













CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS : ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL) F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULI SOUTH WEST DELHI NEW DELHI 110030 DELHI INDIA 8800465156

SRL Ltd 34/2, NEW PALASIA, NEAR OM SHANTI BHAWAN CIRCLE,BEHIND INDUSTRY HOUSE INDORE, 452001 MADHYA PRADESH, INDIA Tel : 9111591115, Fax : CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956 Email : customercare.indore@srl.in

PATIENT NAME : ANAGHA DINGRE PATIENT ID : ANAGF3112967 ACCESSION NO : 0007VD004088 AGE : 25 Years SEX : Female DRAWN : RECEIVED: 23/04/2022 11:02 **REPORTED** : 25/04/2022 15:15 **REFERRING DOCTOR:** DR. BANK OF BARODA CLIENT PATIENT ID: 128260 Test Report Status Results **Biological Reference Interval** Units Final METHOD : IMPEDENCE / MICROSCOPY ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT 0.16 0.02 - 0.50 thou/µL METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER MONOCYTES 03 2 - 10 % METHOD : IMPEDENCE / MICROSCOPY ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT 0.24 0.2 - 1.0 thou/µL METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER BASOPHILS 00 0 - 2 % METHOD : IMPEDENCE / MICROSCOPY DIFFERENTIAL COUNT PERFORMED ON: EDTA SMEAR Comments Please note that : The Automatic analyzer used to estimate Complete Blood Counts (Blood cell Indices & counts) is "ABX PENTRA XL 80" (HORIBA); the values are correlated manually with microscopic picture. **ERYTHRO SEDIMENTATION RATE, BLOOD** SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR) High 0 - 20 35 mm at 1 hr METHOD : WESTERGREN METHOD **GLUCOSE, FASTING, PLASMA** GLUCOSE, FASTING, PLASMA 101 High 74 - 99 mg/dL METHOD : HEXOKINASE **GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD** GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C) % 5.4 Non-diabetic: < 5.7Pre-diabetics: 5.7 - 6.4 Diabetics: > or = 6.5ADA Target: 7.0 Action suggested: > 8.0 METHOD : HPLC MEAN PLASMA GLUCOSE 108 3 < 116.0mg/dL METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER **GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA** GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA 107 Normal: < 140, mg/dL Impaired Glucose Tolerance:140-199 Diabetic > or = 200METHOD : HEXOKINASE CORONARY RISK PROFILE (LIPID PROFILE), SERUM. CHOLESTEROL 149 Desirable: <200 mg/dL BorderlineHigh : 200-239





High : > or = 240



NEW DELHI 110030

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CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS :





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ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL) F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULI SOUTH WEST DELHI

PATIENT ID : ANAGF3112967

CLIENT PATIENT ID: 128260

25/04/2022 15:15

RECEIVED : 23/04/2022 11:02 DRAWN :

AGE : 25 Years

REFERRING DOCTOR: DR. BANK OF BARODA

Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results		Biological Reference Interv	al Units
METHOD : OXIDASE, ESTERASE, PEROXIDASE TRIGLYCERIDES	77		Desirable: < 150 Borderline High: 150 - 199 High: 200 - 499 Very High : > or = 500	mg/dL
METHOD : ENZYMATIC ASSAY				
HDL CHOLESTEROL	50		< 40 Low > or = 60 High	mg/dL
DIRECT LDL CHOLESTEROL	99		Adult levels: Optimal < 100 Near optimal/above optimal: 1 129 Borderline high : 130-159 High : 160-189 Very high : = 190	mg/dL 100-
NON HDL CHOLESTEROL	99		Desirable: Less than 130 Above Desirable: 130 - 159 Borderline High: 160 - 189 High: 190 - 219 Very high: > or = 220	mg/dL
CHOL/HDL RATIO	3.0	Low	3.30 - 4.40	
LDL/HDL RATIO	2.0		0.5 - 3.0	
VERY LOW DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN	15.4		< or = 30.0	mg/dL
LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM				
BILIRUBIN, TOTAL	0.82		0.0 - 1.2	mg/dL
METHOD : JENDRASSIK AND GROFF				
BILIRUBIN, DIRECT METHOD : DIAZOTIZATION	0.32	High	0.0 - 0.2	mg/dL
BILIRUBIN, INDIRECT	0.50		0.00 - 1.00	mg/dL
TOTAL PROTEIN METHOD : BIURET	8.6	High	6.4 - 8.3	g/dL
ALBUMIN METHOD : BROMOCRESOL PURPLE	4.5		3.50 - 5.20	g/dL
GLOBULIN	4.1		2.0 - 4.1	g/dL
ALBUMIN/GLOBULIN RATIO	1.1		1.0 - 2.0	RATIO
ASPARTATE AMINOTRANSFERASE (AST/SGOT) METHOD : UV WITH P5P	21		UPTO 32	U/L
ALANINE AMINOTRANSFERASE (ALT/SGPT) METHOD : UV WITH P5P	21		UPTO 34	U/L
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE	68		35 - 104	U/L

