Ref. Dr : MediWheel Type : OP

<u>Investigation</u>	Observed Value	<u>Unit</u>	Biological Reference Interval
IMMUNOHAEMATOLOGY			
BLOOD GROUPING AND Rh TYPING (Blood /Agglutination)	'A' 'Positive'		
HAEMATOLOGY			
Complete Blood Count With - ESR			
Haemoglobin (Blood/Spectrophotometry)	15.48	g/dL	13.5 - 18.0
Packed Cell Volume(PCV)/Haematocrit (Blood/Derived from Impedance)	46.83	%	42 - 52
RBC Count (Blood/Impedance Variation)	04.99	mill/cu.mm	4.7 - 6.0
Mean Corpuscular Volume(MCV) (Blood/ Derived from Impedance)	93.83	fL	78 - 100
Mean Corpuscular Haemoglobin(MCH) (Blood/Derived from Impedance)	31.03	pg	27 - 32
Mean Corpuscular Haemoglobin concentration(MCHC) (Blood/Derived from Impedance)	33.07	g/dL	32 - 36
RDW-CV(Derived from Impedance)	10.0	%	11.5 - 16.0
RDW-SD(Derived from Impedance)	32.84	fL	39 - 46
Total Leukocyte Count (TC) (Blood/ Impedance Variation)	7500	cells/cu.mm	4000 - 11000
Neutrophils (Blood/Impedance Variation & Flow Cytometry)	43.20	%	40 - 75
Lymphocytes (Blood/Impedance Variation & Flow Cytometry)	44.80	%	20 - 45
Eosinophils (Blood/Impedance Variation & Flow Cytometry)	05.20	%	01 - 06
Monocytes (Blood/Impedance Variation & Flow Cytometry)	06.20	%	01 - 10
Basophils (Blood/Impedance Variation & Flow Cytometry)	00.60	%	00 - 02
INTERPRETATION: Tests done on Automated microscopically.	I Five Part cell counter. A	ıll abnormal resu	ults are reviewed and confirmed
Absolute Neutrophil count (Blood/ Impedance Variation & Flow Cytometry)	3.24	10^3 / µl	1.5 - 6.6
Absolute Lymphocyte Count (Blood/ Impedance Variation & Flow Cytometry)	3.36	10^3 / µl	1.5 - 3.5
Absolute Eosinophil Count (AEC) (Blood/ Impedance Variation & Flow Cytometry)	0.39	10^3 / µl	0.04 - 0.44
Absolute Monocyte Count (Blood/ Impedance Variation & Flow Cytometry)	0.47	10^3 / µl	< 1.0





Ref. Dr : MediWheel Type : OP

<u>Investigation</u>	Observed Value	<u>Unit</u>	Biological Reference Interval
Absolute Basophil count (Blood/Impedance Variation & Flow Cytometry)	0.04	10^3 / μl	< 0.2
Platelet Count (Blood/Impedance Variation)	310	10^3 / μl	150 - 450
MPV (Blood/Derived from Impedance)	07.30	fL	7.9 - 13.7
PCT(Automated Blood cell Counter)	0.23	%	0.18 - 0.28
ESR (Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate) (Blood/Automated ESR analyser)	12	mm/hr	< 15
BIOCHEMISTRY			
BUN / Creatinine Ratio	7.8		
Glucose Fasting (FBS) (Plasma - F/GOD-PAP)	95.5	mg/dL	Normal: < 100 Pre Diabetic: 100 - 125 Diabetic: >= 126

INTERPRETATION: Factors such as type, quantity and time of food intake, Physical activity, Psychological stress, and drugs can influence blood glucose level.

Glucose, Fasting (Urine) (Urine - F)	Negative		Negative
Glucose Postprandial (PPBS) (Plasma - PP/	139.5	mg/dL	70 - 140

INTERPRETATION:

Factors such as type, quantity and time of food intake, Physical activity, Psychological stress, and drugs can influence blood glucose level. Fasting blood glucose level may be higher than Postprandial glucose, because of physiological surge in Postprandial Insulin secretion, Insulin resistance, Exercise or Stress, Dawn Phenomenon, Somogyi Phenomenon, Anti- diabetic medication during treatment for Diabetes.

