



Age **36** **4** **3**
years months days

Gender **Female**

Heart Rate **70bpm**

Patient Vitals

BP: 150/74 mmHg
Weight: 100 kg
Height: 161 cm
Pulse: NA
Spo2: NA
Resp: NA
Others: _____

Measurements

QRSD: 90ms
QT: 408ms
QTc: 440ms
PR: 174ms
P-R-T: 54° 88° 33°

Copyright 2014-2022 Tricog Health Services, All Rights Reserved.



ECG Within Normal Limits: Sinus Rhythm, Normal Axis. Please correlate clinically.

REPORTED BY

Dr. Anand N Motwani

Dr. Anand N Motwani
M.D (General Medicine)
Reg No 39329 M.M.C



CID : 2219021869
Name : Mrs GAYATRI BHANDARI
Age / Sex : 36 Years/Female
Ref. Dr :
Reg. Location : Vashi Main Centre

Reg. Date : 09-Jul-2022
Reported : 09-Jul-2022/10:18

USG WHOLE ABDOMEN(TVS)

LIVER:

The liver is enlarged in size (17.7 cm), has normal shape and smooth margins. It shows bright parenchymal echo pattern. The intra hepatic biliary and portal radical appear normal. No evidence of any intra hepatic cystic or solid lesion seen. The main portal vein and CBD appears normal.

GALL BLADDER:

The gall bladder is physiologically distended and appears normal. No evidence of gall stones or mass lesions seen

PANCREAS:

The pancreas is well visualised and appears normal. No evidence of solid or cystic mass lesion.

KIDNEYS:

Both the kidneys are normal in size shape and echotexture.

No evidence of any calculus, hydronephrosis or mass lesion seen.

Right kidney measures 10.4 x 4.5 cm. Left kidney measures 10.7 x 5.3 cm.

SPLEEN:

The spleen is normal in size and echotexture. No evidence of focal lesion is noted.

There is no evidence of any lymphadenopathy or ascites.

URINARY BLADDER:

The urinary bladder is well distended and reveal no intraluminal abnormality.

UTERUS:

The uterus is anteverted and appears normal. It measures 8.1 x 3.4 x 4.5 cm in size.

The endometrial thickness is 5.0 mm.

OVARIES:

Both the ovaries are well visualised and appears bulky with polycystic changes.

There is no evidence of any ovarian or adnexal mass seen.

Right ovary = 3.1 x 2.6 x 3.4 cm , vol 13.4 cc

Left ovary = 3.4 x 1.8 x 2.9 cm , vol 15.6 cc.

IMPRESSION:-

Grade I fatty infiltration of liver with mild hepatomegaly.

Bilateral bulky ovaries showing polycystic changes.

Needs correlation with hormonal assays.



Use a QR Code Scanner
Application To Scan the Code

CID : 2219021869
Name : Mrs GAYATRI BHANDARI
Age / Sex : 36 Years/Female
Ref. Dr :
Reg. Location : Vashi Main Centre

Reg. Date : 09-Jul-2022
Reported : 09-Jul-2022/10:18

-----End of Report-----

Dr Shilpa Beri
MBBS DMRE
Reg No 2002/05/2302
Consultant Radiologist



CID : 2219021869
Name : MRS.GAYATRI BHANDARI
Age / Gender : 36 Years / Female
Consulting Dr. : -
Reg. Location : Vashi (Main Centre)

Collected : 09-Jul-2022 / 09:06
Reported : 09-Jul-2022 / 20:11

Use a QR Code Scanner
Application To Scan the Code

AERFOCAMI HEALTHCARE BELOW 40 MALE/FEMALE

CBC (Complete Blood Count), Blood

<u>PARAMETER</u>	<u>RESULTS</u>	<u>BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE</u>	<u>METHOD</u>
<u>RBC PARAMETERS</u>			
Haemoglobin	12.8	12.0-15.0 g/dL	Spectrophotometric
RBC	4.02	3.8-4.8 mil/cmm	Elect. Impedance
PCV	38.2	36-46 %	Measured
MCV	95	80-100 fl	Calculated
MCH	31.8	27-32 pg	Calculated
MCHC	33.5	31.5-34.5 g/dL	Calculated
RDW	13.6	11.6-14.0 %	Calculated
<u>WBC PARAMETERS</u>			
WBC Total Count	5010	4000-10000 /cmm	Elect. Impedance
<u>WBC DIFFERENTIAL AND ABSOLUTE COUNTS</u>			
Lymphocytes	39.6	20-40 %	
Absolute Lymphocytes	1984.0	1000-3000 /cmm	Calculated
Monocytes	6.5	2-10 %	
Absolute Monocytes	325.7	200-1000 /cmm	Calculated
Neutrophils	51.0	40-80 %	
Absolute Neutrophils	2555.1	2000-7000 /cmm	Calculated
Eosinophils	1.6	1-6 %	
Absolute Eosinophils	80.2	20-500 /cmm	Calculated
Basophils	1.3	0.1-2 %	
Absolute Basophils	65.1	20-100 /cmm	Calculated
Immature Leukocytes	-		

WBC Differential Count by Absorbance & Impedance method/Microscopy.

