







CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS : JYOTSNA YADAV

SRL Ltd 74,PASHCHIMI MARG,VASANT VIHAR NEW DELHI, 110057 NEW DELHI, INDIA Tel : 9111591115, Fax : CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956 Email : customercare.palammarg@srl.in

	Emai	I : custo	mercare.palammarg@srl.ir	1
PATIENT NAME : JYOTSNA YADAV			PATIENT ID :	JYOTF26118763
ACCESSION NO : 0063VK001250 AGE :	34 Years SEX : Female		ABHA NO :	
DRAWN : 21/11/2022 09:00 RECE	IVED : 21/11/2022 09:02		REPORTED : 22/11/2	022 09:30
REFERRING DOCTOR : SELF			CLIENT PATIENT I	D :
Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results		Biological Reference	Interval Units
MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP BELOW 40FEMALE				
BLOOD COUNTS,EDTA WHOLE BLOOD				
HEMOGLOBIN (HB)	11.4	Low	12.0 - 15.0	g/dL
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY				
RED BLOOD CELL (RBC) COUNT	4.04		3.8 - 4.8	mil/µL
METHOD : IMPEDANCE				
WHITE BLOOD CELL (WBC) COUNT	4.58		4.0 - 10.0	thou/µL
METHOD : IMPEDANCE				
PLATELET COUNT	190		150 - 410	thou/µL
METHOD : IMPEDANCE				
RBC AND PLATELET INDICES				
HEMATOCRIT (PCV)	34.3	Low	36 - 46	%
METHOD : CALCULATED				
MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOLUME (MCV)	84.9		83 - 101	fL
METHOD : DERIVED FROM IMPEDANCE MEASURE				
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN (MCH)	28.2		27.0 - 32.0	pg
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN CONCENTRATION (MCHC) METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	33.2		31.5 - 34.5	g/dL
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW)	14.9	High	11.6 - 14.0	%
METHOD : DERIVED FROM IMPEDANCE MEASURE				
MENTZER INDEX	21.0			
MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV)	12.8	High	6.8 - 10.9	fL
METHOD : DERIVED FROM IMPEDANCE MEASURE				
WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT				
NEUTROPHILS	49		40 - 80	%
METHOD : DHSS FLOWCYTOMETRY				
LYMPHOCYTES	40		20 - 40	%
METHOD : DHSS FLOWCYTOMETRY				
MONOCYTES	8		2 - 10	%
METHOD : DHSS FLOWCYTOMETRY				
EOSINOPHILS	2		1 - 6	%
METHOD : DHSS FLOWCYTOMETRY				
BASOPHILS	1		0 - 2	%
METHOD : IMPEDANCE				

2.21

2.0 - 7.0



ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT



thou/µL









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PATIENT NAME: JYOTSNA YADAV		PATIENT ID : JYC	DTF26118763
ACCESSION NO : 0063VK001250 AGE : 3	34 Years SEX : Female	ABHA NO :	
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METHOD : DHSS FLOWCYTOMETRY, CALCULATED			
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT	1.83	1 - 3	thou/µL
METHOD : DHSS FLOWCYTOMETRY, CALCULATED			
ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT	0.35	0.20 - 1.00	thou/µL
METHOD : DHSS FLOWCYTOMETRY, CALCULATED			
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT	0.08	0.02 - 0.50	thou/µL
METHOD : DHSS FLOWCYTOMETRY, CALCULATED			
ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT	0.04	0.02 - 0.10	thou/µL
METHOD : DHSS FLOWCYTOMETRY, CALCULATED			
NEUTROPHIL LYMPHOCYTE RATIO (NLR)	1.2		
METHOD : CALCULATED			
ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ES	R),WHOLE		
BLOOD			
E.S.R	10	0 - 20	mm at 1 hr
METHOD : AUTOMATED (PHOTOMETRICAL CAPILLARY STOPPE	ED FLOW KINETIC ANALYSIS)		
GLUCOSE FASTING, FLUORIDE PLASMA			
FBS (FASTING BLOOD SUGAR)	84	Normal 75 - 99 Pre-diabetics: 100 – 125 Diabetic: > or = 126	mg/dL
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY HEXOKINASE			
* GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), BLOOD	EDTA WHOLE		
HBA1C	5.3	Non-diabetic: < 5.7 Pre-diabetics: 5.7 - 6.4 Diabetics: > or = 6.5 ADA Target: 7.0 Action suggested: > 8.0	%
METHOD : CAPILLARY ELECTROPHORESIS			
ESTIMATED AVERAGE GLUCOSE(EAG)	105.4	< 116	mg/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			











