# **DEPARTMENT OF RADIO DIAGNOSIS**

UHID / IP NO	40007208 (14012)	RISNo./Status :	4014447/
UHID/IF NO	40007298 (14012)	RISNO./Status:	4014447/
Patient Name :	Mr. HITESH KUMAR BAGADIA	Age/Gender :	37 Y/M
Referred By :	Dr. ROOPAM SHARMA/ DIWANSHU KHATANA	Ward/Bed No :	OPD
Bill Date/No :	05/11/2023 11:37AM/ OPSCR23- 24/7402	Scan Date :	
<b>Report Date :</b>	05/11/2023 12:12PM	Company Name:	Mediwheel - Arcofemi Health Care Ltd.

## ULTRASOUND STUDY OF WHOLE ABDOMEN

Liver:	Normal in size & echotexture. No obvious significant focal parenchymal mass lesion noted. Intrahepatic biliary radicals are not dilated. Portal vein is normal.
Gall Bladder:	Lumen is clear. Wall thickness is normal. CBD is normal.
Pancreas:	Normal in size & echotexture.
Spleen:	Normal in size & echotexture. No focal lesion seen.
Right Kidney:	Normal in shape, size & location. Echotexture is normal. Corticomedullary differentiation is maintained. No evidence of significant hydronephrosis or obstructive calculus noted.
Left Kidney:	Normal in shape, size & location. Echotexture is normal. Corticomedullary differentiation is maintained. No evidence of significant hydronephrosis or obstructive calculus noted.
Urinary Bladder:	Normal in size, shape & volume. No obvious calculus or mass lesion is seen. Wall thickness is normal.
Prostate:	Is normal in size and echotexture.
Others: <u>IMPRESSION</u> : USG	No significant free fluid is seen in pelvic peritoneal cavity. findings are suggestive of

• No obvious significant sonographic abnormality noted.

Correlate clinically & with other related investigations.

stions

DR. APOORVA JETWANI Incharge & Senior Consultant Radiology MBBS, DMRD, DNB Reg. No. 26466, 16307

# **DEPARTMENT OF CARDIOLOGY**

UHID / IP NO	40007298 (14012)	<b>RISNo./Status :</b>	4014447/
Patient Name :	Mr. HITESH KUMAR BAGADIA	Age/Gender :	37 Y/M
Referred By :	Dr. ROOPAM SHARMA/ DIWANSHU KHATANA	Ward/Bed No :	OPD
Bill Date/No :	05/11/2023 11:37AM/ OPSCR23- 24/7402	Scan Date :	
<b>Report Date :</b>	05/11/2023 1:23PM	Company Name:	Final

## **REFERRAL REASON: - DM, HEALTH CHECKUP**

## 2D ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY WITH COLOR DOPPLER

### **M MODE DIMENSIONS: -**

			No	rmal				Normal
IVSD	10.4	6-12mm		LVIDS	29.0	20-40mm		
LVIDD	44.4		32-	57mm		LVPWS	16.8	mm
LVPWD	10.9		6-1	2mm		AO	26.7	19-37mm
IVSS	15.9		J	mm		LA	34.9	19-40mm
LVEF	64-66		>	55%		RA	-	mm
	DOPPLEF	R MEA	SUREN	1ENTS &	& CALC	ULATIONS	:	
STRUCTURE	MORPHOLOGY		VELOC	CITY (m/	's)	GRADIENT		REGURGITATION
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		(mmHg <u>)</u>				
MITRAL	NORMAL	Е	1.03	e'		-		NIL
VALVE		Α	0.58	E/e'				
TRICUSPID	NORMAL	E 0.56		-		NIL		
VALVE		A 0.54						
AORTIC	NORMAL	1.40		-		NIL		
VALVE								
PULMONARY	NORMAL		(	).79				NIL
VALVE						-		

### **COMMENTS & CONCLUSION: -**

- ALL CARDIAC CHAMBERS ARE NORMAL
- NO RWMA, LVEF 64-66%
- NORMAL LV SYSTOLIC FUNCTION
- NORMAL LV DIASTOLIC FUNCTION
- ALL CARDIAC VALVES ARE NORMAL
- NO EVIDENCE OF CLOT/VEGETATION/PE
- INTACT IVS/IAS

### **IMPRESSION: - NORMAL BI VENTRICULAR FUNCTIONS**

DR SUPRIY JAIN MBBS, M.D., D.M. (CARDIOLOGY) INCHARGE & SR. CONSULTANT INTERVENTIONAL CARDIOLOGY DR ROOPAM SHARMA MBBS, PGDCC, FIAE CONSULTANT & INCHARGE EMERGENCY, PREVENTIVE CARDIOLOGY AND WELLNESS CENTRE

