## Path Lab & Imaging Centre

B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Opp. Janpath Corner, New Sanganer Road, Jaipur - 302019

Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



#### **General Physical Examination**

Date of Examination: 08 - 10 - 2022
Name: Meena Kaman Age: 59 DOB: 05-09-1963sex: Fernale
Referred By: BOB (Mediwheel)
Photo ID: AAD HAR ID #: _atteched.
Ht: 161 (cm) W87 _ (Kg)
Chest (Expiration): 106 (cm) Abdomen Circumference: 114 (cm)
Blood Pressure 106 / 13 mm Hg PR: 10 / min RR: 16 / min Temp: Mebrile
BMI 33.6
Eye Examination: Yision 6/6, M/6 (Diter specs B/C eyes)
Dosmal Color Vision.
Other: Doc significant
On examination he/she appears physically and mentally fit: Yes/No
Signature Of Examine: Name Medical Examiner
Wattle Wiedled Examiner



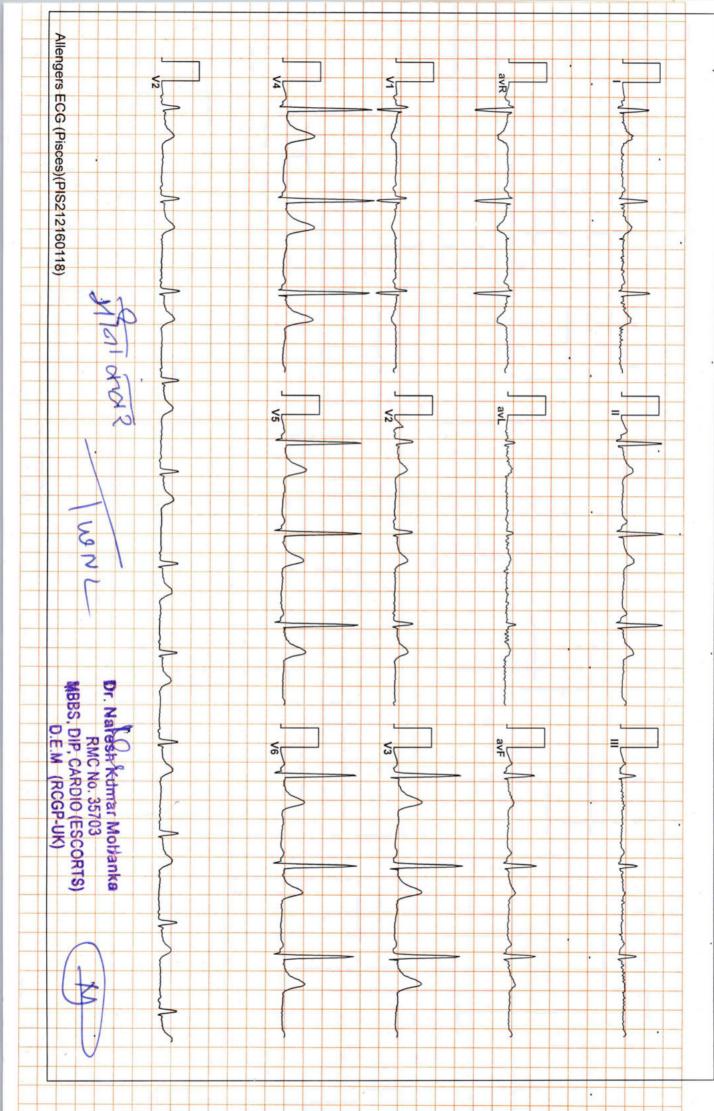
मेरा आधार, मेरी पहचान



MAI



102220587 / MRS MEENA KANWAR / 59 Yrs / F/ Non Smoker
Heart Rate: 63 bpm / / Refd By.: BOB / Tested On: 08-Oct-22 11:50:58 / HF 0.05 Hz - LF 100 Hz / Notch 50 Hz / Sn 1.00 Cm/mV / Sw 25 mm/s



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Date :- 08/10/2022 10:04:11

NAME :- Mrs. MEENA KANWAR

Sex / Age :- Female 59 Yrs 1 Mon 3 Days

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- EDTA

Patient ID :-12222718

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Sample Collected Time 08/10/2022 10:06:29 Final Authentication: 08/10/2022 13:50.02

#### HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
BOB PACKAGEFEMALE ABOVE 40			
HAEMOGARAM		and the second of the second	
HAEMOGLOBIN (Hb)	11.2 L	g/dL	12.0 - 15.0
TOTAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT	6.69	/cumm	4.00 - 10.00
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT			
NEUTROPHIL	64.9	%	40.0 - 80.0
LYMPHOCYTE	29.9	%	20.0 - 40.0
EOSINOPHIL	2.3	%	1.0 - 6.0
MONOCYTE	2.6	%	2.0 - 10.0
BASOPHIL	0.3	%	0.0 - 2.0
NEUT#	4.35	10^3/uL	1.50 - 7.00
LYMPH#	2.00	10^3/uL	1.00 - 3.70
EO#	0.15	10^3/uL	0.00 - 0.40
MONO#	0.17	10^3/uL	0.00 - 0.70
BASO#	0.02	10^3/uL	0.00 - 0.10
TOTAL RED BLOOD CELL COUNT (RBC)	3.89	x10^6/uL	3.80 - 4.80
HEMATOCRIT (HCT)	33.40 L	%	36.00 - 46.00
MEAN CORP VOLUME (MCV)	85.8	fL	83.0 - 101.0
MEAN CORP HB (MCH)	28.8	pg	27.0 - 32.0
MEAN CORP HB CONC (MCHC)	33.5	g/dL ·	31.5 - 34.5
PLATELET COUNT	185	x10^3/uL	150 - 410
RDW-CV	14.0	%	11.6 - 14.0
MENTZER INDEX	22.06		

The Mentzer index is used to differentiate iron deficiency anemia from beta thalassemia trait. If a CBC indicates microcytic anemia, these are two of the most likely causes, making it necessary to distinguish between them.

If the quotient of the mean corpuscular volume divided by the red blood cell count is less than 13, thalassemia is more likely. If the result is greater than 13, then iron-deficiency anemia is more likely.

AJAYSINGH Technologist

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**Dr. Rashmi Bakshi** MBBS. MD ( Path ) RMC No. 17975/008828

## Dr. Goya

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Date

:- 08/10/2022 10:04:11

:- Mrs. MEENA KANWAR

Sample Type :- EDTA

59 Yrs 1 Mon 3 Days

Sex / Age :- Female Company :- MediWheel Patient ID: -12222718

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Final Authentication: 08/10/2022 13:53:02

HAEMATOLOGY

Sample Collected Time 08/10/2022 10:06:29

Unit

**Biological Ref Interval** 

**Test Name** 

Value

Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR)

31 H

mm/hr.

· 00 - 20

(ESR) Methodology: Measurment of ESR by cells aggregation.

Instrument Name : Indepedent form Hematocrit value by Automated Analyzer (Roller-20)

Interpretation

: ESR test is a non-specific indicator ofinflammatory disease and abnormal protein states.

The test in used to detect, follow course of a certain disease (e.g-tuberculosis, rheumatic fever, myocardial infarction

Levels are higher in pregnency due to hyperfibrinogenaemia.

The "3-figure ESR " x>100 value nearly always indicates serious disease such as a serious infection, malignant paraproteinaemia (CBC); Methodology: TLC DLC Fluorescent Flow cytometry, HB SLS method, TRBC, PCV, PLT Hydrodynamically focused Impedance. and MCH, MCV, MCHC, MENTZER INDEX are calculated. InstrumentName: Sysmex 6 part fully automatic analyzer XN-L, Japan

**AJAYSINGH Technologist** 

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Dr. Rashmi Bakshi MBBS. MD (Path) RMC No. 17975/008828

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Date

:- 08/10/2022 10:04:11

NAME :- Mrs. MEENA KANWAR

Sex / Age :- Female

59 Yrs 1 Mon 3 Days

Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID: -12222718

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Sample Type :- EDTA, KOx/Na FLUORIDE-F, KSawhdae-Collegae-ETTRe DIE INDE2022 10:06:29

Final Authentication: 08/10/2022 15:15:44

HAEMATOLOGY

**Test Name** 

Value

Unit

**Biological Ref Interval** 

**BLOOD GROUP ABO** 

"A" POSITIVE

BLOOD GROUP ABO Methodology: Haemagglutination reaction Kit Name: Monoclonal agglutinating antibodies (Span clone).

