10871835 mrs simta 3/25/2023 1:14:23 PM Female

Rate 6  PR 14  QRSD 9  QT 39  QTc 41	. Low voltage,  3 1 4	precordial leads							
AXIS P 5 QRS 2 T 5	1		- OTHERWI	SE NORMAL ECG	_				
	andard Placement			,	Unconfirmed	Diagnosis			
		aVR		<b>V1</b>			<b>V4</b>		
		aVL							
		aVF		V3			V6		
		25 mm/sec Limb:		Chest: 10.0 mm			F 60~ 0.15-	100B CL	



Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi-110075

: MRS SIMTA 37 Yr(s) Sex :Female Name Age

**Registration No** : MH010871835 Lab No 31230301252

25 Mar 2023 10:24 **Patient Episode** : H03000053368 **Collection Date:** 

Referred By : HEALTH CHECK MHD **Reporting Date:** 25 Mar 2023 13:16

**Receiving Date** : 25 Mar 2023 11:18

### **Department of Transfusion Medicine (Blood Bank)**

BLOOD GROUPING, RH TYPING & ANTIBODY SCREEN (TYPE & SCREEN) Specimen-Blood

Blood Group & Rh Typing (Agglutinaton by gel/tube technique)

O Rh(D) Positive Blood Group & Rh typing

Antibody Screening (Microtyping in gel cards using reagent red cells)

Cell Panel I NEGATIVE Cell Panel II NEGATIVE Cell Panel III NEGATIVE Autocontrol NEGATIVE

Final Antibody Screen Result Negative

#### Technical Note:

ABO grouping and Rh typing is done by cell and serum grouping by microplate / gel technique. Antibody screening is done using a 3 cell panel of reagent red cells coated with Rh, Kell, Duffy, Kidd, Lewis, P, MNS, Lutheran and Xg antigens using gel technique.

Page1 of 12

-----END OF REPORT-----



Dr Himanshu Lamba







Awarded Emergency Excellence Services E-2019-0026/27/07/2019-26/07/2021 N-2019-0113/27/07/2019-26/07/2021 IND18.6278/05/12/2018- 04/12/2019



Awarded Nursing Excellence Services



Awarded Clean & Green Hospital



Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi-110075

: MRS SIMTA 37 Yr(s) Sex :Female Name Age

**Registration No** MH010871835 Lab No 32230309759

H03000053368 **Collection Date: Patient Episode** 25 Mar 2023 10:24

Referred By : HEALTH CHECK MHD **Reporting Date:** 25 Mar 2023 13:07

: 25 Mar 2023 10:47 **Receiving Date** 

### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

Glycosylated Hemoglobin Specimen: EDTA Whole blood

As per American Diabetes Association (ADA)

HbA1c (Glycosylated Hemoglobin) 5.2 [4.0-6.5] HbA1c in % Non diabetic adults >= 18 years <5.7

Prediabetes (At Risk ) 5.7-6.4 Diagnosing Diabetes >= 6.5

Methodology (HPLC)

103 Estimated Average Glucose (eAG) mq/dl

Comments: HbAlc provides an index of average blood glucose levels over the past 8-12 weeks and is a much better indicator of long term glycemic control.

Specimen Type : Serum

### THYROID PROFILE, Serum

T3 - Triiodothyronine (ECLIA)	1.19	ng/ml	[0.70-2.04]
T4 - Thyroxine (ECLIA)	7.86	micg/dl	[4.60-12.00]
Thyroid Stimulating Hormone (ECLIA)	1.960	uIU/mL	[0.340-4.250]

1st Trimester: 0.6 - 3.4 micIU/mL 2nd Trimester: 0.37 - 3.6 micIU/mL 3rd Trimester: 0.38 - 4.04 micIU/mL

Note: TSH levels are subject to circadian variation, reaching peak levels between 2-4.a.m.and at a minimum between 6-10 pm.Factors such as change of seasons hormonal fluctuations, Ca or Fe supplements, high fibre diet, stress and illness





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Awarded Nursing Excellence Services



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Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi- 110075

: MRS SIMTA 37 Yr(s) Sex :Female Name Age

**Registration No** MH010871835 Lab No 32230309759

**Patient Episode** H03000053368 **Collection Date:** 25 Mar 2023 10:24

**Referred By** : HEALTH CHECK MHD **Reporting Date:** 25 Mar 2023 14:18

**Receiving Date** : 25 Mar 2023 10:44

## **BIOCHEMISTRY**

affect TSH results.

