PATIENT NAME : PUSHPRAJ SINGH THAKUR	REF. DOCTOR	:DR. BOB-ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)
CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138355 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST DELHI NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156	ACCESSION NO : 0290WG003952 РАПЕНТ ID : PUSHM130779290 ЯЫТАТЛЕНТ ID:	AGE/SEX :44 Years Male DRAWN : RECEIVED :22/07/2023 10:00:27 REPORTED :24/07/2023 11:54:38
Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results Biologi	cal Reference Interval Units
<u>MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP A</u> XRAY-CHEST	BOVE 40 MALE	
»»	BOTH THE LUNG FIELDS ARE CLEAR	
»»	BOTH THE COSTOPHRENIC AND CARIOPHRENIC ANGELS ARE CLEAR	
»»	BOTH THE HILA ARE NORMAL	
»»	CARDIAC AND AORTIC SHADOWS APPEAR NORMAL	
»»	BOTH THE DOMES OF THE DIAPHRAM ARE NORMAL	
»»	VISUALIZED BONY THORAX IS NORMAL	
IMPRESSION	NO ABNORMALITY DETECTED.	

Dr G.S. Saluja, (MBBS,DMRD) (Consultant Radiologist)

ECG

ECG

SINUS RHYTHM, INCOMPLETE RBBB, OTHERWISE NORMAL.

MEDICAL HISTORY

RELEVANT PRESENT HISTORY	NOT SIGNIFICANT
RELEVANT PAST HISTORY	NOT SIGNIFICANT
RELEVANT PERSONAL HISTORY	NOT SIGNIFICANT
RELEVANT FAMILY HISTORY	NOT SIGNIFICANT
OCCUPATIONAL HISTORY	NOT SIGNIFICANT
HISTORY OF MEDICATIONS	NOT SIGNIFICANT

1.67

71

ANTHROPOMETRIC DATA & BMI

HEIGHT IN METERS	
WEIGHT IN KGS.	

Bipita

Dr.Arpita Pasari, MD Consultant Pathologist



mts

Kgs

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View Report

View Details



PATIENT NAME : PUSHPRAJ SINGH THAKUR			DR. BOB-ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD
CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138355 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL	ACCESSION NO : 0290 PATIENT ID : PUSH		AGE/SEX :44 Years Male
F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST	ALLENT BATIENT ID:	1150779290	RECEIVED : 22/07/2023 10:00:27
DELHI NEW DELHI 110030	ABHA NO		REPORTED :24/07/2023 11:54:38
8800465156			
Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results	Biological	Reference Interval Units
BMI	25	Below 18. 18.5 - 24 25.0 - 29	eight Status as follo wg /sqmts .5: Underweight .9: Normal .9: Overweight Above: Obese
GENERAL EXAMINATION			
MENTAL / EMOTIONAL STATE	NORMAL		
PHYSICAL ATTITUDE	NORMAL		
GENERAL APPEARANCE / NUTRITIONAL STATUS	OVERWEIGHT		
BUILT / SKELETAL FRAMEWORK	AVERAGE		
FACIAL APPEARANCE	NORMAL		
SKIN	NORMAL		
UPPER LIMB	NORMAL		
LOWER LIMB	NORMAL		
NECK	NORMAL		
NECK LYMPHATICS / SALIVARY GLANDS	NOT ENLARGED OR TE	NDER	
THYROID GLAND	NOT ENLARGED		
	NORMAL		
TEMPERATURE	AFEBRILE		
PULSE	83/MIN, REGULAR, AL BRUIT	L PERIPHERAL PU	JLSES WELL FELT, NO CAROTID
RESPIRATORY RATE	NORMAL		
CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM			
BP	120/80 MM HG		mm/Hg
PERICARDIUM	(SUPINE) NORMAL		
APEX BEAT	NORMAL		
HEART SOUNDS	NORMAL		



Dr.Arpita Pasari, MD Consultant Pathologist

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View Details



CODE/MARE & ADDRESS : COD0138355 ACCESSION NO : 02300/CG03952 PATERY TD : PUSHM13077930 ACCESSION NO : 0230/CG03952 PATERY TD : PUSHM13077930 ACCESSION NO : 0230/CG03952 PATERY TD : PUSHM13077930 ACCESSION NO : 0230/CG03952 PATERY TD : PUSHM13077930 ACCESSION NO : 0230/CG03952 ACCESSION ACCESSION NO : 0230/CG03952 ACCENTEL NERVES NO : 0230/CG03952 ACCENTEL SUBJECT NO : 0230/CG03952 ACCENTEL SUBJECT NO : 0230/CG03952 ACCENTEL SUBJECT NO : 0230/CG03952 ACCENTEL SUBJECT NO : 0230/CG03952 AC	PATIENT NAME : PUSHPRAJ SINGH THAKUR	REF	. DOCTOR : [(DR. BOB-ACRO (MEDIWHEEL		THCARE LTD
ARCOTERMI HEALTHCARE LITD (MEDIX/HEEL DELHI NEW DELHI 10030 8800455156 Test Report Status Einal Results Biological Reference Interval Units MURMURS ABSENT RESPIRATORY SYSTEM SIZE AND SHAPE OF CHEST NORMAL BREATH SOUNDS UNLITY NORMAL BREATH SOUNDS QUALITY VESICULAR (NORMAL) ADDED SOUNDS ABSENT PER ABDOMEN APPEARANCE NORMAL VENUS SYSTEM APPEARANCE NORMAL PER ABDOMEN APPEARANCE NORMAL VENUS SYSTEM HERINA NOT PALPABLE SYLLEN NOT PALPABLE SPLEEN NOT PALPABLE NORMAL NORMAL NORMAL CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM HIGHER FUNCTIONS NORMAL SENSORY SYSTEM NORMAL NORMAL NORMAL NORMAL NORMAL SENSORY SYSTEM NORMAL NORMAL NORMAL NORMAL NORMAL NORMAL SENSORY SYSTEM NORMAL NORMAL NORMAL NORMAL NORMAL NORMAL SENSORY SYSTEM NORMAL	CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138355	ACCESSION NO : 0290WG			-	Male
F-703, LADO SARAT, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST DEHI NEW DELHI 11030 8800465156 Test Report Status <u>Einal</u> <u>Results</u> <u>Biological Reference Interval</u> Units Test Report Status <u>Einal</u> <u>Results</u> <u>Biological Reference Interval</u> Units MURMURS ABSENT RESPIRATORY SYSTEM SIZE AND SHAPE OF CHEST NORMAL BREATH SOUNDS UNALITY VESICULAR (NORMAL) ADDED SOUNDS ABSENT PER ABDOMEN APPEARANCE NORMAL VENOUS PROMINENCE ABSENT PER ABDOMEN APPEARANCE NORMAL VENOUS PROMINENCE ABSENT HIGHER FUNCTIONS NORMAL CENTRAL NERVOS SYSTEM HIGHER FUNCTIONS NORMAL CENTRAL NERVOS SYSTEM NORMAL SENSORY SYSTEM NORMAL CERTRAL NERVOS SYSTEM HIGHER FUNCTIONS NORMAL CERTRAL NERVOS SYSTEM NORMAL REFLEXES NORMAL CERTRAL NERVOS SYSTEM NORMAL CENTRAL NERVOS NORMAL CERTRAL NERVOS NORMAL NORMAL PER STEM NORMAL PER STEM NORMAL PER STEM NORMAL	ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL					
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SPINE NORMAL Page 3 C Dr.Arpita Pasari, MD						
SPINE NORMAL Page 3 C Dr.Arpita Pasari, MD	NUCCULOSVELETAL SVSTEM					
Page 3 C Dr.Arpita Pasari, MD						
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	Bepita					Page 3 Of 24
	Dr.Arpita Pasari, MD Consultant Pathologist					View Report

