

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION REPORT

Sex/Age Patient Name Location Date

History and Complaints

EXAMINATION FINDINGS:

Temp (0c): Height (cms): Skin: Weight (kg): Nails: **Blood Pressure** Lymph Node: Pulse

Systems:

Cardiovascular:

Respiratory:

Genitourinary:

GI System:

CNS:

Impression:

USG- Fatty Liver FOSTUPPHILIA. HBAIC-Diabetiz BSL (Fr (Diobette)

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CID : 2304222376

Name : MR. RANJAN KUMAR

Age / Gender : 35 Years / Male

Consulting Dr. : -

Reg. Location : G B Road, Thane West (Main Centre)

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Collected : 11-Feb-2023 / 09:43 Reported : 11-Feb-2023 / 12:29

AERFOCAMI HEALTHCARE BELOW 40 MALE/FEMALE

	CBC (Complet	e Blood Count), Blood	
PARAMETER	RESULTS	BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE	METHOD
RBC PARAMETERS			
Haemoglobin	15.6	13.0-17.0 g/dL	Spectrophotometric
RBC	5.44	4.5-5.5 mil/cmm	Elect. Impedance
PCV	46.7	40-50 %	Measured
MCV	86	80-100 fl	Calculated
MCH	28.6	27-32 pg	Calculated
MCHC	33.3	31.5-34.5 g/dL	Calculated
RDW	15.1	11.6-14.0 %	Calculated
WBC PARAMETERS			
WBC Total Count 6700		4000-10000 /cmm	Elect. Impedance
WBC DIFFERENTIAL AND A	BSOLUTE COUNTS		
Lymphocytes	28.2	20-40 %	
Absolute Lymphocytes	1889.4	1000-3000 /cmm	Calculated
Monocytes	4.2	2-10 %	
Absolute Monocytes	281.4	200-1000 /cmm	Calculated
Neutrophils	57.1	40-80 %	
Absolute Neutrophils	3825.7	2000-7000 /cmm	Calculated
Eosinophils	10.5	1-6 %	
Absolute Eosinophils	703.5	20-500 /cmm	Calculated
Basophils	0.0	0.1-2 %	
Absolute Basophils	0.0	20-100 /cmm	Calculated
Immature Leukocytes			

WBC Differential Count by Absorbance & Impedance method/Microscopy.

PLATEL	ET	PAR	AM	ET	ERS
--------	----	-----	----	----	------------

Platelet Count	167000	150000-400000 /cmm	Elect. Impedance
MPV	11.3	6-11 fl	Calculated
PDW	22.3	11-18 %	Calculated

RBC MORPHOLOGY

Hypochromia	
Microcytosis	Total Jones

0222-6170-0000

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Macrocytosis

Anisocytosis

Poikilocytosis

Polychromasia

Target Cells

Basophilic Stippling

Normoblasts

Others

Normocytic, Normochromic

WBC MORPHOLOGY

PLATELET MORPHOLOGY

Megaplatelets seen on smear

COMMENT

Eosinophilia

Specimen: EDTA Whole Blood

ESR, EDTA WB-ESR

44

2-15 mm at 1 hr.

Sedimentation

*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD G B Road Lab, Thane West *** End Of Report ***

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Denit Taon Dr.AMIT TAORI M.D (Path)

Pathologist

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METHOD

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AFRECCAMI	HEALTHCARE	BELOW	40	MALE/FEMALE
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PARAMETER	RESULTS	BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE	METHOD
GLUCOSE (SUGAR) FASTING, Fluoride Plasma	131.6	Non-Diabetic: < 100 mg/dl Impaired Fasting Glucose: 100-125 mg/dl Diabetic: >/= 126 mg/dl	Hexokinase
GLUCOSE (SUGAR) PP, Fluoride Plasma PP/R	226.6	Non-Diabetic: < 140 mg/dl Impaired Glucose Tolerance: 140-199 mg/dl Diabetic: >/= 200 mg/dl	Hexokinase
BILIRUBIN (TOTAL), Serum	0.35	0.1-1.2 mg/dl	Diazo
BILIRUBIN (DIRECT), Serum	0.06	0-0.3 mg/dl	Diazo
BILIRUBIN (INDIRECT), Serum	0.29	0.1-1.0 mg/dl	Calculated
TOTAL PROTEINS, Serum	7.2	6.4-8.3 g/dL	Biuret
ALBUMIN, Serum	5.0	3.5-5.2 g/dL	BCG
GLOBULIN, Serum	2.2	2.3-3.5 g/dL	Calculated
A/G RATIO, Serum	2.3	1 - 2	Calculated
SGOT (AST), Serum	24.2	5-40 U/L	IFCC without pyridoxal phosphate activation
SGPT (ALT), Serum	50.2	5-45 U/L	IFCC without pyridoxal phosphate activation
GAMMA GT, Serum	29.5	3-60 U/L	IFCC
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE, Serum	100.7	40-130 U/L	PNPP
BLOOD UREA, Serum	20.0	12.8-42.8 mg/dl	Urease & GLDH
BUN, Serum	9.3	6-20 mg/dl	Calculated
	0.8	0.67-1.17 mg/dl	Enzymatic
CREATININE, Serum eGFR, Serum	0.8	>60 ml/min/1.73sqm	Calculated

