LABORATORY REPORT







PATIENT NAME: MRS. MRS.DEEPTHI REDDY MALLELA

PATIENT ID:

FH.12115900

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12115900

ACCESSION NO:

0022VK002705 AGE: 32 Years

SEX: Female

ABHA NO:

DRAWN: 12/11/2022 12:27:00

RECEIVED: 12/11/2022 12:30:52

REPORTED:

12/11/2022 14:17:10

CLIENT NAME : FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD

REFERRING DOCTOR:

CLINICAL INFORMATION:

UID:12115900 REQNO-1319246

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501220PCR056884 BILLNO-1501220PCR056884

Test Report Status

METHOD: HEXOKINASE

Final

Results

Biological Reference Interval

Units

BIO CHEMISTRY

GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA

PPBS(POST PRANDIAL BLOOD SUGAR)

86

70 - 139

mg/dL

Interpretation(s)

Interpretation(s)
GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA-High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glyosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc.Additional test HbA1c

End Of Report

Please visit www.srlworld.com for related Test Information for this accession

Dr.Akta Dubey

Counsultant Pathologist

SRL Ltd HIRANANDANI HOSPITAL-VASHI, MINI SEASHORE ROAD, SECTOR 10, NAVI MUMBAI, 400703 MAHARASHTRA, INDIA

Tel: 022-39199222,022-49723322, CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956

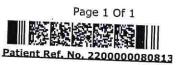
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BMI CHART

Hiranandani Fortis Hospital

Mini Seashore Road, Sector 10 - A, Vashi, Navi Mumbai - 400 703.

Tel.: +91-22-3919 9222 Fax: +91-22-3919 9220/21

Email: vashi@vashihospital.com

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Name:	rs.	06	ept	hi	R	edi	d y					_ Aç	je:	32	yrs			Sex	: M /	F				
BP: 100/6	0	_	Hei	ght (cms	s): L	53	,5	C	~ \^	/eial	nt/ko	1e.\.		<u> </u>	I I		DA		27	2			
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WEIGHT Ibs	100	105	100) 115	5 120	0 125	5 130	135	140	145	150	455	400	400		OTHER DE								
kgs						5 56.8) 155 2 70.5	160 72.7	165 75.0	170	175 79.5	180	185	190	195				
HEIGHT in/cm	-	Und	derwe	ight			Hea		(4)		_	-	erweig			70.0	Obe		00.4	88.6		93.2		
5'0" - 152.4	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	27	20		treme	(Second	
5'1" - 154.9	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	37	38	39	40 38	41	42
5'2" - 157.4	18					22				26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	33	34	35	36	37	39	40 39
5'3" - 160.0	17	-				22					26	27	28	29	30	31	32	32	33	34	35	36	37	38
5'4" - 162.5	17	18	1	-	1	21	1.1				21	26	27	28	29	30	31	31	32	33	34	35	36	37
5'5" - 165.1	16	17	18			20						25	26	27	28	29	30	30	31	32	33	34	35	35
5'6" - 167.6 5'7" - 170.1	16	17	17	18	all second	20	4	1		_	_		25	26	27	28	29	29	30	31	32	33	34	34
5'8" - 172.7	15	16	16	17	18	19								25	26	27	28	29	29	30	31	32	33	33
5'9" - 176.2	14	15	16	17	17				21						25	26	27	28	28	29	30	31	32	32
5'10" - 177.8	14	15	15	16	17	18	-	_	20		_	100	23	0.00	25	25	26	27	28	28	29	30	31	31
5'11" - 180.3	14	14	15	16	16	17	18		19			Acres			23		25	26	27	28	28	29	30	30
6'0" - 182.8	13	14	14	15	16	17	17	18	19						23			25	26	26	28		29	30
6'1" - 185.4	13	13	14	15	15	16	17	17	18	19	19	20	21	21	22	23	23	24	25	25	27			29
6'2" - 187.9	12	13	14	14	15	16	16	17	18	18	19	19	20	21	21	22	23	23	24					28
6'3" - 190.5	12	13	13	14	15	15	16	16	17	18	18	19	20	20	21	21	22	23	23	24	25		- 11	26
6'4" - 193.0	12	12	13	14	14	15	15	16	17	17	18	18	19	20	20	21	22	22	23	23	24		- 11	26
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Doctors Note	s:													25										
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Signature

Hiranandani Healthcare Pvt. Ltd.

Mini Sea Shore Road, Sector 10 -A, Vashi, Navi Mumbai - 400703

Board Line: 022 - 39199222 | Fax: 022 - 39199220 Emergency: 022 - 39199100 | Ambulance: 1255

For Appointment: 022 - 39199222 | Health Checkup: 022 - 39199300

www.fortishealthcare.com |

CIN: U85100MH2005PTC154823

GST IN: 27AABCH5894D1ZG | PAN NO: AABCH5894D





(A LE Fortis Network Hospital)

UHID	12115900	Date	12 /11/2022				
Name	Mrs.Deepthi Reddy	Sex	Female	Sex	32		
OPD	PAP	Healt	lth Check-up				

Drug allergy: Sys illness:

S/B Dr. Hong

110/22 P.212 - Bom FTND

Cx | healy

Clingen forte vaginal
persaies x 6 nignts

Adv E report Hiranandani Healthcare Pvt. Ltd.

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	Mrs.Deepthi Reddy	Sex	Female	Sex	32	
OPD	Opthal 14	Healt	h Check-u	р		

Drug allergy: Sys illness:

Hiranandani Healthcare Pvt. Ltd.

For Appointment: 022 - 39199222 | Health Checkup: 022 - 39199300

www.fortishealthcare.com |

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(A **Fortis** Network Hospital)

UHID	12115900	Date	12 /11/2022		
Name	Mrs.Deepthi Reddy	Sex	Female	Sex	32
OPD	Dental 12	Healt	h Check-u	р	

Drug allergy: Sys illness:

Pain in

Stains +

Treatment

Adv. filling 7

Adr Ret + Cap Ad Old prophler.









