Path Lab & Imaging Centre

B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Opp. Janpath Corner, New Sanganer Road, Jaipur-302019 Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

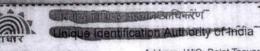
Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



General Physical Examination
Date of Examination: 11 02 2023
Name: Dipika. Age: 31 DOB: 07 06 1991 Sex: Female.
Referred By:
Photo ID:e Sadhar. ID #: _attached
Ht: (cm) Wt: (Kg)
Chest (Expiration): 88 (cm) Abdomen Circumference: 79 (cm)
Chest (Expiration): 88 (cm) Abdomen Circumference: 79 (cm) Blood Pressure: 17 / 18 mm Hg PR: 69 / min RR: 16 / min Temp: Aborate
вмі
Eye Examination: Dis Vision 66, Dear Misron 46 Bil eyes) Donnal Glor Misron Other: Dol significant
On examination he/she appears physically and mentally fit : Yes// No
Signature Of Examine : - Deepika
Signature Medical Examiner: M.B.B.S. D.M.R.D. Name Medical Examiner



Deefold



पताः अर्धागिनीः दोलत तंबर 105-ए कटेवा नगर गुजर की थडी नई सागानेर रोड, जयपुर, श्याम नगर जयपुर, राजस्थान, 302019 Address: W/O: Dolat Tanvar, 105-a kateva nagar gujar-ki thadi, new sanganer road, Jaipur, Shyam Nagar, Rajasthan, 302019

9772 6212 1667







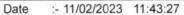
M.B.B.S. D.M.R.D RMC Reg No -017996

Path Lab & Imaging Centre

B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Opp. Janpath Corner, New Sanganer Road, Jaipur-302019

Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



NAME :- Mrs. DEEPIKA

Sex / Age :- Female 31 Yrs

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- EDTA

Patient ID: -122229515

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Sample Collected Time 11/02/2023 12:11:26

Final Authentication: 11/02/2023 15:08 03

HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interva-
BOB PACKAGEFEMALE BELOW 40			
HAEMOGARAM			
HAEMOGLOBIN (Hb)	9.5 L	g/dL	12.0 - 15.0
TOTAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT	5.34	/cumm	4.00 - 10.00
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT			
NEUTROPHIL	68.2	%	40.0 - 80.0
LYMPHOCYTE	26.7	%	20.0 - 40.0
EOSINOPHIL ·	1.7	%	1.0 - 6.0
MONOCYTE	2.8	% .	2.0 - 10.0
BASOPHIL	0.6	%	0.0 - 2.0
NEUT#	3.65	10^3/uL	1.50 - 7.00
LYMPH#	1.43	10^3/uL	1.00 - 3.70
EO#	0.09	10^3/uL	0.00 - 0.40
MONO#	0.14	10^3/uL	0.00 - 0.70
BASO#	0.03	10^3/uL	0.00 - 0.10
TOTAL RED BLOOD CELL COUNT (RBC)	4.29	x10^6/uL	3.80 - 4.80
HEMATOCRIT (HCT)	29.00 └	%	36.00 - 46.00
MEAN CORP VOLUME (MCV)	67.5 L	fL	83.0 - 101.0
MEAN CORP HB (MCH)	22.0 └	pg	27.0 - 32.0
MEAN CORP HB CONC (MCHC)	32.6	g/dL	31.5 - 34.5
PLATELET COUNT	168	x10^3/uL	150 - 410
RDW-CV	14.0	%	11.6 - 14.0
MENTZER INDEX	15.73		

The Mentzer index is used to differentiate iron deficiency anemia from beta thalassemia trait. If a CBC indicates microcytic anemia, these are two of the most likely causes, making it necessary to distinguish between them.

If the quotient of the mean corpuscular volume divided by the red blood cell count is less than 13, thalassemia is more likely. If the result is greater than 13, then iron-deficiency anemia is more likely.