FASTING BLOOD SUGAR (Plasma)

Method:- GOD PAP

84.0

mg/dl

75.0 - 115.0

Impaired glucose tolerance (IGT) 111 - 125 mg/dL Diabetes Mellitus (DM) > 126 mg/dL

Instrument Name: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevated glucose levels (hyperglycemia) may occur with diabetes, pancreatic neoplasm, hyperthyroidism and adrenal cortical hyper-function as well as other disorders Decreased glucose levels(hypoglycemia) may result from excessive insulin therapy or various liver diseases .

BLOOD SUGAR PP (Plasma)

118.7

mg/dl

70.0 - 140.0

Instrument Name: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevated glucose levels (hyperglycemia) may occur with diabetes, pancreatic neoplasm, hyperthyroidism and adrenal cortical hyper-function as well as other disorders. Decreased glucose levels (hypoglycemia) may result from excessive insulin therapy or various liver diseases .

URINE SUGAR (FASTING)
Collected Sample Received

Nil

Nil

AJAYSINGH, KAUSHAL, MKSHARMA, POOJABOHRA **Technologist** 

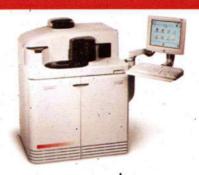
DR.HANSA Page No: 3 of 13



Dr. Piyush Goyal (D.M.R.D.) Dr. Rashmi Bakshi Dr. Chandrika Gupta

B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Opp. Janpath Corner, New Sanganer Road, Jaipur-302019 Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



:- 08/10/2022 10:04:11

NAME :- Mrs. MEENA KANWAR

Sex / Age :- Female

Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Company :- MediWheel

59 Yrs 1 Mon 3 Days

Sample Collected Time 08/10/2022 10:06:29

Final Authentication: 08/10/2022 13:42:11

Patient ID: -12222718

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

	BIOCHEM	ISTRY	
Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
LIPID PROFILE			
TOTAL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Enzymatic Endpoint Method	184.30	mg/dl	Desirable <200 Borderline 200-239 High> 240
TRIGLYCERIDES Method:- GPO-PAP	66.17	mg/dl	Normal <150 Borderline high 150-199 High 200-499 Very high >500
DIRECT HDL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Direct clearance Method	53.84	mg/dl	Low < 40 High > 60
DIRECT LDL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Direct clearance Method	119.43	mg/dl	Optimal <100 Near Optimal/above optimal 100-129
			Borderline High 130-159 High 160-189 Very High > 190
VLDL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Calculated	13.23	mg/dl	. 0.00 - 80.00
T.CHOLESTEROL/HDL CHOLESTEROL RATIO Method:- Calculated	3.42		0.00 - 4.90
LDL / HDL CHOLESTEROL RATIO Method:- Calculated	2.22		0.00 - 3.50
TOTAL LIPID Method:- CALCULATED	501.98	mg/dl	400.00 - 1000.00

TOTAL CHOLESTEROL InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Cholesterol measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatments of lipid lipoprotein metabolism

TRIGLYCERIDES InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Triglyceride measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of diseases involving lipid metabolism and various endocrine disorders e.g. diabetes mellitus, nephrosis and liver obstruction

DIRECT HDLCHOLESTERO InstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: An inverse relationship between HDL-cholesterol (HDL-C) levels in serum and the incidence/prevalence of coronary heart disease (CHD) has been demonstrated in a number of epidemiological studies. Accurate measurement of HDL-C is of vital importance when assessing patient risk from CHD. Direct measurement gives improved accuracy and reproducibility when compared to precipitation methods.

DIRECT LDL-CHOLESTEROLInstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Accurate measurement of LDL-Cholesterol is of vital importance in therapies which focus on lipid reduction to prevent atherosclerosis or reduce its progress and to avoid plaque rupture

TOTAL LIPID AND VLDL ARE CALCULATED

MKSHARMA

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Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



:- 08/10/2022 10:04:11 Date NAME :- Mrs. MEENA KANWAR

59 Yrs 1 Mon 3 Days

Sex / Age :- Female

Company :- MediWheel Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM Patient ID: -12222718

