DEPARTMENT OF CARDIOLOGY

UHID / IP NO	40005380 (9665)	RISNo./Status :	4010077/
Patient Name :	Mr. AKASH GUPTA	Age/Gender :	32 Y/M
Referred By :	EHS CONSULTANT	Ward/Bed No :	OPD
Bill Date/No :	09/09/2023 9:49AM/ OPSCR23- 24/4832	Scan Date :	
Report Date :	09/09/2023 11:48AM	Company Name:	Final

REFERRAL REASON: - HTN, HEALTH CHECKUP

2D ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY WITH COLOR DOPPLER

M MODE DIMENSIONS: -

			No	rmal				Normal
IVSD	14.5	6-12mm			LVIDS	24.5	20-40mm	
LVIDD	37.6		32-	57mm		LVPWS	20.8	mm
LVPWD	14.5		6-1	2mm		AO	32.2	19-37mm
IVSS	21.3		1	mm		LA	31.3	19-40mm
LVEF	62-64		>	55%		RA	-	mm
	DOPPLER MEASUREMENTS & CALCULATIONS:							
STRUCTURE	MORPHOLOGY	VELOCITY (m/s)		GRAD	IENT	REGURGITATION		
					(mml	H <u>g)</u>		
MITRAL	NORMAL	Е	1.04	e'	0.07	-		NIL
VALVE			0.60		110			
		Α	0.69	E/e'	14.8			
TRICUSPID	NORMAL		E	0.	52	-		NIL
VALVE				0	- /			
			Α	0.	56			
AORTIC	NORMAL	1.27		-		NIL		
VALVE								
PULMONARY	NORMAL		().87				NIL
VALVE						-		

COMMENTS & CONCLUSION: -

- CONCENTRIC LVH, OTHER CARDIAC CHAMBERS ARE NORMAL
- NO RWMA, LVEF 62-64%
- NORMAL LV SYSTOLIC FUNCTION
- GRADE I LV DIASTOLIC DYSFUNCTION
- ALL CARDIAC VALVES ARE NORMAL
- NO EVIDENCE OF CLOT/VEGETATION/PE
- INTACT IVS/IAS

IMPRESSION: - CONCENTRIC LVH, GRADE I LV DIASTOLIC DYSFUNCTION, NORMAL BI VENTRICULAR SYSTOLIC FUNCTION

DR SUPRIY JAIN MBBS, M.D., D.M. (CARDIOLOGY) INCHARGE & SR. CONSULTANT INTERVENTIONAL CARDIOLOGY DR ROOPAM SHARMA MBBS, PGDCC, FIAE CONSULTANT & INCHARGE EMERGENCY, PREVENTIVE CARDIOLOGY AND WELLNESS CENTRE

Patient Name UHID Age/Gender IP/OP Location Referred By Mobile No.	Mr. AKASH GUPTA 40005380 32 Yrs/Male O-OPD EHS CONSULTANT 8239893771			Lab No Collection Date Receiving Date Report Date Report Status	4010077 09/09/2023 10:15/ 09/09/2023 10:38/ 09/09/2023 1:48P Final	AM
			BIOCHEMIST	RY		
Test Name		Result	Unit	Biolog	ical Ref. Range	
BLOOD GLUCOSE (F	ASTING)					Sample: Fl. Plasma
BLOOD GLUCOSE (FA	ASTING)	93.4	mg/dl	74 - 106		
Method: Hexokinase Interpretation:-Di various diseases.	assay. agnosis and monitoring o	of treatment in (diabetes mellitu:	s and evaluation of c	arbohydrate metabolis	m in
BLOOD GLUCOSE (PI	P)					Sample: PLASMA
BLOOD GLUCOSE (PF	?)	127.9	mg/dl		tic: - < 140 mg/dl ic: - 140-199 mg/dl =200 mg/dl	
Method: Hexokinase Interpretation:-Di various diseases.	e assay. agnosis and monitoring o	of treatment in (diabetes mellitu:	s and evaluation of c	arbohydrate metabolis	m in

THYROID T3 T4 TSH				Sample: Serum
ТЗ	1.200	ng/mL	0.970 - 1.690	
Τ4	5.53	ug/dl	5.53 - 11.00	
TSH	2.00	μIU/mL	0.40 - 4.05	

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS



Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

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Age/Gender	32 Yrs/Male
IP/OP Location	O-OPD
Referred By	EHS CONSULTANT
Mobile No.	8239893771

Lab No Collection Date Receiving Date Report Date Report Status 4010077 09/09/2023 10:15AM 09/09/2023 10:38AM 09/09/2023 1:48PM Final

BIOCHEMISTRY

T3:- Method: ElectroChemiLuminescence ImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation:-The determination of T3 is utilized in the diagnosis of T3-hyperthyroidism the detection of early stages of hyperthyroidism and for indicating a diagnosis of thyrotoxicosis factitia.

