

CERTIFICATE OF MEDICAL FITNESS

NAME: Mr. Indira Aseem

AGE/ GENDER: 38 years / male

HEIGHT: 166cm

WEIGHT: 80 kg

IDENTIFICATION MARK: Black mole on chin

BLOOD PRESSURE: 110/70mmHg.

PULSE: 69/min.

CVS:

RS:P

} Normal

ANY OTHER DISEASE DIAGNOSED IN THE PAST: Nil

ALLERGIES, IF ANY: Nil

LIST OF PRESCRIBED MEDICINES: Nil

ANY OTHER REMARKS: NO

I Certify that I have carefully examined Mr/Mrs. Indira Aseem son/daughter of Ms Aseem Nigrah Singh who has signed in my presence. He/ she has no physical disease and is fit for employment.

Indira Aseem

Signature of candidate

Place: Bangalore

Date: 08-08-23

Dr. SATISH KINI
MD (MEDICINE)
Consultant Physician
REG. No. 24012(K.M.C.)

Signature of Medical Officer

Disclaimer: The patient has not been checked for COVID. This certificate does not relate to the covid status of the patient examined



Dr. Ashok S
Bsc., MBBS., D.O.M.S
Consultant Ophthalmologist
KMC No: 31827

DATE: 08-08-23

EYE EXAMINATION

NAME: *Ms. Indira Asern.* AGE: *38y* GENDER: F / M

	RIGHT EYE	LEFT EYE
Vision	<i>6/24 1m</i>	<i>6/24 1m</i>
Vision With glass	-----	-----
Color Vision	Normal	Normal
Anterior segment examination	Normal	Normal
Fundus Examination	Normal	Normal
Any other abnormality	Nil	Nil
Diagnosis/ impression	Normal	Normal

Dr. ASHOK SARODHE
B.Sc., M.B.B.S., D.O.M.S.
Eye Consultant & Surgeon
KMC 31827
Consultant (Ophthalmologist)



NAME	AGE	GENDER
Mr. Endra Asem	38 yrs	Male

DENTAL EXAMINATION REPORT:

8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

C: CAVITY → None

M: MISSING → None

O: OTHERS → Mesiodistal Crest of 27 is broken; To complete after 3 months

ADVISED:

CLEANING / SCALING / ROOTS PLANNING / FLOSSING & POLISHING / OTHERS

REMARKS:

SIGNATURE OF THE DENTAL SURGEON

SEAL

Dr. SACHDEV NAGARKAR
B.D.S., F.A.G.E., F.P.F.A. (USA)
Reg. No : 2247/A

DATE

08/08/23



PATIENT NAME	MR INDRA ASEM	ID NO	0808230025
AGE	38YEARS	SEX	MALE
REF BY	DR. APOLO CLINIC	DATE	08.08.2023

2D ECHO CARDIOGRAPHIC STUDY

M-MODE

AORTA	28mm
LEFT ATRIUM	32mm
RIGHT VENTRICLE	18mm
LEFT VENTRICLE (DIASTOLE)	42mm
LEFT VENTRICLE(SYSTOLE)	39mm
VENTRICULAR SEPTUM (DIASTOLE)	12mm
VENTRICULAR SEPTUM (SYSTOLE)	11mm
POSTERIOR WALL (DIASTOLE)	10mm
POSTERIOR WALL (SYSTOLE)	11mm
FRACTIONAL SHORTENING	30%
EJECTION FRACTION	60%

DOPPLER /COLOUR FLOW

MITRAL VALVE	E-0.69 m/sec	A-0.55 m/sec	NO MR
AORTIC VALVE	1.23m/sec		NO AR
PULMONARY VALVE	1.12 m/sec		NO PR
TRISCUSPID VALVE		22mmHg	MILD TR



