

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138355

ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156 ACCESSION NO: 0290XB001987

PATIENT ID : TUSHF270696290

CHIENT PATIENT ID: EC-BOBS7990

AGE/SEX : 27 Years Female

DRAWN :

RECEIVED : 10/02/2024 15:28:11 REPORTED :13/02/2024 15:17:40

Test Report Status Final Results Biological Reference Interval Units

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP BELOW 40FEMALE

XRAY-CHEST

»» BOTH THE LUNG FIELDS ARE CLEAR

»» BOTH THE COSTOPHRENIC AND CARIOPHRENIC ANGELS ARE CLEAR

»»
BOTH THE HILA ARE NORMAL

»» CARDIAC AND AORTIC SHADOWS APPEAR NORMAL»» BOTH THE DOMES OF THE DIAPHRAM ARE NORMAL

»» VISUALIZED BONY THORAX IS NORMAL

IMPRESSION NO ABNORMALITY DETECTED

Dr G.S. Saluja, (MBBS,DMRD) (Consultant Radiologist)

ECG

ECG SINUS RHYTH, T ABNORMALITY IN INFERIOR LEADS.

COMPARE WITH OLD ECG

MEDICAL HISTORY

RELEVANT PRESENT HISTORY

RELEVANT PAST HISTORY

RELEVANT PERSONAL HISTORY

NOT SIGNIFICANT

NOT SIGNIFICANT

RELEVANT FAMILY HISTORY F/H/O CA ORAL - FATHER HYPOTHYROID- MOTHER.

OCCUPATIONAL HISTORY NOT SIGNIFICANT HISTORY OF MEDICATIONS NOT SIGNIFICANT

ANTHROPOMETRIC DATA & BMI

HEIGHT IN METERS 1.57 mts

Prote

Dr.Arpita Pasari, MD Consultant Pathologist





Page 1 Of 25



View Report





CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138355 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156

ACCESSION NO: 0290XB001987

PATIENT ID : TUSHF270696290 CLIENT PATIENT ID: EC-BOBS7990

AGE/SEX : 27 Years Female

DRAWN

RECEIVED: 10/02/2024 15:28:11 REPORTED :13/02/2024 15:17:40

Test Report Status	<u>Final</u>	Results	Biological Reference Interval Units
WEIGHT IN KGS.		55	Kgs
ВМІ		22	BMI & Weight Status as follows/sqmts Below 18.5: Underweight 18.5 - 24.9: Normal 25.0 - 29.9: Overweight 30.0 and Above: Obese

GENERAL EXAMINATION

NORMAL MENTAL / EMOTIONAL STATE PHYSICAL ATTITUDE **NORMAL** GENERAL APPEARANCE / NUTRITIONAL **HEALTHY STATUS**

BUILT / SKELETAL FRAMEWORK AVERAGE FACIAL APPEARANCE **NORMAL** SKIN **NORMAL NORMAL** UPPER LIMB LOWER LIMB **NORMAL NECK NORMAL**

NECK LYMPHATICS / SALIVARY GLANDS NOT ENLARGED OR TENDER

THYROID GLAND **NOT ENLARGED**

CAROTID PULSATION **NORMAL TEMPERATURE AFEBRILE**

PULSE 77/MIN, REGULAR, ALL PERIPHERAL PULSES WELL FELT, NO CAROTID

BRUIT

RESPIRATORY RATE **NORMAL**

CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM

ΒP 110/70 MM HG mm/Hg

(SUPINE)

PERICARDIUM NORMAL APEX BEAT **NORMAL**

Dr. Arpita Pasari, MD

Consultant Pathologist





Page 2 Of 25

View Report





CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138355 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156

ACCESSION NO: 0290XB001987

PATIENT ID : TUSHF270696290 CLIENT PATIENT ID: EC-BOBS7990

AGE/SEX : 27 Years

DRAWN

RECEIVED: 10/02/2024 15:28:11 REPORTED :13/02/2024 15:17:40

Results **Biological Reference Interval Units Test Report Status Final**

HEART SOUNDS NORMAL ABSENT MURMURS

RESPIRATORY SYSTEM

SIZE AND SHAPE OF CHEST **NORMAL** MOVEMENTS OF CHEST **SYMMETRICAL BREATH SOUNDS INTENSITY NORMAL**

VESICULAR (NORMAL) **BREATH SOUNDS QUALITY**

ADDED SOUNDS **ABSENT**

PER ABDOMEN

HERNIA

NORMAL APPEARANCE ABSENT **VENOUS PROMINENCE NOT PALPABLE LIVER NOT PALPABLE SPLEEN** NORMAL

CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM

NORMAL HIGHER FUNCTIONS CRANIAL NERVES **NORMAL** CEREBELLAR FUNCTIONS **NORMAL** SENSORY SYSTEM **NORMAL** MOTOR SYSTEM **NORMAL NORMAL REFLEXES**

MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM

Dr. Arpita Pasari, MD **Consultant Pathologist**





Page 3 Of 25





CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138355 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156

ACCESSION NO: 0290XB001987

PATIENT ID : TUSHF270696290

CHIENT PATIENT ID: EC-BOBS7990

AGE/SEX : 27 Years

DRAWN

RECEIVED: 10/02/2024 15:28:11 REPORTED :13/02/2024 15:17:40

Test Report Status Results **Biological Reference Interval Units Final**

SPINE NORMAL NORMAL JOINTS

BASIC EYE EXAMINATION

CONJUNCTIVA **NORMAL EYELIDS NORMAL** EYE MOVEMENTS **NORMAL CORNEA**

DISTANT VISION RIGHT EYE WITHOUT

GLASSES

DISTANT VISION LEFT EYE WITHOUT

GLASSES

NEAR VISION RIGHT EYE WITHOUT

GLASSES

NEAR VISION LEFT EYE WITHOUT GLASSES

COLOUR VISION

NORMAL

6/6, WITHIN NORMAL LIMIT

6/6, WITHIN NORMAL LIMIT

N/6, WITHIN NORMAL LIMIT

N/6, WITHIN NORMAL LIMIT

NORMAL

BASIC ENT EXAMINATION

EXTERNAL EAR CANAL **NORMAL** TYMPANIC MEMBRANE **NORMAL**

NOSE NO ABNORMALITY DETECTED

SINUSES NORMAL

THROAT NO ABNORMALITY DETECTED

TONSILS NOT ENLARGED

BASIC DENTAL EXAMINATION

DENTAL CHECK-UP DONE TEETH

GUMS HEALTHY

Dr. Arpita Pasari, MD **Consultant Pathologist**



Page 4 Of 25







CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138355 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156

ACCESSION NO: 0290XB001987

PATIENT ID : TUSHF270696290 CLIENT PATIENT ID: EC-BOBS7990

Female

AGE/SEX : 27 Years DRAWN

RECEIVED: 10/02/2024 15:28:11 REPORTED :13/02/2024 15:17:40

Test Report Status Results Biological Reference Interval Units **Final**

SUMMARY

NOT SIGNIFICANT RELEVANT HISTORY RELEVANT GP EXAMINATION FINDINGS NOT SIGNIFICANT REMARKS / RECOMMENDATIONS NONE

FITNESS STATUS

FITNESS STATUS FIT (AS PER REQUESTED PANEL OF TESTS)

Comments

CLINICAL FINDINGS :-

LOW HB.