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp:-

Final Authentication: 08/10/2022 13:42:11

Sample Collected Time 08/10/2022 10:06:29

#### BIOCHEMISTRY

	DIOCHEM	ISTRI	
Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
LIVER PROFILE WITH GGT			
SERUM BILIRUBIN (TOTAL) Method:- Colorimetric method	0.28	mg/dl	Up to - 1.0 Cord blood <2 mg/dL
			Premature < 6 days <16mg/dL Full-term < 6 days= 12 mg/dL 1month - <12 months <2 mg/dL
			1-19 years <1.5 mg/dL Adult - Up to - 1.2 Ref-(ACCP 2020)
SERUM BILIRUBIN (DIRECT) Method: Colorimetric Method	0.05	mg/dL	Adult - Up to 0.25 Newborn - <0.6 mg/dL >- 1 month - <0.2 mg/dL
SERUM BILIRUBIN (INDIRECT) Method:- Calculated	0.23	mg/dl	0.30-0.70
SGOT Method:- IFCC	19.9	U/L	Men- Up to - 37.0 Women - Up to - 31.0
SGPT Method:- IFCC	17.8	U/L	Men- Up to - 40.0 Women - Up to - 31.0
SERUM ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE Method:-AMP Buffer	77.10	IU/L	30.00 - 120.00
SERUM GAMMA GT Method:- IFCC	25.10	U/L	7.00 - 32.00
SERUM TOTAL PROTEIN Method:- Biuret Reagent	6.98	g/dl	6.40 - 8.30
SERUM ALBUMIN Method:- Bromocresol Green	4.24	g/dl	3.80 - 5.00
SERUM GLOBULIN Method:- CALCULATION	2.74	gm/dl	2.20 - 3.50
A/G RATIO	1.55		1.30 - 2.50

Total BilirubinMethodology:Colorimetric method InstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation An increase in bilirubin concentration in the serum occurs in toxic or infectious diseases of the liver e.g. hepatitis B or obstruction of the bile duct and in rhesus incompatible babies. High levels of unconjugated bilirubin indicate that too much haemoglobin is being destroyed or that the liver is not actively treating the haemoglobin it is receiving.

AST Aspartate Aminotransferase Methodology: IFCC InstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevated levels of AST can signal myocardial infarction, hepatic disease, muscular dystrophy and organ damage. Although heart muscle is found to have the most activity of the enzyme, significant activity has also been seen in the brain, liver, gastric mucosa, adipose tissue and kidneys of humans. ALT Alanine Aminotransferase Methodology: FCCInstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: The enzyme ALT has been found to be in highest concentrations in the liver, with decreasing concentrations found in kidney, heart, skeletal muscle, pancreas, spleen and lung tissue respectively. Elevated levels of the transaminases can indicate myocardial infarction, hepatic disease, muscular

Alkaline Phosphatase Methodology: AMP Buffer InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Measurements of alkaline phosphatase are of use in the diagnosis, treatment and investigation of hepatobilary disease and in bone disease associated with increased osteoblastic activity. Alkaline phosphatase is also used in the diagnosis of parathyroid and intestinal disease.

TOTAL PROTEIN Methodology: Biuret Reagent InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Measurements obtained by this method are used in the agnosis and treatment of a variety of diseases involving the liver, kidney and bone marrow as well as other metabolic or nutritional disorders.

ALBUMIN (ALB) Methodology: Bromocresol Green InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Albumin measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of numerous diseases involving

**MKSHARMA** 

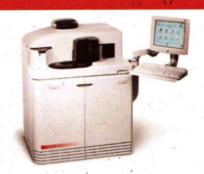
Page No: 6 of 13



Dr. Chandrika Gupta MBBS.MD (Path) RMC NO. 21021/008037

B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Opp. Janpath Corner, New Sanganer Road, Jaipur - 302019 Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



Date :- 08/10/2022 10:04:11

NAME :- Mrs. MEENA KANWAR

Sex / Age :- Female 59 Yrs 1 Mon 3 Days

Company :- MediWheel .

Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Patient ID :-12222718

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Final Authentication: 08/10/2022 13:42:11

BIOCHEMISTRY

Sample Collected Time 08/10/2022 10:06:29

		В.	IOCHEM	ISTRY		
Test Name	•	·	alue	Unit	Biological	Ref Interval
SERUM CREATININE Method:- Colorimetric Method			0.92	mg/dl	Men - 0.6-1.30 Women - 0.5-1.20	
SERUM URIC ACID Method:- Enzymatic colorimetric			3.84	mg/dl	 Men - 3.4-7.0 Women - 2.4-5.7	

**MKSHARMA** 

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Dr. Chandrika Gupta

MBBS.MD ( Path ) RMC NO. 21021/008037

B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Opp. Janpath Corner, New Sanganer Road, Jaipur - 302019

Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



**Test Name** 

:- 08/10/2022 10:04:11

NAME :- Mrs. MEENA KANWAR

Sex / Age :- Female 59 Yrs 1 Mon 3 Days

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Patient ID: -12222718

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Sample Collected Time 08/10/2022 10:06:29

Value

**BIOCHEMISTRY** 

**Biological Ref Interval** 

Final Authentication: 08/10/2022 13:42:11

BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN)

14.1

mg/dl

. 0.0 - 23.0

**MKSHARMA** 

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B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Opp. Janpath Corner, New Sanganer Road, Jaipur-302019

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Date

:- 08/10/2022 10:04:11

NAME :- Mrs. MEENA KANWAR

Sex / Age :- Female 59 Yrs 1 Mon 3 Days

Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID: -12222718

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp:-

Sample Type :- EDTA

Sample Collected Time 08/10/2022 10:06:29

Final Authentication: 08/10/202 13:53:02

#### HAEMATOLOGY

		LOGI		
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HbA1C)

Non-diabetic: < 5.7 Pre-diabetics: 5.7-6.4 Diabetics: = 6.5 or higher

ADA Target: 7.0 Action suggested: > 6.5

Instrument name: ARKRAY's ADAMS Lite HA 8380V, JAPAN.

HbA1C is formed by the condensation of glucose with n-terminal valine residue of each beta chain of HbA to form an unstable schiff base.It is the major fraction, constituting approximately 80% of HbA1c. Formation of glycated hemoglobin (GHb) is essentially irreversible and the concentration in the blood depends on both the lifespan of the red blood cells (RBC) (120 days) and the blood glucose concentration. The GHb concentration represents the integrated values for glucose overthe period of 6 to 8 weeks. GHb values are free of day to day glucose fluctuations and are unaffected by recent exercise or food ingestion. Concentration of plasmaglucose concentration in GHb depends on the time interval, with more recent values providing a larger contribution than earlier values. The interpretation of GHbdepends on RBC having a normal life span. Patients with hemolytic disease or other conditions with shortened RBC survival exhibit a substantial reduction of GHb.High GHb have been reported in iron deficiency anemia. GHb has been firmly established as an index of long term blood glucose concentrations and as a measureof the risk for the development of complications in patients with diabetes mellitus. The absolute risk of retinopathy and nephropathy are directly proportional to themean of HbA1C.Genetic variants (e.g. HbS trait, HbC trait), elevated HbF and chemically modified derivatives of hemoglobin can affect the accuracy of HbA1cmeasurements. The effects vary depending on the specific Hb vatiant or derivative and the specific HbA1c method.

Ref by ADA 2020

MEAN PLASMA GLUCOSE
Method:- Calculated Parameter

mg/dL

Non Diabetic < 100 mg/dL Prediabetic 100- 125 mg/dL Diabetic 126 mg/dL or Higher

**AJAYSINGH Technologist** 

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Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



Date :- 08/10/2022 10:04:11

NAME :- Mrs. MEENA KANWAR

. WILLIA KANVAK

Sex / Age :- Female 59 Yrs 1 Mon 3 Days

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- URINE

Patient ID :-12222718

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Final Authentication: 08/10/2022 12:09:11

Sample Collected Time 08/10/2022 10:06:29

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Test Name Value Unit Biological Ref Interval

Urine Routine			
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION			
COLOUR		PALE YELLOW	· PALE YELLOW
APPEARANCE		Clear	Clear
<b>CHEMICAL EXAMINATION</b>			
REACTION(PH)		5.5	5.0 - 7.5
SPECIFIC GRAVITY		1.005	1.010 - 1.030
PROTEIN		NIL .	· NIL
SUGAR		NIL .	NIL
BILIRUBIN	4	NEGATIVE	. NEGATIVE
UROBILINOGEN		NORMAL	NORMAL
KETONES		NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE
NITRITE	6.84.45	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE
MICROSCOPY EXAMINATION			
RBC/HPF		NIL /HPF	NIL
WBC/HPF		1-2 /HPF	2-3
EPITHELIAL CELLS		2-3 /HPF	2-3
CRYSTALS/HPF		ABSENT	ABSENT
CAST/HPF		ABSENT	ABSENT
AMORPHOUS SEDIMENT		ABSENT	ABSENT
BACTERIAL FLORA	11 * 14g	ABSENT	ABSENT
YEAST CELL		ABSENT	ABSENT
OTHER		ABSENT	