SEX : Female













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METHOD : PNPP GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE (GGT)	12		5 - 36	U/L
METHOD : G-GLUTAMYL-CARBOXY-NITROANILIDE	12		5 50	U/L
LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE	180		135 - 214	U/L
METHOD : ENZYMATIC LACTATE - PYRUVATE(IFCC)				
SERUM BLOOD UREA NITROGEN				
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN	7		6 - 20	mg/dL
METHOD : UREASE KINETIC				
CREATININE, SERUM				
CREATININE	0.55		0.50 - 0.90	mg/dL
METHOD : ALKALINE PICRATE-KINETIC				
BUN/CREAT RATIO				
BUN/CREAT RATIO	12.73		5.0 - 15.0	
URIC ACID, SERUM				
URIC ACID	3.2		2.6 - 6.0	mg/dL
METHOD : URICASE/CATALASE UV				
TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM				
TOTAL PROTEIN	8.6	High	6.4 - 8.3	g/dL
METHOD : BIURET				
ALBUMIN, SERUM				
ALBUMIN	4.5		3.5 - 5.2	g/dL
METHOD : BROMOCRESOL PURPLE				
* GLOBULIN				
GLOBULIN	4.1		2.0 - 4.1	g/dL
ELECTROLYTES (NA/K/CL), SERUM				
SODIUM	144.7		136.0 - 146.0	mmol/L
POTASSIUM	3.98		3.50 - 5.10	mmol/L
CHLORIDE	105.2		98.0 - 106.0	mmol/L
URINALYSIS				
COLOR	PALE YELLOW			
METHOD : MACROSCOPY				
APPEARANCE	CLEAR			
METHOD : VISUAL				
PH	6.5		4.7 - 7.5	
METHOD : PH INDICATOR AND REFLECTANCE	1.005		1 000 1 005	
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.025		1.003 - 1.035	

SEX : Female











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Biological Reference Interval Units

PATIENT NAME : ANAGHA DINGRE

<u>Final</u>

ACCESSION NO : 0007VD004088 AGE : 25 Years SEX : Female
DRAWN : RECEIVED : 23/04/2022 11:02
REFERRING DOCTOR : DR. BANK OF BARODA

		-	
METHOD : REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
GLUCOSE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : GLUCOSE OXIDASE			
PROTEIN	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : PROTEIN ERROR OF INDICATORS WITH REFLECTANCE			
KETONES	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : ROTHERA'S WITH REFLECTANCE			
BLOOD	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : PEROXIDASE METHOD WITH REFLECTANCE			
BILIRUBIN	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : DIAZOTIZED WITH REFLECTANCE			
UROBILINOGEN	NORMAL	NORMAL	
METHOD : EHRLICH REACTION REFLECTANCE			
NITRITE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : DIAZOTIZED WITH REFLECTANCE			
PUS CELL (WBC'S)	2-3	0-5	/HPF
METHOD : ESTERASES METHOD WITH REFLECTANCE			
EPITHELIAL CELLS	2-3	0-5	/HPF
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			
ERYTHROCYTES (RBC'S)	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	/HPF
CASTS	NOT DETECTED		
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			
CRYSTALS	NOT DETECTED		
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			
BACTERIA	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			
REMARKS	Please note that all the u	urinary findings are confirmed mai	nually as well.
THYROID PANEL, SERUM			
T3	125.2	80.00 - 200.00	ng/dL
METHOD : ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNO ASSAY	125.2	200.00	ng/al
T4	8.24	5.10 - 14.10	µg/dL
METHOD : ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNO ASSAY	0.21	5.10 11.10	pg/dL
TSH 3RD GENERATION	1.400	0.270 - 4.200	µIU/mL
METHOD : ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNO ASSAY	11.00	0.2,0 1.200	pro/me
ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD			
ABO GROUP	TYPE O		

Results

METHOD : TUBE AGGLUTINATION













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PATIENT NAME : ANAGHA DINGRE

ACCESSION NO : 0007VD004088

AGE : 25 Years SEX : Female PATIENT ID :

REPORTED :

DRAWN : RECEIVED : 23/04/2022 11:02

REFERRING DOCTOR : DR. BANK OF BARODA

Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results	Biological Reference Interval Units
RH TYPE	POSITIVE	
METHOD : TUBE AGGLUTINATION	TOSITIVE	
* XRAY-CHEST		
»»	BOTH THE LUNG F	IELDS ARE CLEAR
»»	BOTH THE COSTOR	PHRENIC AND CARIOPHRENIC ANGELS ARE CLEAR
»»	BOTH THE HILA AF	E NORMAL
»»	CARDIAC AND AOF	TIC SHADOWS APPEAR NORMAL
»»	BOTH THE DOMES	OF THE DIAPHRAM ARE NORMAL
»»	VISUALIZED BONY	THORAX IS NORMAL
IMPRESSION	NO ABNORMALITY	DETECTED
* TMT OR ECHO		
TMT OR ECHO	NEGATIVE	
* ECG		
ECG	NORMAL SINUS RH LEFT ATRIAL ABNO CORRELATE CLINI(RMALITY
* MEDICAL HISTORY	CORRELATE CLINIC	LALLY
RELEVANT PRESENT HISTORY	NOT SIGNIFICANT	
RELEVANT PAST HISTORY	NOT SIGNIFICANT	
RELEVANT PERSONAL HISTORY	NOT SIGNIFICANT	
RELEVANT FAMILY HISTORY	RA - MOTHER	
OCCUPATIONAL HISTORY	NOT SIGNIFICANT	
HISTORY OF MEDICATIONS	NOT SIGNIFICANT	
* ANTHROPOMETRIC DATA & BMI		
HEIGHT IN METERS	1.65	mts
WEIGHT IN KGS.	69	Kgs
BMI	25	BMI & Weight Status as follows: kg/sqmts Below 18.5: Underweight 18.5 - 24.9: Normal 25.0 - 29.9: Overweight 30.0 and Above: Obese
* GENERAL EXAMINATION		
MENTAL / EMOTIONAL STATE	NORMAL	
PHYSICAL ATTITUDE	NORMAL	

