F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST



Female

PATIENT NAME: DEEPALI MAHESH NAZARE REF. DOCTOR: SELF

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138362 ACCESSION NO: 0030WC005595 AGE/SEX :46 Years ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156

PATIENT ID : DEEPF03027730

CLIENT PATIENT ID:

ABHA NO

DRAWN

RECEIVED: 25/03/2023 08:39:25

REPORTED :30/03/2023 12:34:33

Test Report Status Results **Biological Reference Interval** <u>Final</u> Units

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP ABOVE 40FEMALE

XRAY-CHEST

IMPRESSION NO ABNORMALITY DETECTED

TMT OR ECHO

TMT OR ECHO NEGATIVE

ECG

ECG WITHIN NORMAL LIMITS

MAMOGRAPHY (BOTH BREASTS) MAMOGRAPHY BOTH BREASTS

ULTRASONOGRAPHY OF BOTH BREASTS

Right Breast: Shows mixed fatty and glandular parenchyma.

Shows oval hypoechoic lesion of 5 x 3 mm at 6

O'clock position. Appears benign.

Left Breast: Shows mixed fatty and glandular parenchyma.

Shows oval hypoechoic lesion of 6 x 5 mm at 2

O'clock position.

Appears benign.

No obvious axillary adenopathy noted on either side.

Clinical correlation.

Sos X-Mammography if clinically indicated.

MEDICAL HISTORY

RELEVANT PRESENT HISTORY HYPERTENSIVE SINCE 2-3 YEARS.

RELEVANT PAST HISTORY NORMAL

RELEVANT PERSONAL HISTORY **NOT SIGNIFICANT**

MENSTRUAL HISTORY (FOR FEMALES) REGULAR

LMP - 25-02-2023 LMP (FOR FEMALES)

DIABETES. RELEVANT FAMILY HISTORY

OCCUPATIONAL HISTORY **NOT SIGNIFICANT**

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PERFORMED AT:

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CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138362 ACCESSION NO: 0030WC005595 AGE/SEX :46 Years Female ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL) DRAWN

F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI NEW DELHI 110030

8800465156

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ABHA NO

NOT SIGNIFICANT HISTORY OF MEDICATIONS

ANTHROPOMETRIC DATA & BMI

HEIGHT IN METERS 1.56 mts WEIGHT IN KGS. 69 Kqs

BMI 28 BMI & Weight Status as follows/sqmts

> Below 18.5: Underweight 18.5 - 24.9: Normal 25.0 - 29.9: Overweight 30.0 and Above: Obese

GENERAL EXAMINATION

NORMAL MENTAL / EMOTIONAL STATE PHYSICAL ATTITUDE **NORMAL OVERWEIGHT**

GENERAL APPEARANCE / NUTRITIONAL

STATUS

BUILT / SKELETAL FRAMEWORK AVERAGE FACIAL APPEARANCE **NORMAL** SKIN NORMAL NORMAL UPPER LIMB LOWER LIMB **NORMAL NECK** NORMAL

NOT ENLARGED OR TENDER NECK LYMPHATICS / SALIVARY GLANDS

NOT ENLARGED THYROID GLAND

CAROTID PULSATION NORMAL TEMPERATURE NORMAL

72/MIN REGULAR, ALL PERIPHERAL PULSES WELL FELT, NO CAROTID **PULSE**

BRUIT

NORMAL RESPIRATORY RATE

CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM

ВР 144/84 MM HG mm/Hg

(SITTING)

PERICARDIUM NORMAL APEX BEAT NORMAL

HEART SOUNDS S1, S2 HEARD NORMALLY

ABSENT MURMURS

RESPIRATORY SYSTEM

Dr.Swati Pravin Mulani

Lab Head





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F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

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NORMAL SIZE AND SHAPE OF CHEST SYMMETRICAL MOVEMENTS OF CHEST BREATH SOUNDS INTENSITY NORMAL

BREATH SOUNDS QUALITY VESICULAR (NORMAL)

ADDED SOUNDS **ABSENT**

PER ABDOMEN

APPEARANCE NORMAL **VENOUS PROMINENCE ABSENT**

NOT PALPABLE LIVER **NOT PALPABLE SPLEEN HERNIA ABSENT**

CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM

HIGHER FUNCTIONS **NORMAL CRANIAL NERVES** NORMAL **CEREBELLAR FUNCTIONS NORMAL** SENSORY SYSTEM **NORMAL** MOTOR SYSTEM NORMAL **NORMAL REFLEXES**

MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM

NORMAL SPINE JOINTS NORMAL

BASIC EYE EXAMINATION

NORMAL CONJUNCTIVA **EYELIDS** NORMAL EYE MOVEMENTS NORMAL CORNEA NORMAL

DISTANT VISION RIGHT EYE WITH GLASSES DISTANT VISION - 6/12 DISTANT VISION LEFT EYE WITH GLASSES DISTANT VISION - 6/12 NEAR VISION - N 6 (NORMAL) NEAR VISION RIGHT EYE WITH GLASSES NEAR VISION - N 6 (NORMAL) NEAR VISION LEFT EYE WITH GLASSES

NORMAL COLOUR VISION

BASIC ENT EXAMINATION

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F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST



Female

PATIENT NAME: DEEPALI MAHESH NAZARE REF. DOCTOR: SELF

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138362 ACCESSION NO: 0030WC005595 AGE/SEX ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156

PATIENT ID : DEEPF03027730

CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO

DRAWN

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:46 Years

REPORTED :30/03/2023 12:34:33

Test Report Status Biological Reference Interval Final Results Units

NORMAL EXTERNAL EAR CANAL NORMAL TYMPANIC MEMBRANE

NOSE NO ABNORMALITY DETECTED

SINUSES NORMAL

THROAT NO ABNORMALITY DETECTED

TONSILS NOT ENLARGED

SUMMARY

RELEVANT HISTORY HYPERTENSIVE SINCE 2-3 YEARS.

