



PATIENT NAME : PRAVEEN NAVARIA

REF. DOCTOR : SELF

CODE/NAME &amp; ADDRESS : C000049066

SRL JAIPUR WELLNESS CORPORATE WALK IN  
AAKRITI LABS PVT LTD. A-430, AGRASEN MARG  
JAIPUR 302017  
9314660100

ACCESSION NO : 0251WB002103

PATIENT ID : PRAVM250286251

CLIENT PATIENT ID: 012302250042

ABHA NO :

AGE/SEX : 37 Years Male

DRAWN : 25/02/2023 09:43:00

RECEIVED : 25/02/2023 12:21:52

REPORTED : 25/02/2023 16:38:12

Test Report Status	Preliminary	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
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## HAEMATOLOGY - CBC

## MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP BELOW 40 MALE

## BLOOD COUNTS, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

HEMOGLOBIN (HB)	14.5	13.0 - 17.0	g/dL
METHOD : CYANIDE FREE DETERMINATION			
RED BLOOD CELL (RBC) COUNT	5.00	4.5 - 5.5	mil/ $\mu$ L
METHOD : ELECTRICAL IMPEDANCE			
WHITE BLOOD CELL (WBC) COUNT	10.00	4.0 - 10.0	thou/ $\mu$ L
METHOD : ELECTRICAL IMPEDANCE			
PLATELET COUNT	166	150 - 410	thou/ $\mu$ L
METHOD : ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE			

## RBC AND PLATELET INDICES

HEMATOCRIT (PCV)	42.3	40 - 50	%
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			
MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOLUME (MCV)	85.0	83 - 101	fL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN (MCH)	28.9	27.0 - 32.0	pg
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN CONCENTRATION (MCHC)	34.2	31.5 - 34.5	g/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW)	13.8	11.6 - 14.0	%
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			
MENTZER INDEX	17.0		
MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV)	<b>11.8 High</b>	6.8 - 10.9	fL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER			

## WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT

NEUTROPHILS	61	40 - 80	%
METHOD : IMPEDANCE WITH HYDRO FOCUS AND MICROSCOPY			
LYMPHOCYTES	29	20 - 40	%
METHOD : IMPEDANCE WITH HYDRO FOCUS AND MICROSCOPY			
MONOCYTES	05	2 - 10	%
METHOD : IMPEDANCE WITH HYDRO FOCUS AND MICROSCOPY			
EOSINOPHILS	05	1 - 6	%
METHOD : IMPEDANCE WITH HYDRO FOCUS AND MICROSCOPY			

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Patient Ref. No. 775000002442222



MC-5333

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BASOPHILS		00	0 - 2	%
METHOD : IMPEDANCE WITH HYDRO FOCUS AND MICROSCOPY				
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT		6.1	2.0 - 7.0	thou/ $\mu$ L
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT		2.9	1.0 - 3.0	thou/ $\mu$ L
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT		0.5	0.2 - 1.0	thou/ $\mu$ L
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT		0.5	0.02 - 0.50	thou/ $\mu$ L
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT		<b>0 Low</b>	0.02 - 0.10	thou/ $\mu$ L
NEUTROPHIL LYMPHOCYTE RATIO (NLR)		2.1		

**Interpretation(s)**

BLOOD COUNTS, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-The cell morphology is well preserved for 24hrs. However after 24-48 hrs a progressive increase in MCV and HCT is observed leading to a decrease in MCHC. A direct smear is recommended for an accurate differential count and for examination of RBC morphology.  
RBC AND PLATELET INDICES-Mentzer index (MCV/RBC) is an automated cell-counter based calculated screen tool to differentiate cases of Iron deficiency anaemia(>13) from Beta thalassaemia trait (<13) in patients with microcytic anaemia. This needs to be interpreted in line with clinical correlation and suspicion. Estimation of HbA2 remains the gold standard for diagnosing a case of beta thalassaemia trait.  
WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT-The optimal threshold of 3.3 for NLR showed a prognostic possibility of clinical symptoms to change from mild to severe in COVID positive patients. When age = 49.5 years old and NLR = 3.3, 46.1% COVID-19 patients with mild disease might become severe. By contrast, when age < 49.5 years old and NLR < 3.3, COVID-19 patients tend to show mild disease.  
(Reference to - The diagnostic and predictive role of NLR, d-NLR and PLR in COVID-19 patients ; A.-P. Yang, et al.; International Immunopharmacology 84 (2020) 106504  
This ratio element is a calculated parameter and out of NABL scope.