Agilus Diagnostics Ltd. Gate No 2, Residency Area, Opp. St. Raphaels School, Indore, 452001 Madhya Pradesh, India Tel : 0731 2490008

Patient Ref. No. 775000004002304

PATIENT NAME : PUSHPRAJ SINGH THAKUR	REF. DOCTOR :	DR. BOB-ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)
CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138355 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST DELHI NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156	ACCESSION NO : 0290WG003952 PATIENT ID : PUSHM130779290	AGE/SEX :44 Years Male DRAWN : RECEIVED : 22/07/2023 10:00:27 REPORTED : 24/07/2023 11:54:38

Test Report Status

JOINTS

NORMAL

Results

BASIC EYE EXAMINATION

Final

CONJUNCTIVA	NORMAL
EYELIDS	NORMAL
EYE MOVEMENTS	NORMAL
CORNEA	NORMAL
DISTANT VISION RIGHT EYE WITHOUT GLASSES	6/6, WITHIN NORMAL LIMIT
DISTANT VISION LEFT EYE WITHOUT GLASSES	6/6, WITHIN NORMAL LIMIT
NEAR VISION RIGHT EYE WITHOUT GLASSES	N/10, VISUAL ACUITY FOR CORRECTION
NEAR VISION LEFT EYE WITHOUT GLASSES	N/10, VISUAL ACUITY FOR CORRECTION
COLOUR VISION	NORMAL

BASIC ENT EXAMINATION

EXTERNAL EAR CANAL	NORMAL
TYMPANIC MEMBRANE	NORMAL
NOSE	NO ABNORMALITY DETECTED
SINUSES	NORMAL
THROAT	NO ABNORMALITY DETECTED
TONSILS	NOT ENLARGED

BASIC DENTAL EXAMINATION

TEETH GUMS NORMAL HEALTHY

B

Dr.Arpita Pasari, MD Consultant Pathologist

PERFORMED AT : Agilus Diagnostics Ltd. Gate No 2, Residency Area, Opp. St. Raphaels School, Indore, 452001 Madhya Pradesh, India Tel : 0731 2490008



View Report



View Details

Biological Reference Interval Units



PATIENT NAME : PUSHPRAJ SINGH THAKUR	REF. DOCTOR	: DR. BOB-ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)
CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138355 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST DELHI NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156	ACCESSION NO : 0290WG003952 PATIENT ID : PUSHM130779290 SHEATNBATIENT ID:	AGE/SEX :44 Years Male DRAWN : RECEIVED :22/07/2023 10:00:27 REPORTED :24/07/2023 11:54:38

Test Report Status

SUMMARY

RELEVANT HISTORY
RELEVANT GP EXAMINATION FINDINGS
REMARKS / RECOMMENDATIONS

Final

NOT SIGNIFICANT OVERWEIGHT NONE

Results

FITNESS STATUS

FITNESS STATUS

FIT (WITH MEDICAL ADVICE) (AS PER REQUESTED PANEL OF TESTS)

Biological Reference Interval Units

Comments

CLINICAL FINDINGS:-

RAISED HbA1C AND ESTIMATED AVERAG GLUCOSE (EAG)

DYSLIPIDEMIA.

OVER WEIGHT STATUS.

FITNESS STATUS :-

FITNESS STATUS : FIT (WITH MEDICAL ADVICE) (AS PER REQUESTED PANEL OF TESTS)

ADVICE: WEIGHT REDUCTION, LOW FAT& CARBOHYDRATE DIET AND REGULAR PHYSICAL EXERCISE FOR OVERWEIGHT STATUS AND DYSLIPIDEMIA.

NEED PHYSICIAN CONSULTATION FOR LIFE STYLE MODIFICATION.



Dr.Arpita Pasari, MD Consultant Pathologist







V<u>iew Report</u>

View Details



PATIENT NAME : PUSHPRAJ SINGH THAKUR		DR. BOB-ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD MEDIWHEEL)
E-703 LADO SARAT MEHRALILISOUTH WEST	ACCESSION NO : 0290WG003952 PATIENT ID : PUSHM130779290 Selfen No ^{ATIENT} ID:	AGE/SEX :44 Years Male DRAWN : RECEIVED :22/07/2023 10:00:27 REPORTED :24/07/2023 11:54:38

Test Report Status Final Results

Biological Reference Interval Units

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP ABOVE 40 MALE ULTRASOUND ABDOMEN ULTRASOUND ABDOMEN

Comments

USG-IMPRESSION- SIMPLE HEPATIC CYST. TMT OR ECHO

TMT OR ECHO

2D ECHO :- IMPRESSION :- Normal 2D echo study.

- I VFF 70 %

Interpretation(s)

MEDICAL HISTORY-THIS REPORT CARRIES THE SIGNATURE OF OUR LABORATORY DIRECTOR. THIS IS AN INVIOLABLE FEATURE OF OUR LAB MANAGEMENT SOFTWARE. HOWEVER, ALL EXAMINATIONS AND INVESTIGATIONS HAVE BEEN CONDUCTED BY OUR PANEL OF DOCTORS.

FITNESS STATUS-Conclusion on an individual's Fitness, which is commented upon mainly for Pre employment cases, is based on multi factorial findings and does not depend on any one single parameter. The final Fitness assigned to a candidate will depend on the Physician's findings and overall judgement on a case to case basis, details of the candidate's past and personal history; as well as the comprehensiveness of the diagnostic panel which has been requested for .These are then further correlated with details of the job under consideration to eventually fit the right man to the right job. Basis the above, Agilus diagnostic classifies a candidate's Fitness Status into one of the following categories:

• Fit (As per requested panel of tests) - AGILUS Limited gives the individual a clean chit to join the organization, on the basis of the General Physical Examination and the specific test panel requested for.

• Fit (with medical advice) (As per requested panel of tests) - This indicates that although the candidate can be declared as FIT to join the job, minimal problems have been detected during the Pre- employment examination. Examples of conditions which could fall in this category could be cases of mild reversible medical abnormalities such as height weight disproportions, borderline raised Blood Pressure readings, mildly raised Blood sugar and Blood Lipid levels, Hematuria, etc. Most of these relate to sedentary lifestyles and come under the broad category of life style disorders. The idea is to caution an individual to bring about certain lifestyle changes as well as seek a Physician'''''''s consultation and counseling in order to bring back to normal the mildly deranged parameters. For all purposes the individual is FIT to join the job. • Fitness on Hold (Temporary Unfit) (As per requested panel of tests) - Candidate's reports are kept on hold when either the diagnostic tests or the physical finlings reveal the presence of a medical condition which warrants further tests, counseling and/or specialist opinion, on the basis of which a candidate can either be placed into Fit, Fit (With Medical Advice), or Unfit category. Conditions which may fall into this category could be high blood pressure, abnormal ECG, heart murmurs, abnormal vision, grossly elevated blood sugars, etc.

