B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Opp. Janpath Corner, New Sanganer Road, Jaipur-302019

Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



General Physical Examination

Date of Examination: 28 12 22
Name: Garbian Kathuria. Age: 33 Sex: Male.
DOB: 09/01/1989.
Referred By: At Duak
Photo ID: ID #: ID #: attached
Ht: <u>177</u> (cm) Wt: <u>%6</u> (Kg)
Chest (Expiration): 105 (cm) Abdomen Circumference: (cm)
Blood Pressure: 125/75 mm Hg PR: 74/min RR: 16/min Temp: Afebra
BMI 27.5
Eye Examination: Nonman 6/6. N/6.
No Colour blandness.
Other: Not significant.
On examination he/she appears physically and mentally fit: Yes/No
Signature Of Examine : Name of Examinee:
e al
Signature Medical Examiner Name Medical Examiner
Dr B.B.S. No. 01795
Signature Medical Examiner



मेरा आधार. मेरी पहचान

Lay!



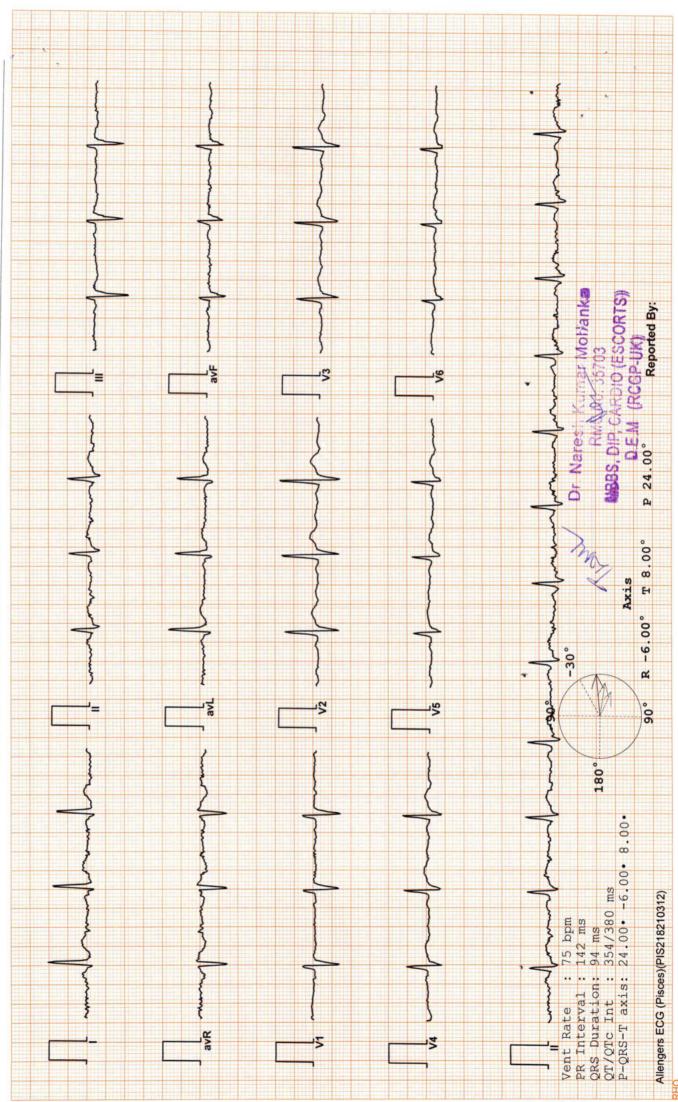
Dr. Plyus N. R.D. M.R.D. M.B.B.S. No -017996

DR.GOYAL PATH LAB & IMAGING CENTER, JAIPUR 3222 / MR GAURAV KATHURIA / 33 Yrs / M/ Smoker

Heart Rate: 75 bpm / Tested On: 28-Dec-22 11:26:18 / HF 0.05 Hz - LF 35 Hz / Notch 50 Hz / Sn 1.00 Cm/mV / Sw 25 mm/s / Refd By.: BOB



ECG





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Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



Date

:- 28/12/2022 09:32:46

NAME :- Mr. KATHURIA GAURAV

Sex / Age :- Male

33 Yrs 11 Mon 19 Days

Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID: -122228760 Ref. By Doctor:-BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Final Authentication: 28/12/2022 12:21:05

BOB PACKAGE BELOW 40MALE

USG WHOLE ABDOMEN

Liver is mild enlarged in size(~ 15.7cm). Echo-texture is minimally bright. No focal space occupying lesion is seen within liver parenchyma. Intra hepatic biliary channels are not dilated. Portal vein diameter is normal.

