



Patient Ref. No. 777000002097417

CLIENT CODE : C000138378

CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS :
ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)
F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULI
SOUTH WEST DELHI
NEW DELHI 110030
DELHI INDIA
8800465156

SRL Ltd
BUILDING NO 744/52,CHINTAL PLAZA,33RD CROSS,10TH MAIN, 4TH
BLOCK,
JAYANAGAR,
BANGALORE, 560011
KARNATAKA, INDIA
Tel : 08041211945

PATIENT NAME : RETHESH SHETTY /160257

PATIENT ID : RETHM080983278

ACCESSION NO : 0278VE002214 AGE : 38 Years SEX : Male

DRAWN : 16-05-2022 08:50

RECEIVED : 16-05-2022 08:52

REPORTED : 16-05-2022 17:36

REFERRING DOCTOR : SELF

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Test Report Status	Final	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
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MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP BELOW 40 MALE

BLOOD COUNTS,EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

HEMOGLOBIN	15.5	13.0 - 17.0	g/dL
RED BLOOD CELL COUNT	4.94	4.5 - 5.5	mil/ μ L
METHOD : IMPEDANCE			
WHITE BLOOD CELL COUNT	7.90	4.0 - 10.0	thou/ μ L
PLATELET COUNT	257	150 - 410	thou/ μ L
METHOD : IMPEDANCE			

RBC AND PLATELET INDICES

HEMATOCRIT	45.1	40 - 50	%
MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOL	91.0	83 - 101	fL
METHOD : CALCULATED			
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HGB,	31.3	27.0 - 32.0	pg
METHOD : CALCULATED			
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN CONCENTRATION	34.3	31.5 - 34.5	g/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED			
MENTZER INDEX	18.4		
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH	12.0	11.6 - 14.0	%
METHOD : CALCULATED			
MEAN PLATELET VOLUME	9.6	6.8 - 10.9	fL
METHOD : CALCULATED			

WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT - NLR

SEGMENTED NEUTROPHILS	46	40 - 80	%
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT	3.63	2.0 - 7.0	thou/ μ L
METHOD : IMPEDANCE + ABSORBANCE			
LYMPHOCYTES	45	High 20 - 40	%
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT	3.56	High 1.0 - 3.0	thou/ μ L
NEUTROPHIL LYMPHOCYTE RATIO (NLR)	1.0		
EOSINOPHILS	4	1 - 6	%
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT	0.32	0.02 - 0.50	thou/ μ L
MONOCYTES	5	2 - 10	%
METHOD : IMPEDANCE + ABSORBANCE			
BASOPHILS	0	0 - 2	%
METHOD : IMPEDANCE + ABSORBANCE			



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Table with 4 columns: Test Report Status, Results, Biological Reference Interval, Units. Row 1: Final, Results, Biological Reference Interval, Units

ERYTHRO SEDIMENTATION RATE, BLOOD

SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR) 05 0 - 14 mm at 1 hr
METHOD : WESTERGREN METHOD

GLUCOSE, FASTING, PLASMA

GLUCOSE, FASTING, PLASMA 100 74 - 106 mg/dL
METHOD : HEXOKINASE

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C) 6.2 High Non-diabetic: < 5.7
Pre-diabetics: 5.7 - 6.4
Diabetics: > or = 6.5
ADA Target: 7.0
Action suggested: > 8.0

METHOD : HPLC

MEAN PLASMA GLUCOSE 131.2 High < 116.0 mg/dL

METHOD : CALCULATED

GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA

GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA 119 Non-Diabetes 70 - 140 mg/dL

METHOD : HEXOKINASE

CORONARY RISK PROFILE (LIPID PROFILE), SERUM.