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## HAEMATOLOGY

## MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP BELOW 40 MALE

## ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR),WHOLE BLOOD

E.S.R	10	0 - 14	mm at 1 hr
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METHOD : AUTOMATED (PHOTOMETRICAL CAPILLARY STOPPED FLOW KINETIC ANALYSIS)"

## Interpretation(s)

## ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR),WHOLE BLOOD-TEST DESCRIPTION :-

Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a test that indirectly measures the degree of inflammation present in the body. The test actually measures the rate of fall (sedimentation) of erythrocytes in a sample of blood that has been placed into a tall, thin, vertical tube. Results are reported as the millimetres of clear fluid (plasma) that are present at the top portion of the tube after one hour. Nowadays fully automated instruments are available to measure ESR.

ESR is not diagnostic; it is a non-specific test that may be elevated in a number of different conditions. It provides general information about the presence of an inflammatory condition. CRP is superior to ESR because it is more sensitive and reflects a more rapid change.

## TEST INTERPRETATION

**Increase** in: Infections, Vasculitides, Inflammatory arthritis, Renal disease, Anemia, Malignancies and plasma cell dyscrasias, Acute allergy Tissue injury, Pregnancy, Estrogen medication, Aging.

Finding a very accelerated ESR (>100 mm/hour) in patients with ill-defined symptoms directs the physician to search for a systemic disease (Paraproteinemias, Disseminated malignancies, connective tissue disease, severe infections such as bacterial endocarditis).

In pregnancy BRI in first trimester is 0-48 mm/hr(62 if anemic) and in second trimester (0-70 mm/hr(95 if anemic). ESR returns to normal 4th week post partum.

**Decreased** in: Polycythemia vera, Sickle cell anemia

## LIMITATIONS

**False elevated** ESR : Increased fibrinogen, Drugs(Vitamin A, Dextran etc), Hypercholesterolemia

**False Decreased** : Poikilocytosis,(SickleCells,spherocytes),Microcytosis, Low fibrinogen, Very high WBC counts, Drugs(Quinine, salicylates)

## REFERENCE :

1. Nathan and Oski's Haematology of Infancy and Childhood, 5th edition;2. Paediatric reference intervals. AACC Press, 7th edition. Edited by S. Soldin;3. The reference for the adult reference range is "Practical Haematology by Dacie and Lewis,10th edition.



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## IMMUNOHAEMATOLOGY

## MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP BELOW 40 MALE

## ABO GROUP &amp; RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

ABO GROUP

TYPE O

METHOD : TUBE AGGLUTINATION

RH TYPE

POSITIVE

METHOD : TUBE AGGLUTINATION

## Interpretation(s)

ABO GROUP &amp; RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-

Blood group is identified by antigens and antibodies present in the blood. Antigens are protein molecules found on the surface of red blood cells. Antibodies are found in plasma. To determine blood group, red cells are mixed with different antibody solutions to give A,B,O or AB.

Disclaimer: "Please note, as the results of previous ABO and Rh group (Blood Group) for pregnant women are not available, please check with the patient records for availability of the same."

The test is performed by both forward as well as reverse grouping methods.



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MC-5333

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**BIOCHEMISTRY**

**MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP BELOW 40 MALE**

**GLUCOSE FASTING, FLUORIDE PLASMA**

FBS (FASTING BLOOD SUGAR) 92 74 - 99 mg/dL  
 METHOD : GLUCOSE OXIDASE

**GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD**

HBA1C 5.5 Non-diabetic: < 5.7 %  
 Pre-diabetics: 5.7 - 6.4  
 Diabetics: > or = 6.5  
 Therapeutic goals: < 7.0  
 Action suggested : > 8.0  
 (ADA Guideline 2021)

METHOD : HIGH PERFORMANCE LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY (HPLC)

ESTIMATED AVERAGE GLUCOSE(EAG) 111.2 < 116.0 mg/dL  
 METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER

**GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA**

PPBS(POST PRANDIAL BLOOD SUGAR) 135 70 - 140 mg/dL  
 METHOD : GLUCOSE OXIDASE

**LIPID PROFILE, SERUM**

CHOLESTEROL, TOTAL 148 < 200 Desirable mg/dL  
 200 - 239 Borderline High  
 >/= 240 High

METHOD : CHOLESTEROL OXIDASE

TRIGLYCERIDES 58 < 150 Normal mg/dL  
 150 - 199 Borderline High  
 200 - 499 High  
 >/=500 Very High

METHOD : LIPASE/GPO-PAP NO CORRECTION

HDL CHOLESTEROL 40 < 40 Low mg/dL  
 >/=60 High

METHOD : DIRECT CLEARANCE METHOD

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CHOLESTEROL LDL	97	< 100 Optimal 100 - 129 Near optimal/ above optimal 130 - 159 Borderline High 160 - 189 High >= 190 Very High	mg/dL
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NON HDL CHOLESTEROL	108	Desirable: Less than 130 Above Desirable: 130 - 159 Borderline High: 160 - 189 High: 190 - 219 Very high: > or = 220	mg/dL
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METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER

VERY LOW DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN CHOL/HDL RATIO	11.6 3.7	<= 30.0 3.3 - 4.4 Low Risk 4.5 - 7.0 Average Risk 7.1 - 11.0 Moderate Risk > 11.0 High Risk	mg/dL
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LDL/HDL RATIO	2.4	0.5 - 3.0 Desirable/Low Risk 3.1 - 6.0 Borderline/Moderate Risk >6.0 High Risk	
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**Interpretation(s)****LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM**

BILIRUBIN, TOTAL	0.64	0 - 1	mg/dL
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METHOD : DIAZO WITH SULPHANILIC ACID

BILIRUBIN, DIRECT	0.26 High	0.00 - 0.25	mg/dL
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METHOD : DIAZO WITH SULPHANILIC ACID

BILIRUBIN, INDIRECT	0.38	0.1 - 1.0	mg/dL
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METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER

TOTAL PROTEIN	7.8	6.4 - 8.2	g/dL
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METHOD : BIURET REACTION, END POINT

ALBUMIN	4.4	3.8 - 4.4	g/dL
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METHOD : BROMOCRESOL GREEN				
GLOBULIN		3.4	2.0 - 4.1	g/dL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
ALBUMIN/GLOBULIN RATIO		1.3	1.0 - 2.1	RATIO
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
ASPARTATE AMINOTRANSFERASE (AST/SGOT)		26	0 - 37	U/L
METHOD : TRIS BUFFER NO P5P IFCC / SFBC 37° C				
ALANINE AMINOTRANSFERASE (ALT/SGPT)		<b>63 High</b>	0 - 40	U/L
METHOD : TRIS BUFFER NO P5P IFCC / SFBC 37° C				
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE		78	39 - 117	U/L
METHOD : AMP OPTIMISED TO IFCC 37° C				
GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE (GGT)		17	11 - 50	U/L
METHOD : GAMMA GLUTAMYL-3 CARBOXY-4 NITROANILIDE (IFCC) 37° C				
LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE		328	230 - 460	U/L
<b>BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM</b>				
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN		11	5.0 - 18.0	mg/dL
METHOD : UREASE KINETIC				
<b>CREATININE, SERUM</b>				
CREATININE		0.95	0.8 - 1.3	mg/dL
METHOD : ALKALINE PICRATE NO DEPROTEINIZATION				
<b>BUN/CREAT RATIO</b>				
BUN/CREAT RATIO		11.58		
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
<b>URIC ACID, SERUM</b>				
URIC ACID		5.4	3.4 - 7.0	mg/dL
METHOD : URICASE PEROXIDASE WITH ASCORBATE OXIDASE				
<b>TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM</b>				
TOTAL PROTEIN		7.8	6.4 - 8.3	g/dL
METHOD : BIURET REACTION, END POINT				
<b>ALBUMIN, SERUM</b>				
ALBUMIN		4.4	3.8 - 4.4	g/dL
METHOD : BROMOCRESOL GREEN				
<b>GLOBULIN</b>				
GLOBULIN		3.4	2.0 - 4.1	g/dL

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**ELECTROLYTES (NA/K/CL), SERUM**

SODIUM, SERUM	140.7	137 - 145	mmol/L
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METHOD : ION-SELECTIVE ELECTRODE

POTASSIUM, SERUM	4.37	3.6 - 5.0	mmol/L
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METHOD : ION-SELECTIVE ELECTRODE

CHLORIDE, SERUM	107.0	98 - 107	mmol/L
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METHOD : ION-SELECTIVE ELECTRODE

**Interpretation(s)****Interpretation(s)****GLUCOSE FASTING, FLUORIDE PLASMA-TEST DESCRIPTION**

Normally, the glucose concentration in extracellular fluid is closely regulated so that a source of energy is readily available to tissues and so that no glucose is excreted in the urine.

**Increased in**

Diabetes mellitus, Cushing's syndrome (10 - 15%), chronic pancreatitis (30%). Drugs: corticosteroids, phenytoin, estrogen, thiazides.

**Decreased in**

Pancreatic islet cell disease with increased insulin, insulinoma, adrenocortical insufficiency, hypopituitarism, diffuse liver disease, malignancy (adrenocortical, stomach, fibrosarcoma), infant of a diabetic mother, enzyme deficiency diseases (e.g., galactosemia), Drugs- insulin, ethanol, propranolol; sulfonylureas, tolbutamide, and other oral hypoglycemic agents.

**NOTE:** While random serum glucose levels correlate with home glucose monitoring results (weekly mean capillary glucose values), there is wide fluctuation within individuals. Thus, glycosylated hemoglobin (HbA1c) levels are favored to monitor glycemic control.

High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glycosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc.

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HbA1c), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-Used For:

1. Evaluating the long-term control of blood glucose concentrations in diabetic patients.

2. Diagnosing diabetes.

3. Identifying patients at increased risk for diabetes (prediabetes).

The ADA recommends measurement of HbA1c (typically 3-4 times per year for type 1 and poorly controlled type 2 diabetic patients, and 2 times per year for well-controlled type 2 diabetic patients) to determine whether a patient's metabolic control has remained continuously within the target range.