POOJABOHRA Technologist DR.HANSA Page No: 11 of 13



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Date :- 08/10/2022 10:04:11

NAME :- Mrs. MEENA KANWAR Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Patient ID: -12222718

Sex / Age :- Female 59 Yrs 1 Mon 3 Days

Company :- MediWheel
Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Sample Collected Time 08/10/2022 10:06:29

Final Authentication: 08/10/2022 13:03:12

#### **IMMUNOASSAY**

Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Ref	f Interval
TOTAL THYROID PROF	ILE				
SERUM TOTAL T3 Method:- Chemiluminescence(Compet	titive immunoassay)	1.390	ng/ml	0.600 - 1.810	
SERUM TOTAL T4 Method:- Chemiluminescence(Compet	titive immunoassay)	8.700	ug/dl	4.500 - 10.900	
SERUM TSH ULTRA Method:- Enhanced Chemiluminescen	ce Immunoassay	2.690	μĬŲ/mL	0.500 - 6.880	

Interpretation: Triiodothyronine (T3) contributes to the maintenance of the euthyroid state. A decrease in T3 concentration of up to 50% occurs in a variety of clinical situations, including acute and chronic disease. Although T3 results alone cannot be used to diagnose hypothyroidism, T3 concentration may be more sensitive than thyroxine (T4) for hyperthyroidism. Consequently, the total T3 assay can be used in conjunction with other assays to aid in the differential diagnosis of thyroid disease. T3 concentrations may be altered in some conditions, such as pregnancy, that affect the capacity of the thyroid hormone-binding proteins. Under such conditions, Free T3 can provide the best estimate of the metabolically active hormone concentration. Alternatively, T3 uptake, or T4 uptake can be used with the total T3 result to calculate the free T3 index and estimate the concentration of free T3.

Interpretation: The measurement of Total T4 aids in the differential diagnosis of thyroid disease. While >99.9% of T4 is protein-bound, primarily to thyroxine-binding globulin (TBG), it is the free fraction that is biologically active. In most patients, the total T4 concentration is a good indicator of thyroid status. T4 concentrations may be altered in some conditions, such as pregnancy, that affect the capacity of the thyroid hormone-binding proteins. Under such conditions, free T4 can provide the best estimate of the metabolically active hormone concentration. Alternatively, T3 uptake may be used with the total T4 result to calculate the free T4 index (FT4I) and estimate the concentration of free T4. Some drugs and some nonthyroidal patient conditions are known to alter TT4 concentrations in vivo.

Interpretation: TSH stimulates the production of thyroxine (T4) and triiodothyronine (T3) by the thyroid gland. The diagnosis of overt hypothyroidism by the finding of a low total T4 or free T4 concentration is readily confirmed by a raised TSH concentration. Measurement of low or undetectable TSH concentrations may assist the diagnosis of hyperthyroidism, where concentrations of T4 and T3 are elevated and TSH secretion is suppressed. These have the advantage of discriminating between the concentrations of TSH observed in thyrotoxicosis, compared with the low, but detectable, concentrations that occur in subclinical hyperthyroidism. The performance of this assay has not been established for neonatal specimens. Some drugs and some nonthyroidal patient conditions are known to alter TSH concentrations in vivo.

#### INTERPRETATION

PREGNANCY	REFERENCE RANGE FOR TSH IN uIU/mL (As per American Thyroid Association)
1st Trimester	0.10-2.50
2nd Trimester	0.20-3.00
3rd Trimester	0.30-3.00

NARENDRAKUMAR Technologist

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Date :- 08/10/2022 10:04:11

NAME :- Mrs. MEENA KANWAR

Sex / Age :- Female 59 Yrs 1 Mon 3 Days

Company:- MediWheel

Sample Type :- SWAB

Patient ID :-12222718

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Sample Collected Time 08/10/2022 10:06:29

Final Authentication: 08/10/2022 12:36:05

PAP SMEAR

#### PAP SMEAR FOR CYTOLOGY EXAMINATION

#### Microscopic & diagnosis,

Smears show predominantly superficial and intermediate squamous epithelial cells along with few parabasal cells in the clean background.

No endocervical cells seen.

No atypical or malignant cells seen.

IMPRESSION : Negative for intraepithelial lesion or malignancy.

Adv: Clinical correlation.

**Note**: Please note papanicolaou smear study is a screening procedure for cervical cancer with inherent false negative result, hence should be interpreted with caution.