MUKESHSINGH Technologist

Page No: 1 of 11



Dr. Rashmi Bakshi MBBS. MD (Path) RMC No. 17975/008828

Path Lab & Imaging Centre

B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Opp. Janpath Corner, New Sanganer Road. Jaipur-302019

Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



:- 11/02/2023 11:43:27

NAME :- Mrs. DEEPIKA

Sample Type :- EDTA

Sex / Age :- Female 31 Yrs

Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID: -122229515

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp:-

Sample Collected Time 11/02/2023 12:11:26

HAEMATOLOGY

Final Authentication: 11/02/2023 15:08:0

Biological Ref Interval

Unit

Test Name

Value

Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR)

mm/hr.

00 - 20

(ESR) Methodology: Measurment of ESR by cells aggregation.

Instrument Name : Indepedent form Hematocrit value by Automated Analyzer (Roller-20)

: ESR test is a non-specific indicator ofinflammatory disease and abnormal protein states.

The test in used to detect, follow course of a certain disease (e.g-tuberculosis, rheumatic fever, myocardial infarction

Levels are higher in pregnency due to hyperfibrinogenaemia.

The "3-figure ESR " x>100 value nearly always indicates serious disease such as a serious infection, malignant paraproteinaemia (FBC) in the the three transfer of the three transfer of the t

MUKESHSINGH **Technologist**

Page No: 2 of 11

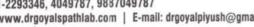
Dr. Rashmi Bakshi MBBS. MD (Path) RMC No. 17975/008828

Path Lab & Imaging Centre

B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Opp. Janpath Corner, New Sanganer Road, Jaipur-302019

Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgovalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgovalpiyush@gmail.com



:- 11/02/2023 11:43:27 NAME :- Mrs. DEEPIKA

Sex / Age :- Female 31 Yrs

Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID: -122229515

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Sample Type :- EDTA, KOx/Na FLUORIDE-F, KSav/NateFCbl@RibETTFRe URIDE-2023 12:11:26

Final Authentication: 11/02/2023 18:02.09

HAEMATOLOGY

Value **Test Name** Biological Ref Interval

BLOOD GROUP ABO

"B" POSITIVE

BLOOD GROUP ABO Methodology: Haemagglutination reaction Kit Name: Monoclonal agglutinating antibodies (Span clone).

FASTING BLOOD SUGAR (Plasma) Method:- GOD PAP

86.8

mg/dl

75.0 - 115.0

111 - 125 mg/dL Impaired glucose tolerance (IGT) Diabetes Mellitus (DM) > 126 mg/dL

Instrument Name: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevated glucose levels (hyperglycemia) may occur with diabetes, pancreatic neoplasm, hyperthyroidism and adrenal cortical hyper-function as well as other disorders. Decreased glucose levels (hypoglycemia) may result from excessive insulin therapy or various liver diseases.

BLOOD SUGAR PP (Plasma)

Method:- GOD PAP

98.3

70.0 - 140.0

Instrument Name: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevated glucose levels (hyperglycemia) may occur with diabetes, pancreatic neoplasm, hyperthyroidism and adrenal cortical hyper-function as well as other disorders. Decreased glucose levels(hypoglycemia) may result from excessive insulin therapy or various liver diseases.

URINE SUGAR (FASTING)
Collected Sample Received

Nil

KAUSHAL, MUKESHSINGH, VIJENDRAMEENA **Technologist**

Page No: 3 of 11

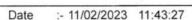


Dr. Piyush Goyal (D.M.R.D.) Dr. Rashmi Bakshi Dr. Chandrika Gupta

Dr. Goyal's Path Lab & Imaging Centre

B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Opp. Janpath Corner, New Sanganer Road, Jaipur-302019

Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787
Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



NAME :- Mrs. DEEPIKA

Sex / Age :- Female 31 Yrs

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Patient ID :-122229515

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Sample Collected Time 11/02/2023 12:11:26