- \* References ranges recommended by the American Thyroid Association
- 1) Thyroid. 2011 Oct; 21(10):1081-125.PMID .21787128
- 2) http://www.thyroid-info.com/articles/tsh-fluctuating.html

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Interval
Lipid Profile (Serum)			
TOTAL CHOLESTEROL (CHOD/POD)	160	mg/dl	[<200]
			Moderate risk:200-239
	7.0	/ -1.7	High risk:>240
TRIGLYCERIDES (GPO/POD)	78	mg/dl	[<150]
			Borderline high: 151-199
			High: 200 - 499
		/	Very high:>500
HDL - CHOLESTEROL (Direct)	45	mg/dl	[30-60]
VLDL - Cholesterol (Calculated)	16	mg/dl	[10-40]
LDL- CHOLESTEROL	99	mg/dl	[<100]
			Near/Above optimal-100-129
			Borderline High:130-159
			High Risk:160-189
T.Chol/HDL.Chol ratio	3.6		<4.0 Optimal
			4.0-5.0 Borderline
			>6 High Risk
			3
LDL.CHOL/HDL.CHOL Ratio	2.2		<3 Optimal
			3-4 Borderline
			>6 High Risk

### Note:

Reference ranges based on ATP III Classifications. Recommended to do fasting Lipid Profile after a minimum of 8 hours of overnight fasting.

Page 3 of 12













Awarded Emergency Excellence Services NABL Accredited Hospital E-2019-0026/27/07/2019-26/07/2021

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Awarded Clean & Green Hospital N-2019-0113/27/07/2019-26/07/2021 IND18.6278/05/12/2018- 04/12/2019



Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi-110075

Name : MRS SIMTA Age : 37 Yr(s) Sex :Female

Referred By: HEALTH CHECK MHD Reporting Date: 25 Mar 2023 12:07

**Receiving Date** : 25 Mar 2023 10:44

## **BIOCHEMISTRY**

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Interval
LIVER FUNCTION TEST (Serum)			
BILIRUBIN-TOTAL (mod.J Groff) **	0.96	mg/dl	[0.10-1.20]
BILIRUBIN - DIRECT (mod.J Groff)	0.39 #	mg/dl	[<0.2]
BILIRUBIN - INDIRECT (mod.J Groff)	0.57	mg/dl	[0.20-1.00]
SGOT/ AST (P5P, IFCC)	21.70	IU/L	[5.00-37.00]
SGPT/ ALT (P5P, IFCC)	20.80	IU/L	[10.00-50.00]
ALP (p-NPP, kinetic) *	59	IU/L	[37-98]
TOTAL PROTEIN (mod.Biuret)	7.5	g/dl	[6.0-8.2]
SERUM ALBUMIN (BCG-dye)	4.4	g/dl	[3.5-5.0]
SERUM GLOBULIN (Calculated)	3.1	g/dl	[1.8-3.4]
ALB/GLOB (A/G) Ratio	1.42		[1.10-1.80]

#### Note:

Page 4 of 12











NABL Accredited Hospital Awarded Emergency Excellence Services C/3228/04/09/2019-03/09/2021 E-2019-0026/27/07/2019-26/07/2021

E-2019-0026/27/07/2019-26/07/2021 N-2019-0113/27/07/2019-26/07/202: IND18.6278/05/12/2018-04/12/2019

<sup>\*\*</sup>NEW BORN: Vary according to age (days), body wt & gestation of baby

<sup>\*</sup>New born: 4 times the adult value



Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi- 110075

: MRS SIMTA 37 Yr(s) Sex :Female Name Age

**Registration No** MH010871835 Lab No 32230309759

**Patient Episode** H03000053368 **Collection Date:** 25 Mar 2023 10:24

Referred By : HEALTH CHECK MHD **Reporting Date:** 25 Mar 2023 12:08

**Receiving Date** : 25 Mar 2023 10:44

## **BIOCHEMISTRY**

Test Name	Result	Unit B	iological Ref. Interval
KIDNEY PROFILE (Serum)			
BUN (Urease/GLDH)	7.00 #	mg/dl	[8.00-23.00]
SERUM CREATININE (mod.Jaffe)	0.79	mg/dl	[0.60-1.40]
SERUM URIC ACID (mod.Uricase)	3.8	mg/dl	[2.6-6.0]
SERUM CALCIUM (NM-BAPTA)	9.5	mg/dl	[8.6-10.0]
SERUM PHOSPHORUS (Molybdate, UV)	3.3	mg/dl	[2.3-4.7]
SERUM SODIUM (ISE)	140.0	mmol/l	[134.0-145.0]
SERUM POTASSIUM (ISE)	4.29	mmol/l	[3.50-5.20]
SERUM CHLORIDE (ISE / IMT)	105.4 #	mmol/l	[95.0-105.0]
eGFR	95.9	ml/min/1.73sq	.m [>60.0]

