

PATIENT NAME : NEHA GUPTA

REF. DOCTOR : SELF

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138394

ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD ( MEDIWHEEL )  
F-703, F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST  
DELHI  
NEW DELHI 110030  
8800465156

ACCESSION NO : 0181WD000456

PATIENT ID : NEHAF091291181

CLIENT PATIENT ID:

ABHA NO :

AGE/SEX : 31 Years Female

DRAWN :

RECEIVED : 08/04/2023 08:15:06

REPORTED : 12/04/2023 14:48:38

Test Report Status **Final**

Results

Biological Reference Interval Units

**MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP BELOW 40FEMALE**

**XRAY-CHEST**

IMPRESSION NO ABNORMALITY DETECTED

**TMT OR ECHO**

TMT OR ECHO NEGATIVE

**ECG**

ECG WITHIN NORMAL LIMITS

**MEDICAL HISTORY**

RELEVANT PRESENT HISTORY NOT SIGNIFICANT

RELEVANT PAST HISTORY NOT SIGNIFICANT

RELEVANT PERSONAL HISTORY MARRIED / 1 CHILD / VEG DIET / NO ALLERGIES / NO SMOKING / NO ALCOHOL.

MENSTRUAL HISTORY (FOR FEMALES) LACTATIONAL AMENORRHEA.

LMP (FOR FEMALES) 26/5/2022.

OBSTETRIC HISTORY (FOR FEMALES) 1FTNDA0L1

LCB (FOR FEMALES) 2 MONTH BACK.

RELEVANT FAMILY HISTORY NOT SIGNIFICANT

OCCUPATIONAL HISTORY NOT SIGNIFICANT

HISTORY OF MEDICATIONS NOT SIGNIFICANT

**ANTHROPOMETRIC DATA & BMI**

HEIGHT IN METERS 1.57 mts

WEIGHT IN KGS. 71 Kgs

BMI 29 BMI & Weight Status as follows: kg/sqmts

Below 18.5: Underweight

18.5 - 24.9: Normal

25.0 - 29.9: Overweight

30.0 and Above: Obese

**GENERAL EXAMINATION**

MENTAL / EMOTIONAL STATE NORMAL

PHYSICAL ATTITUDE NORMAL

GENERAL APPEARANCE / NUTRITIONAL STATUS OVERWEIGHT

BUILT / SKELETAL FRAMEWORK AVERAGE

FACIAL APPEARANCE NORMAL

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SRL Ltd  
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THANE, 400602  
MAHARASHTRA, INDIA  
Tel : 9111591115, Fax : CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956  
Email : customercare.thane@srl.in



Patient Ref. No. 775000002843596

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SKIN	NORMAL		
UPPER LIMB	NORMAL		
LOWER LIMB	NORMAL		
NECK	NORMAL		
NECK LYMPHATICS / SALIVARY GLANDS	NOT ENLARGED OR TENDER		
THYROID GLAND	NOT ENLARGED		
CAROTID PULSATION	NORMAL		
BREAST (FOR FEMALES)	NORMAL		
TEMPERATURE	NORMAL		
PULSE	88/MIN.REGULAR, ALL PERIPHERAL PULSES WELL FELT, NO CAROTID BRUIT		
RESPIRATORY RATE	NORMAL		
<b>CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM</b>			
BP	114/80 MM HG (SUPINE)		mm/Hg
PERICARDIUM	NORMAL		
APEX BEAT	NORMAL		
HEART SOUNDS	NORMAL		
MURMURS	ABSENT		
<b>RESPIRATORY SYSTEM</b>			
SIZE AND SHAPE OF CHEST	NORMAL		
MOVEMENTS OF CHEST	SYMMETRICAL		
BREATH SOUNDS INTENSITY	NORMAL		
BREATH SOUNDS QUALITY	VESICULAR (NORMAL)		
ADDED SOUNDS	ABSENT		
<b>PER ABDOMEN</b>			
APPEARANCE	NORMAL		
VENOUS PROMINENCE	ABSENT		
LIVER	NOT PALPABLE		
SPLEEN	NOT PALPABLE		
HERNIA	ABSENT		
<b>CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM</b>			
HIGHER FUNCTIONS	NORMAL		

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CRANIAL NERVES	NORMAL
CEREBELLAR FUNCTIONS	NORMAL
SENSORY SYSTEM	NORMAL
MOTOR SYSTEM	NORMAL
REFLEXES	NORMAL
<b>MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM</b>	
SPINE	NORMAL
JOINTS	NORMAL
<b>BASIC EYE EXAMINATION</b>	
CONJUNCTIVA	NORMAL
EYELIDS	NORMAL
EYE MOVEMENTS	NORMAL
CORNEA	NORMAL
DISTANT VISION RIGHT EYE WITHOUT GLASSES	WITHIN NORMAL LIMIT
DISTANT VISION LEFT EYE WITHOUT GLASSES	WITHIN NORMAL LIMIT
NEAR VISION RIGHT EYE WITHOUT GLASSES	WITHIN NORMAL LIMIT
NEAR VISION LEFT EYE WITHOUT GLASSES	WITHIN NORMAL LIMIT
COLOUR VISION	NORMAL
<b>SUMMARY</b>	
RELEVANT HISTORY	NOT SIGNIFICANT
RELEVANT GP EXAMINATION FINDINGS	OVERWEIGHT.
REMARKS / RECOMMENDATIONS	ANNUAL HEALTH CHECK UP.