NOT SIGNIFICANT RELEVANT GP EXAMINATION FINDINGS

LOW HAEMOGLOBIN - 10.0 g/dL RELEVANT LAB INVESTIGATIONS ESR RAISED - 25 mm/hrs

HBA1C RAISED (5.8 %)

CHOLESTEROL RAISED (201 mg/dL) LDL CHOLESTEROL RAISED (135 mg/dL) NON HDL CHOLESTEROL RAISED (162 mg/dL) ALBUMIN/GLOBULIN RATIO RAISED (2.3)

RELEVANT NON PATHOLOGY DIAGNOSTICS NO ABNORMALITIES DETECTED

ADV. TAKE SUPPLEMENTS OF IRON, B12 AND FOLIC ACID REMARKS / RECOMMENDATIONS

REDUCE SATURATED FATS IN DIET.

? INFECTION - ADV. REPEAT ESR AFTER 15 DAYS.

DIABETIC DIET, REGULLAR EXRCISE.

REDUCE INTAKE OF SWEETS, SUGAR & STARCH IN DIET.

DO FASTING & POST PRANDIAL BLOOD SUGAR LEVEL AFTER 1 MONTH

FOLLOW UP WITH DIABETOLOGIST. FOLLOW UP WITH EYE SPECIALIST FOLLOW UP WITH GYNAECOLOGIST.

FITNESS STATUS

FITNESS STATUS FIT (WITH MEDICAL ADVICE) (AS PER REQUESTED PANEL OF TESTS)

Dr.Swati Pravin Mulani Lab Head





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ABHA NO

F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

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Test Report Status Results **Biological Reference Interval** <u>Final</u> Units

Comments

OUR DOCTORS ON PANEL FOR NON-PATHOLOGICAL REPORTS:

- 1. DR. JIGNESH PARIKH: DNB (CARDIOLOGY), N.B.E (CONSULTANT CARDIOLOGIST)
- DR.SANJAY JOSHI, D M R D, DNB RADIOLOGIST
- 3. DR. SUCHARITA PARANJPE, MBBS, FCPS (OPHTHALMOLOGY) 4. DR. (MRS.) MANJUSHA PRABHUNE GYNAECOLOGIST.
- 5. DR. (MRS.) NIMKAR GYNAECOLOGIST.

This report bears the signature of the in-charge of the facility.

Panel doctors are responsible for the results/reports of their individual specialty.

Dr.Swati Pravin Mulani Lab Head

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MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP ABOVE 40FEMALE

ULTRASOUND ABDOMEN ULTRASOUND ABDOMEN

RIGHT KIDNEY: Shows a simple cyst of 21 mm on medial wall.

UTERUS: Uterus is normal in size & shape. Myometrial echotexture is heterogenous and shows anterior and posterior wall hypoechoic subcentrimetric lesions.

Clinical correlation.

Interpretation(s)

MEDICAL HISTORY-****

REPORT CARRIES THE SIGNATURE OF OUR LABORATORY DIRECTOR. THIS IS AN INVIOLABLE FEATURE OF OUR LAB MANAGEMENT SOFTWARE. HOWEVER, ALL EXAMINATIONS AND INVESTIGATIONS HAVE BEEN CONDUCTED BY OUR PANEL OF DOCTORS.

FITNESS STATUS-Conclusion on an individual's Fitness, which is commented upon mainly for Pre employment cases, is based on multi factorial findings and does not depend on any one single parameter. The final Fitness assigned to a candidate will depend on the Physician's findings and overall judgement on a case to case basis, details of the candidate's past and personal history; as well as the comprehensiveness of the diagnostic panel which has been requested for . These are then further correlated with details of the job under consideration to eventually fit the right man to the right job.

Basis the above, SRL classifies a candidate's Fitness Status into one of the following categories:

• Fit (As per requested panel of tests) – SRL Limited gives the individual a clean chit to join the organization, on the basis of the General Physical Examination and the specific test panel requested for.

specific test panel requested for.

Fit (with medical advice) (As per requested panel of tests) - This indicates that although the candidate can be declared as FIT to join the job, minimal problems have been detected during the Pre- employment examination. Examples of conditions which could fall in this category could be cases of mild reversible medical abnormalities such as height weight disproportions, borderline raised Blood Pressure readings, mildly raised Blood sugar and Blood Lipid levels, Hematuria, etc. Most of these relate to sedentary lifestyles and come under the broad category of life style disorders. The idea is to caution an individual to bring about certain lifestyle changes as well as seek a Physician'''s consultation and counseling in order to bring back to normal the mildly deranged parameters. For all purposes the individual is FIT to join the job.