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2D ECHO CARDIOGRAHIC STUDY

LEFT VENTRICLE	SIZE& THICKNESS	NORMAL
CONTRACTILITY	REGIONAL GLOBAL	NO RWMA

RIGHT VENTRICLE : NORMAL
LEFT ATRIUM : NORMAL
RIGHT ATRIUM : NORMAL
MITRAL VALVE : NORMAL
AORTIC VALVE : NORMAL
PULMONARY VALVE: NORMAL
TRICUSPID VALVE : NORMAL
INTER ATRIAL SEPTUM :INTACT
INTER VENTRICULAR SEPTUM: INTACT
PERICARDIUM : NORMAL
OTHERS : - NIL

IMPRESSION

- BRADYCARDIA NOTED DURING STUDY [HR – 53bpm]
- NO RWMA
- NORMAL LV FUNCTION LVEF-60%
- NORMAL CARDIAC CHAMBERS DIMENSIONS
- LEFT VENTRICULAR HYPERTROPHY
- MILD TR / NO PAH
- IAS & IVS INTACT
- NORMAL IVC , NORMAL INSPIRATORY COLLAPSE
- NO CLOT/ PERICARDIAL EFFUSION


V. DURGA
ECHO TECHNICIAN

The science of radiology is based upon interpretation of shadows of normal and abnormal tissue. This is neither complete nor accurate; hence, findings should always be interpreted in to the light of clinico-pathological correction. This is a professional opinion



NAME AND LAB NO	MR. INDRA ASEM	REG-30025
AGE & SEX	38YRS	MALE
DATE AND AREA OF INTEREST	08.08.2023	ABDOMEN & PELVIS
REF BY	C/O APOLO CLINIC	

USG ABDOMEN AND PELVIS

LIVER: Measures 16.5 cm. Normal in size with increased echotexture.
Irregular hypoechoic lesion 3.0 x1.8 cm in segment 5/8 in right lobe of liver.
No e/o IHBR dilatation. No evidence of other SOL. Portal vein appears normal.
CBD appears normal. . No e/o calculus .

GALL BLADDER: Well distended. Wall appears normal.No e/o calculus/ neoplasm.

SPLEEN: Measures 12.3 cm. Normal in size and echotexture. No e/o SOL/ calcification.

PANCREAS: Normal in size and echotexture.
Pancreatic duct appears normal. No e/o calculus / calcifications.

RETROPERITONEUM: Poor window.

RIGHT KIDNEY: Right kidney measures cm ,is normal in size & echotexture.
No evidence of calculus/ hydronephrosis.
No solid / cystic lesions.

LEFT KIDNEY: Left kidney measures 11.0 x5.3 cm ,is normal in size & echotexture.
No evidence of calculus/ hydronephrosis.
No solid / cystic lesions.

URETERS: Bilateral ureters are not dilated.

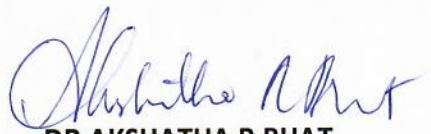
URINARY BLADDER: Well distended. No wall thickening/ calculi.

PROSTATE: Normal in size and echotexture.

- No evidence of ascites/pleural effusion.

IMPRESSION:

- Grade I fatty liver.
- Irregular hypoechoic lesion in segment 5/8 in right lobe of liver.
- Suggested CECT ABDOMEN for further evaluation.