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**Test Report Status** Final

**Results**

**Biological Reference Interval**

**Units**

**MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP BELOW 40FEMALE**

**ULTRASOUND ABDOMEN**

**ULTRASOUND ABDOMEN**

NO ABNORMALITIES DETECTED

**Interpretation(s)**

MEDICAL

HISTORY\*\*\*\*\*

THIS REPORT CARRIES THE SIGNATURE OF OUR LABORATORY DIRECTOR. THIS IS AN INVIOABLE FEATURE OF OUR LAB MANAGEMENT SOFTWARE. HOWEVER, ALL EXAMINATIONS AND INVESTIGATIONS HAVE BEEN CONDUCTED BY OUR PANEL OF DOCTORS.

\*\*\*\*\*

**\*\*End Of Report\*\***

Please visit [www.srlworld.com](http://www.srlworld.com) for related Test Information for this accession



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HAEMATOLOGY - CBC

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP BELOW 40FEMALE

BLOOD COUNTS, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

HEMOGLOBIN (HB)	11.0 Low	12.0 - 15.0	g/dL
METHOD : SLS- HEMOGLOBIN DETECTION METHOD			
RED BLOOD CELL (RBC) COUNT	3.83	3.8 - 4.8	mil/ $\mu$ L
METHOD : HYDRODYNAMIC FOCUSING BY DC DETECTION			
WHITE BLOOD CELL (WBC) COUNT	7.82	4.0 - 10.0	thou/ $\mu$ L
METHOD : FLUORESCENCE FLOW CYTOMETRY			
PLATELET COUNT	255	150 - 410	thou/ $\mu$ L
METHOD : HYDRODYNAMIC FOCUSING BY DC DETECTION			

RBC AND PLATELET INDICES

HEMATOCRIT (PCV)	35.2 Low	36.0 - 46.0	%
METHOD : CUMULATIVE PULSE HEIGHT DETECTION METHOD			
MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOLUME (MCV)	91.9	83.0 - 101.0	fL
METHOD : CALCULATED FROM RBC & HCT			
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN (MCH)	28.7	27.0 - 32.0	pg
METHOD : CALCULATED FROM THE RBC & HGB			
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN CONCENTRATION (MCHC)	31.3 Low	31.5 - 34.5	g/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED FROM THE HGB & HCT			
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW)	12.8	11.6 - 14.0	%
METHOD : CALCULATED FROM RBC SIZE DISTRIBUTION CURVE			
MENTZER INDEX	24.0		
MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV)	13.0 High	6.8 - 10.9	fL
METHOD : CALCULATED FROM PLATELET COUNT & PLATELET HEMATOCRIT			

WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT

NEUTROPHILS	56	40 - 80	%
METHOD : FLOW CYTOMETRY WITH LIGHT SCATTERING			
LYMPHOCYTES	32	20 - 40	%
METHOD : FLOW CYTOMETRY WITH LIGHT SCATTERING			
MONOCYTES	6	2 - 10	%
METHOD : FLOW CYTOMETRY WITH LIGHT SCATTERING			
EOSINOPHILS	6	1 - 6	%
METHOD : FLOW CYTOMETRY WITH LIGHT SCATTERING			
BASOPHILS	0	0 - 1	%
METHOD : FLOW CYTOMETRY WITH LIGHT SCATTERING			
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT	4.38	2.0 - 7.0	thou/ $\mu$ L

*Chinchkhede*

Dr. Priyal Chinchkhede  
Consultant Pathologist

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METHOD : FLOW CYTOMETRY WITH LIGHT SCATTERING

ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT

2.47

1.0 - 3.0

thou/ $\mu$ L

METHOD : FLOW CYTOMETRY WITH LIGHT SCATTERING

ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT

0.48

0.2 - 1.0

thou/ $\mu$ L

METHOD : FLOW CYTOMETRY WITH LIGHT SCATTERING

ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT

0.46

0.02 - 0.50

thou/ $\mu$ L

METHOD : FLOW CYTOMETRY WITH LIGHT SCATTERING

ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT

0.00 Low

0.02 - 0.10

thou/ $\mu$ L

METHOD : FLOW CYTOMETRY WITH LIGHT SCATTERING

NEUTROPHIL LYMPHOCYTE RATIO (NLR)

1.8

### MORPHOLOGY

RBC

NORMOCYTIC NORMOCHROMIC

WBC

NORMAL MORPHOLOGY

METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

PLATELETS

ADEQUATE

### Interpretation(s)

BLOOD COUNTS,EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-The cell morphology is well preserved for 24hrs. However after 24-48 hrs a progressive increase in MCV and HCT is observed leading to a decrease in MCHC. A direct smear is recommended for an accurate differential count and for examination of RBC morphology.

RBC AND PLATELET INDICES-Mentzer index (MCV/RBC) is an automated cell-counter based calculated screen tool to differentiate cases of Iron deficiency anaemia(>13) from Beta thalassaemia trait

(<13) in patients with microcytic anaemia. This needs to be interpreted in line with clinical correlation and suspicion. Estimation of HbA2 remains the gold standard for diagnosing a case of beta thalassaemia trait.

WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT-The optimal threshold of 3.3 for NLR showed a prognostic possibility of clinical symptoms to change from mild to severe in COVID positive patients. When age = 49.5 years old and NLR = 3.3, 46.1% COVID-19 patients with mild disease might become severe. By contrast, when age < 49.5 years old and NLR < 3.3, COVID-19 patients tend to show mild disease.

(Reference to - The diagnostic and predictive role of NLR, d-NLR and PLR in COVID-19 patients ; A.-P. Yang, et al.; International Immunopharmacology 84 (2020) 106504 This ratio element is a calculated parameter and out of NABL scope.