Technical Note

eGFR which is primarily based on Serum Creatinine is a derivation of CKD-EPI 2009 equation normalized to 1.73 sq.m BSA and is not applicable to individuals below 18 years. eGFR tends to be less accurate when Serum Creatinine estimation is indeterminate e.g. patients at extremes of muscle mass, on unusual diets etc. and samples with severe Hemolysis / Icterus / Lipemia.

Page 5 of 12

-----END OF REPORT----

Dr. Neelam Singal CONSULTANT BIOCHEMISTRY











Awarded Emergency Excellence Services E-2019-0026/27/07/2019-26/07/2021



Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi- 110075

: MRS SIMTA 37 Yr(s) Sex :Female Name Age

**Registration No** : MH010871835 Lab No 32230309760

**Patient Episode** : H03000053368 **Collection Date:** 25 Mar 2023 14:35

Referred By : HEALTH CHECK MHD **Reporting Date:** 26 Mar 2023 07:27

**Receiving Date** : 25 Mar 2023 15:13

## **BIOCHEMISTRY**

Specimen Type : Plasma PLASMA GLUCOSE - PP

Plasma GLUCOSE - PP (Hexokinase) mg/dl [70-140] 114

Note: Conditions which can lead to lower postprandial glucose levels as compared to fasting glucose are excessive insulin release, rapid gastric emptying,

brisk glucose absorption , post exercise

Specimen Type : Serum/Plasma

Plasma GLUCOSE-Fasting (Hexokinase) 93 mg/dl [70-100]

Page 6 of 12

-----END OF REPORT------

Dr. Neelam Singal

CONSULTANT BIOCHEMISTRY











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Awarded Clean & Green Hospital E-2019-0026/27/07/2019-26/07/2021 N-2019-0113/27/07/2019-26/07/2021 IND18.6278/05/12/2018- 04/12/2019



Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi- 110075

Name : MRS SIMTA Age : 37 Yr(s) Sex :Female

Referred By: HEALTH CHECK MHD Reporting Date: 25 Mar 2023 13:33

**Receiving Date** : 25 Mar 2023 10:47

### HAEMATOLOGY

### ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (Automated) Specimen-Whole Blood

ESR 11.0 /1sthour [0.0-20.0]

### Interpretation :

Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a non-specific phenomena and is clinically useful in the diagnosis and monitoring of disorders associated with an increased production of acute phase reactants (e.g. pyogenic infections, inflammation and malignancies). The ESR is increased in pregnancy from about the 3rd month and returns to normal by the 4th week postpartum.

ESR is influenced by age, sex, menstrual cycle and drugs (eg. corticosteroids, contraceptives).

It is especially low (0 - 1mm) in polycythemia, hypofibrinogenemia or congestive cardiac failure and when there are abnormalities of the red cells such as poikilocytosis, spherocytosis or sickle cells.

Test Name COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT (EDTA Blood)	Result	Unit Bio	ological Ref. Interval
•	6040	/	[4000 10000]
WBC Count (Flow cytometry)	6240	/cu.mm	[4000-10000]
RBC Count (Impedence)	4.55	million/cu.mm	[3.80-4.80]
Haemoglobin (SLS Method)	11.9 #	g/dL	[12.0-15.0]
Haematocrit (PCV)	37.5	%	[36.0-46.0]
(RBC Pulse Height Detector Method)			
MCV (Calculated)	82.4 #	fL	[83.0-101.0]
MCH (Calculated)	26.2	pg	[25.0-32.0]
MCHC (Calculated)	31.7	g/dL	[31.5-34.5]
Platelet Count (Impedence)	253000	/cu.mm	[150000-410000]
RDW-CV (Calculated)	16.2 #	8	[11.6-14.0]
DIFFERENTIAL COUNT			
Neutrophils (Flowcytometry)	66.0	96	[40.0-80.0]
Lymphocytes (Flowcytometry)	23.9	%	[20.0-40.0]









