CERTIFICATE OF MEDICAL FITNESS
NAME: Bish man Pressal Debata
AGE/GENDER: Hfyois male
неіднт: <u>1650</u> weight: <u>49.5 kg</u>
IDENTIFICATION MARK: Black mole in below Right Rye
BLOOD PRESSURE: 120/800001/49
PULSE: T8/miss
CVS: {Nogmal}
ANY OTHER DISEASE DIAGNOSED IN THE PAST: Nill
ALLERGIES, IF ANY:
LIST OF PRESCRIBED MEDICINES: Nill
ANY OTHER REMARKS: NO
I Certify that I have carefully examined Mr/Mrs. Bishare Phasa Debison/daughter
of Ms A. K. De Vata. who has signed in my presence. He/ she has no physica
disease and is fit for employment. Dr. BINDURAJ. R MBBS, MD
Internal Medicine Reg. No. 62806
Signature of Candidate Signature of Medical Officer
Place: SPect green Diagnostics & Health care
Date: 16/10/23

Disclaimer: The patient has not been checked for COVID. This certificate does not relate to the covid status of the patient examined





SGAN FOR LOGATION



Dr. Ashok S Bsc., MBBS., D.O.M.S **Consultant Opthalmologist** KMC No: 31827

DATE: 16/023.

FVF	FYΔ	MINA	TION
	レハハ		IIIVII

NAME: Ms. Bisnne Och	e Busad AGE: 474	GENDER: F/M
WED.	RIGHT EYE	LEFT EYE
Vision	6712000	6/12p:0010
Vision With glass	<u>Enim</u>	Elina
Color Vision	Normal	Normal

Anterior segment examination	Normal	Normal
Fundus Examination	Normal	Normal
Any other abnormality	Nill	Nill

Diagnosis/ impression Normal Normal

> B.Sc., M.B.B.S., D.O.M.S. Eye Consultant & Surgeon KMC 31827

Consultant (Opthalmologist)







NAME ,	AGE	GENDER
to Bishow frosand	47 Mil	hale.

DENTAL EXAMINATION REPORT:

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

C: CAVITY

M: MISSING

O: O' HERS

ADVISED:

CLEANING / SCALING / ROOTS PLANNING / FLOSSING & POLISHING / OTHERS

REMARKS:

SIGN ATURE OF THE DENTAL SURGEON

SEAL

Dr. SACHDEV NAGARKAR B.D.S., F.A.G.E., F.P.F.A. (USA) Reg. No: 2247/A

DATE





SCAN FOR LOCATION

MR RICHNIT P	Male 47Years]	Ī	J	\ <u> </u>	avr Avr	∏ <u>aVL</u>	avF
MR RICHNII PRASAD DERATA	ears			<u> </u>			1		
DATA				Ì	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1	-	<u>} </u>
HR :	P PR	QRS QT/QTc P/QRS/I RV5/SV1		Į	<u>}</u>	<u>}</u>	<u> </u>		<u>\</u>
81	92 145	: 85 : 366/4 : 56/9/ : 1.170			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1		<u>}</u>
bpm :	ms ms	ms 26 ms 93 °		\\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\	<u>\$</u>	}	1		È
D.				<u>}</u>	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	V ₄	vs	V ₆
Diagnosis Information:	Sinus Rhythm T Wave Abnormality(LaVL,V5,V6)		Report Conf	<u>{</u>	}	}	}	}	
formation	thm bnormalit		Confirmed by:	<u>{</u> }		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	}
	v(LaVL,V			3		<u> </u>		<u>\</u>	
	5.V6)			<u>{</u>		\[\]	}	<u>} </u>	<u>} </u>
				<u>}</u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>} </u>	<u>}</u>
		TEN OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PRO	*			-	}	1	<u>} </u>
		Q HINDEY		3 1 2		<u></u>			}