1. eAG (Estimated average glucose) converts percentage HbA1c to mg/dl, to compare blood glucose levels.

2. eAG gives an evaluation of blood glucose levels for the last couple of months.

3. eAG is calculated as  $eAG (mg/dl) = 28.7 * HbA1c - 46.7$

**HbA1c Estimation can get affected due to :**

I. Shortened Erythrocyte survival : Any condition that shortens erythrocyte survival or decreases mean erythrocyte age (e.g. recovery from acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia) will falsely lower HbA1c test results. Fructosamine is recommended in these patients which indicates diabetes control over 15 days.

II. Vitamin C & E are reported to falsely lower test results. (possibly by inhibiting glycation of hemoglobin).

III. Iron deficiency anemia is reported to increase test results. Hypertriglyceridemia, uremia, hyperbilirubinemia, chronic alcoholism, chronic ingestion of salicylates & opiates addiction are reported to interfere with some assay methods, falsely increasing results.

IV. Interference of hemoglobinopathies in HbA1c estimation is seen in

a. Homozygous hemoglobinopathy. Fructosamine is recommended for testing of HbA1c.

b. Heterozygous state detected (D10 is corrected for HbS & HbC trait.)

c. HbF > 25% on alternate platform (Boronate affinity chromatography) is recommended for testing of HbA1c. Abnormal Hemoglobin electrophoresis (HPLC method) is recommended for detecting a hemoglobinopathy

GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA-High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glycosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc. Additional test HbA1c

LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM-LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE

Bilirubin is a yellowish pigment found in bile and is a breakdown product of normal heme catabolism. Bilirubin is excreted in bile and urine, and elevated levels may give



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yellow discoloration in jaundice. Elevated levels result from increased bilirubin production (eg, hemolysis and ineffective erythropoiesis), decreased bilirubin excretion (eg, obstruction and hepatitis), and abnormal bilirubin metabolism (eg, hereditary and neonatal jaundice). Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin in Viral hepatitis, Drug reactions, Alcoholic liver disease. Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is also elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin when there is some kind of blockage of the bile ducts like in Gallstones getting into the bile ducts, tumors & Scarring of the bile ducts. Increased unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin may be a result of Hemolytic or pernicious anemia, Transfusion reaction & a common metabolic condition termed Gilbert syndrome, due to low levels of the enzyme that attaches sugar molecules to bilirubin.

AST is an enzyme found in various parts of the body. AST is found in the liver, heart, skeletal muscle, kidneys, brain, and red blood cells, and it is commonly measured clinically as a marker for liver health. AST levels increase during chronic viral hepatitis, blockage of the bile duct, cirrhosis of the liver, liver cancer, kidney failure, hemolytic anemia, pancreatitis, hemochromatosis. AST levels may also increase after a heart attack or strenuous activity. ALT test measures the amount of this enzyme in the blood. ALT is found mainly in the liver, but also in smaller amounts in the kidneys, heart, muscles, and pancreas. It is commonly measured as a part of a diagnostic evaluation of hepatocellular injury, to determine liver health. AST levels increase during acute hepatitis, sometimes due to a viral infection, ischemia to the liver, chronic hepatitis, obstruction of bile ducts, cirrhosis.

ALP is a protein found in almost all body tissues. Tissues with higher amounts of ALP include the liver, bile ducts and bone. Elevated ALP levels are seen in Biliary obstruction, Osteoblastic bone tumors, osteomalacia, hepatitis, Hyperparathyroidism, Leukemia, Lymphoma, Paget's disease, Rickets, Sarcoidosis etc. Lower-than-normal ALP levels seen in Hypophosphatasia, Malnutrition, Protein deficiency, Wilson's disease. GGT is an enzyme found in cell membranes of many tissues mainly in the liver, kidney and pancreas. It is also found in other tissues including intestine, spleen, heart, brain and seminal vesicles. The highest concentration is in the kidney, but the liver is considered the source of normal enzyme activity. Serum GGT has been widely used as an index of liver dysfunction. Elevated serum GGT activity can be found in diseases of the liver, biliary system and pancreas. Conditions that increase serum GGT are obstructive liver disease, high alcohol consumption and use of enzyme-inducing drugs etc. Serum total protein, also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum. Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin. Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstrom's disease. Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage), Burns, Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc. Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance, malnutrition and wasting etc.

**BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM-** Causes of Increased levels include Pre renal (High protein diet, Increased protein catabolism, GI haemorrhage, Cortisol, Dehydration, CHF Renal), Renal Failure, Post Renal (Malignancy, Nephrolithiasis, Prostatism)

Causes of decreased level include Liver disease, SIADH.