E-2019-0026/27/07/2019-26/07/2021





Awarded Nursing Excellence Services Awarded Clean & Green Hospital N-2019-0113/27/07/2019-26/07/2021 IND18.6278/05/12/2018- 04/12/2019



Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi- 110075

Name : MRS SIMTA Age : 37 Yr(s) Sex :Female

Referred By: HEALTH CHECK MHD Reporting Date: 25 Mar 2023 13:33

**Receiving Date** : 25 Mar 2023 10:47

### **HAEMATOLOGY**

Monocytes (Flowcytometry)	9.3		ଚ	[2.0-10.0]
Eosinophils (Flowcytometry)	0.6 #		%	[1.0-6.0]
Basophils (Flowcytometry)	0.2 #		%	[1.0-2.0]
IG	0.30		ଖ	
Neutrophil Absolute (Flouroscence fl	ow cytometry)	4.1	/cu mm	$[2.0-7.0] \times 10^{3}$
Lymphocyte Absolute(Flouroscence fl	ow cytometry)	1.5	/cu mm	$[1.0-3.0] \times 10^{3}$
Monocyte Absolute (Flouroscence flow	cytometry)	0.6	/cu mm	$[0.2-1.2] \times 10^{3}$
Eosinophil Absolute (Flouroscence fl	ow cytometry)	0.0	/cu mm	$[0.0-0.5] \times 10^{3}$
Basophil Absolute (Flouroscence flow	cytometry)	0.0	/cu mm	$[0.0-0.1] \times 10^{3}$

Complete Blood Count is used to evaluate wide range of health disorders, including anemia, infection, and leukemia. Abnormal increase or decrease in cell counts as revealed may indicate that an underlying medical condition that calls for further evaluation.

Page 8 of 12

-----END OF REPORT-----

Soma Pradhan

Dr. Soma Pradhan











Awarded Emergency Excellence Services E-2019-0026/27/07/2019-26/07/2021

Awarded Nursing Excellence Services Awarded Clean & Green Hospital N-2019-0113/27/07/2019-26/07/2021 IND18.6278/05/12/2018- 04/12/2019

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Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi- 110075

Name MRS SIMTA 37 Yr(s) Sex :Female Age

**Registration No** MH010871835 Lab No 38230301988

**Patient Episode** H03000053368 **Collection Date:** 25 Mar 2023 10:24

HEALTH CHECK MHD 25 Mar 2023 16:05 **Referred By Reporting Date:** 

**Receiving Date** 25 Mar 2023 11:07

## **CLINICAL PATHOLOGY**

Test Name	Result	Biological Ref. Interval
ROUTINE URINE ANALYSIS		
MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION		
Colour (Visual)	PALE YELLOW	(Pale Yellow - Yellow)
Appearance (Visual)	SLIGHTLY TURBID	
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION		
Reaction[pH]	7.0	(5.0-9.0)
(Reflectancephotometry(Indicator Metho	od))	
Specific Gravity	1.010	(1.003-1.035)
(Reflectancephotometry(Indicator Metho	od))	
Bilirubin	Negative	NEGATIVE
Protein/Albumin	Negative	(NEGATIVE-TRACE)
(Reflectance photometry(Indicator Meth	nod)/Manual SSA)	
Glucose	NOT DETECTED	(NEGATIVE)
(Reflectance photometry (GOD-POD/Bened	lict Method))	
Ketone Bodies	NOT DETECTED	(NEGATIVE)
(Reflectance photometry(Legal's Test)/	'Manual Rotheras)	
Urobilinogen	NORMAL	(NORMAL)
Reflactance photometry/Diazonium salt	reaction	
Nitrite	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE
Reflactance photometry/Griess test		
Leukocytes	+++	NEGATIVE
Reflactance photometry/Action of Ester	rase	
BLOOD	NIL	NEGATIVE
(Reflectance photometry(peroxidase))		
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION (Manual) Me	thod: Light microscopy on	centrifuged urine
WBC/Pus Cells	10-15 /hpf	(4-6)
Red Blood Cells	NIL	(1-2)
Epithelial Cells	10-15 /hpf	(2-4)
Casts	NIL	(NIL)
Crystals	NIL	(NIL)
Bacteria	NIL	
Yeast cells	NIL	

