

NAME: Mr - Ramesh Kit
AGE/ GENDER:
HEIGHT: 154 CM WEIGHT: 57-5 /y
IDENTIFICATION MARK:
BLOOD PRESSURE: 140 BO MM / 14g.
PULSE: Sol mt
CVS: RS:P & Normal
ANY OTHER DISEASE DIAGNOSED IN THE PAST: Diabety of Hypertintion.
ALLERGIES, IF ANY:
LIST OF PRESCRIBED MEDICINES:
ANY OTHER REMARKS: I Certify that I have carefully examined Mr/Mrs. Lawsh. K. L. son/daughter of Mr. Eshwara Dog who has signed in my presence. He/ she has no physical
I Certify that I have carefully examined Mr/Mrs. Lawy N ' Lawy Son/daughter
of Mr-Eshwara ppa who has signed in my presence. He/ she has no physical
disease and is fit for employment.
Signature of candidate Place: Spectrum diagnostic phealth Cena. Date: 11/11/23
Disclaimer: The patient has not been checked for COVID. This certificate does not relate to the

covid status of the patient examined







Dr. Ashok S Bsc., MBBS., D.O.M.S Consultant Opthalmologist KMC No: 31827 DATE: 16.11-23

EYE EXAMINATIONP

NAME: Ms. Roman. K.E	AGE: 567	GENDER: F/M
8	RIGHT EYE	LEFT EYE
Vision	67187000	61125010
Vision With glass		
Color Vision	Normal	Normal
Anterior segment examination	Normal	Normal
Fundus Examination	Mormal NOOR.	Normal
Any other abnormality	Nill	Nill
Diagnosis/ impression	Normal	Normal
		*
	Consultant (Q	pthalmologist)





0.15~35Hz AC50 25m	aVL 1			ID: 230041 MR. RAMESH. K E Male 56Years
0.15~35Hz AC50 25mm/s 10mm/mV 2*5.0s ♥96 V2.				11-11-2023 10:50:20 For HR : 96 bpm P : 80 ms PR : 133 ms QRS : 84 ms QT/QTc : 347/439 ms P/QRS/T : 59/78/53 ° RV5/SV1 : 0.612/0.909 mV
V2.2 SEMIP V1.81 SPECTRUM DIAGNO				Diagnosis Information: Sinus Rhythm Larged PtfV1 Report Confirmed by:
SPECTRUM DIAGNOSTICS & HEALTH CARE				

SPECTRUM DIAGNOSTICS & HEALTH CARE

#9/1 TEJAS ARCADE, DR. RAJKUMAR ROAD, RAJAJINAGAR-560010 AUDIOGRAM

Patient ID: 0976

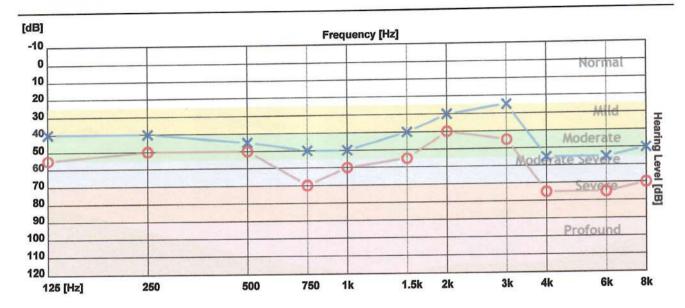
Name : RAMESH K E CR Number : 20231111120247

Registration Date: 11-Nov-2023

Age: 56

Gender : Male

Operator: spectrum diagnostics



	125 Hz	250 Hz	500 Hz	750 Hz	1000 Hz	1500 Hz	2000 Hz	3000 Hz	4000 Hz	6000 Hz	8000 Hz
X - Air Left	40	40	45	50	50	40	30	25	55	55	50
O - Air Right	55	50	50	70	60	55	40	45	75	75	70
> - Bone Left											
< - Bone Right											

Clinical Notes:

Right EAR:Severe Left Ear:Moderate			
			SIDSTICS A
		of	GENGALURU
ttps://www.rmsindia.com © RMS Audiometer(HERMES_v3.0.0.7)	Print Date:11-Nov-2023		



NAME: MR.RAMESH K E	DATE :11/11/2023
AGE/SEX :56 YEARS/MALE	REG NO: 0041
REF BY : APOLO CLINIC	

CHEST PA VIEW

Lung fields are clear.