PLATELET PARAMETERS

Platelet Count	272000	150000-400000 /cmm	Elect. Impedance
MPV	8.3	6-11 fl	Calculated
PDW	13.2	11-18 %	Calculated

RBC MORPHOLOGY

Hypochromia	-
Microcytosis	-



Use a QR Code Scanner
Application To Scan the Code

CID : 2219021869
Name : MRS.GAYATRI BHANDARI
Age / Gender : 36 Years / Female
Consulting Dr. : -
Reg. Location : Vashi (Main Centre)

Collected : 09-Jul-2022 / 09:06
Reported : 09-Jul-2022 / 13:57

Macrocytosis -
Anisocytosis -
Poikilocytosis -
Polychromasia -
Target Cells -
Basophilic Stippling -
Normoblasts -
Others Normocytic, Normochromic
WBC MORPHOLOGY -
PLATELET MORPHOLOGY -
COMMENT -

Specimen: EDTA Whole Blood

ESR, EDTA WB 4 2-20 mm at 1 hr. Westergren

*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD Panvel Lab, Panvel East
*** End Of Report ***



J. Thakker

Dr. JYOT THAKKER
M.D. (PATH), DPB
Pathologist & AVP(Medical Services)

ADDRESS: 2nd Floor, Aston, Sundervan Complex, Above Mercedes Showroom, Andheri West - 400053

HEALTHLINE - MUMBAI: 022-6170-0000 | **OTHER CITIES:** 1800-266-4343

For Feedback - customerservice@suburbandiagnosics.com | **www.suburbandiagnosics.com**



Use a QR Code Scanner
Application To Scan the Code

CID : 2219021869
Name : MRS.GAYATRI BHANDARI
Age / Gender : 36 Years / Female
Consulting Dr. : -
Reg. Location : Vashi (Main Centre)

Collected : 09-Jul-2022 / 09:06
Reported : 09-Jul-2022 / 12:24

AERFOCAMI HEALTHCARE BELOW 40 MALE/FEMALE

<u>PARAMETER</u>	<u>RESULTS</u>	<u>BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE</u>	<u>METHOD</u>
GLUCOSE (SUGAR) FASTING, Fluoride Plasma	98.5	Non-Diabetic: < 100 mg/dl Impaired Fasting Glucose: 100-125 mg/dl Diabetic: >/= 126 mg/dl	Hexokinase
GLUCOSE (SUGAR) PP, Fluoride Plasma PP/R	127.8	Non-Diabetic: < 140 mg/dl Impaired Glucose Tolerance: 140-199 mg/dl Diabetic: >/= 200 mg/dl	Hexokinase
BILIRUBIN (TOTAL), Serum	0.39	0.1-1.2 mg/dl	Colorimetric
BILIRUBIN (DIRECT), Serum	0.17	0-0.3 mg/dl	Diazo
BILIRUBIN (INDIRECT), Serum	0.22	0.1-1.0 mg/dl	Calculated
TOTAL PROTEINS, Serum	6.6	6.4-8.3 g/dL	Biuret
ALBUMIN, Serum	4.5	3.5-5.2 g/dL	BCG
GLOBULIN, Serum	2.1	2.3-3.5 g/dL	Calculated
A/G RATIO, Serum	2.1	1 - 2	Calculated
Kindly correlate clinically.			
SGOT (AST), Serum	28.2	5-32 U/L	NADH (w/o P-5-P)
SGPT (ALT), Serum	35.8	5-33 U/L	NADH (w/o P-5-P)
GAMMA GT, Serum	18.4	3-40 U/L	Enzymatic
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE, Serum	66.5	35-105 U/L	Colorimetric
BLOOD UREA, Serum	17.6	12.8-42.8 mg/dl	Kinetic
BUN, Serum	8.2	6-20 mg/dl	Calculated
CREATININE, Serum	0.68	0.51-0.95 mg/dl	Enzymatic
eGFR, Serum	104	>60 ml/min/1.73sqm	Calculated



