PID No. **Register On** : 25/02/2023 9:12 AM : MED111518112 : 80024629 SID No. Collection On : 25/02/2023 10:23 AM

Age / Sex : 32 Year(s) / Female Report On : 25/02/2023 5:35 PM **Type** : OP

Ref. Dr : MediWheel **Printed On** : 03/03/2023 1:08 PM



Investigation	<u>Observed</u> <u>Value</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Biological</u> <u>Reference Interval</u>
BLOOD GROUPING AND Rh TYPING (Blood/Agglutination)	'O' 'Positive'		
Complete Blood Count With - ESR			
Haemoglobin (Blood/Spectrophotometry)	6.8 (Rechecked)	g/dL	12.5 - 16.0
Packed Cell Volume(PCV)/Haematocrit (Blood/Numeric Integration of MCV)	23.5 (Rechecked)	%	37 - 47
RBC Count (Blood/Electrical Impedance)	3.99 (Rechecked)	mill/cu.mm	4.2 - 5.4
Mean Corpuscular Volume(MCV) (Blood/Calculated)	58.8	fL	78 - 100
Mean Corpuscular Haemoglobin(MCH) (Blood/Calculated)	17.3	pg	27 - 32
Mean Corpuscular Haemoglobin concentration(MCHC) (Blood/ <i>Calculated</i>)	29.3	g/dL	32 - 36
RDW-CV (Calculated)	22.7	%	11.5 - 16.0
RDW-SD (Calculated)	46.72	fL	39 - 46
Total Leukocyte Count (TC) (Blood/Electrical Impedance)	5360	cells/cu.mm	4000 - 11000
Neutrophils (Blood/Impedance and absorbance)	42.89	%	40 - 75
Lymphocytes (Blood/Impedance and absorbance)	44.18	%	20 - 45
Eosinophils (Blood/Impedance and absorbance)	2.79	%	01 - 06
Monocytes (Blood/Impedance and absorbance)	9.31	%	01 - 10







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Basophils (Blood/Impedance and absorbance)	0.84	%	00 - 02
INTERPRETATION: Tests done on Automated	Five Part cell count	er. All abnormal results ar	e reviewed and confirmed microscopically.
Absolute Neutrophil count (Blood/Impedance and absorbance)	2.30	10^3 / μl	1.5 - 6.6
Absolute Lymphocyte Count (Blood/Impedance)	2.37	10^3 / μl	1.5 - 3.5
Absolute Eosinophil Count (AEC) (Blood/Impedance)	0.15	10^3 / μl	0.04 - 0.44
Absolute Monocyte Count (Blood/Impedance)	0.50	10^3 / μl	< 1.0
Absolute Basophil count (Blood/Impedance)	0.05	10^3 / μl	< 0.2
Platelet Count (Blood/Impedance)	3.12	lakh/cu.mm	1.4 - 4.5
INTERPRETATION: Platelet count less than 1.5	lakhs will be confi	rmed microscopically.	
MPV (Blood/Derived from Impedance)	8.90	fL	8.0 - 13.3
PCT (Calculated)	0.28	%	0.18 - 0.28
ESR (Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate) (Blood/Automated ESR analyser)	44	mm/hr	< 20
BUN / Creatinine Ratio	7.7		
Glucose Fasting (FBS) (Plasma - F/Glucose oxidase/Peroxidase)	91	mg/dL	Normal: < 100 Pre Diabetic: 100 - 125 Diabetic: >= 126

INTERPRETATION: Factors such as type, quantity and time of food intake, Physical activity, Psychological stress, and drugs can influence blood glucose level.

Glucose, Fasting (Urine)	Negative		Negative
(Urine - F)			
Glucose Postprandial (PPBS)	111	mg/dL	70 - 140
(Dlacma DD/COD DOD)			







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The results pertain to sample tested.