OVERWEIGHT

AVERAGE



GENERAL APPEARANCE / NUTRITIONAL STATUS

BUILT / SKELETAL FRAMEWORK









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Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results Biological Reference Interval Units
	NORMAL
FACIAL APPEARANCE SKIN	NORMAL
UPPER LIMB	NORMAL
LOWER LIMB	NORMAL
NECK	NORMAL
	NORMAL NOT ENLARGED OR TENDER
NECK LYMPHATICS / SALIVARY GLANDS THYROID GLAND	NOT ENLARGED OR TENDER
CAROTID PULSATION	NORMAL
TEMPERATURE	AFEBRILE
PULSE	95/MIN REGULAR, ALL PERIPHERAL PULSES WELL FELT, NO CAROTI BRUIT HEARD
RESPIRATORY RATE	NORMAL
* CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM	
BP	120/70 mm/Hg
PERICARDIUM	NORMAL
APEX BEAT	NORMAL
HEART SOUNDS	S1, S2 HEARD NORMALLY
MURMURS	ABSENT
* RESPIRATORY SYSTEM	
SIZE AND SHAPE OF CHEST	NORMAL
MOVEMENTS OF CHEST	SYMMETRICAL
BREATH SOUNDS INTENSITY	NORMAL
BREATH SOUNDS QUALITY	VESICULAR (NORMAL)
ADDED SOUNDS	ABSENT
* PER ABDOMEN	
APPEARANCE	NORMAL
VENOUS PROMINENCE	ABSENT
LIVER	NOT PALPABLE
SPLEEN	NOT PALPABLE
HERNIA	ABSENT
* CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM	
HIGHER FUNCTIONS	NORMAL
CRANIAL NERVES	NORMAL
CEREBELLAR FUNCTIONS	NORMAL







NEW DELHI 110030

DELHI INDIA

8800465156

CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS :



AGE : 25 Years





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SENSORY SYSTEM	NORMAL	
MOTOR SYSTEM	NORMAL	
REFLEXES	NORMAL	
* MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM		
SPINE	NORMAL	
JOINTS	NORMAL	
* BASIC EYE EXAMINATION		
CONJUNCTIVA	NORMAL	
EYELIDS	NORMAL	
EYE MOVEMENTS	NORMAL	
CORNEA	NORMAL	
DISTANT VISION RIGHT EYE WITHOUT GLASSES	6/6 WITHIN NORMAL LIMI	Т
DISTANT VISION LEFT EYE WITHOUT GLASSES	6/6 WITHIN NORMAL LIMI	Т
NEAR VISION RIGHT EYE WITHOUT GLASSES	N/6 WITHIN NORMAL LIMI	(T
NEAR VISION LEFT EYE WITHOUT GLASSES	N/6 WITHIN NORMAL LIMI	(T
COLOUR VISION	NORMAL	
* BASIC ENT EXAMINATION		
EXTERNAL EAR CANAL	HEAVY WITHIN NORMAL L	IMIT
TYMPANIC MEMBRANE	NORMAL	
NOSE	NO ABNORMALITY DETECT	ſED
SINUSES	CLEAR	
THROAT	NO ABNORMALITY DETECT	FED
TONSILS	NOT ENLARGED	
* SUMMARY		
RELEVANT HISTORY	NOT SIGNIFICANT	
RELEVANT GP EXAMINATION FINDINGS	OVERWEIGHT	
REMARKS / RECOMMENDATIONS	NONE	
* FITNESS STATUS		
FITNESS STATUS	FIT (WITH MEDICAL ADVI	CE) (AS PER REQUESTED PANEL OF TESTS)

SEX : Female













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Test Report Status	<u>Final</u>	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
-			-	

Comments

CLINICAL FINDINGS :-

LOW HB.

RAISED TOTAL PROTEINS.

OVER WEIGHT STATUS.

FITNESS STATUS :-

FITNESS STATUS : FIT (WITH MEDICAL ADVICE) (AS PER REQUESTED PANEL OF TESTS)

ADVICE : WEIGHT REDUCTION, LOW FAT& CARBOHYDRATE DIET AND REGULAR PHYSICAL EXERCISE FOR OVERWEIGHT STATUS

ADD TAKE FOOD STUFFS RICH IN IRON i.e. BEATROOT & SPINACH WITH IRON SUPPLEMENTS IN DIET. (NEEDS PHYSICIAN CONSULTATION IF HB < 8 gms%.)