022-6170-0000

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:11-Feb-2023 / 18:41

Uricase

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Reported

3.5-7.2 mg/dl

Absent

Absent

Collected

5.0 URIC ACID, Serum

Urine Sugar (Fasting)

Urine Ketones (Fasting)

Urine Sugar (PP) Urine Ketones (PP)

++++ Absent

Absent

Absent Absent

*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD G B Road Lab, Thane West *** End Of Report ***







Donit Taon

Dr.AMIT TAORI M.D (Path) **Pathologist**

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AERFOCAMI HEALTHCARE BELOW 40 MALE/FEMALE

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HbA1c)

PARAMETER

RESULTS

BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE METHOD

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Glycosylated Hemoglobin (HbA1c), EDTA WB - CC

7.1

Non-Diabetic Level: < 5.7 % Prediabetic Level: 5.7-6.4 % Diabetic Level: >/= 6.5 %

HPLC

Estimated Average Glucose

157.1

mg/dl

Calculated

Kindly correlate clinically.

(eAG), EDTA WB - CC

Intended use:

In patients who are meeting treatment goals, HbA1c test should be performed at least 2 times a year

In patients whose therapy has changed or who are not meeting glycemic goals, it should be performed quarterly

For microvascular disease prevention, the HbA1C goal for non pregnant adults in general is Less than 7%.

Clinical Significance:

HbA1c, Glycosylated hemoglobin or glycated hemoglobin, is hemoglobin with glucose molecule attached to it.

The HbA1c test evaluates the average amount of glucose in the blood over the last 2 to 3 months by measuring the percentage of glycosylated hemoglobin in the blood.

Test Interpretation:

- The HbA1c test evaluates the average amount of glucose in the blood over the last 2 to 3 months by measuring the percentage of Glycosylated hemoglobin in the blood.
- HbA1c test may be used to screen for and diagnose diabetes or risk of developing diabetes.
- To monitor compliance and long term blood glucose level control in patients with diabetes.
- Index of diabetic control, predicting development and progression of diabetic micro vascular complications.

Factors affecting HbA1c results:

Increased in: High fetal hemoglobin, Chronic renal failure, Iron deficiency anemia, Splenectomy, Increased serum triglycerides, Alcohol ingestion, Lead/opiate poisoning and Salicylate treatment.

Decreased in: Shortened RBC lifespan (Hemolytic anemia, blood loss), following transfusions, pregnancy, ingestion of large amount of Vitamin E or Vitamin C and Hemoglobinopathies

Reflex tests: Blood glucose levels, CGM (Continuous Glucose monitoring)

References: ADA recommendations, AACC, Wallach's interpretation of diagnostic tests 10th edition.

*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD G B Road Lab, Thane West *** End Of Report ***



Donie Taan Dr.AMIT TAORI M.D (Path) Pathologist

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AERFOCAMI HEALTHCARE BELOW 40 MALE/FEMALE URINE EXAMINATION REPORT

PARAMETER	RESULTS	BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE	METHOD
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION			
Color	Pale yellow	Pale Yellow	- Chemical Indicator
Reaction (pH)	Acidic (5.0)	4.5 - 8.0	Chemical Indicator
Specific Gravity	1.020	1.010-1.030	Chemical indicator
Transparency	Slight hazy	Clear	
Volume (ml)	50	ne le sé	*
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION			
Proteins	Absent	Absent	pH Indicator
Glucose	2+	Absent	GOD-POD
Ketones	Absent	Absent	Legals Test
Blood	Absent	Absent	Peroxidase
Bilirubin	Absent	Absent	Diazonium Salt
Urobilinogen	Normal	Normal	Diazonium Salt
Nitrite	Absent	Absent	Griess Test
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATIO	N		
Leukocytes(Pus cells)/hpf	2-3	0-5/hpf	
Red Blood Cells / hpf	Absent	0-2/hpf	
Epithelial Cells / hpf	1-2		
Casts	Absent	Absent	
Crystals	Absent	Absent	
Amorphous debris	Absent	Absent	
Bacteria / hpf	6-8	Less than 20/hpf	
The state of the s			

