



Name: Kamlesh C.	Panchal U	HID: 42481	Date: 30/03/2023				
Date of Birth: 02/0	1/1986 A	ge: 37 yrs	Sex: Male				
— Company Name: A	reofemi – Mediwh	eel – Full Body Annual	Plus – Male - AHC				
	Medical Summary						
<u>GENERAL EXAMINA</u>	TION						
Vital signs: Heigl	nt: 180 cm	Weight: 79 kg	Pulse: 82 /min				
BP:	128/84 mmHg	BMI: 24.38					
Physician Consultation							
Chief Complaints: Complaint of dry cough on medication							
History:	Past History: H	istory of Jaundice 6 years	back				
	Family History:	Diabetes Mellitus & IHD	in Father				
	Addiction: Nil	Allergy: Nil	Exercise: Walking				
Systemic Review:	NAD						
Impression:	Clinically normal	individual					
Recommendation:	Nil		ke				
			Dr. Mayur Patel				
	3		MD - Physician				

Name: Kamlesh C. Panchal

Date of Birth: 02/01/1986



Age: 37 yrs

Sex: Male

Date: 30/03/2023

Company Name: Arcofemi – Mediwheel – Full Body Annual Plus – Male - AHC

UHID: 42481

# Medical Summary

# ENT Consultation

No ENT complains

On Examination: Ear, Nose, Throat - NAD

# **Dental Consultation**

On Examination:Murming irt\_6, Calculus ++, Stain ++Advice:FPD irt  $\frac{765}{-}$ , Scaling & Polishing

Dr. Rushda Malek Consultant - Dentist

# Vision Check (Without Glasses)

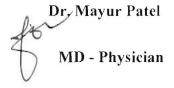
Colour Vision: Normal

Far Vision: Normal

Near Vision: Normal



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Patient Name	: Mr. Kamlesh C Panchal	Age / Gender	: 37Y/Male
CHICKNER No.	: FVAD.0000042481	OP Visit No	: FVADOPV22640
Wait Date	: 30-03-2023 09:42	Reported on	: 30-03-2023 12:30
Sample Collected on	: 30-03-2023 12:24	Specimen	: Whole Blood (Edta)
Ref Doctor	: SELF	Pres Doctor:	1
Emp/Auth/TPA ID	: bob\$35829		
Sponsor Name	: ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LIMITED		

### DEPARTMENT OF LABORATORY MEDICINE

TEST NAME	RESULT	BIOLOGICAL REFERENCE	UNITS
HAEMOGRAM		INTERVALS	
HAEMOGLOBIN Method: Non Cyanide,SIs Based	15.1	13 - 17	gm/dl
RBC COUNT Method: Electrical Impedence	5.75*	4.5 - 5.5	MII/Cumm
HEMATOCRIT(PCV) Method: Cumulative Pulse	45.5	40 - 50	%
MCV Method: Calculated	79.2*	83 - 101	fl
MCH Method: Calculated	26.3*	27 - 32	pg
MCHC Method: Calculated	33.2	31.5 - 34.5	%
RDW	13.5	11.6 - 14	%
TOTAL WBC COUNT Method: Electrical Impedence	6300		/cumm
NEUTROPHIL Method: Microscopy	60	40 - 80	%
LYMPHOCYTE Method: Microscopy	32	20 - 40	%
EOSINOPHIL Method: Microscopy	04	1 - 6	%
MONOCYTE	04		%
BASOPHIL Method: Microscopy	00	<1 - 2	%
PLATELET COUNT Method: Electrical Impedence	296000	150000 - 400000	/cumm
ESR Method: Auto	06	0 - 20	mm/hr
BLOOD GROUP AND RH TYPE			
BLOOD GROUP AND RH TYPE	<b>B</b> POSITIVE		

