NAME	Rakesh YADAV	STUDY DATE	15-02-2023 12:05:07
AGE / SEX	036Yrs / M	HOSPITAL NO.	MH010781954
REFERRING DEPT	OPD	MODALITY/Procedure	US /Echo-Cardiogram
		Description	
REPORTED ON	15-02-2023 12:36:41	REFERRED BY	Dr. Health Check MHD

# **2D ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY REPORT**

### **Findings:**

	End diastole	End systole
IVS thickness (cm)	1.1	1.3
Left Ventricular Dimension (cm)	4.1	2.7
Left Ventricular Posterior Wall thickness (cm)	0.9	1.1

Aortic Root Diameter (cm)	2.7
Left Atrial Dimension (cm)	3.0
Left Ventricular Ejection Fraction (%)	55%

LEFT VENTRICLE : Normal in size. No RWMA. LVEF=55%

RIGHT VENTRICLE : Normal in size. Normal RV function.

LEFT ATRIUM : Normal in size

RIGHT ATRIUM : Normal in size

MITRAL VALVE : Normal

AORTIC VALVE : Normal

TRICUSPID VALVE : Trace TR (PASP = Normal)

PULMONARY VALVE : Normal

MAIN PULMONARY ARTERY &

**ITS BRANCHES** 

Appears normal.

INTERATRIAL SEPTUM : Intact.

INTERVENTRICULAR SEPTUM : Intact.

NAME	Rakesh YADAV	STUDY DATE	15-02-2023 12:05:07
AGE / SEX	036Yrs / M	HOSPITAL NO.	MH010781954
REFERRING DEPT	OPD	MODALITY/Procedure	US /Echo-Cardiogram
		Description	
REPORTED ON	15-02-2023 12:36:41	REFERRED BY	Dr. Health Check MHD

PERICARDIUM : No pericardial effusion or thickening

### **DOPPLER STUDY**

VALVE	Peak Velocity (cm/sec)	Maximum P.G. (mmHg)	Mean P. G. (mmHg)	Regurgitation	Stenosis
MITRAL	E= 60 A= 43	-	-	Nil	Nil
AORTIC	121	-	-	Nil	Nil
TRICUSPID	-	N	N	Trace	Nil
PULMONARY	69	N	N	Nil	Nil

### **SUMMARY & INTERPRETATION:**

- o No LV regional wall motion abnormality with LVEF = 55%
- o Normal sized RA/RV/LV/LA with no chamber hypertrophy. Normal RV function.
- o Trace TR (PASP = Normal)
- o No MR/AR/PR.
- o Normal mitral inflow pattern.
- o IVC normal in size, >50% collapse with inspiration, suggestive of normal RA pressure.
- o No clot/ no vegetation/ no pericardial effusion.

Please correlate clinically.

DR. SAMANJOY MUKHERJEE

MD, DM

**CONSULTANT CARDIOLOGIST** 

NAME	Rakesh YADAV	STUDY DATE	15-02-2023 12:05:07
AGE / SEX	036Yrs / M	HOSPITAL NO.	MH010781954
REFERRING DEPT	OPD	MODALITY/Procedure	US /Echo-Cardiogram
		Description	
REPORTED ON	15-02-2023 12:36:41	REFERRED BY	Dr. Health Check MHD



Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi-110075

: MR RAKESH YADAV 36 Yr(s) Sex: Male Name Age

**Registration No** : MH010781954 Lab No 31230200657

**Patient Episode** : H03000052167 **Collection Date:** 15 Feb 2023 11:25

Referred By : HEALTH CHECK MHD **Reporting Date:** 15 Feb 2023 14:32

**Receiving Date** : 15 Feb 2023 12:40

#### **Department of Transfusion Medicine (Blood Bank)**

BLOOD GROUPING, RH TYPING & ANTIBODY SCREEN (TYPE & SCREEN) Specimen-Blood

Blood Group & Rh Typing (Agglutinaton by gel/tube technique)

O Rh(D) Positive Blood Group & Rh typing

Antibody Screening (Microtyping in gel cards using reagent red cells)

Cell Panel I NEGATIVE Cell Panel II NEGATIVE Cell Panel III NEGATIVE Autocontrol NEGATIVE

Final Antibody Screen Result Negative

#### Technical Note:

ABO grouping and Rh typing is done by cell and serum grouping by microplate / gel technique. Antibody screening is done using a 3 cell panel of reagent red cells coated with Rh, Kell, Duffy, Kidd, Lewis, P, MNS, Lutheran and Xg antigens using gel technique.