NEED PHYSICIAN CONSULTATION FOR LIFE STYLE MODIFICATION.

Interpretation(s) BLOOD COUNTS,EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-

The cell morphology is well preserved for 24hrs. However after 24-48 hrs a progressive increase in MCV and HCT is observed leading to a decrease in MCHC. A direct smear is recommended for an accurate differential count and for examination of RBC morphology.

RBC AND PLATELET INDICES-

Mentzer index (MCV/RBC) is an automated cell-counter based calculated screen tool to differentiate cases of Iron deficiency anaemia(>13) from Beta thalassaemia trait (<13) in patients with microcytic anaemia. This needs to be interpreted in line with clinical correlation and suspicion. Estimation of HbA2 remains the gold standard for diagnosing a case of beta thalassaemia trait. WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT - NLR-

The optimal threshold of 3.3 for NLR showed a prognostic possibility of clinical symptoms to change from mild to severe in COVID positive patients. When age = 49.5 years old and NLR = 3.3, 46.1% COVID-19 patients with mild disease might become severe. By contrast, when age < 49.5 years old and NLR < 3.3, COVID-19 patients tend to show mild disease.

(Reference to - The diagnostic and predictive role of NLR, d-NLR and PLR in COVID-19 patients ; A.-P. Yang, et al.; International Immunopharmacology 84 (2020) 106504 This ratio element is a calculated parameter and out of NABL scope. ERYTHRO SEDIMENTATION RATE, BLOOD-

Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a non - specific phenomena and is clinically useful in the diagnosis and monitoring of disorders associated with an increased production of acute phase reactants. The ESR is increased in pregnancy from about the 3rd month and returns to normal by the 4th week post partum. ESR is influenced by age, sex, menstrual cycle and drugs (eg. corticosteroids, contraceptives). It is especially low (0 -1mm) in polycythaemia, hypofibrinogenemia or congestive cardiac failure and when there are abnormalities of the red cells such as poikilocytosis, spherocytosis or sickle cells.

Reference :

1. Nathan and Oski's Haematology of Infancy and Childhood, 5th edition

Paediatric reference intervals. AACC Press, 7th edition. Edited by S. Soldin
 The reference for the adult reference range is "Practical Haematology by Dacie and Lewis, 10th Edition"

GLUCOSE, FASTING, PLASMA-ADA 2021 guidelines for adults, after 8 hrs fasting is as follows: Pre-diabetics: 100 - 125 mg/dL

Diabetic: > or = 126 mg/dL GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-

Glycosylated hemoglobin (GHb) has been firmly established as an index of long-term blood glucose concentrations and as a measure of the risk for the development of complications in patients with diabetes mellitus. Formation of GHb is essentially irreversible, and the concentration in the blood depends on both the life span of the red blood cell (average 120 days) and the blood glucose concentration. Because the rate of formation of GHb is directly proportional to the concentration of glucose in the blood,

the GHb concentration represents the integrated values for glucose over the preceding 6-8 weeks. Any condition that alters the life span of the red blood cells has the potential to alter the GHb level. Samples from patients with hemolytic anemias will exhibit decreased glycated hemoglobin values due to the shortened life span of the red cells. This effect will depend upon the severity of the anemia. Samples from patients with polycythemia



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SRL Ltd

PATIENT NAME : ANAGHA DING	RE	ANAGESTIZES
ACCESSION NO : 0007VD004088	AGE : 25 Years SEX : Female	
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or post-splenectomy may exhibit increased glycated hemoglobin values due to a somewhat longer life span of the red cells.

Glycosylated hemoglobins results from patients with HbSS, HbCC, and HbSC and HbD must be interpreted with caution, given the pathological processes, including anemia, increased red cell turnover, transfusion requirements, that adversely impact HbA1c as a marker of long-term glycemic control. In these conditions, alternative forms of testing such as glycated serum protein (fructosamine) should be considered.

"Targets should be individualized; More or less stringent glycemic goals may be appropriate for individual patients. Goals should be individualized based on duration of diabetes, age/life expectancy, comorbid conditions, known CVD or advanced microvascular complications, hypoglycemia unawareness, and individual patient considerations."

References

1. Tietz Textbook of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Diagnostics, edited by Carl A Burtis, Edward R.Ashwood, David E Bruns, 4th Edition, Elsevier publication, 2006, 879-884.

2. Forsham PH. Diabetes Mellitus: A rational plan for management. Postgrad Med 1982, 71,139-154.

3. Mayer TK, Freedman ZR: Protein glycosylation in Diabetes Mellitus: A review of laboratory measurements and their clinical utility. Clin Chim Acta 1983, 127, 147-184. GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA-ADA Guidelines for 2hr post prandial glucose levels is only after ingestion of 75grams of glucose in 300 ml water, over a period of 5 minutes

CORONARY RISK PROFILE (LIPID PROFILE), SERUM.-

Serum cholesterol is a blood test that can provide valuable information for the risk of coronary artery disease This test can help determine your risk of the build up of plaques in your arteries that can lead to narrowed or blocked arteries throughout your body (atherosclerosis). High cholesterol levels usually don't cause any signs or symptoms, so a cholesterol test is an important tool. High cholesterol levels often are a significant risk factor for heart disease and important for diagnosis of hyperlipoproteinemia, atherosclerosis, hepatic and thyroid diseases.