- CREATININE, SERUM-** Higher than normal level may be due to:
- Blockage in the urinary tract
  - Kidney problems, such as kidney damage or failure, infection, or reduced blood flow
  - Loss of body fluid (dehydration)
  - Muscle problems, such as breakdown of muscle fibers
  - Problems during pregnancy, such as seizures (eclampsia), or high blood pressure caused by pregnancy (preeclampsia)

Lower than normal level may be due to:

- Myasthenia Gravis
- Muscular dystrophy

**URIC ACID, SERUM-** Causes of Increased levels:- Dietary (High Protein Intake, Prolonged Fasting, Rapid weight loss), Gout, Lesch nyhan syndrome, Type 2 DM, Metabolic syndrome

**Causes of decreased levels-** Low Zinc intake, OCP, Multiple Sclerosis

**TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM-** Serum total protein, also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum. Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin

Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstrom's disease. Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage), Burns, Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc.

**ALBUMIN, SERUM-** Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance, malnutrition and wasting etc.

**Dr. Akansha Jain**  
Consultant Pathologist



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**PERFORMED AT :**

SRL Ltd  
C/o Aakriti Labs Pvt Ltd, 3, Mahatma Gandhi Marg, Gandhi Nagar Mod, Tonk Road  
JAIPUR, 302015  
Rajasthan, INDIA



**Patient Ref. No. 775000002442222**



MC-5333

<b>PATIENT NAME : PRAVEEN NAVARIA</b>		<b>REF. DOCTOR : SELF</b>	
<b>CODE/NAME &amp; ADDRESS : C000049066</b>		<b>ACCESSION NO : 0251WB002103</b>	<b>AGE/SEX : 37 Years Male</b>
SRL JAIPUR WELLNESS CORPORATE WALK IN AAKRITI LABS PVT LTD. A-430, AGRASEN MARG JAIPUR 302017 9314660100		<b>PATIENT ID : PRAVM250286251</b>	<b>DRAWN : 25/02/2023 09:43:00</b>
		<b>CLIENT PATIENT ID: 012302250042</b>	<b>RECEIVED : 25/02/2023 12:21:52</b>
		<b>ABHA NO :</b>	<b>REPORTED : 25/02/2023 16:38:12</b>

Test Report Status	Preliminary	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
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**CLINICAL PATH - URINALYSIS**

**MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP BELOW 40 MALE**

<b>PHYSICAL EXAMINATION, URINE</b>				
COLOR	YELLOWISH			
METHOD : GROSS EXAMINATION				
APPEARANCE	SLIGHTLY HAZY			
METHOD : GROSS EXAMINATION				
<b>CHEMICAL EXAMINATION, URINE</b>				
PH	5.5	4.7 - 7.5		
METHOD : DOUBLE INDICATOR PRINCIPLE				
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.020	1.003 - 1.035		
METHOD : IONIC CONCENTRATION METHOD				
PROTEIN	<b>DETECTED (TRACE)</b>	NOT DETECTED		
METHOD : PROTEIN ERROR OF INDICATORS WITH REFLECTANCE				
GLUCOSE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED		
METHOD : GLUCOSE OXIDASE PEROXIDASE / BENEDICTS				
KETONES	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED		
METHOD : SODIUM NITROPRUSSIDE REACTION				
BLOOD	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED		
METHOD : PEROXIDASE ANTI PEROXIDASE				
BILIRUBIN	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED		
METHOD : DIPSTICK				
UROBILINOGEN	NORMAL	NORMAL		
METHOD : EHRlich REACTION REFLECTANCE				
NITRITE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED		
METHOD : NITRATE TO NITRITE CONVERSION METHOD				
LEUKOCYTE ESTERASE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED		
<b>MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION, URINE</b>				
RED BLOOD CELLS	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED		/HPF
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION				
PUS CELL (WBC'S)	2-3	0-5		/HPF
METHOD : DIPSTICK, MICROSCOPY				
EPITHELIAL CELLS	0-1	0-5		/HPF
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION				
CASTS	NOT DETECTED			

**Dr. Akansha Jain**  
Consultant Pathologist



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**Patient Ref. No. 775000002442222**



MC-5333

<b>PATIENT NAME : PRAVEEN NAVARIA</b>		<b>REF. DOCTOR : SELF</b>	
<b>CODE/NAME &amp; ADDRESS : C000049066</b>		<b>ACCESSION NO : 0251WB002103</b>	<b>AGE/SEX : 37 Years Male</b>
SRL JAIPUR WELLNESS CORPORATE WALK IN		<b>PATIENT ID : PRAVM250286251</b>	<b>DRAWN : 25/02/2023 09:43:00</b>
AAKRITI LABS PVT LTD. A-430, AGRASEN MARG		<b>CLIENT PATIENT ID: 012302250042</b>	<b>RECEIVED : 25/02/2023 12:21:52</b>
JAIPUR 302017		<b>ABHA NO :</b>	<b>REPORTED : 25/02/2023 16:38:12</b>
9314660100			