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-----END OF REPORT-----



Dr Himanshu Lamba



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Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi-110075

: MR RAKESH YADAV 36 Yr(s) Sex: Male Name Age

**Registration No** : MH010781954 Lab No 32230205881

15 Feb 2023 11:24 **Patient Episode** : H03000052167 **Collection Date:** 

Referred By : HEALTH CHECK MHD **Reporting Date:** 15 Feb 2023 14:04

**Receiving Date** : 15 Feb 2023 12:16

#### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

Glycosylated Hemoglobin Specimen: EDTA Whole blood

As per American Diabetes Association (ADA)

HbAlc (Glycosylated Hemoglobin) [4.0-6.5] HbA1c in % 5.4 Non diabetic adults >= 18 years <5.7

Prediabetes (At Risk ) 5.7-6.4

Diagnosing Diabetes >= 6.5

Methodology (HPLC)

108 Estimated Average Glucose (eAG) mq/dl

Comments: HbAlc provides an index of average blood glucose levels over the past 8-12 weeks and is a much better indicator of long term glycemic control.

Specimen Type : Serum

#### THYROID PROFILE, Serum

T3 - Triiodothyronine (ECLIA)	1.13	ng/ml	[0.70-2.04]
T4 - Thyroxine (ECLIA)	7.33	micg/dl	[4.60-12.00]
Thyroid Stimulating Hormone (ECLIA)	1.200	uIU/mL	[0.340-4.250]

Note: TSH levels are subject to circadian variation, reaching peak levels between 2-4.a.m. and at a minimum between 6-10 pm. Factors such as change of seasons hormonal fluctuations, Ca or Fe supplements, high fibre diet, stress and illness affect TSH results.

- \* References ranges recommended by the American Thyroid Association
- 1) Thyroid. 2011 Oct; 21(10):1081-125.PMID .21787128

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Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi- 110075

Name MR RAKESH YADAV 36 Yr(s) Sex: Male Age **Registration No** MH010781954 Lab No 32230205881 **Patient Episode** H03000052167 **Collection Date:** 15 Feb 2023 11:24 **Referred By** HEALTH CHECK MHD **Reporting Date:** 15 Feb 2023 13:59

**Receiving Date** : 15 Feb 2023 12:14

### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

2) http://www.thyroid-info.com/articles/tsh-fluctuating.html

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Interval
Lipid Profile (Serum)			
TOTAL CHOLESTEROL (CHOD/POD)	150	mg/dl	[<200]
			Moderate risk:200-239
TRICINGERINES (CRO/ROD)	112	a. / al 1	High risk:>240
TRIGLYCERIDES (GPO/POD)	113	mg/dl	[<150] Borderline high:151-199
			High: 200 - 499
			Very high:>500
HDL - CHOLESTEROL (Direct)	40	mg/dl	[30-60]
VLDL - Cholesterol (Calculated)	23	mg/dl	[10-40]
LDL- CHOLESTEROL	87	mg/dl	[<100]
			Near/Above optimal-100-129
			Borderline High:130-159
			High Risk:160-189
T.Chol/HDL.Chol ratio	3.8		<4.0 Optimal
			4.0-5.0 Borderline
			>6 High Risk
LDL.CHOL/HDL.CHOL Ratio	2.2		<3 Optimal
			3-4 Borderline
			>6 High Risk

#### Note:

Reference ranges based on ATP III Classifications. Recommended to do fasting Lipid Profile after a minimum of 8 hours of overnight fasting.

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N-2019-0113/27/07/2019-26/07/2021 IND18.6278/05/12/2018- 04/12/2019



Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi- 110075

Name : MR RAKESH YADAV 36 Yr(s) Sex: Male Age

**Registration No** MH010781954 Lab No 32230205881

**Patient Episode** H03000052167 **Collection Date:** 15 Feb 2023 11:24

: HEALTH CHECK MHD 15 Feb 2023 13:56 Referred By **Reporting Date:** 

**Receiving Date** : 15 Feb 2023 12:14

### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

Test Name	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Interval
LIVER FUNCTION TEST (Serum)			
BILIRUBIN-TOTAL (mod.J Groff) **	0.27	mg/dl	[0.10-1.20]
BILIRUBIN - DIRECT (mod.J Groff)	0.13	mg/dl	[<0.2]
BILIRUBIN - INDIRECT (mod.J Groff)	0.14 #	mg/dl	[0.20-1.00]
SGOT/ AST (P5P, IFCC)	22.40	IU/L	[5.00-37.00]
SGPT/ ALT (P5P, IFCC)	33.20	IU/L	[10.00-50.00]
ALP (p-NPP, kinetic) *	105	IU/L	[45-135]
TOTAL PROTEIN (mod.Biuret)	7.7	g/dl	[6.0-8.2]
SERUM ALBUMIN (BCG-dye)	4.6	g/dl	[3.5-5.0]
SERUM GLOBULIN (Calculated)	3.1	g/dl	[1.8-3.4]
ALB/GLOB (A/G) Ratio	1.48		[1.10-1.80]