*Dr. Priyal Chinchkhede*

Dr. Priyal Chinchkhede  
Consultant Pathologist

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**HAEMATOLOGY**

**MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP BELOW 40FEMALE**

**ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR),WHOLE BLOOD**

E.S.R **21 High** < 20 mm at 1 hr

METHOD : MODIFIED WESTERGREN

**Interpretation(s)**

**ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR),WHOLE BLOOD-TEST DESCRIPTION :-**

Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a test that indirectly measures the degree of inflammation present in the body. The test actually measures the rate of fall (sedimentation) of erythrocytes in a sample of blood that has been placed into a tall, thin, vertical tube. Results are reported as the millimetres of clear fluid (plasma) that are present at the top portion of the tube after one hour. Nowadays fully automated instruments are available to measure ESR.

ESR is not diagnostic; it is a non-specific test that may be elevated in a number of different conditions. It provides general information about the presence of an inflammatory condition. CRP is superior to ESR because it is more sensitive and reflects a more rapid change.

**TEST INTERPRETATION**

**Increase** in: Infections, Vasculitides, Inflammatory arthritis, Renal disease, Anemia, Malignancies and plasma cell dyscrasias, Acute allergy Tissue injury, Pregnancy, Estrogen medication, Aging.

Finding a very accelerated ESR (> 100 mm/hour) in patients with ill-defined symptoms directs the physician to search for a systemic disease (Paraproteinemias, Disseminated malignancies, connective tissue disease, severe infections such as bacterial endocarditis).

In pregnancy BRI in first trimester is 0-48 mm/hr(62 if anemic) and in second trimester (0-70 mm /hr(95 if anemic). ESR returns to normal 4th week post partum.

**Decreased** in: Polycythemia vera, Sickle cell anemia

**LIMITATIONS**

**False elevated** ESR : Increased fibrinogen, Drugs(Vitamin A, Dextran etc.), Hypercholesterolemia

**False Decreased** : Poikilocytosis,(SickleCells,spherocytes),Microcytosis, Low fibrinogen, Very high WBC counts, Drugs(Quinine, salicylates)

**REFERENCE :**

1. Nathan and Oski's Haematology of Infancy and Childhood, 5th edition; 2. Paediatric reference intervals. AACC Press, 7th edition. Edited by S. Soldin; 3. The reference for the adult reference range is "Practical Haematology by Dacie and Lewis,10th edition.

Dr.Priyal Chinchkhede  
Consultant Pathologist

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**IMMUNOHAEMATOLOGY**

**MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP BELOW 40FEMALE**

**ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD**

ABO GROUP	TYPE B
METHOD : GEL COLUMN AGGLUTINATION METHOD.	
RH TYPE	POSITIVE
METHOD : GEL COLUMN AGGLUTINATION METHOD.	

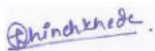
**Interpretation(s)**

ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-

Blood group is identified by antigens and antibodies present in the blood. Antigens are protein molecules found on the surface of red blood cells. Antibodies are found in plasma. To determine blood group, red cells are mixed with different antibody solutions to give A, B, O or AB.

Disclaimer: "Please note, as the results of previous ABO and Rh group (Blood Group) for pregnant women are not available, please check with the patient records for availability of the same."

The test is performed by both forward as well as reverse grouping methods.



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Dr. Ushma Wartikar  
Consultant Pathologist

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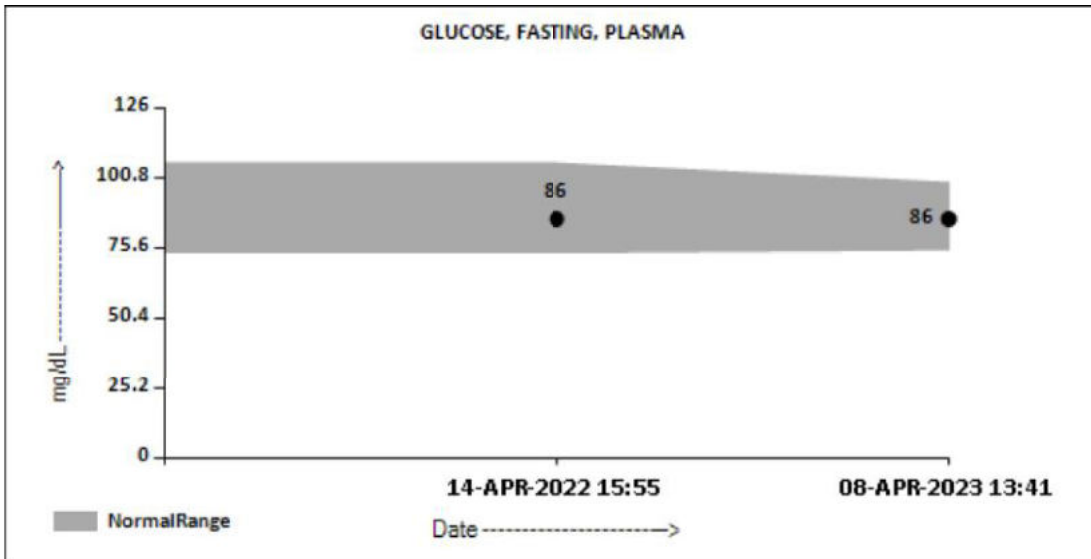
BIOCHEMISTRY

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP BELOW 40FEMALE

GLUCOSE FASTING,FLUORIDE PLASMA

FBS (FASTING BLOOD SUGAR) 86 Normal 75 - 99 mg/dL  
Pre-diabetics: 100 - 125  
Diabetic: > or = 126

METHOD : ENZYMATIC REFERENCE METHOD WITH HEXOKINASE



GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

HBA1C 5.3 Non-diabetic Adult < 5.7 %  
Pre-diabetes 5.7 - 6.4  
Diabetes diagnosis: > or = 6.5  
Therapeutic goals: < 7.0  
Action suggested : > 8.0  
(ADA Guideline 2021)