Use a QR Code Scanner
Application To Scan the Code

CID : 2219021869
Name : MRS.GAYATRI BHANDARI
Age / Gender : 36 Years / Female
Consulting Dr. : -
Reg. Location : Vashi (Main Centre)

Collected : 09-Jul-2022 / 12:24
Reported : 09-Jul-2022 / 18:56

URIC ACID, Serum	4.9	2.4-5.7 mg/dl	Enzymatic
Urine Sugar (Fasting)	Absent	Absent	
Urine Ketones (Fasting)	Absent	Absent	
Urine Sugar (PP)	Absent	Absent	
Urine Ketones (PP)	Absent	Absent	

*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD Panvel Lab, Panvel East
*** End Of Report ***



Amit Taori

Dr. AMIT TAORI
M.D (Path)
Pathologist



Use a QR Code Scanner
Application To Scan the Code

CID : 2219021869
Name : MRS.GAYATRI BHANDARI
Age / Gender : 36 Years / Female
Consulting Dr. : -
Reg. Location : Vashi (Main Centre)

Collected : 09-Jul-2022 / 09:06
Reported : 09-Jul-2022 / 14:30

AERFOCAMI HEALTHCARE BELOW 40 MALE/FEMALE
GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HbA1c)

PARAMETER	RESULTS	BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE	METHOD
Glycosylated Hemoglobin (HbA1c), EDTA WB - CC	4.6	Non-Diabetic Level: < 5.7 % Prediabetic Level: 5.7-6.4 % Diabetic Level: >/= 6.5 %	HPLC
Estimated Average Glucose (eAG), EDTA WB - CC	85.3	mg/dl	Calculated

Intended use:

- In patients who are meeting treatment goals, HbA1c test should be performed at least 2 times a year
- In patients whose therapy has changed or who are not meeting glycemic goals, it should be performed quarterly
- For microvascular disease prevention, the HbA1C goal for non pregnant adults in general is Less than 7%.

Clinical Significance:

- HbA1c, Glycosylated hemoglobin or glycated hemoglobin, is hemoglobin with glucose molecule attached to it.
- The HbA1c test evaluates the average amount of glucose in the blood over the last 2 to 3 months by measuring the percentage of glycosylated hemoglobin in the blood.

Test Interpretation:

- The HbA1c test evaluates the average amount of glucose in the blood over the last 2 to 3 months by measuring the percentage of Glycosylated hemoglobin in the blood.
- HbA1c test may be used to screen for and diagnose diabetes or risk of developing diabetes.
- To monitor compliance and long term blood glucose level control in patients with diabetes.
- Index of diabetic control, predicting development and progression of diabetic micro vascular complications.

Factors affecting HbA1c results:

Increased in: High fetal hemoglobin, Chronic renal failure, Iron deficiency anemia, Splenectomy, Increased serum triglycerides, Alcohol ingestion, Lead/opiate poisoning and Salicylate treatment.

Decreased in: Shortened RBC lifespan (Hemolytic anemia, blood loss), following transfusions, pregnancy, ingestion of large amount of Vitamin E or Vitamin C and Hemoglobinopathies

Reflex tests: Blood glucose levels, CGM (Continuous Glucose monitoring)

References: ADA recommendations, AACC, Wallach's interpretation of diagnostic tests 10th edition.

*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD Panvel Lab, Panvel East

*** End Of Report ***



Shruti
Dr.SHRUTI SEMWAL
M.D (Path)
Pathologist



Use a QR Code Scanner
Application To Scan the Code

CID : 2219021869
Name : MRS.GAYATRI BHANDARI
Age / Gender : 36 Years / Female
Consulting Dr. : -
Reg. Location : Vashi (Main Centre)

Collected : 09-Jul-2022 / 09:06
Reported : 09-Jul-2022 / 14:38

AERFOCAMI HEALTHCARE BELOW 40 MALE/FEMALE
URINE EXAMINATION REPORT

<u>PARAMETER</u>	<u>RESULTS</u>	<u>BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE</u>	<u>METHOD</u>
<u>PHYSICAL EXAMINATION</u>			
Color	Pale yellow	Pale Yellow	-
Reaction (pH)	Acidic (6.0)	4.5 - 8.0	Chemical Indicator
Specific Gravity	1.010	1.001-1.030	Chemical Indicator
Transparency	Clear	Clear	-
Volume (ml)	40 ml	-	-
<u>CHEMICAL EXAMINATION</u>			
Proteins	Absent	Absent	pH Indicator
Glucose	Absent	Absent	GOD-POD
Ketones	Absent	Absent	Legals Test
Blood	Absent	Absent	Peroxidase
Bilirubin	Absent	Absent	Diazonium Salt
Urobilinogen	Normal	Normal	Diazonium Salt
Nitrite	Absent	Absent	Griess Test
<u>MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION</u>			
Leukocytes(Pus cells)/hpf	2-3	0-5/hpf	
Red Blood Cells / hpf	Absent	0-2/hpf	
Epithelial Cells / hpf	3-4		
Casts	Absent	Absent	
Crystals	Absent	Absent	
Amorphous debris	Absent	Absent	
Bacteria / hpf	10-12	Less than 20/hpf	

