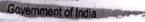


Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com

General Physical Examination



भारत सरकार







सुरेश कुमार बुनकर Suresh Kumar Bunker जन्म तिथि/DOB: 30/06/1971 पुरुष/ MALE

2343 1323 9860

VID: 9169 8895 3030 8338

मेरा आधार, मेरी पहचान



भारतीय विशिष्ट पहचान प्राधिकरण

Unique identification Authority of India

Address: S/O Mail Ram Bunker, 43 GREEN KUNJ, NANCAL JAISA BOHARA, JHOTWARA, Jhotwara, Jaipur, Rajasthan - 302012



2343 1323 9860 VID: 9169 8895 3030 8338

1947

help@uidai.gov.in

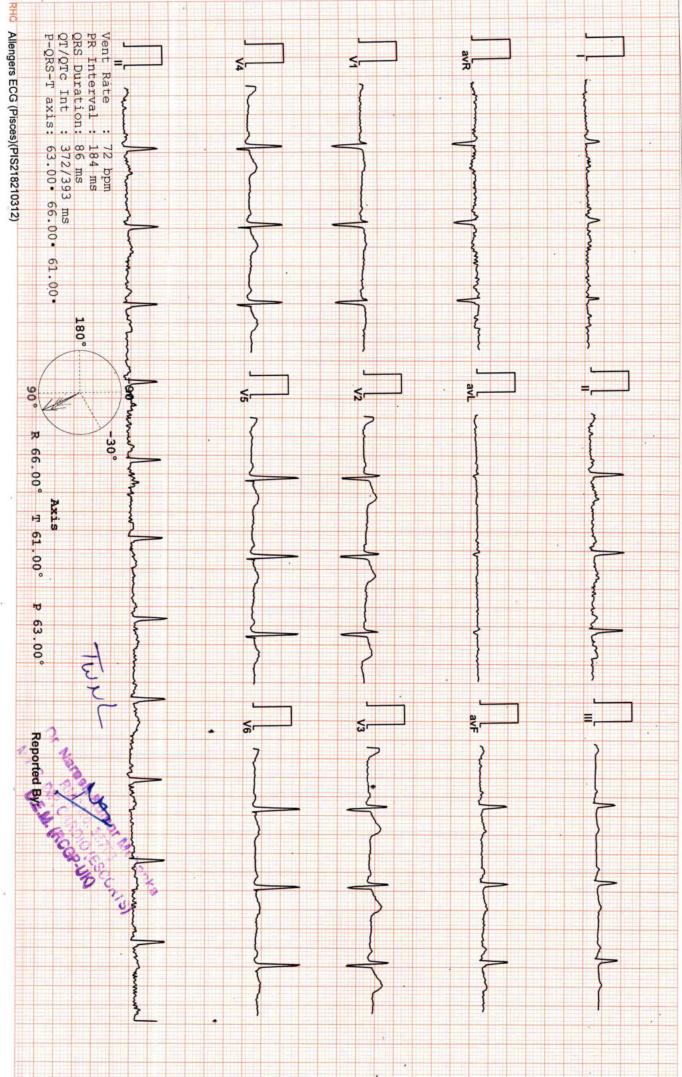
for Wealth Treekup Jospass 12/03/2023

Ply th Goyal M.B.B.S., D.M.R.U. RMC Reg. No.-017996

DR.GOYAL PATH LAB & IMAGING CENTER, JAIPUR
4026 / MR. BUNKER SURESH KUMAR / 52 Yrs / M/ Non Smoker
Heart Rate: 72 bpm / Tested On: 12-Mar-23 10:52:11 / HF 0.05 Hz - LF 35 Hz / Notch 50 Hz / Sn 1.00 Cm/mV / Sw 25 mm/s / Refd By: BOB MEDIWEEL









Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com

Date :- 12/03/2023 09:46:08

NAME :- Mr. BUNKER SURESH KUMAR

Sex / Age :- Male 52 Yrs

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- EDTA, URINE

Patient ID :-122229981

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Sample Collected Time 12/03/2023 10:39:28

Final Authentication: 12/03/2023 14:15:10

HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name Value

Biological Ref Interval

BLOOD GROUP ABO

"A" POSITIVE

BLOOD GROUP ABO Methodology: Haemagglutination reaction Kit Name: Monoclonal agglutinating antibodies (Span clone).