Fitness on Hold (Temporary Unfit) (As per requested panel of tests) - Candidate's reports are kept on hold when either the diagnostic tests or the physical findings reveal the presence of a medical condition which warrants further tests, counseling and/or specialist opinion, on the basis of which a candidate can either be placed into Fit, Fit

(With Medical Advice), or Unfit category. Conditions which may fall into this category could be high blood pressure, abnormal ECG, heart murmurs, abnormal vision, grossly elevated blood sugars, etc.

Unfit (As per requested panel of tests) - An unfit report by SRL Limited clearly indicates that the individual is not suitable for the respective job profile e.g. total color blindness in color related jobs

Dr.Swati Pravin Mulani Lab Head

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SRL Ltd Ground floor 365/6, Aaj Ka Aanand building, Shivaji Nagar PUNE, 411005 MAHARASHTRA, INDIA Tel: 9111591115, Fax: 020 30251212





PATIENT NAME: DEEPALI MAHESH NAZARE REF. DOCTOR: SELF CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138362 ACCESSION NO: 0030WC005595 AGE/SEX :46 Years Female ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL) PATIENT ID : DEEPF03027730 DRAWN

F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST CLIENT PATIENT ID:

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP ABOVE 40FEMALE

RECEIVED: 25/03/2023 08:39:25 DELHI REPORTED :30/03/2023 12:34:33 **NEW DELHI 110030** ABHA NO 8800465156

Test Report Status Biological Reference Interval **Final** Results Units

HAEMATOLOGY - CBC

BLOOD COUNTS, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD 10.0 Low 12.0 - 15.0 g/dL HEMOGLOBIN (HB) 4.60 RED BLOOD CELL (RBC) COUNT 3.8 - 4.8mil/µL METHOD: ELECTRICAL IMPEDANCE thou/µL 8.20 4.0 - 10.0WHITE BLOOD CELL (WBC) COUNT METHOD: ELECTRICAL IMPEDANCE PLATELET COUNT 432 High 150 - 410 thou/µL METHOD: ELECTRICAL IMPEDANCE **RBC AND PLATELET INDICES** HEMATOCRIT (PCV) 30.1 Low 36 - 46 % METHOD: CALCULATED MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOLUME (MCV) 66.0 Low 83 - 101 fL METHOD: CALCULATED 19.6 Low 27.0 - 32.0 MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN (MCH) pg METHOD: CALCULATED MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN 29.9 Low 31.5 - 34.5 g/dL CONCENTRATION (MCHC) METHOD: CALCULATED RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW) 16.4 High 11.6 - 14.0 % METHOD: CALCULATED

6.8 - 10.9

METHOD: CELL COUNTER (CALCULATED) **WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT NEUTROPHILS** 68 40 - 80 % METHOD: ELECTRICAL IMPEDANCE/MICROSCOPY % 23 20 - 40LYMPHOCYTES METHOD: ELECTRICAL IMPEDANCE/MICROSCOPY % 2 - 10 MONOCYTES 7 % 2 **EOSINOPHILS** 1 - 6 METHOD: ELECTRICAL IMPEDANCE/MICROSCOPY % **BASOPHILS** 0 0 - 2 METHOD: ELECTRICAL IMPEDANCE/MICROSCOPY

14.4

9.0

Dr.Swati Pravin Mulani Lab Head

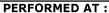
MENTZER INDEX

MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV)





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CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956 Email: customercare.pune@srl.in



fL



CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138362 ACCESSION NO: 0030WC005595 AGE/SEX :46 Years Female ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)

F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT

ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT

<u>Final</u>

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156

Test Report Status

METHOD: CALCULATED

METHOD: CALCULATED

PATIENT ID : DEEPF03027730

CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO

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thou/µL

Results	Biological	Reference Interval	Units
5.58	2.0 - 7.0	+I	hou/µL
3.36	2.0 - 7.0	C	που, με
1.89	1.0 - 3.0	tl	hou/μL

ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT 0.57 0.2 - 1.0thou/µL METHOD: CALCULATED

ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT 0.16 0.02 - 0.50thou/µL METHOD: CALCULATED

0.00 Low ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT METHOD: CALCULATED

NEUTROPHIL LYMPHOCYTE RATIO (NLR) METHOD: CALCULATED

MORPHOLOGY

REMARKS RBCS: MILD ANISOCYTOSIS WITH MICROCYTIC HYPOCHROMIC (+).

3.0

WBCS: WBCS ARE NORMAL IN NUMBER & MORPHOLOGY.

0.02 - 0.10

PLATELETS: ADEQUATE ON PERIPHERAL SMEAR.

Interpretation(s)

BLOOD COUNTS, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-The cell morphology is well preserved for 24hrs. However after 24-48 hrs a progressive increase in MCV and HCT is observed leading to a decrease in MCHC. A direct smear is recommended for an accurate differential count and for examination of RBC morphology.

RBC AND PLATELET INDICES-Mentzer index (MCV/RBC) is an automated cell-counter based calculated screen tool to differentiate cases of Iron deficiency anaemia(>13) from Beta thalassaemia trait

(<13) in patients with microcytic anaemia. This needs to be interpreted in line with clinical correlation and suspicion. Estimation of HbA2 remains the gold standard for diagnosing a case of beta thalassaemia trait.

WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT-The optimal threshold of 3.3 for NLR showed a prognostic possibility of clinical symptoms to change from mild to severe in COVID positive

patients. When age = 49.5 years old and NLR = 3.3, 46.1% COVID-19 patients with mild disease might become severe. By contrast, when age < 49.5 years old and NLR < 3.3, COVID-19 patients tend to show mild disease.