CHOLESTEROL 197 < 200 Desirable 200 - 239 Borderline High >/= 240 High mg/dL

METHOD : CHOD-POD

TRIGLYCERIDES 87 < 150 Normal 150 - 199 Borderline High 200 - 499 High >/= 500 Very High mg/dL

METHOD : GPO - POD METHOD

HDL CHOLESTEROL 48 < 40 Low >/=60 High mg/dL

DIRECT LDL CHOLESTEROL 127 High < 100 Optimal 100 - 129 Near or above optimal 130 - 160 Borderline High 161 - 189 High >/= 190 Very High mg/dL

METHOD : HOMOGENOUS DIRECT ENZYMATIC COLORIMETRIC

CHOL/HDL RATIO 4.1 3.3-4.4 Low Risk 4.5-7.0 Average Risk 7.1-11.0 Moderate Risk > 11.0 High Risk

METHOD : CALCULATED



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VERY LOW DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN		17.4	Desirable value : 10 - 35	mg/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED				
LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM				
BILIRUBIN, TOTAL		0.64	UPTO 1.2	mg/dL
METHOD : DIAZO METHOD				
BILIRUBIN, DIRECT		0.21	0.00 - 0.30	mg/dL
METHOD : DIAZO METHOD				
BILIRUBIN, INDIRECT		0.43	0.00 - 0.60	mg/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED				
TOTAL PROTEIN		7.3	6.6 - 8.7	g/dL
METHOD : BIURET				
ALBUMIN		4.7	3.97 - 4.94	g/dL
METHOD : BROMOCRESOL GREEN				
GLOBULIN		2.6	2.0 - 4.0 Neonates - Pre Mature: 0.29 - 1.04	g/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED				
ALBUMIN/GLOBULIN RATIO		1.8	1.0 - 2.0	RATIO
METHOD : CALCULATED				
ASPARTATE AMINOTRANSFERASE (AST/SGOT)		20	0 - 40	U/L
METHOD : IFCC WITHOUT PYRIDOXAL PHOSPHATE				
ALANINE AMINOTRANSFERASE (ALT/SGPT)		27	0 - 41	U/L
METHOD : IFCC WITHOUT PYRIDOXAL PHOSPHATE				
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE		47	40 - 129	U/L
METHOD : IFCC AMP BUFFER				
GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE (GGT)		24	8 - 61	U/L
METHOD : IFCC				
LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE		156	135 - 225	U/L
METHOD : IFCC				
SERUM BLOOD UREA NITROGEN				
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN		18	6 - 20	mg/dL
METHOD : UREASE -GLDH				
CREATININE, SERUM				
CREATININE		1.14	0.70 - 1.20	mg/dL
METHOD : JAFFE, ALKALINE PICRATE, KINETIC WITH BLANK RATE CORRECTION				
BUN/CREAT RATIO				



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BUN/CREAT RATIO		15.79	High 5.00 - 15.00	
METHOD : CALCULATED				
URIC ACID, SERUM				
URIC ACID		7.0	3.4 - 7.0	mg/dL
METHOD : ENZYMATIC, COLORIMETRIC				
TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM				
TOTAL PROTEIN		7.3	6.6 - 8.7	g/dL
METHOD : BIURET				
ALBUMIN, SERUM				
ALBUMIN		4.7	3.97 - 4.94	g/dL
GLOBULIN				
GLOBULIN		2.6	2.0 - 4.0 Neonates - Pre Mature: 0.29 - 1.04	g/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED				
ELECTROLYTES (NA/K/CL), SERUM				
SODIUM		140	136 - 145	mmol/L
METHOD : ISE INDIRECT				
POTASSIUM		4.53	3.5 - 5.1	mmol/L
CHLORIDE		103	98 - 107	mmol/L
METHOD : ISE INDIRECT				
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION, URINE				
COLOR		PALE YELLOW		
METHOD : VISUAL EXAMINATION				
SPECIFIC GRAVITY		1.020	1.003 - 1.035	
METHOD : PKA CHANGE OF POLYELECTROLYTES				
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION, URINE				
PH		5.5	4.7 - 7.5	
METHOD : DOUBLE INDICATOR PRINCIPLE				
PROTEIN		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : PROTEIN ERROR OF INDICATORS PRINCIPLE / SULPHOSALICYLIC ACID				
GLUCOSE		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : OXIDASE-PEROXIDASE REACTION				
KETONES		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : NITROPRUSSIDE METHOD / ROTHERA'S TEST				
BLOOD		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	



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METHOD : PEROXIDASE-LIKE ACTIVITY OF HEMOGLOBIN

BILIRUBIN NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED

METHOD : DIAZO REACTION

UROBILINOGEN NORMAL NORMAL

METHOD : EHRlich REACTION REFLECTANCE

MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION, URINE

PUS CELL (WBC'S) 1-2 0-5 /HPF

METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

EPITHELIAL CELLS 0-1 0-5 /HPF

METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

ERYTHROCYTES (RBC'S) NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED /HPF

METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

CASTS NOT DETECTED

METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

CRYSTALS NOT DETECTED

METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

THYROID PANEL, SERUM

T3 108 80.00 - 200.00 ng/dL

METHOD : ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE

T4 8.34 5.10 - 14.10 µg/dL

METHOD : ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE

TSH 3RD GENERATION 1.270 0.270 - 4.200 µIU/mL

METHOD : ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE

STOOL: OVA & PARASITE

COLOUR SAMPLE NOT RECEIVED

METHOD : VISUAL EXAMINATION

ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

ABO GROUP TYPE A

RH TYPE POSITIVE

XRAY-CHEST

IMPRESSION NORMAL

TMT OR ECHO

TMT OR ECHO PENDING

ECG

ECG WITHIN NORMAL LIMITS

MEDICAL HISTORY



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Test Report Status Final

Results

Biological Reference Interval Units

RELEVANT PRESENT HISTORY NOT SIGNIFICANT
RELEVANT PAST HISTORY NOT SIGNIFICANT
RELEVANT PERSONAL HISTORY NOT SIGNIFICANT
RELEVANT FAMILY HISTORY NOT SIGNIFICANT
HISTORY OF MEDICATIONS NOT SIGNIFICANT

ANTHROPOMETRIC DATA & BMI

HEIGHT IN METERS 1.85 mts
WEIGHT IN KGS. 108 Kgs
BMI 32 kg/sqmts

GENERAL EXAMINATION

PULSE 72/BPM,REGULAR, ALL PERIPHERAL PULSES WELL FELT
RESPIRATORY RATE NORMAL

CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM

BP 126/82 mm/Hg

BASIC EYE EXAMINATION

DISTANT VISION RIGHT EYE WITHOUT GLASSES NORMAL
DISTANT VISION LEFT EYE WITHOUT GLASSES NORMAL
NEAR VISION RIGHT EYE WITHOUT GLASSES NORMAL
NEAR VISION LEFT EYE WITHOUT GLASSES NORMAL
COLOUR VISION NORMAL

SUMMARY

RELEVANT HISTORY NOT SIGNIFICANT
RELEVANT GP EXAMINATION FINDINGS NOT SIGNIFICANT
RELEVANT LAB INVESTIGATIONS RAISED GHB LEVEL
RELEVANT NON PATHOLOGY DIAGNOSTICS NO ABNORMALITIES DETECTED
REMARKS / RECOMMENDATIONS CONSULT DIABETOLOGIST

FITNESS STATUS

FITNESS STATUS FIT (WITH MEDICAL ADVICE) (AS PER REQUESTED PANEL OF TESTS)



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Comments

*NOTE : NON PATHOLOGY TESTS ARE NOT NABL ACCREDITED

Radiologist/Sonologist : Dr. Naveed Ansar Noor , MBBS, MDRD.

Dental Surgeon : Dr. Abdulla Shahzad, BDS, DHM, FAGE, MD(CM).

Consulting Physician : Dr. Riteshraj, MBBS

Consulting Cardiologist: Dr. Nithin Prakash, MBBS, PGDCC.

Interpretation(s)

BLOOD COUNTS, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-

The cell morphology is well preserved for 24hrs. However after 24-48 hrs a progressive increase in MCV and HCT is observed leading to a decrease in MCHC. A direct smear is recommended for an accurate differential count and for examination of RBC morphology.

RBC AND PLATELET INDICES-

Mentzer index (MCV/RBC) is an automated cell-counter based calculated screen tool to differentiate cases of Iron deficiency anaemia(>13) from Beta thalassaemia trait (<13) in patients with microcytic anaemia. This needs to be interpreted in line with clinical correlation and suspicion. Estimation of HbA2 remains the gold standard for diagnosing a case of beta thalassaemia trait.

WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT - NLR-

The optimal threshold of 3.3 for NLR showed a prognostic possibility of clinical symptoms to change from mild to severe in COVID positive patients. When age = 49.5 years old and NLR = 3.3, 46.1% COVID-19 patients with mild disease might become severe. By contrast, when age < 49.5 years old and NLR < 3.3, COVID-19 patients tend to show mild disease.