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INTERPRETATION:

Factors such as type, quantity and time of food intake, Physical activity, Psychological stress, and drugs can influence blood glucose level. Fasting blood glucose level may be higher than Postprandial glucose, because of physiological surge in Postprandial Insulin secretion, Insulin resistance, Exercise or Stress, Dawn Phenomenon, Somogyi Phenomenon, Anti-diabetic medication during treatment for Diabetes.

resistance, Exercise of Suess, Dawn Thenomenon,	, bomogyi i nenomene	m, riner diabetic inedication during treatm	ent for Blabete
Urine Glucose(PP-2 hours) (Urine - PP)	Negative		Negative
Blood Urea Nitrogen (BUN) (Serum/Calculated)	7.0	mg/dL	7.0 - 21
Creatinine (Serum/Jaffe o''Alkaline Picrate)	0.9	mg/dL	0.6 - 1.1
Uric Acid (Serum/Uricase/Peroxidase)	2.4 (Rechecked)	mg/dL	2.6 - 6.0
<u>Liver Function Test</u>			
Bilirubin(Total) (Serum/Diazotized Sulphanilic acid)	0.7	mg/dL	0.1 - 1.2
Bilirubin(Direct) (Serum/Diazotized Sulphanilic acid)	0.2	mg/dL	0.0 - 0.3
Bilirubin(Indirect) (Serum/Calculated)	0.50	mg/dL	0.1 - 1.0
SGOT/AST (Aspartate Aminotransferase) (Serum/IFCC without P-5-P)	15	U/L	5 - 40
SGPT/ALT (Alanine Aminotransferase) (Serum/IFCC without P-5-P)	15	U/L	5 - 41
Alkaline Phosphatase (SAP) (Serum/IFCC AMP Buffer)	62	U/L	42 - 98
Total Protein (Serum/Biuret)	7.8	gm/dl	6.0 - 8.0
Albumin (Serum/Bromocresol green)	4.2	gm/dl	3.5 - 5.2
Globulin (Serum/Calculated)	3.60	gm/dL	2.3 - 3.6







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Investigation	Observed Value	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Biological</u> <u>Reference Interval</u>
A: GRATIO	1.17		1.1 - 2.2
(Serum/Calculated) INTERPRETATION: Enclosure: Graph			
GGT(Gamma Glutamyl Transpeptidase) (Serum/IFCC / Kinetic)	11	U/L	< 38
<u>Lipid Profile</u>			
Cholesterol Total (Serum/Cholesterol oxidase/Peroxidase)	198	mg/dL	Optimal: < 200 Borderline: 200 - 239 High Risk: >= 240
Triglycerides (Serum/Glycerol-phosphate oxidase/Peroxidase)	126	mg/dL	Optimal: < 150 Borderline: 150 - 199 High: 200 - 499 Very High: >= 500

INTERPRETATION: The reference ranges are based on fasting condition. Triglyceride levels change drastically in response to food, increasing as much as 5 to 10 times the fasting levels, just a few hours after eating. Fasting triglyceride levels show considerable diurnal variation too. There is evidence recommending triglycerides estimation in non-fasting condition for evaluating the risk of heart disease and screening for metabolic syndrome, as non-fasting sample is more representative of the õusualö"circulating level of triglycerides during most part of the day.

HDL Cholesterol (Serum/Immunoinhibition)	40	mg/dL	Optimal(Negative Risk Factor): >= 60 Borderline: 50 - 59 High Risk: < 50
LDL Cholesterol (Serum/Calculated)	132.8	mg/dL	Optimal: < 100 Above Optimal: 100 - 129 Borderline: 130 - 159 High: 160 - 189 Very High: >= 190
VLDL Cholesterol	25.2	mg/dL	< 30







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Investigation **Observed** <u>Unit</u> <u>Biological</u> Value Reference Interval Non HDL Cholesterol 158.0 mg/dL Optimal: < 130 Above Optimal: 130 - 159 (Serum/Calculated) Borderline High: 160 - 189 High: 190 - 219 Very High: ≥ 220

INTERPRETATION: 1. Non-HDL Cholesterol is now proven to be a better cardiovascular risk marker than LDL Cholesterol. 2.It is the sum of all potentially atherogenic proteins including LDL, IDL, VLDL and chylomicrons and it is the "new bad cholesterol" and is a co-primary target for cholesterol lowering therapy.