(Reference to - The diagnostic and predictive role of NLR, d-NLR and PLR in COVID-19 patients; A.-P. Yang, et al.; International Immunopharmacology 84 (2020) 106504 This ratio element is a calculated parameter and out of NABL scope.

Dr.Swati Pravin Mulani Lab Head

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Biological Reference Interval Test Report Status **Final** Results Units

HAEMATOLOGY

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP ABOVE 40FEMALE

ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR), WHOLE BLOOD

25 High 0 - 20mm at 1 hr E.S.R

METHOD: WESTERGREN METHOD

Interpretation(s)

Interpretation(s)
ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR),WHOLE BLOOD-TEST DESCRIPTION:
ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR), is a test that indirectly measures the degree of inflammation present in the body. The test actually measures the rate of fall (sedimentation) of erythrocytes in a sample of blood that has been placed into a tall, thin, vertical tube. Results are reported as the millimetres of clear fluid (plasma) that are present at the top portion of the tube after one hour. Nowadays fully automated instruments are available to measure ESR.

ESR is not diagnostic; it is a non-specific test that may be elevated in a number of different conditions. It provides general information about the presence of an inflammatory condition.CRP is superior to ESR because it is more sensitive and reflects a more rapid change.

TEST INTERPRETATION

Increase in: Infections, Vasculities, Inflammatory arthritis, Renal disease, Anemia, Malignancies and plasma cell dyscrasias, Acute allergy Tissue injury, Pregnancy,

Estrogen medication, Aging. Finding a very accelerated ESR(>100 mm/hour) in patients with ill-defined symptoms directs the physician to search for a systemic disease (Paraproteinemias,

Disseminated malignancies, connective tissue disease, severe infections such as bacterial endocarditis). In pregnancy BRI in first trimester is 0-48 mm/hr(62 if anemic) and in second trimester (0-70 mm/hr(95 if anemic). ESR returns to normal 4th week post partum.

Decreased in: Polycythermia vera, Sickle cell anemia

False elevated ESR: Increased fibrinogen, Drugs(Vitamin A, Dextran etc), Hypercholesterolemia
False Decreased: Poikilocytosis,(SickleCells,spherocytes),Microcytosis, Low fibrinogen, Very high WBC counts, Drugs(Quinine, salicylates)

1. Nathan and Oski's Haematology of Infancy and Childhood, 5th edition; 2. Paediatric reference intervals. AACC Press, 7th edition. Edited by S. Soldin; 3. The reference for the adult reference range is "Practical Haematology by Dacie and Lewis, 10th edition.

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ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL) F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

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Test Report Status Biological Reference Interval <u>Final</u> Results Units

ABHA NO

IMMUNOHAEMATOLOGY

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP ABOVE 40FEMALE

ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

ABO GROUP TYPE A

METHOD: TUBE AGGLUTINATION

POSITIVE RH TYPE

METHOD: TUBE AGGLUTINATION

Interpretation(s)

ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-Blood group is identified by antigens and antibodies present in the blood. Antigens are protein molecules found on the surface of red blood cells. Antibodies are found in plasma. To determine blood group, red cells are mixed with different antibody solutions to give A,B,O or AB.

Disclaimer: "Please note, as the results of previous ABO and Rh group (Blood Group) for pregnant women are not available, please check with the patient records for availability of the same.

The test is performed by both forward as well as reverse grouping methods.

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Dr.Swati Pravin Mulani

Lab Head

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 CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138362
 ACCESSION NO : 0030WC005595
 AGE/SEX : 46 Years
 Female

ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL) F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030

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mg/dL

Biological Reference Interval Units

BIOCHEMISTRY

Results

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP ABOVE 40FEMALE

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE

<u>Final</u>

BLOOD

HBA1C **5.8 High** Non-diabetic: < 5.7 %

Pre-diabetics: 5.7 - 6.4 Diabetics: > or = 6.5 Therapeutic goals: < 7.0 Action suggested: > 8.0 (ADA Guideline 2021)

METHOD: HPLC

< 116.0 mg/dL

ESTIMATED AVERAGE GLUCOSE(EAG)
GLUCOSE FASTING, FLUORIDE PLASMA

FBS (FASTING BLOOD SUGAR) 93 74 - 99

METHOD: HEXOKINASE

GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA

PPBS(POST PRANDIAL BLOOD SUGAR) 126 Normal: < 140, mg/dL

119.8 High

Impaired Glucose Tolerance: 140-199 Diabetic > or = 200

METHOD: HEXOKINASE

LIPID PROFILE, SERUM

CHOLESTEROL, TOTAL **201 High** Desirable: <200 mg/dL

BorderlineHigh: 200-239

High: > or = 240

TRIGLYCERIDES 134 Desirable: < 150 mg/dL

Borderline High: 150 - 199

High: 200 - 499

Very High: > or = 500

 ${\sf METHOD}: {\sf ENZYMATIC} \ {\sf WITH} \ {\sf GLYCEROL} \ {\sf BLANK}$

HDL CHOLESTEROL 39 Low < 40 Low mg/dL

> or = 60 High

METHOD: DIRECT MEASURE - PEG

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PATIENT NAME: DEEPALI MAHESH NAZARE REF. DOCTOR: SELF CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138362 ACCESSION NO: 0030WC005595 AGE/SEX :46 Years Female ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL) PATIENT ID : DEEPF03027730 DRAWN F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST CLIENT PATIENT ID: RECEIVED: 25/03/2023 08:39:25 DELHI REPORTED :30/03/2023 12:34:33 **NEW DELHI 110030** ABHA NO 8800465156

Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results	Biological Reference Int	erval Units
CHOLESTEROL LDL	135 High	Adult levels: Optimal < 100 Near optimal/above opt 100-129 Borderline high: 130-1 High: 160-189 Very high: = 190	
NON HDL CHOLESTEROL	162 High	Desirable: Less than 13 Above Desirable: 130 - Borderline High: 160 - 1 High: 190 - 219 Very high: > or = 220	159
VERY LOW DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN	26.8		mg/dL
CHOL/HDL RATIO	5.2		
LDL/HDL RATIO	3.5 High	0.5 - 3.0 Desirable/Low 3.1 - 6.0 Borderline/Mo Risk >6.0 High Risk	
Interpretation(s)		J	
LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM			
BILIRUBIN, TOTAL METHOD: DIAZONIUM ION, BLANKED (ROCHE)	0.42	0.0 - 1.2	mg/dL
BILIRUBIN, DIRECT METHOD: DIAZOTIZATION	0.14	0.0 - 0.2	mg/dL
BILIRUBIN, INDIRECT METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	0.28	0.00 - 1.00	mg/dL
TOTAL PROTEIN METHOD: BIURET, REAGENT BLANK, END POINT	6.5	6.4 - 8.3	g/dL
ALBUMIN METHOD: BROMOCRESOL GREEN (BCG)	4.5	3.50 - 5.20	g/dL
GLOBULIN METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	2.0	2.0 - 4.1	g/dL
ALBUMIN/GLOBULIN RATIO METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	2.3 High	1.0 - 2.0	RΑΠΟ
ASPARTATE AMINOTRANSFERASE (AST/SGOT)	15	UPTO 32	U/L

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PATIENT NAME: DEEPALI MAHESH NAZARE REF. DOCTOR: SELF

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138362 ACCESSION NO: 0030WC005595 AGE/SEX: 46 Years

ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL) F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156 PATIENT ID : DEEPF03027730

CLIENT PATIENT ID:

ABHA NO :

DRAWN :

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Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results	Biological Reference	al Reference Interval Units		
ALANINE AMINOTRANSFERASE (ALT/SGPT)	14	UPTO 34	U/L		
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE METHOD: PNPP - AMP BUFFER	59	35 - 104	U/L		
GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE (GGT) METHOD: GAMMA GLUTAMYL-3-CARBOXY-4-NITROANALIDE (IFCC)	14	5 - 36	U/L		
LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE METHOD: LACTATE -PYRUVATE	212	135 - 214	U/L		
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM					
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN METHOD: UREASE COLORIMETRIC CREATININE, SERUM	7	6 - 20	mg/dL		
CREATININE METHOD: JAFFE'S ALKALINE PICRATE -IFCC IDMS STANDARDIZED	0.72	0.50 - 0.90	mg/dL		
BUN/CREAT RATIO					
BUN/CREAT RATIO URIC ACID, SERUM	9.72	5.0 - 15.0			
URIC ACID METHOD: URICASE, COLORIMETRIC	4.5	2.6 - 6.0	mg/dL		
TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM					
TOTAL PROTEIN METHOD: BIURET, REAGENT BLANK, END POINT	6.5	6.4 - 8.3	g/dL		
ALBUMIN, SERUM					
ALBUMIN METHOD: BROMOCRESOL GREEN (BCG)	4.5	3.5 - 5.2	g/dL		
GLOBULIN					
GLOBULIN METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	2.0	2.0 - 4.1	g/dL		
ELECTROLYTES (NA/K/CL), SERUM					
SODIUM, SERUM METHOD: ISE INDIRECT	137	137 - 145	mmol/L		
POTASSIUM, SERUM METHOD: ISE INDIRECT	4.40	3.6 - 5.0	mmol/L		
CHLORIDE, SERUM METHOD: ISE INDIRECT	106	98 - 107	mmol/L		
Interpretation(s)					

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F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