ADD TAKE FOOD STUFFS RICH IN IRON i.e. BEATROOT & SPINACH WITH IRON SUPPLEMENTS IN DIET. (NEEDS PHYSICIAN CONSULTATION IF HB < 8 gms%.)

NEED PHYSICIAN CONSULTATION FOR LIFE STYLE MODIFICATION.

Dr. Arpita Pasari, MD **Consultant Pathologist**



Page 5 Of 25







CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138355

ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156 ACCESSION NO: 0290XB001987

РАПЕНТ ID : TUSHF270696290 GBIENT PATIENT ID: EC-BOBS7990 AGE/SEX : 27 Years

DRAWN :

RECEIVED : 10/02/2024 15:28:11

REPORTED :13/02/2024 15:17:40

Test Report Status Final Results Units

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP BELOW 40FEMALE

ULTRASOUND ABDOMEN

ULTRASOUND ABDOMEN

<u>Liver</u> is normal in size, shape with smooth outline. Parenchymal echotexture is homogeneous. Intra & Extra hepatic biliary radicals are normal. Portal vein and C.B.D are normal in caliber.

Gall Bladder is normal, thin walled & its lumen is echo free.

Spleen is normal in size, shape & echotexture.

Pancreas is normal in size, shape & echotexture.

<u>Both Kidneys</u> are normal in size, shape and echotexture. Central pelvicalyceal system is normal. Corticomedullary differentiation is maintained.

IVC and AO is normal in caliber. No lymphadenopathy.

Urinary Bladder is normal thin walled, there is no calculus.

<u>Uterus</u> is anteverted and normal in size. Myometrial echotexture is homogeneous Endometrial echo reflection is normal. Cervix and endocervical canal appears normal.

Bilateral Ovaries are normal in size, shape and echotexture.

IMPRESSION- No Significant abnormality seen in USG of Whole Abdomen

Dr G S Saluja (MBBS.DMRD) REG.NO 4005 (Consultant Radiologist)

TMT OR ECHO
CLINICAL PROFILE

Dr.Arpita Pasari, MD Consultant Pathologist



Page 6 Of 25

View Details

View Report







CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138355

ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156 ACCESSION NO: 0290XB001987

PATIENT ID: TUSHF270696290

AGE/SEX : 27 Years

Female

DRAWN :

RECEIVED : 10/02/2024 15:28:11 REPORTED :13/02/2024 15:17:40

Test Report Status Final Results Units

2D ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY

Parasternal long axis, Parasternal short axis at multiple levels, apical 4-C & apical & 5-C views taken.

All cardiac valves are normal in structure & move normally.

All cardiac chambers and great vessels are normal in size.

The left ventricular wall is normal in thickness & contractility.

There is no evidence of any regional wall motion abnormality.

There is no evidence of any vegetation or clot or pericardial effusion.

The calculated LVEF 70%.

IMPRESSION :-Normal Study -LVEF 70%

M-MODE ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY

(1) MITRAL VALVE DIMENSIONS Normal Value

EPSS: mm 2-7 mm

(2) AORTIC VALVE DIMENSIONS

Dr.Arpita Pasari, MD Consultant Pathologist



Page 7 Of 25

View Details

View Report







CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138355

ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156 ACCESSION NO : 0290XB001987

PATIENT ID : TUSHF270696290

CHIENT PATIENT ID: EC-BOBS7990

AGE/SEX : 27 Years

DRAWN :

RECEIVED : 10/02/2024 15:28:11 REPORTED :13/02/2024 15:17:40

Test Report Status Final Results Units

Aortic Root 25: mm 20-37 mm

Left atrium 32 : mm 19-40 mm

Cusp Opening 20: mm 15-26 mm

(3) LEFT VENTRICULAR DIMENSIONS

:

DIMENSION	OBSERVED	NORMAL VALUES

LVID (Diastolic) 40	: mm	37-56 mm
LVID (Systolic) 2	7 : mm	24-42 mm
RVID (Diastolic) 20	: mm	7-23 mm
IVST (Diastolic) 9	: mm	6-11 mm
LVPWT (Diastolic) 9	9 : mm	6-11 mm

LEFT VENTRICULAR FUNCTION

LVEDV : ml LVESV : ml

EF 70 %

Dr. Manbeer Singh. (MBBS, PGDCC)

d>Interpretation(s)

MEDICAL HISTORY-

Proite

Dr.Arpita Pasari, MD Consultant Pathologist





Page 8 Of 25

View Details

View Report





CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138355 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL

F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156

ACCESSION NO: 0290XB001987

PATIENT ID DRAWN : TUSHF270696290

CHIENT PATIENT ID: EC-BOBS7990

:27 Years AGE/SEX

RECEIVED: 10/02/2024 15:28:11

REPORTED :13/02/2024 15:17:40

Units **Test Report Status** Results **Final**

correlated with details of the job under consideration to eventually fit the right man to the right job.

- Basis the above, Agilus diagnostic classifies a candidate's Fitness Status into one of the following categories:

 Fit (As per requested panel of tests) AGILUS Limited gives the individual a clean chit to join the organization, on the basis of the General Physical Examination and the specific test panel requested for.
- Fit (with medical advice) (As per requested panel of tests) This indicates that although the candidate can be declared as FIT to join the job, minimal problems have been detected during the Pre- employment examination. Examples of conditions which could fall in this category could be cases of mild reversible medical abnormalities such as height weight disproportions, borderline raised Blood Pressure readings, mildly raised Blood sugar and Blood Lipid levels, Hematuria, etc. Most of these relate to sedentary lifestyles and come under the broad category of life style disorders. The idea is to caution an individual to bring about certain lifestyle changes as well as seek a Physician''''''s consultation and counseling in order to bring back to normal the mildly deranged parameters. For all purposes the individual is FIT to join the job.