• Unfit (As per requested panel of tests) - An unfit report by Agilus diagnostic Limited clearly indicates that the individual is not suitable for the respective job profile e.g. total color blindness in color related jobs.



Dr.Arpita Pasari, MD **Consultant Pathologist**



Vie<u>w Details</u>



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View Report

PATIENT NAME : PUSHPRAJ SINGH THAKUR	REF. DOCTOR	DR. BOB-ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)
CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138355 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST DELHI NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156	ACCESSION NO : 0290WG003952 РАПЕНТ ID : PUSHM130779290 ЕНЕЛТВАПЕНТ ID:	AGE/SEX :44 Years Male DRAWN : RECEIVED :22/07/2023 10:00:27 REPORTED :24/07/2023 11:54:38

Results

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Н	AEMATOLOGY - CBC		J
MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP A	BOVE 40 MALE		
BLOOD COUNTS, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD			
HEMOGLOBIN (HB) METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	13.7	13.0 - 17.0	g/dL
RED BLOOD CELL (RBC) COUNT METHOD : ELECTRICAL IMPEDANCE	5.74 High	4.5 - 5.5	mil/µL
WHITE BLOOD CELL (WBC) COUNT METHOD : ELECTRICAL IMPEDANCE	3.90 Low	4.0 - 10.0	thou/µL
PLATELET COUNT METHOD : ELECTRICAL IMPEDANCE	246	150 - 410	thou/μL
RBC AND PLATELET INDICES		10 50	
HEMATOCRIT (PCV) METHOD : CALCULATED	41.0	40 - 50	%
MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOLUME (MCV) METHOD : CALCULATED	71.0 Low	83 - 101	fL
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN (MCH) METHOD : CALCULATED	23.9 Low	27.0 - 32.0	pg
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN CONCENTRATION (MCHC) METHOD : CALCULATED	33.5	31.5 - 34.5	g/dL
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW) METHOD : CALCULATED	11.8	11.6 - 14.0	%
MENTZER INDEX	12.4		
MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV) METHOD : CALCULATED	8.7	6.8 - 10.9	fL

WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT

Test Report Status

Final

NEUTROPHILS	45	40 - 80	%
METHOD : IMPEDANCE / MICROSCOPY LYMPHOCYTES METHOD : IMPEDANCE / MICROSCOPY	45 High	20 - 40	%

B

Dr.Arpita Pasari, MD **Consultant Pathologist**





View Details

Biological Reference Interval Units



PATIENT NAME : PUSHPRAJ SINGH THAKUR		REF. DOCTOR :	DR. BOB-ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)
CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138355 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST DELHI NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156	ACCESSION NO : 0 PATIENT ID : PU SHEATNBATIENT ID:	JSHM130779290	AGE/SEX :44 Years Male DRAWN : RECEIVED :22/07/2023 10:00:27 REPORTED :24/07/2023 11:54:38
Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results	Biologica	I Reference Interval Units
MONOCYTES METHOD : IMPEDANCE / MICROSCOPY	05	2 - 10	%

MONOCYTES	05	2 - 10	%
METHOD : IMPEDANCE / MICROSCOPY			
EOSINOPHILS	05	1 - 6	%
METHOD : IMPEDANCE / MICROSCOPY			
BASOPHILS	00	0 - 2	%
METHOD : IMPEDANCE / MICROSCOPY			
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT	1.76 Low	2.0 - 7.0	thou/µL
METHOD : CALCULATED			
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT	1.76	1.0 - 3.0	thou/µL
METHOD : CALCULATED			
ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT	0.20	0.2 - 1.0	thou/µL
METHOD : CALCULATED			
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT	0.20	0.02 - 0.50	thou/µL
METHOD : CALCULATED			

Interpretation(s) BLOOD COUNTS,EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-The cell morphology is well preserved for 24hrs. However after 24-48 hrs a progressive increase in MCV and HCT is observed leading to a decrease in MCHC. A direct smear is recommended for an accurate differential count and for examination of RBC morphology. RBC AND PLATELET INDICES-Mentzer index (MCV/RBC) is an automated cell-counter based calculated screen tool to differentiate cases of Iron deficiency anaemia(>13)

from Beta thalassaemia trait (<13) in patients with microcytic anaemia. This needs to be interpreted in line with clinical correlation and suspicion. Estimation of HbA2 remains the gold standard for diagnosing a case of beta thalassaemia trait.

WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT-The optimal threshold of 3.3 for NLR showed a prognostic possibility of clinical symptoms to change from mild to severe in COVID positive patients. When age = 49.5 years old and NLR = 3.3, 46.1% COVID-19 patients with mild disease might become severe. By contrast, when age < 49.5 years old and NLR < 3.3, covID-19 patients tend to show mild disease.

(Reference to - The diagnostic and predictive role of NLR, d-NLR and PLR in COVID-19 patients ; A.-P. Yang, et al.; International Immunopharmacology 84 (2020) 106504

This ratio element is a calculated parameter and out of NABL scope.



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PATIENT NAME : PUSHPRAJ SINGH THAKUR	REF. DOCTOR :	DR. BOB-ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)
CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138355 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST DELHI NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156	ACCESSION NO : 0290WG003952 PATIENT ID : PUSHM130779290 SHIFN BATIENT ID:	AGE/SEX :44 Years Male DRAWN : RECEIVED : 22/07/2023 10:00:27 REPORTED : 24/07/2023 11:54:38

Test Report Status	<u>Final</u>
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Results

Biological Reference Interval Units

HAEMATOLOGY MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP ABOVE 40 MALE					
ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR),WHOLE BLOOD					
E.S.R METHOD : MODIFIED WESTERGREN	06	0 - 14	mm at 1 hr		
GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA BLOOD	WHOLE				
HBA1C	5.9 High	Non-diabetic: < 5.7 Pre-diabetics: 5.7 - 6.4 Diabetics: > or = 6.5 Therapeutic goals: < 7.0 Action suggested : > 8.0 (ADA Guideline 2021)	%		
METHOD : HPLC TECHNOLOGY ESTIMATED AVERAGE GLUCOSE(EAG)	122.6 High	< 116.0	mg/dL		

Interpretation(s)

ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR), WHOLE BLOOD-TEST DESCRIPTION :-

Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a test that indirectly measures the degree of inflammation present in the body. The test actually measures the rate of fall (sedimentation) of erythrocytes in a sample of blood that has been placed into a tall, thin, vertical tube. Results are reported as the millimetres of clear fluid (plasma) that are present at the top portion of the tube after one hour. Nowadays fully automated instruments are available to measure ESR.