URINE SUGAR (FASTING)
Collected Sample Received

Nil

Nil

AJAYSINGH, VIJENDRAMEENA Technologist

Page No: 11 of 12







Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com

:- 12/03/2023 09:46:08

NAME :- Mr. BUNKER SURESH KUMAR

Sex / Age :- Male 52 Yrs

Sample Type :- EDTA

Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID: -122229981

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Sample Collected Time 12/03/2023 10:39:28 Final Authentication: 12/03/2023 12:51:27

HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name Unit **Biological Ref Interval**

BOB PACKAGE ABOVE 40MALE

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HbA1C)

8.3 H

Non-diabetic: < 5.7 Pre-diabetics: 5.7-6.4 Diabetics: = 6.5 or higher

ADA Target: 7.0 Action suggested: > 6.5

Instrument name: ARKRAY's ADAMS Lite HA 8380V, JAPAN.

Test Interpretation:

HbA1C is formed by the condensation of glucose with n-terminal valine residue of each beta chain of HbA to form an unstable schiff base. It is the major fraction, constituting approximately 80% of HbA1c. Formation of glycated hemoglobin (GHb) is essentially irreversible and the concentration in the blood depends on both the lifespan of the red blood cells (RBC) (120 days) and the blood glucose concentration. The GHb concentration represents the integrated values for glucose overthe period of 6 to 8 weeks. GHb values are free of day to day glucose fluctuations and are unaffected by recent exercise or food ingestion. Concentration of plasmaglucose concentration in GHb depends on the time interval, with more recent values providing a larger contribution than earlier values. The interpretation of GHbdepends on RBC having a normal life span. Patients with hemolytic disease or other conditions with shortened RBC survival exhibit a substantial reduction of GHb.High GHb have been reported in iron deficiency anemia. GHb has been firmly established as an index of long term blood glucose concentrations and as a measure of the risk for the development of complications in patients with diabetes mellitus. The absolute risk of retinopathy and nephropathy are directly proportional to themean of HbA1C.Genetic variants (e.g. HbS trait, HbC trait), elevated HbF and chemically modified derivatives of hemoglobin can affect the accuracy of HbA1cmeasurements. The effects vary depending on the specific Hb vatiant or derivative and the specific HbA1c method.

Ref by ADA 2020

MEAN PLASMA GLUCOSE Method:- Calculated Parameter

192 H

mg/dL

Non Diabetic < 100 mg/dL Prediabetic 100-125 mg/dL Diabetic 126 mg/dL or Higher

AJAYSINGH Technologist

Page No: 1 of 12







Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com

Date :- 12/03/2023 09:46:08

NAME :- Mr. BUNKER SURESH KUMAR

Sex / Age :- Male 52 Yrs

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- EDTA

Patient ID :-122229981

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Final Authentication: 12/03/2023 12:51:27

TTA	TORA	ATOL	001
HA	H.IVI	AICH	OCV

Sample Collected Time 12/03/2023 10:39:28

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
HAEMOGARAM			9
HAEMOGARAM HAEMOGLOBIN (Hb) TOTAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT NEUTROPHIL LYMPHOCYTE EOSINOPHIL MONOCYTE BASOPHIL NEUT# LYMPH# EO# MONO# BASO# TOTAL RED BLOOD CELL COUNT (RBC) HEMATOCRIT (HCT)	13.6 6.34 66.7 25.9 3.6 3.5 0.3 4.23 1.65 0.22 0.22 0.02	g/dL /cumm % % % % % 10^3/uL 10^3/uL 10^3/uL 10^3/uL 10^3/uL x10^6/uL	13.0 - 17.0 4.00 - 10.00 40.0 - 80.0 20.0 - 40.0 1.0 - 6.0 2.0 - 10.0 0.0 - 2.0 1.50 - 7.00 1.00 - 3.70 0.00 - 0.40 0.00 - 0.70 0.00 - 0.10 4.50 - 5.50
MEAN CORP VOLUME (MCV) MEAN CORP HB (MCH) MEAN CORP HB CONC (MCHC) PLATELET COUNT RDW-CV MENTZER INDEX	39.70 L 88.6 30.4 34.3 242 13.6 19.78	% fL pg g/dL x10^3/uL %	40.00 - 50.00 83.0 - 101.0 27.0 - 32.0 31.5 - 34.5 150 - 410 11.6 - 14.0

The Mentzer index is used to differentiate iron deficiency anemia from beta thalassemia trait. If a CBC indicates microcytic anemia, these are two of the most likely causes, making it necessary to distinguish between them.