(Reference to - The diagnostic and predictive role of NLR, d-NLR and PLR in COVID-19 patients ; A.-P. Yang, et al.; International Immunopharmacology 84 (2020) 106504

This ratio element is a calculated parameter and out of NABL scope.

ERYTHRO SEDIMENTATION RATE, BLOOD-

Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a non - specific phenomena and is clinically useful in the diagnosis and monitoring of disorders associated with an increased production of acute phase reactants. The ESR is increased in pregnancy from about the 3rd month and returns to normal by the 4th week post partum. ESR is influenced by age, sex, menstrual cycle and drugs (eg. corticosteroids, contraceptives). It is especially low (0 -1mm) in polycythaemia, hypofibrinogenemia or congestive cardiac failure and when there are abnormalities of the red cells such as poikilocytosis, spherocytosis or sickle cells.

Reference :

1. Nathan and Oski's Haematology of Infancy and Childhood, 5th edition
2. Paediatric reference intervals. AACCC Press, 7th edition. Edited by S. Soldin
3. The reference for the adult reference range is "Practical Haematology by Dacie and Lewis, 10th Edition"

GLUCOSE, FASTING, PLASMA-

ADA 2021 guidelines for adults, after 8 hrs fasting is as follows:

Pre-diabetics: 100 - 125 mg/dL

Diabetic: > or = 126 mg/dL

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-

Glycosylated hemoglobin (GHb) has been firmly established as an index of long-term blood glucose concentrations and as a measure of the risk for the development of complications in patients with diabetes mellitus. Formation of GHb is essentially irreversible, and the concentration in the blood depends on both the life span of the red blood cell (average 120 days) and the blood glucose concentration. Because the rate of formation of GHb is directly proportional to the concentration of glucose in the blood, the GHb concentration represents the integrated values for glucose over the preceding 6-8 weeks.

Any condition that alters the life span of the red blood cells has the potential to alter the GHb level. Samples from patients with hemolytic anemias will exhibit decreased glycosylated hemoglobin values due to the shortened life span of the red cells. This effect will depend upon the severity of the anemia. Samples from patients with polycythemia or post-splenectomy may exhibit increased glycosylated hemoglobin values due to a somewhat longer life span of the red cells.

Glycosylated hemoglobins results from patients with HbSS, HbCC, and HbSC and HbD must be interpreted with caution, given the pathological processes, including anemia, increased red cell turnover, transfusion requirements, that adversely impact HbA1c as a marker of long-term glycemic control. In these conditions, alternative forms of testing such as glycosylated serum protein (fructosamine) should be considered.

"Targets should be individualized; More or less stringent glycemic goals may be appropriate for individual patients. Goals should be individualized based on duration of diabetes, age/life expectancy, comorbid conditions, known CVD or advanced microvascular complications, hypoglycemia unawareness, and individual patient considerations."

References

1. Tietz Textbook of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Diagnostics, edited by Carl A Burtis, Edward R.Ashwood, David E Bruns, 4th Edition, Elsevier publication, 2006,



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879-884.

2. Forsham PH. Diabetes Mellitus:A rational plan for management. Postgrad Med 1982, 71,139-154.

3. Mayer TK, Freedman ZR: Protein glycosylation in Diabetes Mellitus: A review of laboratory measurements and their clinical utility. Clin Chim Acta 1983, 127, 147-184.
GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA-ADA Guidelines for 2hr post prandial glucose levels is only after ingestion of 75grams of glucose in 300 ml water,over a period of 5 minutes.

CORONARY RISK PROFILE (LIPID PROFILE), SERUM.-

Serum cholesterol is a blood test that can provide valuable information for the risk of coronary artery disease This test can help determine your risk of the build up of plaques in your arteries that can lead to narrowed or blocked arteries throughout your body (atherosclerosis). High cholesterol levels usually don't cause any signs or symptoms, so a cholesterol test is an important tool. High cholesterol levels often are a significant risk factor for heart disease and important for diagnosis of hyperlipoproteinemia, atherosclerosis, hepatic and thyroid diseases.