METHOD : HPLC

ESTIMATED AVERAGE GLUCOSE(EAG) 105.4 < 116.0 mg/dL

METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER

GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA

Dr. Ushma Wartikar  
Consultant Pathologist

Dr. Priyal Chinchkhede  
Consultant Pathologist

Dr. (Mrs) Neelu K Bhojani  
Lab Head



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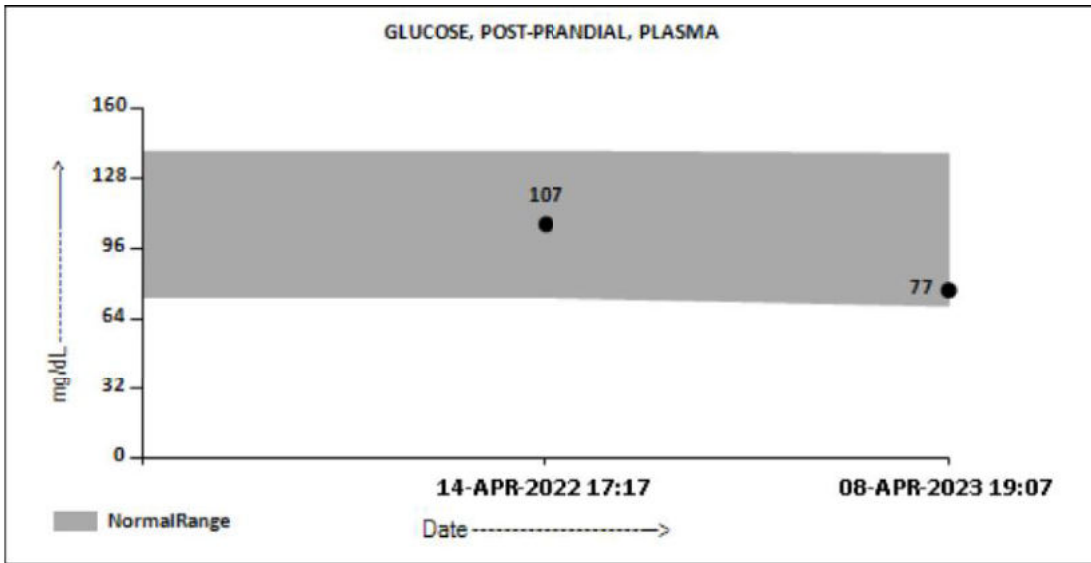
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PPBS(POST PRANDIAL BLOOD SUGAR) 77 70 - 139 mg/dL

METHOD : ENZYMATIC REFERENCE METHOD WITH HEXOKINASE



LIPID PROFILE, SERUM

CHOLESTEROL, TOTAL 141 Desirable : < 200 mg/dL

Borderline : 200 - 239  
High : > / = 240

METHOD : ENZYMATIC COLORIMETRIC ASSAY

TRIGLYCERIDES 57 Normal: < 150 mg/dL

Borderline high: 150 - 199  
High: 200 - 499  
Very High: > / = 500

METHOD : ENZYMATIC COLORIMETRIC ASSAY

HDL CHOLESTEROL 55 At Risk: < 40 mg/dL

Desirable: > or = 60

METHOD : ENZYMATIC, COLORIMETRIC

Dr. Ushma Wartikar  
Consultant Pathologist

Dr. Priyal Chinchkhede  
Consultant Pathologist

Dr. (Mrs) Neelu K Bhojani  
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CHOLESTEROL LDL	75	Adult levels: Optimal < 100 Near optimal/above optimal: 100-129 Borderline high : 130-159 High : 160-189 Very high : = 190	mg/dL
METHOD : ENZYMATIC COLORIMETRIC ASSAY			
NON HDL CHOLESTEROL	86	Desirable : < 130 Above Desirable : 130 -159 Borderline High : 160 - 189 High : 190 - 219 Very high : > / = 220	mg/dL
VERY LOW DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN CHOL/HDL RATIO	11.4 2.6 <b>Low</b>	< OR = 30.0 Low Risk : 3.3 - 4.4 Average Risk : 4.5 - 7.0 Moderate Risk : 7.1 - 11.0 High Risk : > 11.0	mg/dL
LDL/HDL RATIO	1.4	0.5 - 3.0 Desirable/Low Risk 3.1 - 6.0 Borderline/Moderate Risk >6.0 High Risk	

Interpretation(s)

LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM

BILIRUBIN, TOTAL	0.24	Upto 1.2	mg/dL
METHOD : COLORIMETRIC DIAZO			
BILIRUBIN, DIRECT	0.14	< 0.30	mg/dL
BILIRUBIN, INDIRECT	0.10	0.1 - 1.0	mg/dL
TOTAL PROTEIN	6.4	6.0 - 8.0	g/dL
METHOD : COLORIMETRIC			
ALBUMIN	4.3	3.97 - 4.94	g/dL
METHOD : COLORIMETRIC			
GLOBULIN	2.1	2.0 - 3.5	g/dL
ALBUMIN/GLOBULIN RATIO	2.1	1.0 - 2.1	RATIO
ASPARTATE AMINOTRANSFERASE(AST/SGOT)	26	< OR = 35	U/L
METHOD : UV ABSORBANCE			
ALANINE AMINOTRANSFERASE (ALT/SGPT)	28	< OR = 35	U/L

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Patient Ref. No. 775000002843596

PATIENT NAME : NEHA GUPTA

REF. DOCTOR : SELF

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138394  
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DELHI  
NEW DELHI 110030  
8800465156

ACCESSION NO : **0181WD000456**  
PATIENT ID : NEHAF091291181  
CLIENT PATIENT ID:  
ABHA NO :