Urine Glucose(PP-2 hours) (Urine - PP)	Trace		Negative
Blood Urea Nitrogen (BUN) (Serum/Urease UV / derived)	9.4	mg/dL	7.0 - 21
Creatinine (Serum/Modified Jaffe)	1.19	mg/dL	0.9 - 1.3
Uric Acid (Serum/Enzymatic)	6.5	mg/dL	3.5 - 7.2
Liver Function Test			
Bilirubin(Total) (Serum)	0.50	mg/dL	0.1 - 1.2
Bilirubin(Direct) (Serum/Diazotized Sulfanilic Acid)	0.12	mg/dL	0.0 - 0.3
Bilirubin(Indirect) (Serum/Derived)	0.38	mg/dL	0.1 - 1.0
SGOT/AST (Aspartate Aminotransferase) (Serum/Modified IFCC)	18.3	U/L	5 - 40
SGPT/ALT (Alanine Aminotransferase) (Serum)	15.7	U/L	5 - 41
GGT(Gamma Glutamyl Transpeptidase) (Serum/IFCC / Kinetic)	32.5	U/L	< 55





Ref. Dr : MediWheel Type : OP

<u>Investigation</u>	Observed Value	<u>Unit</u>	Biological Reference Interval
Alkaline Phosphatase (SAP) (Serum/ Modified IFCC)	69.8	U/L	53 - 128
Total Protein (Serum/Biuret)	7.72	gm/dL	6.0 - 8.0
Albumin (Serum/Bromocresol green)	4.20	gm/dL	3.5 - 5.2
Globulin (Serum/Derived)	3.52	gm/dL	2.3 - 3.6
A: GRATIO (Serum/Derived)	1.19		1.1 - 2.2
<u>Lipid Profile</u>			
Cholesterol Total (Serum/CHOD-PAP with ATCS)	227.2	mg/dL	Optimal: < 200 Borderline: 200 - 239 High Risk: >= 240
Triglycerides (Serum/GPO-PAP with ATCS)	173.3	mg/dL	Optimal: < 150 Borderline: 150 - 199 High: 200 - 499 Very High: >= 500

INTERPRETATION: The reference ranges are based on fasting condition. Triglyceride levels change drastically in response to food, increasing as much as 5 to 10 times the fasting levels, just a few hours after eating. Fasting triglyceride levels show considerable diurnal variation too. There is evidence recommending triglycerides estimation in non-fasting condition for evaluating the risk of heart disease and screening for metabolic syndrome, as non-fasting sample is more representative of the husual+circulating level of triglycerides during most part of the day.

HDL Cholesterol (Serum/Immunoinhibition)	40.1	mg/dL	Optimal(Negative Risk Factor): >= 60 Borderline: 40 - 59 High Risk: < 40
LDL Cholesterol (Serum/Calculated)	152.4	mg/dL	Optimal: < 100 Above Optimal: 100 - 129 Borderline: 130 - 159 High: 160 - 189 Very High: >= 190
VLDL Cholesterol (Serum/Calculated)	34.7	mg/dL	< 30
Non HDL Cholesterol (Serum/Calculated)	187.1	mg/dL	Optimal: < 130 Above Optimal: 130 - 159 Borderline High: 160 - 189 High: 190 - 219 Very High: >= 220

INTERPRETATION: 1.Non-HDL Cholesterol is now proven to be a better cardiovascular risk marker than LDL Cholesterol. 2.It is the sum of all potentially atherogenic proteins including LDL, IDL, VLDL and chylomicrons and it is the "new bad cholesterol" and is a co-primary target for cholesterol lowering therapy.





Name : Mr. ARUNKUMAR T Register On : 22/07/2023 8:44 AM PID No. : MED122017985 Collection On : 22/07/2023 9:26 AM SID No. : 623017449 Report On : 22/07/2023 1:58 PM Age / Sex : 42 Year(s) / Male **Printed On** : 25/07/2023 3:46 PM

Ref. Dr : MediWheel : OP Type

<u>Investigation</u>	Observed Value	<u>Unit</u>	Biological Reference Interval
Total Cholesterol/HDL Cholesterol Ratio (Serum/Calculated)	5.7		Optimal: < 3.3 Low Risk: 3.4 - 4.4 Average Risk: 4.5 - 7.1 Moderate Risk: 7.2 - 11.0 High Risk: > 11.0
Triglyceride/HDL Cholesterol Ratio (TG/HDL) (Serum/Calculated)	4.3		Optimal: < 2.5 Mild to moderate risk: 2.5 - 5.0 High Risk: > 5.0
LDL/HDL Cholesterol Ratio (Serum/ Calculated)	3.8		Optimal: 0.5 - 3.0 Borderline: 3.1 - 6.0 High Risk: > 6.0
Glycosylated Haemoglobin (HbA1c)			
HbA1C (Whole Blood/Ion exchange HPLC by D10)	6.2	%	Normal: 4.5 - 5.6 Prediabetes: 5.7 - 6.4 Diabetic: >= 6.5