If the quotient of the mean corpuscular volume divided by the red blood cell count is less than 13, thalassemia is more likely. If the result is greater than 13, then iron-deficiency anemia is more likely.

AJAYSINGH Technologist

Page No: 2 of 12





Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com

:- 12/03/2023 09:46:08

NAME :- Mr. BUNKER SURESH KUMAR

52 Yrs

Sex / Age :- Male

Sample Type :- EDTA

Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID: -122229981

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Final Authentication: 12/03/2023 12:51:27

HAEMATOLOGY

Sample Collected Time 12/03/2023 10:39:28

Test Name Value **Biological Ref Interval**

Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR)

21 H

mm/hr.

00 - 13

(ESR) Methodology: Measurment of ESR by cells aggregation.

Instrument Name : Indepedent form Hematocrit value by Automated Analyzer (Roller-20) Interpretation

: ESR test is a non-specific indicator ofinflammatory disease and abnormal protein states.

The test in used to detect, follow course of a certain disease (e.g-tuberculosis, rheumatic fever, myocardial infarction

Levels are higher in pregnency due to hyperfibrinogenaemia.

The "3-figure ESR " x>100 value nearly always indicates serious disease such as a serious infection, malignant paraproteinaemia of Bohnetthed 18gg of Scasal Fluorescent Flow cytometry, HB SLS method, TRBC, PCV, PLT Hydrodynamically focused Impedance, and MCH, MCV, MCHC, MENTZER INDEX are calculated. InstrumentName: Sysmex 6 part fully automatic analyzer XN-L, Japan

AJAYSINGH Technologist

Page No: 3 of 12







MC- 5509

B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Opp. Janpath Corner, New Sanganer Road, Jaipur Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com

:- 12/03/2023 09:46:08

NAME :- Mr. BUNKER SURESH KUMAR

Sex / Age :- Male

52 Yrs

Company :- MediWheel Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM Patient ID: -122229981

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Final Authentication: 12/03/2023 14:08:36

BIOCHEMISTRY

Sample Collected Time 12/03/2023 10:39:28

	DIOCHENT	BIKI	
Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interva
LIPID PROFILE			
TOTAL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Enzymatic Endpoint Method	219.46 H	mg/dl	Desirable <200 Borderline 200-239 High> 240
TRIGLYCERIDES Method:-GPO-PAP	85.86	mg/dl	Normal <150 Borderline high 150-199 High 200-499 Very high >500
DIRECT HDL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Direct clearance Method	49.80	mg/dl	Low < 40 High > 60
DIRECT LDL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Direct clearance Method	155.35 H	mg/dl	Optimal <100 Near Optimal/above optimal 100-129 Borderline High 130-159 High 160-189
VLDL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Calculated	17.17	mg/dl	Very High > 190 0.00 - 80.00
T.CHOLESTEROL/HDL CHOLESTEROL RATIO Method:- Calculated	4.41		0.00 - 4.90
LDL / HDL CHOLESTEROL RATIO Method:- Calculated	3.12		0.00 - 3.50
TOTAL LIPID Method:- CALCULATED	601.48	mg/dl	400.00 - 1000.00

TOTAL CHOLESTEROL InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Cholesterol measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatments of lipid lipoprotein metabolism

TRIGLYCERIDES InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Triglyceride measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of diseases involving lipid metabolism and various endocrine disorders e.g. diabetes mellitus, nephrosis and liver obstructi

DIRECT HDLCHOLESTERO InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: An inverse relationship between HDL-cholesterol (HDL-C) levels in serum and the incidence/prevalence of coronary heart disease (CHD) has been demonstrated in a number of epidemiological studies. Accurate measurement of HDL-C is of vital importance when assessing patient risk from CHD. Direct measurement gives improved accuracy and reproducibility when compared to precipitation methods.