ESR is not diagnostic; it is a non-specific test that may be elevated in a number of different conditions. It provides general information about the presence of an inflammatory condition.CRP is superior to ESR because it is more sensitive and reflects a more rapid change. TEST INTERPRETATION

Increase in: Infections, Vasculities, Inflammatory arthritis, Renal disease, Anemia, Malignancies and plasma cell dyscrasias, Acute allergy Tissue injury, Pregnancy, Estrogen medication, Aging. Finding a very accelerated ESR(>100 mm/hour) in patients with ill-defined symptoms directs the physician to search for a systemic disease

(Paraproteinemias, Disseminated malignancies, connective tissue disease, severe infections such as bacterial endocarditis). In pregnancy BRI in first trimester is 0-48 mm/hr(62 if anemic) and in second trimester (0-70 mm /hr(95 if anemic). ESR returns to normal 4th week post partum. Decreased in: Polycythermia vera, Sickle cell anemia

LIMITATIONS

False elevated ESR : Increased fibrinogen, Drugs(Vitamin A, Dextran etc), HypercholesterolemiaFalse Decreased : Poikilocytosis,(SickleCells,spherocytes),Microcytosis, Low fibrinogen, Very high WBC counts, Drugs(Quinine, salicylates)

REFERENCE :

1. Nathan and Oski's Haematology of Infancy and Childhood, 5th edition; 2. Paediatric reference intervals. AACC Press, 7th edition. Edited by S. Soldin; 3. The reference for the adult reference range is "Practical Haematology by Dacie and Lewis, 10th edition.



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PATIENT NAME : PUSHPRAJ SINGH THAKUR		DR. BOB-ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD MEDIWHEEL)
CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138355 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST DELHI NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156	ACCESSION NO : 0290WG003952 PATIENT ID : PUSHM130779290	AGE/SEX :44 Years Male DRAWN : RECEIVED :22/07/2023 10:00:27 REPORTED :24/07/2023 11:54:38
Test Report Status Final	Results Biological	Reference Interval Units

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-Used For:

Final

1. Evaluating the long-term control of blood glucose concentrations in diabetic patients.

2. Diagnosing diabetes.

Test Report Status

Identifying patients at increased risk for diabetes (prediabetes).
 Identifying patients at increased risk for diabetes (prediabetes).
 The ADA recommends measurement of HbA1c (typically 3-4 times per year for type 1 and poorly controlled type 2 diabetic patients, and 2 times per year for well-controlled type 2 diabetic patients) to determine whether a patients metabolic control has remained continuously within the target range.
 eAG (Estimated average glucose) converts percentage HbA1c to md/dl, to compare blood glucose levels.

2. eAG gives an evaluation of blood glucose levels for the last couple of months.
 3. eAG is calculated as eAG (mg/dl) = 28.7 * HbA1c - 46.7

HbA1c Estimation can get affected due to :1. Shortened Erythrocyte survival : Any condition that shortens erythrocyte survival or decreases mean erythrocyte age (e.g. recovery from acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia) will falsely lower HbA1c test results. Fructosamine is recommended in these patients which indicates diabetes control over 15 days.

 Vitamin C & E are reported to falsely lower test results (possibly by inhibiting glycation of hemoglobin.
 Iron deficiency anemia is reported to increase test results. Hypertriglyceridemia, uremia, hyperbilirubinemia, chronic alcoholism, chronic ingestion of salicylates & opiates addiction are reported to interfere with some assay methods, falsely increasing results. 4. Interference of hemoglobinopathies in HbA1c estimation is seen in

a) Homozygous hemoglobinopathy. Fructosamine is recommended for testing of HbA1c. b) Heterozygous state detected (D10 is corrected for HbS & HbC trait.)

c) HbF > 25% on alternate paltform (Boronate affinity chromatography) is recommended for testing of HbA1c. Abnormal Hemoglobin electrophoresis (HPLC method) is recommended for detecting a hemoglobinopathy



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Biological Reference Interval Units



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CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138355 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST DELHI NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156	ACCESSION NO : 0290WG003952 РАПЕНТ ID : PUSHM130779290 АНЕМТРАПЕНТ ID:	AGE/SEX :44 Years Male DRAWN : RECEIVED :22/07/2023 10:00:27 REPORTED :24/07/2023 11:54:38

Biological Reference Interval Units

Results

	IMMUNOHAEMATOLOGY	
MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH C	HECK UP ABOVE 40 MALE	
ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHO	LE BLOOD	
ABO GROUP METHOD : TUBE AGGLUTINATION	TYPE O	
RH TYPE METHOD : TUBE AGGLUTINATION	POSITIVE	

Test Report Status

Interpretation(s) ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-Blood group is identified by antigens and antibodies present in the blood. Antigens are protein molecules found on the surface of red blood cells. Antibodies are found in plasma. To determine blood group, red cells are mixed with different antibody solutions to give A,B,O or AB.

Disclaimer: "Please note, as the results of previous ABO and Rh group (Blood Group) for pregnant women are not available, please check with the patient records for availability of the same."

The test is performed by both forward as well as reverse grouping methods.

Final



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CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138355 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST DELHI NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156	ACCESSION NO : 0290WG003952 РАТІЕНТ ID : PUSHM130779290 СЫТЕЛТВАТІЕНТ ID:	AGE/SEX :44 Years Male DRAWN : RECEIVED : 22/07/2023 10:00:27 REPORTED : 24/07/2023 11:54:38

Results

	BIOCHEMISTRY			
MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP ABOVE 40 MALE				
GLUCOSE FASTING, FLUORIDE PLASMA				
FBS (FASTING BLOOD SUGAR) METHOD : HEXOKINASE	91	74 - 99	mg/dL	
GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA				
PPBS(POST PRANDIAL BLOOD SUGAR)	111	Normal: < 140, Impaired Glucose Tolerance:140-199 Diabetic > or = 200	mg/dL	
METHOD : HEXOKINASE				
LIPID PROFILE, SERUM				
CHOLESTEROL, TOTAL	224 High	Desirable: <200 BorderlineHigh : 200-239 High : > or = 240	mg/dL	
METHOD : OXIDASE, ESTERASE, PEROXIDASE				
TRIGLYCERIDES	125	Desirable: < 150 Borderline High: 150 - 199 High: 200 - 499 Very High : > or = 500	mg/dL	
METHOD : ENZYMATIC ASSAY		, 2		
HDL CHOLESTEROL	39 Low	< 40 Low > or = 60 High	mg/dL	
METHOD : DIRECT- NON IMMUNOLOGICAL CHOLESTEROL LDL	160 High	Adult levels: Optimal < 100 Near optimal/above optimal 100-129 Borderline high : 130-159 High : 160-189 Very high : = 190	mg/dL :	
NON HDL CHOLESTEROL	185 High	Desirable: Less than 130 Above Desirable: 130 - 159	mg/dL	



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Test Report Status

Final

PERFORMED AT : Agilus Diagnostics Ltd. Gate No 2, Residency Area, Opp. St. Raphaels School, Indore, 452001 Madhya Pradesh, India Tel : 0731 2490008 Page 12 Of 24