Slides will be kept for one month only.

\*\*\* End of Report \*\*\*

SURESHSAINI Technologist

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B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Opp. Janpath Corner, New Sanganer Road, Jaipur

Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

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:- 08/10/2022 10:04:11 NAME :- Mrs. MEENA KANWAR

59 Yrs 1 Mon 3 Days Sex / Age :- Female

Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID: -12222718 Ref. By Doctor:-BOB

Lab/Hosp:-

Final Authentication: 08/10/2022 14:13:12

**BOB PACKAGEFEMALE ABOVE 40** 

#### X RAY CHEST PA VIEW:

Both lung fields appears clear.

Bronchovascular markings appear normal.

Trachea is in midline.

Both the hilar shadows are normal.

Both the C.P.angles is clear.

Both the domes of diaphragm are normally placed.

Bony cage and soft tissue shadows are normal.

Heart shadows appear normal.

Impression: - Normal Study

(Please correlate clinically and with relevant further investigations)

\*\*\* End of Report \*\*\*

Page No: 1 of 1

Dr. Piyush Goyal Dr. Poonam Gupta MBBS, MD (Radio Diagnosis) RMC No. 32495 M.B.B.S., D.M.R.D. RMC Reg No. 017996

Dr. Ashish Choudhary

MBBS, MD (Radio Diagnosis) Fetal Medicine Consultant FMF ID - 260517 | RMC No 22430 Dr. Rathod Hetali Amrutlal MBBS, M.D. (Radio-Diagnosis) RMC No. 17163

Transcript by.

BILAL

Dr. Piyush Goyal ( D.M.R.D.)



B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Opp. Janpath Corner, New Sanganer Road, Jaipur

Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



Date

:- 08/10/2022 10:04:11

NAME :- Mrs. MEENA KANWAR

Sex / Age :- Female

59 Yrs 1 Mon 3 Days

Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID: -12222718 Ref. By Doctor:-BOB

Lab/Hosp:-

Final Authentication: 08/10/2022 14:16:28

#### **BOB PACKAGEFEMALE ABOVE 40**

#### **ULTRA SOUND SCAN OF ABDOMEN**

Liver is of normal size. Echo-texture is bright. No focal space occupying lesion is seen within liver parenchyma. Intra hepatic biliary channels are not dilated. Portal vein diameter is normal.

Gall bladder is contracted (Postmeal). Common bile duct is not dilated.

Pancreas is of normal size and contour. Echo-pattern is normal. No focal lesion is seen within pancreas.

Spleen is of normal size and shape. Echotexture is normal. No focal lesion is seen.

Kidneys are normally sited and are of normal size and shape. Cortico-medullary echoes are normal. No focal lesion is seen. Collecting system does not show any dilatation or calculus.

Urinary Bladder: is well distended and showing smooth wall with normal thickness. Urinary bladder does not show any calculus or mass lesion.

Uterus is anteverted and normal in size and measures 73x30x38mm. Myometrium shows normal echo - pattern. No focal space occupying lesion is seen. Endometrial echo is normal. Endometrial thickness is 4.5 mm.

Both ovaries are visualised and are normal. No adnexal mass is seen.

No enlarged nodes are visualised. No retro-peritoneal lesion is identified. No significant free fluid is seen in pouch of douglas.

#### IMPRESSION:

\*Grade I fatty liver Needs clinical correlation & further evaluation

\*\*\* End of Report \*\*\*

Page No: 1 of 1

BILAL

Dr. Piyush Goyal M.B.B.S., D.M.R.D. RMC Reg No. 017996

Dr. Poorlam Gupta MBBS, MD (Ragio Diagnosis) RMC No. 32495

Dr. Ashish Choudhary MBBS, MD (Radio Diagnosis) Fetal Medicine Consultant

Dr. Rathod Hetali Amrutlal MBBS, M.D. (Radio-Diagnosis) RMC No. 17163 FMF ID - 260517 | RMC No 22439

Transcript by.