SPECTRUM DIAGNOSTICS & HEALTH CARE

#9/1 TEJAS ARCADE, DR. RAJKUMAR ROAD, RAJAJINAGAR-560010 AUDIOGRAN

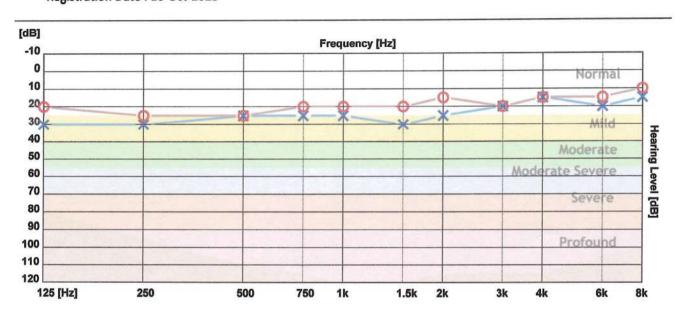
Patient ID: 0914

Name: BISHNU PRASAD DEBATA CR Number: 20231016112716

Registration Date: 16-Oct-2023

Age: 47 Gender: Male

Operator: spectrum diagnostics



	125 Hz	250 Hz	500 Hz	750 Hz	1000 Hz	1500 Hz	2000 Hz	3000 Hz	4000 Hz	6000 Hz	8000 Hz
X - Air Left	30	30	25	25	25	30	25	20	15	20	15
O - Air Right	20	25	25	20	20	20	15	20	15	15	10
> - Bone Left											
< - Bone Right											

Clinical Notes:



NAME : MR.BISHNO PRASAD DELINIO	DATE :16/10/2023 REG NO:1610230057
AGE/SEX : 47 YEARS/MALE	REG NO.10102000
REF BY : APOLO CLINIC	

CHEST PA VIEW

Lung fields are clear.

Cardiovascular shadows are within normal limits.

Both CP angles are free.

Domes of diaphragm and bony thoracic cage are normal.

IMPRESSION: NORMAL CHEST RADIOGRAPH.

DR.RAM PRAKASH G MDRD CONSULTANT RADIOLOGIST

RH1-14

Your suggestion / feedback is a valuable input for improving our services





PATIENT NAME	MR. BISHNU PRASAD DEBATA	ID NO	1610230057
AGE	47YEARS	SEX	MALE
REF BY	DR. APOLO CLINIC	DATE	16.10.2023

2D ECHO CARDIOGRAHIC STUDY

M-MODE

<u></u>	1-1410DE	
AORTA	29mm	
LEFT ATRIUM	28mm	
RIGHT VENTRICLE	20mm	
LEFT VENTRICLE (DIASTOLE)	44mm	
LEFT VENTRICLE(SYSTOLE)	20mm	
VENTRICULAR SEPTUM (DIASTOLE)	11mm	
VENTRICULAR SEPTUM (SYSTOLE)	11mm	
POSTERIOR WALL (DIASTOLE)	10mm	
POSTERIOR WALL (SYSTOLE)	11mm	
FRACTIONAL SHORTENING	30%	
EJECTION FRACTION	60%	

DOPPLER /COLOUR FLOW

MITRAL VALVE	E-0.67 m/sec	A-0.54m/sec	TRIVIAL MR
AORTIC VALVE	1.05m/sec		NO AR
PULMONARY VALVE	1.03m/sec		NO PR
TRISCUSPID VALVE			MILD TR







PATIENT NAME	MR. BISHNU PRASAD DEBATA	ID NO	1610230057
AGE	47YEARS	SEX	MALE
REF BY	DR. APOLO CLINIC	DATE	16.10.2023

2D ECHO CARDIOGRAHIC STUDY

LEFT VENTRICLE	SIZE& THICKNESS	NORMAL
CONTRACTILITY	REGIONAL GLOBAL	NO RWMA

RIGHT VENTRICLE : NORMAL	
LEFT ATRIUM : NORMAL	
RIGHT ATRIUM: NORMAL	
MITRAL VALVE : NORMAL	
AORTIC VALVE : NORMAL	
PULMONARY VALVE: NORMAL	.1100-0.
TRICUSPID VALVE: NORMAL	W. 100
INTER ATRIAL SEPTUM :INTACT	
INTER VENTRICULAR SEPTUM: INTACT	
PERICARDIUM: NORMAL	
OTHERS : - NIL	

IMPRESSION

- NO REGIONAL WALL MOTION ABNORMALITY PRESENT
- NORMAL VALVES AND DIMENSIONS
- NORMAL LV FUNCTION, LVEF- 60%
- > TRIVIAL MR / MILD TR / NO PAH
- NO CLOT / VEGETATION / EFFUSION
- NO ASD / VSD / PDA / CoA SEEN

ECHO TECHNICIAN

The science of radiology is based upon interpretation of shadows of normal and abnormal tissue. This is neither complete nor accurate; hence, findings should always be interpreted in to the light of clinico-pathological correction.