T4:- Method: ElectroChemiLuminescence ImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation:-The determination of T4 assay employs acompetitive test principle with an antibody specifically directed against T4.

TSH - THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE :- ElectroChemiLuminescenceImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation:-The determination of TSH serves as theinitial test in thyroid diagnostics. Even very slight changes in theconcentrations of the free thyroid hormones bring about much greater oppositechanges in the TSH levels.

LFT (LIVER FUNCTION TEST)

BILIRUBIN TOTAL	0.57	mg/dl	0.00 - 1.20
BILIRUBIN INDIRECT	0.42	mg/dl	0.20 - 1.00
BILIRUBIN DIRECT	0.15	mg/dl	0.00 - 0.40
SGOT	87.8 H	U/L	0.0 - 40.0
SGPT	192.2 H	U/L	0.0 - 40.0
TOTAL PROTEIN	8.4	g/dl	6.6 - 8.7
ALBUMIN	5.3 H	g/dl	3.5 - 5.2
GLOBULIN	3.1		1.8 - 3.6
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE	78.7	U/L	53 - 128
A/G RATIO	1.7	Ratio	1.5 - 2.5
GGTP	23.7	U/L	10.0 - 55.0

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS



Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

MBBS | MD | INCHARGE PATHOLOGY

Sample: Serum

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BIOCHEMISTRY

BILIRUBIN TOTAL :- Method: DPD assay. Interpretation:-Total Bilirubin measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of various liver diseases, and of haemolytic and metabolic disorders in adults and newborns. Both obstruction damage to hepatocellular structive.

BILIRUBIN DIRECT :- Method: Diazo method Interpretation:-Determinations of direct bilirubin measure mainly conjugated, water soluble bilirubin.

SGOT - AST :- Method: IFCC without pyridoxal phosphate activation. Interpretation:-SGOT(AST) measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of certain types of liver and heart disease.

SGPT - ALT :- Method: IFCC without pyridoxal phosphate activation. Interpretation:-SGPT(ALT) Ratio Is Used For Differential Diagnosis In Liver Diseases.

TOTAL PROTEINS :- Method: Biuret colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-Total protein measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of a variety of liver and kidney diseases and bone marrow as well as metabolic and nutritional disorder. ALBUMIN :- Method: Colorimetric (BCP) assay. Interpretation:-For Diagnosis and monitoring of liver diseases, e.g. liver cirrhosis, nutritional status.

ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE :- Method: Colorimetric assay according to IFCC. Interpretation:-Elevated serum ALT is found in hepatitis, cirrhosis, obstructive jaundice, carcinoma of the liver, and chronic alcohol abuse. ALT is only slightly elevated in patients who have an uncomplicated myocardial infarction. GCTP-GAMMA GLUTAWIL TRANSPEPTIDASE :- Method: Enzymetic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-y-glutamyltransferase is used in the diagnosis and monitoring of hepatobiliary disease. Enzymatic activity of GGT is often the only parameter with increased values when testing for such diseases and is one of the most sensitive indicator known.

LIPID PROFILE

TOTAL CHOLESTEROL	206		<200 mg/dl :- Desirable 200-240 mg/dl :- Borderline >240 mg/dl :- High
HDL CHOLESTEROL	35.3		High Risk :-<40 mg/dl (Male), <40 mg/dl (Female) Low Risk :->=60 mg/dl (Male), >=60 mg/dl (Female)
LDL CHOLESTEROL	141.3		Optimal :- <100 mg/dl Near or Above Optimal :- 100-129 mg/dl Borderline :- 130-159 mg/dl High :- 160-189 mg/dl Very High :- >190 mg/dl
CHOLESTERO VLDL	26	mg/dl	10 - 50
TRIGLYCERIDES	129.8		Normal :- <150 mg/dl Border Line:- 150 - 199 mg/dl High :- 200 - 499 mg/dl Very high :- > 500 mg/dl
CHOLESTEROL/HDL RATIO	5.8	%	

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

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Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

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BIOCHEMISTRY

CHOLESTEROL TOTAL :- Method: CHOD-PAP enzymatic colorimetric assay.

interpretation:-The determination of the individual total cholesterol (TC) level is used for screening purposes while for a better risk assessment it is necessary to measure additionally lipid & lipoprotein metabolic disorders. HDL CHOLESTEROL :- Method:-Homogenous enzymetic colorimetric method.

Interpretation:-HDL-cholesterol has a protective against coronary heart disease, while reduced HDL-cholesterol concentrations, particularly in conjunction with elevated triglycerides, increase the cardiovascular disease.