Method: Slide Test

End of the report

Results are to be correlated clinically

Apollo Clinic, Vadodara

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Patient Name	: Mr. Kamlesh C Panchal	Age /
UHID/MR No.	: FVAD.0000042481	OP Vi
Visit Date	: 30-03-2023 09:42	Repor
Sample Collected on	: 30-03-2023 12:24	Speci
Ref Doctor	SELF	Pres [
Emp/Auth/TPA ID	: bobS35829	
Sponsor Name	: ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LIMITED	

Age / Gender	: 37Y/Male
OP Visit No	: FVADOPV22640
Reported on	: 30-03-2023 12:30
Specimen	: Whole Blood (Edta)
Pres Doctor:	

### DEPARTMENT OF LABORATORY MEDICINE

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End of the report

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Lab Technician / Technologist VAC009

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Dr. Gopi Davara

Page 1 of 2

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Bomodios & Healthcare Pvt. Ltd.



Patient Name	: Mr. Kamlesh C Panchal	Age / Gender	: 37Y/Male
UHID/MR No.	: FVAD.0000042481	OP Visit No	: FVADOPV22640
Visit Date	: 30-03-2023 09:42	Reported on	: 30-03-2023 13:56
Sample Collected of	on : 30-03-2023 12:24	Specimen	: Serum
Ref Doctor	: SELF	Pres Doctor:	1
Emp/Auth/TPA ID	: bobS35829		
Sponsor Name	: ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LIMITED		

## DEPARTMENT OF LABORATORY MEDICINE

TEST NAME	RESULT	BIOLOGICAL REFERENCE	UNITS
LIPID PROFILE TEST (PACKAGE)			
HDL	61	30 - 70	mg/dl
VLDL	29.4	7 mg/dl -35mg/dl	mg/dl
Method: Calculated		0	
RATIO OF CHOLESTEROL / HDL Method: Calculated	2.3	0 - 4.5	
CHOLESTEROL	141	Desirable < 200	mg/dl
Method: CHOD - PAP		Borderline High : 200-239 High : > 240	ing, or
LDL.	50.6*	60 - 150 mg/dl	
Method: Calculated.	147	50 - 200	mald
Triglyceride Method: GPO- TOPS	147	50 - 200	mg/dl
LDL/HDL:	0.82*	2.5 - 3.5	mg/dl
Method: Calculated			5
KFT - RENAL PROFILE-SERUM			
	1.10	0.5-1.5	mg/dl
Method: Jaffe	DE 1	10 50	as a fall
Urea Method: NED-DYE	25.1	10 - 50	mg/dl
Uric Acid	5.22	3.5 - 7.2	mg/dl
Method: URICASE -PAP			5
LIVER FUNCTION TEST (PACKAGE)			
BILIRUBIN - TOTAL	0.63	0.1 - 1.2	mg/dL
Method: Daizo	0.04		
BILIRUBIN - INDIRECT Method: Calculated	0.34	0.1 - 1.0	mg/dL
TOTAL-PROTIEN:	6.91	Adult: 6.6 - 8.8	gm/dL
Method: Photometric UV test	0.01		grinde
ALBUMIN:	3.84	3.5 - 5.2	gm/dL
Method: BCG			
A/G Method: Calculated	1.25	1.0 - 2.0	
SGOT /AST.	33		IU/I
Method: IFCC	00		10/1
ALKA-PHOS	192		U/L
Method: IFCC	3		
BILIRUBIN - DIRECT	0.29	0-0.5	mg/dL
Method: Daizo SGPT/ALT	31	0 - 40	U/L
Method: Daizo	51	0 - 40	0/L
GGT.	19	10 - 50	U/L