Total Cholesterol/HDL Cholesterol 5 Optimal: < 3.3Low Risk: 3.4 - 4.4 Ratio Average Risk: 4.5 - 7.1 (Serum/Calculated) Moderate Risk: 7.2 - 11.0 High Risk: > 11.0Triglyceride/HDL Cholesterol Ratio 3.2 Optimal: < 2.5Mild to moderate risk: 2.5 - 5.0 (TG/HDL) High Risk: > 5.0(Serum/Calculated) 3.3 Optimal: 0.5 - 3.0 LDL/HDL Cholesterol Ratio Borderline: 3.1 - 6.0 (Serum/Calculated)

Glycosylated Haemoglobin (HbA1c)

Normal: 4.5 - 5.6 HbA1C 5.1 % Prediabetes: 5.7 - 6.4 (Whole Blood/HPLC-Ion exchange) Diabetic: ≥ 6.5

High Risk: > 6.0

INTERPRETATION: If Diabetes - Good control: 6.1 - 7.0 %, Fair control: 7.1 - 8.0 %, Poor control >= 8.1 %

99.67 mg/dl Mean Blood Glucose

(Whole Blood)





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Lab Manager

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Investigation Observed Unit Biological Value Reference Interval

INTERPRETATION: Comments

HbA1c provides an index of Average Blood Glucose levels over the past 8 - 12 weeks and is a much better indicator of long term glycemic control as compared to blood and urinary glucose determinations.

Conditions that prolong RBC life span like Iron deficiency anemia, Vitamin B12 & Folate deficiency,

hypertriglyceridemia, hyperbilirubinemia, Drugs, Alcohol, Lead Poisoning, Asplenia can give falsely elevated HbAlC values.

Conditions that shorten RBC survival like acute or chronic blood loss, hemolytic anemia, Hemoglobinopathies, Splenomegaly, Vitamin E ingestion, Pregnancy, End stage Renal disease can cause falsely low HbA1c.

THYROID PROFILE / TFT

T3 (Triiodothyronine) - Total 0.84 ng/ml 0.7 - 2.04

(Serum/Chemiluminescent Immunometric Assay

(CLIA))

INTERPRETATION:

Comment:

Total T3 variation can be seen in other condition like pregnancy, drugs, nephrosis etc. In such cases, Free T3 is recommended as it is Metabolically active.

T4 (Thyroxine) - Total 11.31 $\mu g/dl$ 4.2 - 12.0

(Serum/Chemiluminescent Immunometric Assay

(CLIA))

INTERPRETATION:

Comment:

Total T4 variation can be seen in other condition like pregnancy, drugs, nephrosis etc. In such cases, Free T4 is recommended as it is Metabolically active.

TSH (Thyroid Stimulating Hormone) 4.08 µIU/mL 0.35 - 5.50

(Serum/Chemiluminescence)

INTERPRETATION:

Reference range for cord blood - upto 20

1 st trimester: 0.1-2.5 2 nd trimester 0.2-3.0 3 rd trimester: 0.3-3.0

(Indian Thyroid Society Guidelines)

Comment:

- 1.TSH reference range during pregnancy depends on Iodine intake, TPO status, Serum HCG concentration, race, Ethnicity and BMI.
- 2.TSH Levels are subject to circadian variation, reaching peak levels between 2-4am and at a minimum between 6-10PM. The variation can be of the order of 50%, hence time of the day has influence on the measured serum TSH concentrations.
- 3. Values&lt 0.03 µIU/mL need to be clinically correlated due to presence of rare TSH variant in some individuals.

Urine Analysis - Routine







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The results pertain to sample tested.

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Investigation	<u>Observed</u> <u>Unit</u> <u>Value</u>	<u>Biological</u> Reference Interval
Others (Urine/Microscopy) INTERPRETATION: Note: Dena with	NIL	
Physical Examination(Urine Rou	n Automated Urine Analyser & microscopy (tine)	
Colour (Urine/Physical examination)	PALE YELLOW	Yellow to Amber
Appearance (Urine/Physical examination)	Clear	Clear

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Chemical Examination(Urine Routine)			
Protein (Urine/Dipstick-Error of indicator/ Sulphosalicylic acid method)	Negative		Negative
Glucose (Urine/Dip Stick Method / Glucose Oxidase - Peroxidase / Benedict\(\psi \) semi quantitative method.)	Negative		Negative
Microscopic Examination(Urine Routine)			
Pus Cells (Urine/Microscopy exam of urine sediment)	2-3	/hpf	0 - 5
Epithelial Cells (Urine/Microscopy exam of urine sediment)	4-5	/hpf	0 - 5
RBCs	NIL	/hpf	0 - 5



(Urine/Microscopy exam of urine sediment)





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-- End of Report --