 • Fitness on Hold (Temporary Unfit) (As per requested panel of tests) - Candidate's reports are kept on hold when either the diagnostic tests or the physical findings reveal the presence of a medical condition which warrants further tests, counselling and/or specialist opinion, on the basis of which a candidate can either be placed into
- Fit, Fit (With Medical Advice), or Unfit category. Conditions which may fall into this category could be high blood pressure, abnormal ECG, heart murmurs, abnormal vision, grossly elevated blood sugars, etc.

 Unfit (As per requested panel of tests) An unfit report by Agilus diagnostic Limited clearly indicates that the individual is not suitable for the respective job profile
- e.g. total color blindness in color related jobs.

Dr. Arpita Pasari, MD **Consultant Pathologist**



Page 9 Of 25

View Report







CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138355

ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156 ACCESSION NO: 0290XB001987

РАПЕНТ ID : TUSHF270696290 GLEFNT PATIENT ID: EC-BOBS7990 AGE/SEX : 27 Years Fe

DRAWN :

RECEIVED :10/02/2024 15:28:11 REPORTED :13/02/2024 15:17:40

Test Report Status <u>Final</u> Results Biological Reference Interval Units

н	AEMATOLOGY - CBC		
MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP BE	LOW 40FEMALE		
BLOOD COUNTS,EDTA WHOLE BLOOD			
HEMOGLOBIN (HB)	11.7 Low	12.0 - 15.0	g/dL
RED BLOOD CELL (RBC) COUNT	4.78	3.8 - 4.8	mil/μL
WHITE BLOOD CELL (WBC) COUNT	5.27	4.0 - 10.0	thou/µL
PLATELET COUNT	240	150 - 410	thou/µL
RBC AND PLATELET INDICES			
HEMATOCRIT (PCV)	34.2 Low	36 - 46	%
MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOLUME (MCV)	71.5 Low	83 - 101	fL
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN (MCH)	24.5 Low	27.0 - 32.0	pg
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN CONCENTRATION (MCHC)	34.2	31.5 - 34.5	g/dL
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW)	20.4 High	11.6 - 14.0	%
MENTZER INDEX	15.0		
MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV)	8.0	6.8 - 10.9	fL
WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT			
NEUTROPHILS	59	40 - 80	%
YMPHOCYTES	36	20 - 40	%
MONOCYTES	03	2 - 10	%
EOSINOPHILS	02	1 - 6	%
BASOPHILS	00	0 - 2	%
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT	3.11	2.0 - 7.0	thou/μL
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT	1.90	1 - 3	thou/μL
ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT	0.16 Low	0.20 - 1.00	thou/µL
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT	0.11	0.02 - 0.50	thou/µL

Proite

Dr.Arpita Pasari, MD Consultant Pathologist





Page 10 Of 25

View Details







CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138355 ACCESSION NO: 0290XB001987 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL

PATIENT ID : TUSHF270696290 F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST CHIENT PATIENT ID: EC-BOBS7990

AGE/SEX : 27 Years DRAWN

> RECEIVED: 10/02/2024 15:28:11 REPORTED :13/02/2024 15:17:40

Results **Biological Reference Interval Units Test Report Status Final**

Interpretation(s)

NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156

DELHI

BLOOD COUNTS,EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-The cell morphology is well preserved for 24hrs. However after 24-48 hrs a progressive increase in MCV and HCT is observed leading to a decrease in MCHC. A direct smear is recommended for an accurate differential count and for examination of RBC morphology.

RBC AND PLATELET INDICES-Mentzer index (MCV/RBC) is an automated cell-counter based calculated screen tool to differentiate cases of Iron deficiency anaemia(>13)

from Beta thalassaemia trait

(<13) in patients with microcytic anaemia. This needs to be interpreted in line with clinical correlation and suspicion. Estimation of HbA2 remains the gold standard for diagnosing a case of beta thalassaemia trait.

WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT-The optimal threshold of 3.3 for NLR showed a prognostic possibility of clinical symptoms to change from mild to severe in COVID positive patients. When age = 49.5 years old and NLR = 3.3, 46.1% COVID-19 patients with mild disease might become severe. By contrast, when age < 49.5 years old and NLR < 3.3, COVID-19 patients tend to show mild disease.

(Reference to - The diagnostic and predictive role of NLR, d-NLR and PLR in COVID-19 patients A.-P. Yang, et al. International Immunopharmacology 84 (2020)

This ratio element is a calculated parameter and out of NABL scope.

Dr. Arpita Pasari, MD **Consultant Pathologist**





Page 11 Of 25

View Report



8800465156



Female

REF. DOCTOR: DR. MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH PATIENT NAME: TUSHAR PATIDAR (EC-BOBS7990) **CHECKUP BELOW 40FEMALE**

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138355 ACCESSION NO: 0290XB001987 AGE/SEX : 27 Years

ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL PATIENT ID : TUSHF270696290

F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST CHIENT PATIENT ID: EC-BOBS7990 RECEIVED: 10/02/2024 15:28:11

DELHI REPORTED :13/02/2024 15:17:40 **NEW DELHI 110030**

Test Report Status Results Biological Reference Interval Units **Final**

HAEMATOLOGY

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP BELOW 40FEMALE

ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR), EDTA BLOOD

E.S.R 19 0 - 20mm at 1 hr

METHOD: MODIFIED WESTERGREN

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE **BLOOD**

% HBA1C 5.6 Non-diabetic: < 5.7

> Pre-diabetics: 5.7 - 6.4 Diabetics: > or = 6.5Therapeutic goals: < 7.0 Action suggested: > 8.0 (ADA Guideline 2021)

DRAWN

METHOD: HPLC TECHNOLOGY

ESTIMATED AVERAGE GLUCOSE(EAG) 114.0 < 116.0 mg/dL

Interpretation(s)

ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR),EDTA BLOOD-TEST DESCRIPTION:-

Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a test that indirectly measures the degree of inflammation present in the body. The test actually measures the rate of fall (sedimentation) of erythrocytes in a sample of blood that has been placed into a tall, thin, vertical tube. Results are reported as the millimetres of clear fluid (plasma) that are present at the top portion of the tube after one hour. Nowadays fully automated instruments are available to measure ESR.

ESR is not diagnostic it is a non-specific test that may be elevated in a number of different conditions. It provides general information about the presence of an inflammatory condition.CRP is superior to ESR because it is more sensitive and reflects a more rapid change.

TEST INTERPRETATION

Finding a very accelerated ESR(>100 mm/hour) in patients with ill-defined symptoms directs the physician to search for a systemic disease

(Paraproteinemias, Disseminated malignancies, connective tissue disease, severe infections such as bacterial endocarditis).