Patient Name	: Mr. Kamlesh C Panchal		Age / Gender	: 37Y/Male	
UHID/MR No.	: FVAD.0000042481		OP Visit No	: FVADOPV2264	)
Visit Date	: 30-03-2023 09:42		Reported on	: 30-03-2023 13:5	6
Sample Collected of	on : 30-03-2023 12:24		Specimen	: Serum	
Ref Doctor	SELF		Pres Doctor:	1	
Emp/Auth/TPA ID	: bobS35829				
Sponsor Name	: ARCOFEMI HEALTHC	ARE LIMITED			
Method: SZAZ					
GLOBULIN. Method: Calculated	i.	3.073	2.8 - 4.5		g/dl
GLUCOSE - ( FAS	TING)				
GLUCOSE - ( FAS Method: (GOD-PO	and contract of the contract o	74	70.0 - 110.0		mg/dL
GLUCOSE - ( POS	T PRANDIAL)				
GLUCOSE - ( POS Method: (GOD-PO	,	100	80.0 - 140.0		mg/dl
URINE GLUCOSE	(POST PRANDIAL)				
URINE GLUCOSE	(POST PRANDIAL).	Absent			

End of the report

Results are to be correlated clinically

Dr. Gopi Davara MBBS DCP

Lab Technician / Technologist VAC009

Fasting	Urine Sugar	Nil
Post Prar	idial Urine Sugar	Nil

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Patient Name: Mr. Kamlesh C PanchalUHID/MR No.: FVAD.0000042481Visit Date: 30-03-2023 09:42Sample Collected on: 30-03-2023 12:24Ref Doctor: SELFEmp/Auth/TPA ID: bobS35829Sponsor Name: ARCOFEMI HEALTHGARE LIMITED

# Age / Gender : 37Y/Male OP Visit No : FVADOPV22640 Reported on : 30-03-2023 12:41 Specimen : Urine Pres Doctor: :

### DEPARTMENT OF LABORATORY MEDICINE

### URINE ROUTINE EXAMINATION

### Sample Type: Urine

Test	Result				
	Urine Routine And Microscopy				
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION:					
Volume of urine	30Millilitre				
Colour	Pale Yellow				
Specific Gravity	1.015				
Deposit	Absent				
Appearance	Clear				
pН	6.0				
Chemical Examination					
Protein	Nil				
Sugar	Nil				
Ketone Bodies	Nil				
Bile Salts	Negative				
Bile Pigments	Negative				
Urobilinogen	Normal (< mg/dl)				
Microscopic Examination	•				
Pus Cell	1-2/hpf				
Red Blood Cells	Nil				
Epithelial Cells	2-3/hpf				
Cast	Nil				
Crystals	Nil				

### End of the report

Results are to be correlated clinically

Dr. Gopi Davara MBBS DCP

Lab Technician / Technologist VAC009

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6-7 : Near Normal Glycemia

<7 : Goal

7-8 : Good Control >8 : Action Suggested

		TE	ST REPORT			
Reg. No.	: 30301016870	Reg. Date : 30-Mar	-2023 11:46		Collected On	: 30-Mar-2023 11:46
Name	: Mr. KAMLESH F	PANCHAL			Approved On	: 30-Mar-2023 12:53
Age	: 37 Years	Gender : Male	Ref. No. :		<b>Dispatch At</b>	:
Ref. By	:				Tele No.	:
Location	: SCIENTIFIC RE	MEDIES AND HEALTH	CARE PVT. LTD.	@ SAMA		
Test Na	me	Resu	Ilts	Units	Bio. Ref.	Interval
		<u> </u>	EMOGLOBIN A	1 C		
HbA1c <sup>HPLC</sup>		5.00	)	%	Diabete	<= 5.6 etes: 5.7-6.4 s: >= 6.5 s Control Criteria :

Sample	Type:EDTA	Whole	Blood
Sample	Type.colA	A ALLOIC	DIOOU

Mean Blood Glucose

### Criteria for the diagnosis of diabetes

### 1. HbA1c >/= 6.5 \*Or

2. Fasting plasma glucose >126 gm/dL. Fasting is defined as no caloric intake at least for 8 hrs.Or

3. Two hour plasma glucose >/= 200mg/dL during an oral glucose tolerence test by using a glucose load containing equivalent of 75 gm anhydrous glucose dissolved in water Or

mg/dL

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4. In a patient with classic symptoms of hyperglycemia or hyperglycemic crisis, a random plasma glucose >/= 200 mg/dL. \*In the absence of unequivocal hyperglycemia, criteria 1-3 should be confirmed by repeat testing. American diabetes association. Standards of medical care in diabetes 2011. Diabetes care 2011:34:511.

