID-19 patients tend to show mild disease.

(Reference to - The diagnostic and predictive role of NLR, d-NLR and PLR in COVID-19 patients ; A.-P. Yang, et al.; International Immunopharmacology 84 (2020) 106504 This ratio element is a calculated parameter and out of NABL scope.

MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION, URINE-

Routine urine analysis assists in screening and diagnosis of various metabolic, urological, kidney and liver disorders

Protein: Elevated proteins can be an early sign of kidney disease. Urinary protein excretion can also be temporarily elevated by strenuous exercise, orthostatic proteinuria, dehydration, urinary tract infections and acute illness with fever

Glucose: Uncontrolled diabetes mellitus can lead to presence of glucose in urine. Other causes include pregnancy, hormonal disturbances, liver disease and certain medications.

Ketones: Uncontrolled diabetes mellitus can lead to presence of ketones in urine. Ketones can also be seen in starvation, frequent vomiting, pregnancy and strenuous exercise.

Blood: Occult blood can occur in urine as intact erythrocytes or haemoglobin, which can occur in various urological, nephrological and bleeding disorders.

Leukocytes: An increase in leukocytes is an indication of inflammation in urinary tract or kidneys. Most common cause is bacterial urinary tract infection.

Nitrite: Many bacteria give positive results when their number is high. Nitrite concentration during infection increases with length of time the urine specimen is retained in bladder prior to collection.

pH: The kidneys play an important role in maintaining acid base balance of the body. Conditions of the body producing acidosis/ alkalosis or ingestion of certain type of food can affect the pH of urine.

Specific gravity: Specific gravity gives an indication of how concentrated the urine is. Increased specific gravity is seen in conditions like dehydration, glycosuria and proteinuria while decreased specific gravity is seen in excessive fluid intake, renal failure and diabetes insipidus.

Bilirubin: In certain liver diseases such as biliary obstruction or hepatitis, bilirubin gets excreted in urine.

Urobilinogen: Positive results are seen in liver diseases like hepatitis and cirrhosis and in cases of hemolytic anemia

ERYTHRO SEDIMENTATION RATE, BLOOD-

Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a non-specific phenomena and is clinically useful in the diagnosis and monitoring of disorders associated with an increased production of acute phase reactants. The ESR is increased in pregnancy from about the 3rd month and returns to normal by the 4th week post partum. ESR is influenced by age, sex, menstrual cycle and drugs (eg. corticosteroids, contraceptives). It is especially low (0 -1mm) in polycythaemia, hypofibrinogenemia or congestive cardiac failure and when there are abnormalities of the red cells such as poikilocytosis, spherocytosis or sickle cells.

Reference :

1. Nathan and Oski's Haematology of Infancy and Childhood, 5th edition
2. Paediatric reference intervals. AACC Press, 7th edition. Edited by S. Soldin
3. The reference for the adult reference range is "Practical Haematology by Dacie and Lewis, 10th Edition"

GLUCOSE, FASTING, PLASMA-

ADA 2021 guidelines for adults, after 8 hrs fasting is as follows:

Pre-diabetics: 100 - 125 mg/dL

Diabetic: > or = 126 mg/dL

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-

Glycosylated hemoglobin (GHb) has been firmly established as an index of long-term blood glucose concentrations and as a measure of the risk for the development of complications in patients with diabetes mellitus. Formation of GHb is essentially irreversible, and the concentration in the blood depends on both the life span of the red blood cell (average 120 days) and the blood glucose concentration. Because the rate of formation of GHb is directly proportional to the concentration of glucose in the blood, the GHb concentration represents the integrated values for glucose over the preceding 6-8 weeks.

Any condition that alters the life span of the red blood cells has the potential to alter the GHb level. Samples from patients with hemolytic anemias will exhibit decreased glycated hemoglobin values due to the shortened life span of the red cells. This effect will depend upon the severity of the anemia. Samples from patients with polycythemia or post-splenectomy may exhibit increased glycated hemoglobin values due to a somewhat longer life span of the red cells.