In pregnancy BRI in first trimester is 0-48 mm/hr(62 if anemic) and in second trimester (0-70 mm /hr(95 if anemic). ESR returns to normal 4th week post partum.
b>Decreased in: Polycythermia vera, Sickle cell anemia

LIMITATIONS

b>False elevated ESR: Increased fibrinogen, Drugs(Vitamin A, Dextran etc), Hypercholesterolemia

salicylates)

Dr. Arpita Pasari, MD **Consultant Pathologist**



Page 12 Of 25

View Report



Agilus Diagnostics Ltd. Gate No 2, Residency Area, Opp. St. Raphaels School, Indore, 452001

Madhya Pradesh, India Tel: 0731 2490008





CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138355 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL

F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156

ACCESSION NO: 0290XB001987

PATIENT ID : TUSHF270696290

CHIENT PATIENT ID: EC-BOBS7990

AGE/SEX : 27 Years DRAWN

RECEIVED: 10/02/2024 15:28:11 REPORTED :13/02/2024 15:17:40

Test Report Status Results Biological Reference Interval Units **Final**

REFERENCE :

- 1. Nathan and Oski's Haematology of Infancy and Childhood, 5th edition 2. Paediatric reference intervals. AACC Press, 7th edition. Edited by S. Soldin 3. The reference GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-

 by Used For

 /b>:
- 1. Evaluating the long-term control of blood glucose concentrations in diabetic patients.
- 2. Diagnosing diabetes.
- 3. Identifying patients at increased risk for diabetes (prediabetes).

The ADA recommends measurement of HbA1c (typically 3-4 times per year for type 1 and poorly controlled type 2 diabetic patients, and 2 times per year for well-controlled type 2 diabetic patients) to determine whether a patients metabolic control has remained continuously within the target range.

- eAG (Estimated average glucose) converts percentage HbA1c to md/dl, to compare blood glucose levels.
 eAG gives an evaluation of blood glucose levels for the last couple of months.
- 3. eAG is calculated as eAG (mg/dl) = 28.7 * HbA1c 46.7

b>HbA1c Estimation can get affected due to :

- 1. Shortened Erythrocyte survival: Any condition that shortens erythrocyte survival or decreases mean erythrocyte age (e.g. recovery from acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia) will falsely lower HbA1c test results. Fructosamine is recommended in these patients which indicates diabetes control over 15 days.
- 2.Vitamin C & E are reported to falsely lower test results.(possibly by inhibiting glycation of hemoglobin.
- 3. Iron deficiency anemia is reported to increase test results. Hypertriglyceridemia, uremia, hyperbilirubinemia, chronic alcoholism, chronic ingestion of salicylates & opiates addiction are reported to interfere with some assay methods, falsely increasing results.
- 4. Interference of hemoglobinopathies in HbA1c estimation is seen in

- a) Homozygous hemoglobinopathy. Fructosamine is recommended for testing of HbA1c.
 b) Heterozygous state detected (D10 is corrected for HbS & HbC trait.)
 c) HbF > 25% on alternate paltform (Boronate affinity chromatography) is recommended for testing of HbA1c.Abnormal Hemoglobin electrophoresis (HPLC method) is recommended for detecting a hemoglobinopathy

Dr. Arpita Pasari, MD **Consultant Pathologist**





Page 13 Of 25

View Report





CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138355 ACCESSION NO : **0290XB001987** AGE/SEX : 27 Years

ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL PATIENT ID : TUSHF270696290 DRAWN :

F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030

RECEIVED : 10/02/2024 15:28:11

REPORTED :13/02/2024 15:17:40

Test Report Status <u>Final</u> Results Biological Reference Interval Units

IMMUNOHAEMATOLOGY

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP BELOW 40FEMALE

ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

ABO GROUP TYPE B

METHOD: TUBE AGGLUTINATION

RH TYPE POSITIVE

METHOD: TUBE AGGLUTINATION

Interpretation(s)

8800465156

ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-Blood group is identified by antigens and antibodies present in the blood. Antigens are protein molecules found on the surface of red blood cells. Antibodies are found in plasma. To determine blood group, red cells are mixed with different antibody solutions to give A,B,O or AB.

Disclaimer: "Please note, as the results of previous ABO and Rh group (Blood Group) for pregnant women are not available, please check with the patient records for availability of the same."

The test is performed by both forward as well as reverse grouping methods.

Proite

Dr.Arpita Pasari, MD Consultant Pathologist





Page 14 Of 25

View Details

View Report





CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138355

ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156 ACCESSION NO : 0290XB001987

PATIENT ID : TUSHF270696290

CLIENT PATIENT ID: EC-BOBS7990

AGE/SEX : 27 Years Female

DRAWN :

RECEIVED : 10/02/2024 15:28:11 REPORTED :13/02/2024 15:17:40

Test Report Status Final Results Biological Reference Interval Units

BIOCHEMISTRY

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP BELOW 40FEMALE

GLUCOSE FASTING, FLUORIDE PLASMA

FBS (FASTING BLOOD SUGAR)

METHOD: HEXOKINASE

94 74 - 99

mg/dL

mg/dL

GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA

PPBS(POST PRANDIAL BLOOD SUGAR)

98

Normal: < 140, Impaired Glucose

Tolerance: 140-199 Diabetic > or = 200

METHOD: HEXOKINASE

LIPID PROFILE WITH CALCULATED LDL

CHOLESTEROL, TOTAL

METHOD: OXIDASE, ESTERASE, PEROXIDASE

METHOD: DIRECT- NON IMMUNOLOGICAL

114

46

Desirable: <200

mg/dL

BorderlineHigh: 200-239

High: > or = 240

riigir . > or

Desirable: < 150

mg/dL

Borderline High: 150 - 199

High: 200 - 499

Very High: > or = 500

METHOD : ENZYMATIC ASSAY

HDL CHOLESTEROL

CHOLESTEROL LDL

TRIGLYCERIDES

40

65

74

< 40 Low

mg/dL

> or = 60 High

...9, --

> 01 = 00 mgm

Adult levels:

Optimal < 100

mg/dL

Near optimal/above optimal:

100-129

Borderline high: 130-159

is to 100

High: 160-189

Very high : = 190

Desirable: Less than 130

mg/dL

Above Desirable: 130 - 159

Dr.Arpita Pasari, MD Consultant Pathologist

NON HDL CHOLESTEROL



Page 15 Of 25

View Details









CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138355 ACCESSION NO: 0290XB001987 AGE/SEX : 27 Years Female ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL

PATIENT ID DRAWN : TUSHF270696290

F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

CHIENT PATIENT ID: EC-BOBS7990 RECEIVED: 10/02/2024 15:28:11 **DELHI** REPORTED :13/02/2024 15:17:40 **NEW DELHI 110030** 8800465156

Results **Test Report Status** Biological Reference Interval Units **Final**

Borderline High: 160 - 189

High: 190 - 219

Very high: > or = 220

METHOD: CALCULATED

VERY LOW DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN 9.2 < or = 30mg/dL

METHOD: CALCULATED

2.9 Low 3.3 - 4.4CHOL/HDL RATIO

LDL/HDL RATIO 1.6 0.5 - 3.0 Desirable/Low Risk

3.1 - 6.0 Borderline/Moderate

Risk

>6.0 High Risk

Interpretation(s)

Serum lipid profile is measured for cardiovascular risk prediction. Lipid Association of India recommends LDL-C as primary target and Non HDL-C as co-primary treatment target.