### Limitation of HbA1c

1) In patients with Hb variants even analytically correct results do not reflect the same level of glycemic control that would be expected in patients with normal population.

2) Any cause of shortened erythrocyte survival or decreased mean erythrocyte survival or decreased mean erythrocyte age eg. hemolytic diseases, pregnancy, significant recent/chronic blood loss etc. will reduce exposure of RBC to glucose with consequent decrease in HbA1c values.

3) Glycated HbF is not detected by this assay and hence specimens containing high HbF (>10%)may result in lower HbA1c values than expected. Importance of HbA1C (Glycated Hb.) in Diabetes Mellitus

- HbA1C, also known as glycated heamoglobin, is the most important test for the assessment of long term blood glucose control( also called glycemic control).

- HbA1C reflects mean glucose concentration over pas 6-8 weeks and provides a much better indication of longterm glycemic control than blood glucose determination.

- HbA1c is formed by non-enzymatic reaction between glucose and Hb. This reaction is irreversible and therefore remains unaffected by short term fluctuations in blood glucose levels.

- Long term complications of diabetes such as retinopathy (Eye-complications), nephropathy (kidney-complications) and neuropathy (nerve complications), are potentially serious and can lead to blindness, kidney failure, etc.

- Glyemic control monitored by HbA1c measurement using HPLC method (GOLD STANDARD) is considered most important. (Ref. National Glycohaemoglobin Standardization Program - NGSP).

This is an electronically authenticated report.

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Test done from collected sample.

# Apollo Clinic, Vadodara

Dr. Vaishali Bhatt





	TEST REPORT		
ame : Mr. KAMLESH PANCHAL		Reg. No	: 3032001258
ge/Sex : 37 Years / Male		Reg. Date	: 30-Mar-2023 11:40 AM
Ref. By		Collected On	: 30-Mar-2023
Client Name : Apollo Clinic			
Parameter	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Interva
	IMMUNOLOGY		
SH *	1.398	µIU/mI	0.55 - 4.78
SH is significant to differentiate primary (thy hypothyroidism. In primary hypothyroidism, T hypothyroidism, TSH levels are low.			
SH levels During Pregnancy : First Trimester :0.1 to 2.5 μIU/mL Second Trimester : 0.2 to 3.0 μIU/mL Third trimester : 0.3 to 3.0 μIU/mL Referance : Carl A.Burtis,Edward R.Ashwood Diagnostics. 5th Eddition. Philadelphia: WB S		extbook of Clinical Ch	nemistry and Molecular

Triiodothyronine (T3) is a hormone synthesized and secreted by the thyroid gland in response to the pituitary hormone TSH (thyroid stimulating hormone) and is regulated by a negative feedback mechanism involving the thyroid gland, pituitary gland and hypothalamus.

In the circulation, 99.7% of T3 is reversibly bond to transport proteins, primarily thyroxine-binding globulin (TBG) and to a lesser extent albumin and prealbumin. The remaining unbound T3 is free in the circulation and is metabolically active.

In hypothyroidism and hyperthyroidism, F T3 (free T3) levels parallel changes in total T3 levels. Measuring F T3 is useful in certain conditions such as normal pregnancy and steroid therapy, when altered levels of total T3 occur due to changes in T3 binding proteins, especially TBG.

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This is an Electronically Authenticated Report.