Interpretation: The concentration values of Chemical analytes corresponding to the grading given in the report are as follows:

- Protein: (1+ -25 mg/dl, 2+ -75 mg/dl, 3+ 150 mg/dl, 4+ 500 mg/dl)
- Glucose: (1+ 50 mg/dl, 2+ -100 mg/dl, 3+ -300 mg/dl, 4+ -1000 mg/dl)
- Ketone: (1+ -5 mg/dl, 2+ -15 mg/dl, 3+ 50 mg/dl, 4+ 150 mg/dl)

Reference: Pack insert

*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD G B Road Lab, Thane West ** End Of Report ***







Amit Toom Dr.AMIT TAORI

M.D (Path) Pathologist

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AERFOCAMI HEALTHCARE BELOW 40 MALE/FEMALE **BLOOD GROUPING & Rh TYPING**

PARAMETER

RESULTS

ABO GROUP

В

Rh TYPING

Positive

NOTE: Test performed by Semi- automated column agglutination technology (CAT)

Specimen: EDTA Whole Blood and/or serum

Clinical significance:

ABO system is most important of all blood group in transfusion medicine

- ABO blood group of new born is performed only by cell (forward) grouping because allo antibodies in cord blood are of maternal origin.
- Since A & B antigens are not fully developed at birth, both Anti-A & Anti-B antibodies appear after the first 4 to 6 months of life. As a result, weaker reactions may occur with red cells of newborns than of adults.
- Confirmation of newborn's blood group is indicated when A & B antigen expression and the isoagglutinins are fully developed at 2 to 4 years of age & remains constant throughout life.
- Cord blood is contaminated with Wharton's jelly that causes red cell aggregation leading to false positive result
- The Hh blood group also known as Oh or Bombay blood group is rare blood group type. The term Bombay is used to refer the phenotype that lacks normal expression of ABH antigens because of inheritance of hh genotype.

Refernces:

- Denise M Harmening, Modern Blood Banking and Transfusion Practices- 6th Edition 2012. F.A. Davis company. Philadelphia
- AABB technical manual 2

*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD G B Road Lab, Thane West *** End Of Report **







Danie Taan

Dr.AMIT TAORI M.D (Path) **Pathologist**

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AERFOCAMI HEALTHCARE BELOW 40 MALE/FEMALE LIPID PROFILE

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DADAMETED	RESULTS	- Negadi	BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE	METHOD
PARAMETER CHOLESTEROL, Serum	197.7		Desirable: <200 mg/dl Borderline High: 200-239mg/dl High: >/=240 mg/dl	CHOD-POD
TRIGLYCERIDES, Serum	406.3		Normal: <150 mg/dl Borderline-high: 150 - 199 mg/dl High: 200 - 499 mg/dl Very high:>/=500 mg/dl	GPO-POD
HDL CHOLESTEROL, Serum	33.1		Desirable: >60 mg/dl Borderline: 40 - 60 mg/dl Low (High risk): <40 mg/dl	Homogeneous enzymatic colorimetric assay
NON HDL CHOLESTEROL, Serum	164.6		Desirable: <130 mg/dl Borderline-high:130 - 159 mg/dl High:160 - 189 mg/dl Very high: >/=190 mg/dl	Calculated
LDL CHOLESTEROL, Serum	95.6		Optimal: <100 mg/dl Near Optimal: 100 - 129 mg/dl Borderline High: 130 - 159 mg/dl High: 160 - 189 mg/dl Very High: >/= 190 mg/dl	Çalculated
A DI CHOLESTEROL SORIM	69.0		< /= 30 mg/dl	Calculated
VLDL CHOLESTEROL, Serum CHOL / HDL CHOL RATIO,	6.0		0-4.5 Ratio	Calculated
Serum LDL CHOL / HDL CHOL RATIO, Serum	2.9		0-3.5 Ratio	Calculated
COLOUR				

Kindly correlate clinically.

Note: LDL test is performed by direct measurement.