Gall bladder is of normal size. Wall is not thickened. No calculus or mass lesion is seen in gall bladder. Common bile duct is not dilated.

Pancreas is of normal size and contour. Echo-pattern is normal. No focal lesion is seen within pancreas.

Spleen is of normal size and shape. Echotexture is normal. No focal lesion is seen.

Kidneys are normally sited and are of normal size and shape. Cortico-medullary echoes are normal. No focal lesion is seen. Collecting system does not show any dilatation Left kidney showing small calculi of size ~ 5 mm in upper calyx & ~ 4.1 mm in lower calyx.

Urinary bladder is well distended and showing smooth wall with normal thickness. Urinary bladder does not show any calculus or mass lesion.

Prostate is normal in size (~ 20 gms) with normal echo-texture and outline.

No enlarged nodes are visualised. No retro-peritoneal lesion is identified No significant free fluid is seen in peritoneal cavity.

IMPRESSION:

- * Mild hepatomegaly with early fatty changes.
- *Left renal calculi.
- Needs clinical correlation for further evaluation.

*** End of Report ***

Page No 1 of 1

TABBSUM



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Date

:- 28/12/2022 09:32:46

NAME :- Mr. KATHURIA GAURAV

Sex / Age :- Male

33 Yrs 11 Mon 19 Days

Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID: -122228760 Ref. By Doctor:-BOB

Lab/Hosp:-

Final Authentication: 28/12/2022 12:23:29

BOB PACKAGE BELOW 40MALE 2D ECHO OPTION TMT (ADULT/CHILD)

2D-ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY M.MODE WITH DOPPLER STUDY:

FAIR TRANSTHORACIC ECHOCARIDIOGRAPHIC WINDOW MORPHOLOGY:

E	NOR	MAL	TRICUS	SPID VALVE		NORMAL	
E	NOR	MAL	PULMO	ONARY VALVE		NORMAL	
	M.MODE	EXAMITATION:					
25	mm	LA	27	Mm	IVS-D	10	mm
15	mm	LVID	46	Mm	LVSD	29	mm
9	mm	LVPW-S	17	Mm	RV		mm
	mm	EDV		MI	LVVS		ml
66%			RWMA		ABSENT		
			CH	AMBERS:			
	25 15 9	E NOR M.MODE 25 mm 15 mm 9 mm	NORMAL M.MODE EXAMITATION: 25 mm	NORMAL PULMO M.MODE EXAMITATION:	NORMAL	NORMAL	NORMAL PULMONARY VALVE NORMAL M.MODE EXAMITATION:

LA	NORMAL	RA	NORMAL
LV	NORMAL	RV	NORMAL
PERICARDIUM		NORMAL	

COLOUR DOPPLER:

	M	TRAL VALV	/E					
E VELOCITY	0.76	m/sec	PEAK	GRADIENT		Mr	Mm/hg	
A VELOCITY	0.46	m/sec	MEAN	GRADIEN	г	Mr	n/hg	
MVA BY PHT		Cm2	MVA BY PLANIME		ETRY	Cm2		
MITRAL REGURGITATI	ON				ABSENT			
	AC	ORTIC VALV	/E					
PEAK VELOCITY	1.11	m	/sec	PEAK GF	RADIENT	m	m/hg	
AR VMAX		m	/sec	ec MEAN GRADIENT		m	ım/hg	
AORTIC REGURGITATI	ON			ABSENT				
	TRI	CUSPID VA	LVE					
PEAK VELOCITY	0.4	5	m/sec	PEAK G	PEAK GRADIENT		mm/hg	
MEAN VELOCITY			m/sec	MEAN GRADIENT			mm/hg	
VMax VELOCITY								
TRICUSPID REGURGIT	ATION			ABSENT				
	PL	ILMONARY	VALVE					
PEAK VELOCITY		0.95		M/sec.	PEAK GRADIENT		Mm/hg	
MEAN VALOCITY				MEAN GRADIENT			Mm/hg	
PULMONARY REGURO	GITATION				ABSENT			