PATIENT ID:

FH.12115900

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12115900

ACCESSION NO: 0022VK002645

AGE: 32 Years

SEX: Female

ABHA NO:

. DRAWN: 12/11/2022 09:56:00

RECEIVED: 12/11/2022 09:57:07

REPORTED:

12/11/2022 14:41:28

CLIENT NAME : FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD

REFERRING DOCTOR: SELF

CLINICAL INFORMATION:

UID:12115900 REQNO-1319246

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501220PCR056884 BILLNO-1501220PCR056884

Test Report Status

Final

Biological Reference Interval

Units

SPECIALISED CHEMISTRY - HORMONE

Results

THYROID PANEL, SERUM

T3

123.2

80 - 200

ng/dL

METHOD: ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE, COMPETITIVE IMMUNOASSAY

5.1 - 14.1

µg/dL

METHOD: ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE, COMPETITIVE IMMUNOASSAY

. TSH (ULTRASENSITIVE)

2.830

0.270 - 4.200

µIU/mL

METHOD: ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE, COMPETITIVE IMMUNOASSAY Interpretation(s)

> **End Of Report** Please visit www.srlworld.com for related Test Information for this accession

Dr. Swapnil Sirmukaddam **Consultant Pathologist**

BHOOMI TOWER, 1ST FLOOR, HALL NO.1, PLOT NO.28 SECTOR 4, KHARGHAR NAVI MUMBAI, 410210 MAHARASHTRA, INDIA Tel: 9111591115,

CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956



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CLIENT NAME : FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD

REFERRING DOCTOR: SELF

CLINICAL INFORMATION:

UID:12115900 REQNO-1319246 CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501220PCR056884

BILLNO-1501220PCR056884

	Results	Biological Referen	ce Interval
ě.		J. G. Keiler Ch	ce Interval Units
KIDNEY PANEL - 1			
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM			¥E
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN	6	C DO	
METHOD : UREASE - UV	2"	6 - 20	mg/dL
CREATININE EGFR- EPI			
CREATININE	0.67	0.60	
METHOD: ALKALINE PICRATE KINETIC JAFFES	223.0	0.60 - 1.10	mg/dL
AGE	32		
GLOMERULAR FILTRATION RATE (FEMALE)	119.02		years
BUN/CREAT RATIO	_		mL/min/1.73m
BUN/CREAT RATIO	8.96	F 68	
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	5.50	5.00 - 15.00	
URIC ACID, SERUM			
URIC ACID	3.9	marka na sa	
METHOD : URICASE UV	5. 5	2.6 - 6.0	mg/dL
TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM			
TOTAL PROTEIN	8.3	Web car	
METHOD : BIURET	5.5	High 6.4 - 8.2	· g/dL
ALBUMIN, SERUM			
ALBUMIN	4.5	* * ·	
METHOD : BCP DYE BINDING		3.4 - 5.0	g/dL
GLOBULIN			
GLOBULIN	3.8	ALCONO N	
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	5.0	2.0 - 4.1	g/dL
ELECTROLYTES (NA/K/CL), SERUM			
SODIUM, SERUM	138		
METHOD: ISE INDIRECT	130	136 - 145	mmol/L
POTASSIUM, SERUM	4.29	2.50	
METHOD : ISE INDIRECT		3.50 - 5.10	mmol/L

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION, URINE

COLOR

PALE YELLOW

103

SRL Ltd

HIRANANDANI HOSPITAL-VASHI, MINI SEASHORE ROAD, SECTOR 10,

NAVI MUMBAI, 400703

CHLORIDE, SERUM

METHOD: ISE INDIRECT

Interpretation(s)

MAHARASHTRA, INDIA Tel: 022-39199222,022-49723322, CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956

Email: -



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98 - 107

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mmol/L







AGE:

PATIENT ID: FH.12115900 CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12115900

ACCESSION NO: 0022VK002645

32 Years SEX: Female

ABHA NO:

DRAWN: 12/11/2022 09:56:00

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CLIENT NAME : FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD

REFERRING DOCTOR: SFIF

CLINICAL INFORMATION:

UID:12115900 REONO-1319246

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501220PCR056884 BILLNO-1501220PCR056884

Test Report Status Results **Einal Biological Reference Interval** Units

METHOD: PHYSICAL

· APPEARANCE

CLEAR

METHOD: VISUAL

CHEMICAL EXAMINATION, URINE

PH

7.0

4.7 - 7.5

METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY- DOUBLE INDICATOR METHOD

SPECIFIC GRAVITY

1.010

1.003 - 1.035

METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY (APPARENT PKA CHANGE OF PRETREATED POLYELECTROLYTES IN RELATION TO IONIC CONCENTRATION)

PROTEIN

NOT DETECTED

NOT DETECTED

METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY - PROTEIN-ERROR-OF-INDICATOR PRINCIPLE

NOT DETECTED

NOT DETECTED

METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, DOUBLE SEQUENTIAL ENZYME REACTION-GOD/POD

NOT DETECTED

NOT DETECTED

METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, ROTHERA'S PRINCIPLE

BLOOD

NOT DETECTED

NOT DETECTED

METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, PEROXIDASE LIKE ACTIVITY OF HAEMOGLOBIN

BILIRUBIN

NOT DETECTED

NOT DETECTED

METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, DIAZOTIZATION- COUPLING OF BILIRUBIN WITH DIAZOTIZED SALT

UROBILINOGEN

NORMAL

NORMAL

METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY (MODIFIED EHRLICH REACTION)

NITRITE

NOT DETECTED

NOT DETECTED

METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, CONVERSION OF NITRATE TO NITRITE

LEUKOCYTE ESTERASE

NOT DETECTED

METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, ESTERASE HYDROLYSIS ACTIVITY

MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION, URINE

RED BLOOD CELLS

NOT DETECTED

NOT DETECTED

/HPF

METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

PUS CELL (WBC'S)