DR AKSHATHA R BHAT
MDRD DNB FRCR

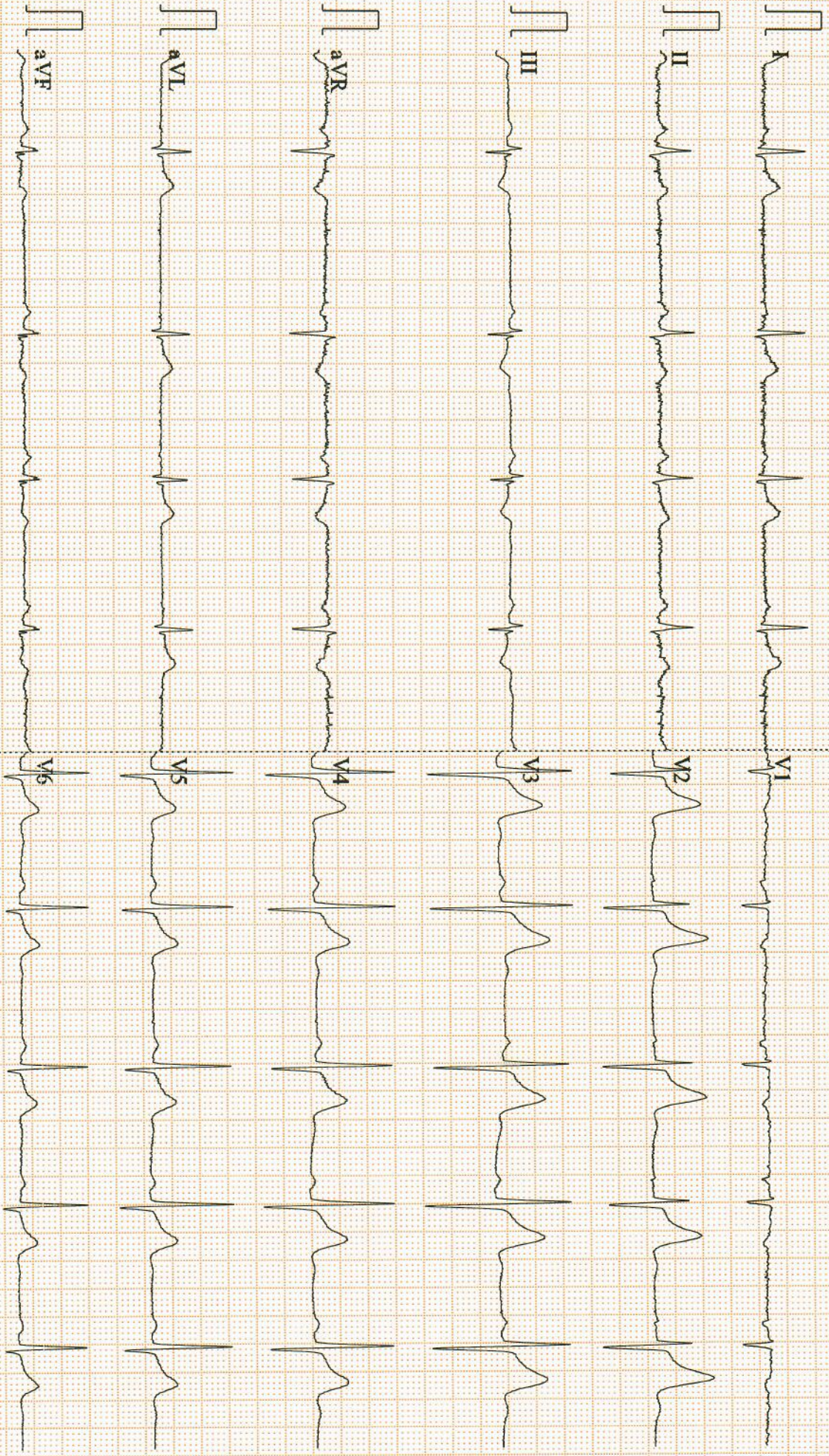


MR INDRA ASEM
Male 38Years

HR	: 58	bpm
P	: 114	ms
PR	: 179	ms
QRS	: 87	ms
QT/QTc	: 396/389	ms
P/QRS/T	: 68/25/-10	°
RV5/SV1	: 1.383/0.433	mV

Diagnosis Information:
 Sinus Bradycardia with Sinus Arrhythmia
 Biphasic T Wave(aVF)
 Left Atrial Enlargement

Report Confirmed by:



NAME : MR.INDRA ASEM	DATE :08/08/2023
AGE/SEX : 38 YEARS/MALE	REG NO: 0025
REF BY :APOLO CLINIC	

CHEST PA VIEW

Lung fields are clear.

Cardiovascular shadows are within normal limits.

Both CP angles are free.

Domes of diaphragm and bony thoracic cage are normal.

IMPRESSION: NORMAL CHEST RADIOGRAPH.