DIRECT LDL-CHOLESTEROLInstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Accurate measurement of LDL-Cholesterol is of vital importance in therapies which focus on lipid reduction to prevent atherosclerosis or reduce its progress and to avoid plaque rupture TOTAL LIPID AND VLDL ARE CALCULATED

MUKESHSINGH

Page No: 4 of 12



Dr. Goyal's Path Lab & Imaging Centre



B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Opp. Janpath Corner, New Sanganer Road, Jaipur Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com

:- 12/03/2023 09:46:08

NAME :- Mr. BUNKER SURESH KUMAR

Sex / Age :- Male 52 Yrs

Company :- MediV/heel Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM Patient ID: -122229981

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Final Authentication: 12/03/2023 14:08:36

Sample Collected Time 12/03/2023 10:39:28

	BIOCHEMISTRY		
Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
LIVER PROFILE WITH GGT			
SERUM BILIRUBIN (TOTAL) Method:- Colorimetric method	0.41	mg/dl	Up to - 1.0 Cord blood <2 Premature < 6 days <16 Full-term < 6 days= 12 1month - <12 months <2 1-19 years <1.5 Adult - Up to - 1.2 Ref-(ACCP 2020)
SERUM BILIRUBIN (DIRECT) Method:- Colorimetric Method	0.12	mg/dL	Adult - Up to 0.25 Newborn - <0.6 mg/dL >- 1 month - <0.2 mg/dL
SERUM BILIRUBIN (INDIRECT) Method:- Calculated	0.29	mg/dl	0.30-0.70
SGOT Method:- IFCC	21.5	U/L	Men- Up to - 37.0 Women - Up to - 31.0
SGPT Method:- IFCC	33.0	U/L	Men- Up to - 40.0 Women - Up to - 31.0
SERUM ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE Method:-AMP Buffer	52.60	IU/L	30.00 - 120.00
SERUM GAMMA GT Method:- IFCC	22.00	U/L	11.00 - 50.00
SERUM TOTAL PROTEIN Method:- Biuret Reagent	6.94	g/dl	6.40 - 8.30
SERUM ALBUMIN Method:- Bromocresol Green	4.42	g/dl	3.80 - 5.00
SERUM GLOBULIN Method:- CALCULATION	2.52	gm/dl	2.20 - 3.50
A/G RATIO	1.75		1.30 - 2.50

Total Bilirubin Methodology: Colorimetric method InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation An increase in bilirubin concentration in the serum occurs in toxic or infectious diseases of the liver e.g. lepatitis B or obstruction of the bile duct and in rhesus incompatible babies. High levels of unconjugated bilirubin indicate that too much hacmoglobin is being destroyed or that the liver is not actively treating

AST Aspartate Aminotransferase Methodology, IFCC InstrumentName Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevated levels of AST can signal myocardial infarction, hepatic disease, muscular dystrophy and AST Aspartate Ammorransterase Methodology: IFCC InstrumentName:Kandox KX Imola Interpretation: Elevated levels of AST can signal myocardial infarction, hepatic disease, muscular dystrophy and organ damage. Although heart muscle is found to have the most activity of the enzyme, significant activity has also been seen in the brain, liver, gastric mucosa, adipose tissue and kidneys of humans. ALT Alanine Aminotransferase Methodology: IFCCInstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: The enzyme ALT has been found to be in highest concentrations in the liver, with decreasing the strongly and organ damage.

Alkaline Phosphatase Methodology AMP Buffer InstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation:Measurements of alkaline phosphatase are of use in the diagnosis, treatment and investigation of TOTAL PROTEIN Methodology:Biuret Reagent InstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Measurements obtained by this method are used in the diagnosis and treatment of a variety of diseases involving the liver, kidney and bone marrow as well as other metabolic or nutritional disorders.

ALBUMIN (ALB) Methodology: Bromocresol Green InstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Albumin measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of numerous diseases involving

Instrument Name Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevations in GGT levels are seen earlier and more pronounced than those with other liver enzymes in cases of obstructive jaundice and metastatic neoplasms. It may reach 5 to 30 times normal levels in intra-or post-hepatic biliary obstruction. Only moderate elevations in the enzyme level (2 to 5 times normal)

MUKESHSINGH

Page No: 5 of 12



Dr. Chandrika Gupta MBBS.MD (Path)

RMC NO. 21021/008037





Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com

Date :- 12/03/2023 09:46:08

NAME :- Mr. BUNKER SURESH KUMAR

Sex / Age :- Male 52 Yrs

Company :- MediWheel
Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Patient ID :-122229981

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Sample Collected Time 12/03/2023 10:39:28