Serum Triglyceride are a type of fat in the blood. When you eat, your body converts any calories it doesn't need into triglycerides, which are stored in fat cells. High triglyceride levels are associated with several factors, including being overweight, eating too many sweets or drinking too much alcohol, smoking, being sedentary, or having diabetes with elevated blood sugar levels. Analysis has proven useful in the diagnosis and treatment of patients with diabetes mellitus, nephrosis, liver obstruction, other diseases involving lipid metabolism, and various endocrine disorders. In conjunction with high density lipoprotein and total serum cholesterol, a triglyceride determination provides valuable information for the assessment of coronary heart disease risk. It is done in fasting state.

High-density lipoprotein (HDL) cholesterol. This is sometimes called the ""good"" cholesterol because it helps carry away LDL cholesterol, thus keeping arteries open and blood flowing more freely.HDL cholesterol is inversely related to the risk for cardiovascular disease. It increases following regular exercise, moderate alcohol consumption and with oral estrogen therapy. Decreased levels are associated with obesity, stress, cigarette smoking and diabetes mellitus.

SERUM LDL The small dense LDL test can be used to determine cardiovascular risk in individuals with metabolic syndrome or established/progressing coronary artery disease, individuals with triglyceride levels between 70 and 140 mg/dL, as well as individuals with a diet high in trans-fat or carbohydrates. Elevated sdLDL levels are associated with metabolic syndrome and an 'atherogenic lipoprotein profile', and are a strong, independent predictor of cardiovascular disease. Elevated levels of LDL arise from multiple sources. A major factor is sedentary lifestyle with a diet high in saturated fat. Insulin-resistance and pre-diabetes have also been implicated, as has genetic predisposition. Measurement of sdLDL allows the clinician to get a more comprehensive picture of lipid risk factors and tailor treatment accordingly. Reducing LDL levels will reduce the risk of CVD and MI.

Non HDL Cholesterol - Adult treatment panel ATP III suggested the addition of Non-HDL Cholesterol as an indicator of all atherogenic lipoproteins (mainly LDL and VLDL). NICE guidelines recommend Non-HDL Cholesterol measurement before initiating lipid lowering therapy. It has also been shown to be a better marker of risk in both primary and secondary prevention studies.

Recommendations:

Results of Lipids should always be interpreted in conjunction with the patient's medical history, clinical presentation and other findings.

NON FASTING LIPID PROFILE includes Total Cholesterol, HDL Cholesterol and calculated non-HDL Cholesterol. It does not include triglycerides and may be best used in patients for whom fasting is difficult. LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM-

LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE

Bilirubin is a yellowish pigment found in bile and is a breakdown product of normal heme catabolism. Bilirubin is excreted in bile and urine, and elevated levels may give yellow discoloration in jaundice. Elevated levels results from increased bilirubin production (eg, hemolysis and ineffective erythropoiesis), decreased bilirubin excretion (eg, obstruction and hepatitis), and abnormal bilirubin metabolism (eg, hereditary and neonatal jaundice). Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin in Viral hepatitis, Drug reactions, Alcoholic liver disease Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is also elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin when there is some kind of blockage of the bile ducts like in Gallstones getting into the bile ducts, tumors &Scarring of the bile ducts. Increased unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin may be a result of Hemolytic or pernicious anemia, Transfusion reaction & a common metabolic condition termed Gilbert syndrome, due to low levels of the enzyme that attaches sugar molecules to bilirubin.

AST is an enzyme found in various parts of the body. AST is found in the liver, heart, skeletal muscle, kidneys, brain, and red blood cells, and it is commonly measured clinically as a marker for liver health. AST levels increase during chronic viral hepatitis, blockage of the bile duct, cirrhosis of the liver, liver cancer, kidney failure, hemolytic anemia, pancreatitis, hemochromatosis. AST levels may also increase after a heart attack or strenuous activity. ALT test measures the amount of this enzyme in the blood.ALT is found mainly in the liver, but also in smaller amounts in the kidneys, heart, muscles, and pancreas. It is commonly measured as a part of a diagnostic evaluation of hepatocellular injury, to determine liver health.AST levels increase during acute hepatitis, sometimes due to a viral infection, ischemia to the liver, chronic hepatitis, obstruction of bile ducts, cirrhosis.

ALP is a protein found in almost all body tissues. Tissues with higher amounts of ALP include the liver bile ducts and bone. Elevated ALP levels are seen in Biliary obstruction. Osteoblastic bone tumors, osteomalacia, hepatitis, Hyperparathyroidism, Leukemia, Lymphoma, Paget's disease, Rickets, Sarcoidosis etc. Lower-than-normal ALP levels sen in Hypophosphatasia, Malnutrition, Protein deficiency, Wilson's disease.GGT is an enzyme found in cell membranes of many tissues mainly in the liver, kidney and pancreas. It



Page 10 Of 15 と回 Qg Scan to View Report









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PATIENT NAME : ANAGHA DINGRE