Final Authentication: 11/02/2023 13:47:0



Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
LIPID PROFILE			
TOTAL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Enzymatic Endpoint Method	129.96	mg/dl	Desirable <200 Borderline 200-239 High> 240
TRIGLYCERIDES Method:- GPO-PAP	50.39	mg/dl	Normal <150 Borderline high 150-199 High 200-499 Very high >500
DIRECT HDL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Direct clearance Method	40.24	mg/dl	Low < 40 High > 60
DIRECT LDL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Direct clearance Method	81.32	mg/dl	Optimal <100 Near Optimal/above optimal 100-129 Borderline High 130-159 High 160-189 Very High > 190
VLDL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Calculated	10.08	mg/dl	0.00 - 80.00
T.CHOLESTEROL/HDL CHOLESTEROL RATIO Method:- Calculated	3.23		0.00 - 4.90
LDL / HDL CHOLESTEROL RATIO Method:- Calculated	2.02		0.00 - 3.50
TOTAL LIPID Method:- CALCULATED	362.84 L	mg/dl	400.00 - 1000.00

TOTAL CHOLESTEROL InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Cholesterol measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatments of lipid lipoprotein metabolism disorders.

TRIGLYCERIDES InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Triglyceride measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of diseases involving lipid metabolism and various endocrine disorders e.g. diabetes mellitus, nephrosis and liver obstruction.

DIRECT HDLCHOLESTERO InstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: An inverse relationship between HDL-cholesterol (HDL-C) levels in serum and (h) incidence/prevalence of coronary heart disease (CHD) has been demonstrated in a number of epidemiological studies. Accurate measurement of HDL-C is of vital importance when assessing patient risk from CHD. Direct measurement gives improved accuracy and reproducibility when compared to precipitation methods.

DIRECT LDL-CHOLESTEROL Instrument Name: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Accurate measurement of LDL-Cholesterol is of vital importance in therapies which focus on high reduction to prevent atherosclerosis or reduce its progress and to avoid plaque rupture.

TOTAL LIPID AND VLDL ARE CALCULATED

KAUSHAL

Page No: 5 of 11



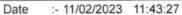
Dr. Piyush Goyal (D.M.R.D.) Dr. Chandrika Gupta

Path Lab & Imaging Centre

B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Opp. Janpath Corner, New Sanganer Road, Jaipur-302019

Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



NAME :- Mrs. DEEPIKA

Sex / Age :- Female 31 Yrs

Company :- MediWheel Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM Patient ID: -122229515

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Sample Collected Time 11/02/2023 12:11:26

Final Authentication . 11/02/2023 13:47:07



		NO CHELLINA	INTICI	
Test Name		Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interven
LIVER PROFILE WITH GGT				
SERUM BILIRUBIN (TOTAL) Method:- Colorimetric method		0.42	mg/dl	Up to - 1.0 Cord blood <2 Premature < 6 days <16 Full-term < 6 days= 12 1month - <12 months <2 1-19 years <1.5 Adult - Up to - 1.2 Ref-(ACCP 2020)
SERUM BILIRUBIN (DIRECT) Method:-Colorimetric Method		0.17	mg/dL	Adult - Up to 0.25 Newborn - <0.6 mg/dL >- 1 month - <0.2 mg/dL
SERUM BILIRUBIN (INDIRECT) Method:- Calculated		0.25	mg/dl	0.30-0.70
SGOT Method:- IFCC		28.2	U/L	Men- Up to - 37.0 Women - Up to - 31.0
SGPT Method:- IFCC		27.0	.U/L	Men- Up to - 40.0 Women - Up to - 31.0
SERUM ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE Method:- AMP Buffer		47.30	IU/L	30.00 - 120.00
SERUM GAMMA GT Method:- IFCC		13.50	U/L	7.00 - 32.00
SERUM TOTAL PROTEIN Method:- Biuret Reagent		8.18	g/dl	6.40 - 8.30
SERUM ALBUMIN Method:- Bromocresol Green		3.87	g/dl	3.80 - 5.00
SERUM GLOBULIN Method:- CALCULATION	٠	4.31 H	gm/dl	2.20 - 3.50
A/G RATIO		0.90 └		1.30 - 2.50