AGE/SEX : 31 Years Female  
DRAWN :  
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Test Report Status	Final	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
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METHOD : UV ABSORBANCE

ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE

113 High

35 - 104

U/L

METHOD : COLORIMETRIC

GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE (GGT)

7

0 - 40

U/L

METHOD : ENZYMATIC, COLORIMETRIC

LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE

164

125 - 220

U/L

METHOD : UV ABSORBANCE

**BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM**

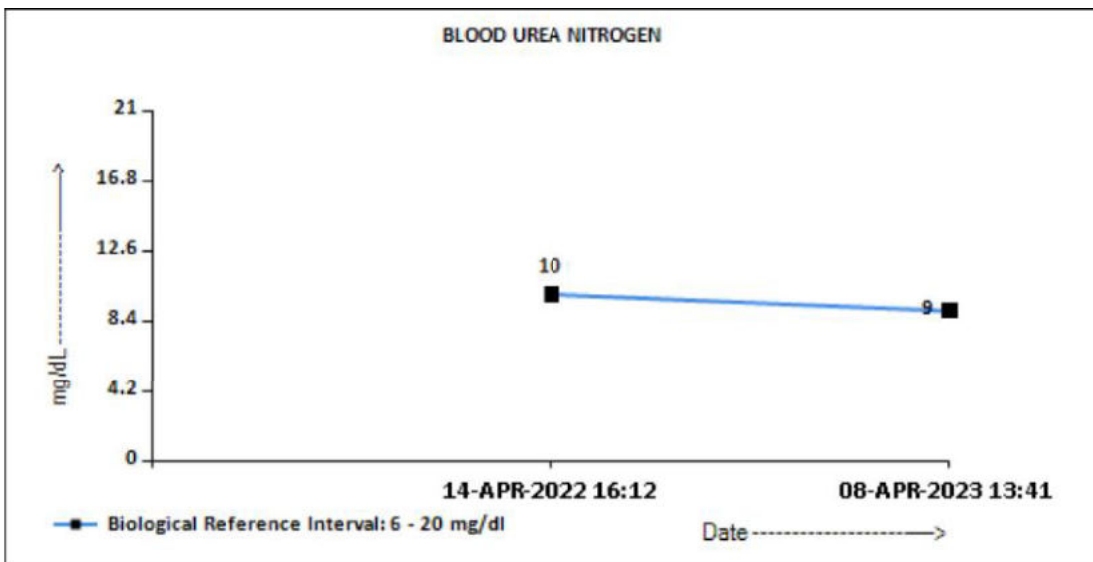
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN

9

6 - 20

mg/dL

METHOD : ENZYMATIC ASSAY



**CREATININE, SERUM**

CREATININE

0.67

0.5 - 0.9

mg/dL

METHOD : COLORIMETRIC

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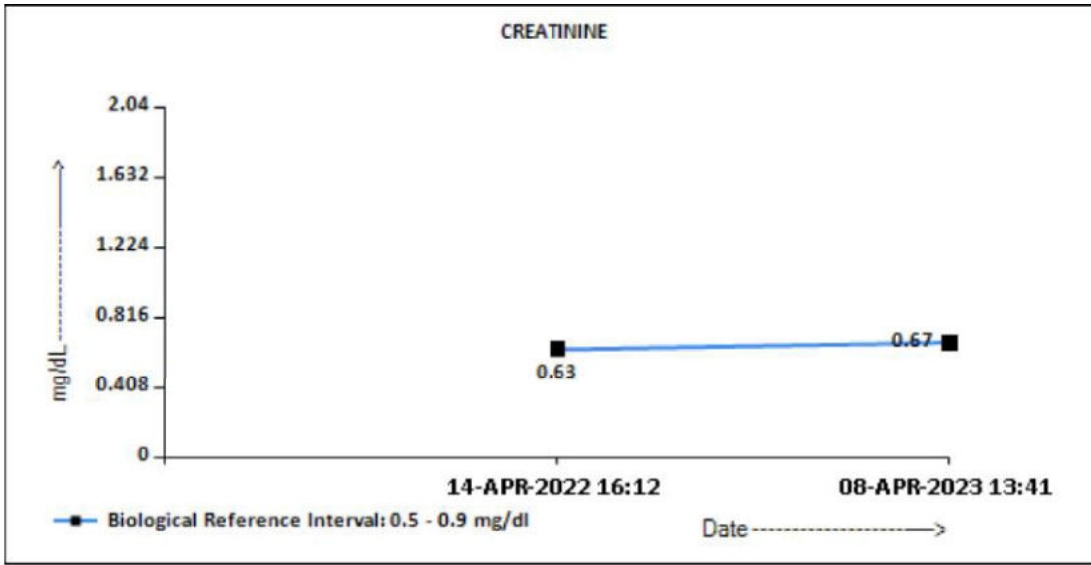
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**BUN/CREAT RATIO**

BUN/CREAT RATIO 13.43 8.0 - 15.0

**URIC ACID, SERUM**

URIC ACID 3.0 2.4 - 5.7 mg/dL  
METHOD : ENZYMATIC COLORIMETRIC ASSAY

**TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM**

TOTAL PROTEIN 6.4 6.0 - 8.0 g/dL  
METHOD : COLORIMETRIC

**ALBUMIN, SERUM**

ALBUMIN 4.3 3.97 - 4.94 g/dL  
METHOD : COLORIMETRIC

**GLOBULIN**

GLOBULIN 2.1 2.0 - 3.5 g/dL

**ELECTROLYTES (NA/K/CL), SERUM**

SODIUM, SERUM 136 136 - 145 mmol/L

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POTASSIUM, SERUM 4.52 3.5 - 5.1 mmol/L  
CHLORIDE, SERUM 103 98 - 107 mmol/L

Interpretation(s)

Table with 3 columns: Sodium, Potassium, Chloride. Each column contains clinical interpretation and interferences for various conditions.