Serum Triglyceride are a type of fat in the blood. When you eat, your body converts any calories it doesn't need into triglycerides, which are stored in fat cells. High triglyceride levels are associated with several factors, including being overweight, eating too many sweets or drinking too much alcohol, smoking, being sedentary, or having diabetes with elevated blood sugar levels. Analysis has proven useful in the diagnosis and treatment of patients with diabetes mellitus, nephrosis, liver obstruction, other diseases involving lipid metabolism, and various endocrine disorders. In conjunction with high density lipoprotein and total serum cholesterol, a triglyceride determination provides valuable information for the assessment of coronary heart disease risk.It is done in fasting state.

High-density lipoprotein (HDL) cholesterol. This is sometimes called the "good" cholesterol because it helps carry away LDL cholesterol, thus keeping arteries open and blood flowing more freely.HDL cholesterol is inversely related to the risk for cardiovascular disease. It increases following regular exercise, moderate alcohol consumption and with oral estrogen therapy. Decreased levels are associated with obesity, stress, cigarette smoking and diabetes mellitus.

SERUM LDL The small dense LDL test can be used to determine cardiovascular risk in individuals with metabolic syndrome or established/progressing coronary artery disease, individuals with triglyceride levels between 70 and 140 mg/dL, as well as individuals with a diet high in trans-fat or carbohydrates. Elevated sdLDL levels are associated with metabolic syndrome and an 'atherogenic lipoprotein profile', and are a strong, independent predictor of cardiovascular disease. Elevated levels of LDL arise from multiple sources. A major factor is sedentary lifestyle with a diet high in saturated fat. Insulin-resistance and pre-diabetes have also been implicated, as has genetic predisposition. Measurement of sdLDL allows the clinician to get a more comprehensive picture of lipid risk factors and tailor treatment accordingly. Reducing LDL levels will reduce the risk of CVD and MI.

Non HDL Cholesterol - Adult treatment panel ATP III suggested the addition of Non-HDL Cholesterol as an indicator of all atherogenic lipoproteins (mainly LDL and VLDL). NICE guidelines recommend Non-HDL Cholesterol measurement before initiating lipid lowering therapy. It has also been shown to be a better marker of risk in both primary and secondary prevention studies.

Recommendations:

Results of Lipids should always be interpreted in conjunction with the patient's medical history, clinical presentation and other findings.

NON FASTING LIPID PROFILE includes Total Cholesterol, HDL Cholesterol and calculated non-HDL Cholesterol. It does not include triglycerides and may be best used in patients for whom fasting is difficult.

LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM-
LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE

Bilirubin is a yellowish pigment found in bile and is a breakdown product of normal heme catabolism. Bilirubin is excreted in bile and urine, and elevated levels may give yellow discoloration in jaundice.Elevated levels results from increased bilirubin production (eg, hemolysis and ineffective erythropoiesis), decreased bilirubin excretion (eg, obstruction and hepatitis), and abnormal bilirubin metabolism (eg, hereditary and neonatal jaundice). Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin in Viral hepatitis, Drug reactions, Alcoholic liver disease Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is also elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin when there is some kind of blockage of the bile ducts like in Gallstones getting into the bile ducts, tumors & Scarring of the bile ducts. Increased unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin may be a result of Hemolytic or pernicious anemia, Transfusion reaction & a common metabolic condition termed Gilbert syndrome, due to low levels of the enzyme that attaches sugar molecules to bilirubin.

AST is an enzyme found in various parts of the body. AST is found in the liver, heart, skeletal muscle, kidneys, brain, and red blood cells, and it is commonly measured clinically as a marker for liver health. AST levels increase during chronic viral hepatitis, blockage of the bile duct, cirrhosis of the liver,liver cancer,kidney failure,hemolytic anemia,pancreatitis,hemochromatosis. AST levels may also increase after a heart attack or strenuous activity.ALT test measures the amount of this enzyme in the blood.ALT is found mainly in the liver, but also in smaller amounts in the kidneys,heart,muscles, and pancreas.It is commonly measured as a part of a diagnostic evaluation of hepatocellular injury, to determine liver health.AST levels increase during acute hepatitis,sometimes due to a viral infection,ischemia to the liver,chronic hepatitis,obstruction of bile ducts,cirrhosis.