PATIENT ID :	ANAGF3112967
Email : customercare.indore@srl.in	
CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956	
Tel : 9111591115, Fax :	
MADHYA PRADESH, INDIA	
INDORE, 452001	
INDUSTRY HOUSE	
34/2, NEW PALASIA, NEAR OM SHANTI BI	HAWAN CIRCLE, BEHIND
SRL Ltd	

ACCESSION NO :	0007VD004088	AGE :	25 Years	SEX : Female			
DRAWN :		RECE	IVED : 23/04	4/2022 11:02	REPORTED :	25/04/2022 15:15	
REFERRING DOCT	OR: DR. BANK OF	BARODA	L.		CLIEN	T PATIENT ID:128260	

Test Report Status Final Results Biological Reference Interval Units
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is also found in other tissues including intestine, spleen, heart, brain and seminal vesicles. The highest concentration is in the kidney, but the liver is considered the source of normal enzyme activity.Serum GGT has been widely used as an index of liver dysfunction. Elevated serum GGT activity can be found in diseases of the liver,biliary system and pancreas.Conditions that increase serum GGT are obstructive liver disease,high alcohol consumption and use of enzyme-inducing drugs etc.Serum total protein,also known as total protein is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum.Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin.Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection,including HIV and hepatitis B or C,Multiple myeloma,Waldenstrom's disease.Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia,Bleeding (hemorrhage),Burns,Glomerulonephritis,Liver disease, Malabsorption,Malnutrition,Nephrotic syndrome,Protein-losing enteropathy etc.Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma.It is produced in the liver.Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein.Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by:Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome,protein-losing enteropathy,Burns,hemodilution,increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance, malnutrition and wasting etc SERUM BLÓOD UREA NITRÓGEN-Causes of Increased levels Pre renal High protein diet, Increased protein catabolism, GI haemorrhage, Cortisol, Dehydration, CHF Renal
 Renal Failure

Post Renal

• Malignancy, Nephrolithiasis, Prostatism

Causes of decreased levels

Liver disease

SIADH.

CREATININE, SERUM-

Higher than normal level may be due to:

Blockage in the urinary tract
Kidney problems, such as kidney damage or failure, infection, or reduced blood flow

- Loss of body fluid (dehydration)
 Muscle problems, such as breakdown of muscle fibers
- Problems during pregnancy, such as seizures (eclampsia)), or high blood pressure caused by pregnancy (preeclampsia)

Lower than normal level may be due to:

Myasthenia Gravis
Muscular dystrophy URIC ACID, SERUM Causes of Increased levels Dietary • High Protein Intake. Prolonged Fasting, Rapid weight loss. Gout Lesch nyhan syndrome. Type 2 DM. Metabolic syndrome.

Causes of decreased levels

- Low Zinc Intake
- OCP's
- Multiple Sclerosis

Nutritional tips to manage increased Uric acid levels

- Drink plenty of fluids
- · Limit animal proteins High Fibre foods
- Vit C Intake Antioxidant rich foods
- TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM-

Serum total protein, also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum...Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin

Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstrom's disease Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage), Burns, Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc. ALBUMIN, SERUM-

Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance, malnutrition and wasting etc. ELECTROLYTES (NA/K/CL), SERUM-













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SRL Ltd 34/2, NEW PALASIA, NEAR OM SHANTI BHAWAN CIRCLE, BEHIND INDUSTRY HOUSE INDORE, 452001 MADHYA PRADESH, INDIA Tel : 9111591115, Fax : CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956 Email : customercare.indore@srl.in

PATIENT NAME : ANAGHA DING	PATIENT ID : ANAGF3112967	
ACCESSION NO : 0007VD004088	AGE : 25 Years SEX : Female	
DRAWN :	RECEIVED : 23/04/2022 11:02	REPORTED : 25/04/2022 15:15
REFERRING DOCTOR : DR. BANK OF	BARODA	CLIENT PATIENT ID : 128260

Test Report Status	<u>Final</u>	Results	Biological Reference Interval Units

Sodium levels are Increased in dehydration, cushing's syndrome, aldosteronism & decreased in Addison's disease, hypopituitarism, liver disease. Hypokalemia (low K) is common in vomiting, diarrhea, alcoholism, folic acid deficiency and primary aldosteronism. Hyperkalemia may be seen in end-stage renal failure, hemolysis, trauma, Addison's disease, metabolic acidosis, acute starvation, dehydration, and with rapid K infusion.Chloride is increased in dehydration, renal tubular acidosis (hyperchloremia metabolic acidosis), acute renal failure, metabolic acidosis associated with prolonged diarrhea and loss of sodium bicarbonate, diabetes insipidus, adrenocortical hyperfuction, salicylate intoxication and with excessive infusion of isotonic saline or extremely high dietary intake of salt. Chloride is decreased in overhydration, chronic respiratory acidosis, salt-losing nephritis, metabolic alkalosis, congestive heart failure, Addisonian crisis, certain types of metabolic acidosis, persistent gastric secretion and prolonged vomiting,

URINALYSIS-Routine urine analysis assists in screening and diagnosis of various metabolic, urological, kidney and liver disorders Protein: Elevated proteins can be an early sign of kidney disease. Urinary protein excretion can also be temporarily elevated by strenuous exercise, orthostatic proteinuria, dehydration, urinary tract infections and acute illness with fever

Glucose: Uncontrolled diabetes mellitus can lead to presence of glucose in urine. Other causes include pregnancy, hormonal disturbances, liver disease and certain medications.

