



Patient Ref. No. 777000002364148

CLIENT CODE : C000138364

## CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS :

ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD ( MEDIWHEEL )  
F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULI  
SOUTH WEST DELHI  
NEW DELHI 110030  
DELHI INDIA  
8800465156

SRL LTD

GRAND MALL, OPPOSITE SBI ZONAL OFFICE, SM ROAD, AMBAWADI,  
AHMEDABAD, 380015  
GUJRAT, INDIA  
Tel : 079-48912999, 079-48913999, 079-48914999  
Email : customercare.ahmedabad@srl.in

PATIENT NAME : CINI BHASURANGAN EZHAYA

PATIENT ID : CINIF220592321

ACCESSION NO : 0321VI002077 AGE : 30 Years SEX : Female

ABHA NO :

DRAWN : 24/09/2022 00:00:00

RECEIVED : 24/09/2022 09:16:52

REPORTED : 27/09/2022 18:12:28

REFERRING DOCTOR : DR. ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD ( MEDIWHEEL )

CLIENT PATIENT ID :

Test Report Status	Final	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
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**MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP BELOW 40FEMALE****BLOOD COUNTS, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD**

HEMOGLOBIN	12.1	12.0 - 15.0	g/dL
RED BLOOD CELL COUNT	4.36	3.8 - 4.8	mil/ $\mu$ L
WHITE BLOOD CELL COUNT	7.88	4.0 - 10.0	thou/ $\mu$ L
PLATELET COUNT	354	150 - 410	thou/ $\mu$ L

**RBC AND PLATELET INDICES**

HEMATOCRIT	37.0	36.0 - 46.0	%
MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOL	84.8	83.0 - 101.0	fL
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HGB.	27.8	27.0 - 32.0	pg
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN CONCENTRATION	32.7	31.5 - 34.5	g/dL
MENTZER INDEX	19.5		
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH	<b>14.3</b>	<b>High</b> 11.6 - 14.0	%
MEAN PLATELET VOLUME	7.4	6.8 - 10.9	fL

**WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT - NLR**

SEGMENTED NEUTROPHILS	72	40 - 80	%
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT	5.67	2.0 - 7.0	thou/ $\mu$ L
LYMPHOCYTES	21	20 - 40	%
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT	1.65	1.0 - 3.0	thou/ $\mu$ L
NEUTROPHIL LYMPHOCYTE RATIO (NLR)	3.4		
EOSINOPHILS	1	1.0 - 6.0	%
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT	0.08	0.02 - 0.50	thou/ $\mu$ L
MONOCYTES	6	2.0 - 10.0	%
ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT	0.47	0.2 - 1.0	thou/ $\mu$ L
BASOPHILS	0	0 - 1	%
ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT	<b>0.00</b>	<b>Low</b> 0.02 - 0.10	thou/ $\mu$ L

DIFFERENTIAL COUNT PERFORMED ON:

EDTA SMEAR

**MORPHOLOGY**

RBC	NORMOCYTIC NORMOCHROMIC
WBC	NORMAL MORPHOLOGY
PLATELETS	ADEQUATE



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**REMARKS**

NO PREMATURE CELLS ARE SEEN. MALARIAL PARASITE NOT DETECTED.

**ERYTHRO SEDIMENTATION RATE, BLOOD**

SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR) **30** **High** 0 - 20 mm at 1 hr

**GLUCOSE, FASTING, PLASMA**

GLUCOSE, FASTING, PLASMA 88 74 - 99 mg/dL

**GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD**

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C) 4.9  
 Non-diabetic: < 5.7  
 Pre-diabetics: 5.7 - 6.4  
 Diabetics: > or = 6.5  
 ADA Target: 7.0  
 Action suggested: > 8.0

MEAN PLASMA GLUCOSE 93.9 < 116.0 mg/dL

**GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA**

GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA 95 70 - 140 mg/dL

**CORONARY RISK PROFILE, SERUM**

CHOLESTEROL 168 Desirable: < 200 mg/dL  
 BorderlineHigh: 200 - 239  
 High: > or = 240

