

: F







Lab No.: GAR/11-03-2023/SR7392620Lab Add.: Newtown, Kolkata-700156Patient Name: MADHABI ADHIKARIRef Dr.: Dr.MEDICAL OFFICERAge: 28 Y 11 M 22 DCollection Date: 11/Mar/2023 10:12AM

Report Date : 11/Mar/2023 05:09PM

Test Name Result Unit Bio Ref. Interval Method



PDF Attached

Gender

GLYCATED HAEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

GLYCATED HEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C) 5.4 %

REFERENCE INTERVAL DETAILS , PLEASE REFER TO THE BELOW MENTIONED REMARKS/NOTE WITH ADDITIONAL CLINICAL INFORMATION ***

***FOR BIOLOGICAL

HbA1c (IFCC) 35.0 mmol/mol HPLC

Clinical Information and Laboratory clinical interpretation on Biological Reference Interval:

Low risk / Normal / non-diabetic : <5.7% (NGSP) / < 39 mmol/mol (IFCC) Pre-diabetes/High risk of Diabetes : 5.7%- 6.4% (NGSP) / 39 - < 48 mmol/mol (IFCC) Diabetics-HbA1c level : >/=6.5% (NGSP) / > 48 mmol/mol (IFCC)

Analyzer used: Bio-Rad-VARIANT TURBO 2.0

Method: HPLC Cation Exchange

Recommendations for glycemic targets

- Ø Patients should use self-monitoring of blood glucose (SMBG) and HbA1c levels to assess glycemic control.
- Ø The timing and frequency of SMBG should be tailored based on patients' individual treatment, needs, and goals.
- Ø Patients should undergo HbA1c testing at least twice a year if they are meeting treatment goals and have stable glycemic control.
- Ø If a patient changes treatment plans or does not meet his or her glycemic goals, HbA1c testing should be done quarterly.
- \varnothing For most adults who are not pregnant, HbA1c levels should be <7% to help reduce microvascular complications and macrovascular disease . Action suggested >8% as it indicates poor control.
- Ø Some patients may benefit from HbA1c goals that are stringent.

Result alterations in the estimation has been established in many circumstances, such as after acute/ chronic blood loss, for example, after surgery, blood transfusions, hemolytic anemia, or high erythrocyte turnover; vitamin B_{12} / folate deficiency, presence of chronic renal or liver disease; after administration of high-dose vitamin E / C; or erythropoietin treatment.

Reference: Glycated hemoglobin monitoring BMJ 2006; 333;586-8

References:

1. Chamberlain JJ, Rhinehart AS, Shaefer CF, et al. Diagnosis and management of diabetes: synopsis of the 2016 American Diabetes Association Standards of Medical Care in Diabetes. Ann Intern Med. Published online 1 March 2016. doi:10.7326/M15-3016.

2. Mosca A, Goodall I, Hoshino T, Jeppsson JO, John WG, Little RR, Miedema K, Myers GL, Reinauer H, Sacks DB, Weykamp CW. International Federation of Clinical Chemistry and Laboratory Medicine, IFCC Scientific Division. Global standardization of glycated hemoglobin measurement: the position of the IFCC Working Group. Clin Chem Lab Med. 2007;45(8):1077-1080.

Dr NEEPA CHOWDHURY MBBS MD (Biochemistry) Consultant Biochemist

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PHOSPHORUS-INORGANIO	C, BLOOD , GEL SERUM			
PHOSPHORUS-INORGANIC	,BLOOD 3.1	mg/dL	2.4-5.1 mg/dL	Phosphomolybdate/UV
SODIUM, BLOOD , GEL SEF	RUM			
SODIUM,BLOOD	139.00	mEq/L	132 - 146 mEq/L	ISE INDIRECT
GLUCOSE, FASTING, BLOC	DD, NAF PLASMA			
GLUCOSE,FASTING	80	mg/dL	Impaired Fasting-100-125 .~Diabetes- >= 126.~Fasting defined as no caloric intake least 8 hours.	

In the absence of unequivocal hyperglycemia, diagnosis requires two abnormal test results from the same sample or in two separate test samples.

Reference

ADA Standards of Medical Care in Diabetes - 2020, Diabetes Care Volume 43, Supplement 1.

*CHLORIDE, BLOOD, .