Patient Name	Mr. HITESH KUMAR BAGADIA	Lab No	563362	A STREET FOR	
UHID	326737	Collection Date	05/11/2023 1:28PM		
Age/Gender	37 Yrs/Male	Receiving Date	05/11/2023 1:30PM	17	
IP/OP Location	O-OPD	Report Date	05/11/2023 1:46PM	MC-2561	
Referred By	Dr. EHCC Consultant	Report Status	Final	WC-2501	
Mobile No.	9773349797				
BIOCUENISTRY					

### BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range
			Sample: WHOLE BLOOD EDTA
HBA1C	8.1	%	< 5.7% Nondiabetic 5.7-6.4% Pre-diabetic
			> 6.4% Indicate Diabetes
			Known Diabetic Patients
			< 7 % Excellent Control
			7 - 8 % Good Control
			> 8 % Poor Control

Method : - High - performance liquid chromatography HPLC Interpretation:-Monitoring long term glycemic control, testing every 3 to 4 months is generally sufficient. The approximate relationship between HbAlC and mean blood glucose values during the preceding 2 to 3 months.

\*\*End Of Report\*\*

**RESULT ENTERED BY : Mr. PANKAJ SHUKLA** 

Sweden Sign

Dr. SURENDRA SINGH **CONSULTANT & HOD** MBBS | MD | PATHOLOGY

Dr. ASHISH SHARMA **CONSULTANT & INCHARGE PATHOLOGY** MBBS | MD | PATHOLOGY

Page: 1 Of 1

Patient Name	Mr. HITESH KUMAR BAGADIA	Lab No	4014447
UHID	40007298	Collection Date	05/11/2023 11:44AM
Age/Gender	37 Yrs/Male	<b>Receiving Date</b>	05/11/2023 11:54AM
IP/OP Location	O-OPD	Report Date	05/11/2023 1:20PM
Referred By	Dr. ROOPAM SHARMA/ DIWANSHU KHATANA	Report Status	Final
Mobile No.	9887057383		

### BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range	
BLOOD GLUCOSE (FASTING)				Sample: Fl. Plasma
BLOOD GLUCOSE (FASTING)	74.3	mg/dl	74 - 106	

Method: Hexokinase assay.

Interpretation:-Diagnosis and monitoring of treatment in diabetes mellitus and evaluation of carbohydrate metabolism in various diseases.

THYROID T3 T4 TSH				Sample: Serum
ТЗ	1.270	ng/mL	0.970 - 1.690	
Τ4	7.52	ug/dl	5.53 - 11.00	
TSH	3.17	μIU/mL	0.40 - 4.05	

T3:- Method: ElectroChemiLuminescence ImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation:-The determination of T3 is utilized in the diagnosis of T3-hyperthyroidism the detection of early stages of hyperthyroidism and for indicating a diagnosis of thyrotoxicosis factitia.

T4:- Method: ElectroChemiLuminescence ImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation:-The determination of T4 assay employs acompetitive test principle with an antibody specifically directed against T4.

#### TSH - THYROID STIMULATING HORMONE :- ElectroChemiLuminescenceImmunoAssay - ECLIA

Interpretation:-The determination of TSH serves as theinitial test in thyroid diagnostics. Even very slight changes in theconcentrations of the free thyroid hormones bring about much greater oppositechanges in the TSH levels.

BILIRUBIN TOTAL	0.96	mg/dl	0.00 - 1.20
BILIRUBIN INDIRECT	0.75	mg/dl	0.20 - 1.00
BILIRUBIN DIRECT	0.21	mg/dl	0.00 - 0.40
SGOT	27.9	U/L	0.0 - 40.0
SGPT	28.5	U/L	0.0 - 40.0

#### **RESULT ENTERED BY : NEETU SHARMA**

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#### Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

MBBS|MD|INCHARGE PATHOLOGY

### Sample: Serum

Patient Name UHID	Mr. HITESH KUMAR BAGADIA 40007298	Lab No Collection Date	4014447 05/11/2023 11:44AM	
Age/Gender	37 Yrs/Male	<b>Receiving Date</b>	05/11/2023 11:54AM	
IP/OP Location	O-OPD	Report Date	05/11/2023 1:20PM	
Referred By	Dr. ROOPAM SHARMA/ DIWANSHU KHATANA	Report Status	Final	
Mobile No.	9887057383			
BIOCHEMISTRY				