Risk Stratification for ASCVD (Atherosclerotic cardiovascular disease) by Lipid Association of India

Risk Category			
Extreme risk group	A.CAD with > 1 feature of high risk group		
	B. CAD with > 1 feature of Very high risk g	group or recurrent ACS (within 1 year) despite LDL-C < or =	
	50 mg/dl or polyvascular disease		
Very High Risk		najor risk factors or evidence of end organ damage 3.	
	Familial Homozygous Hypercholesterolemia	a	
High Risk	1. Three major ASCVD risk factors. 2. Diabetes with 1 major risk factor or no evidence of end organ		
	damage. 3. CKD stage 3B or 4. 4. LDL >1	90 mg/dl 5. Extreme of a single risk factor. 6. Coronary	
	Artery Calcium - CAC >300 AU. 7. Lipoprotein a >/= 50mg/dl 8. Non stenotic carotid plaque		
Moderate Risk	2 major ASCVD risk factors		
Low Risk	0-1 major ASCVD risk factors		
Major ASCVD (Ath	erosclerotic cardiovascular disease) Risk Fa	ctors	
1. Age > or = 45 years in males and > or = 55 years in females 3. Current Cigarette smoking or tobacco use			
2. Family history of premature ASCVD 4. High blood pressure			
5. Low HDL			

Newer treatment goals and statin initiation thresholds based on the risk categories proposed by LAI in 2020.

Risk Group	Treatment Goals		Consider Drug Therapy	
	LDL-C (mg/dl)	Non-HDL (mg/dl)	LDL-C (mg/dl)	Non-HDL (mg/dl)
Extreme Risk Group Category A	<50 (Optional goal	< 80 (Optional goal	>OR = 50	>OR = 80
	$\langle OR = 30 \rangle$	< OR = 60)		
Extreme Risk Group Category B	<or 30<="" =="" td=""><td><or 60<="" =="" td=""><td>> 30</td><td>>60</td></or></td></or>	<or 60<="" =="" td=""><td>> 30</td><td>>60</td></or>	> 30	>60
Very High Risk	<50	<80	>OR= 50	>OR= 80



Dr. Arpita Pasari, MD **Consultant Pathologist**





Page 16 Of 25



Agilus Diagnostics Ltd. Gate No 2, Residency Area, Opp. St. Raphaels School, Indore, 452001 Madhya Pradesh, India





CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138355

ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156 ACCESSION NO : 0290XB001987

PATIENT ID : TUSHF270696290

CLIENT PATIENT ID: EC-BOBS7990

DRAWN :

AGE/SEX : 27 Years Fe

RECEIVED : 10/02/2024 15:28:11 REPORTED :13/02/2024 15:17:40

Test Report Status <u>Final</u> Results Biological Reference Interval Units

High Risk	<70	<100	>OR= 70	>OR= 100
Moderate Risk	<100	<130	>OR= 100	>OR= 130
Low Risk	<100	<130	>OR= 130*	>OR= 160

^{*}After an adequate non-pharmacological intervention for at least 3 months.

References: Management of Dyslipidaemia for the Prevention of Stroke: Clinical Practice Recommendations from the Lipid Association of India. Current Vascular Pharmacology, 2022, 20, 134-155.

LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM

BILIRUBIN, TOTAL	0.51	0.0 - 1.2	mg/dL
METHOD: JENDRASSIK AND GROFF BILIRUBIN, DIRECT METHOD: DIAZOTIZATION	0.25 High	0.0 - 0.2	mg/dL
BILIRUBIN, INDIRECT METHOD: CALCULATED	0.26	0.00 - 1.00	mg/dL
TOTAL PROTEIN METHOD: BIURET	8.1	6.4 - 8.3	g/dL
ALBUMIN	4.7	3.50 - 5.20	g/dL
METHOD: BROMOCRESOL GREEN GLOBULIN	3.4	2.0 - 4.1	g/dL
METHOD: CALCULATED ALBUMIN/GLOBULIN RATIO METHOD: CALCULATED	1.4	1.0 - 2.0	RATIO
ASPARTATE AMINOTRANSFERASE (AST/SGOT) METHOD: UV WITH PSP	16	UPTO 32	U/L
ALANINE AMINOTRANSFERASE (ALT/SGPT) METHOD: UV WITH P5P	7	UPTO 34	U/L
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE METHOD: PNPP	65	35 - 104	U/L
GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE (GGT) METHOD : G-GLUTAMYL-CARBOXY-NITROANILIDE	12	5 - 36	U/L
LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE METHOD: ENZYMATIC LACTATE - PYRUVATE(IFCC)	148	135 - 214	U/L

BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM

BLOOD UREA NITROGEN 6 6 - 20 mg/dL

METHOD: UREASE KINETIC

Dr.Arpita Pasari, MD Consultant Pathologist



Page 17 Of 25

View Details

View Repor



Tel: 0731 2490008

Agilus Diagnostics Ltd. Gate No 2, Residency Area, Opp. St. Raphaels School, Indore, 452001 Madhya Pradesh, India

atient Ref. No. 775000006379



CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138355

ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156 ACCESSION NO: 0290XB001987

PATIENT ID: TUSHF270696290

AGE/SEX : 27 Years Female

DRAWN :