Report Status : Final

Verified by : Auto

# Apollo Clinic, Vadodata PRA IADATI





			TEST REPORT		
Name	: Mr. KAMLES	SH PANCHAL		Reg. No	: 3032001258
Age/Sex	: 37 Years	/ Male		Reg. Date	: 30-Mar-2023 11:40 AM
Ref. By	:			Collected On	: 30-Mar-2023
Client Name	: Apollo Clinic				
T4 (Thyroxir	ne) *		9.99	µg/dL	4.50 - 12.60

CHEMILUMINECENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY Sample Type:Serum

Thyroxin (T4) is a hormone synthesized and secreted by the thyroid gland in response to the pituitary hormone TSH (thyroid stimulating hormone) and is regulated by a negative feedback mechanism involving the thyroid gland, pituitary gland and hypothalamus. In the circulation, 99.95% of T4 is reversibly bond to transport proteins, primarily thyroxine-binding globulin (TBG) and to a lesser extent albumin and thyroxine-binding prealbumin. The remaining unbound T4 is free in the circulation and is both metabolically active and a precursor to triiodothyronine (T3).

In hypothyroidism and hyperthyroidism, F T4 (free T4) levels parallel changes in total T4 levels. Measuring FT4 is useful in certain conditions such as normal pregnancy and steroid therapy, when altered levels of total T4 occur due to changes in T4 binding proteins, especially TBG. Limitations:

1. The anticonvulsant drug phenytoin may interfere with total and F T4 levels due to competition for TBG binding sites 2. F T4 values may be decreased in patients taking carbamazepine.

3. Thyroid autoantibodies in human serum may interfere and cause falsely elevated F T4 results.

----- End Of Report -----

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This is an Electronically Authenticated Report. Report Status: **Final** 

Verified by	: Auto

Apollo Clinic, Vadose PRAJAPATI



Patient Name:	Mr. Kamlesh C Panchal	MR No:	FVAD.0000042481
Visit No: FVADOPV22640		Age/Gender:	37 Y/M
Cond Doctor: Dr. Radha C. Mohan		Conducted Date:	30-03-2023 13:36
Referred By:	SELF	Prescribing Doctor:	