Final Authentication: 12/03/2023 12:11:17

IMMUNOASSAY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
TOTAL THYROID PROFILE			
SERUM TOTAL T3 Method:- Chemiluminescence(Competitive immunoassay)	1.280	ng/ml	0.970 - 1.690
SERUM TOTAL T4 Method:- Chemiluminescence(Competitive immunoassay)	10.800	ug/dl	5.530 - 11.000
SERUM TSH ULTRA Method:- Enhanced Chemiluminescence Immunoassay	6.146 H	μIU/mL	0.400 - 4.649

Interpretation: Triiodothyronine (T3) contributes to the maintenance of the euthyroid state. A decrease in T3 concentration of up to 50% occurs in a variety of clinical situations, including acute and chronic disease. Although T3 results alone cannot be used to diagnose hypothyroidism, T3 concentration may be more sensitive than thyroxine (T4) for hyperthyroidism. Consequently, the total T3 assay can be used in conjunction with other assays to aid in the differential diagnosis of thyroid disease. T3 concentrations may be altered in some conditions, such as pregnancy, that active hormone concentration. Alternatively, T3 uptake, or T4 uptake can be used with the total T3 result to calculate the free T3 index and

Interpretation: The measurement of Total T4 aids in the differential diagnosis of thyroid disease. While >99.9% of T4 is protein-bound, primarily to thyroxine-binding globulin (TBG), it is the free fraction that is biologically active. In most patients, the total T4 concentration is a good indicator of thyroid status. T4 concentrations may be altered in some conditions, such as pregnancy, that affect the capacity of the thyroid Alternatively, T3 uptake may be used with the total T4 result to calculate the free T4 index (FT4I) and estimate the concentration of free T4. Some drugs and some nonthyroidal patient conditions are known to alter TT4 concentrations in vivo.

Interpretation: TSH stimulates the production of thyroxine (T4) and trijodothyronine (T3) by the thyroid gland. The diagnosis of overt hypothyroidism by the finding of a low total T4 or free T4 concentration is readily confirmed by a raised TSH concentration. Measurement of low or undetectable TSH concentrations may assist the diagnosis of hyperthyroidism, where concentrations of T4 and T3 are elevated and TSH secretion is suppressed. These have the advantage of discriminating between the concentrations of TSH observed in thyrotoxicosis, compared with the low, but detectable, concentrations that occur in subclinical hyperthyroidism. The performance of this assay has not been established for neonatal specimens. Some drugs and some nonthyroidal patient conditions are known to alter TSH concentrations in vivo.

INTERPRETATION

PREGNANCY	REFERENCE RANGE FOR TSH IN uIU/mL (As per American Thyroid Association)
1st Trimester	0.10-2.50
2nd Trimester	0.20-3.00
3rd Trimester	0.30-3.00

MUKESHSINGH Technologist

Page No: 6 of 12



Dr. Goyal's

Path Lab & Imaging Centre



B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Opp. Janpath Corner, New Sanganer Road, Jaipur Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com

Date :- 12/03/2023 09:46:08

NAME :- Mr. BUNKER SURESH KUMAR

Sex / Age :- Male 52 Yrs

Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID :-122229981

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Sample Type :- URINE Sample Collected Time 12/03/2023 10:39:28

Final Authentication: 12/03/2023 14:15:10

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
Urine Routine			
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION			
COLOUR	PALE YE	LLOW	DALEVELLOW
APPEARANCE	Clear		PALE YELLOW Clear
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION			Clear
REACTION(PH) Method:- Reagent Strip(Double indicatior blue reaction)	6.5		5.0 - 7.5
SPECIFIC GRAVITY Method:- Reagent Strip(bromthymol blue)	1.025		1.010 - 1.030
PROTEIN Method:- Reagent Strip (Sulphosalicylic acid test)	NIL		NIL
GLUCOSE Method:- Reagent Strip (Glu.Oxidase Peroxidase Benedict)	NIL		NIL
BILIRUBIN Method:- Reagent Strip (Azo-coupling reaction)	NEGATIV	Е	NEGATIVE
UROBILINOGEN Method:- Reagent Strip (Modified chrlich reaction)	NORMAL		NORMAL
KETONES Method:- Reagent Strip (Sodium Nitropruside) Rothera's	NEGATIVI	Е	NEGATIVE
NITRITE Method:- Reagent Strip (Diazotization reaction)	NEGATIVI	Е	NEGATIVE
RBC Method:- Reagent Strip (Peroxidase like activity)	NIL		NIL
MICROSCOPY EXAMINATION			
RBC/HPF	NIL	/HPF	
WBC/HPF	2-3	/HPF	NIL
EPITHELIAL CELLS	2-3	/HPF	2-3
CRYSTALS/HPF	ABSENT	/1111	2-3
CAST/HPF	ABSENT		ABSENT
AMORPHOUS SEDIMENT	ABSENT		ABSENT
BACTERIAL FLORA	ABSENT		ABSENT
'EAST CELL	ABSENT		ABSENT ABSENT
THER	ABSENT		ABSENT

