





CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS : ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD ( MEDIWHEEL ) F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULI SOUTH WEST DELHI NEW DELHI 110030 DELHI INDIA DELHI INDIA 8800465156

PATIENT NAME: DEEPSHIKHA ARYA			PATIENT ID :	DEEPF181191282
ACCESSION NO : 0282VK000868 AGE : 3	0 Years SEX : Female	e	ABHA NO :	
DRAWN : RECEIVE	ED: 12/11/2022 12:35:	50	REPORTED : 14/11/20	22 15:12:03
REFERRING DOCTOR : SELF			CLIENT PATIENT ID	):
Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results		<b>Biological Reference</b>	Interval Units
MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP	P BELOW 40FEMALE			
BLOOD COUNTS,EDTA WHOLE BLOOD				<i>(</i> ))
HEMOGLOBIN (HB)	12.2		12.0 - 15.0	g/dL
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY				
RED BLOOD CELL (RBC) COUNT	4.30		3.8 - 4.8	mil/µL
METHOD : IMPEDANCE	4 70			
WHITE BLOOD CELL (WBC) COUNT	4.78		4.0 - 10.0	thou/µL
METHOD : IMPEDANCE	242		150 110	
PLATELET COUNT	243		150 - 410	thou/µL
HEMATOCRIT (PCV)	37.4		36 - 46	%
METHOD : CALCULATED				
MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOLUME (MCV)	87.0		83 - 101	fL
METHOD : DERIVED FROM IMPEDANCE MEASURE	22.4		27.0.22.0	
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN (MCH)	28.4		27.0 - 32.0	pg
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	<u></u>			
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN CONCENTRATION (MCHC) METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	32.7		31.5 - 34.5	g/dL
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW)	16.0	High	11.6 - 14.0	%
METHOD : DERIVED FROM IMPEDANCE MEASURE				
MENTZER INDEX	20.2			
MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV)	11.2	High	6.8 - 10.9	fL
METHOD : DERIVED FROM IMPEDANCE MEASURE				
WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT				
NEUTROPHILS	57		40 - 80	%
METHOD : DHSS FLOWCYTOMETRY				
LYMPHOCYTES	34		20 - 40	%
METHOD : DHSS FLOWCYTOMETRY				
MONOCYTES	07		2 - 10	%
METHOD : DHSS FLOWCYTOMETRY				
EOSINOPHILS	02		1 - 6	%
METHOD : DHSS FLOWCYTOMETRY				
BASOPHILS	00		0 - 2	%
METHOD : IMPEDANCE				



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#### SRL Ltd Shop CG 017, PALM SPRINGS PLAZA GURUGRAM, 122001 HARYANA, INDIA Tel: 9111591115

< 116

PATIENT NAME : DEEPSHIKHA ARYA		PATIENT ID : DEEPF1811912	282	
ACCESSION NO : 0282VK000868 AG	E : 30 Years SEX : Female	ABHA NO :		
DRAWN : R	ECEIVED : 12/11/2022 12:35:50	REPORTED : 14/11/2022 15:12:03		
REFERRING DOCTOR : SELF		CLIENT PATIENT ID :		
Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results	Biological Reference Interval Units		
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT METHOD : DHSS FLOWCYTOMETRY, CALCULATED	2.72	2.0 - 7.0 thou/µL		
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT	1.63	1 - 3 thou/µL		
METHOD : DHSS FLOWCYTOMETRY, CALCULATED ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT METHOD : DHSS FLOWCYTOMETRY, CALCULATED	0.33	0.20 - 1.00 thou/µL		
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT METHOD : DHSS FLOWCYTOMETRY, CALCULATED	0.10	0.02 - 0.50 thou/µL		
ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT METHOD : DHSS FLOWCYTOMETRY, CALCULATED	00 Low	0.02 - 0.10 thou/µL		
NEUTROPHIL LYMPHOCYTE RATIO (NLR) METHOD : CALCULATED	1.7			
ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RAT	E (ESR),WHOLE			
E.S.R	12	0 - 20 mm at 1	hr	
METHOD : AUTOMATED (PHOTOMETRICAL CAPILLARY	,			
GLUCOSE FASTING, FLUORIDE PLASM	Α			
FBS (FASTING BLOOD SUGAR)	88	Normal 75 - 99 mg/dL Pre-diabetics: $100 - 125$ Diabetic: $> or = 126$		
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY HEXOKINASE GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE				
BLOOD				
HBA1C	5.2	Non-diabetic: < 5.7 % Pre-diabetics: 5.7 - 6.4 Diabetics: > or = 6.5 ADA Target: 7.0 Action suggested: > 8.0		
METHOD : CAPILLARY ELECTROPHORESIS				

102.5



ESTIMATED AVERAGE GLUCOSE(EAG)

METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER



mg/dL







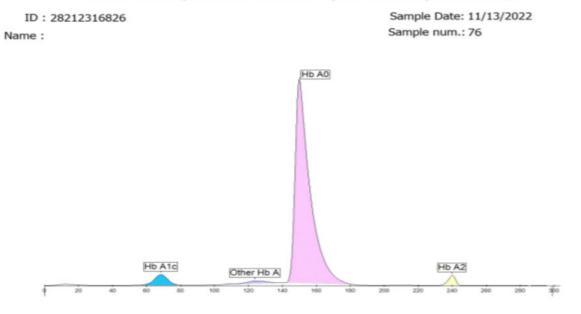
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SRL Ltd Shop CG 017, PALM SPRINGS PLAZA GURUGRAM, 122001 HARYANA, INDIA Tel : 9111591115

PATIENT NAME : DEEPSHIKH	ARYA	PATIENT ID : DEEPF181191282
ACCESSION NO : 0282VK00086	8 AGE : 30 Years SEX : Female	ABHA NO :
DRAWN :	RECEIVED : 12/11/2022 12:35:50	REPORTED : 14/11/2022 15:12:03
REFERRING DOCTOR : SELF		CLIENT PATIENT ID :
Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results	Biological Reference Interval Units

# PLOT NO.31, ELECTRONIC CITY, SECTOR 18, GURUGRAM



# A1c Haemoglobin Electrophoresis

Fractions	%	mmol/mol	Cal. %
Hb A1c	-	33	5.2
Other Hb A	1.9		
Hb AO	91.3		
Hb A2	2.4		

HbA1c % cal :5.2 %

Comments :











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DELHI INDIA 8800465156	Ter : 91.	11591115	
PATIENT NAME : DEEPSHIKH	A ARYA	PATIENT ID : DEEPF18	1191282
ACCESSION NO : 0282VK00086	<b>8</b> AGE : 30 Years SEX : Female	ABHA NO :	
DRAWN :	RECEIVED : 12/11/2022 12:35:50	REPORTED : 14/11/2022 15:12:03	3
REFERRING DOCTOR : SELF		CLIENT PATIENT ID:	
Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PI	LASMA		
PPBS(POST PRANDIAL BLOOD SU METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, HEXOKII	,	70 - 139 mg	g/dL
LIPID PROFILE, SERUM			
CHOLESTEROL, TOTAL	151	Desirable cholesterol level mg < 200 Borderline high cholesterol 200 - 239 High cholesterol > / = 240	g/dL
METHOD : ENZYMATIC COLORIMETRIC ASS			
TRIGLYCERIDES	63	Normal: < 150 mg Borderline high: 150 - 199 High: 200 - 499 Very High: >/= 500	g/dL
METHOD : ENZYMATIC COLORIMETRIC ASS	SAY	, , , ,	
HDL CHOLESTEROL	53		g/dL
METHOD : HOMOGENEOUS ENZYMATIC CO	ORIMETRIC ASSAY	High HDL Cholesterol >/= 60	
CHOLESTEROL LDL	77	Adult levels: mg Optimal < 100 Near optimal/above optimal: 100- 129 Borderline high : 130-159 High : 160-189 Very high : = 190	g/dL
METHOD : HOMOGENEOUS ENZYMATIC CO	LORIMETRIC ASSAY		
NON HDL CHOLESTEROL	98	Desirable : < 130 mg Above Desirable : 130 -159 Borderline High : 160 - 189 High : 190 - 219 Very high : > / = 220	g/dL
	3.0	<b>-ow</b> Low Risk : 3.3 - 4.4	
	3.0	Average Risk : 3.3 - 4.4 Average Risk : 4.5 - 7.0 Moderate Risk : 7.1 - 11.0 High Risk : > 11.0	
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	1.5	0.5 - 3.0 Desirable/Low Risk	
	1.5	3.1 - 6.0 Borderline/Moderate Risk >6.0 High Risk	
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			











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# PATIENT NAME : DEEPSHIKHA ARYA PATIENT ID : DEEPF181191282 ACCESSION NO : 0282VK000868 AGE : 30 Years SEX : Female ABHA NO : DRAWN : RECEIVED : 12/11/2022 12:35:50 REPORTED : 14/11/2022 15:12:03 REFERRING DOCTOR : SELF CLIENT PATIENT ID :

