DEPARTMENT OF CARDIOLOGY

UHID / IP NO	40005842 (10769)	RISNo./Status:	4011131/
Patient Name:	Mr. VYAS ASHISH	Age/Gender:	33 Y/M
Referred By:	EHS CONSULTANT	Ward/Bed No:	OPD
Bill Date/No:	23/09/2023 9:38AM/ OPSCR23- 24/5525	Scan Date :	
Report Date:	23/09/2023 12:22PM	Company Name:	Final

REFERRAL REASON: - HEALTH CHECKUP

2D ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY WITH COLOR DOPPLER

M MODE DIMENSIONS: -

			No	rmal				Normal
IVSD	10.9	6-12mm			LVIDS	32.2	20-40mm	
LVIDD	49.0		32-	57mm		LVPWS	16.8	mm
LVPWD	10.9		6-1	2mm		AO	28.6	19-37mm
IVSS	16.8]	mm		LA	30.5	19-40mm
LVEF	60-62		>	55%		RA	ı	mm
	DOPPLER MEASUREMENTS & CALC				& CALC	ULATIONS	<u>:</u>	
STRUCTURE	MORPHOLOGY	VELOCITY (m/s)		GRADIENT		REGURGITATION		
		, ,		(mmHg)				
MITRAL	NORMAL	E	1.03	e'		-		NIL
VALVE		A	0.56	E/e'				
TRICUSPID	NORMAL		E	0.	59	-		NIL
VALVE			A	0.	40			
A OPELO	NODMAL			1.25				NITT
AORTIC	NORMAL			1.35		-		NIL
VALVE	27022517							
PULMONARY	NORMAL		1	1.05				NIL
VALVE						-		

COMMENTS & CONCLUSION: -

- ALL CARDIAC CHAMBERS ARE NORMAL
- NO RWMA, LVEF 60-62%
- NORMAL LV SYSTOLIC FUNCTION
- NORMAL LV DIASTOLIC FUNCTION
- ALL CARDIAC VALVES ARE NORMAL
- NO EVIDENCE OF CLOT/VEGETATION/PE
- INTACT IVS/IAS

IMPRESSION: - NORMAL BI VENTRICULAR FUNCTIONS

DR SUPRIY JAIN MBBS, M.D., D.M. (CARDIOLOGY) INCHARGE & SR. CONSULTANT INTERVENTIONAL CARDIOLOGY DR ROOPAM SHARMA
MBBS, PGDCC, FIAE
CONSULTANT & INCHARGE
EMERGENCY, PREVENTIVE CARDIOLOGY
AND WELLNESS CENTRE

Patient Name Mr. VYAS ASHISH UHID 321630

Age/Gender 33 Yrs/Male
IP/OP Location O-OPD

Referred By Dr. EHCC Consultant

Mobile No. 9773349797

 Lab No
 537312

 Collection Date
 23/09/20

 Collection Date
 23/09/2023 12:35PM

 Receiving Date
 23/09/2023 12:35PM

 Report Date
 23/09/2023 2:04PM

Report Status Final



BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range
			Sample: WHOLE BLOOD EDTA
HBA1C	5.7	%	< 5.7% Nondiabetic 5.7-6.4% Pre-diabetic > 6.4% Indicate Diabetes
			Known Diabetic Patients < 7 % Excellent Control 7 - 8 % Good Control > 8 % Poor Control

Method: - High - performance liquid chromatography HPLC Interpretation:-Monitoring long term glycemic control, testing every 3 to 4 months is generally sufficient. The approximate relationship between HbA1C and mean blood glucose values during the preceding 2 to 3 months.