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<sup>\*\*</sup>NEW BORN: Vary according to age (days), body wt & gestation of baby

<sup>\*</sup>New born: 4 times the adult value



Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi- 110075

Name : MR RAKESH YADAV Age : 36 Yr(s) Sex :Male

Referred By : HEALTH CHECK MHD Reporting Date : 15 Feb 2023 13:54

**Receiving Date** : 15 Feb 2023 12:14

### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

Test Name	Result	Unit E	siological Ref. Interval
KIDNEY PROFILE (Serum)			
BUN (Urease/GLDH)	9.00	mg/dl	[8.00-23.00]
SERUM CREATININE (mod.Jaffe)	0.92	mg/dl	[0.80-1.60]
SERUM URIC ACID (mod.Uricase)	4.2	mg/dl	[3.5-7.2]
SERUM CALCIUM (NM-BAPTA)	9.3	mg/dl	[8.6-10.0]
SERUM PHOSPHORUS (Molybdate, UV)	3.0	mg/dl	[2.3-4.7]
SERUM SODIUM (ISE)	140.0	mmol/l	[134.0-145.0]
SERUM POTASSIUM (ISE)	4.21	mmol/l	[3.50-5.20]
SERUM CHLORIDE (ISE / IMT)	105.1 #	mmol/l	[95.0-105.0]
eGFR	106.6	ml/min/1.73sq	[.m [>60.0]

Technical Note

eGFR which is primarily based on Serum Creatinine is a derivation of CKD-EPI 2009 equation normalized to1.73 sq.m BSA and is not applicable to individuals below 18 years. eGFR tends to be less accurate when Serum Creatinine estimation is indeterminate e.g. patients at extremes of muscle mass, on unusual diets etc. and samples with severe Hemolysis / Icterus / Lipemia.

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11 4067 4067



Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi-110075

: MR RAKESH YADAV 36 Yr(s) Sex: Male Name Age

**Registration No** : MH010781954 Lab No 32230205881

**Patient Episode** : H03000052167 **Collection Date:** 15 Feb 2023 11:24

Referred By : HEALTH CHECK MHD **Reporting Date:** 15 Feb 2023 13:59

**Receiving Date** : 15 Feb 2023 12:14

#### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

Test Name Unit Biological Ref. Interval Result TOTAL PSA, Serum (ECLIA) 0.503 ng/mL [<2.000]

Note: PSA is a glycoprotein that is produced by the prostate gland. Normally, very little PSA is secreted in the blood. Increases in glandular size and tissue damage caused by BPH, prostatitis, or prostate cancer may increase circulating PSA levels.

Caution: Serum markers are not specific for malignancy, and values may vary by method.

Immediate PSA testing following digital rectal examination, ejaculation, prostate massage urethral instrumentation, prostate biopsy may increase PSA levels.

Some patients who have been exposed to animal antigens, may have circulating anti-animal antibodies present. These antibodies may interfere with the assay reagents to produce unreliable results.

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-----END OF REPORT-----

Dr. Neelam Singal

CONSULTANT BIOCHEMISTRY











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Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi- 110075

: MR RAKESH YADAV 36 Yr(s) Sex: Male Name Age

**Registration No** : MH010781954 Lab No 32230205882

**Patient Episode** : H03000052167 **Collection Date:** 15 Feb 2023 15:30

Referred By : HEALTH CHECK MHD **Reporting Date:** 16 Feb 2023 09:30

**Receiving Date** : 15 Feb 2023 16:20

### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

Specimen Type : Serum/Plasma

PLASMA GLUCOSE - PP

Plasma GLUCOSE - PP (Hexokinase) mg/dl [70-140]

Note : Conditions which can lead to lower postprandial glucose levels as compared to fasting glucose are excessive insulin release, rapid gastric emptying,

brisk glucose absorption , post exercise

Specimen Type : Serum/Plasma

Plasma GLUCOSE-Fasting (Hexokinase) 93 mg/dl [70-100]

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-----END OF REPORT------

Dr. Neelam Singal

CONSULTANT BIOCHEMISTRY











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Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi-110075