Interpretation(s)

GLUCOSE FASTING, FLUORIDE PLASMA-TEST DESCRIPTION

Normally, the glucose concentration in extracellular fluid is closely regulated so that a source of energy is readily available to tissues and so that no glucose is excreted in the urine.

Increased in: Diabetes mellitus, Cushing's syndrome (10 - 15%), chronic pancreatitis (30%). Drugs: corticosteroids, phenytoin, estrogen, thiazides.

Decreased in: Pancreatic islet cell disease with increased insulin, insulinoma, adrenocortical insufficiency, hypopituitarism, diffuse liver disease, malignancy (adrenocortical, stomach, fibrosarcoma), infant of a diabetic mother, enzyme deficiency diseases (e.g. galactosemia), Drugs: insulin, ethanol, propranolol; sulfonyleureas, tolbutamide, and other oral hypoglycemic agents.

NOTE: While random serum glucose levels correlate with home glucose monitoring results (weekly mean capillary glucose values), there is wide fluctuation within individuals. Thus, glycosylated hemoglobin (HbA1c) levels are favored to monitor glycemic control.

High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glycosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc.

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-Used For:

- 1. Evaluating the long-term control of blood glucose concentrations in diabetic patients.
2. Diagnosing diabetes.
3. Identifying patients at increased risk for diabetes (prediabetes).

The ADA recommends measurement of HbA1c (typically 3-4 times per year for type 1 and poorly controlled type 2 diabetic patients, and 2 times per year for well-controlled type 2 diabetic patients) to determine whether a patient's metabolic control has remained continuously within the target range.

Signature of Dr. Ushma Wartikar

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Consultant Pathologist

Signature of Dr. Priyal Chinchkhede

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- eAG (Estimated average glucose) converts percentage HbA1c to mg/dl, to compare blood glucose levels.
- eAG gives an evaluation of blood glucose levels for the last couple of months.
- eAG is calculated as  $eAG (mg/dl) = 28.7 * HbA1c - 46.7$

**HbA1c Estimation can get affected due to :**

- Shortened Erythrocyte survival : Any condition that shortens erythrocyte survival or decreases mean erythrocyte age (e.g. recovery from acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia) will falsely lower HbA1c test results. Fructosamine is recommended in these patients which indicates diabetes control over 15 days.
- Vitamin C & E are reported to falsely lower test results (possibly by inhibiting glycation of hemoglobin).
- Iron deficiency anemia is reported to increase test results. Hypertriglyceridemia, uremia, hyperbilirubinemia, chronic alcoholism, chronic ingestion of salicylates & opiates addiction are reported to interfere with some assay methods, falsely increasing results.
- Interference of hemoglobinopathies in HbA1c estimation is seen in

a) Homozygous hemoglobinopathy. Fructosamine is recommended for testing of HbA1c.

b) Heterozygous state detected (D10 is corrected for HbS & HbC trait.)

c) HbF > 25% on alternate platform (Boronate affinity chromatography) is recommended for testing of HbA1c. Abnormal Hemoglobin electrophoresis (HPLC method) is recommended for detecting a hemoglobinopathy

GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA-High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glycosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc. Additional test HbA1c LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM-

**Bilirubin** is a yellowish pigment found in bile and is a breakdown product of normal heme catabolism. Bilirubin is excreted in bile and urine, and elevated levels may give yellow discoloration in jaundice. **Elevated levels** results from increased bilirubin production (eg, hemolysis and ineffective erythropoiesis), decreased bilirubin excretion (eg, obstruction and hepatitis), and abnormal bilirubin metabolism (eg, hereditary and neonatal jaundice). Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin in Viral hepatitis, Drug reactions, Alcoholic liver disease. Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is also elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin when there is some kind of blockage of the bile ducts like in Gallstones getting into the bile ducts, tumors & scarring of the bile ducts. Increased unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin may be a result of Hemolytic or pernicious anemia, Transfusion reaction & a common metabolic condition termed Gilbert syndrome, due to low levels of the enzyme that attaches sugar molecules to bilirubin.

**AST** is an enzyme found in various parts of the body. AST is found in the liver, heart, skeletal muscle, kidneys, brain, and red blood cells, and it is commonly measured clinically as a marker for liver health. AST levels increase during chronic viral hepatitis, blockage of the bile duct, cirrhosis of the liver, liver cancer, kidney failure, hemolytic anemia, pancreatitis, hemochromatosis. AST levels may also increase after a heart attack or strenuous activity. ALT test measures the amount of this enzyme in the blood. ALT is found mainly in the liver, but also in smaller amounts in the kidneys, heart, muscles, and pancreas. It is commonly measured as a part of a diagnostic evaluation of hepatocellular injury, to determine liver health. AST levels increase during acute hepatitis, sometimes due to a viral infection, ischemia to the liver, chronic hepatitis, obstruction of bile ducts, cirrhosis.

**ALP** is a protein found in almost all body tissues. Tissues with higher amounts of ALP include the liver, bile ducts and bone. Elevated ALP levels are seen in Biliary obstruction, Osteoblastic bone tumors, osteomalacia, hepatitis, Hyperparathyroidism, Leukemia, Lymphoma, Pagets disease, Rickets, Sarcoidosis etc. Lower-than-normal ALP levels seen in Hypophosphatasia, Malnutrition, Protein deficiency, Wilsons disease.