Ketones: Uncontrolled diabetes mellitus can lead to presence of ketones in urine. Ketones can also be seen in starvation, frequent vomiting, pregnancy and strenuous exercise.

Blood: Occult blood can occur in urine as intact erythrocytes or haemoglobin, which can occur in various urological, nephrological and bleeding disorders. Leukocytes: An increase in leukocytes is an indication of inflammation in urinary tract or kidneys. Most common cause is bacterial urinary tract infection.

Nitrite: Many bacteria give positive results when their number is high. Nitrite concentration during infection increases with length of time the urine specimen is retained in

bladder prior to collection. pH: The kidneys play an important role in maintaining acid base balance of the body. Conditions of the body producing acidosis/ alkalosis or ingestion of certain type of food

can affect the pH of urine. Specific gravity: Specific gravity gives an indication of how concentrated the urine is. Increased specific gravity is seen in conditions like dehydration, glycosuria and proteinuria while decreased specific gravity is seen in excessive fluid intake, renal failure and diabetes insipidus.

Bilirubin: In certain liver diseases such as biliary obstruction or hepatitis, bilirubin gets excreted in urine. Urobilinogen: Positive results are seen in liver diseases like hepatitis and cirrhosis and in cases of hemolytic anemia

THYROID PANEL, SERUM-

Trilodo trace, better Trilodo trace, better heart rate. Production of T3 and its prohormone thyroxine (T4) is activated by thyroid-stimulating hormone (TSH), which is released from the pituitary gland. Elevated concentrations of T3, and T4 in the blood inhibit the production of TSH.

Thyroxine T4, Thyroxine's principal function is to stimulate the metabolism of all cells and tissues in the body. Excessive secretion of thyroxine in the body is hyperthyroidism, and deficient secretion is called hypothyroidism. Most of the thyroid hormone in blood is bound to transport proteins. Only a very small fraction of the circulating hormone is free and biologically active.

In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are low.

Below mentioned are the guidelines for Pregnancy related reference ranges for Total T4, TSH & Total T3

Levels in	TOTAL T4	TSH3G	TOTAL T3
Pregnancy	(µg/dL)	(µIU/mL)	(ng/dL)
First Trimester	6.6 - 12.4	0.1 - 2.5	81 - 190
2nd Trimester	6.6 - 15.5	0.2 - 3.0	100 - 260
3rd Trimester	6.6 - 15.5	0.3 - 3.0	100 - 260
Below mentioned are the guidelines for age related reference ranges for T3 and T4.			
Т3		T4	
(ng/dL)		(µg/dL)	

(ng/dL)	(µg/dL)
New Born: 75 - 260	1-3 day: 8.2 - 19.9
	1 Week: 6.0 - 15.9

NOTE: TSH concentrations in apparently normal euthyroid subjects are known to be highly skewed, with a strong tailed distribution towards higher TSH values. This is well documented in the pediatric population including the infant age group.

Kindly note: Method specific reference ranges are appearing on the report under biological reference range.

Reference:

1. Burtis C.A., Ashwood E. R. Bruns D.E. Teitz textbook of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Diagnostics, 4th Edition. 2. Gowenlock A.H. Varley's Practical Clinical Biochemistry, 6th Edition.

 Behrman R.E. Kilegman R.M., Jenson H. B. Nelson Text Book of Pediatrics, 17th Edition
 ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD Blood group is identified by antigens and antibodies present in the blood. Antigens are protein molecules found on the surface of red blood cells. Antibodies are found in plasma. To determine blood group, red cells are mixed with different antibody solutions to give A,B,O or AB.

Disclaimer: "Please note, as the results of previous ABO and Rh group (Blood Group) for pregnant women are not available, please check with the patient records for availability of the same.

The test is performed by both forward as well as reverse grouping methods. MEDICAL

THIS REPORT CARRIES THE SIGNATURE OF OUR LABORATORY DIRECTOR. THIS IS AN INVIOLABLE FEATURE OF OUR LAB MANAGEMENT SOFTWARE. HOWEVER, ALL EXAMINATIONS AND INVESTIGATIONS HAVE BEEN CONDUCTED BY OUR PANEL OF DOCTORS.













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SRL Ltd 34/2, NEW PALASIA, NEAR OM SHANTI BHAWAN CIRCLE, BEHIND INDUSTRY HOUSE INDORE, 452001 MADHYA PRADESH, INDIA Tel : 9111591115, Fax : CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956 Email : customercare.indore@srl.in

PATIENT ID : **PATIENT NAME : ANAGHA DINGRE** ANAGF3112967 ACCESSION NO : 0007VD004088 AGE : 25 Years SEX : Female DRAWN : RECEIVED: 23/04/2022 11:02 **REPORTED** : 25/04/2022 15:15 **REFERRING DOCTOR:** DR. BANK OF BARODA CLIENT PATIENT ID: 128260 Test Report Status Results **Biological Reference Interval** Units Final

FITNESS STATUS

Conclusion on an individual's Fitness, which is commented upon mainly for Pre employment cases, is based on multi factorial findings and does not depend on any one single parameter. The final Fitness assigned to a candidate will depend on the Physician's findings and overall judgement on a case to case basis, details of the candidate's past and personal history; as well as the comprehensiveness of the diagnostic panel which has been requested for . These are then further correlated with details of the job under consideration to eventually fit the right man to the right job.