Test Report Status	<u>Final</u>	Results		<b>Biological Referenc</b>	e Interval Units
VERY LOW DENSITY LI		12.7		< OR = 30.0	mg/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED PAR		12.7			iiig/dE
LIVER FUNCTION PR					
BILIRUBIN, TOTAL	,	0.3		Upto 1.2	mg/dL
METHOD : COLORIMETRIC D	IAZO METHOD	0.5		00001.2	mg/de
BILIRUBIN, DIRECT	2.201.21102	0.2		< 0.30	mg/dL
METHOD : COLORIMETRIC D	IAZO METHOD				
BILIRUBIN, INDIRECT		0.10		0.1 - 1.0	mg/dL
, METHOD : CALCULATED PAR	AMETER				5,
TOTAL PROTEIN		7.3		6.0 - 8.0	g/dL
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOM	IETRY, BIURET				
ALBUMIN		4.8		3.97 - 4.94	g/dL
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOM	IETRY, BROMOCRESOL GREE	N(BCG) - DYE BINDING			
GLOBULIN		2.5		2.0 - 3.5	g/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED PAR	AMETER				
ALBUMIN/GLOBULIN R	ΑΠΟ	1.9		1.0 - 2.1	RATIO
METHOD : CALCULATED PAR	AMETER				
ASPARTATE AMINOTRA	NSFERASE (AST/SG	DT) 19		< OR = 35	U/L
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOM	ETRY, WITH PYRIDOXAL PHO	OSPHATE ACTIVATION-IFCC			
ALANINE AMINOTRANS		14		< OR = 35	U/L
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOM	ETRY, WITH PYRIDOXAL PHO	OSPHATE ACTIVATION-IFCC			
ALKALINE PHOSPHATA	SE	101		35 - 104	U/L
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOM	IETRY, PNPP, AMP BUFFER -	IFCC			
GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRA	ANSFERASE (GGT)	10		0 - 40	U/L
		DIZED AGAINST IFCC / SZASZ			
LACTATE DEHYDROGEI	-	162		125 - 220	U/L
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOM					
BLOOD UREA NITRO	GEN (BUN), SERUM				
BLOOD UREA NITROGE		9.9		6 - 20	mg/dL
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOM	IETRY, KINETIC TEST WITH U	IREASE AND GLUTAMATE DEHYDROGE	ENASE		
CREATININE, SERUM	1				
CREATININE		0.64		0.5 - 0.9	mg/dL
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOM	ETRIC, JAFFE'S KINETICS				
BUN/CREAT RATIO					
BUN/CREAT RATIO		15.50	High	8.0 - 15.0	
METHOD : CALCULATED PAR	AMETER				



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8800465156			
PATIENT NAME : DEEPSHIKHA ARYA	l l	PATIENT ID : DE	EPF181191282
ACCESSION NO : <b>0282VK000868</b> AG	E: 30 Years SEX : Female	ABHA NO :	
DRAWN :	RECEIVED : 12/11/2022 12:35:50	REPORTED : 14/11/2022 15	5:12:03
REFERRING DOCTOR : SELF		CLIENT PATIENT ID:	
Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results	Biological Reference Inter	rval Units
URIC ACID, SERUM			
URIC ACID	4.4	2.4 - 5.7	mg/dL
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, URICASE		2.4 3.7	ilig/uL
TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM			
TOTAL PROTEIN	7.3	6.0 - 8.0	g/dL
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, BIURET	,	0.0 0.0	9/42
ALBUMIN, SERUM			
ALBUMIN	4.8	3.97 - 4.94	g/dL
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, BROMOCRESOL G	REEN(BCG) - DYE BINDING		5/
GLOBULIN			
GLOBULIN	2.5	2.0 - 3.5	g/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			5.
ELECTROLYTES (NA/K/CL), SERUM			
SODIUM, SERUM	141	136 - 145	mmol/L
METHOD : ISE INDIRECT			
POTASSIUM, SERUM	4.4	3.5 - 5.1	mmol/L
METHOD : ISE INDIRECT			
CHLORIDE, SERUM	105	98 - 107	mmol/L
METHOD : ISE INDIRECT			
Interpretation(s)			
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION, URINE			

COLOR	PALE YELLOW
APPEARANCE	CLEAR

## Comments

NOTE : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION OF URINE IS PERFORMED ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT. IN NORMAL URINE SAMPLES CAST AND CRYSTALS ARE NOT DETECTED. CHEMICAL EXAMINATION LIDINE

CHEMICAL EXAMINATION, URINE		
PH	6.0	4.7 - 7.5
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	>=1.030	1.003 - 1.035
PROTEIN	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
GLUCOSE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
KETONES	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
BLOOD	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED











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# PATIENT NAME : DEEPSHIKHA ARYA PATIENT ID : DEEPF181191282 ACCESSION NO : 0282VK000868 AGE : 30 Years SEX : Female ABHA NO : DRAWN : RECEIVED : 12/11/2022 12:35:50 REPORTED : 14/11/2022 15:12:03 REFERRING DOCTOR : SELF CLIENT PATIENT ID :

Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results	Biological Reference I	nterval Units
BILIRUBIN	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
UROBILINOGEN	NORMAL	NORMAL	
NITRITE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
LEUKOCYTE ESTERASE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION, URINE			
RED BLOOD CELLS	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	/HPF
PUS CELL (WBC'S)	0-1	0-5	/HPF
EPITHELIAL CELLS	2-3	0-5	/HPF
CASTS	NOT DETECTED		
CRYSTALS	NOT DETECTED		
BACTERIA	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : DIP STICK/MICRO SCOPY/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHO	TOMETRY		
Interpretation(s)			
THYROID PANEL, SERUM			
ТЗ	120.0	80 - 200	ng/dL
METHOD : ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNO ASSAY			
T4	8.80	5.1 - 14.1	µg/dL
METHOD : ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNO ASSAY			
TSH (ULTRASENSITIVE)	2.380	0.27 - 4.2	µIU/mL
METHOD : ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNO ASSAY			

Interpretation(s)

## PAPANICOLAOU SMEAR











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## SRL Ltd Shop CG 017, PALM SPRINGS PLAZA GURUGRAM, 122001 HARYANA, INDIA

DELHI INDIA 8800465156	Tel	: 9111591115
PATIENT NAME : DEEPSHIK	THA ARYA	PATIENT ID : <b>DEEPF181191282</b>
ACCESSION NO : 0282VK000	868 AGE : 30 Years SEX : Female	ABHA NO :
DRAWN :	RECEIVED : 12/11/2022 12:35:	50 REPORTED : 14/11/2022 15:12:03
REFERRING DOCTOR : SELF		CLIENT PATIENT ID:
Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results	Biological Reference Interval Units
SPECIMEN TYPE	Serial no : FC/859	5/2022
	CLASSIFICATION Bethesda 2014	
	SPECIMEN SITE Cervix	
	SPECIMEN TYPE Conventional PAP Received two unst identifiers.	smear - Cervix ained smears in a slides mailer labelled with two
	Processing and ev	aluation - Manual
	SPECIMEN ADEQU Satisfactory for ev Endocervical comp	valuation
	GENERAL CATEGO Negative for intra	RIZATION epithelial lesion or malignancy
		ermediate squamous epithelial cells along with lial cells seen in background of mild inflammation.
	INTERPRETATION/ Negative for intra	RESULTS epithelial lesion or malignancy

DISCLAIMER

Gynaecological cytology is a screening procedure subject to both false negative and false positive results. It is most reliable when a satisfactory sample is obtained on a regular and repetitive basis. Results must be interpreted in context of the historic and current clinical information. Corroboration of cytopathologic findings with colposcopic/ local examination and ancillary findings is recommended.

# **STOOL: OVA & PARASITE**

COLOUR CONSISTENCY ODOUR













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# PATIENT NAME : DEEPSHIKHA ARYA

#### PATIENT ID: DEEPF181191282

ACCESSION NO :	0282VK000868	AGE: 30 Years	SEX : Female	ABHA NO :	
DRAWN :		RECEIVED : 12/1	1/2022 12:35:50	REPORTED :	14/11/2022 15:12:03
REFERRING DOCTOR : SELF				CLIEN	T PATIENT ID:

Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results	<b>Biological Reference Inter</b>	rval Units
MUCUS	ABSENT	NOT DETECTED	
VISIBLE BLOOD	ABSENT	ABSENT	
POLYMORPHONUCLEAR LEUKOCYTES	NOT DETECTED	0 - 5	/HPF
RED BLOOD CELLS	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	/HPF
MACROPHAGES	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
CHARCOT-LEYDEN CRYSTALS	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
TROPHOZOITES	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
CYSTS	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
OVA	NOT DETECTED		
LARVAE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
ADULT PARASITE	NOT DETECTED		
Interpretation(s)			
ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD			
ABO GROUP	В		
METHOD : HEMAGGLUTINATION REACTION ON SOLID PHASE			
RH TYPE	RH+		
METHOD : HEMAGGLUTINATION REACTION ON SOLID PHASE			
XRAY-CHEST			
»»	BOTH THE LUNG FIELDS	ARE CLEAR	
»»	BOTH THE COSTOPHREN	IIC AND CARDIOPHRENIC ANGLES	S ARE CLEAR
»»	BOTH THE HILA ARE NO	RMAL	
»»	CARDIAC AND AORTIC S	SHADOWS APPEAR NORMAL	
»»	BOTH THE DOMES OF TH	IE DIAPHRAGM ARE NORMAL	
»»	VISUALIZED BONY THO	RAX IS NORMAL	
IMPRESSION	NO ABNORMALITY DETE	CTED	
TMT OR ECHO			
TMT OR ECHO	STRESS TEST IS NEGATI	VE FOR RMI	
ECG			
ECG	WITHIN NORMAL LIMITS	5	
MEDICAL HISTORY			
RELEVANT PRESENT HISTORY	NOT SIGNIFICANT		
RELEVANT PAST HISTORY	H/O L S C S		