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Biological Reference Interval Units



PATIENT NAME : PUSHPRAJ SINGH THAKUR	REF. DOCTOR	: DR. BOB-ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)
CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138355 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST DELHI NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156	ACCESSION NO : 0290WG003952 PATIENT ID : PUSHM130779290 SEIFATNBATIENT ID:	AGE/SEX :44 Years Male DRAWN : RECEIVED :22/07/2023 10:00:27 REPORTED :24/07/2023 11:54:38
Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results Biologic	al Reference Interval Units

METHOD : CALCULATED		Borderline High: 160 High: 190 - 219 Very high: > or = 220	
VERY LOW DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN	25.0	< or = 30	mg/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED			
CHOL/HDL RATIO	5.7 High	3.3 - 4.4	
LDL/HDL RATIO	4.1 High	0.5 - 3.0 Desirable/Lo	w Risk
		3.1 - 6.0 Borderline/M	1oderate
		Risk	
		>6.0 High Risk	

Interpretation(s)

Serum lipid profile is measured for cardiovascular risk prediction. Lipid Association of India recommends LDL-C as primary target and Non HDL-C as co-primary treatment target.

Risk Category				
Extreme risk group	A.CAD with > 1 feature of high risk group			
	B. CAD with > 1 feature of Very high risk	group or recurrent ACS (within 1 year) despite LDL-C < or =		
	50 mg/dl or polyvascular disease			
Very High Risk	1. Established ASCVD 2. Diabetes with 2	major risk factors or evidence of end organ damage 3.		
	Familial Homozygous Hypercholesterolemi	a		
High Risk	1. Three major ASCVD risk factors. 2. Dis	1. Three major ASCVD risk factors. 2. Diabetes with 1 major risk factor or no evidence of end organ		
_	damage. 3. CKD stage 3B or 4. 4. LDL >190 mg/dl 5. Extreme of a single risk factor. 6. Coronary			
	Artery Calcium - CAC >300 AU. 7. Lipoprotein a >/= 50mg/dl 8. Non stenotic carotid plaque			
Moderate Risk	2 major ASCVD risk factors			
Low Risk	0-1 major ASCVD risk factors			
Major ASCVD (Ath	erosclerotic cardiovascular disease) Risk Fa	actors		
1. Age $>$ or $=$ 45 year	Age > or = 45 years in males and $> or = 55$ years in females 3. Current Cigarette smoking or tobacco use			
2. Family history of	premature ASCVD 4. High blood pressure			
5. Low HDL				
Newer treatment goal	s and statin initiation thresholds based on th	he risk categories proposed by I AI in 2020		

iation thresholds base isk categor wer treatment goals and statin the 1 s proposed by LAI in 2020. **Risk Group Treatment Goals Consider Drug Therapy** LDL-C (mg/dl) Non-HDL (mg/dl) LDL-C (mg/dl) Non-HDL (mg/dl) Extreme Risk Group Category A <50 (Optional goal < 80 (Optional goal >OR = 50>OR = 80< OR = 30) < OR = 60) $\leq OR = 60$ Extreme Risk Group Category B < OR = 30> 30 >60 Very High Risk <80 >OR= 50 >OR= 80 <50



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PATIENT NAME : PUSHP	'RAJ SINGH THAKUR		REF. DOCTOR	DR. BOB-ACROFEMI H	HEALTHCARE LTD
CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138355 ACCESSION NO : 0290WG0		290WG003952	AGE/SEX :44 Yea	nrs Male	
ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE	.TD (MEDIWHEEL	PATIENT ID : PL	USHM130779290	DRAWN :	
F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHR	RAULISOUTH WEST			RECEIVED : 22/07/	/วกวร 11・11・27
DELHI		APPEND BATIENT ID:		REPORTED :24/07/	
NEW DELHI 110030					2023 11.54.50
8800465156					
Test Report Status Fi	inal	Results	Biologica	al Reference Interv	al Units
High Risk	<70	<100	>OR= 70	>OR=100	
Moderate Risk	<100	<130	>OR=100	>OR=130	
Low Risk *After an adequate non-pharm	<100	<130	>OR=130*	>OR=160	
India. Current Vascular Pharm LIVER FUNCTION PROFI BILIRUBIN, TOTAL	ILE, SERUM	5. 0.79	0.0 - 1.2	2	mg/dL
METHOD : JENDRASSIK AND GRO BILIRUBIN, DIRECT	/FF	0.27 High	0.0 - 0.2	2	mg/dL
METHOD : DIAZOTIZATION BILIRUBIN, INDIRECT METHOD : CALCULATED		0.52	0.00 - 1.	.00	mg/dL
TOTAL PROTEIN METHOD : BIURET		7.8	6.4 - 8.3	3	g/dL
ALBUMIN METHOD : BROMOCRESOL GREEN	J	5.0	3.50 - 5.	.20	g/dL
GLOBULIN METHOD : CALCULATED		2.8	2.0 - 4.1	1	g/dL
ALBUMIN/GLOBULIN RA METHOD : CALCULATED		1.8	1.0 - 2.0)	RATIO
ASPARTATE AMINOTRAN (AST/SGOT)	SFERASE	33	UPTO 40)	U/L

METHOD : UV WITH P5P			
ALANINE AMINOTRANSFERASE (ALT/SGPT)	24	UP TO 45	U/L
METHOD : UV WITH P5P ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE	65	40 - 129	U/L
METHOD : PNPP GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE (GGT)	25	8 - 61	U/L
METHOD : G-GLUTAMYL-CARBOXY-NITROANILIDE			
LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE METHOD : ENZYMATIC LACTATE - PYRUVATE(IFCC)	217	135 - 225	U/L

BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM			
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN	10	6 - 20	mg/dL
METHOD : UREASE KINETIC			



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PATIENT NAME : PUSHPRAJ SINGH THAKUR	REF. DOCTOR : DR. BOB-ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE (MEDIWHEEL)		
CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138355 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST DELHI NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156	ACCESSION NO : 0290 PATIENT ID : PUSH	OWG003952 AGE/SEX HM130779290 DRAWN RECEIVED	
Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results	Biological Reference	Interval Units
CREATININE, SERUM CREATININE METHOD : ALKALINE PICRATE KINETIC JAFFES	0.99	0.70 - 1.20	mg/dL
BUN/CREAT RATIO			
BUN/CREAT RATIO METHOD : CALCULATED	10.10	5.0 - 15.0	
URIC ACID, SERUM			
URIC ACID METHOD : URICASE/CATALASE UV	6.8	3.5 - 7.2	mg/dL
TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM			15.
TOTAL PROTEIN METHOD : BIURET	7.8	6.4 - 8.3	g/dL
ALBUMIN, SERUM			<i></i>
ALBUMIN METHOD : BROMOCRESOL GREEN	5.0	3.5 - 5.2	g/dL
GLOBULIN			
GLOBULIN	2.8	2.0 - 4.1	g/dL