Cardiovascular shadows are within normal limits.

Both CP angles are free.

Domes of diaphragm and bony thoracic cage are normal.

IMPRESSION: NORMAL CHEST RADIOGRAPH.

DR.RAM PRAKASH G MDRD CONSULTANT RADIOLOGIST

RH1-14

Your suggestion / feedback is a valuable input for improving our services





PATIENT NAME	MR RAMESH K E	ID NO	1111230041
AGE	56YEARS	SEX	MALE
REF BY	DR.APOLO CLINIC	DATE	11.11.2023

2D ECHO CARDIOGRAHIC STUDY

M-MODE

3		
AORTA	28mm	
LEFT ATRIUM	27mm	
RIGHT VENTRICLE	20mm	
LEFT VENTRICLE (DIASTOLE)	35mm	
LEFT VENTRICLE(SYSTOLE)	26mm	
VENTRICULAR SEPTUM (DIASTOLE)	12mm	
VENTRICULAR SEPTUM (SYSTOLE)	11mm	
POSTERIOR WALL (DIASTOLE)	09mm	
POSTERIOR WALL (SYSTOLE)	10mm	*******
FRACTIONAL SHORTENING	30%	
EJECTION FRACTION	58%	

DOPPLER / COLOUR FLOW

Mitral Valve Velocity: MVE- 0.53m/s MIVA - 0.89m/s E/A-0.82

Tissue Doppler : e' (Septal) 12cm/s E/e'(Septal) -4

Velocity/ Gradient across the Pulmonic valve : 0.95 m/s 4mmHg

Max. Velocity / Gradient across the Aortic valve: 1.07 m/s 4 mmHg

Velocity / Gradient across the Tricuspid valve : 2.61 m/s 25mmHg







PATIENT NAME	MR RAMESH K E	ID NO	1111230041
AGE	56YEARS	SEX	MALE
REF BY	DR.APOLO CLINIC	DATE	11.11.2023

2D ECHO CARDIOGRAHIC STUDY

LEFT VENTRICLE	SIZE& THICKNESS	NORMAL
CONTRACTILITY	REGIONAL GLOBAL	NO RWMA

RIGHT VENTRICLE	:	NORMAL	
LEFT ATRIUM	:	NORMAL	
RIGHT ATRIUM	:	NORMAL	
MITRAL VALVE	;	NORMAL	
AORTIC VALVE	;	NORMAL	
PULMONARY VALVE	:	NORMAL	
TRICUSPID VALVE	:	NORMAL	
INTER ATRIAL SEPTUM	:	INTACT	
INTER VENTRICULAR SEPTI	JM:	INTACT	
PERICARDIUM	:	NORMAL	
OTHERS	:	- NIL	

IMPRESSION

- NO REGIONAL WALL MOTION ABNORMALITY PRESENT
- NORMAL VALVES AND DIMENSIONS
- NORMAL LV FUNCTION, LVEF- 58%
- LVH WITH GRADE I LVDD
- TRIVIAL MR / MILD TR
- NO CLOT / VEGETATION / EFFUSION
- NO ASD / VSD / PDA / CoA SEEN



The science of radiology is based upon interpretation of shadows of normal and abnormal tissue. This is neither complete nor accurate; hence, findings should always be interpreted in to the light of clinico-pathological correction.







MR RAMESH K E	REG-30041
56 YRS	MALE
11.11.2023	ABDOMEN & PELVIS
C/O APOLO CLINIC	
	56 YRS 11.11.2023

USG ABDOMEN AND PELVIS

LIVER:

Measures 13.3 cm. Normal in size an echotexture.

No e/o IHBR dilatation. No evidence of SOL. Portal vein appears normal.

CBD appears normal. . No e/o calculus / SOL

GALL BLADDER:

Well distended. Wall appears normal. No e/o calculus/ neoplasm.