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YA	PATIENT ID : DEEPF181191282
AGE : 30 Years SEX : Female	ABHA NO :
RECEIVED : 12/11/2022 12:35:50	REPORTED : 14/11/2022 15:12:03
	CLIENT PATIENT ID:
Results	Biological Reference Interval Units
MARRIED, ONE CHILD 7 M	MONTHS OLD
) NORMAL	
5DAYS AGO	
HIGH BLOOD PRESSURE-	MOTHER
SERVICE	
NOT SIGNIFICANT	
	RECEIVED : 12/11/2022 12:35:50 Results MARRIED, ONE CHILD 7 M NORMAL 5DAYS AGO HIGH BLOOD PRESSURE- SERVICE

1.53

65

28

NORMAL

HISTORY OF MEDICATIONS
ANTHROPOMETRIC DATA & BMI
HEIGHT IN METERS
WEIGHT IN KGS.
BMI

## **GENERAL EXAMINATION**

MENTAL / EMOTIONAL STATE	NORMAL
PHYSICAL ATTITUDE	NORMAL
GENERAL APPEARANCE / NUTRITIONAL STATUS	OVERWEIGHT
BUILT / SKELETAL FRAMEWORK	AVERAGE
FACIAL APPEARANCE	NORMAL
SKIN	NORMAL
UPPER LIMB	NORMAL
LOWER LIMB	NORMAL
NECK	NORMAL
NECK LYMPHATICS / SALIVARY GLANDS	NOT ENLARGED OR TENDER
THYROID GLAND	NOT ENLARGED
CAROTID PULSATION	NORMAL
TEMPERATURE	NORMAL
PULSE	80/ MINUTE, REGULAR, ALL PERIPHERAL PULSES FELT.
RESPIRATORY RATE	NORMAL
CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM	
BP	110/70 MMHG ( SUPINE)
PERICARDIUM	NORMAL

mm/Hg

mts

Kgs

BMI & Weight Status as follows: kg/sqmts

Below 18.5: Underweight 18.5 - 24.9: Normal 25.0 - 29.9: Overweight 30.0 and Above: Obese





APEX BEAT







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Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
HEART SOUNDS	NORMAL		
MURMURS	ABSENT		
RESPIRATORY SYSTEM			
SIZE AND SHAPE OF CHEST	NORMAL		
MOVEMENTS OF CHEST	SYMMETRICAL		
BREATH SOUNDS INTENSITY	NORMAL		
BREATH SOUNDS QUALITY	VESICULAR (NORMAL)		
ADDED SOUNDS	ABSENT		
PER ABDOMEN			
APPEARANCE	NORMAL		
VENOUS PROMINENCE	ABSENT		
LIVER	NOT PALPABLE		
SPLEEN	NOT PALPABLE		
CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM			
HIGHER FUNCTIONS	NORMAL		
CRANIAL NERVES	NORMAL		
CEREBELLAR FUNCTIONS	NORMAL		
SENSORY SYSTEM	NORMAL		
MOTOR SYSTEM	NORMAL		
REFLEXES	NORMAL		
MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM			
SPINE	NORMAL		
JOINTS	NORMAL		
BASIC EYE EXAMINATION			
DISTANT VISION RIGHT EYE WITHOUT GLASSES	6/6		
DISTANT VISION LEFT EYE WITHOUT GLASSES	6/6		
NEAR VISION RIGHT EYE WITHOUT GLASSES	N/6		
NEAR VISION LEFT EYE WITHOUT GLASSES	N/6		
COLOUR VISION	17/17		
SUMMARY			











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Test Report Status	Final	Results	Biological Reference Interval Units
REFERRING DOCTOR :	: SELF		CLIENT PATIENT ID :
DRAWN :		RECEIVED : 12/11/2022 12:35:50	REPORTED : 14/11/2022 15:12:03
ACCESSION NO : 02	82VK000868	AGE : 30 Years SEX : Female	ABHA NO :
PATIENT NAME : D	DEEPSHIKHA AF	RYA	PATIENT ID : DEEPF181191282

# **REMARKS / RECOMMENDATIONS**

ADVISED LIFESTYLE CHANGES FOLLOW UP WITH PHYSICIAN WITH ALL REPORTS. REVIEW WITH CXR,USG ,PAP ,STOOL RE REPORTS.