INTERPRETATION: If Diabetes - Good control: 6.1 - 7.0 %, Fair control: 7.1 - 8.0 %, Poor control >= 8.1 %

Estimated Average Glucose (Whole Blood) 131.24 ma/dL

INTERPRETATION: Comments

HbA1c provides an index of Average Blood Glucose levels over the past 8 - 12 weeks and is a much better indicator of long term glycemic control as compared to blood and urinary glucose determinations.

Conditions that prolong RBC life span like Iron deficiency anemia, Vitamin B12 & Folate deficiency,

hypertriglyceridemia,hyperbilirubinemia,Drugs, Alcohol, Lead Poisoning, Asplenia can give falsely elevated HbA1C values. Conditions that shorten RBC survival like acute or chronic blood loss, hemolytic anemia, Hemoglobinopathies,

Splenomegaly, Vitamin E ingestion, Pregnancy, End stage Renal disease can cause falsely low HbA1c.

IMMUNOASSAY

Prostate specific antigen - Total(PSA) 0.33 ng/mL

(Serum/Manometric method)

Normal: 0.0 - 4.0

Inflammatory & Non Malignant conditions of Prostate & genitourinary

system: 4.01 - 10.0

Suspicious of Malignant disease of

Prostate: > 10.0

INTERPRETATION: Analytical sensitivity: 0.008 - 100 ng/mL

PSA is a tumor marker for screening of prostate cancer. Increased levels of PSA are associated with prostate cancer and benign conditions like bacterial infection, inflammation of prostate gland and benign hypertrophy of prostate/ benign prostatic hyperplasia (BPH).

Transient elevation of PSA levels are seen following digital rectal examination, rigorous physical activity like bicycle riding, ejaculation within 24 hours.

PSA levels tend to increase in all men as they age.

Clinical Utility of PSA:

In the early detection of Prostate cancer.

"As an aid in discriminating between Prostate cancer and Benign Prostatic disease.

"To detect cancer recurrence or disease progression."





Consultant - Pathologist Reg No: 90632

Name : Mr. ARUNKUMAR T Register On : 22/07/2023 8:44 AM PID No. : MED122017985 Collection On : 22/07/2023 9:26 AM SID No. : 623017449 Report On : 22/07/2023 1:58 PM Age / Sex : 42 Year(s) / Male **Printed On** : 25/07/2023 3:46 PM

Ref. Dr : MediWheel : OP Type

Observed Value Investigation Unit **Biological Reference Interval** THYROID PROFILE / TFT

T3 (Triiodothyronine) - Total (Serum/ 1.36 ng/ml 0.7 - 2.04

Chemiluminescent Immunometric Assay

(CLIA))

INTERPRETATION:

Comment:

Total T3 variation can be seen in other condition like pregnancy, drugs, nephrosis etc. In such cases, Free T3 is recommended as it is Metabolically active.

T4 (Tyroxine) - Total (Serum/ 11.10 4.2 - 12.0µg/dl

Chemiluminescent Immunometric Assay

(CLIA))

INTERPRETATION:

Comment:

Total T4 variation can be seen in other condition like pregnancy, drugs, nephrosis etc. In such cases, Free T4 is recommended as it is Metabolically active.

TSH (Thyroid Stimulating Hormone) (Serum 1.84 µIU/mL 0.35 - 5.50

/Chemiluminescent Immunometric Assay

(CLIA))

INTERPRETATION:

Reference range for cord blood - upto 20

1 st trimester: 0.1-2.5 2 nd trimester 0.2-3.0 3 rd trimester : 0.3-3.0

(Indian Thyroid Society Guidelines)

Comment:

1.TSH reference range during pregnancy depends on Iodine intake, TPO status, Serum HCG concentration, race, Ethnicity and BMI.

2.TSH Levels are subject to circadian variation, reaching peak levels between 2-4am and at a minimum between 6-10PM.The variation can be of the order of 50%,hence time of the day has influence on the measured serum TSH concentrations. 3. Values & amplt; 0.03 µIU/mL need to be clinically correlated due to presence of rare TSH variant in some individuals.

