

ETERNAL HOSPITAL MEDICAL TESTING LABORATORY

Patient Name	Mr. PRASHANT MATHUR	Lab No	4001239
UHID	40001057	Collection Date	04/03/2023 11:15AM
Age/Gender	34 Yrs/Male	Receiving Date	04/03/2023 11:19AM
IP/OP Location	O-OPD	Report Date	04/03/2023 1:04PM
Referred By	Dr. DIWANSHU KHATANA	Report Status	Final
Mobile No.	8802903814		

BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range	Sample: Fl. Plasma
<u>BLOOD GLUCOSE (FASTING)</u>				
BLOOD GLUCOSE FASTING	89.9			

Method: Hexokinase assay.
 Interpretation:-Diagnosis and monitoring of treatment in diabetes mellitus and evaluation of carbohydrate metabolism in various diseases.

<u>THYROID T3 T4 TSH</u>	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range	Sample: Serum
T3	1.37	ng/mL	0.970 - 1.690	
T4	6.36	ug/dl	5.53 - 11.00	
TSH	3.688	μIU/mL	0.40 - 4.05	

T3:- Method: ElectroChemiLuminescence ImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation:-The determination of T3 is utilized in the diagnosis of T3-hyperthyroidism the detection of early stages of hyperthyroidism and for indicating a diagnosis of thyrotoxicosis factitia.

T4:- Method: ElectroChemiLuminescence ImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation:-The determination of T4 assay employs a competitive test principle with an antibody specifically directed against T4.

TSH - THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE :- ElectroChemiLuminescenceImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation:-The determination of TSH serves as the initial test in thyroid diagnostics. Even very slight changes in the concentrations of the free thyroid hormones bring about much greater opposite changes in the TSH levels.

<u>LFT (LIVER FUNCTION TEST)</u>	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range	Sample: Serum
BILIRUBIN TOTAL	0.78	mg/dl	0.00 - 1.20	
BILIRUBIN INDIRECT	0.51	mg/dl	0.20 - 1.00	
BILIRUBIN DIRECT	0.27	mg/dl	0.00 - 0.40	
SGOT	22.6	U/L	0.0 - 40.0	
SGPT	26.7	U/L	0.0 - 40.0	

RESULT ENTERED BY : Mr. JITENDRA MARWAL



Dr. MUDITA SHARMA

MBBS|MD| PATHOLOGY

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BIOCHEMISTRY

TOTAL PROTEIN	7.39	g/dl	6.6 - 8.7
ALBUMIN	4.63	g/dl	3.5 - 5.2
GLOBULIN	2.8		1.8 - 3.6
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE	57.5	U/L	53 - 128
A/G RATIO	1.7	Ratio	1.5 - 2.5
GGTP	10.4	U/L	10.0 - 55.0

BILIRUBIN TOTAL :- Method: DPD assay. Interpretation:-Total Bilirubin measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of various liver diseases, and of haemolytic and metabolic disorders in adults and newborns. Both obstruction damage to hepatocellular structure.

BILIRUBIN DIRECT :- Method: Diazo method Interpretation:-Determinations of direct bilirubin measure mainly conjugated, water soluble bilirubin.

SGOT - AST :- Method: IFCC without pyridoxal phosphate activation. Interpretation:-SGOT(AST) measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of certain types of liver and heart disease.

SGPT - ALT :- Method: IFCC without pyridoxal phosphate activation. Interpretation:-SGPT(ALT) Ratio Is Used For Differential Diagnosis In Liver Diseases.

TOTAL PROTEINS :- Method: Biuret colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-Total protein measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of a variety of liver and kidney diseases and bone marrow as well as metabolic and nutritional disorder.

ALBUMIN :- Method: Colorimetric (BCP) assay. Interpretation:-For Diagnosis and monitoring of liver diseases, e.g. liver cirrhosis, nutritional status.

ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE :- Method: Colorimetric assay according to IFCC. Interpretation:-Elevated serum ALT is found in hepatitis, cirrhosis, obstructive jaundice, carcinoma of the liver, and chronic alcohol abuse. ALT is only slightly elevated in patients who have an uncomplicated myocardial infarction.

GGTP-GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSPEPTIDASE :- Method: Enzymatic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:- γ -glutamyltransferase is used in the diagnosis and monitoring of hepatobiliary disease. Enzymatic activity of GGT is often the only parameter with increased values when testing for such diseases and is one of the most sensitive indicator known.