Test Report Status	Preliminary	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
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METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION				
<b>CRYSTALS</b>		NOT DETECTED		
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION				
<b>BACTERIA</b>		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION				
<b>YEAST</b>		NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	
<b>Interpretation(s)</b>				

**Dr. Akansha Jain**  
Consultant Pathologist



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C/o Aakriti Labs Pvt Ltd, 3, Mahatma Gandhi Marg, Gandhi Nagar Mod, Tonk Road  
JAIPUR, 302015  
Rajasthan, INDIA



**Patient Ref. No. 775000002442222**



MC-5333

<b>PATIENT NAME : PRAVEEN NAVARIA</b>		<b>REF. DOCTOR : SELF</b>	
<b>CODE/NAME &amp; ADDRESS : C000049066</b>		<b>ACCESSION NO : 0251WB002103</b>	
SRL JAIPUR WELLNESS CORPORATE WALK IN		AGE/SEX : 37 Years Male	
AAKRITI LABS PVT LTD. A-430, AGRASEN MARG		DRAWN : 25/02/2023 09:43:00	
JAIPUR 302017		RECEIVED : 25/02/2023 12:21:52	
9314660100		REPORTED : 25/02/2023 16:38:12	
		PATIENT ID : PRAVM250286251	
		CLIENT PATIENT ID: 012302250042	
		ABHA NO :	

Test Report Status	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
<b>Preliminary</b>			

**CLINICAL PATH - STOOL ANALYSIS**

<b>MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP BELOW 40 YEARS</b>	
<b>PHYSICAL EXAMINATION,STOOL</b>	RESULT PENDING
<b>CHEMICAL EXAMINATION,STOOL</b>	RESULT PENDING
<b>MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION,STOOL</b>	RESULT PENDING



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C/o Aakriti Labs Pvt Ltd, 3, Mahatma Gandhi Marg, Gandhi Nagar Mod, Tonk Road  
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Rajasthan, INDIA



**Patient Ref. No. 775000002442222**



MC-5333

PATIENT NAME : PRAVEEN NAVARIA

REF. DOCTOR : SELF

CODE/NAME &amp; ADDRESS : C000049066

SRL JAIPUR WELLNESS CORPORATE WALK IN  
AAKRITI LABS PVT LTD. A-430, AGRASEN MARG  
JAIPUR 302017  
9314660100

ACCESSION NO : 0251WB002103

PATIENT ID : PRAVM250286251

CLIENT PATIENT ID: 012302250042

ABHA NO :

AGE/SEX : 37 Years Male

DRAWN : 25/02/2023 09:43:00

RECEIVED : 25/02/2023 12:21:52

REPORTED : 25/02/2023 16:38:12

Test Report Status	Preliminary	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
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## SPECIALISED CHEMISTRY - HORMONE

## MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECK UP BELOW 40 MALE

## THYROID PANEL, SERUM

T3	110.69	60.0 - 181.0	ng/dL
T4	9.20	4.5 - 10.9	µg/dL
TSH (ULTRASENSITIVE)	4.517	0.550 - 4.780	µIU/mL

\*\*End Of Report\*\*

Please visit [www.srlworld.com](http://www.srlworld.com) for related Test Information for this accession

## CONDITIONS OF LABORATORY TESTING &amp; REPORTING

1. It is presumed that the test sample belongs to the patient named or identified in the test requisition form.
2. All tests are performed and reported as per the turnaround time stated in the SRL Directory of Services.
3. Result delays could occur due to unforeseen circumstances such as non-availability of kits / equipment breakdown / natural calamities / technical downtime or any other unforeseen event.
4. A requested test might not be performed if:
  - i. Specimen received is insufficient or inappropriate
  - ii. Specimen quality is unsatisfactory
  - iii. Incorrect specimen type
  - iv. Discrepancy between identification on specimen container label and test requisition form
5. SRL confirms that all tests have been performed or assayed with highest quality standards, clinical safety & technical integrity.
6. Laboratory results should not be interpreted in isolation; it must be correlated with clinical information and be interpreted by registered medical practitioners only to determine final diagnosis.
7. Test results may vary based on time of collection, physiological condition of the patient, current medication or nutritional and dietary changes. Please consult your doctor or call us for any clarification.
8. Test results cannot be used for Medico legal purposes.
9. In case of queries please call customer care (91115 91115) within 48 hours of the report.