		DIOCHEIVIISTRT	
TOTAL PROTEIN	6.9	g/dl	6.6 - 8.7
ALBUMIN	4.7	g/dl	3.5 - 5.2
GLOBULIN	2.2		1.8 - 3.6
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE	29.1 L	U/L	53 - 128
A/G RATIO	2.1	Ratio	1.5 - 2.5
GGTP	17.1	U/L	10.0 - 55.0

BILIRUBIN TOTAL :- Method: DPD assay. Interpretation:-Total Bilirubin measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of various liver diseases, and of haemolytic and metabolic disorders in adults and newborns. Both obstruction damage to hepatocellular structive.

BILIRUBIN DIRECT :- Method: Diazo method Interpretation:-Determinations of direct bilirubin measure mainly conjugated,

water soluble bilirubin. SGOT - AST :- Method: IFCC without pyridoxal phosphate activation. Interpretation:-SGOT(AST) measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of certain types of liver and heart disease.

SGPT - ALT :- Method: IFCC without pyridoxal phosphate activation. Interpretation:-SGPT(ALT) Ratio Is Used For Differential Diagnosis In Liver Diseases.

TOTAL PROTEINS :- Method: Bluret colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-Total protein measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of a variety of liver and kidney diseases and bone marrow as well as metabolic and nutritional disorder. ALBUMIN :- Method: Colorimetric (BCP) assay. Interpretation:-For Diagnosis and monitoring of liver diseases, e.g. liver cirrhosis, nutritional status.

ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE :- Method: Colorimetric assay according to IFCC. Interpretation:-Elevated serum ALT is found in hepatitis, cirrhosis, obstructive jaundice, carcinoma of the liver, and chronic alcohol abuse. ALT is only slightly elevated in patients who have an uncomplicated myocardial infarction. GGTP-GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSPEPTIDASE :- Method: Enzymetic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-y-glutamyltransferase is used in the diagnosis and monitoring of hepatobiliary disease. Enzymatic activity of GGT is often the only parameter with increased values when testing for such diseases and is one of the most sensitive indicator known.

#### LIPID PROFILE

TOTAL CHOLESTEROL	223		<200 mg/dl :- Desirable 200-240 mg/dl :- Borderline >240 mg/dl :- High
HDL CHOLESTEROL	42.4		High Risk :-<40 mg/dl (Male), <40 mg/dl (Female) Low Risk :->=60 mg/dl (Male), >=60 mg/dl (Female)
LDL CHOLESTEROL	168.6		Optimal :- <100 mg/dl Near or Above Optimal :- 100-129 mg/dl Borderline :- 130-159 mg/dl High :- 160-189 mg/dl Very High :- >190 mg/dl
CHOLESTERO VLDL	24	mg/dl	10 - 50

#### **RESULT ENTERED BY : NEETU SHARMA**

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#### **Dr. ABHINAY VERMA**

Patient Name UHID Age/Gender IP/OP Location Referred By Mobile No.	Mr. HITESH KUMAR BAGAD 40007298 37 Yrs/Male O-OPD Dr. ROOPAM SHARMA/ DIW 9887057383			Lab No Collection Date Receiving Date Report Date Report Status	4014447 05/11/2023 11:44AM 05/11/2023 11:54AM 05/11/2023 1:20PM Final
		BIOC	HEMISTR	Y	
TRIGLYCERIDES 117.6			Normal :- <150 mg/dl Border Line:- 150 - 199 mg/dl High :- 200 - 499 mg/dl Very high :- > 500 mg/dl		
CHOLESTEROL/HDL RA	TIO	5.3	%		
CHOLESTEROL TOTAL :- Method: CHOD-PAP enzymatic colorimetric assay. interpretation:-The determination of the individual total cholesterol (TC) level is used for screening purposes while for a better risk assessment it is necessary to measure additionally lipid & lipoprotein metabolic disorders. HDL CHOLESTEROL :- Method:-Homogenous enzymetic colorimetric method. Interpretation:-HDL-cholesterol has a protective against coronary heart disease, while reduced HDL-cholesterol concentrations, particularly in conjunction with elevated triglycerides, increase the cardiovascular disease. LDL CHOLESTEROL :- Method: Homogenous enzymatic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-LDL play a key role in causing and influencing the progression of atherosclerosis and in particular coronary sclerosis. The LDL are derived form VLDL rich in TG by the action of various lipolytic enzymes and are synthesized in the liver. CHOLESTEROL VLDL :- Method: VLDL Calculative TRIGLYCERIDES :- Method: GPO-PAP enzymatic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:-High triglycerde levels also occur in various diseases of liver, kidneys and pancreas. DM, nephrosis, liver obstruction. CHOLESTEROL/HDL RATIO :- Method: Cholesterol/HDL Ratio Calculative				lic disorders. The description of the second secon	