# ECG

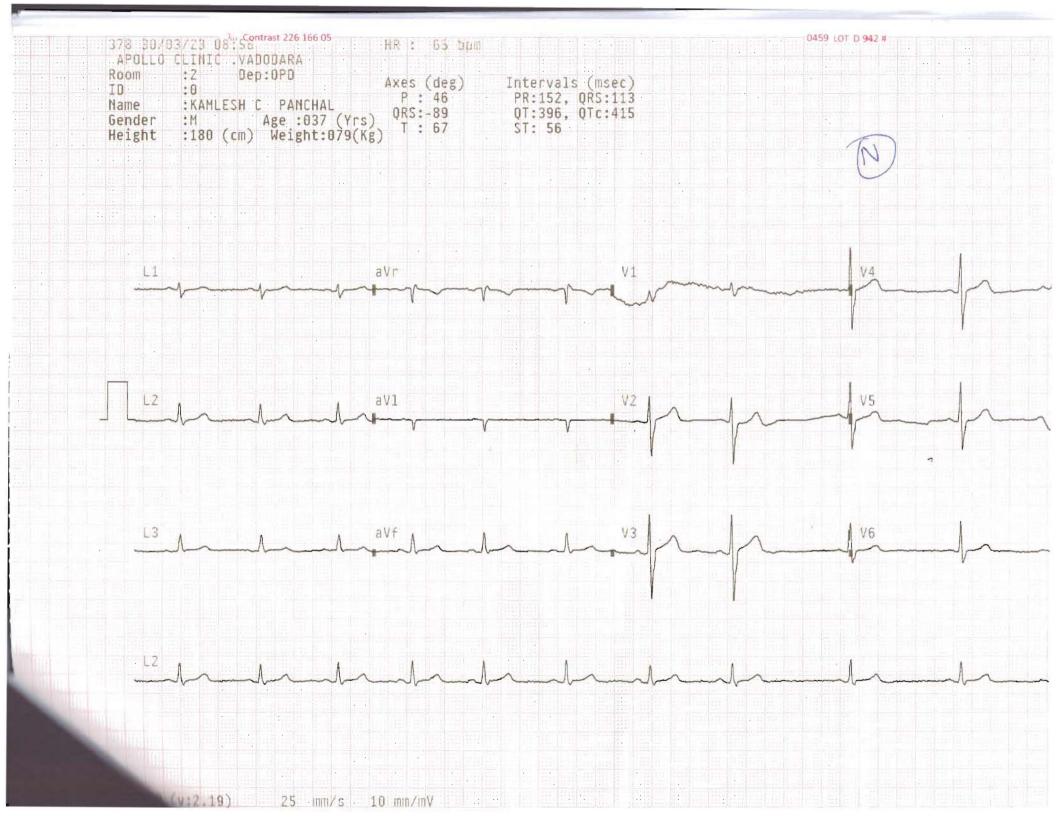
# RESULTS

- 1. The rhythm is sinus
- 2. Heart rate is 65 beats per minute
- 3. Normal P,QRS,T wave axis
- 4. Normal PR,QRS,QT duration
- 5. No pathological Q wave or ST T changes seen
- 6. No evidence of chamber hypertrophy or enlargement seen

# **IMPRESSION** : Within Normal Limits.

M Dr.Mayur Patel MD(Physician)

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Patient Name: Mr. Kamlesh C Panchal Visit No: FVADOPV22640 Cond Doctor: Dr. Mayur Patel Referred By: SELF

MR No: Age/Gender: Conducted Date: Prescribing Doctor:

FVAD.0000042481 37 Y/M 30-03-2023 13:25

# **TMT(Tread Mill/Stress Test)**

Result:

The pre exercise ECG was normal and there is no significant ST segment changes. During peak exercise and recovery there was no significant ST segment change seen. Patient could exercise for 9.00 minutes and 6 seconds of the Bruce Protocol and achieved a work load of 10.16 mets.

He attained a peak heart rate of 178 beats/minute which is 97 % of the predicted maximum. The exercise was terminated owing to attainment of target heart rate. There was no classical angina. Clinically the blood pressure response was 134/90mmHg and there was no S3 S4 gallop in the recovery period.

**IMPRESSION** : TMT is negative for inducible ischemia.

Dr. Mayur Patel MD(Physician)

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Name : KAMLESH PANCHAL Age: 37YRS Date: 30/03/23 Sex: MALE

# **USG ABDOMEN**

**Liver** is normal (143mm) and shows normal echotexture. No focal lesion or dilatation of intrahepatic biliary radicles is seen. Intrahepatic portal venous radicles and hepatic veins appear normal. Porta hepatis reveals no abnormality.

<u>Gall bladder</u> appears normal in size and distended. No evidence of calculus, mass or sludge is seen. Wall thickness appears normal. Common duct is not dilated.

Pancreas is normal .

**Spleen** is normal and size (95 mm). Portal and splenic veins are normal in calibre.

**Both kidneys** are normal in size (RK 95X48 mm and LK 92X47 mm), shape, position and movements. Both kidneys show good corticomedullary differentiation and cortical thickness. No calculus, hydronephrosis, mass, cyst or scarring is seen on both sides.

<u>Urinary bladder</u> is normal. No calculus, filling defect, mass or diverticular noted.

**<u>Prostate</u>** size (29X40X30mm Vol. 18 cc) and shape normal. No fluid seen in pelvis.

**IMPRESSION:** Normal sonography of whole abdomen.

Dr. H. M. PATEL Consultant Radiologist



Patient Name : Mr. Kamlesh C Panchal Age/Sex : 37 Y/M Pres Doctor : : SELF Ref.by

MR No	: FVAD.0000042481
Visit No	: FVADOPV22640
Bill Date	:30-03-2023 09:42
Report Date	: 30-03-2023 13:41

# CHEST X-RAY (PA VIEW)

Both lung fields show normal markings. No evidence of collapse or consolidation is seen. Both costophrenic recesses appear normal. Cardiac size appears normal. Central pulmonary vessels appear normal. Domes of diaphragm appear normal.

# **IMPRESSION: NORMAL X-RAY CHEST**

Dr. Harshavadan M. Patel M.B.B.S (DMRD) **Consultant Radiologist** 

Technician

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