**DR.RAM PRAKASH G MDRD
CONSULTANT RADIOLOGIST**

Your suggestion / feedback is a valuable input for improving our services

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Name : MR. INDRA ASEM
Age / Gender : 38 Years / Male
Ref. By Dr. : Dr. APOLO CLINIC
Reg. No. : 0808230025
C/o : Apollo Clinic

UHID : 0808230025

 0808230025

Bill Date : 08-Aug-2023 09:22 AM
Sample Col. Date : 08-Aug-2023 09:22 AM
Result Date : 08-Aug-2023 02:26 PM
Report Status : Final

Test Name	Result	Unit	Reference Value	Method
Complete Haemogram-Whole Blood EDTA				
Haemoglobin (HB)	14.5	g/dL	Male:14.0-17.0	Spectrophotometer
Red Blood Cell (RBC)	6.24	million/cumm	3.50 - 5.50	Volumetric Impedance
Packed Cell Volume (PCV)	44.4	%	Male: 42.0-51.0	Electronic Pulse
Mean corpuscular volume (MCV)	71.2	fL	78.0- 94.0	Calculated
Mean corpuscular hemoglobin (MCH)	23.2	pg	27.50-32.20	Calculated
Mean corpuscular hemoglobin concentration (MCHC)	32.6	%	33.00-35.50	Calculated
Red Blood Cell Distribution Width SD (RDW-SD)	35.0	fL	40.0-55.0	Volumetric Impedance
Red Blood Cell Distribution CV (RDW-CV)	15.9	%	Male: 11.80-14.50	Volumetric Impedance
Mean Platelet Volume (MPV)	11.0	fL	8.0-15.0	Volumetric Impedance
Platelet	2.1	lakh/cumm	1.50-4.50	Volumetric Impedance
Platelet Distribution Width (PDW)	27.8	%	8.30 - 56.60	Volumetric Impedance
White Blood cell Count (WBC)	8340.0	cells/cumm	Male: 4000.0-11000.0	Volumetric Impedance
Neutrophils	58.0	%	40.0-75.0	Light scattering/Manual
Lymphocytes	28.0	%	20.0-40.0	Light scattering/Manual
Eosinophils	7.0	%	0.0-6.0	Light scattering/Manual
Monocytes	6.0	%	0.0-8.0	Light scattering/Manual
Basophils	1.0	%	0.0-1.0	Light scattering/Manual
Absolute Neutrophil Count	4.84	10 ³ /uL	2.0- 7.0	Calculated

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Test Name	Result	Unit	Reference Value	Method
Absolute Lymphocyte Count	2.33	10 ³ /uL	1.0-3.0	Calculated
Absolute Monocyte Count	0.52	10 ³ /uL	0.20-1.00	Calculated
Absolute Eosinophil Count	570	cells/cumm	40-440	Calculated
Absolute Basophil Count	0.06	10 ³ /uL	0.0-0.10	Calculated
Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR)	05	mm/hr	Male: 0.0-10.0	Westergren

Peripheral Smear Examination-Whole Blood EDTA

Method: (Microscopy-Manual)

RBC'S : Normocytic Normochromic.
WBC'S : Are normal in total number. Mild raise in eosinophils is noted.
Platelets : Adequate in number and normal in morphology.
No abnormal cells or hemoparasites are present.
Impression : Normocytic Normochromic Blood picture.with mild Eosinophilia



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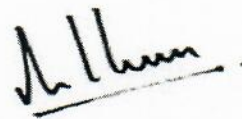
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Test Name	Result	Unit	Reference Value	Method
RFT (Urea, Creatinine, BUN, Na+, K+, Cl-, RBS Uric acid,HB)				
RFT (Renal Function Test)- Serum				
Urea-Serum	23.10	mg/dL	Male: 06 - 40	Urease
Creatinine-Serum	0.85	mg/dL	Male: 0.6 - 1.5	Modified kinetic Jaffe
Blood Urea Nitrogen (BUN)-Serum	10.8	mg/dL	Male: 6 - 20	:GLDH,Kinetic Assay
Sodium (Na+)-Serum	140.3	mmol/L	Male: 135 - 145	ISE-Direct
Potassium (K+)-Serum	4.13	mmol/L	Male: 3.5 - 5.5	ISE-Direct
Chloride (Cl-)-Serum	101.10	mmol/L	94.0 - 110.0	ISE-Direct
Uric Acid-Serum	5.24	mg/dL	Male: 3.50 - 7.20	Uricase PAP