UREA	19.4	mg/dl	16.60 - 48.50
BUN	9.1	mg/dl	6 - 20
CREATININE	0.87	mg/dl	0.60 - 1.10
SODIUM	138.8	mmol/L	136 - 145
POTASSIUM	4.13	mmol/L	3.50 - 5.50
CHLORIDE	106.0	mmol/L	98 - 107
URIC ACID	3.0 L	mg/dl	3.5 - 7.2
CALCIUM	9.68	mg/dl	8.60 - 10.30

### **RESULT ENTERED BY : NEETU SHARMA**

AlbineyVana

### Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

MBBS | MD | INCHARGE PATHOLOGY

Sample: Serum

Patient Name	Mr. HITESH KUMAR BAGADIA	Lab No	4014447
UHID	40007298	Collection Date	05/11/2023 11:44AM
Age/Gender	37 Yrs/Male	Receiving Date	05/11/2023 11:54AM
IP/OP Location	O-OPD	Report Date	05/11/2023 1:20PM
Referred By	Dr. ROOPAM SHARMA/ DIWANSHU KHATANA	Report Status	Final
Mobile No.	9887057383		

**CREATININE - SERUM** :- Method:-Jaffe method, Interpretation:-To differentiate acute and chronic kidneydisease. **URIC ACID** :- Method: Enzymatic colorimetric assay. Interpretation:- Elevated blood concentrations of uricacid are renal diseases with decreased excretion of waste products, starvation, drug abuse and increased alcohol consume.

SODIUM :- Method: ISE electrode. Interpretation:-Decrease: Prolonged vomiting or diarrhea, diminished reabsorption in the

kidney and excessive fluid retention. Increase: excessive fluid loss, high salt intake andkidney reabsorption. POTASSIUM :- Method: ISE electrode. Intrpretation:-Low level: Intake excessive loss formbodydue to diarrhea, vomiting

chabitat in Action in the interference renal reabsorption as well as forms of acidosisand alkalosis.

Increase: dehydration, kidney failure, some form ofacidosis, high dietary or parenteral chloride intake, and salicylate poisoning.

UREA:- Method: Urease/GLDH kinetic assay. Interpretation:-Elevations in blood urea nitrogenconcentration are seen in inadequate renal perfusion, shock, diminished bloodvolume, chronic nephritis, nephrosclerosis, tubular necrosis, glomerularnephritis and UTI.

CALCIUM TOTAL :- Method: O-Cresolphthaleine complexone. Interpretation:-Increase in serum PTH or vit-D are usuallyassociated with hypercalcemia. Increased serum calcium levels may also beobserved in multiple myeloma and other neoplastic diseases. Hypocalcemia may

beobserved in hypoparathyroidism, nephrosis, and pancreatitis.

**RESULT ENTERED BY : NEETU SHARMA** 

Patient Name	Mr. HITESH KUMAR BAGADIA	Lab No	4014447
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## **BLOOD BANK INVESTIGATION**

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Range
BLOOD GROUPING	"AB" Rh Positive		

Note : 1. Both forward and reverse grouping performed. 2. Test conducted on EDTA whole blood.

**RESULT ENTERED BY : NEETU SHARMA** 

AldrinayVana

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name	Mr. HITESH KUMAR BAGADIA	Lab No	4014447
UHID	40007298	Collection Date	05/11/2023 11:44AM
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# CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

URINE SUGAR (RANDOM) NEGATIVE Sample: Urine   URINE SUGAR (RANDOM) NEGATIVE Sample: Urine
Sample: Uring
Sample: Uring
Sample. Office
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION
VOLUME 20 ml
COLOUR PALE YELLOW P YELLOW
APPEARANCE CLEAR CLEAR
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION
PH <b>7.5 H</b> 5.5 - 7.0
SPECIFIC GRAVITY     1.015     1.016-1.022
PROTEIN NEGATIVE NEGATIVE
SUGAR NEGATIVE NEGATIVE
BILIRUBIN NEGATIVE NEGATIVE
BLOOD NEGATIVE
KETONES NEGATIVE NEGATIVE
NITRITE NEGATIVE NEGATIVE
UROBILINOGEN NEGATIVE NEGATIVE
LEUCOCYTE NEGATIVE NEGATIVE
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION
WBCS/HPF 1-2 /hpf 0-3
RBCS/HPF 0-0 /hpf 0-2
EPITHELIAL CELLS/HPF 0-2 /hpf 0-1
CASTS NIL NIL
CRYSTALS NIL NIL
BACTERIA NIL NIL
OHTERS NIL NIL