SPLEEN:

Measures 10.7 cm. Normal in size and echotexture. No e/o SOL/ calcification.

PANCREAS & RETROPERITONEUM: Poor window.

RIGHT KIDNEY:

Right kidney measures 9.6 X5.0 cm, is normal in size & echotexture.

No evidence of calculus/ hydronephrosis.

No solid / cystic lesions.

LEFT KIDNEY:

Left kidney measures 9.6 X4.6 cm ,is normal in size & echotexture.

No evidence of calculus/ hydronephrosis.

No solid / cystic lesions.

URETERS:

Bilateral ureters are not dilated.

URINARY BLADDER:

Well distended. No wall thickening/calculi.

PROSTATE:

Normal in size and echotexture.

No evidence of ascites/pleural effusion.

IMPRESSION:

No significant sonological abnormality detected in the abdomen and pelvis.

OR.AKSHATHA R BHAT MDRD DNB FRCR







Age / Gender : 56 years / Male

: Dr. APOLO CLINIC

Reg. No. : 1111230041

Ref. By Dr.

C/o : Apollo Clinic

: 11-Nov-2023 09:25 AM **Bill Date**

Sample Col. Date: 11-Nov-2023 09:25 AM

: 11-Nov-2023 01:22 PM **Result Date**

: Final Report Status

Test Name	Result	Unit	Reference Value	Method
Thyroid function tests (TFT Serum	")-			
Tri-Iodo Thyronine (T3)-Se	rum 0.79	ng/mL	Male: 0.60 - 1.81	Chemiluminescence Immunoassay (CLIA)
Thyroxine (T4)-Serum	12.00	μg/dL	Male: 5.50 - 12.10	Chemiluminescence Immunoassay (CLIA)
Thyroid Stimulating Hormo (TSH)-Serum	one 1.32	μIU/mL	Male: 0.35 - 5.50	Chemiluminescence Immunoassay (CLIA)

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Comments: Triiodothyronine (T3) assay is a useful test for hyperthyroidism in patients with low TSH and normal T4 levels. It is also used for the diagnosis of T3 toxicosis. It is not a reliable marker for Hypothyroidism. This test is not recommended for general screening of the population without a clinical suspicion of hyperthyroidism.

Reference range: Cord: (37 Weeks): 0.5-1.41, Children:1-3 Days: 1.0-7.40,1-11 Months: 1.05-2.45,1-5 Years: 1.05-2.69,6-10 Years: 0.94-2.41,11-15 Years: 0.82-2.13, Adolescents (16-20 Years): 0.80-2.10

Reference range: Adults: 20-50 Years: 0.70-2.04, 50-90 Years: 0.40-1.81,

Reference range in Pregnancy: First Trimester: 0.81-1.90, Second Trimester: 1.0-2.60

Increased Levels: Pregnancy, Graves disease, T3 thyrotoxicosis, TSH dependent Hyperthyroidism, increased Thyroid-binding globulin (TBG). Decreased Levels: Nonthyroidal illness, hypothyroidism, nutritional deficiency, systemic illness, decreased Thyroid-binding globulin (TBG).

Comments: Total T4 levels offer a good index of thyroid function when TBG is normal and non-thyroidal illness is not present. This assay is useful for monitoring treatment with synthetic hormones (synthetic T3 will cause low total T4). It also helps to monitor treatment of Hyperthyroidism with Thiouracil or other anti-thyroid drugs.

Reference Range: Males: 4.6-10.5, Females: 5.5-11.0, 60 Years: 5.0-10.70, Cord: 7.40-13.10, Children: 1-3 Days: 11.80-22.60, 1-2 Weeks: 9.90-16.60,1-4 Months: 7.20-14.40,1-5 Years: 7.30-15.0,5-10 Years: 6.4-13.3

1-15 Years: 5.60-11.70, Newborn Screen: 1-5 Days: >7.5,6 Days :>6.5

Increased Levels: Hyperthyroidism, increased TBG, familial dysalbuminemic hyperthyroxinemia, Increased transthyretin, estrogen therapy, pregnancy. Decreased Levels: Primary hypothyroidism, pituitary TSH deficiency, hypothalamic TRH deficiency, non thyroidal illness, decreased TBG.