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Test Name	Result	Unit	Reference Value	Method
Lipid Profile-Serum				
Cholesterol Total-Serum	170.00	mg/dL	0.0-200	Cholesterol Oxidase/Peroxidase
Triglycerides-Serum	108.00	mg/dL	0.0-150	Lipase/Glycerol Dehydrogenase
High-density lipoprotein (HDL) Cholesterol-Serum	42.00	mg/dL	40.0-60.0	Accelerator/Selective Detergent
Non-HDL cholesterol-Serum	128	mg/dL	0.0-130	Calculated
Low-density lipoprotein (LDL) Cholesterol-Serum	100.00	mg/dL	0.0-100.0	Cholesterol esterase and cholesterol oxidase
Very-low-density lipoprotein (VLDL) cholesterol-Serum	22	mg/dL	0.0-40	Calculated
Cholesterol/HDL Ratio-Serum	4.05	Ratio	0.0-5.0	Calculated

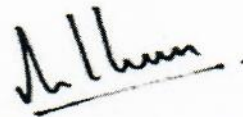
Interpretation:

Parameter	Desirable	Borderline High	High	Very High
Total Cholesterol	<200	200-239	>240	
Triglycerides	<150	150-199	200-499	>500
Non-HDL cholesterol	<130	160-189	190-219	>220
Low-density lipoprotein (LDL) Cholesterol	<100	100-129	160-189	>190

Comments: As per Lipid Association of India (LAI), for routine screening, overnight fasting preferred but not mandatory. Indians are at very high risk of developing Atherosclerotic Cardiovascular (ASCVD). Among the various risk factors for ASCVD such as dyslipidemia, Diabetes Mellitus, sedentary lifestyle, Hypertension, smoking etc., dyslipidemia has the highest population attributable risk for MI both because of direct association with disease pathogenesis and very high prevalence in Indian population. Hence monitoring lipid profile regularly for effective management of dyslipidemia remains one of the most important healthcare targets for prevention of ASCVD. In addition, estimation of ASCVD risk is an essential, initial step in the management of individuals requiring primary prevention of ASCVD. In the context of lipid management, such a risk estimate forms the basis for several key therapeutic decisions, such as the need for and aggressiveness of statin therapy.



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Test Name	Result	Unit	Reference Value	Method
Fasting Blood Sugar (FBS)- Plasma	77	mg/dL	60.0-110.0	Hexo Kinase

Comments: Glucose, also called dextrose, one of a group of carbohydrates known as simple sugars (monosaccharides). Glucose has the molecular formula $C_6H_{12}O_6$. It is found in fruits and honey and is the major free sugar circulating in the blood of higher animals. It is the source of energy in cell function, and the regulation of its metabolism is of great importance (fermentation; gluconeogenesis). Molecules of starch, the major energy-reserve carbohydrate of plants, consist of thousands of linear glucose units. Another major compound composed of glucose is cellulose, which is also linear. Dextrose is the molecule D-glucose. Blood sugar, or glucose, is the main sugar found in the blood. It comes from the food you eat, and it is body's main source of energy. The blood carries glucose to all of the body's cells to use for energy. Diabetes is a disease in which your blood sugar levels are too high. Usage: Glucose determinations are useful in the detection and management of Diabetes mellitus.

Note: Additional tests available for Diabetic control are Glycated Hemoglobin (HbA1c), Fructosamine & Microalbumin urine

Comments: Conditions which can lead to lower postprandial glucose levels as compared to fasting glucose are excessive insulin release, rapid gastric emptying & brisk glucose absorption.

Probable causes : Early Type II Diabetes / Glucose intolerance, Drugs like Salicylates, Beta blockers, Pentamidine etc., Alcohol ,Dietary – Intake of excessive carbohydrates and foods with high glycemic index ? Exercise in between samples ? Family history of Diabetes, Idiopathic, Partial / Total Gastrectomy.