**RESULT ENTERED BY : NEETU SHARMA** 

AlbineyVana

Dr. ABHINAY VERMA

Patient Name	Mr. HITESH KUMAR BAGADIA	Lab No	4014447
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Methodology:-

Glucose: GOD-POD, Bilirubin: Diazo-Azo-coupling reaction with a diazonium, Ketone: Nitro Pruside reaction, Specific Gravity: Proton re;ease from ions, Blood: Psuedo-Peroxidase activity oh Haem moiety, pH: Methye Red-Bromothymol Blue (Double indicator system), Protein: H+ Release by buffer, microscopic & chemical method. interpretation: Diagnosis of Kidney function, UTI, Presence of Protein, Glucoses, Blood. Vocubulary syntax: Kit insert

**RESULT ENTERED BY : NEETU SHARMA** 

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Mobile No.	9887057383		

### HEMATOLOGY

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Ra	nge
CBC (COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT)				Sample: WHOLE BLOOD EDTA
HAEMOGLOBIN	14.2	g/dl	13.0 - 17.0	
PACKED CELL VOLUME(PCV)	43.8	%	40.0 - 50.0	
MCV	88.0	fl	82 - 92	
MCH	28.5	pg	27 - 32	
MCHC	32.4	g/dl	32 - 36	
RBC COUNT	4.98	millions/cu.mm	4.50 - 5.50	
TLC (TOTAL WBC COUNT)	5.93	10^3/ uL	4 - 10	
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT				
NEUTROPHILS	39.3 L	%	40 - 80	
LYMPHOCYTE	49.2 H	%	20 - 40	
EOSINOPHILS	3.9	%	1 - 6	
MONOCYTES	6.9	%	2 - 10	
BASOPHIL	0.7 L	%	1 - 2	
PLATELET COUNT	3.22	lakh/cumm	1.500 - 4.500	

HAEMOGLOBIN :- Method:-SLS HemoglobinMethodology by Cell Counter.Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia.

MCV :- Method:- Calculation bysysmex. MCH :- Method:- Calculation bysysmex. MCHC :- Method:- Calculation bysysmex.

RBC COUNT :- Method:-Hydrodynamicfocusing.Interpretation:-Low-Anemia,High-Polycythemia.

TLC (TOTAL WBC COUNT) :- Method:-Optical Detectorblock based on Flowcytometry.Interpretation:-High-Leucocytosis, Low-Leucopenia.

NEUTROPHILS :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry

LYMPHOCYTS :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry

EOSINOPHILS :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry MONOCYTES :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry

BASOPHIL :- Method: Optical detectorblock based on Flowcytometry

**PLATELET COUNT :-** Method:-Hydrodynamicfocusing method.Interpretation:-Low-Thrombocytopenia, High-Thrombocytosis.

HCT: Method:- Pulse Height Detection. Interpretation:-Low-Anemia, High-Polycythemia. NOTE: CH- CRITICAL HIGH, CL: CRITICAL LOW, L: LOW, H: HIGH

ESR (ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE)

10

mm/1st hr 0 - 15

**RESULT ENTERED BY : NEETU SHARMA** 

AldrinaryVerna

#### **Dr. ABHINAY VERMA**

Patient Name UHID	Mr. HITESH KUMAR BAGADIA 40007298	Lab No Collection Date	4014447 05/11/2023 11:44AM
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Method:-Modified Westergrens. Interpretation:-Increased in infections, sepsis, and malignancy.

**RESULT ENTERED BY : NEETU SHARMA** 

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X Ray

Unit

Test Name

Result

**Biological Ref. Range** 

# X-RAY - CHEST PA VIEW

## **OBSERVATION:**

The trachea is central.

The mediastinal and cardiac silhouette are normal.

Cardiothoracic ratio is normal.

Cardiophrenic and costophrenic angles are normal.

Both hila are normal.

The lung fields are clear.

Bones of the thoracic cage are normal.

\*\*End Of Report\*\*

**RESULT ENTERED BY : NEETU SHARMA** 



**APOORVA JETWANI** 

Select