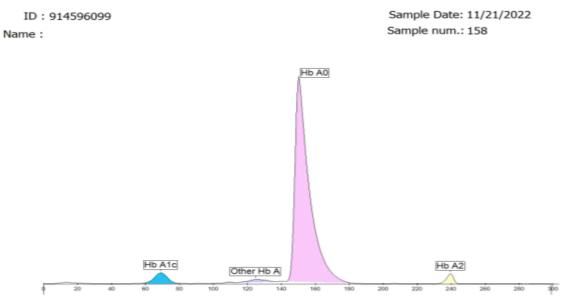


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PATIENT NAME : JYOTSNA YADAV	/	PATIENT ID : JYOTF26118763
		omercare.palaminarg@smin

PLOT NO.31, ELECTRONIC CITY, SECTOR 18, GURUGRAM



A1c Haemoglobin Electrophoresis

Fractions	%	mmol/mol	Cal. %	
Hb A1c	-	34	5.3	
Other Hb A	1.7			
Hb AO	91.4			
Hb A2	2.3			

HbA1c % cal :5.3 %

Comments :

GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA







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PPBS(POST PRANDIAL BLOOD SUGAR)	108	70 - 139 mg/dL
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, HEXOKINASE		
* LIPID PROFILE, SERUM		
CHOLESTEROL, TOTAL	151	Desirable cholesterol level mg/dL < 200 Borderline high cholesterol 200 - 239 High cholesterol > / = 240
METHOD : ENZYMATIC COLORIMETRIC ASSAY		
TRIGLYCERIDES	50	Normal: < 150 mg/dL Borderline high: 150 - 199 High: 200 - 499 Very High: >/= 500
METHOD : ENZYMATIC COLORIMETRIC ASSAY	50	
HDL CHOLESTEROL	52	Low HDL Cholesterol <40 mg/dL
		High HDL Cholesterol >/= 60
METHOD : HOMOGENEOUS ENZYMATIC COLORIMETRIC	ASSAY	
CHOLESTEROL LDL	84	Adult levels: mg/dL Optimal < 100 Near optimal/above optimal: 100- 129 Borderline high : 130-159 High : 160-189 Very high : = 190
METHOD : HOMOGENEOUS ENZYMATIC COLORIMETRIC	ASSAY	
NON HDL CHOLESTEROL	99	Desirable : < 130 mg/dL Above Desirable : 130 -159 Borderline High : 160 - 189 High : 190 - 219 Very high : > / = 220
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER		
CHOL/HDL RATIO	3.0	Low Risk : 3.3 - 4.4 Average Risk : 4.5 - 7.0 Moderate Risk : 7.1 - 11.0 High Risk : > 11.0
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER		
LDL/HDL RATIO	1.6	0.5 - 3.0 Desirable/Low Risk 3.1 - 6.0 Borderline/Moderate Risk >6.0 High Risk
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER		-
VERY LOW DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	10.0	< OR = 30.0 mg/dL













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Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results	Biological Reference Ir	iterval Units
LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM			
BILIRUBIN, TOTAL	0.40	Upto 1.2	mg/dL
METHOD : COLORIMETRIC DIAZO METHOD			0.
BILIRUBIN, DIRECT	0.3	< 0.30	mg/dL
, METHOD : COLORIMETRIC DIAZO METHOD			<u> </u>
BILIRUBIN, INDIRECT	0.1	0.1 - 1.0	mg/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			
TOTAL PROTEIN	7.5	6.0 - 8.0	g/dL
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, BIURET			
ALBUMIN	4.7	3.97 - 4.94	g/dL
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, BROMOCRESOL GREEN(I	BCG) - DYE BINDING		
GLOBULIN	2.8	2.0 - 3.5	g/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			
ALBUMIN/GLOBULIN RATIO	1.7	1.0 - 2.1	RATIO
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			
ASPARTATE AMINOTRANSFERASE (AST/SGOT) 23	< OR = 35	U/L
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, WITH PYRIDOXAL PHOSE	PHATE ACTIVATION-IFCC		
ALANINE AMINOTRANSFERASE (ALT/SGPT)	21	< OR = 35	U/L
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, WITH PYRIDOXAL PHOSE	PHATE ACTIVATION-IFCC		
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE	64	35 - 104	U/L
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, PNPP, AMP BUFFER - IFC	C		
GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE (GGT)	9	0 - 40	U/L
METHOD : ENZYMATIC COLORIMETRIC ASSAY STANDARDIZ	ZED AGAINST IFCC / SZASZ		
LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE	216	125 - 220	U/L
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, LACTATE TO PYRUVATE -	UV-IFCC		
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM			
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN	8.3	6 - 20	mg/dL
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, KINETIC TEST WITH URE	ASE AND GLUTAMATE DEHYDROGENASE		
CREATININE, SERUM			
CREATININE	0.70	0.5 - 0.9	mg/dL
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRIC, JAFFE'S KINETICS			-
BUN/CREAT RATIO			
BUN/CREAT RATIO	11.90	8.0 - 15.0	
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			
* URIC ACID, SERUM			
URIC ACID	3.2	2.4 - 5.7	mg/dL
	5.2	2.7 3.7	ing/uL

METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, URICASE













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Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results	Biological Reference Interval Units	
TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM			
TOTAL PROTEIN METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, BIURET	7.5	6.0 - 8.0 g/dL	
ALBUMIN, SERUM			
ALBUMIN	4.7	3.97 - 4.94 g/dL	
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, BROMOCRESOL G	GREEN(BCG) - DYE BINDING		
GLOBULIN			
GLOBULIN	2.8	2.0 - 3.5 g/dL	
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			
ELECTROLYTES (NA/K/CL), SERUM			
SODIUM, SERUM	138	136 - 145 mmol/L	
METHOD : ISE INDIRECT			
POTASSIUM, SERUM	4.4	3.5 - 5.1 mmol/L	

METHOD : ISE INDIRECT CHLORIDE, SERUM 103 METHOD : ISE INDIRECT PHYSICAL EXAMINATION, URINE COLOR PALE YELLOW APPEARANCE CLEAR

Comments

NOTE : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION OF URINE IS PERFORMED ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT. IN NORMAL URINE SAMPLES CAST AND CRYSTALS ARE NOT DETECTED.

CHEMICAL EXAMINATION, URINE	
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PH	6.0	4.7 - 7.5
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	<=1.005	1.003 - 1.035
PROTEIN	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
GLUCOSE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
KETONES	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
BLOOD	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
BILIRUBIN	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
UROBILINOGEN	NORMAL	NORMAL
NITRITE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
LEUKOCYTE ESTERASE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION, URINE		
RED BLOOD CELLS	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED





/HPF

mmol/L





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Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results	Biological Reference	Interval Units
PUS CELL (WBC'S)	0-1	0-5	/HPF
EPITHELIAL CELLS	2-3	0-5	/HPF
CASTS	NOT DETECTED		
CRYSTALS	NOT DETECTED		
BACTERIA	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : DIP STICK/MICRO SCOPY/REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHO	DTOMETRY		
YEAST	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
THYROID PANEL, SERUM			
ТЗ	114.0	80 - 200	ng/dL
METHOD : ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNO ASSAY			
T4	8.60	5.1 - 14.1	µg/dL
METHOD : ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNO ASSAY			
TSH (ULTRASENSITIVE)	2.050	0.27 - 4.2	µIU/mL
METHOD : ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNO ASSAY			





DIAGNOSTIC REPORT







CLIENT CODE : C000138377

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Interpretation(s)

Triiodothyronine T3, **Thyroxine T4**, and **Thyroid Stimulating Hormone TSH** are thyroid hormones which affect almost every physiological process in the body, including growth, development, metabolism, body temperature, and heart rate.

Production of T3 and its prohormone thyroxine (T4) is activated by thyroid-stimulating hormone (TSH), which is released from the pituitary gland. Elevated concentrations of T3, and T4 in the blood inhibit the production of TSH.

Excessive secretion of thyroxine in the body is hyperthyroidism, and deficient secretion is called hypothyroidism.

In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hyperthyroidism, TSH levels are low. owidctlparowidctlparBelow mentioned are the guidelines for Pregnancy related reference ranges for Total T4, TSH & Total T3.Measurement of the serum TT3 level is a more sensitive test for the diagnosis of hyperthyroidism, and measurement of TT4 is more useful in the diagnosis of hypothyroidism.Most of the thyroid hormone in blood is bound to transport proteins. Only a very small fraction of the circulating hormone is free and biologically active. It is advisable to detect Free T3, FreeT4 along with TSH, instead of testing for albumin bound Total T3, Total T4.

Sr. No.	TSH	Total T4	FT4	Total T3	Possible Conditions
1	High	Low	Low	Low	(1) Primary Hypothyroidism (2) Chronic autoimmune Thyroiditis (3)
					Post Thyroidectomy (4) Post Radio-Iodine treatment
2	High	Normal	Normal	Normal	(1)Subclinical Hypothyroidism (2) Patient with insufficient thyroid
					hormone replacement therapy (3) In cases of Autoimmune/Hashimoto
					thyroiditis (4). Isolated increase in TSH levels can be due to Subclinical
					inflammation, drugs like amphetamines, Iodine containing drug and
					dopamine antagonist e.g. domperidone and other physiological reasons.
3	Normal/Low	Low	Low	Low	(1) Secondary and Tertiary Hypothyroidism
4	Low	High	High	High	(1) Primary Hyperthyroidism (Graves Disease) (2) Multinodular Goitre
					(3)Toxic Nodular Goitre (4) Thyroiditis (5) Over treatment of thyroid
					hormone (6) Drug effect e.g. Glucocorticoids, dopamine, T4
					replacement therapy (7) First trimester of Pregnancy
5	Low	Normal	Normal	Normal	(1) Subclinical Hyperthyroidism
6	High	High	High	High	(1) TSH secreting pituitary adenoma (2) TRH secreting tumor
7	Low	Low	Low	Low	(1) Central Hypothyroidism (2) Euthyroid sick syndrome (3) Recent
					treatment for Hyperthyroidism
8	Normal/Low	Normal	Normal	High	(1) T3 thyrotoxicosis (2) Non-Thyroidal illness
9	Low	High	High	Normal	(1) T4 Ingestion (2) Thyroiditis (3) Interfering Anti TPO antibodies