Total BilirubinMethodology: Colorimetric method InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation An increase in bilirubin concentration in the serum occurs in toxic or infectious diseases of the liver e.g. hepatitis B or obstruction of the bile duct and in rhesus incompatible babies High levels of unconjugated bilirubin indicate that too much haemoglobin is being destroyed or that the liver is not actively treating

AST Aspartate Aminotransferase Methodology: IFCC InstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevated levels of AST can signal myocardial infarction, hepatic disease, muscular dystrophy and rage. Although heart muscle is found to have the most activity of the enzyme, significant activity has also been seen in the brain, liver, gastric mucosa, adipose tissue and kidneys of humans ALT Alanine Aminotransferase Methodology: IFCCInstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: The enzyme ALT has been found to be in highest concentrations in the liver, with decreasing concentrations found in kidney, heart, skeletal muscle, pancreas, spleen and lung tissue respectively. Elevated levels of the transaminases can indicate myocardial infarction, hepatic disease, muscular dystrophy and organ damage.

Alkaline Phosphatase Methodology: AMP Buffer InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Measurements of alkaline phosphatase are of use in the diagnosis, treatment and investigation of hepatobilary disease and in bone disease associated with increased osteoblastic activity. Alkaline phosphatase is also used in the diagnosis of parally roid and intestinal disease TOTAL PROTEIN Methodology. Biuret Reagent InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Measurements obtained by this method are used in the

diagnosis and treatment of a variety of diseases involving the liver, kidney and bone marrow as well as other metabolic or nutritional disorders.

ALBUMIN (ALB) Methodology: Bromogresol Green InstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Albumin measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of numerous diseases involving primarily the liver or kidneys. Globulin & A/G ratio is calculated.

Instrument Name Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevations in GGT levels are seen earlier and more pronounced than those with other liver enzymes in cases of obstructive inundice and metastatic neoplasms. It may reach 5 to 30 times normal levels in intra-or post-hepatic biliary obstruction. Only moderate elevations in the enzyme level (2 to 5 times normal)

KAUSHAL

Page No: 6 of 11



Dr. Piyush Goyal (D.M.R.D.) Dr. Chandrika Gupta

Path Lab & Imaging Centre

B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Opp. Janpath Corner, New Sanganer Road, Jaipur-302019

Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



:- 11/02/2023 11:43:27

NAME :- Mrs. DEEPIKA

Sex / Age :- Female 31 Yrs

Company :- MediWheel
Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Patient ID :-122229515

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp:-

Final Authentication: 11/02/2023 13:47 0

BIOCHEMISTRY

Sample Collected Time 11/02/2023 12:11:26

BIOCHEMISTRY				
Test Name	Value	Unit		Biological Ref Interval
SERUM CREATININE Method:- Colorimetric Method	0.71	mg/dl		Men - 0:6-1.30 Women - 0.5-1.20
SERUM URIC ACID Method:- Enzymatic colorimetric	3.31	mg/dl		Men - 3.4-7.0 Women - 2.4-5.7

KAUSHAL

Page No: 7 of 11



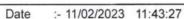
Dr. Piyush Goyal (D.M.R.D.) Dr. Chandrika Gupta

Dr. Goyal's-Path Lab & Imaging Centre

B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Opp. Janpath Corner, New Sanganer Road, Jaipur-302019

Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



NAME :- Mrs. DEEPIKA

Sex / Age :- Female 31 Yrs

Company :- MediWheel Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM Patient ID: -122229515

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Final Authentication 11/02/2023 13 1

DIOCHEMICTRY

Sample Collected Time 11/02/2023 12:11:26

	BIOCHEMISTRY			
Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interva	
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN)	7.2	mg/dl	0.0 - 23.0	

KAUSHAL

Page No: 8 of 11



Dr. Piyush Goyal (D.M.R.D.) Dr. Chandrika Gupta

Dr. Goyal's Path Lab & Imaging Centre

B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Opp. Janpath Corner, New Sanganer Road, Jaipur-302019

Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



Date :- 11/02/2023 11:43:27

NAME :- Mrs. DEEPIKA

Sex / Age :- Female 31 Yrs

Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID :-122229515

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Sample Type :- EDTA

Sample Collected Time 11/02/2023 12:11:26

Final Authentication: 11/02/2023 15 08

HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HbA1C) Method:- HPLC	5.8	%	Non-diabetic: < 5.7 Pre-diabetics: 5.7-6.4 Diabetics: = 6.5 or higher

ADA Target: 7.0 Action suggested: > 6.5

Instrument name: ARKRAY's ADAMS Lite HA 8380V, JAPAN.

Test Interpretation

HbA1C is formed by the condensation of glucose with n-terminal valine residue of each beta chain of HbA to form an unstable schiff base. It is the major fraction, constituting approximately 80% of HbA1c. Formation of glycated hemoglobin (GHb) is essentially irreversible and the concentration in the blood depends on both the lifespan of the red blood cells (RBC) (120 days) and the blood glucose concentration. The GHb concentration represents the integrated values for glucose overthe period of 6 to 8 weeks. GHb values are free of day to day glucose fluctuations and are unaffected by recent exercise or food ingestion. Concentration of plasmaglucose concentration in GHb depends on the time interval, with more recent values providing a larger contribution than earlier values. The interpretation of GHbdepends on RBC having a normal life span. Patients with hemolytic disease or other conditions with shortened RBC survival exhibit a substantial reduction of GHb. High GHb have been reported in iron deficiency anemia. GHb has been firmly established as an index of long term blood glucose concentrations and as a measureof the risk for the development of complications in patients with diabetes mellitus. The absolute risk of retinopathy and nephropathy are directly proportional to themean of HbA1C. Genetic variants (e.g. HbS trait, HbC trait), elevated HbF and chemically modified derivatives of hemoglobin can affect the accuracy of HbA1C measurements. The effects vary depending on the specific Hb vatiant or derivative and the specific HbA1c method.

Ref by ADA 2020

MEAN PLASMA GLUCOSE
Method:- Calculated Parameter

120

mg/dL

Non Diabetic < 100 mg/dL Prediabetic 100- 125 mg/dL Diabetic 126 mg/dL or Higher

MUKESHSINGH Technologist

Page No: 9 of 11



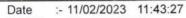
Dr. Rashmi Bakshi MBBS. MD (Path) RMC No. 17975/008828

Path Lab & Imaging Centre

B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Opp. Janpath Corner, New Sanganer Road, Jaipur-302019

Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



NAME :- Mrs. DEEPIKA

Sex / Age :- Female 31 Yrs

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- URINE

Patient ID: -122229515

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Sample Collected Time 11/02/2023 12:11:26

Final Authentication: 11/02/2023 16:24

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interva
Urine Routine			
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION			
COLOUR	PALE YE	LLOW	PALE YELLOW
APPEARANCE	Clear		Clear
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION			
REACTION(PH) Method:- Reagent Strip(Double indicatior blue reaction)	5.5		5.0 - 7.5
SPECIFIC GRAVITY Method:- Reagent Strip(bromthymol blue)	1.025		1.010 - 1.030
PROTEIN Method:- Reagent Strip (Sulphosalicylic acid test)	NIL		NIL
GLUCOSE Method:- Reagent Strip (Glu.Oxidase Peroxidase Benedict)	NIL		NIL
BILIRUBIN Method:- Reagent Strip (Azo-coupling reaction)	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE
UROBILINOGEN Method:- Reagent Strip (Modified ehrlich reaction)	NORMAL		NORMAL
KETONES Method:- Reagent Strip (Sodium Nitropruside) Rothera's	NEGATIV	E	NEGATIVE
NITRITE Method:- Reagent Strip (Diazotization reaction)	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE
MICROSCOPY EXAMINATION			
RBC/HPF	NIL	/HPF	NIL
WBC/HPF	2-3	/HPF	2-3
EPITHELIAL CELLS	2-3	/HPF	2-3
CRYSTALS/HPF	ABSENT		ABSENT
CAST/HPF	ABSENT		ABSENT
AMORPHOUS SEDIMENT	ABSENT		ABSENT
BACTERIAL FLORA	ABSENT		ABSENT
YEAST CELL	ABSENT		ABSENT
OTHER	ABSENT		