# **CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS :**

ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD ( MEDIWHEEL ) F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULI SOUTH WEST DELHI **NEW DELHI 110030** DELHI INDIA 8800465156

SRL Ltd
Shop CG 017, PALM SPRINGS PLAZA
GURUGRAM, 122001
HARYANA, INDIA
Tel: 9111591115

Test Report Status	Final	Results	Biological Reference Interval Units
REFERRING DOCTOR : S	SELF		CLIENT PATIENT ID :
DRAWN :	REC	EIVED : 12/11/2022 12:35:50	REPORTED : 14/11/2022 15:12:03
ACCESSION NO : 0282	VK000868 AGE :	30 Years SEX : Female	ABHA NO :
PATIENT NAME : DEEL	PSHIKHA ARYA		PATIENT ID : DEEPF181191282

# MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP BELOW 40FEMALE

# ULTRASOUND ABDOMEN

## ULTRASOUND ABDOMEN

NO ABNORMALITIES DETECTED

## Interpretation(s)

## BLOOD COUNTS, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-

The cell morphology is well preserved for 24hrs. However after 24-48 hrs a progressive increase in MCV and HCT is observed leading to a decrease in MCHC. A direct smear is recommended for an accurate differential count and for examination of RBC morphology. RBC AND PLATELET INDICES-

Mentzer index (MCV/RBC) is an automated cell-counter based calculated screen tool to differentiate cases of Iron deficiency anaemia(>13) from Beta thalassaemia trait (<13) in patients with microcytic anaemia. This needs to be interpreted in line with clinical correlation and suspicion. Estimation of HbA2 remains the gold standard for diagnosing a case of beta thalassaemia trait. WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT-

The optimal threshold of 3.3 for NLR showed a prognostic possibility of clinical symptoms to change from mild to severe in COVID positive patients. When age = 49.5 years old and NLR = 3.3, 46.1% COVID-19 patients with mild disease might become severe. By contrast, when age < 49.5 years old and NLR < 3.3, COVID-19 patients tend to show mild disease.

(Reference to - The diagnostic and predictive role of NLR, d-NLR and PLR in COVID-19 patients ; A.-P. Yang, et al.; International Immunopharmacology 84 (2020) 106504 This ratio element is a calculated parameter and out of NABL scope. ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR),WHOLE BLOOD-**TEST DESCRIPTION** :-

Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a test that indirectly measures the degree of inflammation present in the body. The test actually measures the rate of fall

(sedimentation) of erythrocytes in a sample of blood that has been placed into a tall, thin, vertical tube. Results are reported as the millimetres of clear fluid (plasma) that are present at the top portion of the tube after one hour. Nowadays fully automated instruments are available to measure ESR.

ESR is not diagnostic: it is a non-specific test that may be elevated in a number of different conditions. It provides general information about the presence of an inflammatory condition.CRP is superior to ESR because it is more sensitive and reflects a more rapid change. TEST INTERPRETATION

Increase in: Infections, Vasculities, Inflammatory arthritis, Renal disease, Anemia, Malignancies and plasma cell dyscrasias, Acute allergy Tissue injury, Pregnancy,

Estrogen medication, Aging. Finding a very accelerated ESR(>100 mm/hour) in patients with ill-defined symptoms directs the physician to search for a systemic disease (Paraproteinemias,

Disseminated malignancies, connective tissue disease, severe infections such as bacterial endocarditis). In pregnancy BRI in first trimester is 0-48 mm/hr(62 if anemic) and in second trimester (0-70 mm /hr(95 if anemic). ESR returns to normal 4th week post partum. Decreased in: Polycythermia vera, Sickle cell anemia

### LIMITATIONS

False elevated ESR : Increased fibrinogen, Drugs(Vitamin A, Dextran etc), Hypercholesterolemia False Decreased : Poikilocytosis, (SickleCells, spherocytes), Microcytosis, Low fibrinogen, Very high WBC counts, Drugs(Quinine, salicylates)

REFERENCE :

1. Nathan and Oski's Haematology of Infancy and Childhood, 5th edition; 2. Paediatric reference intervals. AACC Press, 7th edition. Edited by S. Soldin; 3. The reference for the adult reference range is "Practical Haematology by Dacie and Lewis,10th edition.

GLUCOSE FASTING, FLUORIDE PLASMA-TEST DESCRIPTION

Normally, the glucose concentration in extracellular fluid is closely regulated so that a source of energy is readily available to tissues and sothat no glucose is excreted in the urine.

#### Increased in

Diabetes mellitus, Cushing's syndrome (10 - 15%), chronic pancreatitis (30%). Drugs:corticosteroids, phenytoin, estrogen, thiazides.

## Decreased in

Pancreatic islet cell disease with increased insulin,insulinoma,adrenocortical insufficiency, hypopituitarism,diffuse liver disease, malignancy (adrenocortical, stomach,fibrosarcoma), infant of a diabetic mother, enzyme deficiency diseases(e.g., galactosemia),Drugs- insulin, ethanol, propranolol; sulfonylureas,tolbutamide, and other oral hypoglycemic agents.