: MR RAKESH YADAV 36 Yr(s) Sex: Male Name Age

**Registration No** MH010781954 Lab No 32230205981

**Patient Episode** : H03000052167 **Collection Date:** 15 Feb 2023 15:30

Referred By : HEALTH CHECK MHD **Reporting Date:** 16 Feb 2023 09:31

**Receiving Date** : 15 Feb 2023 16:20

### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

Test Name Result Unit

VITAMIN D TOTAL, Serum (ECLIA) 10.27 ng/ml

> Deficiency: Less than 20 ng/ml Insufficiency : 20-29 ng/ml Optimum level: 30-80 ng/ml

Note:

Recent studies consider the lower limit of 30ng/ml to be a threshold for optimal health.

Ref: Hollis BW. J Nutr. 2005 Feb; 135(2): 317-22.

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-----END OF REPORT------

Dr. Neelam Singal

CONSULTANT BIOCHEMISTRY















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Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi-110075

: MR RAKESH YADAV 36 Yr(s) Sex: Male Name Age

**Registration No** MH010781954 Lab No 33230203584

15 Feb 2023 11:25 **Patient Episode** H03000052167 **Collection Date:** 

Referred By : HEALTH CHECK MHD **Reporting Date:** 16 Feb 2023 09:34

**Receiving Date** : 15 Feb 2023 14:58

#### HAEMATOLOGY

#### ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (Automated) Specimen-Whole Blood

**ESR** 12.0 # /1sthour [0.0-10.0]

#### Interpretation :

Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a non-specific phenomena and is clinically useful in the diagnosis and monitoring of disorders associated with an increased production of acute phase reactants (e.g. pyogenic infections, inflammation and malignancies). The ESR is increased in pregnancy from about the 3rd month and returns to normal by the 4th week postpartum.

ESR is influenced by age, sex, menstrual cycle and drugs (eg. corticosteroids, contraceptives).

It is especially low (0 -1mm) in polycythemia, hypofibrinogenemia or congestive cardiac failure and when there are abnormalities of the red cells such as poikilocytosis, spherocytosis or sickle cells.

Test Name	Result	Unit Bi	ological Ref. Interval
COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT (EDTA Blood)			
WBC Count (Flow cytometry)	4580	/cu.mm	[4000-10000]
RBC Count (Impedence)	4.63	million/cu.mm	[4.50-5.50]
Haemoglobin (SLS Method)	14.4	g/dL	[13.0-17.0]
Haematocrit (PCV)	41.7	ଚ	[40.0-50.0]
(RBC Pulse Height Detector Method)			
MCV (Calculated)	90.1	fL	[83.0-101.0]
MCH (Calculated)	31.1	pg	[25.0-32.0]
MCHC (Calculated)	34.5	g/dL	[31.5-34.5]
Platelet Count (Impedence)	235000	/cu.mm	[150000-410000]
RDW-CV (Calculated)	13.2	%	[11.6-14.0]
DIFFERENTIAL COUNT			
Neutrophils (Flowcytometry)	39.5 #	%	[40.0-80.0]

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Awarded Nursing Excellence Services N-2019-0113/27/07/2019-26/07/2021 IND18.6278/05/12/2018- 04/12/2019



Awarded Clean & Green Hospital



Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi- 110075

Name : MR RAKESH YADAV 36 Yr(s) Sex: Male Age

**Registration No** MH010781954 Lab No 33230203584

**Patient Episode** : H03000052167 **Collection Date:** 15 Feb 2023 11:25

**Referred By** : HEALTH CHECK MHD **Reporting Date:** 15 Feb 2023 16:03

**Receiving Date** : 15 Feb 2023 14:58

#### **HAEMATOLOGY**

Lymphocytes (Flowcytometry)	52.0 #	8	[20.0-40.0]
Monocytes (Flowcytometry)	4.8	%	[2.0-10.0]
Eosinophils (Flowcytometry)	3.3	8	[1.0-6.0]
Basophils (Flowcytometry)	0.4 #	8	[1.0-2.0]
IG	0.00	%	

Complete Blood Count is used to evaluate wide range of health disorders, including anemia, infection, and leukemia. Abnormal increase or decrease in cell counts as revealed may indicate that an underlying medical condition that calls for further evaluation.