NAME AND LAB NO	MR. BISHNU PRASAD DEBATA	REG-0057
AGE & SEX	47 YRS	MALE
DATE AND AREA OF INTEREST	16.10.2023	ABDOMEN & PELVIS
REF BY	C/O APOLO CLINIC	*

USG ABDOMEN AND PELVIS

LIVER:

Measures 16.0 cm. Increased in size and echotexture.

No e/o IHBR dilatation. No evidence of SOL.

Portal vein appears normal.

CBD appears normal. . No e/o calculus / SOL

GALL BLADDER:

Well distended. Wall appears normal. No e/o calculus/ neoplasm.

SPLEEN:

Measures 10.2 cm. Normal in size and echotexture. No e/o SOL/ calcification.

PANCREAS:

Normal in size and echotexture.

Pancreatic duct appears normal. No e/o calculus / calcifications.

RETROPERITONEUM:

Poor window.

RIGHT KIDNEY:

Measures 10.0 x 5.2 cm. Right kidney is normal in size & echotexture

No evidence of calculus/ hydronephrosis.

LEFT KIDNEY:

Measures 10.9 x 6.0 cm .Left kidney is normal in size & echotexture

No evidence of calculus/ hydronephrosis.

URETERS:

Bilateral ureters are not dilated.

URINARY BLADDER:

Well distended. No wall thickening/ calculi.

PROSTATE:

Normal in size (vol - 22.0) and echotexture.

No evidence of ascites/pleural effusion.

IMPRESSION:

Mild hepatomegaly with grade If fatty liver.

No other significant sonological abnormality detected in the abdomen and pelvis.

MDRD DNB FRCR







Age / Gender : 47 years / Male

Ref. By Dr. : Dr. APOLO CLINIC Reg. No.

: 1610230057 C/o

: Apollo Clinic

Bill Date : 16-Oct-2023 09:13 AM

Sample Col. Date: 16-Oct-2023 09:13 AM **Result Date**

: 16-Oct-2023 03:01 PM

Report Status : Final

Test Name	Result	Unit	Reference Value	Method
Fasting Urine Glucose-Urine	Negative		Negative	Dipstick/Benedicts (Manual)
Fasting Blood Sugar (FBS)- Plasma	96	mg/dL	60.0-110.0	Hexo Kinase

1610230057

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Comments: Glucose, also called dextrose, one of a group of carbohydrates known as simple sugars (monosaccharides). Glucose has the molecular formula C₆H₁₂O₆. It is found in fruits and honey and is the major free sugar circulating in the blood of higher animals. It is the source of energy in cell function, and the regulation of its metabolism is of great importance (fermentation; gluconeogenesis). Molecules of starch, the major energy-reserve carbohydrate of plants, consist of thousands of linear glucose units. Another major compound composed of glucose is cellulose, which is also linear. Dextrose is the molecule D-glucose. Blood sugar, or glucose, is the main sugar found in the blood. It comes from the food you eat, and it is body's main source of energy. The blood carries glucose to all of the body's cells to use for energy. Diabetes is a disease in which your blood sugar levels are too high.Usage: Glucose determinations are useful in the detection and management of Diabetes mellitus.

Note: Additional tests available for Diabetic control are Glycated Hemoglobin (HbA1c), Fructosamine & Microalbumin urine

Comments: Conditions which can lead to lower postprandial glucose levels as compared to fasting glucose are excessive insulin release, rapid gastric emptying & brisk glucose absorption.

Probable causes: Early Type II Diabetes / Glucose intolerance, Drugs like Salicylates, Beta blockers, Pentamidine etc., Alcohol , Dietary - Intake of excessive carbohydrates and foods with high glycemic index? Exercise in between samples? Family history of Diabetes, Idiopathic, Partial / Total Gastrectomy.



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: 16 Oct, 2023 04:09 pm

Dr. Nithun Reddy C, MD, Consultant Pathologist

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Age / Gender : 47 years / Male Ref. By Dr.