Page No: 1 of 2

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Date

:- 28/12/2022 09:32:46

NAME :- Mr. KATHURIA GAURAV

Sex / Age :- Male

33 Yrs 11 Mon 19 Days

Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID: -122228760 Ref. By Doctor:-BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Final Authentication: 28/12/2022 12:23:29

Impression--

- 1. Normal LV size & contractility
- 2. No RWMA, LVEF 66%.
- 3. Normal cardiac chamber.
- 4. Normal valve
- 5. No clot, no vegetation, no pericardial effusion.(Cardiologist)

*** End of Report ***

Page No: 2 of 2

TABBSUM



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Final Authentication: 28/12/2022 11:07:08

Date :-

:- 28/12/2022 09:32:46

NAME :- Mr. KATHURIA GAURAV

Sex / Age :- Male

33 Yrs 11 Mon 19 Days

Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID :-122228760 Ref. By Doctor:-BOB

Lab/Hosp:-

BOB PACKAGE BELOW 40MALE

X RAY CHEST PA VIEW:

Both lung fields appears clear.

Bronchovascular markings appear normal.

Trachea is in midline.

Both the hilar shadows are normal.

Both the C.P.angles is clear.

Both the domes of diaphragm are normally placed.

Bony cage and soft tissue shadows are normal.

Heart shadows appear normal.

Impression :- Normal Study

(Please correlate clinically and with relevant further investigations)

*** End of Report ***

Page No: 1 of 1

Dr. Poonam Gupta MBBS, MD (Radio Diagnosis) RMC No. 32495 Dr. Ashish Choudhary
MBBS, MD (Radio Diagnosis)
Fetal Medicine Consultant
FMF ID - 260517 | RMC No 22430

Dr. Abhishek Jain MBBS, DNB, (Radio-Diagnosis) RMC No. 21687

Transcript by.

AHSAN

Dr. Piyush Goyal M.B.B.S., D.M.R.D. RMC Reg No. 017996

This report is not valid for medico-legal purpose.

Path Lab & Imaging Centre

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Date :- 28/12/2022 09:32:46

NAME :- Mr. KATHURIA GAURAV

33 Yrs 11 Mon 19 Days

Lab/Hosp :-

Company :- MediWheel

Sex / Age :- Male

Sample Type :- EDTA

Sample Collected Time 28/12/2022 09:58:13

Final Authentication: 28/12/2022 12:08:39

HARMATOLOGY

Patient ID: -122228760

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

HAEMATOLOGY					
Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval		
BOB PACKAGE BELOW 40MALE					
HAEMOGARAM					
HAEMOGLOBIN (Hb)	14.9	g/dL	13.0 - 17.0		
TOTAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT	7.29	/cumm	4.00 - 10.00		
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT					
NEUTROPHIL	51.8	%	40.0 - 80.0		
LYMPHOCYTE	39.0	%	20.0 - 40.0		
EOSINOPHIL	6.0	%	1.0 - 6.0		
MONOCYTE	2.9	%	2.0 - 10.0		
BASOPHIL	0.3	%	0.0 - 2.0		
NEUT#	3.57	10^3/uL	1.50 - 7.00		
LYMPH#	2.85	10^3/uL	1.00 - 3.70		
EO#	0.40	10^3/uL	0.00 - 0.40		
MONO#	0.21	10^3/uL	0.00 - 0.70		
BASO#	0.02	10^3/uL	0.00 - 0.10		
TOTAL RED BLOOD CELL COUNT (RBC)	4.88	x10^6/uL	4.50 - 5.50		
HEMATOCRIT (HCT)	41.80	%	40.00 - 50.00		
MEAN CORP VOLUME (MCV)	85.7	fL	83.0 - 101.0		
MEAN CORP HB (MCH)	30.5	pg	27.0 - 32.0		
MEAN CORP HB CONC (MCHC)	34.5	g/dL	31.5 - 34.5		
PLATELET COUNT	189	x10^3/uL	150 - 410		
RDW-CV	12.6	% .	11.6 - 14.0		
MENTZER INDEX	17.56				