VIJENDRAMEENA Technologist

Page No: 7 of 12







Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com

:- 12/03/2023 09:46:08

NAME :- Mr. BUNKER SURESH KUMAR

52 Yrs

Sex / Age :- Male

Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID: -122229981

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Sample Type :- KOx/Na FLUORIDE-F, KOx/Na ShbhoRIDEIRERUMN/SERS/20023 10:39:28

Final Authentication: 12/03/2023 15:25:47

BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name Value **Biological Ref Interval**

FASTING BLOOD SUGAR (Plasma)

174.8 H

mg/dl

75.0 - 115.0

Impaired glucose tolerance (IGT)	111 - 125 mg/dL	
Diabetes Mellitus (DM)	> 126 mg/dL	

Instrument Name: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevated glucose levels (hyperglycemia) may occur with diabetes, pancreatic neoplasm, hyperthyroidism and adrenal cortical hyper-function as well as other disorders. Decreased glucose levels(hypoglycemia) may result from excessive insulin therapy or various liver diseases

BLOOD SUGAR PP (Plasma)

240.0 H

mg/dl

Instrument Name: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevated glucose levels (hyperglycemia) may occur with diabetes, pancreatic neoplasm, hyperthyroidism and adrenal cortical hyper-function as well as other disorders. Decreased glucose levels(hypoglycemia) may result from excessive insulin therapy or various liver diseases .

SERUM CREATININE Method:- Colorimetric Method

1.11

mg/dl

Men - 0.6-1.30 Women - 0.5-1.20

SERUM URIC ACID Method:- Enzymatic colorimetric 3.48

mg/dl

Men - 3.4-7.0

Women - 2.4-5.7

MUKESHSINGH

Page No: 9 of 12



Dr. Chandrika Gupta MBBS.MD (Path) RMC NO. 21021/008037

CONDITIONS OF REPORTING SEE OVER LEAF



Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com

:- 12/03/2023 09:46:08

NAME :- Mr. BUNKER SURESH KUMAR 52 Yrs

Sex / Age :- Male

Company :- MediWheel Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM Patient ID :-122229981

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Sample Collected Time 12/03/2023 10:39:28

Final Authentication: 12/03/2023 14:08:36

BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name Value Unit **Biological Ref Interval**

BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN)