RECEIVED : 10/02/2024 15:28:11 REPORTED :13/02/2024 15:17:40

Test Report Status <u>Final</u> Results Biological Reference Interval Units

CREATININE, SERUM

CREATININE **0.41 Low** 0.50 - 0.90 mg/dL

METHOD: ALKALINE PICRATE KINETIC JAFFES

BUN/CREAT RATIO

BUN/CREAT RATIO 14.63 5.0 - 15.0

METHOD : CALCULATED

URIC ACID, SERUM

URIC ACID 3.9 2.6 - 6.0 mg/dL

METHOD: URICASE/CATALASE UV

TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM

TOTAL PROTEIN 8.1 6.4 - 8.3 g/dL

METHOD : BIURET

ALBUMIN, SERUM

ALBUMIN 4.7 3.5 - 5.2 g/dL

METHOD: BROMOCRESOL GREEN

GLOBULIN

3.4

Dr.Arpita Pasari, MD

GLOBULIN

Dr.Arpita Pasari, MD Consultant Pathologist

2.0 - 4.1



Page 18 Of 25

View Details

View Repor

Tel: 0731 2490008



g/dL



CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138355

ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156 ACCESSION NO : **0290XB001987**

РАПЕНТ ID : TUSHF270696290 CHENT, PATIENT ID: EC-BOBS7990 AGE/SEX : 27 Years Fem

DRAWN :

RECEIVED : 10/02/2024 15:28:11 REPORTED :13/02/2024 15:17:40

	<u> </u>		
Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results	Biological Reference I	interval Units
ELECTROLYTES (NA/K/CL), SERUM			
SODIUM, SERUM	141.5	136.0 - 146.0	mmol/L
METHOD: DIRECT ION SELECTIVE ELECTRODE			
POTASSIUM, SERUM	3.84	3.50 - 5.10	mmol/L
METHOD: DIRECT ION SELECTIVE ELECTRODE			
CHLORIDE, SERUM	103.9	98.0 - 106.0	mmol/L
METHOD: DIRECT ION SELECTIVE ELECTRODE			

Interpretation(s)

Sodium	Potassium	Chloride
Decreased in:CCF, cirrhosis,	Decreased in: Low potassium	Decreased in: Vomiting, diarrhea,
vomiting, diarrhea, excessive	intake,prolonged vomiting or diarrhea,	renal failure combined with salt
sweating, salt-losing	RTA types I and II,	deprivation, over-treatment with
nephropathy, adrenal insufficiency,	hyperaldosteronism, Cushing's	diuretics, chronic respiratory acidosis,
nephrotic syndrome, water	syndrome,osmotic diuresis (e.g.,	diabetic ketoacidosis, excessive
intoxication, SIADH. Drugs:	hyperglycemia),alkalosis, familial	sweating, SIADH, salt-losing
thiazides, diuretics, ACE inhibitors,	periodic paralysis,trauma	nephropathy, porphyria, expansion of
chlorpropamide,carbamazepine,anti	(transient).Drugs: Adrenergic agents,	extracellular fluid volume,
depressants (SSRI), antipsychotics.	diuretics.	adrenalinsufficiency,
		hyperaldosteronism, metabolic
		alkalosis. Drugs: chronic
		laxative,corticosteroids, diuretics.
Increased in: Dehydration	Increased in: Massive hemolysis,	Increased in: Renal failure, nephrotic
(excessivesweating, severe	severe tissue damage, rhabdomyolysis,	syndrome, RTA,dehydration,
vomiting or diarrhea),diabetes	acidosis, dehydration,renal failure,	overtreatment with
mellitus, diabetesinsipidus,	Addison's disease, RTA type IV,	saline,hyperparathyroidism, diabetes
hyperaldosteronism, inadequate	hyperkalemic familial periodic	insipidus, metabolic acidosis from
water intake. Drugs: steroids,	paralysis. Drugs: potassium salts,	diarrhea (Loss of HCO3-), respiratory
licorice,oral contraceptives.	potassium- sparing diuretics,NSAIDs,	alkalosis, hyperadre no corticism.
	beta-blockers, ACE inhibitors, high-	Drugs: acetazolamide, and rogens,
	dose trimethoprim-sulfamethoxazole.	hydrochlorothiazide, salicylates.
Interferences: Severe lipemia or	Interferences: Hemolysis of sample,	Interferences:Test is helpful in
hyperproteinemi, if sodium analysis	delayed separation of serum,	assessing normal and increased anion
involves a dilution step can cause	prolonged fist clenching during blood	gap metabolic acidosis and in
spurious results. The serum sodium	drawing, and prolonged tourniquet	distinguishing hypercalcemia due to
falls about 1.6 mEq/L for each 100	placement. Very high WBC/PLT counts	hyperparathyroidism (high serum
mg/dL increase in blood glucose.	may cause spurious. Plasma potassium	chloride) from that due to malignancy
	levels are normal.	(Normal serum chloride)

Interpretation(s)

GLUCOSE FASTING, FLUORIDE PLASMA-TEST DESCRIPTION

Normally, the glucose concentration in extracellular fluid is closely regulated so that a source of energy is readily available to tissues and sothat no glucose is excreted in the urine.

db-Increased in:Diabetes mellitus, Cushing's syndrome (10 – 15%), chronic pancreatitis (30%). Drugs:corticosteroids,phenytoin, estrogen, thiazides.
 db-Decreased in:Pancreatic islet cell disease with increased insulin,insulinoma,adrenocortical insufficiency,hypopituitarism,diffuse liver disease, malignancy (adrenocortical,stomach,fibrosarcoma),infant of a diabetic mother,enzyme deficiency diseases(e.g.galactosemia),Drugs-insulin,ethanol,propranolol

Proita

Dr.Arpita Pasari, MD Consultant Pathologist





Page 19 Of 25

View Details

View Report





CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138355 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156

ACCESSION NO: 0290XB001987

PATIENT ID : TUSHF270696290

CHIENT PATIENT ID: EC-BOBS7990

:27 Years AGE/SEX Female

DRAWN

RECEIVED: 10/02/2024 15:28:11 REPORTED: 13/02/2024 15:17:40

Test Report Status Results Biological Reference Interval Units **Final**

sulfonylureas, tolbutamide, and other oral hypoglycemic agents.

High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glyosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc.

GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA-High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin

treatment, Renal Glyosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc.Additional test HbA1c LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM-

65>Bilirubin
is a yellowish pigment found in bile and is a breakdown product of normal heme catabolism. Bilirubin is excreted in bile and urine, and elevated levels may give yellow discoloration in jaundice.

in jaundice bilirubin excretion (eg, obstruction and hepatitis), and abnormal bilirubin metabolism (eg, hereditary and neonatal jaundice). Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin in Viral hepatitis, Drug reactions, Alcoholic liver disease Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is also elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin when there is some kind of blockage of the bile ducts like in Gallstones getting into the bile ducts, tumors &Scarring of the bile ducts. Increased unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin may be a result of Hemolytic or pernicious anemia, Transfusion reaction & a common metabolic condition termed Gilbert

syndrome, due to low levels of the enzyme that attaches sugar molecules to bilirubin.