LIPID PROFILE

TOTAL CHOLESTEROL	139		<200 mg/dl :- Desirable 200-240 mg/dl :- Borderline >240 mg/dl :- High
HDL CHOLESTEROL	37.8		High Risk :-<40 mg/dl (Male), <40 mg/dl (Female) Low Risk :->=60 mg/dl (Male), >=60 mg/dl (Female)
LDL CHOLESTEROL	84.5		Optimal :- <100 mg/dl Near or Above Optimal :- 100-129 mg/dl Borderline :- 130-159 mg/dl High :- 160-189 mg/dl Very High :- >190 mg/dl
CHOLESTERO VLDL	25	mg/dl	10 - 50

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BIOCHEMISTRY

TRIGLYCERIDES	124.5		Normal :- <150 mg/dl Border Line:- 150 - 199 mg/dl High :- 200 - 499 mg/dl Very high :- > 500 mg/dl
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CHOLESTEROL/HDL RATIO 3.7 %

CHOLESTEROL TOTAL :- Method: CHOD-PAP enzymatic colorimetric assay.
 Interpretation:-The determination of the individual total cholesterol (TC) level is used for screening purposes while for a better risk assessment it is necessary to measure additionally lipid & lipoprotein metabolic disorders.
 HDL CHOLESTEROL :- Method:-Homogenous enzymatic colorimetric method.
 Interpretation:-HDL-cholesterol has a protective against coronary heart disease, while reduced HDL-cholesterol concentrations, particularly in conjunction with elevated triglycerides, increase the cardiovascular disease.
 LDL CHOLESTEROL :- Method: Homogenous enzymatic colorimetric assay.
 Interpretation:-LDL play a key role in causing and influencing the progression of atherosclerosis and in particular coronary sclerosis. The LDL are derived from VLDL rich in TG by the action of various lipolytic enzymes and are synthesized in the liver.
 CHOLESTEROL VLDL :- Method: VLDL Calculative
 TRIGLYCERIDES :- Method: GPO-PAP enzymatic colorimetric assay.
 Interpretation:-High triglyceride levels also occur in various diseases of liver, kidneys and pancreas. DM, nephrosis, liver obstruction.
 CHOLESTEROL/HDL RATIO :- Method: Cholesterol/HDL Ratio Calculative

RENAL PROFILE TEST

Sample: Serum

UREA	20.4	mg/dl	16.60 - 48.50
BUN	9.5	mg/dl	6 - 20
CREATININE	0.81	mg/dl	0.60 - 1.10
SODIUM	141.5	mmol/L	136 - 145
POTASSIUM	4.14	mmol/L	3.50 - 5.50
CHLORIDE	102.3	mmol/L	98 - 107
URIC ACID	4.08	mg/dl	3.5 - 7.2
CALCIUM	9.69	mg/dl	8.60 - 10.30

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BIOCHEMISTRY

CREATININE - SERUM :- Method:-Jaffe method, Interpretation:-To differentiate acute and chronic kidneydisease.

URIC ACID :- Method: Enzymatic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:- Elevated blood concentrations of uricacid are renal diseases with decreased excretion of waste products, starvation,drug abuse and increased alcohol consume.

SODIUM:- Method: ISE electrode. Interpretation:-Decrease: Prolonged vomiting or diarrhea,diminshed reabsorption in the kidney and excessive fluid retention. Increase: excessive fluid loss, high salt intake andkidney reabsorption.

POTASSIUM :- Method: ISE electrode. Intrapretation:-Low level: Intake excessive loss formbodydue to diarrhea, vomiting renal failure, High level: Dehydration, shock severe burns, DKA, renalfailure.

CHLORIDE - SERUM :- Method: ISE electrode. Interpretation:-Decrease: reduced dietary intake,prolonged vomiting and reduced renal reabsorption as well as forms of acidosisand alkalosis.

Increase: dehydration, kidney failure, some form ofacidosis, high dietary or parenteral chloride intake, and salicylate poisoning.

UREA:- Method: Urease/GLDH kinetic assay. Interpretation:-Elevations in blood urea nitrogenconcentration are seen in inadequate renal perfusion, shock, diminished bloodvolume, chronic nephritis, nephrosclerosis, tubular necrosis, glomerularnephritis and UTI.

CALCIUM TOTAL :- Method: O-Cresolphthaleine complexone. Interpretation:-Increase in serum PTH or vit-D are usuallyassociated with hypercalcemia. Increased serum calcium levels may also beobserved in multiple myeloma and other neoplastic diseases. Hypocalcemia may beobserved in hypoparathyroidism, nephrosis, and pancreatitis.