VIJENDRAMEENA Technologist

Page No: 10 of 11



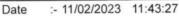
Dr. Chandrika Gupta MBBS.MD (Path) RMC NO. 21021/008037

Path Lab & Imaging Centre

B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Opp. Janpath Corner, New Sanganer Road, Jaipur-302019

Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgovalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgovalpiyush@gmail.com



NAME :- Mrs. DEEPIKA

Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Sex / Age :- Female 31 Yrs

Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID :-122229515

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Final Authentication: 11/02/2023 16:20

IMMUNOASSAY

Sample Collected Time 11/02/2023 12:11:26

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
TOTAL THYROID PROFILE			
SERUM TOTAL T3 Method:- Chemiluminescence(Compétitive immunoassay)	1.263	ng/ml	0.970 - 1.690
SERUM TOTAL T4 Method:- Chemiluminescence(Competitive immunoassay)	8.142	ug/dl	5.500 - 11.000
SERUM TSH ULTRA Method:- Enhanced Chemiluminescence Immunoassay	1.650	$\mu IU/mL$	0.500 - 6.880

Interpretation: Triiodothyronine (T3) contributes to the maintenance of the euthyroid state. A decrease in T3 concentration of up to 50% occurs in a variety of clinical situations, including acute and chronic disease. Although T3 results alone cannot be used to diagnose hypothyroidism, T3 concentration may be more sensitive than thyroxine (T4) for hyperthyroidism. Consequently, the total T3 assay can be used in conjunction with other assays to aid in the differential diagnosis of thyroid disease. T3 concentrations may be altered in some conditions, such as pregnancy, that affect the capacity of the thyroid hormone-binding proteins. Under such conditions, Free T3 can provide the best estimate of the metabolically active hormone concentration. Alternatively, T3 uptake, or T4 uptake can be used with the total T3 result to calculate the free T3 index and estimate the concentration of free T3.

Interpretation: The measurement of Total T4 aids in the differential diagnosis of thyroid disease. While >99.9% of T4 is protein-bound, primarily to thyroxine-binding globulin (TBG), it is the free fraction that is biologically active. In most patients, the total T4 concentration is a good indicator of thyroid status. T4 concentrations may be altered in some conditions, such as pregnancy, that affect the capacity of the thyroid hormone-binding proteins. Under such conditions, free T4 can provide the best estimate of the metabolically active hormone concentration. Alternatively, T3 uptake may be used with the total T4 result to calculate the free T4 index (FT4I) and estimate the concentration of free T4. Some drugs and some nonthyroidal patient conditions are known to alter TT4 concentrations in vivo.

Interpretation: TSH stimulates the production of thyroxine (T4) and triiodothyronine (T3) by the thyroid gland. The diagnosis of overthypothyroidism by the finding of a low total T4 or free T4 concentration is readily confirmed by a raised TSH concentration. Measurement of low or undetectable TSH concentrations may assist the diagnosis of hyperthyroidism, where concentrations of T4 and T3 are elevated and TSH secretion is suppressed. These have the advantage of discriminating between the concentrations of TSH observed in thyrotoxicosis, compared with the low, but detectable, concentrations that occur in subclinical hyperthyroidism. The performance of this assay has not been established for neonatal specimens. Some drugs and some nonthyroidal patient conditions are known to alter TSH concentrations in vivo.