LDL CHOLESTEROL :- Method: Homogenous enzymatic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-LDL play a key role in causing and influencing the progression of atherosclerosis and in particular coronary sclerosis. The LDL are derived form VLDL rich in TG by the action of various lipolytic enzymes and are

Synthesized in the liver. CHOLESTEROL VLDL :- Method: VLDL Calculative

Interpretation:-High triglycerde levels also occur in various diseases of liver, kidneys and pancreas.

DM, nephrosis, liver obstruction.

CHOLESTEROL/HDL RATIO :- Method: Cholesterol/HDL Ratio Calculative

RENAL PROFILE TEST

UREA	9.70 L	mg/dl	16.60 - 48.50
BUN	9.7	mg/dl	6 - 20
CREATININE	0.68	mg/dl	0.60 - 1.10
SODIUM	137.2	mmol/L	136 - 145
POTASSIUM	4.35	mmol/L	3.50 - 5.50
CHLORIDE	99.1	mmol/L	98 - 107
URIC ACID	5.1	mg/dl	3.5 - 7.2
CALCIUM	10.38 H	mg/dl	8.60 - 10.30

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS



Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

MBBS | MD | INCHARGE PATHOLOGY

Sample: Serum

Patient Name UHID	Mr. AKASH GUPTA 40005380	Lab No Collection Date	4010077 09/09/2023 10:15AM
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CREATININE - SERUM :- Method:-Jaffe method, Interpretation:-To differentiate acute and chronic kidneydisease. URIC ACID :- Method: Enzymatic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:- Elevated blood concentrations of uricacid are renal diseases with decreased excretion of waste products, starvation, drug abuse and increased alcohol consume.

SODIUM:- Method: ISE electrode. Interpretation:-Decrease: Prolonged vomiting or diarrhea, diminished reabsorption in the kidney and excessive fluid retention. Increase: excessive fluid loss, high salt intake and kidney reabsorption. POTASSIUM :- Method: ISE electrode. Intrpretation:-Low level: Intake excessive loss formbodydue to diarrhea, vomiting

chabitat in Action in the interpretation in the interpretation in the interpretation interpretation interpretation interpretation interpretation: DKA, renalfailure. CHLORIDE - SERUM :- Method: ISE electrode. Interpretation:-Decrease: reduced dietary intake, prolonged vomiting and reduced

renal reabsorption as well as forms of acidosisand alkalosis. Increase: dehydration, kidney failure, some form ofacidosis, high dietary or parenteral chloride intake, and salicylate

poisoning. UREA:- Method: Urease/GLDH kinetic assay. Interpretation:-Elevations in blood urea nitrogenconcentration are seen in inadequate renal perfusion, shock, diminished bloodvolume, chronic nephritis, nephrosclerosis, tubular necrosis,

glomerularnephritis and UTI.

CALCIUM TOTAL :- Method: O-Cresolphthaleine complexone. Interpretation:-Increase in serum PTH or vit-D are usuallyassociated with hypercalcemia. Increased serum calcium levels may also beobserved in multiple myeloma and other neoplastic diseases. Hypocalcemia may

beobserved in hypoparathyroidism, nephrosis, and pancreatitis.

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BLOOD BANK INVESTIGATION

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range
BLOOD GROUPING	"B" Rh Positive		

BLOOD GROUPING

Note :

Both forward and reverse grouping performed.
Test conducted on EDTA whole blood.

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS



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CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range	
URINE SUGAR (POST PRANDIAL)				Sample: Urine
URINE SUGAR (POST PRANDIAL)	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
URINE SUGAR (RANDOM)				Sample: Urine
URINE SUGAR (RANDOM)	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
ROUTINE EXAMINATION - URINE				Sample: Urine
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION				
VOLUME	15	ml		
COLOUR	PALE YELLOW		P YELLOW	
APPEARANCE	CLEAR		CLEAR	
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION				
PH	5.0 L		5.5 - 7.0	
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.030		1.016-1.022	
PROTEIN	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
SUGAR	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
BILIRUBIN	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
BLOOD	NEGATIVE			
KETONES	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
NITRITE	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
UROBILINOGEN	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
LEUCOCYTE	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION				
WBCS/HPF	1-2	/hpf	0 - 3	
RBCS/HPF	0-0	/hpf	0 - 2	
EPITHELIAL CELLS/HPF	0-1	/hpf	0 - 1	
CASTS	NIL		NIL	
CRYSTALS	NIL		NIL	

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

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Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

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CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