Glycosylated hemoglobins results from patients with HbSS, HbCC, and HbSC and HbD must be interpreted with caution, given the pathological processes, including anemia, increased red cell turnover, transfusion requirements, that adversely impact HbA1c as a marker of long-term glycemic control. In these conditions, alternative forms of testing such as glycated serum protein (fructosamine) should be considered.

"Targets should be individualized; More or less stringent glycemic goals may be appropriate for individual patients. Goals should be individualized based on duration of diabetes, age/life expectancy, comorbid conditions, known CVD or advanced microvascular complications, hypoglycemia unawareness, and individual patient considerations."

References

1. Tietz Textbook of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Diagnostics, edited by Carl A Burtis, Edward R. Ashwood, David E Bruns, 4th Edition, Elsevier publication, 2006, 879-884.
 2. Forsham PH. Diabetes Mellitus: A rational plan for management. Postgrad Med 1982, 71, 139-154.
 3. Mayer TK, Freedman ZR: Protein glycosylation in Diabetes Mellitus: A review of laboratory measurements and their clinical utility. Clin Chim Acta 1983, 127, 147-184.
- GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA-ADA Guidelines for 2hr post prandial glucose levels is only after ingestion of 75grams of glucose in 300 ml water, over a period of 5 minutes.



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PATIENT NAME : KHUSHBOO GUPTA

PATIENT ID : KHUSF30068962

ACCESSION NO : 0062VI000337 AGE : 33 Years SEX : Female

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LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM-
LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE

Bilirubin is a yellowish pigment found in bile and is a breakdown product of normal heme catabolism. Bilirubin is excreted in bile and urine, and elevated levels may give yellow discoloration in jaundice. Elevated levels result from increased bilirubin production (eg, hemolysis and ineffective erythropoiesis), decreased bilirubin excretion (eg, obstruction and hepatitis), and abnormal bilirubin metabolism (eg, hereditary and neonatal jaundice). Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin in viral hepatitis, drug reactions, alcoholic liver disease. Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is also elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin when there is some kind of blockage of the bile ducts like in gallstones getting into the bile ducts, tumors & scarring of the bile ducts. Increased unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin may be a result of hemolytic or pernicious anemia, transfusion reaction & a common metabolic condition termed Gilbert syndrome, due to low levels of the enzyme that attaches sugar molecules to bilirubin.

AST is an enzyme found in various parts of the body. AST is found in the liver, heart, skeletal muscle, kidneys, brain, and red blood cells, and it is commonly measured clinically as a marker for liver health. AST levels increase during chronic viral hepatitis, blockage of the bile duct, cirrhosis of the liver, liver cancer, kidney failure, hemolytic anemia, pancreatitis, hemochromatosis. AST levels may also increase after a heart attack or strenuous activity. ALT test measures the amount of this enzyme in the blood. ALT is found mainly in the liver, but also in smaller amounts in the kidneys, heart, muscles, and pancreas. It is commonly measured as a part of a diagnostic evaluation of hepatocellular injury, to determine liver health. AST levels increase during acute hepatitis, sometimes due to a viral infection, ischemia to the liver, chronic hepatitis, obstruction of bile ducts, cirrhosis.

ALP is a protein found in almost all body tissues. Tissues with higher amounts of ALP include the liver, bile ducts and bone. Elevated ALP levels are seen in biliary obstruction, osteoblastic bone tumors, osteomalacia, hepatitis, hyperparathyroidism, leukemia, lymphoma, Paget's disease, rickets, sarcoidosis etc. Lower-than-normal ALP levels are seen in hypophosphatasia, malnutrition, protein deficiency, Wilson's disease. GGT is an enzyme found in cell membranes of many tissues mainly in the liver, kidney and pancreas. It is also found in other tissues including intestine, spleen, heart, brain and seminal vesicles. The highest concentration is in the kidney, but the liver is considered the source of normal enzyme activity. Serum GGT has been widely used as an index of liver dysfunction. Elevated serum GGT activity can be found in diseases of the liver, biliary system and pancreas. Conditions that increase serum GGT are obstructive liver disease, high alcohol consumption and use of enzyme-inducing drugs etc. Serum total protein, also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum. Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin. Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, multiple myeloma, Waldenström's disease. Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: agammaglobulinemia, bleeding (hemorrhage), burns, glomerulonephritis, liver disease, malabsorption, malnutrition, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy etc. Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, burns, hemodilution, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance, malnutrition and wasting etc