REF: 1. TIETZ Fundamentals of Clinical chemistry 2.Guidlines of the American Thyroid association during pregnancy and Postpartum, 2011. **NOTE: It is advisable to detect Free T3,FreeT4 along with TSH, instead of testing for albumin bound Total T3, Total T4.**TSH is not affected by variation in thyroid - binding protein. TSH has a diurnal rhythm, with peaks at 2:00 - 4:00 a.m. And troughs at 5:00 - 6:00 p.m. With ultradian variations.

STOOL: OVA & PARASITE

COLOUR	BROWN	
CONSISTENCY	SEMI FORMED	
ODOUR	FOUL	
MUCUS	ABSENT	NOT DETECTED
VISIBLE BLOOD	ABSENT	ABSENT







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POLYMORPHONUCLEAR LEUKOCYTES	NOT DETECTED	0 - 5	/HPF		
RED BLOOD CELLS	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	/HPF		
MACROPHAGES	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED			
	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED			

POLYMORPHONUCLEAR LEUKOCYTES	NOT DETECTED	0 - 5	/HPF
RED BLOOD CELLS	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	/HPF
MACROPHAGES	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
CHARCOT-LEYDEN CRYSTALS	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
TROPHOZOITES	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
CYSTS	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
OVA	NOT DETECTED		
LARVAE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
ADULT PARASITE	NOT DETECTED		
* ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD	1		
ABO GROUP	AB		
METHOD : HEMAGGLUTINATION REACTION ON SOLID PHASE			
RH TYPE	RH+		
METHOD · HEMAGGI LITINATION REACTION ON SOLID PHASE			

METHOD : HEMAGGLUTINATION REACTION ON SOLID PHASE

Interpretation(s)

BLOOD COUNTS, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-The cell morphology is well preserved for 24hrs. However after 24-48 hrs a progressive increase in MCV and HCT is observed leading to a decrease in MCHC. A direct smear is recommended for an accurate differential count and for examination of RBC morphology. RBC AND PLATELET INDICES-

Mentzer index (MCV/RBC) is an automated cell-counter based calculated screen tool to differentiate cases of Iron deficiency anaemia(>13) from Beta thalassaemia trait (<13) in patients with microcytic anaemia. This needs to be interpreted in line with clinical correlation and suspicion. Estimation of HbA2 remains the gold standard for diagnosing a case of beta thalassaemia trait.

WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT-The optimal threshold of 3.3 for NLR showed a prognostic possibility of clinical symptoms to change from mild to severe in COVID positive patients. When age = 49.5 years old and NLR = 3.3, 46.1% COVID-19 patients with mild disease might become severe. By contrast, when age < 49.5 years old and NLR < 3.3, COVID-19 patients tend to

show mild disease. (Reference to - The diagnostic and predictive role of NLR, d-NLR and PLR in COVID-19 patients A.-P. Yang, et al. International Immunopharmacology 84 (2020) 106504 This ratio element is a calculated parameter and out of NABL scope. ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR), WHOLE BLOOD-**TEST DESCRIPTION** :-Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a test that indirectly measures the degree of inflammation present in the body. The test actually measures the rate of fall

(sedimentation) of erythrocytes in a sample of blood that has been placed into a tall, thin, vertical tube. Results are reported as the millimetres of clear fluid (plasma) that are present at the top portion of the tube after one hour. Nowadays fully automated instruments are available to measure ESR.

ESR is not diagnostic it is a non-specific test that may be elevated in a number of different conditions. It provides general information about the presence of an inflammatory condition.CRP is superior to ESR because it is more sensitive and reflects a more rapid change. **TEST INTERPRETATION**

Increase in: Infections, Vasculities, Inflammatory arthritis, Renal disease, Anemia, Malignancies and plasma cell dyscrasias, Acute allergy Tissue injury, Pregnancy, Estrogen medication, Aging. Finding a very accelerated ESR(>100 mm/hour) in patients with ill-defined symptoms directs the physician to search for a systemic disease (Paraproteinemias,