TRIGLYCERIDES 94 Desirable: < 150 mg/dL  
 BorderlineHigh: 150 - 199  
 High: 200 - 499  
 Very High: > or = 500

HDL CHOLESTEROL 47 < 40 Low mg/dL  
 > or = 60 High

CHOLESTEROL LDL **102** **High** Adult levels: mg/dL  
 Optimal < 100  
 Near optimal/above optimal: 100-129  
 Borderline high : 130-159  
 High : 160-189  
 Very high : = 190

NON HDL CHOLESTEROL 121 Desirable: Less than 130 mg/dL  
 Above Desirable: 130 - 159  
 Borderline High: 160 - 189  
 High: 190 - 219  
 Very high: > or = 220

CHOL/HDL RATIO 3.6

LDL/HDL RATIO 2.2

0.5 - 3.0 Desirable/Low Risk  
 3.1 - 6.0 Borderline/Moderate Risk  
 >6.0 High Risk





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VERY LOW DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN		18.8		mg/dL
<b>LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM</b>				
BILIRUBIN, TOTAL		0.38	Upto 1.2	mg/dL
BILIRUBIN, DIRECT		0.16	Upto 0.2	mg/dL
BILIRUBIN, INDIRECT		0.22	0.00 - 1.00	mg/dL
TOTAL PROTEIN		7.5	6.4 - 8.3	g/dL
ALBUMIN		4.8	3.5 - 5.2	g/dL
GLOBULIN		2.7	2.0 - 4.1	g/dL
ALBUMIN/GLOBULIN RATIO		1.8	1.0 - 2.0	RATIO
ASPARTATE AMINOTRANSFERASE (AST/SGOT)		16	0 - 32	U/L
ALANINE AMINOTRANSFERASE (ALT/SGPT)		13	0 - 33	U/L
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE		<b>193</b>	<b>High</b> 35 - 104	U/L
GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE (GGT)		14	5 - 36	U/L
LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE		143	135 - 214	U/L
<b>SERUM BLOOD UREA NITROGEN</b>				
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN		6	6 - 20	mg/dL
<b>CREATININE, SERUM</b>				
CREATININE		<b>0.42</b>	<b>Low</b> 0.60 - 1.10	mg/dL
<b>BUN/CREAT RATIO</b>				
BUN/CREAT RATIO		14.29	5.0 - 15.0	
<b>URIC ACID, SERUM</b>				
URIC ACID		4.6	2.4 - 5.7	mg/dL
<b>ELECTROLYTES (NA/K/CL), SERUM</b>				
SODIUM		141.8	136- 145	mmol/L
POTASSIUM		4.24	3.50- 5.10	mmol/L
CHLORIDE		102.7	98 - 107	mmol/L
<b>THYROID PANEL, SERUM</b>				
T3		90.5	80.00 - 200.00	ng/dL
T4		10.88	5.10 - 14.10	µg/dL
TSH 3RD GENERATION		1.940	0.270 - 4.200	µIU/mL
<b>ABO GROUP &amp; RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD</b>				
ABO GROUP		TYPE O		
RH TYPE		NEGATIVE		



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## Comments

RH NEGATIVE GROUP IS CONFIRMED BY DU TEST.

## XRAY-CHEST

IMPRESSION

PROMINENT BRONCHO VASCULAR MARKINGS NOTED

## TMT OR ECHO

TMT OR ECHO

2D ECHO:-

1) NORMAL CHAMBERS AND VALVES.

2) GOOD LV SYSTOLIC FUNCTION. LVEF 60%. NO RWMA AT REST.

3) NO MR, AR, TR.

4) NORMAL LV COMPLIANCE.

5) NO PAH.

6) NO LV CLOT, VEGETATION OR PERICARDIAL EFFUSION.

7) IAS/IVS INTACT.

