

Name	Mr.KASHYAP VIKAS	ID	MED121727219
Age & Gender	33/MALE	Visit Date	11/03/2023
Ref Doctor Name	MediWheel		

### ABDOMINO-PELVIC ULTRASONOGRAPHY

**LIVER** is normal in shape, size (12.8cms) and has uniform echopattern. No evidence of focal lesion or intrahepatic biliary ductal dilatation. Hepatic and portal vein radicals are normal.

**GALL BLADDER** is post prandial status.  
CBD is of normal calibre.

**PANCREAS** has normal shape, size and uniform echopattern. No evidence of ductal dilatation or calcification.

**SPLEEN** shows normal shape, size and echopattern.

#### **BOTH KIDNEYS**

**Right kidney:** Normal in shape, size and echopattern. Cortico-medullary differentiation is well madeout. No evidence of calculus or hydronephrosis.

**Left kidney:** Normal in shape, size and echopattern. Cortico-medullary differentiation is well madeout. No evidence of calculus or hydronephrosis.

The kidney measures as follows:

	Bipolar length (cms)	Parenchymal thickness (cms)
Right Kidney	11.8	1.5
Left Kidney	10.9	1.6

**URINARY BLADDER** minimally distended, shows normal shape and wall thickness. It has clear contents. No evidence of diverticula.

**PROSTATE** shows normal shape, size and echopattern.  
No evidence of ascites.

#### IMPRESSION:

- **No significant abnormality detected.**

#### REPORT DISCLAIMER

1.This is only a radiological impression.Like other investigations, radiological investigation also have limitation. Therefore radiological reports should be interpreted in correlation with clinical and pathological findings.

2.The results reported here in are subject to interpretation by qualified medical professionals only.

3.Customer identities are accepted provided by the customer or their representative.

4.information about the customer's condition at the time of sample collection such as fasting, food consumption, medication, etc are accepted as provided by the customer or representative and shall not be investigated for its truthfulness.

5.If any specimen/sample is received from any others laboratory/hospital,its is presumed that the sample belongs to the patient identified or named.

6.Test results should be interpreted in context of clinical and other findings if any.In case of any clarification /doubt , the referring doctor/patient can contact the respective section head of the laboratory.

7.Results of the test are influenced by the various factors such as sensitivity, specificity of the procedures of the tests, quality of the samples and drug interactions etc.,

8.If the test results are found not to be correlating clinically can contact the lab in charge for clarification or retesting where practicable within 24 hours from the time of issue of results.

9.Liability is limited to the extend of amount billed.

10.Reports are subject to interpretation in their entirety.partial or selective interpretation may lead to false opinion.

11.Disputes,if any , with regard to the report findings are subject to the exclusive jurisdiction of the competent courts chennai only.

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**DR. HEMANANDINI V.N**  
**CONSULTANT RADIOLOGIST**  
 Hn/Lr

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Collection On : 11/03/2023 12:20 PM

Report On : 11/03/2023 8:43 PM

Printed On : 17/03/2023 6:23 PM



<u>Investigation</u>	<u>Observed Value</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Biological Reference Interval</u>
Basophils (Blood)	0.41	%	00 - 02
<b>INTERPRETATION:</b> Tests done on Automated Five Part cell counter. All abnormal results are reviewed and confirmed microscopically.			
Absolute Neutrophil count (EDTA Blood)	2.42	10 <sup>3</sup> / $\mu$ l	1.5 - 6.6
Absolute Lymphocyte Count (EDTA Blood)	1.77	10 <sup>3</sup> / $\mu$ l	1.5 - 3.5
Absolute Eosinophil Count (AEC) (EDTA Blood)	0.17	10 <sup>3</sup> / $\mu$ l	0.04 - 0.44
Absolute Monocyte Count (EDTA Blood)	0.32	10 <sup>3</sup> / $\mu$ l	< 1.0
Absolute Basophil count (EDTA Blood)	0.02	10 <sup>3</sup> / $\mu$ l	< 0.2
Platelet Count (EDTA Blood)	265.1	10 <sup>3</sup> / $\mu$ l	150 - 450
MPV (Blood)	8.25	fL	7.9 - 13.7
PCT (Automated Blood cell Counter)	0.22	%	0.18 - 0.28
ESR (Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate) (Citratd Blood)	<b>29</b>	mm/hr	< 15



  
Dr RAVIKUMAR R  
MBBS, MD BIOCHEMISTRY  
CONSULTANT BIOCHEMIST  
Reg No : 78771

APPROVED BY



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<u>Investigation</u>	<u>Observed Value</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Biological Reference Interval</u>
<b><u>Lipid Profile</u></b>			
Cholesterol Total (Serum/CHOD-PAP with ATCS)	114.12	mg/dL	Optimal: < 200 Borderline: 200 - 239 High Risk: >= 240
Triglycerides (Serum/GPO-PAP with ATCS)	56.07	mg/dL	Optimal: < 150 Borderline: 150 - 199 High: 200 - 499 Very High: >= 500

**INTERPRETATION:** The reference ranges are based on fasting condition. Triglyceride levels change drastically in response to food, increasing as much as 5 to 10 times the fasting levels, just a few hours after eating. Fasting triglyceride levels show considerable diurnal variation too. There is evidence recommending triglycerides estimation in non-fasting condition for evaluating the risk of heart disease and screening for metabolic syndrome, as non-fasting sample is more representative of the 'usual' circulating level of triglycerides during most part of the day.