End Of Report

RESULT ENTERED BY : Mr. PANKAJ SHUKLA

Dr. SURENDRA SINGH CONSULTANT & HOD MBBS|MD| PATHOLOGY Dr. ASHISH SHARMA
CONSULTANT & INCHARGE PATHOLOGY
MBBS|MD| PATHOLOGY

Page: 1 Of 1

Patient Name Mr. VYAS ASHISH Lab No 4011131 UHID 40005842 **Collection Date** 23/09/2023 10:08AM 23/09/2023 10:38AM Age/Gender 33 Yrs/Male **Receiving Date Report Date IP/OP Location** O-OPD 23/09/2023 3:28PM **Referred By EHS CONSULTANT Report Status** Final

Mobile No. 9460710251

BIOCHEMISTRY

 Test Name
 Result
 Unit
 Biological Ref. Range

 BLOOD GLUCOSE (FASTING)
 Sample: Fl. Plasma

 BLOOD GLUCOSE (FASTING)
 105
 mg/dl
 74 - 106

Method: Hexokinase assay.

Interpretation:-Diagnosis and monitoring of treatment in diabetes mellitus and evaluation of carbohydrate metabolism in various diseases.

BLOOD GLUCOSE (PP) Sample: PLASMA

BLOOD GLUCOSE (PP) 119.7 mg/dl Non – Diabetic: - < 140 mg/dl

Pre – Diabetic: - 140-199 mg/dl Diabetic: - >=200 mg/dl

Method: Hexokinase assay.

THYROID T3 T4 TSH Sample: Serum

Т3	1.470	ng/mL	0.970 - 1.690	·
T4	9.41	ug/dl	5.53 - 11.00	
TSH	2.52	μIU/mL	0.40 - 4.05	

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name	Mr. VYAS ASHISH	Lab No	4011131
UHID	40005842	Collection Date	23/09/2023 10:08AM
Age/Gender IP/OP Location	33 Yrs/Male	Receiving Date	23/09/2023 10:38AM
	O-OPD	Report Date	23/09/2023 3:28PM
Referred By	EHS CONSULTANT	Report Status	Final
Mobile No.	9460710251		

BIOCHEMISTRY

T3:- Method: ElectroChemiLuminescence ImmunoAssay - ECLIA

 $Interpretation: -The \ determination \ of \ T3 \ is \ utilized \ in \ the diagnosis \ of \ T3-hyperthyroidism \ the \ detection \ of \ early \ stages \ of hyperthyroidism \ and \ for \ indicating \ a \ diagnosis \ of \ thyrotoxicosis \ factitia.$

T4:- Method: ElectroChemiLuminescence ImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation:-The determination of T4 assay employs acompetitive test principle with an antibody specifically directed against T4.

TSH - THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE :- ElectroChemiLuminescenceImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation:-The determination of TSH serves as theinitial test in thyroid diagnostics. Even very slight changes in the concentrations of the free thyroid hormones bring about much greater opposite changes in the TSH levels.

LFT (LIVER FUNCTION TEST)				Sample: Serum
BILIRUBIN TOTAL	0.34	mg/dl	0.00 - 1.20	
BILIRUBIN INDIRECT	0.19 L	mg/dl	0.20 - 1.00	
BILIRUBIN DIRECT	0.15	mg/dl	0.00 - 0.40	
SGOT	35.6	U/L	0.0 - 40.0	
SGPT	58.3 H	U/L	0.0 - 40.0	

g/dl

g/dl

6.6 - 8.7

3.5 - 5.2

 GLOBULIN
 2.4
 1.8 - 3.6

 ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE
 87.0
 U/L
 53 - 128

 A/G RATIO
 2.0
 Ratio
 1.5 - 2.5

 GGTP
 48.8
 U/L
 10.0 - 55.0

7.2

4.8

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

TOTAL PROTEIN

ALBUMIN

Patient Name Mr. VYAS ASHISH Lab No 4011131 UHID 40005842 **Collection Date** 23/09/2023 10:08AM 23/09/2023 10:38AM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 33 Yrs/Male Report Date O-OPD **IP/OP Location** 23/09/2023 3:28PM Referred By **EHS CONSULTANT Report Status** Final 9460710251 Mobile No.