<br/ measured clinically as a marker for liver health. AST levels increase during chronic viral hepatitis, blockage of the bile duct, cirrhosis of the liver, liver cancer, kidney failure, hemolytic anemia, pancreatitis, hemochromatosis. AST levels may also increase after a heart attack or strenuous activity. ALT test measures the amount of this enzyme in the blood. ALT is found mainly in the liver, but also in smaller amounts in the kidneys, heart, muscles, and pancreas. It is commonly measured as a part of a diagnostic evaluation of hepatocellular injury, to determine liver health.AST levels increase during acute hepatitis, sometimes due to a viral infection, ischemia to the liver, chronic hepatitis, obstruction of bile ducts, cirrhosis.

ALP levels seen in Hypophosphatasia, Malnutrition, Protein deficiency, Wilsons disease.

ALP levels seen in Hypophosphatasia, Malnutrition, Protein deficiency, Wilsons disease.

<br has been widely used as an index of liver dysfunction. Elevated serum GGT activity can be found in diseases of the liver, biliary system and pancreas. Conditions that increase serum GGT are obstructive liver disease, high alcohol consumption and use of enzyme-inducing drugs etc.

 disease.Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia,Bleeding (hemorrhage),Burns,Glomerulonephritis,Liver disease,

Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc.

Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc.

<b

albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by:Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome,protein-losing enteropathy,Burns,hemodilution,increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance,malnutrition and wasting etc BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM-

by Causes of Increased

levels include Pre renal (High protein diet, Increased protein catabolism, GI haemorrhage,

Cortisol, Dehydration, CHF Renal), Renal Failure, Post Renal (Malignancy, Nephrolithiasis, Prostatism)

<br/

<

DM,Metabolic syndrome Causes of decreased levels-Low Zinc intake,OCP,Multiple Sclerosis
TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM-is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum.Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin.

 Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage),Burns,Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome,Protein-losing enteropathy etc.

ALBUMIN, SERUM-Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance,malnutrition and wasting etc.

Dr. Arpita Pasari, MD **Consultant Pathologist**





Page 20 Of 25

View Report







CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138355

ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL

F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156 ACCESSION NO : 0290XB001987

PATIENT ID : TUSHF270696290

CHIENT PATIENT ID: EC-BOBS7990

AGE/SEX : 27 Years

Female

DRAWN :

RECEIVED : 10/02/2024 15:28:11 REPORTED :13/02/2024 15:17:40

Test Report Status Final Results Biological Reference Interval Units

CLINICAL PATH - URINALYSIS

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP BELOW 40FEMALE

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION, URINE

COLOR PALE YELLOW

APPEARANCE CLEAR

CHEMICAL EXAMINATION, URINE

PH	5.0	4.7 - 7.5
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	<=1.005	1.003 - 1.035
PROTEIN	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
GLUCOSE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
KETONES	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
BLOOD	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
BILIRUBIN	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
UROBILINOGEN	NORMAL	NORMAL
NITRITE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED
LEUKOCYTE ESTERASE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED

MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION, URINE

RED BLOOD CELLS	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	/HPF
PUS CELL (WBC'S)	2-3	0-5	/HPF
EPITHELIAL CELLS	3-5	0-5	/HPF

CASTS NOT DETECTED
CRYSTALS NOT DETECTED

BACTERIA NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED
YEAST NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED

REMARKS Please note that all the urinary findings are confirmed manually as well.

Dr.Arpita Pasari, MD Consultant Pathologist



Page 21 Of 25

View Details

View Report



Tel: 0731 2490008

Agilus Diagnostics Ltd. Gate No 2, Residency Area, Opp. St. Raphaels School, Indore, 452001 Madhya Pradesh, India





CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138355 ACCESSION NO: 0290XB001987 ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL PATIENT ID F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

: TUSHF270696290 DRAWN

CHIENT PATIENT ID: EC-BOBS7990 RECEIVED: 10/02/2024 15:28:11 REPORTED :13/02/2024 15:17:40

AGE/SEX : 27 Years

Test Report Status Results Biological Reference Interval Units **Final**

Interpretation(s)

NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156

DELHI

The following table describes the probable conditions, in which the analytes are present in urine

Presence of	Conditions			
Proteins	Inflammation or immune illnesses			
Pus (White Blood Cells)	Urinary tract infection, urinary tract or kidney stone, tumors or any kind			
	of kidney impairment			
Glucose	Diabetes or kidney disease			
Ketones	Diabetic ketoacidosis (DKA), starvation or thirst			
Urobilinogen	Liver disease such as hepatitis or cirrhosis			
Blood	Renal or genital disorders/trauma			
Bilirubin	Liver disease			
Erythrocytes	Urological diseases (e.g. kidney and bladder cancer, urolithiasis), urinary			
	tract infection and glomerular diseases			
Leukocytes	Urinary tract infection, glomerulonephritis, interstitial nephritis either			
	acute or chronic, polycystic kidney disease, urolithiasis, contamination by			
	genital secretions			
Epithelial cells	Urolithiasis, bladder carcinoma or hydronephrosis, ureteric stents or			
	bladder catheters for prolonged periods of time			
Granular Casts	Low intratubular pH, high urine osmolality and sodium concentration, interaction with Bence-Jones protein			
Hyaline casts	Physical stress, fever, dehydration, acute congestive heart failure, renal			
	diseases			
Calcium oxalate	Metabolic stone disease, primary or secondary hyperoxaluria, intravenous			
	infusion of large doses of vitamin C, the use of vasodilator naftidrofuryl			
	oxalate or the gastrointestinal lipase inhibitor orlistat, ingestion of			
	ethylene glycol or of star fruit (Averrhoa carambola) or its juice			
Uric acid	arthritis			
Bacteria	Urinary infectionwhen present in significant numbers & with pus cells.			
Trichomonas vaginalis Vaginitis, cervicitis or salpingitis				

Dr.Arpita Pasari, MD **Consultant Pathologist**





Page 22 Of 25





CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138355 ACCESSION NO: 0290XB001987

ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156

PATIENT ID : TUSHF270696290

CLIENT PATIENT ID: EC-BOBS7990

DRAWN

AGE/SEX : 27 Years Female

μIU/mL

RECEIVED: 10/02/2024 15:28:11

REPORTED: 13/02/2024 15:17:40

Results **Biological Reference Interval Units Test Report Status Final**

SPECIALISED CHEMISTRY - HORMONE

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP BELOW 40FEMALE

THYROID PANEL, SERUM

ng/dL T3 154.50 Non-Pregnant Women

80.0 - 200.0

Pregnant Women

1st Trimester: 105.0 - 230.0 2nd Trimester: 129.0 - 262.0 3rd Trimester: 135.0 - 262.0