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Urine Analysis - Routine

Yellow to Amber Colour (Urine) Pale yellow

Clear Appearance (Urine) Clear

Protein (Urine) Negative Negative

Negative Glucose (Urine) Negative

Pus Cells (Urine) 1-3 /hpf NIL

Epithelial Cells (Urine) 1-2 /hpf NIL





Consultant - Pathologist Reg No: 90632

: MediWheel Type : OP

InvestigationObserved ValueUnitBiological Reference IntervalRBCs (Urine)Nil/hpfNIL

-- End of Report --



Ref. Dr



Name	MR.ARUNKUMAR T	ID	MED122017985
Age & Gender	42Y/MALE	Visit Date	22 Jul 2023
Ref Doctor Name	MediWheel	-	•

Thanks for your reference

ECHOCARDIOGRAM WITH COLOUR DOPPLER:

LVID d ... 4.0cm LVID s ... 2.5cm ... 70% EF IVS d ... 0.9 cm IVS s ... 0.8cm LVPW d ... 1.1cm LVPW s ... 1.1cm ... 3.5cm LA AO ... 3.7cm TAPSE ... 26mm IVC ... 0.8cm

Left ventricle, Left atrium normal.

Right ventricle, Right atrium normal.

No regional wall motion abnormality present.

Mitral valve, Aortic valve, Tricuspid valve & Pulmonary valve normal.

Aorta normal.

Inter atrial septum intact.

Inter ventricular septum intact.

No pericardial effusion.

Doppler:

Mitral valve : E: 0.70m/s A: 0.95m/s

E/A Ratio: 0.73 E/E: 5.61

Name	MR.ARUNKUMAR T	ID	MED122017985
Age & Gender	42Y/MALE	Visit Date	22 Jul 2023
Ref Doctor Name	MediWheel	-	

Aortic valve: AV Jet velocity: 1.77m/s

Tricuspid valve: TV Jet velocity: 2.13 m/s TRPG: 18.10

mmHq.

Pulmonary valve: PV Jet velocity: 1.47m/s

IMPRESSION:

1. Normal chambers & Valves.

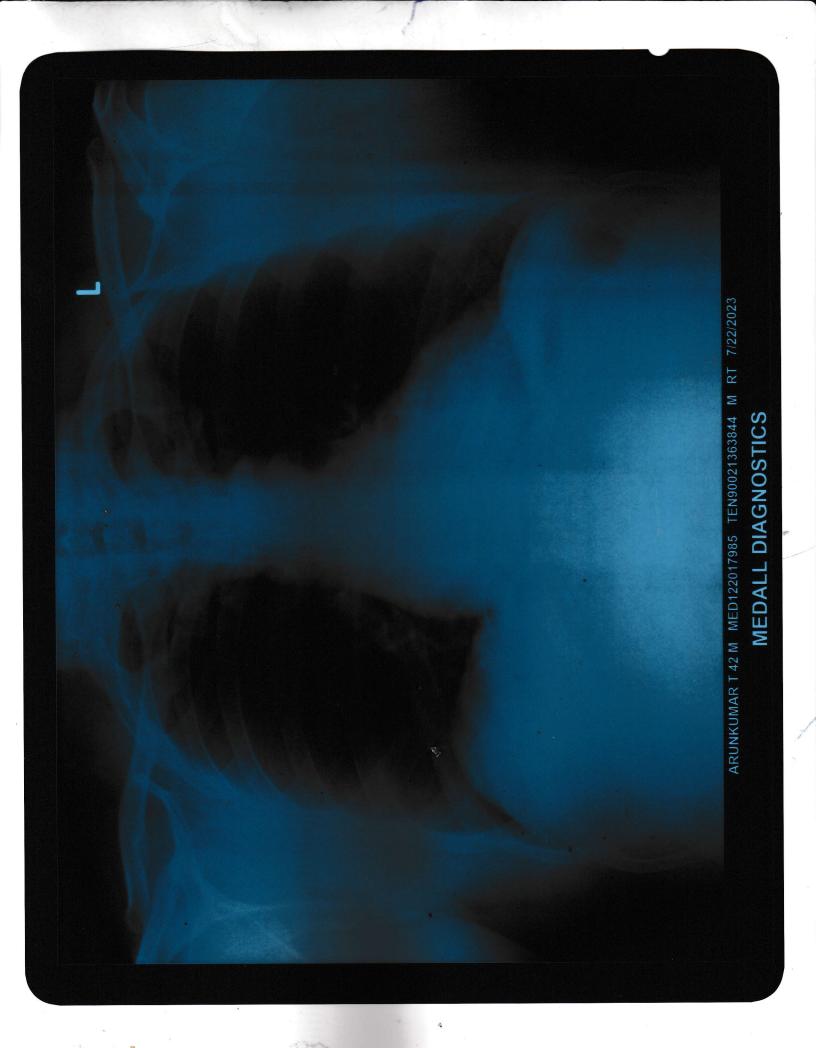
- 2. No regional wall motion abnormality present.
- 3. Normal LV systolic function.
- 4. Grade I diastolic dysfunction.
- 5. Pericardial effusion Nil.