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AGE/SEX DRAWN

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Sodium	Potassium	Chloride
Decreased in:CCF, cirrhosis,	Decreased in: Low potassium	Decreased in: Vomiting, diarrhea,
vomiting, diarrhea, excessive	intake,prolonged vomiting or diarrhea,	renal failure combined with salt
sweating, salt-losing	RTA types I and II,	deprivation, over-treatment with
nephropathy, adrenal insufficiency,	hyperaldosteronism, Cushing's	diuretics, chronic respiratory acidosis,
nephrotic syndrome, water	syndrome,osmotic diuresis (e.g.,	diabetic ketoacidosis, excessive
intoxication, SIADH. Drugs:	hyperglycemia),alkalosis, familial	sweating, SIADH, salt-losing
thiazides, diuretics, ACE inhibitors,	periodic paralysis,trauma	nephropathy, porphyria, expansion of
chlorpropamide,carbamazepine,anti	(transient). Drugs: Adrenergic agents,	extracellular fluid volume,
depressants (SSRI), antipsychotics.	diuretics.	adrenalinsufficiency,
		hyperaldosteronism, metabolic
		alkalosis. Drugs: chronic
		laxative,corticosteroids, diuretics.
Increased in: Dehydration	Increased in: Massive hemolysis,	Increased in: Renal failure, nephrotic
(excessivesweating, severe	severe tissue damage, rhabdomyolysis,	syndrome, RTA,dehydration,
vomiting or diarrhea), diabetes	acidosis, dehydration,renal failure,	overtreatment with
mellitus, diabetesinsipidus,	Addison's disease, RTA type IV,	saline,hyperparathyroidism, diabetes
hyperaldosteronism, inadequate	hyperkalemic familial periodic	insipidus, metabolic acidosis from
water intake. Drugs: steroids,	paralysis. Drugs: potassium salts,	diarrhea (Loss of HCO3-), respiratory
licorice, oral contraceptives.	potassium- sparing diuretics,NSAIDs,	alkalosis, hyperadre no corticism.
	beta-blockers, ACE inhibitors, high-	Drugs: acetazolamide, androgens,
	dose trimethoprim-sulfamethoxazole.	hydrochlorothiazide, salicylates.
Interferences: Severe lipemia or	Interferences: Hemolysis of sample,	Interferences:Test is helpful in
hyperproteinemi, if sodium analysis	delayed separation of serum,	assessing normal and increased anion
involves a dilution step can cause	prolonged fist clenching during blood	gap metabolic acidosis and in
spurious results. The serum sodium	drawing, and prolonged tourniquet	distinguishing hypercalcemia due to
falls about 1.6 mEq/L for each 100	placement. Very high WBC/PLT counts	hyperparathyroidism (high serum
mg/dL increase in blood glucose.	may cause spurious. Plasma potassium	chloride) from that due to malignancy
	levels are normal.	(Normal serum chloride)

Interpretation(s)

GLYCOSYLATED HÉMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-Used For:

- 1. Evaluating the long-term control of blood glucose concentrations in diabetic patients. 2. Diagnosing diabetes.

3.Identifying patients at increased risk for diabetes (prediabetes).
The ADA recommends measurement of HbA1c (typically 3-4 times per year for type 1 and poorly controlled type 2 diabetic patients, and 2 times per year for well-controlled type 2 diabetic patients) to determine whether a patients metabolic control has remained continuously within the target range.

1.eAG (Estimated average glucose) converts percentage HbA1c to md/dl, to compare blood glucose levels.

2. eAG gives an evaluation of blood glucose levels for the last couple of months.

3. eAG is calculated as eAG (mg/dl) = 28.7 * HbA1c - 46.7

HbA1c Estimation can get affected due to:

I. Shortened Erythrocyte survival: Any condition that shortens erythrocyte survival or decreases mean erythrocyte age (e.g. recovery from acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia) will falsely lower HbA1c test results. Fructosamine is recommended in these patients which indicates diabetes control over 15 days.

II. Vitamin C & E are reported to falsely lower test results. (possibly by inhibiting glycation of hemoglobin.
III. Iron deficiency anemia is reported to increase test results. Hypertriglyceridemia, uremia, hyperbilirubinemia, chronic alcoholism, chronic ingestion of salicylates & opiates addiction are reported to interfere with some assay methods,falsely increasing results.

IV.Interference of hemoglobinopathies in HbA1c estimation is seen in

a. Homozygous hemoglobinopathy. Fructosamine is recommended for testing of HbA1c.

b. Heterozygous state detected (D10 is corrected for HbS & HbC trait.)

c. HbF > 25% on alternate paltform (Boronate affinity chromatography) is recommended for testing of HbA1c. Abnormal Hemoglobin electrophoresis (HPLC method) is

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CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138362 ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL) F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030

8800465156

ACCESSION NO: 0030WC005595

PATIENT ID : DEEPF03027730

CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO

AGE/SEX DRAWN

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recommended for detecting a hemoglobinopathy GLUCOSE FASTING,FLUORIDE PLASMA-**TEST DESCRIPTION**

Normally, the glucose concentration in extracellular fluid is closely regulated so that a source of energy is readily available to tissues and sothat no glucose is excreted in the

Increased in

Diabetes mellitus, Cushing' s syndrome (10 - 15%), chronic pancreatitis (30%). Drugs:corticosteroids,phenytoin, estrogen, thiazides.

Decreased in

Pancreatic islet cell disease with increased insulin,insulinoma,adrenocortical insufficiency, hypopituitarism,diffuse liver disease, malignancy (adrenocortical, stomach,fibrosarcoma), infant of a diabetic mother, enzyme deficiency diseases(e.g., galactosemia), Drugs- insulin, ethanol, propranolol; sulfonylureas,tolbutamide, and other oral hypoglycemic agents.

NOTE: While random serum glucose levels correlate with home glucose monitoring results (weekly mean capillary glucose values), there is wide fluctuation within

High fasting glucose levels correlate with the glucose monitor glycemic control.

High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glyosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc.

GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA-High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glyosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc. Additional test HbA1c

LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM-LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE
Bilirubin is a yellowish pigment found in bile and is a breakdown product of normal heme catabolism. Bilirubin is excreted in bile and urine, and elevated levels may give yellow discoloration in jaundice. Elevated levels results from increased bilirubin production (eg, hemolysis and ineffective erythropoiesis), decreased bilirubin excretion (eg, obstruction and hepatitis), and abnormal bilirubin metabolism (eg, hereditary and neonatal jaundice). Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin in Viral hepatitis, Drug reactions, Alcoholic liver disease Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is also elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin when there is some kind of blockage of the bile ducts like in Gallstones getting into the bile ducts, tumors &Scarring of the bile ducts. Increased unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin may be a result of Hemolytic or pernicious anemia, Transfusion reaction & a common metabolic condition termed Gilbert syndrome, due to low levels of the enzyme that attaches sugar molecules to bilirubin.