Disseminated malignancies, connective tissue disease, severe infections such as bacterial endocarditis). In pregnancy BRI in first trimester is 0-48 mm/hr(62 if anemic) and in second trimester (0-70 mm /hr(95 if anemic). ESR returns to normal 4th week post partum. **Decreased** in: Polycythermia vera, Sickle cell anemia

LIMITATIONS

False elevated ESR : Increased fibrinogen, Drugs(Vitamin A, Dextran etc), Hypercholesterolemia

False Decreased : Poikilocytosis, (SickleCells, spherocytes), Microcytosis, Low fibrinogen, Very high WBC counts, Drugs (Quinine, salicylates)

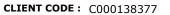
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REFERRING DOCTOR : SELF		CLIENT PATIENT ID:
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Biological Reference Interval Test Report Status **Final** Results Units

1. Nathan and Oski's Haematology of Infancy and Childhood, 5th edition 2. Paediatric reference intervals. AACC Press, 7th edition. Edited by S. Soldin 3. The reference for the adult reference range is "Practical Haematology by Dacie and Lewis, 10th edition. GLUCOSE FASTING, FLUORIDE PLASMA-**TEST DESCRIPTION**

Normally, the glucose concentration in extracellular fluid is closely regulated so that a source of energy is readily available to tissues and sothat no glucose is excreted in the urine.

Increased in

Diabetes mellitus, Cushing's syndrome (10 – 15%), chronic pancreatitis (30%). Drugs:corticosteroids,phenytoin, estrogen, thiazides.

Decreased in

Pancreatic islet cell disease with increased insulin, insulinoma, adrenocortical insufficiency, hypopituitarism, diffuse liver disease, malignancy (adrenocortical, stomach, fibrosarcoma), infant of a diabetic mother, enzyme deficiency diseases(e.g., galactosemia), Drugs- insulin, ethanol, propranolol sulfonylureas, tolbutamide, and other oral hypoglycemic agents.

NOTE:

Hypoglycemia is defined as a glucoseof < 50 mg/dL in men and < 40 mg/dL in women.

While random serum glucose levels correlate with home glucose monitoring results (weekly mean capillary glucose values), there is wide fluctuation within individuals. Thus, glycosylated hemoglobin(HbA1c) levels are favored to monitor glycemic control. High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glyosuria, Glycaemic

index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc. GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-**Used For**:

1. Evaluating the long-term control of blood glucose concentrations in diabetic patients.

2.Diagnosing diabetes.

3.Identifying patients at increased risk for diabetes (prediabetes). The ADA recommends measurement of HbA1c (typically 3-4 times per year for type 1 and poorly controlled type 2 diabetic patients, and 2 times per year for well-controlled type 2 diabetic patients) to determine whether a patients metabolic control has remained continuously within the target range.

1.eAG (Estimated average glucose) converts percentage HbA1c to md/dl, to compare blood glucose levels.
 2. eAG gives an evaluation of blood glucose levels for the last couple of months.
 3. eAG is calculated as eAG (mg/dl) = 28.7 * HbA1c - 46.7

HbA1c Estimation can get affected due to :

I.Shortened Erythrocyte survival : Any condition that shortens erythrocyte survival or decreases mean erythrocyte age (e.g. recovery from acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia) will falsely lower HbA1c test results. Fructosamine is recommended in these patients which indicates diabetes control over 15 days.

II.Vitamin C & E are reported to falsely lower test results. (possibly by inhibiting glycation of hemoglobin. III. Iron deficiency anemia is reported to increase test results. Hypertriglyceridemia, uprenia, hyperbilirubinemia, chronic alcoholism, chronic ingestion of salicylates & opiates addiction are reported to interfere with some assay methods, falsely increasing results.

IV.Interference of hemoglobinopathies in HbA1c estimation is seen in a.Homozygous hemoglobinopathy. Fructosamine is recommended for testing of HbA1c.

b. Heterozygous state detected (D10 is corrected for HbS kHbC trait.) c.HbF > 25% on alternate paltform (Boronate affinity chromatography) is recommended for testing of HbA1c.Abnormal Hemoglobin electrophoresis (HPLC method) is

GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA-High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glyosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc.Additional test HbA1c LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM-

LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE

Bilirubin is a yellowish pigment found in bile and is a breakdown product of normal heme catabolism. Bilirubin is excreted in bile and urine, and elevated levels may give yellow discoloration in jaundice. Elevated levels results from increased bilirubin production (eg, hemolysis and ineffective erythropoiesis), decreased bilirubin excretion (eg, obstruction and hepatitis), and abnormal bilirubin metabolism (eg, hereditary and neonatal jaundice). Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin in Viral hepatitis, Drug reactions, Alcoholic liver disease Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is also elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin when there is some kind of blockage of the bile ducts like in Gallstones getting into the bile ducts, tumors &Scarring of the bile ducts. Increased unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin may be a result of Hemolytic or pernicious anemia, Transfusion reaction & a common metabolic condition termed Gilbert syndrome, due to low levels of the enzyme that attaches sugar molecules to bilirubin. AST is an enzyme found in various parts of the body. AST is found in the liver, heart, skeletal muscle, kidneys, brain, and red blood cells, and it is commonly measured