: Dr. APOLO CLINIC

Reg. No. : 1610230057

C/o : Apollo Clinic Bill Date

: 16-Oct-2023 09:13 AM

Sample Col. Date: 16-Oct-2023 09:13 AM **Result Date**

: 16-Oct-2023 03:01 PM

Report Status

: Final

Test Name	Result	Unit	Reference Value	Method -
Calcium, Total- Serum	9.60	mg/dL	8.50-10.10	Spectrophotometry (O- Cresolphthalein complexone)
Gamma-Glutamyl Transferase (GGT)-Serum	27.00	U/L	Male: 15.0-85.0 Female: 5.0-55.0	Other g-Glut-3- carboxy-4 nitro

1610230057

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Comments: Gamma-glutamyltransferase (GGT) is primarily present in kidney, liver, and pancreatic cells. Small amounts are present in other tissues. Even though renal tissue has the highest level of GGT, the enzyme present in the serum appears to originate primarily from the hepatobiliary system, and GGT activity is elevated in any and all forms of liver disease. It is highest in cases of intra- or posthepatic biliary obstruction, reaching levels some 5 to 30 times normal. GGT is more sensitive than alkaline phosphatase (ALP), leucine aminopeptidase, aspartate transaminase, and alanine aminotransferase in detecting obstructive jaundice, cholangitis, and cholecystitis; its rise occurs earlier than with these other enzymes and persists longer. Only modest elevations (2-5 times normal) occur in infectious hepatitis, and in this condition, GGT determinations are less useful diagnostically than are measurements of the transaminases. High elevations of GGT are also observed in patients with either primary or secondary (metastatic) neoplasms. Elevated levels of GGT are noted not only in the sera of patients with alcoholic cirrhosis but also in the majority of sera from persons who are heavy drinkers. Studies have emphasized the value of serum GGT levels in detecting alcohol-induced liver disease. Elevated serum values are also seen in patients receiving drugs such as phenytoin and phenobarbital, and this is thought to reflect induction of new enzyme activity.



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Age / Gender : 47 years / Male

: Dr. APOLO CLINIC

Reg. No. : 1610230057

Ref. By Dr.

C/o · Apollo Clinic **Bill Date** : 16-Oct-2023 09:13 AM

Sample Col. Date: 16-Oct-2023 09:13 AM

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Report Status : Final

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Test Name	Result	Unit	Reference Value	M
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UHID

Glycosylated Haemoglobin (HbA1c)-Whole Blood EDTA

Glycosylated Haemoglobin

(HbA1c)

5.70

%

Non diabetic adults: <5.7

Reference Value

At risk (Prediabetes): 5.7 - 6.4 Diagnosing Diabetes :>= 6.5

Diabetes

: 1610230057

1610230057

Excellent Control: 6-7 Fair to good Control: 7-8 Unsatisfactory Control:8-10

Poor Control:>10

Estimated Average Glucose(eAG)

116.88

mg/dL

Calculated

Method

HPLC

Note: 1. Since HbA1c reflects long term fluctuations in the blood glucose concentration, a diabetic patient who is recently under good control may still have a high concentration of HbA1c. Converse is true for a diabetic previously under good control but now poorly controlled.

2. Target goals of < 7.0 % may be beneficial in patients with short duration of diabetes, long life expectancy and no significant cardiovascular disease. In patients with significant complications of diabetes, limited life expectancy or extensive co-morbid conditions, targeting a goal of < 7.0 % may not be appropriate.

Comments: HbA1c provides an index of average blood glucose levels over the past 8 - 12 weeks and is a much better indicator of long term glycemic control as compared to blood and urinary glucose determinations.



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: 47 years / Male

: Dr. APOLO CLINIC

: 1610230057

C/o : Apollo Clinic

Age / Gender

Ref. By Dr.

Reg. No.

Bill Date : 16-Oct-2023 09:13 AM Sample Col. Date: 16-Oct-2023 09:13 AM

Result Date

: 16-Oct-2023 03:01 PM

: Final

Report Status

Test Name	Result	Unit	Reference Value	Method
Thyroid function tests (T. Serum	FT)-			
Tri-Iodo Thyronine (T3)-	Serum 0.88	ng/mL	Male: 0.60 - 1.81	Chemiluminescence Immunoassay
Thyroxine (T4)-Serum	8.80	μg/dL	Male: 5.50 - 12.10	(CLIA) Chemiluminescence Immunoassay
Thyroid Stimulating Horn (TSH)-Serum	none 2.02	μIU/mL	Male: 0.35 - 5.50	(CLIA) Chemiluminescence Immunoassay (CLIA)

1610230057

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Comments: Triiodothyronine (T3) assay is a useful test for hyperthyroidism in patients with low TSH and normal T4 levels. It is also used for the diagnosis of T3 toxicosis. It is not a reliable marker for Hypothyroidism. This test is not recommended for general screening of the population without a clinical suspicion of hyperthyroidism.