0-1

0-5

/HPF

METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

EPITHELIAL CELLS

3-5

0-5

/HPF

METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

CASTS

NOT DETECTED

METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

CRYSTALS

BACTERIA

NOT DETECTED

NOT DETECTED

NOT DETECTED

METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

SRL Ltd

HIRANANDANI HOSPITAL-VASHI, MINI SEASHORE ROAD, SECTOR 10,

NAVI MUMBAI, 400703 MAHARASHTRA, INDIA

Tel: 022-39199222,022-49723322, CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956 Email: -



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LABORATORY REPORT







PATIENT NAME: MRS. MRS. DEEPTHI REDDY MALLELA

PATIENT ID:

FH.12115900

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12115900

ACCESSION NO:

0022VK002645

AGE . 32 Years SEX: Female

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REFERRING DOCTOR: SELF

CLINICAL INFORMATION:

UID:12115900 REQNO-1319246 CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501220PCR056884 BILLNO-1501220PCR056884

Test Report Status

Final

Results

Biological Reference Interval

YEAST

METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

NOT DETECTED

NOT DETECTED

· REMARKS

URINARY MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION DONE ON URINARY CENTRIFUGED SEDIMENT

Interpretation(s)

Interpretation(s)

Interpretation(s)
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM-Causes of Increased levels include Pre renal (High protein diet, Increased protein catabolism, GI haemorrhage, Cortisol, Dehydration, CHF Renal), Renal Failure, Post Renal (Malignancy, Nephrolithiasis, Prostatism)
Causes of decreased level include Liver disease, SIADH.

CREATININE EGFR- EPTGFR— Glomerular filtration rate (GFR) is a measure of the function of the kidneys. The GFR is a calculation based on a serum creatinine test. Creatinine is a muscle waste product that is filtered from the blood. With the creatinine test, a reasonable estimate of the actual GFR can be determined.

A GFR of 60 or higher is in the normal range.

A GFR of 60 or higher is in the normal range.

A GFR of 15 or lower may mean kidney failure.

Estimated GFR (eGFR) is the preferred method for identifying people with chronic kidney disease (CKD). In adults, eGFR calculated using the Modification of Diet in Renal Disease (MDRD) Study equation provides a more clinically useful measure of kidney function than serum creatinine alone.

GFR and serum creatinine equation is based on the same four variables as the MDRD Study equation, but uses a 2-slope spline to model the relationship between estimated especially in patients with higher GFR. This results in reduced misclassification of CKD.

The CKD-EPI creatinine equation has not been validated in children & will only be reported to perform better and with less bias than the MDRD Study equation, The CKD-EPI creatinine equation has not been validated in children & will only be reported for patients = 18 years of age. For pediatric and childrens, Schwartz Pediatric URIC ACTD, SERUM
Causes of Increased levels:-Dietary(High Protein Intake Proteoned Service Position to the protein and height.

Causes of Increased levels:-Dietary(High Protein Intake, Prolonged Fasting, Rapid weight loss), Gout, Lesch nyhan syndrome, Type 2 DM, Metabolic syndrome TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM-

Serum total protein, also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum. Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and

Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstrom's disease Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage), Burns, Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic Straight Century Control of Control

ALBUMIN, SERUM-Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance, malnutrition and wasting etc.

HIRANANDANI HOSPITAL-VASHI, MINI SEASHORE ROAD, SECTOR 10,

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ACCESSION NO: 0022VK002645 AGE: 32 Years

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CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501220PCR056884 BILLNO-1501220PCR056884

Test Report Status	Final	(Produced Basis)	문화 목 생건
- Toport Status	TIII	Results	Biological Reference Interval

	EDVILLOCATE CEDIMENTAL TO THE SECOND	HAEMATOLOGY		
1	ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR), WHOLE BLOOD E.S.R METHOD: WESTERGREN METHOD	06	0 - 20	mm at 1 hr
	CBC-5, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD			
	BLOOD COUNTS, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD	*		
	HEMOGLOBIN (HB) METHOD: SPECTROPHOTOMETRY	13.1	12.0 - 15.0	g/dL
	RED BLOOD CELL (RBC) COUNT METHOD: ELECTRICAL IMPEDANCE	4.40	3.8 - 4.8	mil/µL
	WHITE BLOOD CELL (WBC) COUNT METHOD: DOUBLE HYDRODYNAMIC SEQUENTIAL SYSTEM(DHSS)CY	7.44	4.0 - 10.0	thou/μL
	PLATELET COUNT METHOD: ELECTRICAL IMPEDANCE	392	150 - 410	thou/µL
	RBC AND PLATELET INDICES			
	HEMATOCRIT (PCV) METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	37.6	36 - 46	%
	MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOLUME (MCV) METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	85.4	83 - 101	fL
7	MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN (MCH) METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	29.8	27.0 - 32.0	pg
	MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN CONCENTRATION(MCHC) METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	34.9 Hig	h 31.5 - 34.5	g/dL
	RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW) METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	12.5	11.6 - 14.0	%
	MENTZER INDEX	19.4		
	MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV) METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	9.2	6.8 - 10.9	fL
	WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT			
	NEUTROPHILS METHOD: FLOW CYTOMETRY	58	40 - 80	%
	LYMPHOCYTES METHOD: FLOW CYTOMETRY	31	20 - 40	%

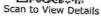
SRL Ltd

HIRANANDANI HOSPITAL-VASHI, MINI SEASHORE ROAD, SECTOR 10,

NAVI MUMBAI, 400703 MAHARASHTRA, INDIA

Tel: 022-39199222,022-49723322, CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956 Email: -







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CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501220PCR056884 BILLNO-1501220PCR056884

Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results	Biological Referen	nce Interval
MONOCYTES	8	2 - 10	%
METHOD: FLOW CYTOMETRY			
EOSINOPHILS	3	1 - 6	%
METHOD: FLOW CYTOMETRY			
BASOPHILS	0	0 - 2	%
METHOD: FLOW CYTOMETRY			
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT	4.32	2.0 - 7.0	thou/μL
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER			
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT	2.31	1.0 - 3.0	thou/µL
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER			
ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT	0.60	0.2 - 1.0	thou/µL
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER			
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT	0.22	0.02 - 0.50	thou/µL
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER			9
ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT	0	Low 0.02 - 0.10	thou/µL
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER			
NEUTROPHIL LYMPHOCYTE RATIO (NLR)	1.8		
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER			
MORPHOLOGY			
RBC	PREDOMINANTLY	NORMOCYTIC NORMOCHROMI	C
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			
WBC	NORMAL MORPH	OLOGY	
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			
PLATELETS	ADEQUATE		2
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			

Interpretation(s)

ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR), WHOLE BLOOD-TEST DESCRIPTION:

Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a test that indirectly measures the degree of inflammation present in the body. The test actually measures the rate of fall (sedimentation) of erythrocytes in a sample of blood that has been placed into a tall, thin, vertical tube. Results are reported as the millimetres of clear fluid (plasma) that are present at the top portion of the tube after one hour. Nowadays fully automated instruments are available to measure ESR.

ESR is not diagnostic; it is a non-specific test that may be elevated in a number of different conditions. It provides general information about the presence of an inflammatory condition.CRP is superior to ESR because it is more sensitive and reflects a more rapid change.

TEST INTERPRETATION

Increase in: Infections, Vasculities, Inflammatory arthritis, Renal disease, Anemia, Malignancies and plasma cell dyscrasias, Acute allergy Tissue injury, Pregnancy,

Estrogen medication, Aging.

Finding a very accelerated ESR(>100 mm/hour) in patients with ill-defined symptoms directs the physician to search for a systemic disease (Paraproteinemias, Disseminated malignancies, connective tissue disease, severe infections such as bacterial endocarditis).

In pregnancy BRI in first trimester is 0-48 mm/hr(62 if anemic) and in second trimester (0-70 mm/hr(95 if anemic). ESR returns to normal 4th week post partum.

LIMITATIONS

SRL Ltd

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NAVI MUMBAI, 400703 MAHARASHTRA, INDIA

Tel: 022-39199222,022-49723322, CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956

Email: -







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PATIENT ID .

FH.12115900

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12115900

. ACCESSION NO:

0022VK002645

AGE: 32 Years

SEX: Female

ABHA NO:

DRAWN: 12/11/2022 09:56:00

RECEIVED: 12/11/2022 09:57:07

REPORTED:

12/11/2022 13:17:01

CLIENT NAME : FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD

REFERRING DOCTOR: SELF

CLINICAL INFORMATION:

UID:12115900 REQNO-1319246 CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501220PCR056884 BILLNO-1501220PCR056884

Test Report Status

Final

Results

Biological Reference Interval

False elevated ESR: Increased fibrinogen, Drugs(Vitamin A, Dextran etc), Hypercholesterolemia False Decreased: Polkilocytosis, (SickleCells, spherocytes), Microcytosis, Low fibrinogen, Very high WBC counts, Drugs(Quinine,

REFERENCE :

1. Nathan and Oski's Haematology of Infancy and Childhood, 5th edition; 2. Paediatric reference intervals. AACC Press, 7th edition. Edited by S. Soldin; 3. The reference for RBC AND PLATELET INDICES-

RBC AND PLATELET INDICESMentzer index (MCV/RBC) is an automated cell-counter based calculated screen tool to differentiate cases of Iron deficiency anaemia(>13) from Beta thalassaemia trait (<13) in patients with microcytic anaemia. This needs to be interpreted in line with clinical correlation and suspicion. Estimation of HbA2 remains the gold standard for diagnosing a case of beta thalassaemia trait.

WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT-The optimal threshold of 3.3 for NLR showed a prognostic possibility of clinical symptoms to change from mild to severe in COVID positive patients. When age = 49.5 years old and NLR = 3.3, 46.1% COVID-19 patients with mild disease might become severe. By contrast, when age < 49.5 years old and NLR < (Reference to - The diagnostic and predictive role of NLR, d-NLR and PLR in COVID-19 patients; A.-P. Yang, et al.; International Immunopharmacology 84 (2020) 106504

IMMUNOHAEMATOLOGY

ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

ABO GROUP

TYPE O

METHOD: TUBE AGGLUTINATION

METHOD: TUBE AGGLUTINATION

RH TYPE

POSITIVE

Interpretation(s)
ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-

ABO GROUP & RH TIPE, EDIA WHOLE BLOODBlood group is identified by antigens and antibodies present in the blood. Antigens are protein molecules found on the surface of red blood cells. Antibodies are found in plasma. To determine blood group, red cells are mixed with different antibody solutions to give A,B,O or AB.

Disclaimer: "Please note, as the results of previous ABO and Rh group (Blood Group) for pregnant women are not available, please check with the patient records for availability of the same."

The test is performed by both forward as well as reverse grouping methods.

BIO CHEMISTRY

LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM				
BILIRUBIN, TOTAL	1.00		0.0	
METHOD: JENDRASSIK AND GROFF	2,00		0.2 - 1.0	mg/dL
BILIRUBIN, DIRECT	0.18		0.0	
METHOD: JENDRASSIK AND GROFF	5.10		0.0 - 0.2	mg/dL
BILIRUBIN, INDIRECT	0.82		01.10	
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	0.02		0.1 - 1.0	mg/dL
TOTAL PROTEIN	8.3	Llab		
METHOD: BIURET	3.5	nign	6.4 - 8.2	g/dL
ALBUMIN	4.5		24 50	
			3.4 - 5.0	g/dL

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Email: -



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PATIENT ID:

FH.12115900

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12115900

ACCESSION NO: 0022VK002645 AGE: 32 Years

SEX: Female

ABHA NO:

REPORTED: 12/11/2022 13:17:01

. DRAWN: 12/11/2022 09:56:00

RECEIVED: 12/11/2022 09:57:07

CLIENT NAME : FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD

REFERRING DOCTOR: SELF

CLINICAL INFORMATION:

UID:12115900 REQNO-1319246

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501220PCR056884 BILLNO-1501220PCR056884

Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results		Biological Reference Inte	rval
METHOD: BCP DYE BINDING				
GLOBULIN	2.0		V-21767 10 10	
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	3.8		2.0 - 4.1	g/dL
ALBUMIN/GLOBULIN RATIO				
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	1.2		1.0 - 2.1	RATIO
ASPARTATE AMINOTRANSFERASE (AST/SGO	T) 17			
METHOD : UV WITH P5P	T) 17		15 - 37	U/L
ALANINE AMINOTRANSFERASE (ALT/SGPT)	20			
METHOD : UV WITH PSP	29		< 34.0	U/L
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE	FC		voca ca	
METHOD : PNPP-ANP	56		30 - 120	U/L
GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE (GGT)	10			
METHOD : GAMMA GLUTAMYLCARBOXY 4NITROANILIDE	12		5 - 55	U/L
LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE	1.45			
METHOD : LACTATE -PYRUVATE	143		100 - 190	U/L
LIPID PROFILE, SERUM				
CHOLESTEROL, TOTAL	143		4 200 P!!	020500
	110		< 200 Desirable 200 - 239 Borderline High	mg/dL
METHOD : ENZYMATIC/COLORIMETRIC CUOLEDTO	A CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR SAID Device. Performance of the		>/= 240 High	
METHOD: ENZYMATIC/COLORIMETRIC, CHOLESTEROL OX TRIGLYCERIDES				
MIGERCENIDES	32		< 150 Normal	mg/dL
			150 - 199 Borderline High 200 - 499 High	
METHOD : ENZYMATIC ASSAY			>/=500 Very High	
· HDL CHOLESTEROL	.578			
THE CHOLESTEROL	61	High	< 40 Low	mg/dL
METHOD: DIRECT MEASURE - PEG			>/=60 High	
LDL CHOLESTEROL, DIRECT	67		< 100 Optimal	2 200
			< 100 Optimal 100 - 129 Near or above opti	mg/dL mal
	9		130 - 159 Borderline High	
			160 - 189 High	
METHOD: DIRECT MEASURE WITHOUT SAMPLE PRETREAT	MENT		>/= 190 Very High	
NON HDL CHOLESTEROL	82		Desirable: Less than 130	ma/dl
			Above Desirable: 130 - 159	mg/dL
			Borderline High: 160 - 189	
METHOD			High: 190 - 219 Very high: > or = 220	
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER			/	

Email: -

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Page 7 Of 10 Patient Ref. No. 2200000080807







PATTENT ID . FH.12115900 CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12115900

ACCESSION NO:

0022VK002645

32 Years AGE :

SEX: Female

ABHA NO:

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REPORTED:

12/11/2022 13:17:01

CLIENT NAME: FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD

REFERRING DOCTOR: SELF

CLINICAL INFORMATION:

UID:12115900 REONO-1319246

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501220PCR056884 BILLNO-1501220PCR056884

Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results		ow 3.3 - 4.4 Low Risk 4.5 - 7.0 Average Risk 7.1 - 11.0 Moderate Risk > 11.0 High Risk				
CHOL/HDL RATIO METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	2.3	Low					
LDL/HDL RATIO METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	1.1		0.5 - 3.0 Desirable/Low Risk 3.1 - 6.0 Borderline/Modera >6.0 High Risk				
VERY LOW DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN	6.4		= 30.0</td <td>mg/dL</td>	mg/dL			
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER							
GLUCOSE FASTING, FLUORIDE PLASMA			**				
FBS (FASTING BLOOD SUGAR) METHOD: HEXOKINASE	85		74 - 99	mg/dL			
GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD							
HBA1C METHOD: HB VARIANT (HPLC)	4.8		Non-diabetic: < 5.7 Pre-diabetics: 5.7 - 6.4 Diabetics: > or = 6.5 ADA Target: 7.0 Action suggested: > 8.0	%			
ESTIMATED AVERAGE GLUCOSE(EAG)	91.1		< 116.0	mg/dL			
			- 110,0	mg/uL			

Interpretation(s)
LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM-LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE

METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER

LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE
Bilirubin is a yellowish pigment found in bile and is a breakdown product of normal heme catabolism. Bilirubin is excreted in bile and urine, and elevated levels may give
yellow discoloration in jaundice. Elevated levels results from increased bilirubin production (eg, hemolysis and ineffective erythropoiesis), decreased bilirubin excretion (eg,
obstruction and hepatitis), and abnormal bilirubin metabolism (eg, hereditary and neonatal jaundice). Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is elevated more than unconjugated
(indirect) bilirubin in Viral hepatitis, Drug reactions, Alcoholic liver disease Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is also elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin when
there is some kind of blockage of the bile ducts like in Gallstones getting into the bile ducts, tumors &Scarring of the bile ducts. Increased unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin
may be a result of Hemolytic or pernicious anemia, Transfusion reaction & a common metabolic condition termed Gilbert syndrome, due to low levels of the enzyme that attaches sugar molecules to bilirubin.

attaches sugar moiecules to bilirubin.

AST is an enzyme found in various parts of the body. AST is found in the liver, heart, skeletal muscle, kidneys, brain, and red blood cells, and it is commonly measured clinically as a marker for liver health. AST levels increase during chronic viral hepatitis, blockage of the bile duct, cirrhosis of the liver, liver cancer, kidney failure, hemolytic anemia, pancreatitis, hemochromatosis. AST levels may also increase after a heart attack or strenuous activity. ALT test measures the amount of this enzyme in the blood. ALT is found mainly in the liver, but also in smaller amounts in the kidneys, heart, muscles, and pancreas. It is commonly measured as a part of a diagnostic evaluation of hepatocellular injury, to determine liver health.AST levels increase during acute hepatitis, sometimes due to a viral infection, ischemia to the liver, chronic hepatitis, obstruction of bile ducts, cirrhosis.

nepatitis, obstruction of bile ducts, cirrnosis.