18.2

mg/dl

0.0 - 23.0

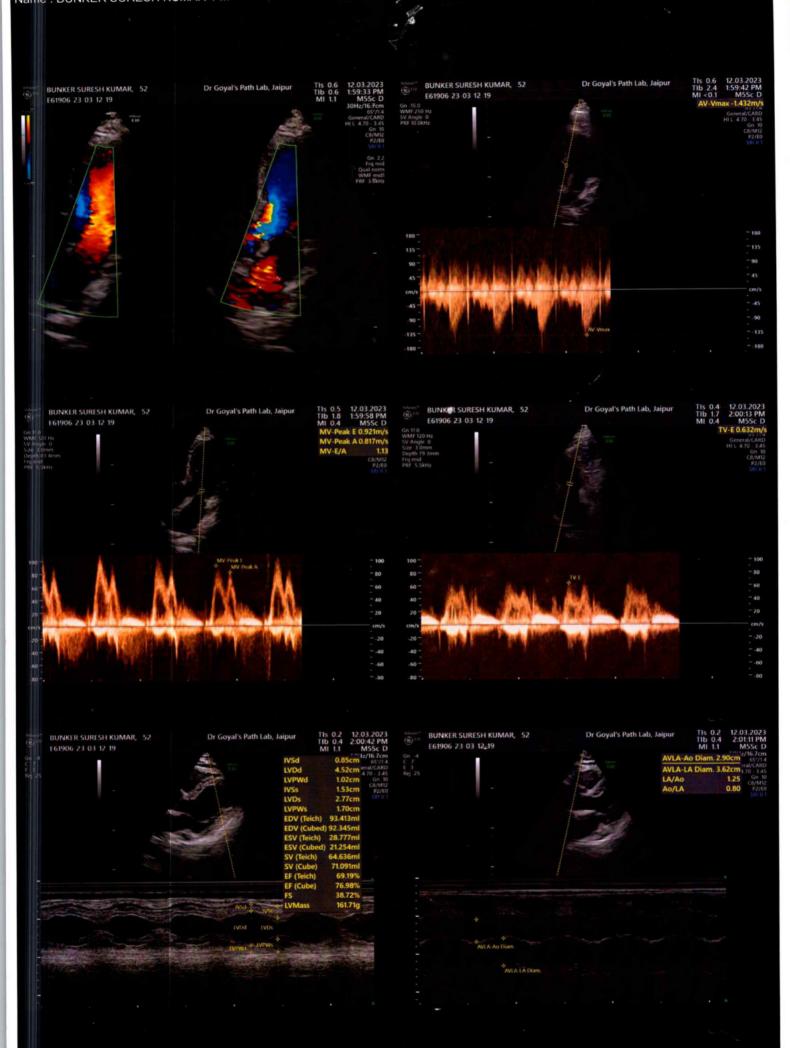
*** End of Report ***

MUKESHSINGH

Page No: 12 of 12









Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com

:- 12/03/2023 09:46:08

NAME :- Mr. BUNKER SURESH KUMAR

52 Yrs Sex / Age :- Male Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID: -122229981 Ref. By Doctor:-BOB

Lab/Hosp:-

Final Authentication: 12/03/2023 12:05:30

BOB PACKAGE ABOVE 40MALE

X RAY CHEST PA VIEW:

Both lung fields appears clear.

Bronchovascular markings appear normal.

Trachea is in midline.

Both the hilar shadows are normal

Both the C.P.angles is clear.

Both the domes of diaphragm are normally placed.

Bony cage and soft tissue shadows are normal.

Heart shadows appear normal.

Impression: - Normal Study

(Please correlate clinically and with relevant further investigations)

*** End of Report ***

Page No: 1 of 1

Dr. Poonam Gupta MBBS, MD (Radio Diagnosis) RMC No. 32495

Dr. Ashish Choudhary MBBS, MD (Radio Diagnosis)

Fetal Medicine Consultant FMF ID - 260517 | RMC No 22430

Dr. Abhishek Jain , MBBS, DNB, (Radio-Diagnosis) RMC No. 21687

Dr. Piyush Goyal (D.M.R.D.)

Transcript by.

BILAL

Dr. Piyush Goyal M.B.B.S., D.M.R.D. RMC Reg No. 017996

This report is not valid for medico-legal purpose.



Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



:- 12/03/2023 09:46:08

NAME :- Mr. BUNKER SURESH KUMAR

52 Yrs Sex / Age :- Male

Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID: -122229981

Ref. By Doctor:-BOB

Lab/Hosp:-

Final Authentication: 12/03/2023 14:15:48

BOB PACKAGE ABOVE 40MALE 2D ECHO OPTION TMT (ADULT/CHILD)

2D-ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY M.MODE WITH DOPPLER STUDY:

FAIR TRANSTHORACIC ECHOCARIDIOGRAPHIC WINDOW MORPHOLOGY:

E	NOR	MAL	TRICUS	PID VALVE		NORMAL	
/E	NOR	MAL	PULMO	PULMONARY VALVE		NORMAL	
	M.MODE	EXAMITATION:					- No
29	mm	LA	36	Mm	IVS-D	8	mm
15	mm	LVID	45	Mm	LVSD	27	mm
10	mm	LVPW-S	17	Mm	RV		mm
	mm	EDV		MI	LVVS		ml
69%			RWMA		ABSENT		
	29 15 10	M.MODE 29 mm 15 mm 10 mm	NORMAL M.MODE EXAMITATION: 29 mm LA 15 mm LVID 10 mm LVPW-S mm EDV	NORMAL PULMO	NORMAL	NORMAL	NORMAL PULMONARY VALVE NORMAL M.MODE EXAMITATION: 29 mm LA 36 Mm IVS-D 8 15 mm LVID 45 Mm LVSD 27 10 mm LVPW-S 17 Mm RV mm EDV MI LVVS