### NOTE:

Hypoglycemia is defined as a glucoseof < 50 mg/dL in men and< 40 mg/dL in women.

While random serum glucose levels correlate with home glucose monitoring results (weekly mean capillary glucose values), there is wide fluctuation within individuals. Thus, glycosylated hemoglobin(HbA1c) levels are favored to monitor glycemic control.

High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glyosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc.



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ACCESSION NO : 028	82VK000868	AGE : 30 Years SEX : Female	ABHA NO :
PATIENT NAME : D	EEPSHIKHA AR	RYA	PATIENT ID : DEEPF181191282

### GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-Used For:

1. Evaluating the long-term control of blood glucose concentrations in diabetic patients.

2.Diagnosing diabetes. 3.Identifying patients at increased risk for diabetes (prediabetes).

The ADA recommends measurement of HbA1c (typically 3-4 times per year for type 1 and poorly controlled type 2 diabetic patients, and 2 times per year for well-controlled type 2 diabetic patients) to determine whether a patients metabolic control has remained continuously within the target range. 1.eAG (Estimated average glucose) converts percentage HbA1c to md/dl, to compare blood glucose levels.

2. eAG gives an evaluation of blood glucose levels for the last couple of months.
 3. eAG is calculated as eAG (mg/dl) = 28.7 \* HbA1c - 46.7

#### HbA1c Estimation can get affected due to :

I.Shortened Erythrocyte survival : Any condition that shortens erythrocyte survival or decreases mean erythrocyte age (e.g. recovery from acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia) will faisely lower HbA1c test results. Fructosamine is recommended in these patients which indicates diabetes control over 15 days. II. Vitamin C & E are reported to falsely lower test results. (possibly by inhibiting glycation of hemoglobin.

III. Iron deficiency anemia is reported to increase test results. Hypertriglyceridemia, uremia, hyperbilirubinemia, chronic alcoholism, chronic ingestion of salicylates & opiates addiction are reported to interfere with some assay methods, falsely increasing results. IV.Interference of hemoglobinopathies in HbA1c estimation is seen in

a.Homozygous hemoglobinopathy. Fructosamine is recommended for testing of HbA1c. b.Heterozygous state detected (D10 is corrected for HbS & HbC trait.) c.HbF > 25% on alternate paltform (Boronate affinity chromatography) is recommended for testing of HbA1c.Abnormal Hemoglobin electrophoresis (HPLC method) is

GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA-High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glyosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc.Additional test HbA1c LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM-

### LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE

Bilirubin is a vellowish pigment found in bile and is a breakdown product of normal heme catabolism. Bilirubin is excreted in bile and urine, and elevated levels may give yellow discoloration in jaundice. Elevated levels results from increased bilirubin production (eg, hemolysis and ineffective erythropoiesis), decreased bilirubin excretion (eg, obstruction and hepatitis), and abnormal bilirubin metabolism (eg, hereditary and neonatal jaundice). Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin in Viral hepatitis, Drug reactions, Alcoholic liver disease Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is also elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin when there is some kind of blockage of the bile ducts like in Gallstones getting into the bile ducts, tumors &Scarring of the bile ducts. Increased unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin may be a result of Hemolytic or pernicious anemia, Transfusion reaction & a common metabolic condition termed Gilbert syndrome, due to low levels of the enzyme that attaches sugar molecules to bilirubin.

AST is an enzyme found in various parts of the body. AST is found in the liver, heart, skeletal muscle, kidneys, brain, and red blood cells, and it is commonly measured clinically as a marker for liver health. AST levels increase during chronic viral hepatitis, blockage of the bile duct, cirrhosis of the liver,liver cancer,kidney failure,hemolytic anemia,pancreatitis,hemochromatosis. AST levels may also increase after a heart attack or strenuous activity.ALT test measures the amount of this enzyme in the blood.ALT is found mainly in the liver, but also in smaller amounts in the kidneys,heart,muscles, and pancreas.It is commonly measured as a part of a diagnostic evaluation of hepatocellular injury, to determine liver health.AST levels increase during acute hepatitis,sometimes due to a viral infection, ischemia to the liver, chronic hepatitis, obstruction of bile ducts, cirrhosis. ALP is a protein found in almost all body tissues. Tissues with higher amounts of ALP include the liver, bile ducts and bone. Elevated ALP levels are seen in Biliary obstruction,