clinically as a marker for liver health. AST levels increase during chronic viral hepatitis, blockage of the bile duct, cirrhosis of the liver, liver cancer, kidney failure, hemolytic anemia, pancreatitis, hemochromatosis. AST levels may also increase after a heart attack or strenuous activity. ALT test measures the amount of this enzyme in the blood. ALT is found mainly in the liver, but also in smaller amounts in the kidneys, heart, muscles, and pancreas. It is commonly measured as a part of a diagnostic evaluation of hepatocellular injury, to determine liver health.AST levels increase during acute hepatitis, sometimes due to a viral infection, ischemia to the liver, chronic hepatitis, obstruction of bile ducts, cirrhosis.

ALP is a protein found in almost all body tissues. Tissues with higher amounts of ALP include the liver, bile ducts and bone. Elevated ALP levels are seen in Biliary obstruction, Osteoblastic bone tumors, osteomalacia, hepatitis, Hyperparathyroidism, Leukemia, Lymphoma, Paget's disease, Rickets, Sarcoidosis etc. Lower-than-normal ALP levels seen in Hypophosphatasia, Malnutrition, Protein deficiency, Wilson's disease. GGT is an enzyme found in cell membranes of many tissues mainly in the liver, kidney and pancreas. It is also found in other tissues including intestine, spleen, heart, brain and seminal vesicles. The highest concentration is in the kidney, but the liver is considered the source of normal enzyme activity. Serum GGT has been widely used as an index of liver dysfunction. Elevated serum GGT activity can be found in diseases of the liver, biliary system and pancreas.Conditions that increase serum GGT are obstructive liver disease,high alcohol consumption and use of enzyme-inducing drugs etc. Serum total protein,also known as total protein,is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum.Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin.Higher-than-normal levels may be due to:Chronic inflammation or infection,including HIV and hepatitis B or C,Multiple myeloma,Waldenstrom's disease.Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage), Burns, Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc. Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low blood albumin













CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS : 1YOTSNA YADAV

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Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results	Biological Reference Interval Units
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PATIENT NAME : JYOTSNA YADA	PATIENT ID : JYOTF26118763	

levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular

permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance,malnutrition and wasting etc BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM-Causes of Increased levels include Pre renal (High protein diet, Increased protein catabolism, GI haemorrhage, Cortisol, Dehydration, CHF Renal), Renal Failure, Post Renal (Malignancy, Nephrolithiasis, Prostatism)

Causes of decreased level include Liver disease, SIADH. CREATININE, SERUM-Higher than normal level may be due to:

• Blockage in the urinary tract

Kidney problems, such as kidney damage or failure, infection, or reduced blood flow
 Loss of body fluid (dehydration)

• Muscle problems, such as breakdown of muscle fibers

• Problems during pregnancy, such as seizures (eclampsia)), or high blood pressure caused by pregnancy (preeclampsia)

Lower than normal level may be due to:

Myasthenia Gravis

Muscular dystrophy URIC ACID, SERUM-

Causes of Increased levels:-Dietary(High Protein Intake, Prolonged Fasting, Rapid weight loss), Gout, Lesch nyhan syndrome, Type 2 DM, Metabolic syndrome Causes of decreased levels-Low Zinc intake, OCP, Multiple Sclerosis TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM

Serum total protein, also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum. Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and alobulin

Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstrom's disease Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage), Burns, Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc. ALBUMIN, SERUM-

Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance, malnutrition and wasting etc.

ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-Blood group is identified by antigens and antibodies present in the blood. Antigens are protein molecules found on the surface of red blood cells. Antibodies are found in plasma. To determine blood group, red cells are mixed with different antibody solutions to give A,B,O or AB.

Disclaimer: "Please note, as the results of previous ABO and Rh group (Blood Group) for pregnant women are not available, please check with the patient records for availability of the same.

The test is performed by both forward as well as reverse grouping methods.

End Of Report

Please visit www.srlworld.com for related Test Information for this accession TEST MARKED WITH '*' ARE OUTSIDE THE NABL ACCREDITED SCOPE OF THE LABORATORY.