CHLORIDE, BLOOD 106.00 mEq/L 99-109 mEq/L ISE INDIRECT POTASSIUM, BLOOD, GEL SERUM POTASSIUM, BLOOD mEq/L 3.5-5.5 mEq/L ISE INDIRECT 4.10 THYROID PANEL (T3, T4, TSH), GEL SERUM CLIA T3-TOTAL (TRI IODOTHYRONINE) ng/ml 0.60-1.81 ng/ml μg/dL CLIA 3.2-12.6 µg/dL T4-TOTAL (THYROXINE) 0.55-4.78 µIU/mL TSH (THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE) 1.73 μIU/mL CLIA

Serum TSH levels exhibit a diurnal variation with the peak occurring during the night and the nadir, which approximates to 50% of the peak value, occurring between 1000 and 1600 hours.[1,2]

References:

- 1. Bugalho MJ, Domingues RS, Pinto AC, Garrao A, Catarino AL, Ferreira T, Limbert E and Sobrinho L. Detection of thyroglobulin mRNA transcripts in peripheral blood of *individuals with and without thyroid glands: evidence for thyroglobulin expression by blood cells. Eur J Endocrinol* 2001;145:409-13.
- 2. Bellantone R, Lombardi CP, Bossola M, Ferrante A,Princi P, Boscherini M et al. Validity of thyroglobulin mRNA assay in peripheral blood of postoperative thyroid carcinoma patients in predicting tumor recurrence varies according to the histologic type: results of a prospective study. Cancer 2001;92:2273-9.

BIOLOGICAL REFERENCE INTERVAL: [ONLY FOR PREGNANT MOTHERS]

Trimester specific TSH LEVELS during pregnancy:

FIRST TRIMESTER: $0.10-3.00~\mu$ IU/mL SECOND TRIMESTER: 0.20 -3.50 μ IU/mL THIRD TRIMESTER : 0.30 -3.50 μ IU/mL

References:

- 1. Erik K. Alexander, Elizabeth N. Pearce, Gregory A. Brent, Rosalind S. Brown, Herbert Chen, Chrysoula Dosiou, William A. Grobman, Peter Laurberg, John H. Lazarus, Susan J. Mandel, Robin P. Peeters, and Scott Sullivan. Thyroid. Mar 2017.315-389. http://doi.org/10.1089/thy.2016.0457
- 2. Kalra S, Agarwal S, Aggarwal R, Ranabir S. Trimester-specific thyroid-stimulating hormone: An indian perspective.

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Lab No. : SR7392620 Name : MADHABI ADHIKARI Age/G : 28 Y 11 M 22 D / F Date : 11-03-2023

Indian J Endocr Metab 2018;22:1-4.

Dr NEEPA CHOWDHURY MBBS MD (Biochemistry) Consultant Biochemist









Consultant Biochemist

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Lab No. : SR7392620	Name: MADHABI ADHIKARI		Age/G: 28 Y 11 M 22 D / F	Date: 11-03-2023
UREA,BLOOD , GEL SERUM	17.1	mg/dL	19-49 mg/dL	Urease with GLDH
URIC ACID, BLOOD, GELS	SERUM			
URIC ACID,BLOOD	4.10	mg/dL	2.6-6.0 mg/dL	Uricase/Peroxidase
CREATININE, BLOOD	0.41	mg/dL	0.5-1.1 mg/dL	Jaffe, alkaline picrate, kinetic
CALCIUM, BLOOD				
CALCIUM,BLOOD	9.30	mg/dL	8.7-10.4 mg/dL	Arsenazo III
TOTAL PROTEIN [BLOOD]	ALB:GLO RATIO,			
TOTAL PROTEIN	7.70	g/dL	5.7-8.2 g/dL	BIURET METHOD
ALBUMIN	4.7	g/dL	3.2-4.8 g/dL	BCG Dye Binding
GLOBULIN	3.00	g/dl	1.8-3.2 g/dl	Calculated
AG Ratio	1.57		1.0 - 2.5	Calculated
				Ammh.
				Dr. SUPARBA CHAKRABARTI MBBS, MD(BIOCHEMISTRY)









Lab No.: SR7392620 Name: MADHABI ADHIKARI Age/G: 28 Y 11 M 22 D / F Date: 11-03-2023

URINE ROUTINE ALL, ALL, URINE

PHYSI CAL EXAMINATION

COLOUR PALE YELLOW
APPEARANCE SLIGHTLY HAZY

CHEMI CAL EXAMINATION

pH	6.5	4.6 - 8.0	Dipstick (triple indicator method)
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.015	1.005 - 1.030	Dipstick (ion concentration method)
PROTEIN	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	Dipstick (protein error of pH indicators)/Manual
GLUCOSE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	Dipstick(glucose-oxidase-peroxidase method)/Manual
KETONES (ACETOACETIC ACID, ACETONE)	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	Dipstick (Legals test)/Manual
BLOOD	PRESENT(+)	NOT DETECTED	Dipstick (pseudoperoxidase reaction)
BILIRUBIN	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	Dipstick (azo-diazo reaction)/Manual
UROBILINOGEN	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	Dipstick (diazonium ion reaction)/Manual
NITRITE	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	Dipstick (Griess test)
LEUCOCYTE ESTERASE	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE	Dipstick (ester hydrolysis reaction)
MI CROSCOPI C EXAMI NATI ON			