Osteoblastic bone tumors, osteomalacia, hepatitis, Hyperparathyroidism, Leukemia, Lymphoma, Paget's disease,Rickets,Sarcoidosis etc. Lower-than-normal ALP levels seen in Hypophosphatasia,Malnutrition,Protein deficiency,Wilson's disease.GGT is an enzyme found in cell membranes of many tissues mainly in the liver,kidney and pancreas.It is also found in other tissues including intestine, spleen, heart, brain and seminal vesicles. The highest concentration is in the kidney, but the liver is considered the source of normal enzyme activity. Serum GGT has been widely used as an index of liver dysfunction. Elevated serum GGT activity can be found in diseases of the liver, biliary system and pancreas. Conditions that increase serum GGT are obstructive liver disease, high alcohol consumption and use of enzyme-inducing drugs etc. Serum total protein, also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum.Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin. Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstrom's disease. Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage), Burns, Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc. Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular

permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance,malnutrition and wasting etc BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM-Causes of Increased levels include Pre renal (High protein diet, Increased protein catabolism, GI haemorrhage, Cortisol, Dehydration, CHF Renal), Renal Failure, Post Renal (Malignancy, Nephrolithiasis, Prostatism) Causes of decreased level include Liver disease, SIADH. CREATININE, SERUM-Higher than normal level may be due to:

Blockage in the urinary tract

Kidney problems, such as kidney damage or failure, infection, or reduced blood flow
 Loss of body fluid (dehydration)

Muscle problems, such as breakdown of muscle fibers

• Problems during pregnancy, such as seizures (eclampsia)), or high blood pressure caused by pregnancy (preeclampsia)

Lower than normal level may be due to:

Myasthenia Gravis

Muscular dystrophy



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DRAWN :		RECEIVED : 12/11/2022 12:35:50	REPORTED : 14/11/2022 15:12:03
ACCESSION NO : 0	282VK000868	AGE : 30 Years SEX : Female	ABHA NO :
PATIENT NAME :	DEEPSHIKHA AI	RYA	PATIENT ID : DEEPF181191282

URIC ACID, SERUM-

Causes of Increased levels:-Dietary(High Protein Intake, Prolonged Fasting, Rapid weight loss), Gout, Lesch nyhan syndrome, Type 2 DM, Metabolic syndrome Causes of decreased levels-Low Zinc intake, OCP, Multiple Sclerosis TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM-

Serum total protein, also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum...Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin

Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstrom's disease Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage), Burns, Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc. ALBUMIN, SERUM-

Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance,malnutrition and wasting etc. ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-

Blood group is identified by antigens and antibodies present in the blood. Antigens are protein molecules found on the surface of red blood cells. Antibodies are found in plasma. To determine blood group, red cells are mixed with different antibody solutions to give A,B,O or AB.

Disclaimer: "Please note, as the results of previous ABO and Rh group (Blood Group) for pregnant women are not available, please check with the patient records for availability of the same.

The test is performed by both forward as well as reverse grouping methods. MEDICAL

THIS REPORT CARRIES THE SIGNATURE OF OUR LABORATORY DIRECTOR. THIS IS AN INVIOLABLE FEATURE OF OUR LAB MANAGEMENT SOFTWARE. HOWEVER, ALL EXAMINATIONS AND INVESTIGATIONS HAVE BEEN CONDUCTED BY OUR PANEL OF DOCTORS.

\*\*End Of Report\*\*

Please visit www.srlworld.com for related Test Information for this accession











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PATIENT NAME : DEEPSHI	KHA ARYA	PATIENT ID : DEEPF181191282

CONDITIONS OF LABORATORY TESTING & REPORTING			
1. It is presumed that the test sample belongs to the patient	5. SRL confirms that all tests have been performed or		
named or identified in the test requisition form.	assayed with highest quality standards, clinical safety &		
2. All tests are performed and reported as per the	technical integrity.		
turnaround time stated in the SRL Directory of Services.	6. Laboratory results should not be interpreted in isolation;		
3. Result delays could occur due to unforeseen	it must be correlated with clinical information and be		
circumstances such as non-availability of kits / equipment	interpreted by registered medical practitioners only to		
breakdown / natural calamities / technical downtime or any	determine final diagnosis.		
other unforeseen event.	<ol><li>Test results may vary based on time of collection,</li></ol>		
4. A requested test might not be performed if:	physiological condition of the patient, current medication or		
i. Specimen received is insufficient or inappropriate	nutritional and dietary changes. Please consult your doctor		
ii. Specimen quality is unsatisfactory	or call us for any clarification.		
iii. Incorrect specimen type	<ol><li>Test results cannot be used for Medico legal purposes.</li></ol>		
iv. Discrepancy between identification on specimen	9. In case of queries please call customer care		
container label and test requisition form	(91115 91115) within 48 hours of the report.		
	SRL Limited		
	Fortis Hospital, Sector 62, Phase VIII,		
	Mohali 160062		