Reference range: Cord: (37 Weeks): 0.5-1.41, Children:1-3 Days: 1.0-7.40,1-11 Months: 1.05-2.45,1-5 Years: 1.05-2.69,6-10 Years: 0.94-2.41,11-15 Years: 0.82-2.13, Adolescents (16-20 Years): 0.80-2.10

Reference range: Adults: 20-50 Years: 0.70-2.04, 50-90 Years: 0.40-1.81,

Reference range in Pregnancy: First Trimester: 0.81-1.90,Second Trimester: 1.0-2.60

Increased Levels: Pregnancy, Graves disease, T3 thyrotoxicosis, TSH dependent Hyperthyroidism, increased Thyroid-binding globulin (TBG). Decreased Levels: Nonthyroidal illness, hypothyroidism, nutritional deficiency, systemic illness, decreased Thyroid-binding globulin (TBG).

Comments: Total T4 levels offer a good index of thyroid function when TBG is normal and non-thyroidal illness is not present. This assay is useful for monitoring treatment with synthetic hormones (synthetic T3 will cause low total T4). It also helps to monitor treatment of Hyperthyroidism with Thiouracil or other anti-thyroid drugs.

Reference Range: Males: 4.6-10.5, Females: 5.5-11.0, 60 Years: 5.0-10.70, Cord: 7.40-13.10, Children: 1-3 Days: 11.80-22.60, 1-2 Weeks: 9.90-16.60,1-4 Months: 7.20-14.40,1-5 Years: 7.30-15.0,5-10 Years: 6.4-13.3

1-15 Years: 5.60-11.70, Newborn Screen: 1-5 Days: >7.5,6 Days :>6.5

Increased Levels: Hyperthyroidism, increased TBG, familial dysalbuminemic hyperthyroxinemia, Increased transthyretin, estrogen therapy, pregnancy. Decreased Levels: Primary hypothyroidism, pituitary TSH deficiency, hypothalamic TRH deficiency, non thyroidal illness, decreased TBG.

Comments: TSH is a glycoprotein hormone secreted by the anterior pituitary. TSH is a labile hormone & is secreted in a pulsatile manner throughout the day and is subject to several non-thyroidal pituitary influences. Significant variations in TSH can occur with circadian rhythm, hormonal status, stress, sleep deprivation, caloric intake, medication & circulating antibodies. It is important to confirm any TSH abnormality in a fresh specimen drawn after ~ 3 weeks before assigning a diagnosis, as the cause of an isolated TSH abnormality. Reference range in Pregnancy: I- trimester:0.1-2.5; II -trimester:0.2-3.0; III- trimester:0.3-3.0

Reference range in Newborns: 0-4 days: 1.0-39.0; 2-20 Weeks:1.7-9.1

Increased Levels: Primary hypothyroidism, Subclinical hypothyroidism, TSH dependent Hyperthyroidism and Thyroid hormone resistance.

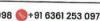
els: Graves disease, Autonomous thyroid hormone secretion, TSH defit

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Age / Gender : 47 years / Male

: Dr. APOLO CLINIC

Reg. No. : 1610230057

C/o : Apollo Clinic

Ref. By Dr.

UHID : 1610230057

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Bill Date

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: Final

Test Name	Result	Unit	Reference Value	Method
Prostate-Specific Antige Serum	n(PSA)-0.61	ng/mL	0.0-4.0	CLIA

Note: 1. This is a recommended test for detection of prostate cancer along with Digital Rectal Examination (DRE) in males above 50 years of age.

2. False negative / positive results are observed in patients receiving mouse monoclonal antibodies for diagnosis or therapy.

3. PSA levels may appear consistently elevated / depressed due to the interference by heterophilic antibodies & nonspecific protein binding.

4. Immediate PSA testing following digital rectal examination, ejaculation, prostatic massage, indwelling catheterization, ultrasonography and needle biopsy of prostate is not recommended as they falsely elevate levels

5. PSA values regardless of levels should not be interpreted as absolute evidence of the presence or absence of disease. All values should be correlated with

clinical findings and results of other investigations

6. Sites of Non-prostatic PSA production are breast epithelium, salivary glands, periurethral & anal glands, cells of male urethra & breast milk

7. Physiological decrease in PSA level by 18% has been observed in hospitalized /sedentary patients either due to supine position or suspended sexual

Recommended Testing Intervals: Pre-operatively (Baseline), 2-4 days post-operatively, Prior to discharge from hospital, Monthly followup if levels are high or show a rising trend.

Clinical Use: -An aid in the early detection of Prostate cancer when used in conjunction with Digital rectal examination in males more than 50 years of age and in those with two or more affected first degree relatives.