**GGT** is an enzyme found in cell membranes of many tissues mainly in the liver, kidney and pancreas. It is also found in other tissues including intestine, spleen, heart, brain and seminal vesicles. The highest concentration is in the kidney, but the liver is considered the source of normal enzyme activity. Serum GGT has been widely used as an index of liver dysfunction. Elevated serum GGT activity can be found in diseases of the liver, biliary system and pancreas. Conditions that increase serum GGT are obstructive liver disease, high alcohol consumption and use of enzyme-inducing drugs etc.

**Total Protein** also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum. Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin. Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstroms disease. Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage), Burns, Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc.

**Albumin** is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance, malnutrition and wasting etc.

**BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM-Causes of Increased levels** include Pre renal (High protein diet, Increased protein catabolism, GI haemorrhage, Cortisol, Dehydration, CHF Renal), Renal Failure, Post Renal (Malignancy, Nephrolithiasis, Prostatism)

**Causes of decreased level** include Liver disease, SIADH.

**CREATININE, SERUM-Higher than normal level may be due to:**

- Blockage in the urinary tract, Kidney problems, such as kidney damage or failure, infection, or reduced blood flow, Loss of body fluid (dehydration), Muscle problems, such as breakdown of muscle fibers, Problems during pregnancy, such as seizures (eclampsia), or high blood pressure caused by pregnancy (preeclampsia)

**Lower than normal level may be due to:** Myasthenia Gravis, Muscuophy

**URIC ACID, SERUM-Causes of Increased levels:** -Dietary (High Protein Intake, Prolonged Fasting, Rapid weight loss), Gout, Lesch nyhan syndrome, Type 2 DM, Metabolic syndrome **Causes of decreased levels**-Low Zinc intake, OCP, Multiple Sclerosis

**TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM-**is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum. Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin.

**Higher-than-normal levels may be due to:** Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstroms disease.

**Lower-than-normal levels may be due to:** Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage), Burns, Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc.

**ALBUMIN, SERUM-**

Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. **Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by:** Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance, malnutrition and wasting etc.

Dr. Ushma Wartikar  
Consultant Pathologist

Dr. Priyank Chinchkhede  
Consultant Pathologist

Dr. (Mrs) Neelu K Bhojani  
Lab Head



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Patient Ref. No. 775000002843596

PATIENT NAME : NEHA GUPTA

REF. DOCTOR : SELF

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Test Report Status **Final** Results Biological Reference Interval Units

CLINICAL PATH - URINALYSIS

**MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP BELOW 40FEMALE**

**PHYSICAL EXAMINATION, URINE**

COLOR YELLOWISH  
APPEARANCE CLEAR

**CHEMICAL EXAMINATION, URINE**

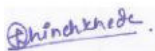
PH	6.0	5.00 - 7.50
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.020	1.010 - 1.030
METHOD : URINE ROUTINE & MICROSCOPY EXAMINATION BY INTEGRATED AUTOMATED SYSTEM		
PROTEIN	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
GLUCOSE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
KETONES	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
BLOOD	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
UROBILINOGEN	NORMAL	NORMAL
NITRITE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
LEUKOCYTE ESTERASE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED

**MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION, URINE**

RED BLOOD CELLS	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	/HPF
PUS CELL (WBC'S)	3-5	0-5	/HPF
EPITHELIAL CELLS	1-2	0-5	/HPF
CASTS	NOT DETECTED		
CRYSTALS	NOT DETECTED		
BACTERIA	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
YEAST	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	

METHOD : URINE ROUTINE & MICROSCOPY EXAMINATION BY INTEGRATED AUTOMATED SYSTEM

**Interpretation(s)**



Dr. Priyal Chinchkhede  
Consultant Pathologist



Dr. Ushma Wartikar  
Consultant Pathologist



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**CYTOLOGY**

**MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP BELOW 40FEMALE**

**PAPANICOLAOU SMEAR**

**TEST METHOD**

METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

CONVENTIONAL GYNEC CYTOLOGY

**SPECIMEN TYPE**

METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

P-526/23

TWO UNSTAINED CERVICAL SMEARS RECEIVED

**REPORTING SYSTEM**

2014 BETHESDA SYSTEM FOR REPORTING CERVICAL CYTOLOGY

**SPECIMEN ADEQUACY**

METHOD : PAP STAIN & MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

SATISFACTORY

**MICROSCOPY**

METHOD : PAP STAIN

THE SMEARS SHOW MAINLY SUPERFICIAL SQUAMOUS CELLS, FEW INTERMEDIATE SQUAMOUS CELLS, MANY CLUSTERS OF ENDOCERVICAL CELLS IN THE BACKGROUND OF FEW POLYMORPHS.

**INTERPRETATION / RESULT**

METHOD : PAP STAIN & MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

NEGATIVE FOR INTRAEPITHELIAL LESION OR MALIGNANCY

**Comments**

PLEASE NOTE PAPANICOLAOU SMEAR STUDY IS A SCREENING PROCEDURE FOR CERVICAL CANCER WITH INHERENT FALSE NEGATIVE RESULTS HENCE SHOULD BE INTERPRETED WITH CAUTION. NO CYTOLOGICAL EVIDENCE OF HPV INFECTION IN THE SMEARS STUDIED. SMEARS WILL BE PRESERVED FOR 5 YEARS ONLY.