## ECG

ECG

NORMAL SINUS RHYTHM

## MEDICAL HISTORY

RELEVANT PRESENT HISTORY

NOT SIGNIFICANT

RELEVANT PAST HISTORY

P/H/O MUSCLE WEAKNESS (LOW PHOSPHOROUS - ) 6 YEARS BACK

RELEVANT PERSONAL HISTORY

COSMETIC SURGERY ON FACE 17 YEARS BACK

NOT SIGNIFICANT

MENSTRUAL HISTORY (FOR FEMALES)

REGULAR

LMP (FOR FEMALES)

19/09/2022

RELEVANT FAMILY HISTORY

DIABETES

OCCUPATIONAL HISTORY

NOT SIGNIFICANT

HISTORY OF MEDICATIONS

NOT SIGNIFICANT

## ANTHROPOMETRIC DATA &amp; BMI

HEIGHT IN METERS

1.34

mts

WEIGHT IN KGS.

50.8

Kgs



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BMI		28	BMI & Weight Status as follows: kg/sqmts Below 18.5: Underweight 18.5 - 24.9: Normal 25.0 - 29.9: Overweight 30.0 and Above: Obese	
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## GENERAL EXAMINATION

MENTAL / EMOTIONAL STATE	NORMAL
PHYSICAL ATTITUDE	NORMAL
GENERAL APPEARANCE / NUTRITIONAL STATUS	OVERWEIGHT
BUILT / SKELETAL FRAMEWORK	AVERAGE
FACIAL APPEARANCE	NORMAL
SKIN	NORMAL
UPPER LIMB	NORMAL
LOWER LIMB	NORMAL
NECK	NORMAL
NECK LYMPHATICS / SALIVARY GLANDS	NOT ENLARGED OR TENDER
THYROID GLAND	NOT ENLARGED
TEMPERATURE	NORMAL
PULSE	72/MIN
RESPIRATORY RATE	NORMAL

## CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM

BP	138/92 MM HG (SITTING)	mm/Hg
PERICARDIUM	NORMAL	
APEX BEAT	NORMAL	
HEART SOUNDS	S1, S2 HEARD NORMALLY	
MURMURS	ABSENT	

## RESPIRATORY SYSTEM

SIZE AND SHAPE OF CHEST	NORMAL
MOVEMENTS OF CHEST	SYMMETRICAL
BREATH SOUNDS INTENSITY	NORMAL
BREATH SOUNDS QUALITY	VESICULAR (NORMAL)
ADDED SOUNDS	ABSENT

## PER ABDOMEN

APPEARANCE	NORMAL
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LIVER NOT PALPABLE

SPLEEN NOT PALPABLE

**CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM**

HIGHER FUNCTIONS NORMAL

CRANIAL NERVES NORMAL

CEREBELLAR FUNCTIONS NORMAL

SENSORY SYSTEM NORMAL

MOTOR SYSTEM NORMAL

REFLEXES NORMAL

**MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM**

SPINE NORMAL

JOINTS NORMAL

**BASIC EYE EXAMINATION**

DISTANT VISION RIGHT EYE WITH GLASSES WITH GLASSES NORMAL

DISTANT VISION LEFT EYE WITH GLASSES WITH GLASSES NORMAL

NEAR VISION RIGHT EYE WITH GLASSES WITHIN NORMAL LIMIT

NEAR VISION LEFT EYE WITH GLASSES WITHIN NORMAL LIMIT

COLOUR VISION NORMAL

**SUMMARY**

RELEVANT HISTORY NOT SIGNIFICANT

RELEVANT GP EXAMINATION FINDINGS NOT SIGNIFICANT

RELEVANT LAB INVESTIGATIONS ESR:- HIGH

LDL:- HIGH

ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE:- HIGH

RELEVANT NON PATHOLOGY DIAGNOSTICS CHEST X-RAY:- PROMINENT BRONCHO VASCULAR MARKINGS NOTED

USG ABDOMEN:- MILD FATTY LIVER

REMARKS / RECOMMENDATIONS

1) ESR:- HIGH

ADV:- PHYSICIAN OPINION

2) LDL:- HIGH, ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE:- HIGH

ADV:- REDUCE INTAKE OF FRIED AND OILY FOODS, PHYSICIAN OPINION  
SOS

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**Comments**

OUR PANEL DOCTORS FOR NON-PATHOLOGY TESTS:-

CHECK UP DONE BY:- DR. NAMRATA AGRAWAL (M.B.B.S)