-Followup and management of Prostate cancer patients

-Detect metastatic or persistent disease in patients following surgical or medical treatment of Prostate cancer.

Increased Levels: Prostate cancer, Benign Prostatic Hyperplasia, Prostatitis, Genitourinary infections.



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: 47 years / Male

: Dr. APOLO CLINIC

Reg. No. : 1610230057 C/o

Age / Gender

Ref. By Dr.

: Apollo Clinic

Bill Date : 16-Oct-2023 09:13 AM

Sample Col. Date: 16-Oct-2023 09:13 AM **Result Date** : 16-Oct-2023 03:01 PM

Report Status : Final

Test Name	Result	Unit	Reference Value	Method
Urine Routine Examination-	Urine			
Physical Examination				
Colour	Pale Yellow		Pale Yellow	Vional
Appearance	Clear		Clear	Visual
Reaction (pH)	5.5		5.0-7.5	Visual
Specific Gravity	1.015		1.000-1.030	Dipstick -
Biochemical Examination	13		1.000-1.050	Dipstick
Albumin	Negative		Negative	D:
Glucose	Negative		Negative	Dipstick/Precipitation
Bilirubin	Negative		Negative	Dipstick/Benedicts
Ketone Bodies	Negative		Negative	Dipstick/Fouchets
Urobilinogen	Normal		Normal	Dipstick/Rotheras
Nitrite	Negative		DATA DE LEGIS	Dipstick/Ehrlichs
Microscopic Examination	2.108.11.0		Negative	Dipstick
Pus Cells	1-2	hpf	0.0-5.0	
Epithelial Cells	2-3	hpf	0.0-3.0	Microscopy
RBCs	Absent	hpf	Absent	Microscopy
Casts	Absent	прі		Microscopy
Crystals	Absent		Absent Absent	Microscopy
Others	Absent			Microscopy
	- 1000111		Absent	Microscopy

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1610230057

Comments: The kidneys help infiltration of the blood by eliminating waste out of the body through urine. They also regulate water in the body by conserving electrolytes, proteins, and other compounds. But due to some conditions and abnormalities in kidney function, the urine may encompass some abnormal constituents, which are not normally present. A complete urine examination helps in detecting such abnormal constituents in urine. Several disorders can be detected by identifying and measuring the levels of such substances. Blood cells, bilirubin, bacteria, pus cells, epithelial cells may be present in urine due to kidney disease or infection. Routine urine examination helps to diagnose kidney diseases, urinary tract infections,



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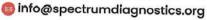
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Age / Gender : 47 years / Male Ref. By Dr.

: Dr. APOLO CLINIC

: 1610230057

C/o : Apollo Clinic

Reg. No.

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Sample Col. Date: 16-Oct-2023 09:13 AM **Result Date** : 16-Oct-2023 03:01 PM

Report Status : Final

Test Name	Result	Unit	Reference Value	Method
Lipid Profile-Serum		ALLECTION TO THE PROPERTY OF T		
Cholesterol Total-Serum	153.00	mg/dL	Male: 0.0 - 200	Cholesterol
Triglycerides-Serum	79.00	mg/dL	Male: 0.0 - 150	Oxidase/Peroxidase Lipase/Glycerol
High-density lipoprotein (HDL) Cholesterol-Serum	41.00	mg/dL	Male: 40.0 - 60.0	Dehydrogenase Accelerator/Selective
Non-HDL cholesterol-Serum Low-density lipoprotein (LDL) Cholesterol-Serum	112 94.00	mg/dL mg/dL	Male: 0.0 - 130 Male: 0.0 - 100.0	Detergent Calculated Cholesterol esterase
Very-low-density lipoprotein (VLDL) cholesterol-Serum	16	mg/dL	Male: 0.0 - 40	and cholesterol oxidase Calculated
Cholesterol/HDL Ratio-Serum	3.73	Ratio	Male: 0.0 - 5.0	Calculated

: 1610230057

1610230057

UHID

Interpretation:

Parameter	Desirable	Borderline High	Trick	
Total Cholesterol			High	Very High
	<200	200-239	>240	
Triglycerides	<150	150-199	200-499	>500
Non-HDL cholesterol	<130	160-189		
Low-density lipoprotein (LDL) Cholesterol		100-189	190-219	>220
bow-density apoptotem (LDL) Cholesterol	<100	100-129	160-189	>190

Comments: As per Lipid Association of India (LAI), for routine screening, overnight fasting preferred but not mandatory. Indians are at very high risk of developing Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular (ASCVD). Among the various risk factors for ASCVD such as dyslipidemia, Diabetes Mellitus, sedentary lifestyle, Hypertension, smoking etc., dyslipidemia has the highest population attributable risk for MI both because of direct association with disease pathogenesis and very high prevalence in Indian population. Hence monitoring lipid profile regularly for effective management of dyslipidemia remains one of the most important healthcare targets for prevention of ASCVD. In addition, estimation of ASCVD risk is an essential, initial step in the management of individuals requiring primary prevention of ASCVD. In the context of lipid management, such a risk estimate forms the basis for several key therapeutic decisions, such as the need for and aggressiveness of statin therapy.