Dr. Arpita Roy, MD Section Head Flowcytometry & Head OA

	W.K
Dr. M	amta Kumari, MBBS,MD

Chief Microbiologist

Dr.Chandan Hazarika, 17887

Sr.Microbiologist

A.D

Dr. Anurag Bansal LAB DIRECTOR













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	SRL Limited Fortis Hospital, Sector 62, Phase VIII, Mohali 160062
DIAGNOSTIC REPORT Patient Ref. No. 6300000571 CLIENT CODE : C000138377 CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS : JYOTSNA YADAV	SRL Ltd 74,PASHCHIMI MARG,VASANT VIHAR NEW DELHI, 110057 NEW DELHI, INDIA Tel : 9111591115, Fax : CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956 Email : customercare,palammarg@srl.in
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REFERRING DOCTOR : SELF	CLIENT PATIENT ID :
EN 200-62 EN	Page 12 Of 17



回波

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP BEL	OW 40FEMALE	
* XRAY-CHEST		
IMPRESSION	NO ABNORMALITY DETECTE	D
TMT OR ECHO		
TMT OR ECHO	TMT NEGATIVE FOR RMI.	
ECG		
ECG	SINUS BRADYCARDIA	
* * MEDICAL HISTORY		
RELEVANT PRESENT HISTORY	NOT SIGNIFICANT	
RELEVANT PAST HISTORY	NOT SIGNIFICANT	
RELEVANT PERSONAL HISTORY	MARRIED, NO CHILD, VEG.	
RELEVANT FAMILY HISTORY	NOT SIGNIFICANT	
OCCUPATIONAL HISTORY	NOT SIGNIFICANT	
HISTORY OF MEDICATIONS	NOT SIGNIFICANT	
* * ANTHROPOMETRIC DATA & BMI		
HEIGHT IN METERS	1.58	mts
WEIGHT IN KGS.	56	Kgs
ВМІ	22	BMI & Weight Status as follows: kg/sqmts Below 18.5: Underweight 18.5 - 24.9: Normal 25.0 - 29.9: Overweight 30.0 and Above: Obese
* * GENERAL EXAMINATION		
MENTAL / EMOTIONAL STATE	NORMAL	
PHYSICAL ATTITUDE	NORMAL	
GENERAL APPEARANCE / NUTRITIONAL STATUS	HEALTHY	
BUILT / SKELETAL FRAMEWORK	AVERAGE	
FACIAL APPEARANCE	NORMAL	
SKIN	NORMAL	
UPPER LIMB	NORMAL	
LOWER LIMB	NORMAL	
NECK	NORMAL	
NECK LYMPHATICS / SALIVARY GLANDS	NOT ENLARGED OR TENDER	2
THYROID GLAND	NOT ENLARGED	
CAROTID PULSATION	NORMAL	
TEMPERATURE	NORMAL	
PULSE		PULSES WELL FELT, NO CAROTID BRUIT
RESPIRATORY RATE	NORMAL	
* * CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM		
ВР	116/80 MM HG (SITTING)	mm/Hg
PERICARDIUM	NORMAL	
	NORMAL	
HEART SOUNDS	NORMAL	
	ABSENT	
* * RESPIRATORY SYSTEM	NORMAL	
SIZE AND SHAPE OF CHEST	NORMAL	
MOVEMENTS OF CHEST	SYMMETRICAL	
BREATH SOUNDS INTENSITY	NORMAL	
		Page 13 Of 1

Results

Biological Reference Interval Units



Test Report Status

Final





JYOTSNA YADAV

CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS :







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Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results	Biological Reference Interval Units	
BREATH SOUNDS QUALITY	VESICULAR (NORMAL)		
ADDED SOUNDS	ABSENT		
* * PER ABDOMEN			
APPEARANCE	NORMAL		
VENOUS PROMINENCE	ABSENT		
LIVER	NOT PALPABLE		
SPLEEN	NOT PALPABLE		
* * CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM			
HIGHER FUNCTIONS	NORMAL		
CRANIAL NERVES	NORMAL		
CEREBELLAR FUNCTIONS	NORMAL		
SENSORY SYSTEM	NORMAL		
MOTOR SYSTEM	NORMAL		
REFLEXES	NORMAL		
* * MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM			
SPINE	NORMAL		
JOINTS	NORMAL		
* * BASIC EYE EXAMINATION			
CONJUNCTIVA	NORMAL		
EYELIDS	NORMAL		
EYE MOVEMENTS	NORMAL		
CORNEA	NORMAL		
DISTANT VISION RIGHT EYE WITHOUT GLASSES	6/6		
DISTANT VISION LEFT EYE WITHOUT GLASSES	6/6		
NEAR VISION RIGHT EYE WITHOUT GLASSES	N6		
NEAR VISION LEFT EYE WITHOUT GLASSES	N6		
COLOUR VISION	NORMAL		
* * BASIC ENT EXAMINATION			
EXTERNAL EAR CANAL	NORMAL		
TYMPANIC MEMBRANE	NORMAL		
NOSE	NO ABNORMALITY DETE	ECTED	
SINUSES	NORMAL		
THROAT	NO ABNORMALITY DETE	ECTED	