ALP is a protein found in almost all body tissues.Tissues with higher amounts of ALP include the liver,bile ducts and bone.Elevated ALP levels are seen in Biliary obstruction, Osteoblastic bone tumors, osteomalacia, hepatitis, Hyperparathyroidism, Leukemia, Lymphoma, Paget's disease,Rickets,Sarcoidosis etc. Lower-than-normal ALP levels seen in Hypophosphatasia,Malnutrition,Protein deficiency,Wilson's disease.GGT is an enzyme found in cell membranes of many tissues mainly in the liver,kidney and pancreas.It is also found in other tissues including intestine,spleen,heart, brain and seminal vesicles.The highest concentration is in the kidney,but the liver is considered the source of normal enzyme activity.Serum GGT has been widely used as an index of liver dysfunction.Elevated serum GGT activity can be found in diseases of the liver,biliary system and pancreas.Conditions that increase serum GGT are obstructive liver disease,high alcohol consumption and use of enzyme-inducing drugs etc.Serum total protein,also known as total protein,is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum,Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin.Higher-than-normal levels may be due to:Chronic inflammation or infection,including HIV and hepatitis B or C,Multiple myeloma,Waldenstrom's disease.Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia,Bleeding (hemorrhage),Burns,Glomerulonephritis,Liver disease, Malabsorption,Malnutrition,Nephrotic syndrome,Protein-losing enteropathy etc.Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma.It is produced in the liver.Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein.Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by:Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome,protein-losing enteropathy,Burns,hemodilution,increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance,malnutrition and wasting etc

SERUM BLOOD UREA NITROGEN-



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Patient Ref. No. 77700002097417

CLIENT CODE : C000138378

CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS :
ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)
F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULI
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DELHI INDIA
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SRL Ltd
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BLOCK,
JAYANAGAR,
BANGALORE, 560011
KARNATAKA, INDIA
Tel : 08041211945

PATIENT NAME : RETHESH SHETTY /160257

PATIENT ID : RETHM080983278

ACCESSION NO : 0278VE002214 AGE : 38 Years SEX : Male

DRAWN : 16-05-2022 08:50

RECEIVED : 16-05-2022 08:52

REPORTED : 16-05-2022 17:36

REFERRING DOCTOR : SELF

CLIENT PATIENT ID :

Table with 4 columns: Test Report Status, Results, Biological Reference Interval, Units. Status is Final.

concentrations of T3, and T4 in the blood inhibit the production of TSH. Thyroxine T4, Thyroxine's principal function is to stimulate the metabolism of all cells and tissues in the body. Excessive secretion of thyroxine in the body is hyperthyroidism, and deficient secretion is called hypothyroidism. Most of the thyroid hormone in blood is bound to transport proteins. Only a very small fraction of the circulating hormone is free and biologically active.

In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are low.

Below mentioned are the guidelines for Pregnancy related reference ranges for Total T4, TSH & Total T3

Table with 4 columns: Levels in, TOTAL T4, TSH3G, TOTAL T3. Rows for Pregnancy, First Trimester, 2nd Trimester, 3rd Trimester.

Below mentioned are the guidelines for age related reference ranges for T3 and T4.

Table with 2 columns: T3, T4. Rows for New Born, 1-3 day, 1 Week.

NOTE: TSH concentrations in apparently normal euthyroid subjects are known to be highly skewed, with a strong tailed distribution towards higher TSH values. This is well documented in the pediatric population including the infant age group.

Kindly note: Method specific reference ranges are appearing on the report under biological reference range.

Reference:

- 1. Burtis C.A., Ashwood E. R, Bruns D.E. Teitz textbook of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Diagnostics, 4th Edition.
2. Gowenlock A.H. Varley's Practical Clinical Biochemistry, 6th Edition.
3. Behrman R.E. Kilegman R.M., Jenson H. B. Nelson Text Book of Pediatrics, 17th Edition

STOOL: OVA & PARASITE-

Acute infective diarrhoea and gastroenteritis (diarrhoea with vomiting) are major causes of ill health and premature death in developing countries. Loss of water and electrolytes from the body can lead to severe dehydration which if untreated, can be rapidly fatal in young children, especially that are malnourished, hypoglycaemic, and generally in poor health.