AST is an enzyme found in various parts of the body. AST is found in the liver, heart, skeletal muscle, kidneys, brain, and red blood cells, and it is commonly measured clinically as a marker for liver health. AST levels increase during chronic viral hepatitis, blockage of the bile duct, cirrhosis of the liver, liver cancer, kidney failure, hemolytic anemia, pancreatitis, hemochromatosis. AST levels may also increase after a heart attack or strenuous activity.ALT test measures the amount of this enzyme in the blood.ALT is found mainly in the liver, but also in smaller amounts in the kidneys, heart, muscles, and pancreas. It is commonly measured as a part of a diagnostic evaluation of hepatocellular injury, to determine liver health AST levels increase during acute hepatitis, sometimes due to a viral infection, ischemia to the liver, chronic hepatitis.obstruction of bile ducts.cirrhosis.

ALP is a protein found in almost all body tissues. Tissues with higher amounts of ALP include the liver, bile ducts and bone. Elevated ALP levels are seen in Biliary obstruction, Osteoblastic bone tumors, osteomalacia, hepatitis, Hyperparathyroidism, Leukemia, Lymphoma, Paget"""'s disease, Rickets, Sarcoidosis etc. Lower-than-normal ALP levels seen in Hypophosphatasia, Malnutrition, Protein deficiency, Wilson"""'s disease. GGT is an enzyme found in cell membranes of many tissues mainly in the liver, kidney and seen in Hypophosphatasia, Mainutrition, Protein deficiency, Wilson*** disease.GGT is an enzyme found in cell membranes of many tissues mainly in the liver, kidney and pancreas. It is also found in other tissues including intestine, spleen, heart, brain and seminal vesicles. The highest concentration is in the kidney, but the liver is considered the source of normal enzyme activity. Serum GGT has been widely used as an index of liver dysfunction. Elevated serum GGT activity can be found in diseases of the liver, biliary system and pancreas. Conditions that increase serum GGT are obstructive liver disease, high alcohol consumption and use of enzyme-inducing drugs etc. Serum total protein, also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum. Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin. Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstrom*** by disease, Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage), Burns, Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc. Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance, malnutrition and wasting etc

BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM-Causes of Increased levels include Pre renal (High protein diet, Increased protein catabolism, GI haemorrhage, Cortisol, Dehydration, CHF Renal), Renal Failure, Post Renal (Malignancy, Nephrolithiasis, Prostatism)

Causes of decreased level include Liver disease, SIADH.

CREATININE, SERUM-Higher than normal level may be due to:

- CREATININE, SERUM-Higher than normal level may be due to:

 Blockage in the urinary tract

 Kidney problems, such as kidney damage or failure, infection, or reduced blood flow
- Loss of body fluid (dehydration)
- Muscle problems, such as breakdown of muscle fibers
- Problems during pregnancy, such as seizures (eclampsia)), or high blood pressure caused by pregnancy (preeclampsia)

Lower than normal level may be due to:

- Myasthenia GravisMuscular dystrophy

URIC ACID, ŚERUM-Causes of Increased levels: Dietary(High Protein Intake, Prolonged Fasting, Rapid weight loss), Gout, Lesch nyhan syndrome, Type 2 DM, Metabolic svndrome

Causes of decreased levels-Low Zinc intake,OCP,Multiple Sclerosis

TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM-Serum total protein, also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum. Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin

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PATIENT NAME: DEEPALI MAHESH NAZARE REF. DOCTOR: SELF CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138362 ACCESSION NO: 0030WC005595 AGE/SEX

ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL) F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156

PATIENT ID : DEEPF03027730

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Test Report Status Results **Biological Reference Interval** <u>Final</u> Units

ABHA NO

syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc.

ALBUMIN, SERUM-Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance, malnutrition and wasting etc.

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ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL) F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

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CLINICAL PATH - URINALYSIS

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP ABOVE 40FEMALE

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION, URINE

COLOR PALE YELLOW

APPEARANCE CLEAR

METHOD: DIPSTICK, MICROSCOPY

CHEMICAL EXAMINATION, URINE

PH 6.0 4.7 - 7.5

METHOD: DIPSTICK

SPECIFIC GRAVITY 1.003 - 1.035 <=1.005 METHOD: DIPSTICK

PROTEIN NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED

METHOD: DIPSTICK **NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED GLUCOSE**

METHOD: DIPSTICK **NOT DETECTED** NOT DETECTED KETONES

METHOD: DIPSTICK

BLOOD NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED METHOD : DIPSTICK

BILIRUBIN NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED

METHOD: DIPSTICK (DIAZOTISED DICHLOROANILINE)

UROBILINOGEN NORMAL NORMAL METHOD: DIPSTICK

NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED NITRITE

METHOD: DIPSTICK MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION, URINE

METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED /HPF RED BLOOD CELLS

METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

/HPF 2-3 0 - 5

PUS CELL (WBC'S) METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

/HPF EPITHELIAL CELLS 3 - 50-5

METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

NOT DETECTED CASTS

NOT DETECTED CRYSTALS

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CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138362 ACCESSION NO: 0030WC005595 AGE/SEX :46 Years Female ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)

F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

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METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

REMARKS

Interpretation(s)

NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED

URINE ANALYSIS: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION IS CARRIED OUT ON

CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT.