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PATIENT NAME : PUSHPRAJ SINGH THAKUR	R	REF. DOCTOR : D	R. BOB-AC MEDIWHEE		HCARE LTD
CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138355 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST DELHI NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156	ACCESSION NO : 0290W PATIENT ID : PUSHM <u>GEIGNT</u> BATIENT ID:	VG003952 1130779290	i	:44 Years : :22/07/2023 :24/07/2023	
Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results	Biological	Referenc	e Interval L	Jnits
ELECTROLYTES (NA/K/CL), SERUM					
SODIUM, SERUM	139.9	136.0 - 14	16.0	mm	nol/L
POTASSIUM, SERUM METHOD : DIRECT ION SELECTIVE ELECTRODE	4.24	3.50 - 5.1	0	mr	nol/L
CHLORIDE, SERUM	104.2	98.0 - 106	5.0	mm	nol/L

Interpretation(s)

METHOD : DIRECT ION SELECTIVE ELECTRODE

Sodium	Potassium	Chloride
Decreased in:CCF, cirrhosis,	Decreased in: Low potassium	Decreased in: Vomiting, diarrhea,
vomiting, diarrhea, excessive	intake,prolonged vomiting or diarrhea,	renal failure combined with salt
sweating, salt-losing	RTA types I and II,	deprivation, over-treatment with
nephropathy,adrenal insufficiency,	hyperaldosteronism, Cushing's	diuretics, chronic respiratory acidosis,
nephrotic syndrome, water	syndrome,osmotic diuresis (e.g.,	diabetic ketoacidosis, excessive
intoxication, SIADH. Drugs:	hyperglycemia),alkalosis, familial	sweating, SIADH, salt-losing
thiazides, diuretics, ACE inhibitors,	periodic paralysis,trauma	nephropathy, porphyria, expansion of
chlorpropamide,carbamazepine,anti	(transient).Drugs: Adrenergic agents,	extracellular fluid volume,
depressants (SSRI), antipsychotics.	diuretics.	adrenalinsufficiency,
		hyperaldosteronism, metabolic
		alkalosis. Drugs: chronic
		laxative,corticosteroids, diuretics.
Increased in: Dehydration	Increased in: Massive hemolysis,	Increased in: Renal failure, nephrotic
(excessivesweating, severe	severe tissue damage, rhabdomyolysis,	syndrome, RTA,dehydration,
vomiting or diarrhea),diabetes	acidosis, dehydration, renal failure,	overtreatment with
mellitus, diabetesinsipidus,	Addison's disease, RTA type IV,	saline,hyperparathyroidism, diabetes
hyperaldosteronism, inadequate	hyperkalemic familial periodic	insipidus, metabolic acidosis from
water intake. Drugs: steroids,	paralysis. Drugs: potassium salts,	diarrhea (Loss of HCO3-), respiratory
licorice, oral contraceptives.	potassium- sparing diuretics,NSAIDs,	alkalosis, hyperadrenocorticism.
	beta-blockers, ACE inhibitors, high-	Drugs: acetazolamide, and rogens,
	dose trimethoprim-sulfamethoxazole.	hydrochlorothiazide, salicylates.
Interferences: Severe lipemia or	Interferences: Hemolysis of sample,	Interferences:Test is helpful in
hyperproteinemi, if sodium analysis	delayed separation of serum,	assessing normal and increased anion
involves a dilution step can cause	prolonged fist clenching during blood	gap metabolic acidosis and in
spurious results. The serum sodium	drawing, and prolonged tourniquet	distinguishing hypercalcemia due to
falls about 1.6 mEq/L for each 100	placement. Very high WBC/PLT counts	hyperparathyroidism (high serum
mg/dL increase in blood glucose.	may cause spurious. Plasma potassium levels are normal.	chloride) from that due to malignancy (Normal serum chloride)

Interpretation(s) GLUCOSE FASTING,FLUORIDE PLASMA-TEST DESCRIPTION

Normally, the glucose concentration in extracellular fluid is closely regulated so that a source of energy is readily available to tissues and sothat no glucose is excreted in the urine.

cb>Increased in:Diabetes mellitus, Cushing's syndrome (10 – 15%), chronic pancreatitis (30%). Drugs:corticosteroids,phenytoin, estrogen, thiazides.
cb>Decreased in :Pancreatic islet cell disease with increased insulin,insulinoma,adrenocortical insufficiency,hypopituitarism,diffuse liver disease, malignancy (adrenocortical,stomach,fibrosarcoma),infant of a diabetic mother,enzyme deficiency diseases(e.g.galactosemia),Drugs-



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PATIENT NAME : PUSHPRAJ SINGH THAKUR	REF. DOCTOR :	DR. BOB-ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)
CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138355 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST DELHI NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156	ACCESSION NO : 0290WG003952 РАПЕНТ ID : PUSHM130779290 СЫТЕЛТВАПЕНТ ID:	AGE/SEX :44 Years Male DRAWN : RECEIVED :22/07/2023 10:00:27 REPORTED :24/07/2023 11:54:38
Test Report Status Final	Results Biological	Reference Interval Units

insulin, ethanol, propranolol; sulfonylureas, tolbutamide, and other oral hypoglycemic agents.

NOTE: While random serum glucose levels correlate with home glucose monitoring results (weekly mean capillary glucose values), there is wide fluctuation within individuals. Thus, glycosylated hemoglobin(HbA1c) levels are favored to monitor glycemic control.

High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glyosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc. GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA-High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin

treatment, Renal Glyosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc. Additional test HbA1c LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM-

b>Bilirubin is a yellowish pigment found in bile and is a breakdown product of normal heme catabolism. Bilirubin is excreted in bile and urine, and elevated levels may give yellow discoloration in jaundice.Elevated levels results from increased bilirubin production (eg, hemolysis and ineffective erythropoiesis), decreased bilirubin excretion (eg, obstruction and hepatitis), and abnormal bilirubin metabolism (eg, hereditary and neonatal jaundice). Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin in Viral hepatitis). Drug reactions, Alcoholic liver disease Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is also elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin in Viral hepatitis). Drug reactions, Alcoholic liver disease Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is also elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin when there is some kind of blockage of the bile ducts like in Gallstones getting into the bile ducts, tumors &Scarring of the bile ducts. Increased unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin may be a result of Hemolytic or pernicious anemia, Transfusion reaction & a common metabolic condition termed Gilbert

syndrome, due to low levels of the enzyme that attaches sugar molecules to bilirubin. AST is an enzyme found in various parts of the body. AST is found in the liver, heart, skeletal muscle, kidneys, brain, and red blood cells, and it is commonly measured clinically as a marker for liver health. AST levels increase during chronic viral hepatitis, blockage of the bile duct, cirrhosis of the liver, liver cancer, kidney failure, hemolytic anemia, pancreatitis, hemochromatosis. AST levels may also increase after a heart attack or strenuous activity. ALT test measures the amount of this enzyme in the blood.ALT is found mainly in the liver, but also in smaller amounts in the kidneys, heart, muscles, and pancreas. It is commonly measured as a part of a diagnostic evaluation of hepatocellular injury, to determine liver health.AST levels increase during acute hepatitis, sometimes due to a viral infection, ischemia to the liver, chronic hepatitis, obstruction of bile ducts, cirrhosis.