## Path Lab & Imaging Centre

B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Opp. Janpath Corner, New Sanganer Road, Jaipur

Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website : www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail : drgoyalpiyush@gr 59 YRS/Female

Meena kanwar NAME: 08/10/2022 DATE DR. BOB REF.BY

#### 2D-ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY M.MODE WITH DOPPLER STUDY: FAIR TRANSTHORACIC ECHOCARIDIOGRAPHIC WINDOW MORPHOLOGY:

		FAIR	TRANSTHORACIC E	CHOCARIDIOGI	DID MAINE		NORMAL	
MITRAL VALVE NORMAL		MAL	TRICUSPID VALVE PULMONARY VALVE			NORMAL		
AORTIC VALVE		NOR	MAL	M.MODE EXAM				
				31	Mm	IVS-D	06	mm
AO	25	mm	LA	40	Mm	LVSD	27	mm
IVS-S	13	mm	LVID		Mm	RV		mm
LVPW-D	09	mm	LVPW-S	15	MI	LVVS		ml
		mm	EDV		IVII	ABSENT		
RVWT	60%			RWMA		ABSENT		

LVEF		CHAMBE	RS:	
			NORMAL	
LA	NORMAL	RA	NORMAL	
	NORMAL	RV	NOMINIE	
LV	NOTATE	NORMAL		

#### PERICARDIUM COLOUR DOPPLER: MITRAL VALVE Mm/hg PEAK GRADIENT m/sec 0.84 Mm/hg **E VELOCITY** MEAN GRADIENT m/sec 0.54 Cm2 A VELOCITY **MVA BY PLANIMETRY** Cm2 **MVA BY PHT** ABSENT MITRAL REGURGITATION **AORTIC VALVE** mm/hg **PEAK GRADIENT** m/sec 1.0 mm/hg PEAK VELOCITY MEAN GRADIENT m/sec AR VMAX ABSENT **AORTIC REGURGITATION** TRICUSPID VALVE mm/hg PEAK GRADIENT m/sec 0.48 mm/hg PEAK VELOCITY MEAN GRADIENT m/sec MEAN VELOCITY VMax VELOCITY ABSENT TRICUSPID REGURGITATION **PULMONARY VALVE** Mm/hg PEAK GRADIENT M/sec. 1.1 Mm/hg PEAK VELOCITY MEAN GRADIENT MEAN VALOCITY ABSENT PULMONARY REGURGITATION

#### Impression--

- Normal LV size & contractility.
- No RWMA, LVEF 60 %.
- Normal cardiac chamber.
- Normal valve.
- No clot, no vegetation, no pericardial effusion. (Cardio)ogist)

Dr. Piyush Goyal M.B.B.S., D.M.R.D. RMC Reg No. 017996

Dr. Poonam Gupta MBBS, MD (Radio Diagnosis) RMC No. 32495

Dr. Ashish Choudhary MBBS, MD (Radio Diagnosis) Fetal Medicine Consultant FMF ID - 260517 | RMC No 22430 Dr. Rathod Hetali Amrutlal MBBS, M.D. (Radio-Diagnosis) RMC No. 17163

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B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Opp. Janpath Corner, New Sanganer Road, Jaipur Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com





:- 08/10/2022 10:04:11

NAME :- Mrs. MEENA KANWAR

Sex / Age :- Female 59 Yrs 1 Mon 3 Days

Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID :-12222718 Ref. By Doctor:-BOB

Lab/Hosp:-

Final Authentication: 08/10/2022 12:58:24

#### **ULTRASONOGRAPHY REPORT : BREAST AND AXILLA**

#### Right breast:

Skin , subcutaneous tissue and retroareolar region is normal

Fibro glandular tissue shows normal architecture and echotexture.

Pre and retro mammary regions are unremarkable.

No obvious cyst, mass or architectural distortion visulised.

Axillary lymph nodes are not significantly enlarged and their hilar shadows are preserved.

#### Left breast:

Skin , subcutaneous tissue and retroareolar region is normal

Fibro glandular tissue shows normal architecture and echotexture.

Pre and retro mammary regions are unremarkable.

No obvious cyst, mass or architectural distortion visulised.

Axillary lymph nodes are not significantly enlarged and their hilar shadows are preserved.

IMPRESSION : No abnormality detected.

\*\*\* End of Report \*\*\*

Page No: 2 of 2

Dr. Piyush Goyal M.B.B.S., D.M.R.D. RMC Reg No. 017996

Dr. Poo MBBS, MD R RMC No. 32495

Dr. Ashish Choudhary MBBS, MD (Radio Diagnosis) Fetal Medicine Consultant FMF ID - 260517 | RMC No 22430 Dr. Rathod Hetali Amrutlal MBBS, M.D. (Radio-Diagnosis) RMC No. 17163

Transcript by.

BILAL