ALP is a protein found in almost all body tissues. Tissues with higher amounts of ALP include the liver, bile ducts and bone. Elevated ALP levels are seen in Biliary obstruction,
Osteoblastic bone turnors, osteomalacia, hepatitis, Hyperparathyroidism, Leukemia, Lymphoma, Paget's disease, Rickets, Sarcoidosis etc. Lower-than-normal ALP levels seen
in Hypophosphatasia, Malnutrition, Protein deficiency, Wilson's disease. GGT is an enzyme found in cell membranes of many tissues mainly in the liver, kidney and pancreas. It
is also found in other tissues including intestine, spleen, heart, brain and seminal vesicles. The highest concentration is in the kidney, but the liver is considered the source of

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PATIENT ID: FH.12115900

DRAWN: 12/11/2022 09:56:00

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12115900

ACCESSION NO:

0022VK002645

32 Years AGE:

SEX: Female

ABHA NO:

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12/11/2022 13:17:01

CLIENT NAME : FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD

RECEIVED: 12/11/2022 09:57:07

REFERRING DOCTOR: SELF

CLINICAL INFORMATION:

UID:12115900 REONO-1319246

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501220PCR056884 BILLNO-1501220PCR056884

Test Report Status

Final

Results

Biological Reference Interval

normal enzyme activity. Serum GGT has been widely used as an index of liver dysfunction. Elevated serum GGT activity can be found in diseases of the liver, billiary system and pancreas. Conditions that increase serum GGT are obstructive liver disease, high alcohol consumption and use of enzyme-inducing drugs etc. Serum total protein, also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum, Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin. Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstrom's disease. Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage), Burns, Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc. Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by Liver disease, like circhesis of the liver. Pentheritis syndrome protein-levels pentherities protein protein pentherities protein pentherities protein pentherities pentherities protein pentherities penth

serum albumin is the most abundant protein in numan blood plasma.Lt is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance, mainutrition and wasting etc
LIPID PROFILE, SERUM-Serum cholesterol is a blood test that can provide valuable information for the risk of coronary artery disease. This test can help determine your risk of the build up of plaques in your arteries that can lead to narrowed or blocked arteries throughout your body (atherosclerosis). High cholesterol levels usually don't cause any signs or symptoms, so a cholesterol test is an important tool. High cholesterol levels often are a significant risk factor for heart disease and important for diseases. diagnosis of hyperlipoproteinemia, atherosclerosis, hepatic and thyroid diseases.

Serum Triglyceride are a type of fat in the blood. When you eat, your body converts any calories it doesn' t need into triglycerides, which are stored in fat cells. High triglyceride levels are associated with several factors, including being overweight, eating too many sweets or drinking too much alcohol, smoking, being sedentary, or having diabetes with elevated blood sugar levels. Analysis has proven useful in the diagnosis and treatment of patients with diabetes mellitus, nephrosis, liver obstruction, other strongers involving lipid metabolism, and various endocrine disorders. In conjunction with high density lipoprotein and total serum cholesterol, a triglyceride determination provides valuable information for the assessment of coronary heart disease risk. It is done in fasting state.

High-density lipoprotein (HDL) cholesterol. This is sometimes called the ""good"" cholesterol because it helps carry away LDL cholesterol, thus keeping arteries open and blood flowing more freely.HDL cholesterol is inversely related to the risk for cardiovascular disease. It increases following regular exercise, moderate alcohol consumption and with oral estrogen therapy. Decreased levels are associated with obesity, stress, cigarette smoking and diabetes mellitus.

SERUM LDL The small dense LDL test can be used to determine cardiovascular risk in individuals with metabolic syndrome or established/progressing coronary artery disease, individuals with triglyceride levels between 70 and 140 mg/dL, as well as individuals with a diet high in trans-fat or carbohydrates. Elevated sdLDL levels are associated with metabolic syndrome and an 'atherogenic lipoprotein profile', and are a strong, independent predictor of cardiovascular disease. Elevated levels of LDL arise from multiple sources. A major factor is sedentary lifestyle with a diet high in saturated fat. Insulin-resistance and pre-diabetes have also been implicated, as has genetic predisposition. Measurement of sdLDL allows the clinician to get a more comprehensive picture of lipid risk factors and tailor treatment

Non HDL Cholesterol - Adult treatment panel ATP III suggested the addition of Non-HDL Cholesterol as an indicator of all atherogenic lipoproteins (mainly LDL and VLDL). NICE guidelines recommend Non-HDL Cholesterol measurement before initiating lipid lowering therapy. It has also been shown to be a better marker of risk in both primary

Results of Lipids should always be interpreted in conjunction with the patient's medical history, clinical presentation and other findings.

NON FASTING LIPID PROFILE includes Total Cholesterol, HDL Cholesterol and calculated non-HDL Cholesterol. It does not include triglycerides and may be best used in patients for whom fasting is difficult, GLUCOSE FASTING,FLUORIDE PLASMA-TEST DESCRIPTION

Normally, the glucose concentration in extracellular fluid is closely regulated so that a source of energy is readily available to tissues and sothat no glucose is excreted in the

Increased in

Diabetes mellitus, Cushing' s syndrome (10 – 15%), chronic pancreatitis (30%). Drugs:corticosteroids,phenytoin, estrogen, thiazides.

Pancreatic islet cell disease with increased insulin,insulinoma,adrenocortical insufficiency, hypopituitarism,diffuse liver disease, malignancy (adrenocortical, stomach,fibrosarcoma), infant of a diabetic mother, enzyme deficiency diseases(e.g., galactosemia),Drugs- insulin, ethanol, propranolol; sulfonylureas,tolbutamide, and other oral hypoglycemic agents.

NOTE:

Hypoglycemia is defined as a glucoseof < 50 mg/dL in men and < 40 mg/dL in women.

While random serum glucose levels correlate with home glucose monitoring results (weekly mean capillary glucose values), there is wide fluctuation within individuals. Thus, glycosylated hemoglobin(HbA1c) levels are favored to monitor glycemic control.

High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glyosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc.

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-**Used For**:

- Evaluating the long-term control of blood glucose concentrations in diabetic patients.
 Diagnosing diabetes.