Ab>ALP
Ab
Ab
Ab>ALP
Ab>ALP
Ab
Ab</p ALP levels seen in Hypophosphatasia, Malnutrition, Protein deficiency, Wilsons disease.

d>local sector sector in the proportion of the test sector in the test sector is the t has been widely used as an index of liver dysfunction. Elevated serum GGT activity can be found in diseases of the liver, biliary system and pancreas. Conditions that increase serum GGT are obstructive liver disease, high alcohol consumption and use of enzyme-inducing drugs etc.

Total Protein also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum. Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin. Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstroms disease.Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia,Bleeding (hemorrhage),Burns,Glomerulonephritis,Liver disease,

Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc. Albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by:Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome,protein-losing enteropathy,Burns,hemodilution,increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance,malnutrition and wasting etc BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM-
b>Causes of Increased levels include Pre renal (High protein diet, Increased protein catabolism, GI haemorrhage,

Cortisol, Dehydration, CHF Renal), Renal Failure, Post Renal (Malignancy, Nephrolithiasis, Prostatism) Causes of decreased level include Liver disease, SIADH.

CREATININE, SERUM-Higher than normal level may be due to: • Blockage in the urinary tract, Kidney problems, such as kidney damage or failure, infection, or reduced blood flow, Loss of body fluid (dehydration), Muscle problems, such as breakdown of muscle fibers, Problems during pregnancy, such as seizures (eclampsia)), or high blood pressure caused by pregnancy (preeclampsia)

Colored biological and the second se Second seco

DM,Metabolic syndrome

Causes of decreased levels
Low Zinc intake,OCP,Multiple Sclerosis
TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM-is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum.Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin.

Serum and the ser Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage), Burns, Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc.

ALBUMIN, SERUM-Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance, malnutrition and wasting etc.



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CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138355 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST DELHI NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156	ACCESSION NO : 0290WG003952 РАПЕНТ ID : PUSHM130779290 SHFAN BATIENT ID:	AGE/SEX :44 Years Male DRAWN : RECEIVED :22/07/2023 10:00:27 REPORTED :24/07/2023 11:54:38		
Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results Biologic	cal Reference Interval Units		
CLINICAL PATH - URINALYSIS MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP ABOVE 40 MALE				

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION, URINE

COLOR APPEARANCE PALE YELLOW CLEAR

CHEMICAL EXAMINATION, URINE

PH	5.5	4.7 - 7.5
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.015	1.003 - 1.035
PROTEIN	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
GLUCOSE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
KETONES	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
BLOOD	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
BILIRUBIN	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
UROBILINOGEN	NORMAL	NORMAL
NITRITE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
LEUKOCYTE ESTERASE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED

MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION, URINE

RED BLOOD CELLS	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	/HPF
PUS CELL (WBC'S)	2-3	0-5	/HPF
EPITHELIAL CELLS	1-2	0-5	/HPF
CASTS	NOT DETECTED		
CRYSTALS	NOT DETECTED		
BACTERIA	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
YEAST	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
REMARKS	Please note that all the uri	nary findings are confirmed man	ually as well.

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CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138355 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST DELHI NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156	ACCESSION NO : 0290WG003952 PATIENT ID : PUSHM130779290 SHEAT BATIENT ID :	AGE/SEX :44 Years Male DRAWN : RECEIVED :22/07/2023 10:00:27 REPORTED :24/07/2023 11:54:38
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Interpretation(s)

The following table describes the probable conditions, in which the analytes are present in urine

Presence of	Conditions
Proteins	Inflammation or immune illnesses
Pus (White Blood Cells)	Urinary tract infection, urinary tract or kidney stone, tumors or any kind of kidney impairment
Glucose	Diabetes or kidney disease
Ketones	Diabetic ketoacidosis (DKA), starvation or thirst
Urobilinogen	Liver disease such as hepatitis or cirrhosis
Blood	Renal or genital disorders/trauma
Bilirubin	Liver disease
Erythrocytes	Urological diseases (e.g. kidney and bladder cancer, urolithiasis), urinary tract infection and glomerular diseases
Leukocytes	Urinary tract infection, glomerulonephritis, interstitial nephritis either acute or chronic, polycystic kidney disease, urolithiasis, contamination by genital secretions
Epithelial cells	Urolithiasis, bladder carcinoma or hydronephrosis, ureteric stents or bladder catheters for prolonged periods of time
Granular Casts	I an intert halo all high aning conclution and a diam concentration
Granular Casts	Low intratubular pH, high urine osmolality and sodium concentration, interaction with Bence-Jones protein
Hyaline casts	Physical stress, fever, dehydration, acute congestive heart failure, renal diseases
Calcium oxalate	Metabolic stone disease, primary or secondary hyperoxaluria, intravenous infusion of large doses of vitamin C, the use of vasodilator naftidrofuryl oxalate or the gastrointestinal lipase inhibitor orlistat, ingestion of ethylene glycol or of star fruit (Averrhoa carambola) or its juice
Uric acid	arthritis
Bacteria	Urinary infectionwhen present in significant numbers & with pus cells.
Trichomonas vaginalis	Vaginitis, cervicitis or salpingitis

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PATIENT NAME : PUSHPRAJ SINGH THAKUR	REI		R. BOB-ACROFEMI H MEDIWHEEL)	EALTHCARE LTD
CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138355	ACCESSION NO : 0290WG	-	AGE/SEX :44 Year	rs Male
ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL	PATIENT ID : PUSHM13	0779290	DRAWN :	
F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST DELHI	GLIENT BATIENT ID:		RECEIVED : 22/07/2	2023 10:00:27
NEW DELHI 110030			REPORTED :24/07/2	2023 11:54:38
8800465156				
Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results	Biological	Reference Interva	al Units
MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP A	L PATH - STOOL ANALYS BOVE 40 MALE	.5		J
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION,STOOL				
COLOUR	BROWN			
CONSISTENCY	WELL FORMED			
MUCUS	ABSENT	NOT DETE	CTED	
VISIBLE BLOOD	ABSENT	ABSENT		
ADULT PARASITE	NOT DETECTED			
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION,STOOL				
STOOL PH	ALKALINE			
OCCULT BLOOD	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETE	CTED	
OCCULIBLOOD	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETE	CIED	
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION, STOOL				
PUS CELLS	1-2			/hpf
RED BLOOD CELLS	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETE	CTED	/HPF
CYSTS	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETE	CTED	
OVA	NOT DETECTED			
LARVAE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETE	CTED	
TROPHOZOITES	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETE	CTED	
FAT	ABSENT			
VEGETABLE CELLS	ABSENT			

Interpretation(s)

CHARCOT LEYDEN CRYSTALS

Stool routine analysis is only a screening test for disorders of gastrointentestinal tract like infection, malabsorption, etc. The following

ABSENT

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Test Report Status	<u>Final</u>	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units

table describes the probable conditions, in which the analytes are present in stool.