Comments: TSH is a glycoprotein hormone secreted by the anterior pituitary. TSH is a labile hormone & is secreted in a pulsatile manner throughout the day and is subject to several non-thyroidal pituitary influences. Significant variations in TSH can occur with circadian rhythm, hormonal status, stress, sleep deprivation, caloric intake, medication & circulating antibodies. It is important to confirm any TSH abnormality in a fresh specimen drawn after ~ 3 weeks before assigning a diagnosis, as the cause of an isolated TSH abnormality.

Reference range in Pregnancy: I- trimester:0.1-2.5; II -trimester:0.2-3.0; III- trimester:0.3-3.0

Reference range in Newborns: 0-4 days: 1.0-39.0; 2-20 Weeks:1.7-9.1

Increased Levels: Primary hypothyroidism, Subclinical hypothyroidism, TSH dependent Hyperthyroidism and Thyroid hormone resistance. Decreased Levels: Graves disease, Autonomous thyroid hormone secretion, TSH deficiency.



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: 11 Nov, 2023 07:15 pm

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Age / Gender : 56 years / Male

Ref. By Dr. : Dr. APOLO CLINIC

Reg. No. : 1111230041

C/o : Apollo Clinic **Bill Date** : 11-Nov-2023 09:25 AM

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Test Name	Result	Unit	Reference Value	Method
Prostate-Specific Antig	gen(PSA)-5.35	ng/mL	0.0-4.0	CLIA

1111230041

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Note: 1. This is a recommended test for detection of prostate cancer along with Digital Rectal Examination (DRE) in males above 50 years of age.

2. False negative / positive results are observed in patients receiving mouse monoclonal antibodies for diagnosis or therapy.

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3. PSA levels may appear consistently elevated / depressed due to the interference by heterophilic antibodies & nonspecific protein binding.

4. Immediate PSA testing following digital rectal examination, ejaculation, prostatic massage, indwelling catheterization, ultrasonography and needle biopsy of prostate is not recommended as they falsely elevate levels

5. PSA values regardless of levels should not be interpreted as absolute evidence of the presence or absence of disease. All values should be correlated with

clinical findings and results of other investigations

6. Sites of Non-prostatic PSA production are breast epithelium, salivary glands, periurethral & anal glands, cells of male urethra & breast milk

7. Physiological decrease in PSA level by 18% has been observed in hospitalized /sedentary patients either due to supine position or suspended sexual activity.

Recommended Testing Intervals: Pre-operatively (Baseline), 2-4 days post-operatively, Prior to discharge from hospital, Monthly followup if levels are high or show a rising trend.

Clinical Use: -An aid in the early detection of Prostate cancer when used in conjunction with Digital rectal examination in males more than 50 years of age and in those with two or more affected first degree relatives.

-Followup and management of Prostate cancer patients

-Detect metastatic or persistent disease in patients following surgical or medical treatment of Prostate cancer.

Increased Levels: Prostate cancer, Benign Prostatic Hyperplasia, Prostatitis, Genitourinary infections.



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: 56 years / Male Age / Gender

Ref. By Dr. : Dr. APOLO CLINIC : 1111230041

Reg. No. : Apollo Clinic C/o

: 11-Nov-2023 09:25 AM Bill Date

Sample Col. Date: 11-Nov-2023 09:25 AM : 11-Nov-2023 01:22 PM **Result Date**

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Test Name	Result	Unit	Reference Value	Method
Glycosylated Haemoglobin (HbA1c)-Whole Blood EDTA	0 2052	422		VIN G
Glycosylated Haemoglobin (HbA1c)	11.10	%	Non diabetic adults:<5.7 At risk (Prediabetes): 5.7 - 6.4 Diagnosing Diabetes:>= 6.5 Diabetes Excellent Control: 6-7 Fair to good Control: 7-8 Unsatisfactory Control:8-10 Poor Control:>10	HPLC
Estimated Average Glucose(eAG)	271.87	mg/dL	1001 0011101 1-10	Calculated

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Note: 1. Since HbA1c reflects long term fluctuations in the blood glucose concentration, a diabetic patient who is recently under good control may still have a high concentration of HbA1c. Converse is true for a diabetic previously under good control but now poorly controlled.