BACTERIA	NI	NIL
OHTERS	NIL	NIL

Methodology:-Glucose: GOD-POD, Bilirubin: Diazo-Azo-coupling reaction with a diazonium, Ketone: Nitro Pruside reaction, Specific Gravity: Proton re;ease from ions, Blood: Psuedo-Peroxidase activity oh Haem moiety, pH: Methye Red-Bromothymol Blue (Double indicator system), Protein: H+ Release by buffer, microscopic & chemical method. interpretation: Diagnosis of Kidney function, UTI, Presence of Protein, Glucoses, Blood. Vocubulary syntax: Kit insert

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

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Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

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HEMATOLOGY

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Rang	ge
CBC (COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT)				Sample: WHOLE BLOOD EDTA
HAEMOGLOBIN	15.9	g/dl	13.0 - 17.0	
PACKED CELL VOLUME(PCV)	47.7	%	40.0 - 50.0	
MCV	96.0 H	fl	82 - 92	
MCH	32.0	pg	27 - 32	
MCHC	33.3	g/dl	32 - 36	
RBC COUNT	4.97	millions/cu.mm	4.50 - 5.50	
TLC (TOTAL WBC COUNT)	7.11	10^3/ uL	4 - 10	
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT				
NEUTROPHILS	63.8	%	40 - 80	
LYMPHOCYTE	27.1	%	20 - 40	
EOSINOPHILS	3.2	%	1 - 6	
MONOCYTES	5.5	%	2 - 10	
BASOPHIL	0.4 L	%	1 - 2	
PLATELET COUNT	2.48	lakh/cumm	1.500 - 4.500	

HAEMOGLOBIN :- Method:-SLS HemoglobinMethodology by Cell Counter.Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia. MCV :- Method:- Calculation bysysmex. MCH :- Method:- Calculation bysysmex. MCHC :- Method:- Calculation bysysmex.

RBC COUNT :- Method:-Hydrodynamicfocusing.Interpretation:-Low-Anemia,High-Polycythemia.

TLC (TOTAL WBC COUNT) :- Method:-Optical Detectorblock based on Flowcytometry.Interpretation:-High-Leucocytosis, Low-Leucopenia.

NEUTROPHILS :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry

LYMPHOCYTS :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry

EOSINOPHILS :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry MONOCYTES :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry

BASOPHIL :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry

PLATELET COUNT :- Method:-Hydrodynamicfocusing method.Interpretation:-Low-Thrombocytopenia, High-Thrombocytosis.

HCT: Method:- Pulse Height Detection. Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia. NOTE: CH- CRITICAL HIGH, CL: CRITICAL LOW, L: LOW, H: HIGH

ESR (ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE)

05

mm/1st hr 0 - 15

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

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Method:-Modified Westergrens. Interpretation:-Increased in infections, sepsis, and malignancy.

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	X Ray		

Test Name

Result

Unit

Biological Ref. Range

X-RAY - CHEST PA VIEW

OBSERVATION:

The trachea is central.

The mediastinal and cardiac silhouette are normal.

Cardiothoracic ratio is normal.

Cardiophrenic and costophrenic angles are normal.

Both hila are normal.

The lung fields are clear.

Bones of the thoracic cage are normal.

End Of Report

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

Rundad

Dr. RENU JADIYA MBBS, DNB RADIOLOGIST

DEPARTMENT OF RADIO DIAGNOSIS

UHID / IP NO	40005380 (9665)	RISNo./Status :	4010077/ Provisional
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Bill Date/No :	09/09/2023 9:49AM/ OPSCR23- 24/4832	Scan Date :	
Report Date :	09/09/2023 10:09AM	Company Name:	Mediwheel - Arcofemi Health Care Ltd.

USG REPORT - UPPER ABDOMEN

LIVER:

Is borderline enlarged in size measure 154 mm and diffuse increased echogenicity.

No obvious focal lesion seen. No intra hepatic biliary radical dilatation seen.

GALL BLADDER:

Adequately distended with no obvious wall thickening/pericholecystic fat stranding/fluid. No obvious calculus/polyp/mass seen within.

PANCREAS:

Appears normal in size and shows uniform echo texture. The pancreatic duct is normal. No calcifications are seen.

SPLEEN:

Appears normal in size and it shows uniform echo texture.

RIGHT KIDNEY:

The shape, size and contour of the right kidney appear normal. Corticomedullary differentiation is maintained. No evidence of pelvicalyceal dilatation. No calculi seen.

LEFT KIDNEY:

The shape, size and contour of the left kidney appear normal. Corticomedullary differentiation is maintained. No evidence of pelvicalyceal dilatation. No calculi seen.

URINARY BLADDER:

Is normal in contour. No intraluminal echoes are seen. No calculus or diverticulum is seen. **PROSTATE:**

Measures 21 cc in volume. Normal

IMPRESSION:

Borderline hepatomegaly with diffuse grade II fatty liver.

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DR. RENU JADIYA Consultant – Radiology MBBS, DNB