* * SUMMARY













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RELEVANT HISTORY	NOT SIGNIFICANT				
RELEVANT GP EXAMINATION FINDINGS	NOT SIGNIFICANT				
RELEVANT LAB INVESTIGATIONS	WITHIN NORMAL LIMITS				
RELEVANT NON PATHOLOGY DIAGNOSTICS	NO ABNORMALITIES DETE	CTED			
REMARKS / RECOMMENDATIONS	NORMAL				

* * FITNESS STATUS

FITNESS STATUS

FIT (AS PER REQUESTED PANEL OF TESTS)

Interpretation(s) MEDICAL

THIS REPORT CARRIES THE SIGNATURE OF OUR LABORATORY DIRECTOR. THIS IS AN INVIOLABLE FEATURE OF OUR LAB MANAGEMENT SOFTWARE. HOWEVER, ALL EXAMINATIONS AND INVESTIGATIONS HAVE BEEN CONDUCTED BY OUR PANEL OF DOCTORS.

FITNESS STATUS-

Conclusion on an individual's Fitness, which is commented upon mainly for Pre employment cases, is based on multi factorial findings and does not depend on any one single parameter. The final Fitness assigned to a candidate will depend on the Physician's findings and overall judgement on a case to case basis, details of the candidate's past and personal history as well as the comprehensiveness of the diagnostic panel which has been requested for .These are then further correlated with details of the job under consideration to eventually fit the right man to the right job. Basis the above, SRL classifies a candidate's Fitness Status into one of the following categories:

• Fit (As per requested panel of tests) – SRL Limited gives the individual a clean chit to join the organization, on the basis of the General Physical Examination and the specific test panel requested for.

specific test panel requested for.
Fit (with medical advice) (As per requested panel of tests) - This indicates that although the candidate can be declared as FIT to join the job, minimal problems have been detected during the Pre- employment examination. Examples of conditions which could fall in this category could be cases of mild reversible medical abnormalities such as height weight disproportions, borderline raised Blood Pressure readings, mildly raised Blood sugar and Blood Lipid levels, Hematuria, etc. Most of these relate to sedentary lifestyles and come under the broad category of life style disorders. The idea is to caution an individual to bring about certain lifestyle changes as well as seek a Physician's consultation and counseling in order to bring back to normal the mildly deranged parameters. For all purposes the individual is FIT to join the job.
Fitness on Hold (Temporary Unfit) (As per requested panel of tests) - Candidate's reports are kept on hold when either the diagnostic tests or the physical findings reveal the presence of a medical condition which warrants further tests, counseling and/or specialist opinion, on the basis of which a candidate can either be placed into Fit, Fit (With Medical Advice), or Unfit category. Conditions which may fall into this category could be high blood pressure, abnormal ECG, heart murmurs, abnormal vision, grossly elevated blood sugars, etc.

elevated blood sugars, etc.

Unfit (As per requested panel of tests) - An unfit report by SRL Limited clearly indicates that the individual is not suitable for the respective job profile e.g. total color blindness in color related jobs.













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Test Report Status Final	Results	Units

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP BELOW 40FEMALE

*** ULTRASOUND ABDOMEN**

ULTRASOUND ABDOMEN

NO ABNORMALITIES DETECTED

End Of Report Please visit www.srlworld.com for related Test Information for this accession TEST MARKED WITH '*' ARE OUTSIDE THE NABL ACCREDITED SCOPE OF THE LABORATORY.

Dr. Arpita Roy, MD Section Head Flowcytometry & Head QA



Dr. Mamta Kumari, MBBS,MD Chief Microbiologist



Dr.Chandan Hazarika,17887 Sr.Microbiologist

D

Dr. Anurag Bansal LAB DIRECTOR

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- 4. A requested test might not be performed if:
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 - II. Specimen quality is unsa
 - iii. Incorrect specimen type

iv. Discrepancy between identification on specimen container label and test requisition form

5. SRL confirms that all tests have been performed or assayed with highest quality standards, clinical safety & technical integrity.

6. Laboratory results should not be interpreted in isolation; it must be correlated with clinical information and be interpreted by registered medical practitioners only to determine final diagnosis.

7. Test results may vary based on time of collection, physiological condition of the patient, current medication or nutritional and dietary changes. Please consult your doctor or call us for any clarification.

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(91115 91115) within 48 hours of the report.

SRL Limited

Fortis Hospital, Sector 62, Phase VIII, Mohali 160062











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		scomercare.palaminary@sn.m

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP BELOWR AS OF EMPALIE

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RESULT PENDING RESULT PENDING

End Of Report Please visit www.srlworld.com for related Test Information for this accession

Dr. Arpita Roy, MD Section Head Flowcytometry & Head OA

Dr. Mamta Kumari, MBBS, MD **Chief Microbiologist**



Dr.Chandan Hazarika,17887

Sr.Microbiologist

Dr. Anurag Bansal LAB DIRECTOR

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