SERUM BLOOD UREA NITROGEN-

Causes of Increased levels

Pre renal

- High protein diet, Increased protein catabolism, GI haemorrhage, Cortisol, Dehydration, CHF Renal

Renal Failure

Post Renal

- Malignancy, Nephrolithiasis, Prostatism

Causes of decreased levels

- Liver disease

- SIADH.

CREATININE, SERUM-

Higher than normal level may be due to:

- Blockage in the urinary tract
- Kidney problems, such as kidney damage or failure, infection, or reduced blood flow
- Loss of body fluid (dehydration)
- Muscle problems, such as breakdown of muscle fibers
- Problems during pregnancy, such as seizures (eclampsia), or high blood pressure caused by pregnancy (preeclampsia)

Lower than normal level may be due to:

- Myasthenia Gravis

- Muscular dystrophy

URIC ACID, SERUM-

Causes of Increased levels

Dietary

- High Protein Intake.

- Prolonged Fasting,

- Rapid weight loss.

Gout

Lesch nyhan syndrome.

Type 2 DM.

Metabolic syndrome.

Causes of decreased levels

- Low Zinc Intake

- OCP's

- Multiple Sclerosis



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Nutritional tips to manage increased Uric acid levels

- Drink plenty of fluids
- Limit animal proteins
- High Fibre foods
- Vit C Intake
- Antioxidant rich foods

TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM-

Serum total protein, also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum. Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin

Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstrom's disease

Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage), Burns, Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc.

ALBUMIN, SERUM-

Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodialysis, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance, malnutrition and wasting etc.

ELECTROLYTES (NA/K/CL), SERUM-

Sodium levels are increased in dehydration, Cushing's syndrome, aldosteronism & decreased in Addison's disease, hypopituitarism, liver disease. Hypokalemia (low K) is common in vomiting, diarrhea, alcoholism, folic acid deficiency and primary aldosteronism. Hyperkalemia may be seen in end-stage renal failure, hemolysis, trauma, Addison's disease, metabolic acidosis, acute starvation, dehydration, and with rapid K infusion. Chloride is increased in dehydration, renal tubular acidosis (hyperchloremic metabolic acidosis), acute renal failure, metabolic acidosis associated with prolonged diarrhea and loss of sodium bicarbonate, diabetes insipidus, adrenocortical hyperfunction, salicylate intoxication and with excessive infusion of isotonic saline or extremely high dietary intake of salt. Chloride is decreased in overhydration, chronic respiratory acidosis, salt-losing nephritis, metabolic alkalosis, congestive heart failure, Addisonian crisis, certain types of metabolic acidosis, persistent gastric secretion and prolonged vomiting,

THYROID PANEL, SERUM-

Triiodothyronine T₃, is a thyroid hormone. It affects almost every physiological process in the body, including growth, development, metabolism, body temperature, and heart rate. Production of T₃ and its prohormone thyroxine (T₄) is activated by thyroid-stimulating hormone (TSH), which is released from the pituitary gland. Elevated concentrations of T₃ and T₄ in the blood inhibit the production of TSH.

Thyroxine T₄, Thyroxine's principal function is to stimulate the metabolism of all cells and tissues in the body. Excessive secretion of thyroxine in the body is hyperthyroidism, and deficient secretion is called hypothyroidism. Most of the thyroid hormone in blood is bound to transport proteins. Only a very small fraction of the circulating hormone is free and biologically active.