2. Target goals of < 7.0 % may be beneficial in patients with short duration of diabetes, long life expectancy and no significant cardiovascular disease. In patients with significant complications of diabetes, limited life expectancy or extensive co-morbid conditions, targeting a goal of < 7.0 % may not be appropriate.

Comments: HbA1c provides an index of average blood glucose levels over the past 8 - 12 weeks and is a much better indicator of long term glycemic control as compared to blood and urinary glucose determinations.



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: 11-Nov-2023 09:25 AM **Bill Date**

Sample Col. Date: 11-Nov-2023 09:25 AM : 11-Nov-2023 04:37 PM

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Test Name Result Unit Reference Value Method Dipstick/Benedicts Positive(+++) Negative **Fasting Urine Glucose-Urine** (Manual)

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: MR. RAMESH K E Name

Age / Gender : 56 years / Male

Ref. By Dr. : Dr. APOLO CLINIC

: 1111230041 Reg. No. : Apollo Clinic C/o

: 1111230041 UHID

> 1111230041

: 11-Nov-2023 09:25 AM Bill Date

Sample Col. Date: 11-Nov-2023 09:25 AM

: 11-Nov-2023 04:37 PM

Report Status : Final

Result Date

Test Name	Result	Unit	Reference Value	Method
Lipid Profile-Serum				
Cholesterol Total-Serum	265.00	mg/dL	Male: 0.0 - 200	Cholesterol Oxidase/Peroxidase
Triglycerides-Serum	293.00	mg/dL	Male: 0.0 - 150	Lipase/Glycerol Dehydrogenase
High-density lipoprotein (HDL) Cholesterol-Serum	47.00	mg/dL	Male: 40.0 - 60.0	Accelerator/Selective Detergent
Non-HDL cholesterol-Serum	218	mg/dL	Male: 0.0 - 130	Calculated
Low-density lipoprotein (LDL) Cholesterol-Serum	159.00	mg/dL	Male: 0.0 - 100.0	Cholesterol esterase and cholesterol oxidase
Very-low-density lipoprotein (VLDL) cholesterol-Serum	59	mg/dL	Male: 0.0 - 40	Calculated
Cholesterol/HDL Ratio-Serum	5.64	Ratio	Male: 0.0 - 5.0	Calculated

Interpretation:

Parameter	Desirable	Borderline High	High	Very High
Total Cholesterol	<200	200-239	>240	
Triglycerides	<150	150-199	200-499	>500
Non-HDL cholesterol	<130	160-189	190-219	>220
Low-density lipoprotein (LDL) Cholesterol	<100	100-129	160-189	>190

Comments: As per Lipid Association of India (LAI), for routine screening, overnight fasting preferred but not mandatory. Indians are at very high risk of developing Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular (ASCVD). Among the various risk factors for ASCVD such as dyslipidemia, Diabetes Mellitus, sedentary lifestyle, Hypertension, smoking etc., dyslipidemia has the highest population attributable risk for MI both because of direct association with disease pathogenesis and very high prevalence in Indian population. Hence monitoring lipid profile regularly for effective management of dyslipidemia remains one of the most important healthcare targets for prevention of ASCVD. In addition, estimation of ASCVD risk is an essential, initial step in the management of individuals requiring primary prevention of ASCVD. In the context of lipid management, such a risk estimate forms the basis for several key therapeutic decisions, such as the need for and aggressiveness of statin therapy.