BIOCHEMISTRY

BILIRUBIN TOTAL :- Method: DPD assay. Interpretation:-Total Bilirubin measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of various liver diseases, and of haemolytic and metabolic disorders in adults and newborns. Both obstruction damage to hepatocellular structive.

BILIRUBIN DIRECT :- Method: Diazo method Interpretation:-Determinations of direct bilirubin measure mainly conjugated, water soluble bilirubin.

SGOT - AST :- Method: IFCC without pyridoxal phosphate activation. Interpretation:-SGOT(AST) measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of certain types of liver and heart disease.

SGPT - ALT :- Method: IFCC without pyridoxal phosphate activation. Interpretation:-SGPT(ALT) Ratio Is Used For Differential Diagnosis In Liver Diseases.

TOTAL PROTEINS: - Method: Bivret colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-Total protein measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of a variety of liver and kidney diseases and bone marrow as well as metabolic and nutritional disorder.

ALBUMIN: - Method: Colorimetric (BCP) assay. Interpretation:-For Diagnosis and monitoring of liver diseases, e.g. liver cirrhosis, nutritional status.

ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE: - Method: Colorimetric assay according to IFCC. Interpretation:-Elevated serum ALT is found in hepatitis, cirrhosis, obstructive jaundice, carcinoma of the liver, and chronic alcohol abuse. ALT is only slightly elevated in patients who have an uncomplicated myocardial infarction. GGTP-GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSPEPTIDASE: - Method: Enzymetic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-y-glutamyltransferase is used in the diagnosis and monitoring of hepatobiliary disease. Enzymatic activity of GGT is often the only parameter with increased values when testing for such diseases and is one of the most sensitive indicator known.

LIPID PROFILE

TOTAL CHOLESTEROL	168		<200 mg/dl :- Desirable 200-240 mg/dl :- Borderline >240 mg/dl :- High
HDL CHOLESTEROL	44.8		High Risk :-<40 mg/dl (Male), <40 mg/dl (Female) Low Risk :->=60 mg/dl (Male), >=60 mg/dl (Female)
LDL CHOLESTEROL	105.7		Optimal :- <100 mg/dl Near or Above Optimal :- 100-129 mg/dl Borderline :- 130-159 mg/dl High :- 160-189 mg/dl Very High :- >190 mg/dl
CHOLESTERO VLDL	23	mg/dl	10 - 50
TRIGLYCERIDES	113.1		Normal :- <150 mg/dl Border Line:- 150 - 199 mg/dl High :- 200 - 499 mg/dl Very high :- > 500 mg/dl
CHOLESTEROL/HDL RATIO	3.8	%	

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name UHID	Mr. VYAS ASHISH 40005842	Lab No Collection Date	4011131 23/09/2023 10:08AM
Age/Gender	33 Yrs/Male	Receiving Date	23/09/2023 10:38AM
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Mobile No.	9460710251		

BIOCHEMISTRY

CHOLESTEROL TOTAL :- Method: CHOD-PAP enzymatic colorimetric assay.

interpretation:-The determination of the individual total cholesterol (TC) level is used for screening purposes while for a better risk assessment it is necessary to measure additionally lipid & lipoprotein metabolic disorders. HDL CHOLESTEROL :- Method:-Homogenous enzymetic colorimetric method.

Interpretation:-HDL-cholesterol has a protective against coronary heart disease, while reduced HDL-cholesterol concentrations, particularly in conjunction with elevated triglycerides, increase the cardiovascular disease.

LDL CHOLESTEROL :- Method: Homogenous enzymatic colorimetric assay.

Interpretation:-LDL play a key role in causing and influencing the progression of atherosclerosis and in particular coronary sclerosis. The LDL are derived form VLDL rich in TG by the action of various lipolytic enzymes and are synthesized in the liver.
CHOLESTEROL VLDL: - Method: VLDL Calculative

Interpretation: -High triglycerde levels also occur in various diseases of liver, kidneys and pancreas.