LEUKOCYTES (PUS CELLS)	0-1	/hpf	0-5	Microscopy
EPITHELIAL CELLS	4-6	/hpf	0-5	Microscopy
RED BLOOD CELLS	2-3	/hpf	0-2	Microscopy
CAST	NOT DETECTED		NOT DETECTED	Microscopy
CRYSTALS	NOT DETECTED		NOT DETECTED	Microscopy
BACTERIA	NOT DETECTED		NOT DETECTED	Microscopy
YEAST	NOT DETECTED		NOT DETECTED	Microscopy

Note

- 1. All urine samples are checked for adequacy and suitability before examination.
- 2. Analysis by urine analyzer of dipstick is based on reflectance photometry principle. Abnormal results of chemical examinations are confirmed by manual methods.
- 3. The first voided morning clean-catch midstream urine sample is the specimen of choice for chemical and microscopic analysis.
- 4. Negative nitrite test does not exclude urinary tract infections.
- 5. Trace proteinuria can be seen in many physiological conditions like exercise, pregnancy, prolonged recumbency etc.
- 6. False positive results for glucose, protein, nitrite, urobilinogen, bilirubin can occur due to use of certain drugs, therapeutic dyes, ascorbic acid, cleaning agents used in urine collection container.
- 7. Discrepancy between results of leukocyte esterase and blood obtained by chemical methods with corresponding pus cell and red blood cell count by microscopy can occur due to cell lysis.
- 8. Contamination from perineum and vaginal discharge should be avoided during collection, which may falsely elevate epithelial cell count and show presence of bacteria and/or yeast in the urine.

ESR (ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

1stHour	33	mm/hr	0.00 - 20.00 mm/hr	Westergren			
CBC WITH PLATELET (THROMBOCYTE) COUNT, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD							
HEMOGLOBIN	12.1	g/dL	12 - 15	PHOTOMETRIC			
WBC	8.6	*10^3/µL	4 - 10	DC detection method			
RBC	4.14	*10^6/µL	3.8 - 4.8	DC detection method			
PLATELET (THROMBOCYTE) COUNT	177	*10^3/µL	150 - 450*10^3/μL	DC detection method/Microscopy			
DI FFERENTI AL COUNT							
NEUTROPHILS	57	%	40 - 80 %	Flowcytometry/Microscopy			
LYMPHOCYTES	34	%	20 - 40 %	Flowcytometry/Microscopy			
MONOCYTES	07	%	2 - 10 %	Flowcytometry/Microscopy			
EOSINOPHILS	02 Lab No. :	% GAR/11-03-2023/SR	1 - 6 % 7392620	Flowcytometry/Microscopy Page 5 of 9			









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BASOPHILS	00	%	0-0.9%	Flowcytometry/Microscopy
CBC SUBGROUP				
HEMATOCRIT / PCV	36.4	%	36 - 46 %	Calculated
MCV	88.0	fl	83 - 101 fl	Calculated
MCH	29.2	pg	27 - 32 pg	Calculated
MCHC	33.2	gm/dl	31.5-34.5 gm/dl	Calculated
RDW - RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDT	H 14.9	%	11.6-14%	Calculated
PDW-PLATELET DISTRIBUTION WIDTH	d 35.1	fL	8.3 - 25 fL	Calculated
MPV-MEAN PLATELET VOLUME	14.3		7.5 - 11.5 fl	Calculated
BLOOD GROUP ABO+RH [GEL METHO	D], EDTA WHOLE BLO	OD		
ABO	0			Gel Card
RH	POSITIVE			Gel Card

TECHNOLOGY USED: GEL METHOD

ADVANTAGES:

- · Gel card allows simultaneous forward and reverse grouping.
- Card is scanned and record is preserved for future reference.
- Allows identification of Bombay blood group.
- Daily quality controls are run allowing accurate monitoring.

Historical records check not performed.

DR. NEHA GUPTA MD, DNB (Pathology) Consultant Pathologist

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Lab No.: SR7392620 Name: MADHABI ADHIKARI Age/G: 28 Y 11 M 22 D / F Date: 12-03-2023

GLUCOSE, PP, BLOOD, NAF PLASMA

GLUCOSE,PP 135 mg/dL Impaired Glucose Tolerance-140 Gluc Oxidase Trinder

to 199.

Diabetes>= 200.