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Age / Gender : 56 years / Male

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Report Status	: Final
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Test Name	Result	Unit	Reference Value	Method
KFT (Kidney Function Test) : Blood Urea Nitrogen (BUN)- Serum	34.50	mg/dL	7.0-18.0	GLDH,Kinetic Assay
Creatinine-Serum	2.05	mg/dL	Male: 0.70-1.30 Female: 0.55-1.02	Modified kinetic Jaffe
Uric Acid-Serum	3.07	mg/dL	Male: 3.50-7.20 Female: 2.60-6.00	Uricase PAP
Sodium (Na+)-Serum	130.2	mmol/L	135.0-145.0	Ion-Selective Electrodes (ISE)
Potassium (K+)-Serum	4.72	mmol/L	3.5 to 5.5	Ion-Selective Electrodes (ISE)
Chloride(Cl-)-Serum	95.20	mmol/L	94.0-110.0	Ion-Selective Electrodes (ISE)

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Test Name	Result	Unit	Reference Value	Method
Calcium,Total- Serum	9.20	mg/dL	8.50-10.10	Spectrophotometry (O- Cresolphthalein complexone)
Gamma-Glutamyl Transferase (GGT)-Serum	29.00	U/L	Male: 15.0-85.0 Female: 5.0-55.0	Other g-Glut-3- carboxy-4 nitro

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Comments: Gamma-glutamyltransferase (GGT) is primarily present in kidney, liver, and pancreatic cells. Small amounts are present in other tissues Even though renal tissue has the highest level of GGT, the enzyme present in the serum appears to originate primarily from the hepatobiliary system, and GGT activity is elevated in any and all forms of liver disease. It is highest in cases of intra- or posthepatic biliary obstruction, reaching levels some 5 to 30 times normal. GGT is more sensitive than alkaline phosphatase (ALP), leucine aminopeptidase, aspartate transaminase, and alanine aminotransferase in detecting obstructive jaundice, cholangitis, and cholecystitis; its rise occurs earlier than with these other enzymes and persists longer. Only modest elevations (2-5 times normal) occur in infectious hepatitis, and in this condition, GGT determinations are less useful diagnostically than are measurements of the transaminases. High elevations of GGT are also observed in patients with either primary or secondary (metastatic) neoplasms. Elevated levels of GGT are noted not only in the sera of patients with alcoholic cirrhosis but also in the majority of sera from persons who are heavy drinkers. Studies have emphasized the value of serum GGT levels in detecting alcohol-induced liver disease. Elevated serum values are also seen in patients receiving drugs such as phenytoin and phenobarbital, and this is thought to reflect induction of new enzyme activity.



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: MR. RAMESH K E Name

: 56 years / Male

Ref. By Dr.

Age / Gender

: Dr. APOLO CLINIC

Reg. No. : 1111230041 C/o

: Apollo Clinic

: 11-Nov-2023 09:25 AM **Bill Date**

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Report Status : Final

Test Name	Result	Unit	Reference Value	Method
Fasting Blood Sugar (FBS)-	343	mg/dL	60.0-110.0	Hexo Kinase

: 1111230041

Comments: Glucose, also called dextrose, one of a group of carbohydrates known as simple sugars (monosaccharides). Glucose has the molecular formula C₆H₁₂O₆. It is found in fruits and honey and is the major free sugar circulating in the blood of higher animals. It is the source of energy in cell function, and the regulation of its metabolism is of great importance (fermentation; gluconeogenesis). Molecules of starch, the major energy-reserve carbohydrate of plants, consist of thousands of linear glucose units. Another major compound composed of glucose is cellulose, which is also linear. Dextrose is the molecule D-glucose. Blood sugar, or glucose, is the main sugar found in the blood. It comes from the food you eat, and it is body's main source of energy. The blood carries glucose to all of the body's cells to use for energy. Diabetes is a disease in which your blood sugar levels are too high.Usage: Glucose determinations are useful in the detection and management of Diabetes mellitus.

Note: Additional tests available for Diabetic control are Glycated Hemoglobin (HbA1c), Fructosamine & Microalbumin urine

UHID

Comments: Conditions which can lead to lower postprandial glucose levels as compared to fasting glucose are excessive insulin release, rapid gastric emptying & brisk glucose absorption.

Probable causes: Early Type II Diabetes / Glucose intolerance, Drugs like Salicylates, Beta blockers, Pentamidine etc., Alcohol , Dietary - Intake of excessive carbohydrates and foods with high glycemic index? Exercise in between samples? Family history of Diabetes, Idiopathic, Partial / Total Gastrectomy.