REPORT REVIEWED BY:- DR. PRIYANK KAPADIYA (M.B.B.S DNB MEDICINE)

RADIOLOGIST:- DR. KALPANA MODI (M.D.RADIOLOGY) // DR. SAHIL N SHAH (M.D.RADIOLOGY)



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**MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP BELOW 40FEMALE****ULTRASOUND ABDOMEN****ULTRASOUND ABDOMEN****MILD FATTY LIVER****Interpretation(s)****BLOOD COUNTS, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-**

The cell morphology is well preserved for 24hrs. However after 24-48 hrs a progressive increase in MCV and HCT is observed leading to a decrease in MCHC. A direct smear is recommended for an accurate differential count and for examination of RBC morphology.

**WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT - NLR-**

The optimal threshold of 3.3 for NLR showed a prognostic possibility of clinical symptoms to change from mild to severe in COVID positive patients. When age = 49.5 years old and NLR = 3.3, 46.1% COVID-19 patients with mild disease might become severe. By contrast, when age < 49.5 years old and NLR < 3.3, COVID-19 patients tend to show mild disease.

(Reference to - The diagnostic and predictive role of NLR, d-NLR and PLR in COVID-19 patients ; A.-P. Yang, et al.; International Immunopharmacology 84 (2020) 106504  
This ratio element is a calculated parameter and out of NABL scope.

**ERYTHRO SEDIMENTATION RATE, BLOOD-**

Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a non-specific phenomena and is clinically useful in the diagnosis and monitoring of disorders associated with an increased production of acute phase reactants. The ESR is increased in pregnancy from about the 3rd month and returns to normal by the 4th week post partum. ESR is influenced by age, sex, menstrual cycle and drugs (eg. corticosteroids, contraceptives). It is especially low (0 -1mm) in polycythaemia, hypofibrinogenemia or congestive cardiac failure and when there are abnormalities of the red cells such as poikilocytosis, spherocytosis or sickle cells.

## Reference :

1. Nathan and Oski's Haematology of Infancy and Childhood, 5th edition
2. Paediatric reference intervals. AACC Press, 7th edition. Edited by S. Soldin
3. The reference for the adult reference range is "Practical Haematology by Dacie and Lewis, 10th Edition"

**GLUCOSE, FASTING, PLASMA-**

ADA 2021 guidelines for adults, after 8 hrs fasting is as follows:

Pre-diabetics: 100 - 125 mg/dL

Diabetic: > or = 126 mg/dL

**GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-**

Glycosylated hemoglobin (GHb) has been firmly established as an index of long-term blood glucose concentrations and as a measure of the risk for the development of complications in patients with diabetes mellitus. Formation of GHb is essentially irreversible, and the concentration in the blood depends on both the life span of the red blood cell (average 120 days) and the blood glucose concentration. Because the rate of formation of GHb is directly proportional to the concentration of glucose in the blood, the GHb concentration represents the integrated values for glucose over the preceding 6-8 weeks.

Any condition that alters the life span of the red blood cells has the potential to alter the GHb level. Samples from patients with hemolytic anemias will exhibit decreased glycosylated hemoglobin values due to the shortened life span of the red cells. This effect will depend upon the severity of the anemia. Samples from patients with polycythemia or post-splenectomy may exhibit increased glycosylated hemoglobin values due to a somewhat longer life span of the red cells.