HDL Cholesterol (Serum/Immunoinhibition)	<b>33.30</b>	mg/dL	Optimal(Negative Risk Factor): >= 60 Borderline: 40 - 59 High Risk: < 40
LDL Cholesterol (Serum/Calculated)	69.6	mg/dL	Optimal: < 100 Above Optimal: 100 - 129 Borderline: 130 - 159 High: 160 - 189 Very High: >= 190
VLDL Cholesterol (Serum/Calculated)	11.2	mg/dL	< 30
Non HDL Cholesterol (Serum/Calculated)	80.8	mg/dL	Optimal: < 130 Above Optimal: 130 - 159 Borderline High: 160 - 189 High: 190 - 219 Very High: >= 220

**INTERPRETATION:** 1.Non-HDL Cholesterol is now proven to be a better cardiovascular risk marker than LDL Cholesterol.  
2.It is the sum of all potentially atherogenic proteins including LDL, IDL, VLDL and chylomicrons and it is the "new bad cholesterol" and is a co-primary target for cholesterol lowering therapy.



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Total Cholesterol/HDL Cholesterol Ratio (Serum/Calculated)	3.4		Optimal: < 3.3 Low Risk: 3.4 - 4.4 Average Risk: 4.5 - 7.1 Moderate Risk: 7.2 - 11.0 High Risk: > 11.0
Triglyceride/HDL Cholesterol Ratio (TG/HDL) (Serum/Calculated)	1.7		Optimal: < 2.5 Mild to moderate risk: 2.5 - 5.0 High Risk: > 5.0
LDL/HDL Cholesterol Ratio (Serum/Calculated)	2.1		Optimal: 0.5 - 3.0 Borderline: 3.1 - 6.0 High Risk: > 6.0



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<u>Investigation</u>	<u>Observed Value</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Biological Reference Interval</u>
<b><u>Glycosylated Haemoglobin (HbA1c)</u></b>			
HbA1C (Whole Blood/HPLC)	5.3	%	Normal: 4.5 - 5.6 Prediabetes: 5.7 - 6.4 Diabetic: >= 6.5

**INTERPRETATION:** If Diabetes - Good control : 6.1 - 7.0 % , Fair control : 7.1 - 8.0 % , Poor control >= 8.1 %

Estimated Average Glucose 105.41 mg/dL  
(Whole Blood)

**INTERPRETATION: Comments**

HbA1c provides an index of Average Blood Glucose levels over the past 8 - 12 weeks and is a much better indicator of long term glyceimic control as compared to blood and urinary glucose determinations.

Conditions that prolong RBC life span like Iron deficiency anemia, Vitamin B12 & Folate deficiency, hypertriglyceridemia, hyperbilirubinemia, Drugs, Alcohol, Lead Poisoning, Asplenia can give falsely elevated HbA1C values.

Conditions that shorten RBC survival like acute or chronic blood loss, hemolytic anemia, Hemoglobinopathies, Splenomegaly, Vitamin E ingestion, Pregnancy, End stage Renal disease can cause falsely low HbA1c.



  
DR SHAMIM JAVED  
MD PATHOLOGY  
KMC 88902

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Leukocytes(CP) (Urine)	Negative		
<b><u>MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION</u></b> <b><u>(URINE COMPLETE)</u></b>			
Pus Cells (Urine)	0-1	/hpf	NIL
Epithelial Cells (Urine)	0-1	/hpf	NIL
RBCs (Urine)	NIL	/hpf	NIL
Others (Urine)	NIL		

**INTERPRETATION:**Note: Done with Automated Urine Analyser & Automated urine sedimentation analyser. All abnormal reports are reviewed and confirmed microscopically.



  
Dr. Atira Mirza (MD)  
Consultant Pathologist  
KMC: DLH 2018 0000230 KTK  
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**IMMUNOHAEMATOLOGY**

BLOOD GROUPING AND Rh TYPING  
(EDTA Blood Agglutination)

'O' 'Positive'

**INTERPRETATION:**Note: Slide method is screening method. Kindly confirm with Tube method for transfusion.



*Anusha*  
Dr Anusha.K.S  
Sr.Consultant Pathologist  
Reg No : 100674

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