Post prandial Blood Glucose (PPBS)-Plasma

513

mg/dL

70-140

Hexo Kinase

Comments: Glucose, also called dextrose, one of a group of carbohydrates known as simple sugars (monosaccharides). Glucose has the molecular formula C₆H₁₂O₆. It is found in fruits and honey and is the major free sugar circulating in the blood of higher animals. It is the source of energy in cell function, and the regulation of its metabolism is of great importance (fermentation; gluconeogenesis). Molecules of starch, the major energy-reserve carbohydrate of plants, consist of thousands of linear glucose units. Another major compound composed of glucose is cellulose, which is also linear. Dextrose is the molecule D-glucose. Blood sugar, or glucose, is the main sugar found in the blood. It comes from the food you eat, and it is body's main source of energy. The blood carries glucose to all of the body's cells to use for energy. Diabetes is a disease in which your blood sugar levels are too high.Usage: Glucose determinations are useful in the detection and management of Diabetes mellitus.

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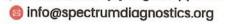
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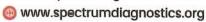
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: MR. RAMESH K E Name

Age / Gender : 56 years / Male

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Result Date

Test Name	Result	Unit	Reference Value	Method
LFT-Liver Function Test -Serun	n			
Bilirubin Total-Serum	0.52	mg/dL	0.2-1.0	Caffeine Benzoate
Bilirubin Direct-Serum	0.09	mg/dL	0.0-0.2	Diazotised Sulphanilic Acid
Bilirubin Indirect-Serum	0.43	mg/dL	0.0-1.10	Direct Measure
Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST/SGOT)-Serum	39.00	U/L	15.0-37.0	UV with Pyridoxal - 5 - Phosphate
Alanine Aminotransferase (ALT/SGPT)-Serum	35.00	U/L	Male:16.0-63.0 Female:14.0-59.0	UV with Pyridoxal - 5 - Phosphate
Alkaline Phosphatase (ALP)- Serum	147.00	U/L	Adult: 45.0-117.0 Children: 48.0-445.0 Infants: 81.90-350.30	PNPP,AMP- Buffer
Protein, Total-Serum	7.74	g/dL	6.40-8.20	Biuret/Endpoint- With Blank
Albumin-Serum	4.23	g/dL	3.40-5.00	Bromocresol Purple
Globulin-Serum	3.51	g/dL	2.0-3.50	Calculated
Albumin/Globulin Ratio-Serum	1.21	Ratio	0.80-1.20	Calculated

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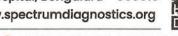
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Dr. Nithun Reddy C,MD,Consultant Pathologist

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Age / Gender : 56 years / Male

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Reg. No. : 1111230041 : Apollo Clinic C/o

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Test Name	Result	Unit	Reference Value	Method
Complete Haemogram-Whole B	lood EDTA			
Haemoglobin (HB)	15.60	g/dL	Male: 14.0-17.0 Female:12.0-15.0 Newborn:16.50 - 19.50	Spectrophotmeter
Red Blood Cell (RBC)	5.14	million/cum	m3.50 - 5.50	Volumetric Impedance
Packed Cell Volume (PCV)	42.10	%	Male: 42.0-51.0 Female: 36.0-45.0	Electronic Pulse
Mean corpuscular volume (MCV)	81.9	fL	78.0- 94.0	Calculated
Mean corpuscular hemoglobin (MCH)	30.30	pg	27.50-32.20	Calculated
Mean corpuscular hemoglobin concentration (MCHC)	37.00	%	33.00-35.50	Calculated
Red Blood Cell Distribution Width SD (RDW-SD)	39.20	fL	40.0-55.0	Volumetric Impedance
Red Blood Cell Distribution CV (RDW-CV)	15.80	%	Male: 11.80-14.50 Female:12.20-16.10	Volumetric Impedance
Mean Platelet Volume (MPV)	5.00	fL	8.0-15.0	Volumetric Impedance
Platelet	1.7	lakh/cumm	1.50-4.50	Volumetric Impedance
Platelet Distribution Width (PDW)	18.00	%	8.30 - 56.60	Volumetric Impedance
White Blood cell Count (WBC)	7580.0	cells/cumm	Male: 4000.0-11000.0 Female 4000.0-11000.0 Children: 6000.0-17500.0 Infants: 9000.0-30000.0	Volumetric Impedance
Neutrophils	70.70	%	40.0-75.0	Light scattering/Manual
Lymphocytes	26.50	%	20.0-40.0	Light scattering/Manual
Eosinophils	1.10	%	0.8-0.0	Light scattering/Manual