Post prandial Blood Glucose (PPBS)-Plasma	104	mg/dL	80.0-150.0	Hexo Kinase
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Comments: Glucose, also called dextrose, one of a group of carbohydrates known as simple sugars (monosaccharides). Glucose has the molecular formula $C_6H_{12}O_6$. It is found in fruits and honey and is the major free sugar circulating in the blood of higher animals. It is the source of energy in cell function, and the regulation of its metabolism is of great importance (fermentation; gluconeogenesis). Molecules of starch, the major energy-reserve carbohydrate of plants, consist of thousands of linear glucose units. Another major compound composed of glucose is cellulose, which is also linear. Dextrose is the molecule D-glucose. Blood sugar, or glucose, is the main sugar found in the blood. It comes from the food you eat, and it is body's main source of energy. The blood carries glucose to all of the body's cells to use for energy. Diabetes is a disease in which your blood sugar levels are too high. Usage: Glucose determinations are useful in the detection and management of Diabetes mellitus.

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Test Name	Result	Unit	Reference Value	Method
Post Prandial Urine Sugar	Negative		Negative	Dipstick/Benedicts(Man
Fasting Urine Glucose-Urine	Negative		Negative	Dipstick/Benedicts (Manual)



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Test Name	Result	Unit	Reference Value	Method
Blood Group & Rh Typing-Whole Blood EDTA				
Blood Group	O			Slide/Tube agglutination
Rh Type	Positive			Slide/Tube agglutination

Note: Confirm by tube or gel method.

Comments: ABO blood group system, the classification of human blood based on the inherited properties of red blood cells (erythrocytes) as determined by the presence or absence of the antigens A and B, which are carried on the surface of the red cells. Persons may thus have type A, type B, type O, or type AB blood.

Gamma-Glutamyl Transferase (GGT)-Serum	37.00	U/L	Male: 15.0-85.0	Other g-Glut-3-carboxy-4 nitro
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Comments: Gamma-glutamyltransferase (GGT) is primarily present in kidney, liver, and pancreatic cells. Small amounts are present in other tissues. Even though renal tissue has the highest level of GGT, the enzyme present in the serum appears to originate primarily from the hepatobiliary system, and GGT activity is elevated in any and all forms of liver disease. It is highest in cases of intra- or posthepatic biliary obstruction, reaching levels some 5 to 30 times normal. GGT is more sensitive than alkaline phosphatase (ALP), leucine aminopeptidase, aspartate transaminase, and alanine aminotransferase in detecting obstructive jaundice, cholangitis, and cholecystitis; its rise occurs earlier than with these other enzymes and persists longer. Only modest elevations (2-5 times normal) occur in infectious hepatitis, and in this condition, GGT determinations are less useful diagnostically than are measurements of the transaminases. High elevations of GGT are also observed in patients with either primary or secondary (metastatic) neoplasms. Elevated levels of GGT are noted not only in the sera of patients with alcoholic cirrhosis but also in the majority of sera from persons who are heavy drinkers. Studies have emphasized the value of serum GGT levels in detecting alcohol-induced liver disease. Elevated serum values are also seen in patients receiving drugs such as phenytoin and phenobarbital, and this is thought to reflect induction of new enzyme activity.



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Test Name	Result	Unit	Reference Value	Method
Glycosylated Haemoglobin (HbA1c)-Whole Blood EDTA				
Glycosylated Haemoglobin (HbA1c)	4.70	%	Non diabetic adults : <5.7 At risk (Prediabetes) : 5.7 - 6.4 Diagnosing Diabetes : >= 6.5 Diabetes Excellent Control : 6-7 Fair to good Control : 7-8 Unsatisfactory Control : 8-10 Poor Control : >10	HPLC
Estimated Average Glucose(eAG)	88.18	mg/dL		Calculated

Note: 1. Since HbA1c reflects long term fluctuations in the blood glucose concentration, a diabetic patient who is recently under good control may still have a high concentration of HbA1c. Converse is true for a diabetic previously under good control but now poorly controlled.