## SRL Limited

Fortis Hospital, Sector 62, Phase VIII,  
Mohali 160062

Dr. Akansha Jain  
Consultant Pathologist

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## PERFORMED AT :

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JAIPUR, 302015  
Rajasthan, INDIA



Patient Ref. No. 77500000244222





# Aakriti Labs

3 Mahatma Gandhi Marg, Gandhi Nagar Mod  
Tonk Road, Jaipur (Raj.) Ph.: 0141-2710661  
www.aakritilabs.com  
CIN NO.: U85195RJ2004PTC019563



Name : **Mr. PRAVEEN NAVARIA**

Age/Gender: 37 Y/Male

Patient ID : 012302250042

BarcodeNo : 10077516

Referred By : Self

Registration No: 52736

Registered : 25/Feb/2023 09:43AM

Analysed : 25/Feb/2023 01:38PM

Reported : 25/Feb/2023 01:38PM

Panel : Medi Wheel (ArcoFemi  
Healthcare Ltd)

## USG: WHOLE ABDOMEN (Male)

**LIVER** : Is normal in size, shape and echogenecity.  
The IHBR and hepatic radicals are not dilated.  
No evidence of focal echopoor/echorich lesion seen.  
Portal vein diameter and common bile duct appear normal.

**GALL BLADDER** : Is normal in size, shape and echotexture. Walls are smooth and regular with normal thickness. There is no evidence of cholelithiasis.

**PANCREAS** : Is normal in size, shape and echotexture. Pancreatic duct is not dilated.

**SPLEEN** : Is normal in size, shape and echogenecity. Splenic hilum is not dilated.

**KIDNEYS** : Bilateral Kidneys are normal in size, shape and echotexture, corticomedullary differentiation is fair and ratio appears normal. Pelvi calyceal system is normal. No evidence of hydronephrosis/ nephrolithiasis.

**URINARY BLADDER** : Bladder walls are smooth, regular and normal thickness. No evidence of mass or stone in bladder lumen.


**PROSTATE**: Is normal in size, shape and echotexture, measures: 33 x 29 x 29 mm, wt: 14 gms. Its capsule is intact and no evidence of focal lesion.

**SPECIFIC** : No evidence of retroperitoneal mass or free fluid seen in peritoneal cavity. No evidence of lymphadenopathy or mass lesion in retroperitoneum. Visualized bowel loop appear normal. Great vessels appear normal.

**IMPRESSION :- NORMAL STUDY.**

\*\*\* End Of Report \*\*\*

Page 1 of 1

  
Dr. Neera Mehta  
M.B.B.S., D.M.R.D.  
RMCNO.005807/14853

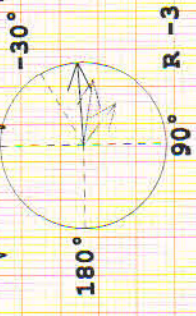
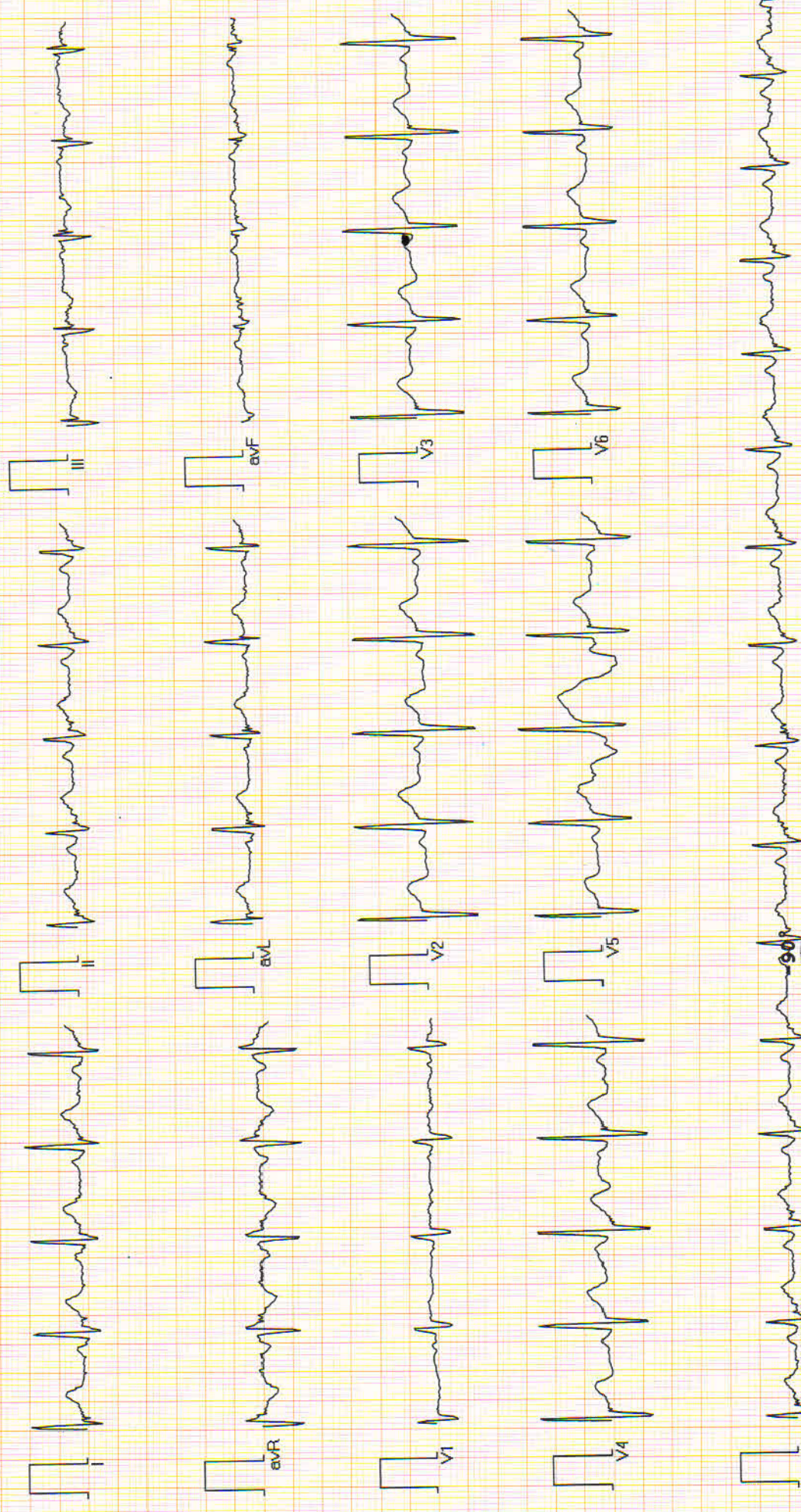