The test should be performed as described by the WHO, using a glucose load containing the equivalent of 75-g anhydrous glucose dissolved in water. In the absence of unequivocal hyperglycemia, diagnosis requires two abnormal test results from the same sample or in two separate test samples.

Reference :

ADA Standards of Medical Care in Diabetes – 2020. Diabetes Care Volume 43, Supplement 1.

PROFIL	

CHOLESTEROL-TOTAL	136.00	mg/dL	Desirable: < 200 mg/dL Borderline high: 200-239 mg/dL High: > or =240 mg/dL	Enzymatic
TRIGLYCERIDES	99.00	mg/dL	Normal:: < 150, BorderlineHigh::150-199, High:: 200-499, VeryHigh::>500	GPO-Trinder
HDL CHOLESTEROL	44.00	mg/dl	< 40 - Low 40-59- Optimum 60 - High	Elimination/catalase
LDL CHOLESTEROL DIRECT	72.0	mg/dL	OPTIMAL: <100 mg/dL, Near optimal/ above optimal: 100-129 mg/dL, Borderline high: 130-159 mg/dL High: 160-189 mg/dL, Very high: >=190 mg/dL	Calculated
VLDL	20	mg/dl	< 40 mg/dl	Calculated
CHOL HDL Ratio	3.1		LOW RISK 3.3-4.4 AVERAGE RISK 4.47-7.1 MODERATE RISK 7.1-11.0 HIGH RISK >11.0	Calculated

Reference: National Cholesterol Education Program. Executive summary of the third report of The National Cholesterol Education Program (NCEP) Expert Panel on detection, evaluation, and treatment of high blood cholesterol in adults (Adult Treatment Panel III). JAMA. May 16 2001;285(19):2486-97.

DR. ANANNYA GHOSH MBBS, MD (Biochemistry) Consultant Biochemist

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Lab No. : GAR/11-03-2023/SR7392620

Patient Name : MADHABI ADHIKARI Ref Dr. : Dr.MEDICAL OFFICER

Age : 28 Y 11 M 22 D Collection Date:

Gender: F **Report Date**: 12/Mar/2023 08:49AM



X-RAY REPORT OF CHEST (PA)

Lab Add.

FINDINGS:

No active lung parenchymal lesion is seen.

Both the hila are normal in size, density and position.

Mediastinum is in central position. Trachea is in midline.

Domes of diaphragm are smoothly outlined. Position is within normal limits.

Lateral costo-phrenic angles are clear.

The cardio-thoracic ratio is normal.

Bony thorax reveals no definite abnormality.

IMPRESSION:

Normal study.

Dr. Anoop Sastry
MBBS, DMRT(CAL)
CONSULTANT RADIOLOGIST
Registration No.: WB-36628

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Patient Name : MADHABI ADHIKARI Ref Dr. : Dr.MEDICAL OFFICER

Age : 28 Y 11 M 22 D Collection Date:

Gender : F **Report Date** : 11/Mar/2023 04:06PM



<u>DEPARTMENT OF CARDIOLOGY</u> <u>REPORT OF E.C.G.</u>

Lab Add.

Clinical Indication	Part of regular study.
Heart Rate	71 beats /min
Rhythm	Regular.
PR	116 ms
QRS	84 ms
QTc	425 ms
Axis	Normal.
P-wave morphology	Normal.
Impression	Regular, narrow complex rhythm of sino-atrial origin, at 71 bpm.

Dr. SOUMIK CHATTERJEE

Consultant Physician (GOLD MEDALIST)
Diagnostic Cardiac & Vascular Imaging
National Excellence Award Honoree

SURAKSHA DIAGNOSTIC,RAJARHAT,KOLKATA BIO-RAD VARIANT-II TURBO CDM5.4. SN-16122

PATIENT REPORT V2TURBO_A1c_2.0

Patient Data Analysis Data

Sample ID: C02135000696 Analysis Performed: 11/MAR/2023 16:15:45

 Patient ID:
 SR7392620
 Injection Number:
 5571U

 Name:
 Run Number:
 131

 Physician:
 Rack ID:
 0003

 Sex:
 Tube Number:
 1

DOB: Report Generated: 11/MAR/2023 16:37:00

Operator ID: ASIT

Comments:

	NGSP		Retention	Peak
Peak Name	%	Area %	Time (min)	Area
A1a		1.4	0.162	27815
A1b		0.9	0.222	17350
F		1.5	0.277	30212
LA1c		1.5	0.405	30792
A1c	5.4		0.511	86307
P3		3.3	0.787	65095
P4		1.2	0.866	24063
Ao		85.8	0.987	1705544

Total Area: 1,987,180

HbA1c (NGSP) = 5.4 % HbA1c (IFCC) = 35 mmol/mol