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SPECIALISED CHEMISTRY - HORMONE

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP ABOVE 40FEMALE

THYROID PANEL, SERUM

T3 84.41 58 - 159 ng/dL

METHOD: CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY (CMIA)

T4 7.70 4.87 - 11.71 $\mu g/dL$

METHOD: CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY (CMIA)

TSH (ULTRASENSITIVE) 2.256 0.350 - 4.940 μΙU/mL

METHOD: CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY (CMIA)

Interpretation(s)

Triiodothyronine T3, **Thyroxine T4**, and **Thyroid Stimulating Hormone TSH** are thyroid hormones which affect almost every physiological process in the body, including growth, development, metabolism, body temperature, and heart rate.

Production of T3 and its prohormone thyroxine (T4) is activated by thyroid-stimulating hormone (TSH), which is released from the pituitary gland. Elevated concentrations of T3, and T4 in the blood inhibit the production of TSH.

Excessive secretion of thyroxine in the body is hyperthyroidism, and deficient secretion is called hypothyroidism.

In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hyperthyroidism, TSH levels are low. owidctlparowidctlparBelow mentioned are the guidelines for Pregnancy related reference ranges for Total T4, TSH & Total T3. Measurement of the serum TT3 level is a more sensitive test for the diagnosis of hyperthyroidism, and measurement of TT4 is more useful in the diagnosis of hypothyroidism. Most of the thyroid hormone in blood is bound to transport proteins. Only a very small fraction of the circulating hormone is free and biologically active. It is advisable to detect Free T3, FreeT4 along with TSH, instead of testing for albumin bound Total T3, Total T4.

Sr. No.	TSH	Total T4	FT4	Total T3	Possible Conditions
1	High	Low	Low	Low	(1) Primary Hypothyroidism (2) Chronic autoimmune Thyroiditis (3)
					Post Thyroidectomy (4) Post Radio-Iodine treatment
2	High	Normal	Normal	Normal	(1)Subclinical Hypothyroidism (2) Patient with insufficient thyroid
					hormone replacement therapy (3) In cases of Autoimmune/Hashimoto
					thyroiditis (4). Isolated increase in TSH levels can be due to Subclinical
					inflammation, drugs like amphetamines, Iodine containing drug and
					dopamine antagonist e.g. domperidone and other physiological reasons.
3	Normal/Low	Low	Low	Low	(1) Secondary and Tertiary Hypothyroidism
4	Low	High	High	High	(1) Primary Hyperthyroidism (Graves Disease) (2) Multinodular Goitre
					(3)Toxic Nodular Goitre (4) Thyroiditis (5) Over treatment of thyroid
					hormone (6) Drug effect e.g. Glucocorticoids, dopamine, T4
					replacement therapy (7) First trimester of Pregnancy
5	Low	Normal	Normal	Normal	(1) Subclinical Hyperthyroidism
6	High	High	High	High	(1) TSH secreting pituitary adenoma (2) TRH secreting tumor
7	Low	Low	Low	Low	(1) Central Hypothyroidism (2) Euthyroid sick syndrome (3) Recent
					treatment for Hyperthyroidism

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8	Normal/Low	Normal	Normal	High	(1) T3 thyrotoxicosis (2) Non-Thyroidal illness
9	Low	High	High	Normal	(1) T4 Ingestion (2) Thyroiditis (3) Interfering Anti TPO antibodies

REF: 1. TIETZ Fundamentals of Clinical chemistry 2. Guidlines of the American Thyroid association during pregnancy and Postpartum, 2011. NOTE: It is advisable to detect Free T3, FreeT4 along with TSH, instead of testing for albumin bound Total T3, Total T4.TSH is not affected by variation in thyroid - binding protein. TSH has a diurnal rhythm, with peaks at 2:00 - 4:00 a.m. And troughs at 5:00 - 6:00 p.m. With ultradian variations.

> **End Of Report** Please visit www.srlworld.com for related Test Information for this accession

CONDITIONS OF LABORATORY TESTING & REPORTING

- 1. It is presumed that the test sample belongs to the patient named or identified in the test requisition form.
- 2. All tests are performed and reported as per the turnaround time stated in the SRL Directory of Services.
- 3. Result delays could occur due to unforeseen circumstances such as non-availability of kits / equipment breakdown / natural calamities / technical downtime or any other unforeseen event.
- 4. A requested test might not be performed if:
 - i. Specimen received is insufficient or inappropriate
 - ii. Specimen quality is unsatisfactory
 - iii. Incorrect specimen type
 - iv. Discrepancy between identification on specimen container label and test requisition form

- 5. SRL confirms that all tests have been performed or assayed with highest quality standards, clinical safety & technical integrity.
- Laboratory results should not be interpreted in isolation; it must be correlated with clinical information and be interpreted by registered medical practitioners only to determine final diagnosis.
- Test results may vary based on time of collection, physiological condition of the patient, current medication or nutritional and dietary changes. Please consult your doctor or call us for any clarification.
- Test results cannot be used for Medico legal purposes.
- In case of queries please call customer care (91115 91115) within 48 hours of the report.

SRL Limited

Fortis Hospital, Sector 62, Phase VIII, Mohali 160062

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