*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD G B Road Lab, Thane West *** End Of Report ***







Amit Taom Dr.AMIT TAORI M.D (Path)

Pathologist

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AERFOCAMI HEALTHCARE BELOW 40 MALE/FEMALE THYROID FUNCTION TESTS

PARAMETER	RESULTS	BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE	METHOD
Free T3, Serum	4.3	3.5-6.5 pmol/L	ECLIA
Free T4, Serum	16.2	11.5-22.7 pmol/L	ECLIA
sensitiveTSH Serum	4.98	0.35-5.5 microIU/ml	ECLIA

Interpretation:

A thyroid panel is used to evaluate thyroid function and/or help diagnose various thyroid disorders.

Clinical Significance:

1)TSH Values between high abnormal upto 15 microIU/ml should be correlated clinically or repeat the test with new sample as physiological

can give falsely high TSH.

2)TSH values may be trasiently altered becuase of non thyroidal illness like severe infections, liver disease, renal and heart severe burns, trauma and surgery etc.

TSH	FT4/T4	FT3/T3	Interpretation
High	Normal	Normal	Subclinical hypothyroidism, poor compliance with thyroxine, drugs like amiodarone, Recovery phase of non-thyroidal illness, TSH Resistance.
High	Low	Low	Hypothyroidism, Autoimmune thyroiditis, post radio iodine Rx, post thyroidectomy, Anti thyroid drugs, tyrosine kinase inhibitors & amiodarone, amyloid deposits in thyroid, thyroid tumors & congenital hypothyroidism.
Low	High	High	Hyperthyroidism, Graves disease, toxic multinodular goiter, toxic adenoma, excess iodine or thyroxine intake, pregnancy related (hyperemesis gravidarum, hydatiform mole)
Low	Normal	Normal	Subclinical Hyperthyroidism, recent Rx for Hyperthyroidism, drugs like steroids & dopamine), Non thyroidal illness.
Low	Low	Low	Central Hypothyroidism, Non Thyroidal Illness, Recent Rx for Hyperthyroidism.
High	High	High	Interfering anti TPO antibodies, Drug interference: Amiodarone, Heparin, Beta Blockers, steroids & anti- epileptics.

Diurnal Variation: TSH follows a diurnal rhythm and is at maximum between 2 am and 4 am, and is at a minimum between 6 pm and 10 pm. The variation is on the order of 50 to 206%. Biological variation:19.7%(with in subject variation)

Reflex Tests: Anti thyroid Antibodies, USG Thyroid , TSH receptor Antibody. Thyroglobulin, Calcitonin

Limitations:

 Samples should not be taken from patients receiving therapy with high biotin doses (i.e. >5 mg/day) until atleast 8 hours following the last biotin administration.

2. Patient samples may contain heterophilic antibodies that could react in immunoassays to give falsely elevated or depressed results. this assay is designed to minimize interference from heterophilic antibodies.

Reference:

1.O.koulouri et al. / Best Practice and Research clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism 27(2013)

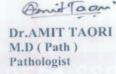
2.Interpretation of the thyroid function tests, Dayan et al. THE LANCET . Vol 357

3. Tietz , Text Book of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Biology -5th Edition

4. Biological Variation: From principles to Practice-Callum G Fraser (AACC Press)







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Consulting Dr.

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Reg. Location

: G B Road, Thane West (Main Centre)

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*** End Of Report ***

0022-6170-0000

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Date: 11/2/23 CID:
Name: Ravjan Kowa. Sex/Age: 1-451

EYE CHECK UP

Chief complaints:

Systemic Diseases: VM

Past history:

Unaided Vision:

Aided Vision:

13 E 10 fed X/132 N-36 13 E 66 XIVBUNG

Refraction:

(Right Eye)

(Left Eye)

	Sph	Cyl	Axis	Vn	Sph	Cyl	Axis	Vn
Distance		Talenti		n to Engl				
Near							NI Bened	