*Chinchkhede*

Dr.Priyal Chinchkhede  
Consultant Pathologist

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CLINICAL PATH - STOOL ANALYSIS

**MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP BELOW 40FEMALE**

**PHYSICAL EXAMINATION,STOOL**

COLOUR	DARK BROWN		
METHOD : VISUAL			
CONSISTENCY	SEMI FORMED		
METHOD : VISUAL			
MUCUS	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : VISUAL			
VISIBLE BLOOD	ABSENT	ABSENT	
METHOD : VISUAL			
<b>CHEMICAL EXAMINATION,STOOL</b>			
OCCULT BLOOD	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : HEMOSPOT			
<b>MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION,STOOL</b>			
PUS CELLS	2-3		/hpf
RED BLOOD CELLS	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	/HPF
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			
CYSTS	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			
OVA	NOT DETECTED		
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			
LARVAE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			
TROPHOZOITES	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			
FAT	ABSENT		
VEGETABLE CELLS	<b>PRESENT</b>		
CONCENTRATION METHOD	NO OVA CYST SEEN AFTER PERFORMING CONCENTRATION TECHNIQUE FOR STOOL SAMPLE		

**Interpretation(s)**

Dr. Sheetal Sawant  
Consultant Microbiologist

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SPECIALISED CHEMISTRY - HORMONE

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP BELOW 40FEMALE

THYROID PANEL, SERUM

T3 107.0 Non-Pregnant Women ng/dL  
80.0 - 200.0  
Pregnant Women  
1st Trimester:105.0 - 230.0  
2nd Trimester:129.0 - 262.0  
3rd Trimester:135.0 - 262.0

METHOD : ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE

T4 7.49 Non-Pregnant Women µg/dL  
5.10 - 14.10  
Pregnant Women  
1st Trimester: 7.33 - 14.80  
2nd Trimester: 7.93 - 16.10  
3rd Trimester: 6.95 - 15.70

METHOD : ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE

TSH (ULTRASENSITIVE) 1.610 Non Pregnant Women µIU/mL  
0.27 - 4.20  
Pregnant Women  
1st Trimester: 0.33 - 4.59  
2nd Trimester: 0.35 - 4.10  
3rd Trimester: 0.21 - 3.15

METHOD : ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE

Interpretation(s)

Triiodothyronine T3, Thyroxine T4, and Thyroid Stimulating Hormone TSH are thyroid hormones which affect almost every physiological process in the body, including growth, development, metabolism, body temperature, and heart rate.

Production of T3 and its prohormone thyroxine (T4) is activated by thyroid-stimulating hormone (TSH), which is released from the pituitary gland. Elevated concentrations of T3, and T4 in the blood inhibit the production of TSH.

Excessive secretion of thyroxine in the body is hyperthyroidism, and deficient secretion is called hypothyroidism.

In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hyperthyroidism, TSH levels are low.

Below mentioned are the guidelines for Pregnancy related reference ranges for Total T4, TSH & Total T3 Measurement of the serum TT3 level is a more sensitive test for the diagnosis of hyperthyroidism, and measurement of TT4 is more useful in the diagnosis of hypothyroidism. Most of the thyroid hormone in blood is bound to transport proteins. Only a very small fraction of the circulating hormone is free and biologically active. It is advisable to detect Free T3, FreeT4 along with TSH, instead of testing for albumin bound Total T3, Total T4.

Sr. No.	TSH	Total T4	FT4	Total T3	Possible Conditions
1	High	Low	Low	Low	(1) Primary Hypothyroidism (2) Chronic autoimmune Thyroiditis (3) Post Thyroidectomy (4) Post Radio-Iodine treatment

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Lab Head

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PERFORMED AT :

SRL Ltd  
Mulund Goregoan Link Road  
MUMBAI, 400078  
MAHARASHTRA, INDIA  
Fax :  
CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956



Patient Ref. No. 775000002843596

PATIENT NAME : NEHA GUPTA

REF. DOCTOR : SELF

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138394  
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ACCESSION NO : 0181WD000456  
PATIENT ID : NEHAF091291181  
CLIENT PATIENT ID:  
ABHA NO :

AGE/SEX : 31 Years Female  
DRAWN :  
RECEIVED : 08/04/2023 08:15:06  
REPORTED : 12/04/2023 14:48:38

Test Report Status **Final** Results Biological Reference Interval Units

2	High	Normal	Normal	Normal	(1)Subclinical Hypothyroidism (2) Patient with insufficient thyroid hormone replacement therapy (3) In cases of Autoimmune/Hashimoto thyroiditis (4). Isolated increase in TSH levels can be due to Subclinical inflammation, drugs like amphetamines, Iodine containing drug and dopamine antagonist e.g. domperidone and other physiological reasons.
3	Normal/Low	Low	Low	Low	(1) Secondary and Tertiary Hypothyroidism
4	Low	High	High	High	(1) Primary Hyperthyroidism (Graves Disease) (2) Multinodular Goitre (3)Toxic Nodular Goitre (4) Thyroiditis (5) Over treatment of thyroid hormone (6) Drug effect e.g. Glucocorticoids, dopamine, T4 replacement therapy (7) First trimester of Pregnancy
5	Low	Normal	Normal	Normal	(1) Subclinical Hyperthyroidism
6	High	High	High	High	(1) TSH secreting pituitary adenoma (2) TRH secreting tumor
7	Low	Low	Low	Low	(1) Central Hypothyroidism (2) Euthyroid sick syndrome (3) Recent treatment for Hyperthyroidism
8	Normal/Low	Normal	Normal	High	(1) T3 thyrotoxicosis (2) Non-Thyroidal illness
9	Low	High	High	Normal	(1) T4 Ingestion (2) Thyroiditis (3) Interfering Anti TPO antibodies

REF: 1. TETZ Fundamentals of Clinical chemistry 2.Guidlines of the American Thyroid association during pregnancy and Postpartum, 2011.  
**NOTE: It is advisable to detect Free T3,FreeT4 along with TSH, instead of testing for albumin bound Total T3, Total T4.**TSH is not affected by variation in thyroid - binding protein. TSH has a diurnal rhythm, with peaks at 2:00 - 4:00 a.m. And troughs at 5:00 - 6:00 p.m. With ultradian variations.

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