Glycosylated hemoglobins results from patients with HbSS, HbCC, and HbSC and HbD must be interpreted with caution, given the pathological processes, including anemia, increased red cell turnover, transfusion requirements, that adversely impact HbA1c as a marker of long-term glycemic control. In these conditions, alternative forms of testing such as glycosylated serum protein (fructosamine) should be considered.

"Targets should be individualized; More or less stringent glycemic goals may be appropriate for individual patients. Goals should be individualized based on duration of diabetes, age/life expectancy, comorbid conditions, known CVD or advanced microvascular complications, hypoglycemia unawareness, and individual patient considerations."

## References

1. Tietz Textbook of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Diagnostics, edited by Carl A Burtis, Edward R. Ashwood, David E Bruns, 4th Edition, Elsevier publication, 2006, 879-884.
2. Forsham PH. Diabetes Mellitus: A rational plan for management. Postgrad Med 1982, 71, 139-154.
3. Mayer TK, Freedman ZR: Protein glycosylation in Diabetes Mellitus: A review of laboratory measurements and their clinical utility. Clin Chim Acta 1983, 127, 147-184.

**LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM-****LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE**

Bilirubin is a yellowish pigment found in bile and is a breakdown product of normal heme catabolism. Bilirubin is excreted in bile and urine, and elevated levels may give yellow discoloration in jaundice. Elevated levels result from increased bilirubin production (eg, hemolysis and ineffective erythropoiesis), decreased bilirubin excretion (eg, obstruction and hepatitis), and abnormal bilirubin metabolism (eg, hereditary and neonatal jaundice). Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin in Viral hepatitis, Drug reactions, Alcoholic liver disease. Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is also elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin when







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there is some kind of blockage of the bile ducts like in Gallstones getting into the bile ducts, tumors & Scarring of the bile ducts. Increased unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin may be a result of Hemolytic or pernicious anemia, Transfusion reaction & a common metabolic condition termed Gilbert syndrome, due to low levels of the enzyme that attaches sugar molecules to bilirubin.

AST is an enzyme found in various parts of the body. AST is found in the liver, heart, skeletal muscle, kidneys, brain, and red blood cells, and it is commonly measured clinically as a marker for liver health. AST levels increase during chronic viral hepatitis, blockage of the bile duct, cirrhosis of the liver, liver cancer, kidney failure, hemolytic anemia, pancreatitis, hemochromatosis. AST levels may also increase after a heart attack or strenuous activity. ALT test measures the amount of this enzyme in the blood. ALT is found mainly in the liver, but also in smaller amounts in the kidneys, heart, muscles, and pancreas. It is commonly measured as a part of a diagnostic evaluation of hepatocellular injury, to determine liver health. AST levels increase during acute hepatitis, sometimes due to a viral infection, ischemia to the liver, chronic hepatitis, obstruction of bile ducts, cirrhosis.

ALP is a protein found in almost all body tissues. Tissues with higher amounts of ALP include the liver, bile ducts and bone. Elevated ALP levels are seen in Biliary obstruction, Osteoblastic bone tumors, osteomalacia, hepatitis, Hyperparathyroidism, Leukemia, Lymphoma, Paget's disease, Rickets, Sarcoidosis etc. Lower-than-normal ALP levels seen in Hypophosphatasia, Malnutrition, Protein deficiency, Wilson's disease. GGT is an enzyme found in cell membranes of many tissues mainly in the liver, kidney and pancreas. It is also found in other tissues including intestine, spleen, heart, brain and seminal vesicles. The highest concentration is in the kidney, but the liver is considered the source of normal enzyme activity. Serum GGT has been widely used as an index of liver dysfunction. Elevated serum GGT activity can be found in diseases of the liver, biliary system and pancreas. Conditions that increase serum GGT are obstructive liver disease, high alcohol consumption and use of enzyme-inducing drugs etc. Serum total protein, also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum. Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin. Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstrom's disease. Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage), Burns, Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc. Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance, malnutrition and wasting etc

**SERUM BLOOD UREA NITROGEN-**

**Causes of Increased levels**

**Pre renal**

- High protein diet, Increased protein catabolism, GI haemorrhage, Cortisol, Dehydration, CHF Renal

**Renal Failure**

**Post Renal**

- Malignancy, Nephrolithiasis, Prostatism

**Causes of decreased levels**

- Liver disease

- SIADH.