Colour Vision: Normal / Abnormal

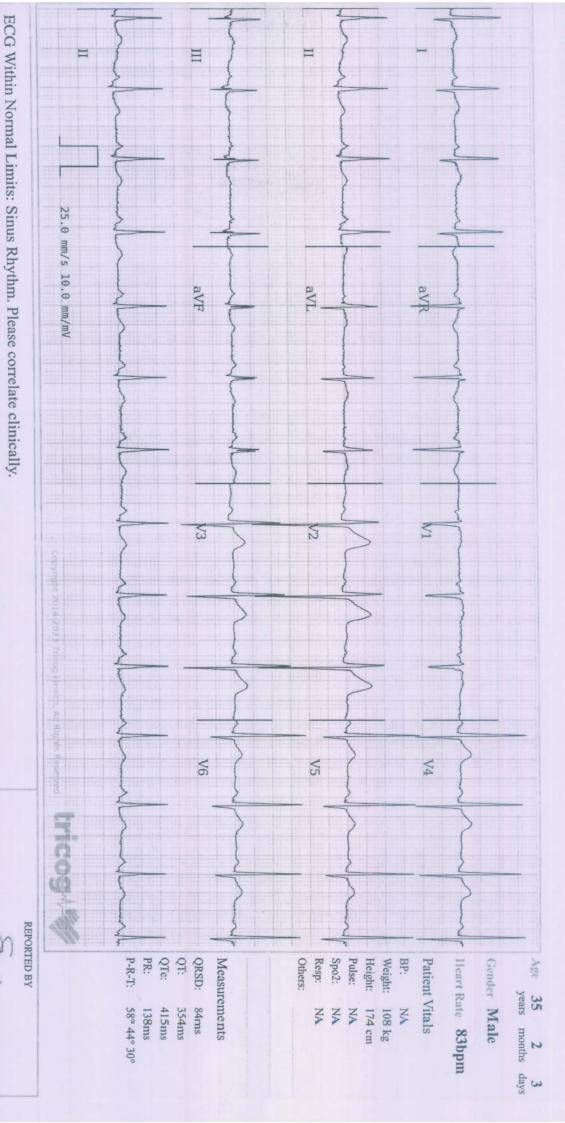
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SUBURBAN DI A G N O STICS

SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS - G B ROAD, THANE WEST

Date and Time: 11th Feb 23 12:59 PM

Patient Name: RANJAN KUMAR
Patient ID: 2304222376



sechanner. It Analysis to this capon is based on PCG alone and should be used as an adaysteon. It Partent study are as entered by the elasteon and met served from the PCG.

> DR SHAILAJA PILLAI MBBS, MD Physican MD Physican 49972



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Reg. No.: 2304222376	Sex : MALE
Name : MR. RANJAN KUMAR	Age: 35 YRS
Ref. By :	Date: 11.02.2023

USG ABDOMEN AND PELVIS

<u>LIVER:</u>Liver appears enlarged in size (16.9 cm) and shows increased echoreflectivity. There is no intra-hepatic biliary radical dilatation. No evidence of any focal lesion.

GALL BLADDER: Gall bladder is distended and appears normal. Wall thickness is within normal limits. There is no evidence of any calculus.

PORTAL VEIN: Portal vein is normal. CBD: CBD is normal.

<u>PANCREAS:</u> Pancreas appears normal in echotexture. There is no evidence of any focal lesion or calcification. Pancreatic duct is not dilated.

KIDNEYS: Right kidney measures $10.6 \times 5.3 \text{ cm}$. Left kidney measures $11.0 \times 5.3 \text{ cm}$. Both kidneys are normal in shape and echotexture. Corticomedullary differentiation is maintained. There is no evidence of any hydronephrosis, hydroureter or calculus.

SPLEEN: Spleen is normal in size, shape and echotexture. No focal lesion is seen.

<u>URINARY BLADDER:</u> Urinary bladder is distended and normal. Wall thickness is within normal limits.

<u>PROSTATE:</u> Prostate is normal in size and echotexture and measures $2.8 \times 3.4 \times 3.6$ cm in dimension and 18.6 cc in volume. No evidence of any focal lesion. Median lobe does not show significant hypertrophy.

No free fluid or significant lymphadenopathy is seen.

IMPRESSION:

HEPATOMEGALY WITH GRADE I FATTY INFILTRATION OF LIVER.

Note:Investigations have their limitations. Solitary radiological investigations never confirm the final diagnosis. They only help in diagnosing the disease in correlation to clinical symptoms and other related tests. USG is known to have inter-observer variations. Further/follow-up imaging may be needed in some cases for confirmation / exclusion of diagnosis.

Advice: Clinical co-relation and further evaluation.

DR.DEVENDRA PATIL
MD (RADIO DIAGNOSIS)



: 2304222376

Name

: Mr RANJAN KUMAR

Age / Sex

: 35 Years/Male

Ref. Dr

Reg. Location

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: 11-Feb-2023 / 16:55

X-RAY CHEST PA VIEW

Both lung fields are clear.

Both costo-phrenic angles are clear.

The cardiac size and shape are within normal limits.

The domes of diaphragm are normal in position and outlines.

The skeleton under review appears normal.

IMPRESSION:

NO SIGNIFICANT ABNORMALITY IS DETECTED.

--End of Report-----

This report is prepared and physically checked by DR GAURAV FARTADE before dispatch.

> G. R. Forde Dr. GAURAV FARTADE

MBBS, DMRE

Reg No -2014/04/1786 Consultant Radiologist

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