The Mentzer index is used to differentiate iron deficiency anemia from beta thalassemia trait. If a CBC indicates microcytic anemia, these are two of the most likely causes, making it necessary to distinguish between them.

If the quotient of the mean corpuscular volume divided by the red blood cell count is less than 13, thalassemia is more likely. If the result is greater than 13, then iron-deficiency anemia is more likely.

MUKESHSINGH **Technologist**

Page No: 1 of 11



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Date :- 28/12/2022 09:32:46

NAME :- Mr. KATHURIA GAURAV

Ref. By Dr:- BOB 33 Yrs 11 Mon 19 Days

Lab/Hosp:-

Company :- MediWheel

Sex / Age :- Male

Sample Type :- EDTA

Sample Collected Time 28/12/2022 09:58:13

Final Authentication: 28/12/2022 12:08:39

HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval

Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR)

12

mm/hr.

Patient ID: -122228760

00 - 13

(ESR) Methodology: Measurment of ESR by cells aggregation.

Instrument Name : Indepedent form Hematocrit value by Automated Analyzer (Roller-20)

: ESR test is a non-specific indicator ofinflammatory disease and abnormal protein states.

The test in used to detect, follow course of a certain disease (e.g-tuberculosis, rheumatic fever, myocardial infarction

Levels are higher in pregnency due to hyperfibrinogenaemia.

The "3-figure ESR" x>100 value nearly always indicates serious disease such as a serious infection, malignant paraproteinaemia Green etthodology: disease TLC pluc Fluorescent Flow cytometry, HB SLS method, TRBC, PCV, PLT Hydrodynamically focused Impedance. and MCH, MCV, MCHC, MENTZER INDEX are calculated. InstrumentName: Sysmex 6 part fully automatic analyzer XN-L, Japan

MUKESHSINGH **Technologist**

Page No: 2 of 11



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:- 28/12/2022 09:32:46 Date NAME :- Mr. KATHURIA GAURAV Patient ID: -122228760

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Sex / Age :- Male

33 Yrs 11 Mon 19 Days

Lab/Hosp :-

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- EDTA, KOx/Na FLUORIDE-F, KSavintaleFCbl@RibeETPRe DIR III 2022 09:58:13

Final Authentication: 28/12/2022 15:28:21

HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval

BLOOD GROUP ABO

"B" POSITIVE

BLOOD GROUP ABO Methodology: Haemagglutination reaction Kit Name: Monoclonal agglutinating antibodies (Span clone).

FASTING BLOOD SUGAR (Plasma)

Method:- GOD PAP

96.2

mg/dl

75.0 - 115.0

Impaired glucose tolerance (IGT)	111 - 125 mg/dL	
Diabetes Mellitus (DM)	> 126 mg/dL	

Instrument Name: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevated glucose levels (hyperglycemia) may occur with diabetes, pancreatic neoplasm, hyperthyroidism and adrenal cortical hyper-function as well as other disorders. Decreased glucose levels(hypoglycemia) may result from excessive insulin therapy or various liver diseases .

BLOOD SUGAR PP (Plasma)

104.2

mg/dl

70.0 - 140.0

Method:- GOD PAP Instrument Name: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevated glucose levels (hyperglycemia) may occur with diabetes, pancreatic neoplasm, hyperthyroidism and adrenal cortical hyper-function as well as other disorders. Decreased glucose levels(hypoglycemia) may result from excessive insulin therapy or various liver diseases .