DM, nephrosis, liver obstruction.

CHOLESTEROL/HDL RATIO :- Method: Cholesterol/HDL Ratio Calculative

RENAL PROFILE TEST Sample: Serum

UREA	14.90 L	mg/dl	16.60 - 48.50
BUN	7.0	mg/dl	6 - 20
CREATININE	0.71	mg/dl	0.60 - 1.10
SODIUM	140.9	mmol/L	136 - 145
POTASSIUM	5.10	mmol/L	3.50 - 5.50
CHLORIDE	106.8	mmol/L	98 - 107
URIC ACID	4.2	mg/dl	3.5 - 7.2
CALCIUM	9.83	mg/dl	8.60 - 10.30

RESULT ENTERED BY: SUNIL EHS

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name Mr. VYAS ASHISH Lab No 4011131 UHID 40005842 **Collection Date** 23/09/2023 10:08AM 23/09/2023 10:38AM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 33 Yrs/Male Report Date O-OPD **IP/OP Location** 23/09/2023 3:28PM **Referred By EHS CONSULTANT Report Status** Final Mobile No. 9460710251

CREATININE - SERUM :- Method:-Jaffe method, Interpretation:-To differentiate acute and chronic kidneydisease.
URIC ACID :- Method: Enzymatic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:- Elevated blood concentrations of uricacid are renal diseases with decreased excretion of waste products, starvation, drug abuse and increased alcohol consume.
SODIUM:- Method: ISE electrode. Interpretation:-Decrease: Prolonged vomiting or diarrhea, diminished reabsorption in the kidney and excessive fluid retention. Increase: excessive fluid loss, high salt intake andkidney reabsorption.

POTASSIUM:- Method: ISE electrode. Intrpretation:-Low level: Intake excessive loss formbodydue to diarrhea, vomiting

renal failure, High level: Dehydration, shock severe burns, DKA, renalfailure.

CHLORIDE - SERUM: - Method: ISE electrode. Interpretation: -Decrease: reduced dietary intake, prolonged vomiting and reduced renal reabsorption as well as forms of acidosisand alkalosis.

Increase: dehydration, kidney failure, some form ofacidosis, high dietary or parenteral chloride intake, and salicylate poisoning.

UREA:- Method: Urease/GLDH kinetic assay. Interpretation:-Elevations in blood urea nitrogenconcentration are seen in inadequate renal perfusion, shock, diminished bloodvolume, chronic nephritis, nephrosclerosis, tubular necrosis, glomerularnephritis and UTI.

CALCIUM TOTAL: - Method: O-Cresolphthaleine complexone. Interpretation:-Increase in serum PTH or vit-D are usually associated with hypercalcemia. Increased serum calcium levels may also be observed in multiple myeloma and other neoplastic diseases. Hypocalcemia may

beobserved in hypoparathyroidism, nephrosis, and pancreatitis.

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

Patient Name Mr. VYAS ASHISH Lab No 4011131 UHID 40005842 **Collection Date** 23/09/2023 10:08AM 23/09/2023 10:38AM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 33 Yrs/Male **Report Date IP/OP Location** O-OPD 23/09/2023 3:28PM **Referred By EHS CONSULTANT Report Status** Final Mobile No. 9460710251

BLOOD BANK INVESTIGATION

Biological Ref. Range Test Name Result Unit

BLOOD GROUPING "A" Rh Positive

1. Both forward and reverse grouping performed.
2. Test conducted on EDTA whole blood.

RESULT ENTERED BY: SUNIL EHS

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name Mr. VYAS ASHISH Lab No 4011131 UHID 40005842 **Collection Date** 23/09/2023 10:08AM 23/09/2023 10:38AM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 33 Yrs/Male **Report Date IP/OP Location** O-OPD 23/09/2023 3:28PM **Referred By EHS CONSULTANT Report Status** Final