6. No pulmonary artery hypertension.

Dr. S. MANIKANDAN. MD.DM.(Cardio) Cardiologist

Name	MR.ARUNKUMAR T	ID	MED122017985
Age & Gender	42Y/MALE	Visit Date	22 Jul 2023
Ref Doctor Name	MediWheel	-	

Name	MR.ARUNKUMAR T	ID	MED122017985
Age & Gender	42Y/MALE	Visit Date	22 Jul 2023
Ref Doctor Name	MediWheel	-	



Name	MR.ARUNKUMAR T	ID	MED122017985
Age & Gender	42Y/MALE	Visit Date	22 Jul 2023
Ref Doctor Name	MediWheel	•	

Thanks for your reference SONOGRAM REPORT WHOLE ABDOMEN

Suboptimal imaging due to poor penetration of USG with thick abdominal wall

Liver: The liver is normal in size. Parenchymal echoes are increased in

intensity. No focal lesions. Surface is smooth. There is no intra or

extra

hepatic biliary ductal dilatation.

Gallbladder: The gall bladder is partially distended with no demonstrable calculus.

Pancreas: The pancreas shows a normal configuration and echotexture.

The pancreatic duct is normal.

Spleen: The spleen is normal.

Kidneys: The right kidney measures 9.9 x 4.5 cm. Normal architecture.

The collecting system is not dilated.

The left kidney measures 9.8 x 4.6 cm. Normal architecture.

The collecting system is not dilated.

Urinary

bladder: The urinary bladder is smooth walled and uniformly transonic.

There is no intravesical mass or calculus.

Name	MR.ARUNKUMAR T	ID	MED122017985
Age & Gender	42Y/MALE	Visit Date	22 Jul 2023
Ref Doctor Name	MediWheel	-	

Prostate: The prostate measures 3.6 x 3.4 x 2.8 cm and is normal sized.

Corresponds to a weight of about 18.49 gms.

The echotexture is homogeneous. The seminal vesicles are normal.

RIF: Iliac fossae are normal.

No mass or fluid collection is seen in the right iliac fossa.

The appendix is not visualized.

There is no free or loculated peritoneal fluid. No para aortic lymphadenopathy is seen.

IMPRESSION:

> Grade I fatty liver.

DR.T.ANNIE STALIN MBBS.,F.USG., SONOLOGIST.

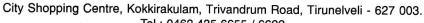


Dr. Vasuraj Saini Dr. Vidhya N. Dr. Vijay Kumar S. Dr. Vijaya Lakshmi

Dr. Vishnu Kuppusamy Pounraju

THE EYE FOUNDATION

SUPER SPECIALITY EYE HOSPITAL



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H.O: D.B. Road, Coimbatore - 641 002.