*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD Panvel Lab, Panvel East
*** End Of Report ***



Shruti
Dr.SHRUTI SEMWAL
M.D (Path)
Pathologist



Use a QR Code Scanner
Application To Scan the Code

CID : 2219021869
Name : MRS.GAYATRI BHANDARI
Age / Gender : 36 Years / Female
Consulting Dr. : -
Reg. Location : Vashi (Main Centre)

Collected : 09-Jul-2022 / 09:06
Reported : 09-Jul-2022 / 16:56

AERFOCAMI HEALTHCARE BELOW 40 MALE/FEMALE
BLOOD GROUPING & Rh TYPING

<u>PARAMETER</u>	<u>RESULTS</u>
ABO GROUP	B
Rh TYPING	POSITIVE

NOTE: Test performed by automated column agglutination technology (CAT) which is more sensitive than conventional methods.

Specimen: EDTA Whole Blood and/or serum

Clinical significance:

ABO system is most important of all blood group in transfusion medicine

Limitations:

- ABO blood group of new born is performed only by cell (forward) grouping because allo antibodies in cord blood are of maternal origin.
- Since A & B antigens are not fully developed at birth, both Anti-A & Anti-B antibodies appear after the first 4 to 6 months of life. As a result, weaker reactions may occur with red cells of newborns than of adults.
- Confirmation of newborn's blood group is indicated when A & B antigen expression and the isoagglutinins are fully developed at 2 to 4 years of age & remains constant throughout life.
- Cord blood is contaminated with Wharton's jelly that causes red cell aggregation leading to false positive result
- The Hh blood group also known as Oh or Bombay blood group is rare blood group type. The term Bombay is used to refer the phenotype that lacks normal expression of ABH antigens because of inheritance of hh genotype.

Refernces:

1. Denise M Harmening, Modern Blood Banking and Transfusion Practices- 6th Edition 2012. F.A. Davis company. Philadelphia
2. AABB technical manual

*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD CPL, Andheri West

*** End Of Report ***



MC-2111



M Jain

Dr.MILLU JAIN
M.D.(PATH)
Pathologist

ADDRESS: 2nd Floor, Aston, Sundervan Complex, Above Mercedes Showroom, Andheri West - 400053

Page 7 of 10

HEALTHLINE - MUMBAI: 022-6170-0000 | OTHER CITIES: 1800-266-4343

For Feedback - customerservice@suburbandiagnosics.com | www.suburbandiagnosics.com



Use a QR Code Scanner
Application To Scan the Code

CID : 2219021869
Name : MRS.GAYATRI BHANDARI
Age / Gender : 36 Years / Female
Consulting Dr. : -
Reg. Location : Vashi (Main Centre)

Collected : 09-Jul-2022 / 09:06
Reported : 09-Jul-2022 / 14:35

AERFOCAMI HEALTHCARE BELOW 40 MALE/FEMALE
LIPID PROFILE

<u>PARAMETER</u>	<u>RESULTS</u>	<u>BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE</u>	<u>METHOD</u>
CHOLESTEROL, Serum	158.3	Desirable: <200 mg/dl Borderline High: 200-239mg/dl High: >/=240 mg/dl	CHOD-POD
TRIGLYCERIDES, Serum	129.7	Normal: <150 mg/dl Borderline-high: 150 - 199 mg/dl High: 200 - 499 mg/dl Very high:>/=500 mg/dl	GPO-POD
HDL CHOLESTEROL, Serum	40.0	Desirable: >60 mg/dl Borderline: 40 - 60 mg/dl Low (High risk): <40 mg/dl	Homogeneous enzymatic colorimetric assay
NON HDL CHOLESTEROL, Serum	118.3	Desirable: <130 mg/dl Borderline-high:130 - 159 mg/dl High:160 - 189 mg/dl Very high: >/=190 mg/dl	Calculated
LDL CHOLESTEROL, Serum	92.0	Optimal: <100 mg/dl Near Optimal: 100 - 129 mg/dl Borderline High: 130 - 159 mg/dl High: 160 - 189 mg/dl Very High: >/= 190 mg/dl	Calculated
VLDL CHOLESTEROL, Serum	26.3	< /= 30 mg/dl	Calculated
CHOL / HDL CHOL RATIO, Serum	4.0	0-4.5 Ratio	Calculated
LDL CHOL / HDL CHOL RATIO, Serum	2.3	0-3.5 Ratio	Calculated