2. Target goals of < 7.0 % may be beneficial in patients with short duration of diabetes, long life expectancy and no significant cardiovascular disease. In patients with significant complications of diabetes, limited life expectancy or extensive co-morbid conditions, targeting a goal of < 7.0 % may not be appropriate.

Comments: HbA1c provides an index of average blood glucose levels over the past 8 - 12 weeks and is a much better indicator of long term glycemc control as compared to blood and urinary glucose determinations.



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Test Name	Result	Unit	Reference Value	Method
LFT-Liver Function Test -Serum				
Bilirubin Total-Serum	1.33	mg/dL	0.2-1.0	Caffeine Benzoate
Bilirubin Direct-Serum	0.24	mg/dL	0.0-0.2	Diazotised Sulphanilic Acid
Bilirubin Indirect-Serum	1.09	mg/dL	0.0-1.10	Direct Measure
Aspartate Aminotransferase (AST/SGOT)-Serum	24.00	U/L	15.0-37.0	UV with Pyridoxal - 5 - Phosphate
Alanine Aminotransferase (ALT/SGPT)-Serum	33.00	U/L	16.0-63.0	UV with Pyridoxal - 5 - Phosphate
Alkaline Phosphatase (ALP)- Serum	91.00	U/L	45.0-117.0	PNPP,AMP- Buffer
Protein, Total-Serum	7.11	g/dL	6.40-8.20	Biuret/Endpoint- With Blank
Albumin-Serum	4.24	g/dL	3.40-5.00	Bromocresol Purple
Globulin-Serum	2.87	g/dL	2.0-3.50	Calculated
Albumin/Globulin Ratio-Serum	1.48	Ratio	0.80-1.20	Calculated



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Dr. Nithun Reddy C,MD,Consultant Pathologist

SCAN FOR LOCATION



Tejas Arcade, #9/1, 1st Main Road, Dr. Rajkumar Road, Rajaji Nagar, Opp. St. Theresa Hospital, Bangalore - 10

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Name : MR. INDRA ASEM
Age / Gender : 38 Years / Male
Ref. By Dr. : Dr. APOLO CLINIC
Reg. No. : 0808230025
C/o : Apollo Clinic
UHID : 0808230025

Bill Date : 08-Aug-2023 09:22 AM
Sample Col. Date : 08-Aug-2023 09:22 AM
Result Date : 08-Aug-2023 02:26 PM
Report Status : Final

Test Name	Result	Unit	Reference Value	Method
Thyroid function tests (TFT)-Serum				
Tri-Iodo Thyronine (T3)-Serum	1.21	ng/mL	0.60-1.81	Chemiluminescence Immunoassay (CLIA)
Thyroxine (T4)-Serum	8.0	µg/dL	5.50-12.10	Chemiluminescence Immunoassay (CLIA)
Thyroid Stimulating Hormone (TSH)-Serum	1.73	µIU/mL	0.35-5.50	Chemiluminescence Immunoassay (CLIA)

Comments: Triiodothyronine (T3) assay is a useful test for hyperthyroidism in patients with low TSH and normal T4 levels. It is also used for the diagnosis of T3 toxicosis. It is not a reliable marker for Hypothyroidism. This test is not recommended for general screening of the population without a clinical suspicion of hyperthyroidism.

Reference range: Cord: (37 Weeks): 0.5-1.41, Children: 1-3 Days: 1.0-7.40, 1-11 Months: 1.05-2.45, 1-5 Years: 1.05-2.69, 6-10 Years: 0.94-2.41, 11-15 Years: 0.82-2.13, Adolescents (16-20 Years): 0.80-2.10

Reference range: Adults: 20-50 Years: 0.70-2.04, 50-90 Years: 0.40-1.81, Reference range in Pregnancy: First Trimester : 0.81-1.90, Second Trimester : 1.0-2.60

Increased Levels: Pregnancy, Graves disease, T3 thyrotoxicosis, TSH dependent Hyperthyroidism, increased Thyroid-binding globulin (TBG).
Decreased Levels: Nonthyroidal illness, hypothyroidism, nutritional deficiency, systemic illness, decreased Thyroid-binding globulin (TBG).