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CONSULTANTS :			
Dr. Abiramasundari D			Date: 22.07
Dr. Adarsh S Naik	a v , e		
Dr. Ajay R Kaushik	2		
Dr. Andrea Jose	· ·	Eye Fitness Certificate	
Dr. Ashraya Nayaka T.E			
Dr. Chandra Shekar C.S.	1		
Dr. Chitra Ramamurthy			
Dr. Gautam Kukadia	This is to certify that Mr/Mrs/	Ms J. Drun kur	var Age A2/r
Dr. Gitansha Shreyas Sachdev			
Dr. Gopal R.			
Dr. Gopinathan G.S	Male/Female, our MRNO	0.3.3.70	
Dr. Grish Reddy G.C.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
Dr. Hameed Obedulla		OD	OS
Dr. Hemamalini		OB	05
Dr. Jatinder Singh	Visual Acuity	_	40.50 6/6
Dr. Mohamed Faizal S. Dr. Mohd Shahbaaz	Visual Acuity		
Dr. Mugdha Kumar	Near Vision	+1.00	+1.00 Nb
Dr. Muralidhar R.	Near Vision	T1D6	
Dr. Nikitha	Colour Wision	Normal	. (0
Dr. Pranessh Ravi	Colour Vision	Normed	Normal
Dr. Prathima	DCV	A /a	
Dr. Praveen Muraly	B.S.V	Normae	Nermou
Dr. Raline Solomon	0 (15:11	A . C	1.2.22.1
Dr. Ramamurthy D.	Central Fields	No mod	Normal
Dr. Rashmita Kukadia		MIA	
Dr. Rathinasamy V.	Anterior Segment	Normay	Noomal
Dr. Ravi J.		N (
Dr. Rohith R.	Fundus	Normou	Normal
Dr. Romit Salian			
Dr. Sagar Basu			
Dr. Sahana Manish			
Dr. Sakthi Rajeswari N.			
Dr. Shreesh Kumar K.		Fit with	(glass
Dr. Shreyas Ramamurthy		/	Chicas .
Dr. Shylesh Dabke Dr. Soundarya B.	\wedge		
Dr. Srinivas Rao V.K.	MARS WALLER	, DO, MS	
Dr. Sushma Poojary	Dr.UMA.WI MIDDO	948	
Dr. Swathi Baliga	Medical Consultant	DATION	
Dr. Tamilarasi S.	The Eve Foundation	hi	
Dr. Thenarasun S.A.	Tirunelveli.		
Dr. Vaishnavi M.		•	
Dr. Vamsi K.			· ·

4	a. Do you have pain or	discomfort when lifting or	handling heavy objects?	Yes No
	b. Do you have knee pa	ain when squatting or knee	eling?	Yes No
	c. Do you have back pa	in when forwarding or twi	sting?	Yes No
	d. Do you have pain or	difficulty when lifting object	cts above your shoulder hei	ght? Yes No
	e. Do you have pain appropriate response		following for prolonged pe	riods (Please circle
	•Walking: Yes No	•Kneeling:	Yes No So	quating: Yes No
	•Climbing: Yes No	•Sitting :	Yes No	
	•Standing: Yes No	•Bending :	Yes No	
	f. Do you have pain wh	en working with hand too	ls?	Yes No
		ny difficulty operating mad	× ·	Yes No
	h. Do you have difficulty	operating computer instr	ument?	Yes No
D	CUNICAL EVAMINATION			
B.	CLINICAL EXAMINATION		្នាក់	Pulse-115
	a. Height 163	b. Weight &	Blood Pressure	150190 mmhg
	Chest measurements:	a. Normal	b. Expanded	
	Waist Circumference		Ear, Nose & Throat□	Wormal
	Skin	vormeel	Respiratory System	Normal
	Vision	Normal	Nervous System	Normal
	Circulatory System	Normal	Genito- urinary System	Normal,
	Gastro-intestinal System	Normal	Colour Vision	Normal
	Discuss Particulars of Section B :-		•	
				and the same of
C.	REMARKS OF PATHOLO	OGICAL TESTS:		
	Chest X -ray	Normal	ECG	Normal
	Complete Blood Count	15.48	Urine routine	Normal
	Serum cholesterol	227 2	Blood sugar	F-95.5, P.P-139.5
	Blood Group		S.Creatinine	1.19
D.	CONCLUSION:			
	Any further investigations re	equired	Any precautions sugges	ted
E.	FITNESS CERTIFICATION	I O		
	Certified that the above n	amed recruit does not a	appear to be suffering from	n any disease communicable
	or otherwise, constitu	utional weakness or	bodily informity except	
		. I do not consid	er this as disqualification for	employment in the Company. S
	Candidate is free	e from Contagious/Co	mmunicable disease	
	X 7.25		1	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
Da	te:		S	ignature of Medical Adviser
	111000		No. 6479	Consultant Cardiologica
	te: 22.7.25			
Tax				Firunelveli - 3.

10. Function History

Name	Mr. ARUNKUMAR T	Customer ID	MED122017985
Age & Gender	42Y/M	Visit Date	Jul 22 2023 8:44AM
Ref Doctor	MediWheel		

Thanks for your reference

DIGITAL X- RAY CHEST PA VIEW

Trachea appears normal.

Cardiothoracic ratio is within normal limits.

Bilateral lung fields appear normal.

Costo and cardiophrenic angles appear normal.

Visualised bony structures appear normal.

Extra thoracic soft tissues shadow grossly appears normal.

IMPRESSION:

i. NO SIGNIFICANT ABNORMALITY DEMONSTRATED.

DR. DANIEL STANLEY PETER, M.D.R.D., Consultant Radiologist Reg. No: 82342