In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are low.

Below mentioned are the guidelines for Pregnancy related reference ranges for Total T₄, TSH & Total T₃

Levels in	TOTAL T ₄ (µg/dL)	TSH3G (µIU/mL)	TOTAL T ₃ (ng/dL)
Pregnancy			
First Trimester	6.6 - 12.4	0.1 - 2.5	81 - 190
2nd Trimester	6.6 - 15.5	0.2 - 3.0	100 - 260
3rd Trimester	6.6 - 15.5	0.3 - 3.0	100 - 260

Below mentioned are the guidelines for age related reference ranges for T₃ and T₄.

	T ₃ (ng/dL)	T ₄ (µg/dL)
New Born:	75 - 260	1-3 day: 8.2 - 19.9
.		1 Week: 6.0 - 15.9

NOTE: TSH concentrations in apparently normal euthyroid subjects are known to be highly skewed, with a strong tailed distribution towards higher TSH values. This is well documented in the pediatric population including the infant age group.

Kindly note: Method specific reference ranges are appearing on the report under biological reference range.

Reference:

1. Burtis C.A., Ashwood E. R. Bruns D.E. Teitz textbook of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Diagnostics, 4th Edition.
2. Gowenlock A.H. Varley's Practical Clinical Biochemistry, 6th Edition.
3. Behrman R.E. Kliegman R.M., Jenson H. B. Nelson Text Book of Pediatrics, 17th Edition

STOOL: OVA & PARASITE-

Acute infective diarrhoea and gastroenteritis (diarrhoea with vomiting) are major causes of ill health and premature death in developing countries. Loss of water and electrolytes from the body can lead to severe dehydration which if untreated, can be rapidly fatal in young children, especially that are malnourished, hypoglycaemic, and generally in poor health.

Laboratory diagnosis of parasitic infection is mainly based on microscopic examination and the gross examination of the stool specimen. Depending on the nature of the parasite, the microscopic observations include the identification of cysts, ova, trophozoites, larvae or portions of adult structure. The two classes of parasites that cause human infection are the Protozoa and Helminths. The protozoan infections include amoebiasis mainly caused by Entamoeba histolytica and giardiasis caused by Giardia lamblia. The common helminthic parasites are Trichuris trichiura, Ascaris lumbricoides, Strongyloides stercoralis, Taenia sp. etc

ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-



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Blood group is identified by antigens and antibodies present in the blood. Antigens are protein molecules found on the surface of red blood cells. Antibodies are found in plasma. To determine blood group, red cells are mixed with different antibody solutions to give A,B,O or AB.

Disclaimer: "Please note, as the results of previous ABO and Rh group (Blood Group) for pregnant women are not available, please check with the patient records for availability of the same."

The test is performed by both forward as well as reverse grouping methods.

MEDICAL HISTORY-

THIS REPORT CARRIES THE SIGNATURE OF OUR LABORATORY DIRECTOR. THIS IS AN INVIOABLE FEATURE OF OUR LAB MANAGEMENT SOFTWARE. HOWEVER, ALL EXAMINATIONS AND INVESTIGATIONS HAVE BEEN CONDUCTED BY OUR PANEL OF DOCTORS.

FITNESS STATUS-

Conclusion on an individual's Fitness, which is commented upon mainly for Pre employment cases, is based on multi factorial findings and does not depend on any one single parameter. The final Fitness assigned to a candidate will depend on the Physician's findings and overall judgement on a case to case basis, details of the candidate's past and personal history; as well as the comprehensiveness of the diagnostic panel which has been requested for .These are then further correlated with details of the job under consideration to eventually fit the right man to the right job.