9460710251

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Test Name Result Unit **Biological Ref. Range URINE SUGAR (POST PRANDIAL)** Sample: Urine URINE SUGAR (POST PRANDIAL) NEGATIVE **NEGATIVE URINE SUGAR (RANDOM)** Sample: Urine NEGATIVE URINE SUGAR (RANDOM) **NEGATIVE** STOOL ROUTINE Sample: Urine P YELLOW COLOUR **BROWNISH** NIL **MUCUS** NIL CONSISTENCY AND FORM SEMI-SOLID SEMI-SOLID BLOOD. NIL WBCS/HPF. 1-2 RBCS/HPF. NIL ABSENT **OVA & CYST** ABSENT **OHTERS** NIL NIL

ROUTINE EXAMINATION - URINE Sample: Urine

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION

Mobile No.

VOLUME 05 ml

P YELLOW **COLOUR** PALE YELLOW CLEAR APPEARANCE CLEAR

CHEMICAL EXAMINATION

РΗ 5.0 L 5.5 - 7.0 1.016-1.022 SPECIFIC GRAVITY 1.010 **NEGATIVE PROTEIN TRACE** NEGATIVE **SUGAR NEGATIVE** NEGATIVE **BILIRUBIN NEGATIVE**

NEGATIVE **BLOOD**

RESULT ENTERED BY: SUNIL EHS

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name UHID	Mr. VYAS ASHISH 40005842	Lab No Collection Date	4011131 23/09/2023 10:08AM
Age/Gender	33 Yrs/Male	Receiving Date	23/09/2023 10:38AM
IP/OP Location	O-OPD	Report Date	23/09/2023 3:28PM
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CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

NEGATIVE

NITRITE	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE
UROBILINOGEN	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE
LEUCOCYTE	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			
WBCS/HPF	1-2	/hpf	0 - 3
RBCS/HPF	0-0	/hpf	0 - 2
EPITHELIAL CELLS/HPF	0-1	/hpf	0 - 1
CASTS	NIL		NIL
CRYSTALS	NIL		NIL
BACTERIA	NIL		NIL
OHTERS	NIL		NIL

NEGATIVE

KETONES

Methodology:Glucose: GOD-POD, Bilirubin: Diazo-Azo-coupling reaction with a diazonium, Ketone: Nitro Pruside reaction, Specific Gravity: Proton re; ease from ions, Blood: Psuedo-Peroxidase activity oh Haem moiety, pH: Methye Red-Bromothymol Blue (Double indicator system), Protein: H+ Release by buffer, microscopic & chemical method. interpretation: Diagnosis of Kidney function, UTI, Presence of Protein, Glucoses, Blood. Vocubulary syntax: Kit insert

RESULT ENTERED BY: SUNIL EHS

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name Mr. VYAS ASHISH Lab No 4011131 UHID 40005842 **Collection Date** 23/09/2023 10:08AM 23/09/2023 10:38AM Age/Gender **Receiving Date** 33 Yrs/Male Report Date **IP/OP Location** O-OPD 23/09/2023 3:28PM **Referred By EHS CONSULTANT Report Status** Final Mobile No. 9460710251

HEMATOLOGY

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range	
CBC (COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT)			Sample: WHOLE BLOOD ED	ATC
HAEMOGLOBIN	13.4	g/dl	13.0 - 17.0	
PACKED CELL VOLUME(PCV)	41.0	%	40.0 - 50.0	
MCV	88.9	fl	82 - 92	
MCH	29.1	pg	27 - 32	
MCHC	32.7	g/dl	32 - 36	
RBC COUNT	4.61	millions/cu.mm	4.50 - 5.50	
TLC (TOTAL WBC COUNT)	8.09	10^3/ uL	4 - 10	
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT				
NEUTROPHILS	67.6	%	40 - 80	
LYMPHOCYTE	24.7	%	20 - 40	
EOSINOPHILS	1.4	%	1 - 6	
MONOCYTES	5.4	%	2 - 10	
BASOPHIL	0.9 L	%	1 - 2	
PLATELET COUNT	2.38	lakh/cumm	1.500 - 4.500	

HAEMOGLOBIN :- Method:-SLS HemoglobinMethodology by Cell Counter.Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia.