3.Identifying patients at increased risk for diabetes (prediabetes).

The ADA recommends measurement of HbA1c (typically 3-4 times per year for type 1 and poorly controlled type 2 diabetic patients, and 2 times per year for well-controlled type 2 diabetic patients) to determine whether a patients metabolic control has remained continuously within the target range. 1.eAG (Estimated average glucose) converts percentage HbA1c to md/dl, to compare blood glucose levels.

eAG gives an evaluation of blood glucose levels for the last couple of months.
 eAG is calculated as eAG (mg/dl) = 28.7 * HbA1c - 46.7

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Patient Ref. No. 2200000080807

LABORATORY REPORT







PATIENT NAME: MRS. MRS. DEEPTHI REDDY MALLELA

PATIENT ID:

FH.12115900

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12115900

ACCESSION NO:

0022VK002645 AGE:

SEX: Female 32 Years

ABHA NO:

12/11/2022 13:17:01

DRAWN: 12/11/2022 09:56:00

RECEIVED: 12/11/2022 09:57:07

REPORTED:

CLIENT NAME : FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD

REFERRING DOCTOR: SELF

CLINICAL INFORMATION:

UID:12115900 REQNO-1319246

· CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501220PCR056884 BILLNO-1501220PCR056884

Test Report Status

Final

Results

Biological Reference Interval

HbA1c Estimation can get affected due to:

I.Shortened Erythrocyte survival: Any condition that shortens erythrocyte survival or decreases mean erythrocyte age (e.g. recovery from acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia) will falsely lower HbA1c test results. Fructosamine is recommended in these patients which indicates diabetes control over 15 days.

II.Vitamin C & E are reported to falsely lower test results. (possibly by inhibiting glycation of hemoglobin.

III.Iron deficiency anemia is reported to increase test results. Hypertriglyceridemia, upremia, hyperbilirubinemia, chronic alcoholism, chronic ingestion of salicylates & opiates addiction are reported to interfere with some assay methods, falsely increasing results.

IV.Interference of hemoglobinopathies in HbA1c estimation is seen in a.Homozygous hemoglobinopathy. Fructosamine is recommended for testing of HbA1c.

b.Heterozygous state detected (D10 is corrected for HbS & HbC trait.)

b.Heterozygous state detected (D10 is corrected for HbS & HbC trait.)

c.HbF > 25% on alternate paltform (Boronate affinity chromatography) is recommended for testing of HbA1c.Abnormal Hemoglobin electrophoresis (HPLC method) is recommended for detecting a hemoglobinopathy

End Of Report

Please visit www.srlworld.com for related Test Information for this accession

Dr.Akta Dubey

Counsultant Pathologist

Dr. Rekha Nair, MD Microbiologist

HIRANANDANI HOSPITAL-VASHI, MINI SEASHORE ROAD, SECTOR 10, NAVI MUMBAI, 400703 MAHARASHTRA, INDIA

Tel: 022-39199222,022-49723322, CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956

Email: -







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PATIENT ID:

FH.12115900

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12115900

ACCESSION NO:

0022VK002761

AGE: 32 Years

SEX: Female

ABHA NO: REPORTED:

14/11/2022 09:04:07

CLIENT NAME : FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD

REFERRING DOCTOR:

CLINICAL INFORMATION:

UID:12115900 REQNO-1319246

DRAWN: 12/11/2022 14:16:00

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501220PCR056884 BILLNO-1501220PCR056884

Test Report Status

Final

Units

CYTOLOGY

RECEIVED: 12/11/2022 14:20:13

PAPANICOLAOU SMEAR

PAPANICOLAOU SMEAR

TEST METHOD

SPECIMEN TYPE

REPORTING SYSTEM

SPECIMEN ADEQUACY

METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

MICROSCOPY

CONVENTIONAL GYNEC CYTOLOGY

TWO UNSTAINED CERVICAL SMEARS RECEIVED

2014 BETHESDA SYSTEM FOR REPORTING CERVICAL CYTOLOGY

SATISFACTORY

SMEARS STUDIED SHOW SUPERFICIAL SQUAMOUS CELLS,

INTERMEDIATE SQUAMOUS CELLS, FEW SQUAMOUS METAPLASTIC CELLS, FEW CLUSTERS OF ENDOCERVICAL CELLS IN THE BACKGROUND

OF MODERATE POLYMORPHS.

INTERPRETATION / RESULT

NEGATIVE FOR INTRAEPITHELIAL LESION OR MALIGNANCY

Comments

PLEASE NOTE PAPANICOLAU SMEAR STUDY IS A SCREENING PROCEDURE FOR CERVICAL CANCER WITH INHERENT FALSE NEGATIVE RESULTS, HENCE SHOULD BE INTERPRETED

NO CYTOLOGICAL EVIDENCE OF HPV INFECTION IN THE SMEARS STUDIED.

End Of Report Please visit www.srlworld.com for related Test Information for this accession

Dr.Akta Dubey

Counsultant Pathologist

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Tel: 022-39199222,022-49723322, CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956

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11/12/2022 12:07:16 PM	V-mato EO OO			ΔΑ	9	\$ <u>A</u>		50~ 0.50-100 Hz W
7	orive d [smal D awis	•	- NORMAL ECG - Unconfirmed Diagnosis	TA.	SA _	E A		mm/mV Chest: 10.0 mm/mV
Female	Sinus rhythm		51 64 58 Standard Placement	Ĕ _	avr.	\$4, >0		Speed: 25 mm/sec Limb: 10 r
32 Tears	Rate 72 .	PR 164 QRSD 82 QT 381 QTC 417		H				Devi ce:

Mini Sea Shore Road, Sector 10-A, Vashi, Navi Mumbai - 400703.