Interpretation:

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Awarded Emergency Excellence Services E-2019-0026/27/07/2019-26/07/2021



Page 9 of 12

Awarded Nursing Excellence Services N-2019-0113/27/07/2019-26/07/2021 IND18.6278/05/12/2018- 04/12/2019

Awarded Clean & Green Hospital



Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi-110075

: MRS SIMTA : 37 Yr(s) Sex :Female Name Age

: MH010871835 38230301988 **Registration No** Lab No

: H03000053368 **Collection Date: Patient Episode** 25 Mar 2023 10:24

Referred By : HEALTH CHECK MHD **Reporting Date:** 25 Mar 2023 16:05

: 25 Mar 2023 11:07 **Receiving Date** 

### **CLINICAL PATHOLOGY**

URINALYSIS-Routine urine analysis assists in screening and diagnosis of various metabolic , urological, kidney and liver disorders

Protein: Elevated proteins can be an early sign of kidney disease. Urinary protein excretion can also be temporarily elevated by strenuous exercise, orthostatic proteinuria, dehydration, urina tract infections and acute illness with fever

Glucose: Uncontrolled diabetes mellitus can lead to presence of glucose in urine.

Other causes include pregnancy, hormonal disturbances, liver disease and certain medications.

Ketones: Uncontrolled diabetes mellitus can lead to presence of ketones in urine.

Ketones can also be seen in starvation, frequent vomiting, pregnancy and strenuous exercise.

Blood: Occult blood can occur in urine as intact erythrocytes or haemoglobin, which can occur in various urological, nephrological and bleeding disorders.

Leukocytes: An increase in leukocytes is an indication of inflammation in urinary tract or kidneys Most Common cause is bacterial urinary tract infection.

Nitrite: Many bacteria give positive results when their number is high. Nitrite concentration duri infection increases with length of time the urine specimen is retained in bladder prior to collection.

pH: The kidneys play an important role in maintaining acid base balance of the body. Conditions of the body producing acidosis/alkalosis or ingestion of certain type of food can affect the pH of urine.

Specific gravity: Specific gravity gives an indication of how concentrated the urine is. Increased Specific gravity is seen in conditions like dehydration, glycosuria and proteinuria while decrease Specific gravity is seen in excessive fluid intake, renal failure and diabetes insipidus.

Bilirubin: In certain liver diseases such as biliary obstruction or hepatitis, bilirubin gets excreted in urine.

Urobilinogen: Positive results are seen in liver diseases like hepatitis and cirrhosis

and in case of hemolytic anemia.

Page 10 of 12

-----END OF REPORT-----



Dr. Soma Pradhan











Awarded Emergency Excellence Services E-2019-0026/27/07/2019-26/07/2021 N-2019-0113/27/07/2019-26/07/2021 IND18.6278/05/12/2018- 04/12/2019



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Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi- 110075

: MRS SIMTA 37 Yr(s) Sex :Female Name Age

**Registration No** : MH010871835 Lab No 39230300274

**Patient Episode** : H03000053368 **Collection Date:** 25 Mar 2023 13:13

Referred By : HEALTH CHECK MHD **Reporting Date:** 28 Mar 2023 11:27

**Receiving Date** : 28 Mar 2023 11:27

### **CYTOPATHOLOGY**

CYTOLOGY NUMBER: C-677/23

SPECIMEN TYPE: Conventional pap smear

SMEAR SITE: Ectocervix and Endocervix

CLINICAL HISTORY: P2L2, PS; Cervix unhealthy, mild erosion present, touch to bleed,

cervicitis

REPORTING SYSTEM: Bethesda System for reporting Cervical Cytology

SPECIMEN ADEQUACY: Adequate

MICROSCOPY: Smears show superficial and intermediate squamous epithelial cells with fair number of polymorphs. Endocervical cells present. No evidence of trichomonas vaginalis or fungi is seen. No evidence of intraepithelial lesion or Malignancy is seen.

IMPRESSION: Inflammatory smear.

Negative for Intraepithelial lesion or Malignancy.