*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD Panvel Lab, Panvel East
*** End Of Report ***



Amit Taori

Dr. AMIT TAORI
M.D (Path)
Pathologist



CID : 2219021869
Name : MRS.GAYATRI BHANDARI
Age / Gender : 36 Years / Female
Consulting Dr. : -
Reg. Location : Vashi (Main Centre)

Collected : 09-Jul-2022 / 09:06
Reported : 09-Jul-2022 / 15:21

Use a QR Code Scanner
Application To Scan the Code

AERFOCAMI HEALTHCARE BELOW 40 MALE/FEMALE
THYROID FUNCTION TESTS

<u>PARAMETER</u>	<u>RESULTS</u>	<u>BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE</u>	<u>METHOD</u>
Free T3, Serum	4.3	3.5-6.5 pmol/L	ECLIA
Free T4, Serum	13.5	11.5-22.7 pmol/L First Trimester:9.0-24.7 Second Trimester:6.4-20.59 Third Trimester:6.4-20.59	ECLIA
sensitiveTSH, Serum	4.29	0.35-5.5 microIU/ml First Trimester:0.1-2.5 Second Trimester:0.2-3.0 Third Trimester:0.3-3.0	ECLIA



Use a QR Code Scanner
Application To Scan the Code

CID : 2219021869
Name : MRS.GAYATRI BHANDARI
Age / Gender : 36 Years / Female
Consulting Dr. : -
Reg. Location : Vashi (Main Centre)

Collected : 09-Jul-2022 / 09:06
Reported : 09-Jul-2022 / 15:21

Interpretation:

A thyroid panel is used to evaluate thyroid function and/or help diagnose various thyroid disorders.

Clinical Significance:

- 1)TSH Values between 5.5 to 15 microIU/ml should be correlated clinically or repeat the test with new sample as physiological factors can give falsely high TSH.
- 2)TSH values may be transiently altered because of non thyroidal illness like severe infections,liver disease, renal and heart severe burns, trauma and surgery etc.

TSH	FT4 / T4	FT3 / T3	Interpretation
High	Normal	Normal	Subclinical hypothyroidism, poor compliance with thyroxine, drugs like amiodarone, Recovery phase of non-thyroidal illness, TSH Resistance.
High	Low	Low	Hypothyroidism, Autoimmune thyroiditis, post radio iodine Rx, post thyroidectomy, Anti thyroid drugs, tyrosine kinase inhibitors & amiodarone, amyloid deposits in thyroid, thyroid tumors & congenital hypothyroidism.
Low	High	High	Hyperthyroidism, Graves disease, toxic multinodular goiter, toxic adenoma, excess iodine or thyroxine intake, pregnancy related (hyperemesis gravidarum, hydatiform mole)
Low	Normal	Normal	Subclinical Hyperthyroidism, recent Rx for Hyperthyroidism, drugs like steroids & dopamine), Non thyroidal illness.
Low	Low	Low	Central Hypothyroidism, Non Thyroidal Illness, Recent Rx for Hyperthyroidism.
High	High	High	Interfering anti TPO antibodies, Drug interference: Amiodarone, Heparin, Beta Blockers, steroids & anti epileptics.

Diurnal Variation:TSH follows a diurnal rhythm and is at maximum between 2 am and 4 am , and is at a minimum between 6 pm and 10 pm. The variation is on the order of 50 to 206%. Biological variation:19.7%(with in subject variation)

Reflex Tests:Anti thyroid Antibodies,USG Thyroid ,TSH receptor Antibody. Thyroglobulin, Calcitonin

Limitations:Samples should not be taken from patients receiving therapy with high biotin doses (i.e. >5 mg/day) until atleast 8 hours following the last biotin administration.

Reference:

- 1.O.koulouri et al. / Best Practice and Research clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism 27(2013)
- 2.Interpretation of the thyroid function tests, Dayan et al. THE LANCET . Vol 357
- 3.Tietz ,Text Book of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Biology -5th Edition
- 4.Biological Variation:From principles to Practice-Callum G Fraser (AACC Press)

*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD Panvel Lab, Panvel East

*** End Of Report ***



Amit Taori

Dr. AMIT TAORI
M.D (Path)
Pathologist