**CREATININE, SERUM-**

**Higher than normal level may be due to:**

- Blockage in the urinary tract
- Kidney problems, such as kidney damage or failure, infection, or reduced blood flow
- Loss of body fluid (dehydration)
- Muscle problems, such as breakdown of muscle fibers
- Problems during pregnancy, such as seizures (eclampsia), or high blood pressure caused by pregnancy (preeclampsia)

**Lower than normal level may be due to:**

- Myasthenia Gravis
- Muscular dystrophy

**URIC ACID, SERUM-**

**Causes of Increased levels**

**Dietary**

- High Protein Intake.
- Prolonged Fasting,
- Rapid weight loss.

**Gout**

Lesch nyhan syndrome.

Type 2 DM.

Metabolic syndrome.

**Causes of decreased levels**

- Low Zinc Intake
- OCP's
- Multiple Sclerosis

**Nutritional tips to manage increased Uric acid levels**

- Drink plenty of fluids
- Limit animal proteins
- High Fibre foods
- Vit C Intake



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**DIAGNOSTIC REPORT**



**CLIENT CODE :** C000138364

**CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS :**

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**PATIENT NAME :** CINI BHASURANGAN EZHAYA

**PATIENT ID :** CINIF220592321

**ACCESSION NO :** 0321VI002077 **AGE :** 30 Years **SEX :** Female **ABHA NO :**

**DRAWN :** 24/09/2022 00:00:00 **RECEIVED :** 24/09/2022 09:16:52 **REPORTED :** 27/09/2022 18:12:28

**REFERRING DOCTOR :** DR. ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD ( MEDIWHEEL )

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**• Antioxidant rich foods**

**ELECTROLYTES (NA/K/CL), SERUM-**

Sodium levels are Increased in dehydration, cushing's syndrome, aldosteronism & decreased in Addison's disease, hypopituitarism, liver disease. Hypokalemia (low K) is common in vomiting, diarrhea, alcoholism, folic acid deficiency and primary aldosteronism. Hyperkalemia may be seen in end-stage renal failure, hemolysis, trauma, Addison's disease, metabolic acidosis, acute starvation, dehydration, and with rapid K infusion. Chloride is increased in dehydration, renal tubular acidosis (hyperchloremia metabolic acidosis), acute renal failure, metabolic acidosis associated with prolonged diarrhea and loss of sodium bicarbonate, diabetes insipidus, adrenocortical hyperfunction, salicylate intoxication and with excessive infusion of isotonic saline or extremely high dietary intake of salt. Chloride is decreased in overhydration, chronic respiratory acidosis, salt-losing nephritis, metabolic alkalosis, congestive heart failure, Addisonian crisis, certain types of metabolic acidosis, persistent gastric secretion and prolonged vomiting.

**THYROID PANEL, SERUM-**

Triiodothyronine T3, is a thyroid hormone. It affects almost every physiological process in the body, including growth, development, metabolism, body temperature, and heart rate. Production of T3 and its prohormone thyroxine (T4) is activated by thyroid-stimulating hormone (TSH), which is released from the pituitary gland. Elevated concentrations of T3, and T4 in the blood inhibit the production of TSH.

Thyroxine T4, Thyroxine's principal function is to stimulate the metabolism of all cells and tissues in the body. Excessive secretion of thyroxine in the body is hyperthyroidism, and deficient secretion is called hypothyroidism. Most of the thyroid hormone in blood is bound to transport proteins. Only a very small fraction of the circulating hormone is free and biologically active.

In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are low.