Basis the above, SRL classifies a candidate's Fitness Status into one of the following categories:

- Fit (As per requested panel of tests) – SRL Limited gives the individual a clean chit to join the organization, on the basis of the General Physical Examination and the specific test panel requested for.
- Fit (with medical advice) (As per requested panel of tests) - This indicates that although the candidate can be declared as FIT to join the job, minimal problems have been detected during the Pre- employment examination. Examples of conditions which could fall in this category could be cases of mild reversible medical abnormalities such as height weight disproportions, borderline raised Blood Pressure readings, mildly raised Blood sugar and Blood Lipid levels, Hematuria, etc. Most of these relate to sedentary lifestyles and come under the broad category of life style disorders. The idea is to caution an individual to bring about certain lifestyle changes as well as seek a Physician's consultation and counseling in order to bring back to normal the mildly deranged parameters. For all purposes the individual is FIT to join the job.
- Fitness on Hold (Temporary Unfit) (As per requested panel of tests) - Candidate's reports are kept on hold when either the diagnostic tests or the physical findings reveal the presence of a medical condition which warrants further tests, counseling and/or specialist opinion, on the basis of which a candidate can either be placed into Fit, Fit (With Medical Advice), or Unfit category. Conditions which may fall into this category could be high blood pressure, abnormal ECG, heart murmurs, abnormal vision, grossly elevated blood sugars, etc.
- Unfit (As per requested panel of tests) - An unfit report by SRL Limited clearly indicates that the individual is not suitable for the respective job profile e.g. total color blindness in color related jobs.





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MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP BELOW 40FEMALE**ULTRASOUND ABDOMEN****ULTRASOUND ABDOMEN****ULTRASOUND WHOLE ABDOMEN**

Liver is mildly enlarged in size (159mm) and shows grade I-II fatty changes. No obvious focal parenchymal lesion/biliary dilatation is seen. Hepatic veins and portal venous radicals are normal.

Gall bladder is partially distended and appears grossly normal.

Common bile duct is not dilated. Portal vein is normal in course and caliber.

Pancreas

Pancreas is normal in size, outline and echotexture. No evidence of any focal lesion or calcification is seen.

Pancreatic duct is not dilated.

Spleen

Spleen is normal in size, outline and echotexture .No focal lesion/ calcification is seen.

Kidneys

Both kidneys are normal in size, outline and echotexture. Corticomedullary differentiation is well maintained. Parenchymal thickness is normal. No mass lesion, calculus or hydronephrosis is seen.

No significant retroperitoneal lymphadenopathy/ascites is seen.

Urinary Bladder

Urinary bladder is partially distended.

Uterus is anteverted, grossly normal in size, outline and echotexture. Endometrial thickness is 7mm.

No obvious adnexal mass lesion is seen.

POD is clear.

Correlate clinically

****End Of Report****

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Dr. Ujjwal Saxena
Consultant -
DMC/REG.NO.03287

Dr. Kamlesh I Prajapati
Consultant Pathologist

CONDITIONS OF LABORATORY TESTING & REPORTING

1. It is presumed that the test sample belongs to the patient named or identified in the test requisition form.
2. All tests are performed and reported as per the turnaround time stated in the SRL Directory of Services.
3. Result delays could occur due to unforeseen circumstances such as non-availability of kits / equipment breakdown / natural calamities / technical downtime or any other unforeseen event.
4. A requested test might not be performed if:
 - i. Specimen received is insufficient or inappropriate
 - ii. Specimen quality is unsatisfactory
 - iii. Incorrect specimen type
 - iv. Discrepancy between identification on specimen container label and test requisition form
5. SRL confirms that all tests have been performed or assayed with highest quality standards, clinical safety & technical integrity.
6. Laboratory results should not be interpreted in isolation; it must be correlated with clinical information and be interpreted by registered medical practitioners only to determine final diagnosis.
7. Test results may vary based on time of collection, physiological condition of the patient, current medication or nutritional and dietary changes. Please consult your doctor or call us for any clarification.
8. Test results cannot be used for Medico legal purposes.
9. In case of queries please call customer care (91115 91115) within 48 hours of the report.

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