CHAMBERS:

LA	NORMAL	RA	NORMAL	
LV	NORMAL	RV	NORMAL	
PERICARDII	M	NORMAL		

COLOUR DOPPLER:

	MI	TRAL VALV	E					
E VELOCITY	0.92	m/sec	PEAK	GRADIENT		Mn	n/hg	
A VELOCITY	0.81	m/sec	MEAN	GRADIEN	т	Mn	n/hg	
MVA BY PHT		Cm2	MVA	BY PLANIM	ETRY	Cm	2	
MITRAL REGURGITAT	ION				ABSENT			
	AC	RTIC VALV	E					
PEAK VELOCITY	1.4	m/	sec	PEAK GE	RADIENT	m	m/hg	
AR VMAX		m/	sec	ec MEAN GRADIENT		m	mm/hg	
AORTIC REGURGITAT	ION			ABSENT				
	TRIC	CUSPID VAL	.VE					
PEAK VELOCITY	0.63	3	m/sec	PEAK G	PEAK GRADIENT		mm/hg	
MEAN VELOCITY			m/sec	MEAN GRADIENT			mm/hg	
VMax VELOCITY								
TRICUSPID REGURGI	TATION			ABSENT				
	PU	LMONARY	VALVE					
PEAK VELOCITY		0.90		M/sec.	PEAK GRADIENT		Mm/hg	
MEAN VALOCITY					MEAN GRADIENT		Mm/hg	
PULMONARY REGUR	GITATION				ABSENT			

Page No: 1 of 2

ANITASHARMA



Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



Date

:- 12/03/2023 09:46:08

NAME :- Mr. BUNKER SURESH KUMAR

Sex / Age :- Male

52 Yrs

Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID: -122229981

Ref. By Doctor:-BOB

Lab/Hosp:-

Final Authentication: 12/03/2023 14:15:48

Impression--

- Normal LV size & contractility.
- 2. No RWMA, LVEF 69%.
- 3. Normal cardiac chamber.
- 4. Normal valve.
- 5. No clot, no vegetation, no pericardial effusion.

(Cardiologist)

*** End of Report ***

Page No: 2 of 2

ANITASHARMA



Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



Date

:- 12/03/2023 09:46:08

NAME :- Mr. BUNKER SURESH KUMAR

Sex / Age :- Male

52 Yrs

Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID: -122229981 Ref. By Doctor:-BOB

Lab/Hosp:-

Final Authentication: 12/03/2023 13:22:30

BOB PACKAGE ABOVE 40MALE

USG WHOLE ABDOMEN

Liver is of normal size. Echo-texture is bright. No focal space occupying lesion is seen within liver parenchyma. Intra hepatic biliary channels are not dilated. Portal vein diameter is normal.

Gall bladder is contracted (Postmeal status). Common bile duct is not dilated.

Pancreas is of normal size and contour. Echo-pattern is normal. No focal lesion is seen within pancreas.

Spleen is of normal size and shape. Echotexture is normal. No focal lesion is seen.

Kidneys are normally sited and are of normal size and shape. Cortico-medullary echoes are normal. No focal lesion is seen. Collecting system does not show any dilatation or calculus.

Urinary bladder is well distended and showing smooth wall with normal thickness. Urinary bladder does not show any calculus or mass lesion.

Pre void:- 92cc

Post void:- Nil (Insignificant)

Prostate is normal in size with normal echo-texture and outline.

No significant free fluid is seen in peritoneal cavity.

IMPRESSION:

- *Grade I fatty liver.
- Needs clinical correlation for further evaluation.

*** End of Report ***

TABBSUM

Page No: 1 of 1

Dr. Piyush Goyal M.B.B.S., D.M.R.D. RMC Reg No. 017996

Dr. Poonam Gupta MBBS, MD (Radio Diagnosis) RMC No. 32495

Dr. Ashish Choudhary MBBS, MD (Radio Diagnosis)

Fetal Medicine Consultant FMF ID - 260517 | RMC No 22430

Dr. Abhishek Jain MBBS, DNB, (Radio-Diagnosis) RMC No. 21687

Transcript by.