URINE SUGAR (FASTING)
Collected Sample Received

Nil

Nil

MKSHARMA, MUKESHSINGH, TRILOK **Technologist**

Page No: 3 of 11



Dr. Piyush Goyal (D.M.R.D.) Dr. Rashmi Bakshi Dr. Chandrika Gupta

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Date

:- 28/12/2022 09:32:46

NAME :- Mr. KATHURIA GAURAV

Sex / Age :- Male

33 Yrs 11 Mon 19 Days

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- STOOL

Patient ID :-122228760

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp:-

Final Authentication: 28/12/2022 15:28:21

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Sample Collected Time 28/12/2022 09:58:13

Test Name

Value

Unit

Biological Ref Interval

STOOL ANALYSIS

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION

MUCUS

BLOOD

MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

RBC's

WBC/HPF

OVA

CYSTS

OTHERS Collected Sample Received

/HPF

/HPF

TRILOK Technologist

Page No: 4 of 11



Dr. Rashmi Bakshi MBBS. MD (Path) RMC No. 17975/008828



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Date

:- 28/12/2022 09:32:46

NAME :- Mr. KATHURIA GAURAV

Sex / Age :- Male

33 Yrs 11 Mon 19 Days

Ref. By Dr:- BOB Lab/Hosp :-

Patient ID: -122228760

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Sample Collected Time 28/12/2022 09:58:13

Final Authentication: 28/12/2022 12:24:44

BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
LIPID PROFILE			
TOTAL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Enzymatic Endpoint Method	274.98 H	mg/dl	Desirable <200 Borderline 200-239 High> 240
TRIGLYCERIDES Method:- GPO-PAP	409.53 H	mg/dl	Normal <150 Borderline high 150-199 High 200-499
Comment- (1) Serum sample is hig	hly linemic		Very high >500

(2) In case of serum Triglyceride value > 400 mg/dl , VLDL can not be calculated

by Formula TG/5 as it leads to errors in calculated parameter. In such cases VLDL is

cancelled.

NOTE:

RECHECKED KINDLY CORRELATE CLINICALLY

DIRECT HDL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Direct clearance Method
DIRECT LDL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Direct clearance Method

34.12

mg/dl

Low < 40 High > 60

172.60 H

mg/dl

Optimal <100

Near Optimal/above optimal

100-129

Borderline High 130-159

High 160-189

Very High > 190
TOTAL CHOLESTEROL InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Cholesterol measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatments of lipid lipoprotein m

TRIGLYCERIDES InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Triglyceride measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of diseases involving lipid metabolism and various endocrine disorders e.g. diabetes mellitus, nephrosis and liver obstruction

DIRECT HDLCHOLESTERO InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: An inverse relationship between HDL-cholesterol (HDL-C) levels in serum and the incidence/prevalence of coronary heart disease (CHD) has been demonstrated in a number of epidemiological studies. Accurate measurement of HDL-C is of vital importance when assessing patient risk from CHD. Direct measurement gives improved accuracy and reproducibility when compared to precipitation methods.

DIRECT LDL-CHOLESTEROL Instrument Name: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Accurate measurement of LDL-Cholesterol is of vital importance in therapies which focus on lipid reduction to prevent atherosclerosis or reduce its progress and to avoid plaque rupture

TOTAL LIPID AND VLDL ARE CALCULATED

MKSHARMA

Page No: 5 of 11



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Date

:- 28/12/2022 09:32:46

NAME :- Mr. KATHURIA GAURAV

33 Yrs 11 Mon 19 Days

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Patient ID: -122228760

Lab/Hosp :-

Company :- MediWheel

Sex / Age :- Male

Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Sample Collected Time 28/12/2022 09:58:13