Board Line: 022 - 39199222 | Fax: 022 - 39133220 Emergency: 022 - 39199100 | Ambulance: 1255

For Appointment: 022 - 39199200 | Health Checkup: 022 - 39199300

www.fortishealthcare.com | vashi@fortishealthcare.com

CIN: U85100MH2005PTC 154823 GST IN: 27AABCH5894D1ZG PAN NO: AABCH5894D





DEPARTMENT OF NIC

Date: 12/Nov/2022

Name: Mrs. Deepthi Reddy Mallela

Age | Sex: 32 YEAR(S) | Female

Order Station: FO-OPD

Bed Name:

UHID | Episode No: 12115900 | 56328/22/1501

Order No | Order Date: 1501/PN/OP/2211/119689 | 12-Nov-2022

Admitted On | Reporting Date: 12-Nov-2022 14:04:39

Order Doctor Name: Dr.SELF.

ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY TRANSTHORACIC

FINDINGS:

- · No left ventricle regional wall motion abnormality at rest.
- Normal left ventricle systolic function. LVEF = 60%.
- · No left ventricle diastolic dysfunction.
- · No left ventricle Hypertrophy. No left ventricle dilatation.
- · Structurally normal valves.
- · No mitral regurgitation.
- · No aortic regurgitation. No aortic stenosis.
- · No tricuspid regurgitation. No pulmonary hypertension.
- · Intact IAS and IVS.
- No left ventricle clot/vegetation/pericardial effusion.
- Normal right atrium and right ventricle dimensions.
- · Normal left atrium and left ventricle dimension.
- · Normal right ventricle systolic function. No hepatic congestion.

M-MODE MEASUREMENTS:

LA	36	mm
AO Root	29	mm
AO CUSP SEP	17	mm
LVID (s)	31	mm
LVID (d)	43	mm
IVS (d)	09	mm
LVPW (d)	10	mm
RVID (d)	29	mm
RA	30	mm
LVEF	60	%

Board Line: 022 - 39199222 | Fax: 022 - 39133220 Emergency: 022 - 39199100 | Ambulance: 1255

For Appointment: 022 - 39199200 | Health Checkup: 022 - 39199300

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CIN: U85100MH2005PTC 154823 GST IN : 27AABCH5894D1ZG PAN NO : AABCH5894D





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Date: 12/Nov/2022

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UHID | Episode No: 12115900 | 56328/22/1501

Age | Sex: 32 YEAR(S) | Female

Order No | Order Date: 1501/PN/OP/2211/119689 | 12-Nov-2022

Order Station : FO-OPD

Admitted On | Reporting Date: 12-Nov-2022 14:04:39

Bed Name:

Order Doctor Name : Dr.SELF .

DOPPLER STUDY:

E WAVE VELOCITY: 0.9 m/sec. A WAVE VELOCITY: 0.5 m/sec

E/A RATIO:1.4

		MEAN (mmHg)	GRADE OF REGURGITATION
MITRAL VALVE	N		Nil
AORTIC VALVE	05		Nil
TRICUSPID VALVE	N		Nil
PULMONARY VALVE	2.0		Nil

Final Impression:

Normal 2 Dimensional and colour doppler echocardiography study.

DR. PRASHANT PAWAR

DNB(MED), DNB (CARDIOLOGY)

Hiranangani Healthcare PVt. Ltg.

Mini Sea Shore Road, Sector 10-A, Vashi, Navi Mumbai - 400703.

Board Line: 022 - 39199222 | Fax: 022 - 39133220 Emergency: 022 - 39199100 | Ambulance: 1255

For Appointment: 022 - 39199200 | Health Checkup: 022 - 39199300

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CIN: U85100MH2005PTC 154823 GST IN: 27AABCH5894D1ZG PAN NO: AABCH5894D





(For Billing/Reports & Discharge Summary only)

DEPARTMENT OF RADIOLOGY

Date: 12/Nov/2022

Name: Mrs. Deepthi Reddy Mallela

Age | Sex: 32 YEAR(S) | Female

Order Station: FO-OPD

Bed Name:

UHID | Episode No: 12115900 | 56328/22/1501

Order No | Order Date: 1501/PN/OP/2211/119689 | 12-Nov-2022

Admitted On | Reporting Date: 12-Nov-2022 13:39:14

Order Doctor Name: Dr.SELF.

X-RAY-CHEST- PA

Findings:

Both lung fields are clear.

The cardiac shadow appears within normal limits.

Trachea and major bronchi appears normal.

Both costophrenic angles are well maintained.

Bony thorax is unremarkable.

DR. YOGINI SHAH

Helselv

DMRD., DNB. (Radiologist)

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Name: Mrs. Deepthi Reddy Mallela UHID | Episode No : 12115900 | 56328/22/1501 Age | Sex: 32 YEAR(S) | Female

Order No | Order Date: 1501/PN/OP/2211/119689 | 12-Nov-2022

Admitted On | Reporting Date : 12-Nov-2022 16:23:55 Order Doctor Name: Dr.SELF.

US-WHOLE ABDOMEN

LIVER is normal in size and shows raised echogenicity. Intrahepatic portal and biliary systems are normal. No focal lesion is seen in liver. Portal vein is normal.

GALL BLADDER is physiologically distended. Gall bladder reveals normal wall thickness. No evidence of calculi in gall bladder. No evidence of pericholecystic collection.

CBD appears normal in caliber.

SPLEEN is normal in size and echogenicity.

BOTH KIDNEYS are normal in size and echogenicity. The central sinus complex is normal. No evidence of calculi/hydronephrosis.

Right kidney measures 9.9 x 3.2 cm.

Left kidney measures 10.2 x 4.4 cm.

PANCREAS: Head of pancreas is visualized and appears unremarkable. Rest of the pancreas appears unremarkable.

URINARY BLADDER is normal in capacity and contour. Bladder wall is normal in thickness. No evidence of intravesical mass/calculi.

UTERUS is normal in size, measuring 8.6 x 6.7 x 3.8 cm. Endometrium measures 9.5 mm in thickness.

Both ovaries are normal. Right ovary measures 3.5 x 1.5 cm. Left ovary measures 3.0 x 2.2 cm.

No evidence of ascites.

IMPRESSION:

Fatty infiltration of liver.

DR. YOGESH PATHADE (MD Radio-diagnosis)