# ECG

**Aakriti Labs**  
 133 / MR. PRAVEEN NAVARIA / 37 Yrs / M / Non Smoker  
 Heart Rate : 90 bpm / Tested On : 25-Feb-23 12.18.41 / HF 0.05 Hz - LF 100 Hz / Notch 50 Hz / Sn 1.00 Cm/mV / Sw 25 mm/s  
 / Refd By.: MEDI WHEEL



Vent Rate : 90 bpm  
 PR Interval : 122 ms  
 QRS Duration: 82 ms  
 QT/QTc Int : 348/401 ms  
 P-QRS-T axis: 39.00° -3.00° 9.00°

*nm, Noid Bala*

Reported By: DR. ~~XXXXXXXXXX~~

DR. ANEEL KHANNA  
 MBBS PGDCC  
 RMC NUMBER 023361





# Aakriti Labs

3, Mahatma Gandhi Marg, Gandhi Nagar Mod,  
Tonk Road, Jaipur (Raj.) Ph.: 0141-2710661  
www.aakritilabs.com  
CIN No. U85195RJ2004PTC019563

NAME	MR. PRAVEEN NAVARIA	AGE	37 YRS	SEX	MALE
REF BY	BOB	DATE	25/02/2023	REG NO	

## ECHOCARDIOGRAM REPORT

WINDOW- POOR/ADEQUATE/GOODVALVE

MITRAL	NORMAL	TRICUSPID	NORMAL
AORTIC	NORMAL	PULMONARY	NORMAL

### 2D/M-MOD

IVSD mm	11.2	IVSS	13.3	AORTA mm	27.3
LVID mm	47.8	LVIS mm	29.3	LA mm	32.1
LVPWD mm	12.9	LVPWS mm	12.9	EF%	60%

### CHAMBERS

LA	NORMAL	RA	NORMAL
LV	NORMAL	RV	NORMAL
PERICARDIUM	NORMAL		

### DOPPLER STUDY MITRAL

PEAK VELOCITY m/s E/A	0.57/0.77	PEAK GRADIENT MmHg	
MEAN VELOCITY m/s		MEAN GRADIENT MmHg	
MVA cm2 (PLANIMETERY)		MVA cm2 (PHT)	
MR			

### AORTIC

PEAK VELOCITY m/s	1.80	PEAK GRADIENT MmHg	
MEAN VELOCITY m/s		MEAN GRADIENT MmHg	
AR			

### TRICUSPID

PEAK VELOCITY m/s	0.79	PEAK GRADIENT MmHg	
MEAN VELOCITY m/s		MEAN GRADIENT MmHg	
TR		PASP mmHg	

### PULMONARY

PEAK VELOCITY m/s	1.42	PEAK GRADIENT MmHg	
MEAN VELOCITY m/s		MEAN GRADIENT MmHg	
PR		RVEDP mmHg	

### IMPRESSION

- NORMAL LV SYSTOLIC & DIASTOLIC FUNCTION
- NO RWMA LVEF 60%
- NORMAL RV FUNCTION
- BORDER LINE LVH
- NORMAL VALVULAR ECHO
- INTACT IAS / IVS
- NO THROMBUS, NO VEGETATION, NORMAL PERICARDIUM.
- IVC NORMAL
  
- CONCLUSION : BORDER LINE LVH, FAIR LV FUNCTION.

  
Cardiologist