Final Authentication: 28/12/2022 12:24:44

BIOCHEMISTRY

	DIO CILLITA		
Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
LIVER PROFILE WITH GGT			
SERUM BILIRUBIN (TOTAL) Method:- Colorimetric method	0.63	mg/dl	Up to - 1.0 Cord blood <2 Premature < 6 days <16 Full-term < 6 days= 12 1month - <12 months <2 1-19 years <1.5 Adult - Up to - 1.2 Ref-(ACCP 2020)
SERUM BILIRUBIN (DIRECT) Method:-Colorimetric Method	0.08	mg/dL	Adult - Up to 0.25 Newborn - <0.6 mg/dL >- 1 month - <0.2 mg/dL
SERUM BILIRUBIN (INDIRECT) Method:- Calculated	0.55	mg/dl	0.30-0.70
SGOT Method:- IFCC	27.0	U/L	Men- Up to - 37.0 Women - Up to - 31.0
SGPT Method:- IFCC	38.4	U/L	Men- Up to - 40.0 Women - Up to - 31.0
SERUM ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE Method:-AMP Buffer	78.00	IU/L	30.00 - 120.00
SERUM GAMMA GT Method:- IFCC	56.70 H	U/L	11.00 - 50.00
SERUM TOTAL PROTEIN Method:- Biuret Reagent	7.86	g/dl	6.40 - 8.30
SERUM ALBUMIN Method:- Bromocresol Green	4.90	g/dl	3.80 - 5.00
SERUM GLOBULIN Method:- CALCULATION	2.96	gm/dl	2.20 - 3.50
A/G RATIO	1.66		1.30 - 2.50

Total BilirubinMethodology: Colorimetric method InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation An increase in bilirubin concentration in the serum occurs in toxic or infectious diseases of the liver e.g. hepatitis B or obstruction of the bile duct and in rhesus incompatible babies. High levels of unconjugated bilirubin indicate that too much haemoglobin is being destroyed or that the liver is not actively treating the haemoglobin it is receiving.

AST Aspartate Aminotransferase Methodology: IFCC InstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevated levels of AST can signal myocardial infarction, hepatic disease, muscular dystrophy and organ damage. Although heart muscle is found to have the most activity of the enzyme, significant activity has also been seen in the brain, liver, gastric mucosa, adipose tissue and kidneys of humans.

ALT Alanine Aminotransferase Methodology: IFCCInstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: The enzyme ALT has been found to be in highest concentrations in the liver, with decreasing concentrations found in kidney, heart, skeletal muscle, pancreas, spleen and lung tissue respectively. Elevated levels of the transaminases can indicate myocardial infarction, hepatic disease, muscular dystrophy and organ damage.

Alkaline Phosphatase Methodology: AMP Buffer InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Measurements of alkaline phosphatase are of use in the diagnosis, treatment and investigation of hepatobilary disease and in bone disease associated with increased osteoblastic activity. Alkaline phosphatase is also used in the diagnosis of parathyroid and intestinal disease.

TOTAL PROTEIN Methodology: Biuret Reagent InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Measurements obtained by this method are used in the diagnosis and treatment of a variety of diseases involving the liver, kidney and bone marrow as well as other metabolic or nutritional disorders.

ALBUMIN (ALB) Methodology: Bromocresol Green InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Albumin measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of numerous diseases involving primarily the liver or kidneys. Globulin & A/G ratio is calculated.

Instrument Name Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevations in GGT levels are seen earlier and more pronounced than those with other liver enzymes in cases of obstructive jaundice and metastatic neoplasms. It may reach 5 to 30 times normal levels in intra-or post-hepatic biliary obstruction. Only moderate elevations in the enzyme level (2 to 5 times normal)

MKSHARMA

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Date

Company :- MediWheel Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

:- 28/12/2022 09:32:46

NAME :- Mr. KATHURIA GAURAV

Sex / Age :- Male

33 Yrs 11 Mon 19 Days

Sample Collected Time 28/12/2022 09:58:13

Final Authentication: 28/12/2022 12:24:44

RIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
SERUM CREATININE Method:- Colorimetric Method	1.06	mg/dl	Men - 0.6-1.30 Women - 0.5-1.20
SERUM URIC ACID Method:- Enzymatic colorimetric	6.88	mg/dl	Men - 3.4-7.0 Women - 2.4-5.7