MCV :- Method:- Calculation bysysmex.
MCH :- Method:- Calculation bysysmex.
MCHC :- Method:- Calculation bysysmex.

RBC COUNT :- Method:-Hydrodynamicfocusing.Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia.

TLC (TOTAL WBC COUNT) :- Method: -Optical Detectorblock based on Flowcytometry. Interpretation: -High-Leucocytosis, Low-Leucopenia.

NEUTROPHILS :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry LYMPHOCYTS :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry EOSINOPHILS :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry MONOCYTES :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry

BASOPHIL :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry PLATELET COUNT :- Method:-Hydrodynamicfocusing method.Interpretation:-Low-Thrombocytopenia, High-Thrombocytosis.

HCT: Method:- Pulse Height Detection. Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia. NOTE: CH- CRITICAL HIGH, CL: CRITICAL LOW, L: LOW, H: HIGH

ESR (ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE) 20 H mm/1st hr 0 - 15

RESULT ENTERED BY: SUNIL EHS

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name	Mr. VYAS ASHISH	Lab No	4011131
UHID	40005842	Collection Date	23/09/2023 10:08AM
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Method:-Modified Westergrens.
Interpretation:-Increased in infections, sepsis, and malignancy.

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X Ray

Test Name Result Unit Biological Ref. Range

X-RAY - CHEST PA VIEW

OBSERVATION:

Rotation to the right is seen.

The mediastinal and cardiac silhouette are normal.

Cardiothoracic ratio is normal.

Cardiophrenic and costophrenic angles are normal.

Both hila are normal.

The lung fields are clear.

Bones of the thoracic cage are normal.

Soft tissues of the chest wall are normal.

IMPRESSION:

No significant abnormality seen.

End Of Report

RESULT ENTERED BY : SUNIL EHS

Dr. RENU JADIYA MBBS, DNB RADIOLOGIST

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DEPARTMENT OF RADIO DIAGNOSIS

UHID / IP NO	40005842 (10769)	RISNo./Status:	4011131/
Patient Name:	Mr. VYAS ASHISH	Age/Gender:	33 Y/M
Referred By:	EHS CONSULTANT	Ward/Bed No:	OPD
Bill Date/No:	23/09/2023 9:38AM/ OPSCR23- 24/5525	Scan Date :	
Report Date :	23/09/2023 10:56AM	Company Name:	Mediwheel - Arcofemi Health Care Ltd.

USG REPORT - ABDOMEN AND PELVIS

LIVER:

Is normal in size and shows diffuse increased echotexture.

No obvious focal lesion seen. No intra hepatic biliary radical dilatation seen.

GALL BLADDER:

Partially distended.

PANCREAS:

Appears normal in size and shows uniform echo texture. The pancreatic duct is normal. No calcifications are seen.

SPLEEN:

Appears normal in size and it shows uniform echo texture.

RIGHT KIDNEY:

The shape, size and contour of the right kidney appear normal.

Cortico medullary differentiation is maintained. No evidence of pelvicalyceal dilatation.

Two concretions seen in lower polar calyx.

LEFT KIDNEY:

The shape, size and contour of the left kidney appear normal.

Cortico medullary differentiation is maintained. No evidence of pelvicalyceal dilatation.

No calculi seen.

URINARY BLADDER:

Is normal in contour. No intraluminal echoes are seen. No calculus or diverticulum is seen.

PROSTATE:

Normal in size and echotexture.

IMPRESSION:

Grade-I fatty liver.

Right renal concretions.

DR. RENU JADIYA

Row Jadiya

Consultant – Radiology

MBBS, DNB