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Test Name	Result	Unit	Reference Value	Method
Monocytes	1.20	%	0.0-10.0	Light scattering/Manual
Basophils	0.50	%	0.0-1.0	Light scattering/Manual
Absolute Neutrophil Count	5.36	10^3/uL	2.0- 7.0	Calculated
Absolute Lymphocyte Count	2.01	10^3/uL	1.0-3.0	Calculated
Absolute Monocyte Count	0.20	10^3/uL	0.20-1.00	Calculated
Absolute Eosinophil Count	80	cells/cumm	40-440	Calculated
Absolute Basophil Count	0.04	10^3/uL	0.0-0.10	Calculated
Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR)	13	mm/hr	Female : 0.0-20.0 Male : 0.0-10.0	Westergren

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Peripheral Smear Examination-Whole Blood EDTA

Method: (Microscopy-Manual)

RBC'S : Normocytic Normochromic.

WBC'S : Are normal in total number, morphology and distribution.

Platelets : Adequate in number and normal in morphology.

No abnormal cells or hemoparasites are present.

Normocytic Normochromic Blood picture. Impression:



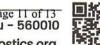
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Test Name	Result	Unit	Reference Value	Method
Blood Group & Rh Typ	oing-Whole Blood EDT.	A		
Blood Group	0			Slide/Tube agglutination
Rh Type	Positive			Slide/Tube agglutination

Note: Confirm by tube or gel method.

Comments: ABO blood group system, the classification of human blood based on the inherited properties of red blood cells (erythrocytes) as determined by the presence or absence of the antigens A and B, which are carried on the surface of the red cells. Persons may thus have type A, type B, type O, or type AB blood.



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Age / Gender : 56 years / Male

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Test Name	Result	Unit	Reference Value	Method
Urine Routine Examinati	ion-Urine			
Physical Examination				
Colour	Pale Yellow	,	Pale Yellow	Visual
Appearance	Clear		Clear	Visual
Reaction (pH)	5.5		5.0-7.5	Dipstick
Specific Gravity	1.025		1.000-1.030	Dipstick
Biochemical Examination	n			
Albumin	Positive		Negative	Dipstick/Precipitation
Glucose	Positive (++	+)	Negative	Dipstick/Benedicts
Bilirubin	Negative		Negative	Dipstick/Fouchets
Ketone Bodies	Negative		Negative	Dipstick/Rotheras
Urobilinogen	Normal		Normal	Dipstick/Ehrlichs
Nitrite	Negative		Negative	Dipstick
Microscopic Examinatio	n			
Pus Cells	3-5	hpf	0.0-5.0	Microscopy
Epithelial Cells	3-5	hpf	0.0-10.0	Microscopy
RBCs	Absent	hpf	Absent	Microscopy

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Comments: The kidneys help infiltration of the blood by eliminating waste out of the body through urine. They also regulate water in the body by conserving electrolytes, proteins, and other compounds. But due to some conditions and abnormalities in kidney function, the urine may encompass some abnormal constituents, which are not normally present. A complete urine examination helps in detecting such abnormal constituents in urine. Several disorders can be detected by identifying and measuring the levels of such substances. Blood cells, bilirubin, bacteria, pus cells, epithelial cells may be present in urine due to kidney disease or infection. Routine urine examination helps to diagnose kidney diseases, urinary tract infections, diabetes and other metabolic disorders.

Absent

Absent

Absent



Casts

Crystals

Others

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Absent

Absent

Absent

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Microscopy

Microscopy

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