Patient ID: -122228760

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

MKSHARMA

Page No: 7 of 11



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Date

:- 28/12/2022 09:32:46

NAME :- Mr. KATHURIA GAURAV

Sex / Age :- Male

33 Yrs 11 Mon 19 Days

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Patient ID :-122228760

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Final Authentication: 28/12/2022 12:24:44

BIOCHEMISTRY

Sample Collected Time 28/12/2022 09:58:13

Test Name Value

Unit

Biological Ref Interval

BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN)

13.2

mg/dl

0.0 - 23.0

MKSHARMA

Page No: 8 of 11



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Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



:- 28/12/2022 09:32:46 Date

NAME :- Mr. KATHURIA GAURAV

Patient ID: -122228760

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Sex / Age :- Male

33 Yrs 11 Mon 19 Days

Lab/Hosp :-

Company :- MediWheel Sample Type :- EDTA

Sample Collected Time 28/12/2022 09:58:13

Final Authentication: 28/12/2022 12:08:39

HARMATOLOGY

HAEMATOLOGI			
Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HbA1C) Method:- HPLC	5.9	%	Non-diabetic: < 5.7 Pre-diabetics: 5.7-6.4 Diabetics: = 6.5 or higher ADA Target: 7.0 Action suggested: > 6.5

Instrument name: ARKRAY's ADAMS Lite HA 8380V, JAPAN.

Test Interpretation:

HbA1C is formed by the condensation of glucose with n-terminal valine residue of each beta chain of HbA to form an unstable schiff base. It is the major fraction, constituting approximately 80% of HbA1c. Formation of glycated hemoglobin (GHb) is essentially irreversible and the concentration in the blood depends on both the lifespan of the red blood cells (RBC) (120 days) and the blood glucose concentration. The GHb concentration represents the integrated values for glucose overthe period of 6 to 8 weeks. GHb values are free of day to day glucose fluctuations and are unaffected by recent exercise or food ingestion. Concentration of plasmaglucose concentration in GHb depends on the time interval, with more recent values providing a larger contribution than earlier values. The interpretation of GHbdepends on RBC having a normal life span. Patients with hemolytic disease or other conditions with shortened RBC survival exhibit a substantial reduction of GHb.High GHb have been reported in iron deficiency anemia. GHb has been firmly established as an index of long term blood glucose concentrations and as a measure of the risk for the development of complications in patients with diabetes mellitus. The absolute risk of retinopathy and nephropathy are directly proportional to themean of HbA1C.Genetic variants (e.g. HbS trait, HbC trait), elevated HbF and chemically modified derivatives of hemoglobin can affect the accuracy of HbA1cmeasurements. The effects vary depending on the specific Hb vatiant or derivative and the specific HbA1c method.

Ref by ADA 2020

MEAN PLASMA GLUCOSE

Method:- Calculated Parameter

mg/dL

Non Diabetic < 100 mg/dL Prediabetic 100- 125 mg/dL Diabetic 126 mg/dL or Higher

MUKESHSINGH **Technologist**

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Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



Date :- 28/12/2022 09:32:46

NAME :- Mr. KATHURIA GAURAV

Sex / Age :- Male

Sample Type :- URINE

COLOUR

33 Yrs 11 Mon 19 Days Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID :-122228760

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Final Authentication: 28/12/2022 15:28:21

PALE YELLOW

Clear

Sample Collected Time 28/12/2022 09:58:13

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

PALE YELLOW

Test Name Value Unit **Biological Ref Interval Urine Routine**

APPEARANCE	

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION

CHEMICAL EXAMINATION		
REACTION(PH)	5.5	5.0 - 7.5
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.025	1.010 - 1.030
PROTEIN	NIL	NIL
SUGAR	NIL	NIL
BILIRUBIN	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE
UROBILINOGEN	NORMAL	NORMAL
KETONES	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE
NITRITE	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE

Clear

MICROSCOPY EXAMINATION

MICROSCOI I EXAMINATION			
RBC/HPF	NIL	/HPF	NIL
WBC/HPF	2-3	/HPF	2-3
EPITHELIAL CELLS	2-3	/HPF	2-3
CRYSTALS/HPF	ABSENT		ABSENT
CAST/HPF	ABSENT		ABSENT
AMORPHOUS SEDIMENT	ABSENT		ABSENT
BACTERIAL FLORA	ABSENT		ABSENT
YEAST CELL	ABSENT		ABSENT
OTHER	ABSENT		

TRILOK Technologist

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Dr. Rashmi Bakshi MBBS. MD (Path) RMC No. 17975/008828

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Date :- 28/12/2022 09:32:46

NAME :- Mr. KATHURIA GAURAV

Patient ID: -122228760

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Sex / Age :- Male

33 Yrs 11 Mon 19 Days

Lab/Hosp :-

Company:-MediWheel

Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Sample Collected Time 28/12/2022 09:58:13

Final Authentication: 28/12/2022 13:31:48

IMMUNOASSAY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
TOTAL THYROID PROFILE			
SERUM TOTAL T3 Method:- Chemiluminescence(Competitive immunoassay)	1.277	ng/ml	0.970 - 1.690
SERUM TOTAL T4 Method:- Chemiluminescence(Competitive immunoassay)	9.043	ug/dl	5.530 - 11.000
SERUM TSH ULTRA Method:- Enhanced Chemiluminescence Immunoassay	3.010	μIU/mL	0.550 - 4.780

Interpretation: Triiodothyronine (T3) contributes to the maintenance of the euthyroid state. A decrease in T3 concentration of up to 50% occurs in a variety of clinical situations, including acute and chronic disease. Although T3 results alone cannot be used to diagnose hypothyroidism, T3 concentration may be more sensitive than thyroxine (T4) for hyperthyroidism. Consequently, the total T3 assay can be used in conjunction with other assays to aid in the differential diagnosis of thyroid disease. T3 concentrations may be altered in some conditions, such as pregnancy, that affect the capacity of the thyroid hormone-binding proteins. Under such conditions, Free T3 can provide the best estimate of the metabolically active hormone concentration. Alternatively, T3 uptake, or T4 uptake can be used with the total T3 result to calculate the free T3 index and estimate the concentration of free T3.

Interpretation: The measurement of Total T4 aids in the differential diagnosis of thyroid disease. While >99.9% of T4 is protein-bound, primarily to thyroxine-binding globulin (TBG), it is the free fraction that is biologically active. In most patients, the total T4 concentration is a good indicator of thyroid status. T4 concentrations may be altered in some conditions, such as pregnancy, that affect the capacity of the thyroid hormone-binding proteins. Under such conditions, free T4 can provide the best estimate of the metabolically active hormone concentration. Alternatively, T3 uptake may be used with the total T4 result to calculate the free T4 index (FT4I) and estimate the concentration of free T4. Some drugs and some nonthyroidal patient conditions are known to alter TT4 concentrations in vivo.

Interpretation :TSH stimulates the production of thyroxine (T4) and triiodothyronine (T3) by the thyroid gland. The diagnosis of overt hypothyroidism by the finding of a low total T4 or free T4 concentration is readily confirmed by a raised TSH concentration. Measurement of low or undetectable TSH concentrations may assist the diagnosis of hyperthyroidism, where concentrations of T4 and T3 are elevated and TSH secretion is suppressed. These have the advantage of discriminating between the concentrations of TSH observed in thyrotoxicosis, compared with the low, but detectable, concentrations that occur in subclinical hyperthyroidism. The performance of this assay has not been established for neonatal specimens. Some drugs and some nonthyroidal patient conditions are known to alter TSH concentrations in vivo.

INTERPRETATION

PREGNANCY	REFERENCE RANGE FOR TSH IN uIU/mL (As per American Thyroid Association)
1st Trimester	0.10-2.50
2nd Trimester	0.20-3.00
3rd Trimester	0.30-3.00

*** End of Report ***

AJAYKUMAR Technologist

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Dr Goyal's Path Lab, Jaipur

me: KATHURIA GAURAV / M