Sample: WHOLE BLOOD EDTA

HBA1C	4.5	%															
			<table style="width: 100%; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 30%;">< 5.7%</td> <td>Nondiabetic</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5.7-6.4%</td> <td>Pre-diabetic</td> </tr> <tr> <td>> 6.4%</td> <td>Indicate Diabetes</td> </tr> <tr> <td colspan="2" style="padding-top: 10px;">Known Diabetic Patients</td> </tr> <tr> <td>< 7 %</td> <td>Excellent Control</td> </tr> <tr> <td>7 - 8 %</td> <td>Good Control</td> </tr> <tr> <td>> 8 %</td> <td>Poor Control</td> </tr> </table>	< 5.7%	Nondiabetic	5.7-6.4%	Pre-diabetic	> 6.4%	Indicate Diabetes	Known Diabetic Patients		< 7 %	Excellent Control	7 - 8 %	Good Control	> 8 %	Poor Control
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> 8 %	Poor Control																

Method : - High - performance liquid chromatography HPLC

Interpretation:-Monitoring long term glycemic control, testing every 3 to 4 months is generally sufficient. The approximate relationship between HbA1C and mean blood glucose values during the preceding 2 to 3 months.

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BLOOD BANK INVESTIGATION

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range
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BLOOD GROUPING	"B" Rh Positive		
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Note :

1. Both forward and reverse grouping performed.
2. Test conducted on EDTA whole blood.

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CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range	Sample: Urine
<u>ROUTINE EXAMINATION - URINE</u>				
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION				
VOLUME	20	ml		
COLOUR	PALE YELLOW		P YELLOW	
APPEARANCE	CLEAR		CLEAR	
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION				
PH	6.0		5.5 - 7.0	
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.020		1.016-1.022	
PROTEIN	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
SUGAR	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
BILIRUBIN	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
BLOOD	NEGATIVE			
KETONES	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
NITRITE	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
UROBILINOGEN	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
LEUCOCYTE	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE	
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION				
WBCS/HPF	1-2	/hpf	0 - 3	
RBCS/HPF	0-1	/hpf	0 - 2	
EPITHELIAL CELLS/HPF	0-1	/hpf	0 - 1	
CASTS	NIL		NIL	
CRYSTALS	NIL		NIL	
BACTERIA	ABSENT		NIL	
OHTERS	NIL		NIL	

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Methodology:-

Glucose: GOD-POD, Bilirubin: Diazo-Azo-coupling reaction with a diazonium, Ketone: Nitro Pruside reaction, Specific Gravity: Proton release from ions, Blood: Psuedo-Peroxidase activity oh Haem moiety, pH: Methye Red-Bromothymol Blue (Double indicator system), Protein: H+ Release by buffer, microscopic & chemical method. interpretation: Diagnosis of Kidney function, UTI, Presence of Protein, Glucoses, Blood. Vocubulary syntax: Kit insert

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HEMATOLOGY

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range	Sample: WHOLE BLOOD EDTA
<u>CBC (COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT)</u>				
HAEMOGLOBIN	13.5	g/dl	13.0 - 17.0	
PACKED CELL VOLUME(PCV)	40.7	%	40.0 - 50.0	
MCV	85.3	fl	82 - 92	
MCH	28.3	pg	27 - 32	
MCHC	33.2	g/dl	32 - 36	
RBC COUNT	4.77	millions/cu.mm	4.50 - 5.50	
TLC (TOTAL WBC COUNT)	4.60	10 ³ / uL	4 - 10	
<u>DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT</u>				
NEUTROPHILS	50.6	%	40 - 80	
LYMPHOCYTE	39.8	%	20 - 40	
EOSINOPHILS	3.7	%	1 - 6	
MONOCYTES	5.0	%	2 - 10	
BASOPHIL	0.9 L	%	1 - 2	
PLATELET COUNT	1.16 L	lakh/cumm	1.500 - 4.500	

HAEMOGLOBIN :- Method:-SLS HemoglobinMethodology by Cell Counter.Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia.

MCV :- Method:- Calculation bysystemex.

MCH :- Method:- Calculation bysystemex.

MCHC :- Method:- Calculation bysystemex.

RBC COUNT :- Method:-Hydrodynamicfocusing.Interpretation:-Low-Anemia,High-Polycythemia.

TLC (TOTAL WBC COUNT) :- Method:-Optical Detectorblock based on Flowcytometry.Interpretation:-High-Leucocytosis, Low-Leucopenia.

NEUTROPHILS :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry

LYMPHOCYTS :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry

EOSINOPHILS :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry

MONOCYTES :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry

BASOPHIL :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry

PLATELET COUNT :- Method:-Hydrodynamicfocusing method.Interpretation:-Low-Thrombocytopenia, High-Thrombocytosis.

HCT: Method:- Pulse Height Detection. Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia.

NOTE: CH- CRITICAL HIGH, CL: CRITICAL LOW, L: LOW, H: HIGH

ESR (ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE)	20 H	mm/1st hr	0 - 15
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Method:-Modified Westergrens.

Interpretation:-Increased in infections, sepsis, and malignancy.

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