INTERPRETATION

PREGNANCY	REFERENCE RANGE FOR TSH IN uIU/mL (As per American Thyroid Association)
1st Trimester	0.10-2.50
2nd Trimester	0.20-3.00
3rd Trimester	0.30-3.00

*** End of Report ***

AJAYKUMAR Technologist

Page No: 11 of 11



Dr. Chandrika Gupta MBBS.MD (Path) RMC NO. 21021/008037



B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Opp. Janpath Corner, New Sanganer Road, Jaipur

Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgovalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgovalpiyush@gmail.com



Date

:- 11/02/2023 11:43:27

NAME :- Mrs. DEEPIKA

Sex / Age :- Female

Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID: -122229515 Ref. By Doctor:-BOB

Lab/Hosp:-

Final Authentication: 11/02/2023 14:38:57

BOB PACKAGEFEMALE BELOW 40

ULTRA SOUND SCAN OF ABDOMEN

Liver is of normal size. Echo-texture is normal. No focal space occupying lesion is seen within liver parenchyma. Intra hepatic biliary channels are not dilated. Portal vein diameter is normal.

Gall bladder is of normal size. Wall is not thickened. No calculus or mass lesion is seen in gall bladder. Common bile duct is not dilated.

Pancreas is of normal size and contour. Echo-pattern is normal. No focal lesion is seen within pancreas.

Spleen is of normal size and shape. Echotexture is normal. No focal lesion is seen.

Kidneys are normally sited and are of normal size and shape. Cortico-medullary echoes are normal. No focal lesion is seen. Collecting system does not show any dilatation or calculus.

Urinary Bladder: is well distended and showing smooth wall with normal thickness. Urinary bladder does not show any calculus or mass lesion.

Uterus is anteverted and normal in size and measures: 78x44x30 mm.

Myometrium shows normal echo - pattern. No focal space occupying lesion is seen.

Endometrial echo is normal. Endometrial thickness is 10.4 mm.

Cervix appear mild bulky in size 40x28 mm.

Nabothian cyst seen in cervix measuring approx. 11.4x7.0 mm.

Both ovaries are visualised and are normal. No adnexal mass is seen.

No enlarged nodes are visualised. No retro-peritoneal lesion is identified. No significant free fluid is seen in pouch of douglas.

IMPRESSION:

*Mild bulky cervix with nabothian cyst - ? Cervicitis.

Needs clinical correlation & further evaluation

Page No: 1 of 1

*** End of Report ***

AHSAN

Dr. Piyush Goyal M.B.B.S., D.M.R.D. RMC Reg No. 017996

Dr. Poonam Gupta MBBS, MD (Radio Diagnosis) RMC No. 32495

Dr. Asaish Choudhary MBBS, MD (Radio Diagnosis) Fetal Medicine Consultant

Dr. Abhishek Jain MBBS, DNB, (Radio-Diagnosis) __ RMC No. 21687 .

Transcript by.



B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Opp. Janpath Corner, New Sanganer Road, Jaipur

Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



:- 11/02/2023 11:43:27

Sex / Age :- Female 31 Yrs

NAME :- Mrs. DEEPIKA

Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID: -12222951 Ref. By Doctor:-BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Final Authentication: 11/02/2023 14:51:06

BOB PACKAGEFEMALE BELOW 40

X RAY CHEST PA VIEW:

Both lung fields appears clear.

Bronchovascular markings appear normal.

Trachea is in midline

Both the hilar shadows are normal.

Both the C.P.angles is clear.

Both the domes of diaphragm are normally placed.

Bony cage and soft tissue shadows are normal.

Heart shadows appear normal.

Impression :- Normal Study

(Please correlate clinically and with relevant further investigations)

*** End of Report ***

Page No: 1 of 1

Dr. Piyush Goyal (D.M.R.D.) BILAL

Dr. Piyush Goyal M.B.B.S., D.M.R.D. RMC Reg No. 017996 Dr. Po Ram Gupta MBBS, MD Radio Diagnosis) RMC No. 32495

Dr. Ashish Choudhary MBBS, MD (Radio Diagnosis) Fetal Medicine Consultant

FMF ID - 260517 | RMC No 22430

Dr. Abhishek Jain MBBS, DNB, (Radio-Diagnosis) RMC No. 21687 Transcript by.