Disclaimer: Gynecological Cytology is a screening test that aids in the detection of cervical cancer precursors. Both false Positive & Negative results can occur. The





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Awarded Nursing Excellence Services







Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi- 110075

Name : MRS SIMTA 37 Yr(s) Sex :Female Age

**Registration No** MH010871835 Lab No 39230300274

**Patient Episode** H03000053368 **Collection Date:** 25 Mar 2023 13:13

**Referred By** : HEALTH CHECK MHD **Reporting Date:** 28 Mar 2023 11:27

**Receiving Date** : 28 Mar 2023 11:27

## CYTOPATHOLOGY

test should be used at regular intervals & positive results should be confirmed before definitive therapy.

Page 12 of 12

-----END OF REPORT-----

Dr. Asha Preethi V.S. CONSULTANT PATHOLOGY















 Name:
 SIMTA
 Hospital No:
 MH010871835

 Age:
 37
 Sex:
 F
 Episode No:
 H03000053368

Doctor: Health Check MHD Result Date: 27 Mar 2023 11:05

Order: Ultrasound abdomen n pelvis

## **USG WHOLE ABDOMEN**

## Results:

Liver is normal in size (13.8cm) and shows grade I fatty changes. No focal intra-hepatic lesion is detected. Intra-hepatic biliary radicals are not dilated. Portal vein is normal in calibre.

Gall bladder appears echofree with normal wall thickness.

Common bile duct is normal in calibre.

Pancreas is normal in size and echopattern.

Spleen is normal in size (9.3cm) and echopattern.

Both kidneys are normal in position, size (RK = 104x32mm and LK =101x34mm) and outline. Cortico-medullary differentiation of both kidneys is maintained. Central sinus echoes are compact. No focal lesion or calculus seen. Bilateral pelvicalyceal systems are not dilated.

Urinary bladder is normal in wall thickness with clear contents. No significant intra or extraluminal mass is seen.

Uterus is retroverted. Myometrial echogenicity appears uniform. Endometrium is thickened and measures 13.8mm.

Right ovary is normal in size and shows a cyst of size 21x12mm.

Left ovary is normal.

No significant free fluid is detected.

## IMPRESSION:

- Grade I fatty liver.
- Thickened endometrium.

Name: SIMTA Hospital No: MH010871835

Age: 37 Sex: F Episode No: H03000053368

Doctor: Health Check MHD Result Date: 27 Mar 2023 11:05

Order: Ultrasound abdomen n pelvis

Suggested clinical, hormonal and TVS correlation

**Dr. Kumar Raju** ASSOCIATE CONSULTANT 
 Name:
 SIMTA
 Hospital No:
 MH010871835

 Age:
 37
 Sex:
 F
 Episode No:
 H03000053368

Doctor: Health Check MHD Result Date: 27 Mar 2023 11:05

Order: Ultrasound abdomen n pelvis

## **USG WHOLE ABDOMEN**

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## IMPRESSION:

- Grade I fatty liver.
- Thickened endometrium.

Name: SIMTA Hospital No: MH010871835

Age: 37 Sex: F Episode No: H03000053368

Doctor: Health Check MHD Result Date: 27 Mar 2023 11:05

Order: Ultrasound abdomen n pelvis

Suggested clinical, hormonal and TVS correlation

**Dr. Kumar Raju** ASSOCIATE CONSULTANT

NAME	SIMTA	STUDY DATE	25-03-2023 11:14:20
AGE / SEX	037Yrs / F	HOSPITAL NO.	MH010871835
REFERRING DEPT	OPD	MODALITY/Procedure	CR /Xray chest PA (CXR)
REPORTED ON	26-03-2023 16:47:51	REFERRED BY	Dr. Health Check MHD

# X-RAY CHEST - PA VIEW

## **Findings:**

Prominent bronchovascular markings are seen.

Both hilar shadows appear prominent –likely vascular.

Cardiothoracic ratio is within normal limits.

Both hemidiaphragmatic outlines appear normal.

Both costophrenic angles are clear.

Kindly correlate clinically.

Dr. Kumar Raju DMRD, DNB DMC No. 106585

marka

**Associate Consultant, Radiology** 

NAME	SIMTA	STUDY DATE	25-03-2023 11:14:20
AGE / SEX	037Yrs / F	HOSPITAL NO.	MH010871835
REFERRING DEPT	OPD	MODALITY/Procedure	CR /Xray chest PA (CXR)
REPORTED ON	26-03-2023 16:47:51	REFERRED BY	Dr. Health Check MHD

N.B.: This is only a professional opinion and not the final diagnosis. Radiological investigations are subject to variations due to technical limitations. Hence, correlation with clinical findings and other investigations should be carried out to know true nature of illness.