Comments: Total T4 levels offer a good index of thyroid function when TBG is normal and non-thyroidal illness is not present. This assay is useful for monitoring treatment with synthetic hormones (synthetic T3 will cause low total T4). It also helps to monitor treatment of Hyperthyroidism with Thiouracil or other anti-thyroid drugs.

Reference Range: Males : 4.6-10.5, Females : 5.5-11.0, > 60 Years: 5.0-10.70, Cord : 7.40-13.10, Children: 1-3 Days : 11.80-22.60, 1-2 Weeks : 9.90-16.60, 1-4 Months: 7.20-14.40, 1-5 Years : 7.30-15.0, 5-10 Years: 6.4-13.3

1-15 Years: 5.60-11.70, Newborn Screen: 1-5 Days: >7.5, 6 Days : >6.5
Increased Levels: Hyperthyroidism, increased TBG, familial dysalbuminemic hyperthyroxinemia, Increased transthyretin, estrogen therapy, pregnancy.
Decreased Levels: Primary hypothyroidism, pituitary TSH deficiency, hypothalamic TRH deficiency, non thyroidal illness, decreased TBG.


Comments: TSH is a glycoprotein hormone secreted by the anterior pituitary. TSH is a labile hormone & is secreted in a pulsatile manner throughout the day and is subject to several non-thyroidal pituitary influences. Significant variations in TSH can occur with circadian rhythm, hormonal status, stress, sleep deprivation, caloric intake, medication & circulating antibodies. It is important to confirm any TSH abnormality in a fresh specimen drawn after ~ 3 weeks before assigning a diagnosis, as the cause of an isolated TSH abnormality.

Reference range in Pregnancy: I- trimester: 0.1-2.5; II- trimester: 0.2-3.0; III- trimester: 0.3-3.0

Reference range in Newborns: 0-4 days: 1.0-39.0; 2-20 Weeks: 1.7-9.1
Increased Levels: Primary hypothyroidism, Subclinical hypothyroidism, TSH dependent Hyperthyroidism and Thyroid hormone resistance.
Decreased Levels: Graves disease, Autonomous thyroid hormone secretion, TSH deficiency.



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Test Name	Result	Unit	Reference Value	Method
Urine Routine Examination-Urine				
Physical Examination				
Colour	Pale Yellow		Pale Yellow	
Appearance	Clear		Clear	Visual
Reaction (pH)	5.5		5.0 - 7.5	Visual
Specific Gravity	1.025		1.000 - 1.030	Dipstick
Biochemical Examination				
Albumin	Negative		Negative	
Glucose	Negative		Negative	Dipstick/Precipitation
Bilirubin	Negative		Negative	Dipstick/Benedicts
Ketone Bodies	Negative		Negative	Dipstick/Fouchets
Urobilinogen	Normal		Normal	Dipstick/Rotheras
Nitrite	Negative		Negative	Dipstick/Ehrlichs
Microscopic Examination				
Pus Cells	2-4	hpf	0.0 - 5.0	Dipstick
Epithelial Cells	1-2	hpf	0.0 - 10.0	Microscopy
RBCs	Absent	hpf	Absent	Microscopy
Casts	Absent		Absent	Microscopy
Crystals	Absent		Absent	Microscopy
Others	Absent		Absent	Microscopy

Comments: The kidneys help infiltration of the blood by eliminating waste out of the body through urine. They also regulate water in the body by conserving electrolytes, proteins, and other compounds. But due to some conditions and abnormalities in kidney function, the urine may encompass some abnormal constituents, which are not normally present. A complete urine examination helps in detecting such abnormal constituents in urine. Several disorders can be detected by identifying and measuring the levels of such substances. Blood cells, bilirubin, bacteria, pus cells, epithelial cells may be present in urine due to kidney disease or infection. Routine urine examination helps to diagnose kidney diseases, urinary tract infections, diabetes and other metabolic disorders.



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