Laboratory diagnosis of parasitic infection is mainly based on microscopic examination and the gross examination of the stool specimen. Depending on the nature of the parasite, the microscopic observations include the identification of cysts, ova, trophozoites, larvae or portions of adult structure. The two classes of parasites that cause human infection are the Protozoa and Helminths. The protozoan infections include amoebiasis mainly caused by Entamoeba histolytica and giardiasis caused by Giardia lamblia. The common helminthic parasites are Trichuris trichiura, Ascaris lumbricoides, Strongyloides stercoralis, Taenia sp. etc

ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-

Blood group is identified by antigens and antibodies present in the blood. Antigens are protein molecules found on the surface of red blood cells. Antibodies are found in plasma. To determine blood group, red cells are mixed with different antibody solutions to give A,B,O or AB.

Disclaimer: "Please note, as the results of previous ABO and Rh group (Blood Group) for pregnant women are not available, please check with the patient records for availability of the same."

The test is performed by both forward as well as reverse grouping methods.

MEDICAL HISTORY

THIS REPORT CARRIES THE SIGNATURE OF OUR LABORATORY DIRECTOR. THIS IS AN INVOLABLE FEATURE OF OUR LAB MANAGEMENT SOFTWARE. HOWEVER, ALL EXAMINATIONS AND INVESTIGATIONS HAVE BEEN CONDUCTED BY OUR PANEL OF DOCTORS.

FITNESS STATUS-

Conclusion on an individual's Fitness, which is commented upon mainly for Pre employment cases, is based on multi factorial findings and does not depend on any one single parameter. The final Fitness assigned to a candidate will depend on the Physician's findings and overall judgement on a case to case basis, details of the candidate's past and personal history; as well as the comprehensiveness of the diagnostic panel which has been requested for. These are then further correlated with details of the job under consideration to eventually fit the right man to the right job.

Basis the above, SRL classifies a candidate's Fitness Status into one of the following categories:

- Fit (As per requested panel of tests) - SRL Limited gives the individual a clean chit to join the organization, on the basis of the General Physical Examination and the specific test panel requested for.
• Fit (with medical advice) (As per requested panel of tests) - This indicates that although the candidate can be declared as FIT to join the job, minimal problems have been detected during the Pre- employment examination. Examples of conditions which could fall in this category could be cases of mild reversible medical abnormalities such as height weight disproportions, borderline raised Blood Pressure readings, mildly raised Blood sugar and Blood Lipid levels, Hematuria, etc. Most of these relate to sedentary lifestyles and come under the broad category of life style disorders. The idea is to caution an individual to bring about certain lifestyle changes as well as seek a Physician's consultation and counseling in order to bring back to normal the mildly deranged parameters. For all purposes the individual is FIT to join the job.
• Fitness on Hold (Temporary Unfit) (As per requested panel of tests) - Candidate's reports are kept on hold when either the diagnostic tests or the physical findings reveal the presence of a medical condition which warrants further tests, counseling and/or specialist opinion, on the basis of which a candidate can either be placed into Fit, Fit (With Medical Advice), or Unfit category. Conditions which may fall into this category could be high blood pressure, abnormal ECG, heart murmurs, abnormal vision, grossly elevated blood sugars, etc.



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KARNATAKA, INDIA
Tel : 08041211945

PATIENT NAME : RETHESH SHETTY /160257

PATIENT ID : **RETHM080983278**

ACCESSION NO : **0278VE002214** AGE : 38 Years SEX : Male

DRAWN : 16-05-2022 08:50

RECEIVED : 16-05-2022 08:52

REPORTED : 16-05-2022 17:36

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CLIENT PATIENT ID :

Test Report Status	Final	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
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• Unfit (As per requested panel of tests) - An unfit report by SRL Limited clearly indicates that the individual is not suitable for the respective job profile e.g. total color blindness in color related jobs.



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Test Report Status **Final**

Results

Biological Reference Interval Units

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP BELOW 40 MALE

ULTRASOUND ABDOMEN

ULTRASOUND ABDOMEN

NO ABNORMALITIES DETECTED

****End Of Report****

Please visit www.srlworld.com for related Test Information for this accession

Dr. Asha Prabhakar
Lab Head

Dr. Kshitija Tanga
Consultant Pathologist

Dr. Vinitha M
Consultant Microbiologist

Dr. Priya
Consultant Pathologist



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