PRESENCE OF	CONDITION
Pus cells	Pus in the stool is an indication of infection
Red Blood cells	Parasitic or bacterial infection or an inflammatory bowel condition such as ulcerative colitis
Parasites	Infection of the digestive system. Stool examination for ova and parasite detects presence of parasitic infestation of gastrointestinal tract. Various forms of parasite that can be detected include cyst, trophozoite and larvae. One negative result does not rule out the possibility of parasitic infestation. Intermittent shedding of parasites warrants examinations of multiple specimens tested on consecutive days. Stool specimens for parasitic examination should be collected before initiation of antidiarrheal therapy or antiparasitic therapy. This test does not detect presence of opportunistic parasites like Cyclospora, Cryptosporidia and Isospora species. Examination of Ova and Parasite has been carried out by direct and concentration techniques.
Mucus	Mucus is a protective layer that lubricates, protects& reduces damage due to bacteria or viruses.
Charcot-Leyden crystal	Parasitic diseases.
Ova & cyst	Ova & cyst indicate parasitic infestation of intestine.
Frank blood	Bleeding in the rectum or colon.
Occult blood	Occult blood indicates upper GI bleeding.
Macrophages	Macrophages in stool are an indication of infection as they are protective cells.
Epithelial cells	Epithelial cells that normally line the body surface and internal organs show up in stool when there is inflammation or infection.
Fat	Increased fat in stool maybe seen in conditions like diarrhoea or malabsorption.
pH	Normal stool pH is slightly acidic to neutral. Breast-fed babies generally have an acidic stool.

ADDITIONAL STOOL TESTS :

- 1. <u>Stool Culture</u>:- This test is done to find cause of GI infection, make decision about best treatment for GI infection & to find out if treatment for GI infection worked.
- 2. <u>Fecal Calprotectin</u>: It is a marker of intestinal inflammation. This test is done to differentiate Inflammatory Bowel Disease (IBD) from Irritable Bowel Syndrome (IBS).
- Fecal Occult Blood Test(FOBT): This test is done to screen for colon cancer & to evaluate possible cause of unexplained anaemia.
 Clostridium Difficile Toxin Assay: This test is strongly recommended in healthcare associated bloody or waterydiarrhoea, due to
- overuse of broad spectrum antibiotics which alter the normal GI flora.
- Biofire (Film Array) GI PANEL: In patients of Diarrhoea, Dysentry, Rice watery Stool, FDA approved, Biofire Film Array Test, (Real Time Multiplex PCR) is strongly recommended as it identifies organisms, bacteria, fungi, virus, parasite and other opportunistic pathogens, Vibrio cholera infections only in 3 hours. Sensitivity 96% & Specificity 99%.
- 6. <u>Rota Virus Immunoassay</u>: This test is recommended in severe gastroenteritis in infants & children associated with watery diarrhoea, vomitting& abdominal cramps. Adults are also affected. It is highly contagious in nature.

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Test Report Status	<u>Final</u>
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Results

Biological Reference Interval Units

SPECIALISED CHEMISTRY - HORMONE				
MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP ABOVE 40 MALE				
THYROID PANEL, SERUM				
T3 METHOD : CHEMILUMINESCENCE TECHNOLOGY	116.50	80.0 - 200.0	ng/dL	
T4 METHOD : CHEMILUMINESCENCE TECHNOLOGY	8.30	5.10 - 14.10	µg/dL	
TSH (ULTRASENSITIVE) METHOD : CHEMILUMINESCENCE TECHNOLOGY	3.160	0.270 - 4.200	µIU/mL	

Interpretation(s)

Triiodothyronine T3, Thyroxine T4, and Thyroid Stimulating Hormone TSH are thyroid hormones which affect almost every physiological process in the body, including growth, development, metabolism, body temperature, and heart rate.

Production of T3 and its prohormone thyroxine (T4) is activated by thyroid-stimulating hormone (TSH), which is released from the pituitary gland. Elevated concentrations of T3, and T4 in the blood inhibit the production of TSH.

Excessive secretion of thyroxine in the body is hyperthyroidism, and deficient secretion is called hypothyroidism.

In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hyperthyroidism, TSH levels are low. Below mentioned are the guidelines for Pregnancy related reference ranges for Total T4, TSH & Total T3. Measurement of the serum TT3 level is a more sensitive test for the diagnosis of hyperthyroidism, and measurement of TT4 is more useful in the diagnosis of hypothyroidism. Most of the thyroid hormone in blood is bound to transport proteins. Only a very small fraction of the circulating hormone is free and biologically active. It is advisable to detect Free T3, Free T4 along with TSH, instead of testing for albumin bound Total T3, Total T4.

Sr. No.	TSH	Total T4	FT4	Total T3	Possible Conditions
1	High	Low	Low	Low	(1) Primary Hypothyroidism (2) Chronic autoimmune Thyroiditis (3)
					Post Thyroidectomy (4) Post Radio-Iodine treatment
2	High	Normal	Normal	Normal	(1)Subclinical Hypothyroidism (2) Patient with insufficient thyroid
					hormone replacement therapy (3) In cases of Autoimmune/Hashimoto
					thyroiditis (4). Isolated increase in TSH levels can be due to Subclinical
					inflammation, drugs like amphetamines, Iodine containing drug and
					dopamine antagonist e.g. domperidone and other physiological reasons.
3	Normal/Low	Low	Low	Low	(1) Secondary and Tertiary Hypothyroidism
4	Low	High	High	High	(1) Primary Hyperthyroidism (Graves Disease) (2) Multinodular Goitre
					(3)Toxic Nodular Goitre (4) Thyroiditis (5) Over treatment of thyroid
					hormone (6) Drug effect e.g. Glucocorticoids, dopamine, T4
					replacement therapy (7) First trimester of Pregnancy
5	Low	Normal	Normal	Normal	(1) Subclinical Hyperthyroidism

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Biological Reference Interval Units

6	High	High	High	High	(1) TSH secreting pituitary adenoma (2) TRH secreting tumor
7	Low	Low	Low	Low	(1) Central Hypothyroidism (2) Euthyroid sick syndrome (3) Recent
					treatment for Hyperthyroidism
8	Normal/Low	Normal	Normal	High	(1) T3 thyrotoxicosis (2) Non-Thyroidal illness
9	Low	High	High	Normal	(1) T4 Ingestion (2) Thyroiditis (3) Interfering Anti TPO antibodies

Results

9LowHighHighNormal(1) T4 Ingestion (2) Thyroiditis (3) Interfering Anti TPO antibodiesREF: 1. TIETZ Fundamentals of Clinical chemistry 2.Guidlines of the American Thyroid association during pregnancy and Postpartum, 2011.NOTE: It is advisable to detect Free T3,FreeT4 along with TSH, instead of testing for albumin bound Total T3, Total T4.TSH is not affected by variation in thyroid - binding protein. TSH has a diurnal rhythm, with peaks at 2:00 - 4:00 a.m. And troughs at 5:00 - 6:00 p.m.With ultradian variations.

End Of Report Please visit www.agilusdiagnostics.com for related Test Information for this accession



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