Basis the above, SRL classifies a candidate's Fitness Status into one of the following categories:

• Fit (As per requested panel of tests) - SRL Limited gives the individual a clean chit to join the organization, on the basis of the General Physical Examination and the specific test panel requested for.

• Fit (with medical advice) (As per requested panel of tests) - This indicates that although the candidate can be declared as FIT to join the job, minimal problems have been detected during the Pre- employment examination. Examples of conditions which could fall in this category could be cases of mild reversible medical abnormalities such as height weight disproportions, borderline raised Blood Pressure readings, mildly raised Blood sugar and Blood Lipid levels, Hematuria, etc. Most of these relate to sedentary lifestyles and come under the broad category of life style disorders. The idea is to caution an individual to bring about certain lifestyle changes as well as seek a Physician's consultation and counseling in order to bring back to normal the mildly deranged parameters. For all purposes the individual is TIT to join the job. • Fitness on Hold (Temporary Unfit) (As per requested panel of tests) - Candidate's reports are kept on hold when either the diagnostic tests or the physical findings reveal the presence of a medical condition which warrants further tests, counseling and/or specialist opinion, on the basis of which a candidate can either be placed into Fit, Fit

(With Medical Advice), or Unfit category. Conditions which may fall into this category could be high blood pressure, abnormal ECG, heart murmurs, abnormal vision, grossly elevated blood sugars, etc.

Unfit (As per requested panel of tests) - An unfit report by SRL Limited clearly indicates that the individual is not suitable for the respective job profile e.g. total color blindness in color related jobs.













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SRL Ltd 34/2, NEW PALASIA, NEAR OM SHANTI BHAWAN CIRCLE,BEHIND INDUSTRY HOUSE INDORE, 452001 MADHYA PRADESH, INDIA Tel : 9111591115, Fax : CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956 Email : customercare.indore@srl.in PATIENT ID : **ANAGF3112967**

PATIENT NAME : ANAGHA DINGRE

ACCESSION NO : 0007VD004088 AGE : 25 Years SEX : Female

DRAWN : RECEIVED : 23/04/2022 11:02

CLIENT PATIENT ID : 128260

REPORTED :

25/04/2022 15:15

REFERRING DOCTOR : DR. BANK OF BARODA

Test Report Status Final

Results

Units

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP BELOW 40FEMALE

* ULTRASOUND ABDOMEN ULTRASOUND ABDOMEN

Comments

USG WHOLE ABDOMEN - PENDING FOR CANDIDATES NEXT VISIT

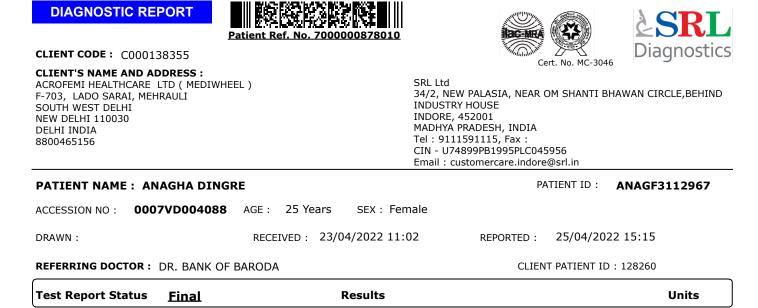
End Of Report Please visit www.srlworld.com for related Test Information for this accession TEST MARKED WITH '*' ARE OUTSIDE THE NABL ACCREDITED SCOPE OF THE LABORATORY.

Dr. Rashmi Patidar ,MD Pathologist

Dr.Arpita Pasari, MD Consultant Pathologist







CONDITIONS OF LABORAT	DRY TESTING & REPORTING
1. It is presumed that the test sample belongs to the patient	5. The results of a laboratory test are dependent on the
named or identified in the test requisition form.	quality of the sample as well as the assay technology.
2. All Tests are performed and reported as per the	Result delays could be because of uncontrolled
turnaround time stated in the SRL Directory of services	circumstances. e.g. assay run failure.
(DOS).	7. Tests parameters marked by asterisks are excluded from
3. SRL confirms that all tests have been performed or	the "scope" of NABL accredited tests. (If laboratory is
assayed with highest quality standards, clinical safety &	accredited).
technical integrity.	8. Laboratory results should be correlated with clinical
4. A requested test might not be performed if:	information to determine Final diagnosis.
a. Specimen received is insufficient or inappropriate	9. Test results are not valid for Medico- legal purposes.
specimen quality is unsatisfactory	10. In case of queries or unexpected test results please call
b. Incorrect specimen type	at SRL customer care (Toll free: 1800-222-000). Post proper
c. Request for testing is withdrawn by the ordering doctor	investigation repeat analysis may be carried out.
or patient	5 1 , , ,
d. There is a discrepancy between the label on the	
specimen container and the name on the test requisition	
form	
	SRL Limited
	Fortis Hospital, Sector 62, Phase VIII,
	Mohali 160062