Below mentioned are the guidelines for Pregnancy related reference ranges for Total T4, TSH & Total T3

Levels in	TOTAL T4 (µg/dL)	TSH3G (µIU/mL)	TOTAL T3 (ng/dL)
Pregnancy			
First Trimester	6.6 - 12.4	0.1 - 2.5	81 - 190
2nd Trimester	6.6 - 15.5	0.2 - 3.0	100 - 260
3rd Trimester	6.6 - 15.5	0.3 - 3.0	100 - 260

Below mentioned are the guidelines for age related reference ranges for T3 and T4.

	T3 (ng/dL)	T4 (µg/dL)
New Born:	75 - 260	1-3 day: 8.2 - 19.9
		1 Week: 6.0 - 15.9

**NOTE:** TSH concentrations in apparently normal euthyroid subjects are known to be highly skewed, with a strong tailed distribution towards higher TSH values. This is well documented in the pediatric population including the infant age group.

Kindly note: Method specific reference ranges are appearing on the report under biological reference range.

**Reference:**

1. Burtis C.A., Ashwood E. R. Bruns D.E. Teitz textbook of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Diagnostics, 4th Edition.
2. Gowenlock A.H. Varley's Practical Clinical Biochemistry, 6th Edition.
3. Behrman R.E. Kilegman R.M., Jenson H. B. Nelson Text Book of Pediatrics, 17th Edition

**ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-**

Blood group is identified by antigens and antibodies present in the blood. Antigens are protein molecules found on the surface of red blood cells. Antibodies are found in plasma. To determine blood group, red cells are mixed with different antibody solutions to give A,B,O or AB.

**Disclaimer:** "Please note, as the results of previous ABO and Rh group (Blood Group) for pregnant women are not available, please check with the patient records for availability of the same."

The test is performed by both forward as well as reverse grouping methods.

**MEDICAL HISTORY-**

\*\*\*\*\*  
THIS REPORT CARRIES THE SIGNATURE OF OUR LABORATORY DIRECTOR. THIS IS AN INVIOABLE FEATURE OF OUR LAB MANAGEMENT SOFTWARE. HOWEVER, ALL EXAMINATIONS AND INVESTIGATIONS HAVE BEEN CONDUCTED BY OUR PANEL OF DOCTORS.  
\*\*\*\*\*

**\*\*End Of Report\*\***

**Please visit [www.srlworld.com](http://www.srlworld.com) for related Test Information for this accession**

**Dr.Sahil .N.Shah**  
Consultant Radiologist

**Dr.Priyank Kapadia**  
Physician

**Dr Kalpana Modi**  
Radiologist

**Dr.Miral Gajera**  
Consultant Pathologist



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Patient Ref. No. 77700002364148

CLIENT CODE : C000138364

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## CONDITIONS OF LABORATORY TESTING &amp; REPORTING

1. It is presumed that the test sample belongs to the patient named or identified in the test requisition form.
2. All tests are performed and reported as per the turnaround time stated in the SRL Directory of Services.
3. Result delays could occur due to unforeseen circumstances such as non-availability of kits / equipment breakdown / natural calamities / technical downtime or any other unforeseen event.
4. A requested test might not be performed if:
  - i. Specimen received is insufficient or inappropriate
  - ii. Specimen quality is unsatisfactory
  - iii. Incorrect specimen type
  - iv. Discrepancy between identification on specimen container label and test requisition form
5. SRL confirms that all tests have been performed or assayed with highest quality standards, clinical safety & technical integrity.
6. Laboratory results should not be interpreted in isolation; it must be correlated with clinical information and be interpreted by registered medical practitioners only to determine final diagnosis.
7. Test results may vary based on time of collection, physiological condition of the patient, current medication or nutritional and dietary changes. Please consult your doctor or call us for any clarification.
8. Test results cannot be used for Medico legal purposes.
9. In case of queries please call customer care (91115 91115) within 48 hours of the report.

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