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: 16 Oct, 2023 04:09 pm

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Age / Gender

: 47 years / Male

: Dr. APOLO CLINIC

Reg. No. : 1610230057

C/o : Apollo Clinic **Bill Date**

: 16-Oct-2023 09:13 AM

Sample Col. Date: 16-Oct-2023 09:13 AM

Result Date

: 16-Oct-2023 03:01 PM

Report Status : Final

Test Name

Ref. By Dr.

Result

Positive

Unit

UHID

Reference Value

Method

Blood Group & Rh Typing-Whole Blood EDTA

: 1610230057

1610230057

Blood Group

Rh Type

Slide/Tube

agglutination

Slide/Tube

agglutination

Note: Confirm by tube or gel method.

Comments: ABO blood group system, the classification of human blood based on the inherited properties of red blood cells (erythrocytes) as determined by the presence or absence of the antigens A and B, which are carried on the surface of the red cells. Persons may thus have type A, type B, type O, or type AB blood.



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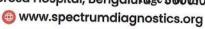
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Test Name	Result	Unit	Reference Value	Method
Post Prandial Urine Sugar Post prandial Blood Glucose (PPBS)-Plasma	Negative 105	mg/dL	Negative 70-140	Dipstick/Benedicts(Man

Comments: Glucose, also called dextrose, one of a group of carbohydrates known as simple sugars (monosaccharides). Glucose has the molecular formula C₆H₁₂O₆. It is found in fruits and honey and is the major free sugar circulating in the blood of higher animals. It is the source of energy in cell function, and the regulation of its metabolism is of great importance (fermentation; gluconeogenesis). Molecules of starch, the major energy-reserve carbohydrate of plants, consist of thousands of linear glucose units. Another major compound composed of glucose is cellulose, which is also linear. Dextrose is the molecule D-glucose. Blood sugar, or glucose, is the main sugar found in the blood. It comes from the food you eat, and it is body's main source of energy. The blood carries glucose to all of the body's cells to use for energy. Diabetes is a disease in which your blood sugar levels are too high.Usage: Glucose determinations are useful in the detection and management of Diabetes mellitus.

Note: Additional tests available for Diabetic control are Glycated Hemoglobin (HbA1c), Fructosamine & Microalbumin urine

Comments: Conditions which can lead to lower postprandial glucose levels as compared to fasting glucose are excessive insulin release, rapid gastric emptying & brisk glucose absorption.

Probable causes: Early Type II Diabetes / Glucose intolerance, Drugs like Salicylates, Beta blockers, Pentamidine etc., Alcohol, Dietary - Intake of excessive carbohydrates and foods with high glycemic index? Exercise in between samples? Family history of Diabetes, Idiopathic, Partial / Total



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C/o

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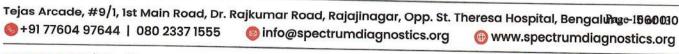
Sample Col. Date: 16-Oct-2023 09:13 AM : 16-Oct-2023 03:01 PM