METHOD: CHEMILUMINESCENCE TECHNOLOGY

8.61 Non-Pregnant Women μg/dL Т4

5.10 - 14.10 Pregnant Women

1st Trimester: 7.33 - 14.80 2nd Trimester: 7.93 - 16.10 3rd Trimester: 6.95 - 15.70

METHOD: CHEMILUMINESCENCE TECHNOLOGY

TSH (ULTRASENSITIVE) 2.820 Non Pregnant Women

0.27 - 4.20

Pregnant Women (As per American Thyroid Association) 1st Trimester 0.100 - 2.500 2nd Trimester 0.200 - 3.000 3rd Trimester 0.300 - 3.000

METHOD: CHEMILUMINESCENCE TECHNOLOGY

Interpretation(s)

Triiodothyronine T3, Thyroxine T4, and Thyroid Stimulating Hormone TSH are thyroid hormones which affect almost every physiological process in the body, including growth, development, metabolism, body temperature, and heart rate.

Production of T3 and its prohormone thyroxine (T4) is activated by thyroid-stimulating hormone (TSH), which is released from the pituitary gland. Elevated concentrations of T3, and T4 in the blood inhibit the production of TSH.

Excessive secretion of thyroxine in the body is hyperthyroidism, and deficient secretion is called hypothyroidism.

In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hyperthyroidism, TSH levels are low. Below mentioned are the guidelines for Pregnancy related reference ranges for Total T4, TSH & Total T3. Measurement of the serum TT3 level is a more sensitive test for the diagnosis of hyperthyroidism, and measurement of TT4 is more useful in the diagnosis of hypothyroidism. Most of the thyroid hormone in blood is bound to transport proteins. Only a very small fraction of the circulating hormone is free and biologically

Dr. Arpita Pasari, MD **Consultant Pathologist**





Page 23 Of 25





CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138355

ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156 ACCESSION NO: 0290XB001987

РАПЕНТ ID : TUSHF270696290 GBIENT PATIENT ID: EC-BOBS7990 AGE/SEX : 27 Years
DRAWN :

Fema

RECEIVED : 10/02/2024 15:28:11

REPORTED :13/02/2024 15:17:40

Test Report Status Final Results Biological Reference Interval Units

active. It is advisable to detect Free T3, FreeT4 along with TSH, instead of testing for albumin bound Total T3, Total T4.

Sr. No.	TSH	Total T4	FT4	Total T3	Possible Conditions
1	High	Low	Low	Low	(1) Primary Hypothyroidism (2) Chronic autoimmune Thyroiditis (3)
					Post Thyroidectomy (4) Post Radio-Iodine treatment
2	High	Normal	Normal	Normal	(1)Subclinical Hypothyroidism (2) Patient with insufficient thyroid
					hormone replacement therapy (3) In cases of Autoimmune/Hashimoto
					thyroiditis (4). Isolated increase in TSH levels can be due to Subclinical
					inflammation, drugs like amphetamines, Iodine containing drug and
					dopamine antagonist e.g. domperidone and other physiological reasons.
3	Normal/Low	Low	Low	Low	(1) Secondary and Tertiary Hypothyroidism
4	Low	High	High	High	(1) Primary Hyperthyroidism (Graves Disease) (2) Multinodular Goitre
					(3)Toxic Nodular Goitre (4) Thyroiditis (5) Over treatment of thyroid
					hormone (6) Drug effect e.g. Glucocorticoids, dopamine, T4
					replacement therapy (7) First trimester of Pregnancy
5	Low	Normal	Normal	Normal	(1) Subclinical Hyperthyroidism
6	High	High	High	High	(1) TSH secreting pituitary adenoma (2) TRH secreting tumor
7	Low	Low	Low	Low	(1) Central Hypothyroidism (2) Euthyroid sick syndrome (3) Recent
					treatment for Hyperthyroidism
8	Normal/Low	Normal	Normal	High	(1) T3 thyrotoxicosis (2) Non-Thyroidal illness
9	Low	High	High	Normal	(1) T4 Ingestion (2) Thyroiditis (3) Interfering Anti TPO antibodies

REF: 1. TIETZ Fundamentals of Clinical chemistry 2.Guidlines of the American Thyroid association during pregnancy and Postpartum, 2011. **NOTE: It is advisable to detect Free T3,FreeT4 along with TSH, instead of testing for albumin bound Total T3, Total T4.**TSH is not affected by variation in thyroid - binding protein. TSH has a diurnal rhythm, with peaks at 2:00 - 4:00 a.m. And troughs at 5:00 - 6:00 p.m. With ultradian variations.

End Of Report
Please visit www.agilusdiagnostics.com for related Test Information for this accession

Proite

Dr.Arpita Pasari, MD Consultant Pathologist





Page 24 Of 25

View Details

View Penor





CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138355

ARCOFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156 ACCESSION NO: 0290XB001987

РАПЕНТ ID : TUSHF270696290 GBIENT PATIENT ID: EC-BOBS7990 AGE/SEX : 27 Years Female

DRAWN :

RECEIVED : 10/02/2024 15:28:11 REPORTED :13/02/2024 15:17:40

Test Report Status Final Results Biological Reference Interval Units

CONDITIONS OF LABORATORY TESTING & REPORTING

- 1. It is presumed that the test sample belongs to the patient named or identified in the test requisition form.
- 2. All tests are performed and reported as per the turnaround time stated in the AGILUS Directory of Services.
- 3. Result delays could occur due to unforeseen circumstances such as non-availability of kits / equipment breakdown / natural calamities / technical downtime or any other unforeseen event.
- 4. A requested test might not be performed if:
 - i. Specimen received is insufficient or inappropriate
 - ii. Specimen quality is unsatisfactory
 - iii. Incorrect specimen type
 - iv. Discrepancy between identification on specimen container label and test requisition form

- 5. AGILUS Diagnostics confirms that all tests have been performed or assayed with highest quality standards, clinical safety & technical integrity.
- 6. Laboratory results should not be interpreted in isolation; it must be correlated with clinical information and be interpreted by registered medical practitioners only to determine final diagnosis.
- 7. Test results may vary based on time of collection, physiological condition of the patient, current medication or nutritional and dietary changes. Please consult your doctor or call us for any clarification.
- 8. Test results cannot be used for Medico legal purposes.
- 9. In case of queries please call customer care (91115 91115) within 48 hours of the report.

Agilus Diagnostics Ltd

Fortis Hospital, Sector 62, Phase VIII,

Pepita

Dr.Arpita Pasari, MD Consultant Pathologist





Page 25 Of 25

View Details

View Report