Report Status

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Test Name	Result	Unit	Reference Value	Method
Complete Haemogram-Whole	Blood EDTA	The state of the s		
Haemoglobin (HB)	13.50	g/dL	Male: 14.0-17.0 Female:12.0-15.0	Spectrophotmeter
Red Blood Cell (RBC)	6.84	million/cur	Newborn:16.50 - 19.50 mm3.50 - 5.50	Volumetric
Packed Cell Volume (PCV)	43.00	%	Male: 42.0-51.0 Female: 36.0-45.0	Impedance Electronic Pulse
Mean corpuscular volume (MCV)	62.90	fL	78.0- 94.0	Calculated
Mean corpuscular hemoglobin (MCH)	19.80	pg	27.50-32.20	Calculated
Mean corpuscular hemoglobin concentration (MCHC)	31.40	%	33.00-35.50	Calculated
Red Blood Cell Distribution Width SD (RDW-SD)	28.40	fL	40.0-55.0	Volumetric
Red Blood Cell Distribution CV (RDW-CV)	15.40	%	Male: 11.80-14.50 Female: 12.20-16.10	Impedance Volumetric
Mean Platelet Volume (MPV)	9.50	fL	8.0-15.0	Impedance Volumetric
Platelet	3.74	lakh/cumm	1.50-4.50	Impedance Volumetric
Platelet Distribution Width (PDW)	12.00	%	8.30 - 56.60	Impedance Volumetric
White Blood cell Count (WBC)		cells/cumm	Male: 4000.0-11000.0 Female 4000.0-11000.0 Children: 6000.0-17500.0 Infants: 9000.0-30000.0	Impedance Volumetric Impedance
Neutrophils	41.90	%	40.0-75.0	Light
ymphocytes	29.10	%	20.0-40.0	scattering/Manual Light
osinophils	23.90	%	0.0-8.0	scattering/Manual Light scattering/Manual

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Test Name	Result	Unit	Reference Value	Method
Monocytes	5.10	%	0.0-10.0	Light
Basophils	0.00	%	0.0-1.0	scattering/Manua Light scattering/Manua
Absolute Neutrophil Count	4.21	10^3/uL	2.0- 7.0	Calculated
Absolute Lymphocyte Count	2.94	10^3/uL	1.0-3.0	Calculated
Absolute Monocyte Count	0.52	10^3/uL	0.20-1.00	Calculated
Absolute Eosinophil Count	2410.00	cells/cumm	40-440	Calculated
Absolute Basophil Count	0.00	10^3/uL	0.0-0.10	
Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR)	40	mm/hr	Female: 0.0-20.0 Male: 0.0-10.0	Calculated Westergren

1610230057

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Peripheral Smear Examination-Whole Blood EDTA

Method: (Microscopy-Manual)

: Are closely placed and are predominantly microytic hypochromic. Poikilocytes are also noted.

: Are normal in total number. Marked raise in eosinophils is noted.

: Adequate in number and normal in morphology. **Platelets**

No abnormal cells or hemoparasites are present.

Microcytic Hypochromic Blood picture with marked eosinophilia. Impression:



RBC'S

WBC'S

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Test Name	Result	Unit	Reference Value	Method
KFT (Kidney Function Test) Blood Urea Nitrogen (BUN)- Serum	8.00	mg/dL	7.0-18.0	GLDH,Kinetic Assay
Creatinine-Serum	1.23	mg/dL	Male: 0.70-1.30 Female: 0.55-1.02	Modified
Uric Acid-Serum	7.79	mg/dL	Male: 3.50-7.20 Female: 2.60-6.00	kinetic Jaffe Uricase PAP
Sodium (Na+)-Serum	139.5	mmol/L	135.0-145.0	Ion-Selective Electrodes (ISE)
Potassium (K+)-Serum	4.64	mmol/L	3.5 to 5.5	Ion-Selective Electrodes
Chloride(Cl-)-Serum	101.10	mmol/L	94.0-110.0	(ISE) Ion-Selective Electrodes

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Test Name	Result	Unit	Reference Value	Method
LFT-Liver Function Test -Seru	m			
Bilirubin Total-Serum	0.98	mg/dL	0.2-1.0	Caffeine Benzoate
Bilirubin Direct-Serum	0.13	mg/dL	0.0-0.2	Diazotised Sulphanilic Acid
Bilirubin Indirect-Serum	0.85	mg/dL	0.0-1.10	Direct Measure
Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST/SGOT)-Serum	36.00	U/L	15.0-37.0	UV with Pyridoxal - 5 - Phosphate
Alanine Aminotransferase ALT/SGPT)-Serum	40.00	U/L	Male:16.0-63.0 Female:14.0-59.0	UV with Pyridoxal - 5 - Phosphate
lkaline Phosphatase (ALP)- erum	72.00	U/L	Adult: 45.0-117.0 Children: 48.0-445.0 Infants: 81.90-350.30	PNPP,AMP- Buffer
rotein, Total-Serum	8.18	g/dL	6.40-8.20	Biuret/Endpoint- With Blank
lbumin-Serum	4.23	g/dL	3.40-5.00	Bromocresol Purple
Hobulin-Serum	3.95	g/dL	2.0-3.50	Calculated
lbumin/Globulin Ratio-Serum	1.07	Ratio	0.80-1.20	Calculated

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