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Dr.Lakshita singh











Awarded Emergency Excellence Services E-2019-0026/27/07/2019-26/07/2021

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Awarded Clean & Green Hospital N-2019-0113/27/07/2019-26/07/2021 IND18.6278/05/12/2018- 04/12/2019



Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi- 110075

Name MR RAKESH YADAV 36 Yr(s) Sex: Male Age **Registration No** MH010781954 Lab No 38230200950 **Patient Episode** H03000052167 **Collection Date:** 15 Feb 2023 11:25 HEALTH CHECK MHD 15 Feb 2023 16:09 **Referred By Reporting Date:** 

**Receiving Date** 15 Feb 2023 13:41

### **CLINICAL PATHOLOGY**

Test Name	Result	Biological Ref. Interval
ROUTINE URINE ANALYSIS		
MACROSCOPIC DESCRIPTION		
Colour (Visual)	PALE YELLOW	(Pale Yellow - Yellow)
Appearance (Visual)	CLEAR	
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION		
Reaction[pH]	6.5	(5.0-9.0)
(Reflectancephotometry(Indicator Metho	od))	
Specific Gravity	1.010	(1.003-1.035)
(Reflectancephotometry(Indicator Metho	od))	
Bilirubin	Negative	NEGATIVE
Protein/Albumin	Negative	(NEGATIVE-TRACE)
(Reflectance photometry(Indicator Meth	nod)/Manual SSA)	
Glucose	NOT DETECTED	(NEGATIVE)
(Reflectance photometry (GOD-POD/Bened	lict Method))	
Ketone Bodies	NOT DETECTED	(NEGATIVE)
(Reflectance photometry(Legal's Test)/	'Manual Rotheras)	
Urobilinogen	NORMAL	(NORMAL)
Reflactance photometry/Diazonium salt	reaction	
Nitrite	NEGATIVE	NEGATIVE
Reflactance photometry/Griess test		
Leukocytes	NIL	NEGATIVE
Reflactance photometry/Action of Ester	case	
BLOOD	NIL	NEGATIVE
(Reflectance photometry(peroxidase))		
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION (Manual) Me	thod: Light microscopy on	centrifuged urine
WBC/Pus Cells	1-2 /hpf	(4-6)
Red Blood Cells	NIL	(1-2)
Epithelial Cells	OCCASIONAL /hpf	(2-4)
Casts	NIL	(NIL)
Crystals	NIL	(NIL)
Bacteria	NIL	
Yeast cells	NIL	

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Awarded Nursing Excellence Services N-2019-0113/27/07/2019-26/07/2021 IND18.6278/05/12/2018- 04/12/2019

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Registered Office: Sector-6, Dwarka, New Delhi- 110075

: MR RAKESH YADAV Name 36 Yr(s) Sex :Male Age

: MH010781954 38230200950 **Registration No** Lab No

: H03000052167 **Patient Episode Collection Date:** 15 Feb 2023 11:25

Referred By : HEALTH CHECK MHD 15 Feb 2023 16:09 **Reporting Date:** 

: 15 Feb 2023 13:41 **Receiving Date** 

### **CLINICAL PATHOLOGY**

#### Interpretation:

URINALYSIS-Routine urine analysis assists in screening and diagnosis of various metabolic , urological, kidney and liver disorders

Protein: Elevated proteins can be an early sign of kidney disease. Urinary protein excretion can also be temporarily elevated by strenuous exercise, orthostatic proteinuria, dehydration, urina tract infections and acute illness with fever

Glucose: Uncontrolled diabetes mellitus can lead to presence of glucose in urine.

Other causes include pregnancy, hormonal disturbances, liver disease and certain medications.

Ketones: Uncontrolled diabetes mellitus can lead to presence of ketones in urine.

Ketones can also be seen in starvation, frequent vomiting, pregnancy and strenuous exercise.

Blood: Occult blood can occur in urine as intact erythrocytes or haemoglobin, which can occur in various urological, nephrological and bleeding disorders.

Leukocytes: An increase in leukocytes is an indication of inflammation in urinary tract or kidneys Most Common cause is bacterial urinary tract infection.

Nitrite: Many bacteria give positive results when their number is high. Nitrite concentration duri infection increases with length of time the urine specimen is retained in bladder prior to collection.

pH: The kidneys play an important role in maintaining acid base balance of the body. Conditions of the body producing acidosis/alkalosis or ingestion of certain type of food can affect the pH of urine.

Specific gravity: Specific gravity gives an indication of how concentrated the urine is. Increased Specific gravity is seen in conditions like dehydration, glycosuria and proteinuria while decrease Specific gravity is seen in excessive fluid intake, renal failure and diabetes insipidus.

Bilirubin: In certain liver diseases such as biliary obstruction or hepatitis, bilirubin gets excreted in urine.

Urobilinogen: Positive results are seen in liver diseases like hepatitis and cirrhosis

----END OF REPORT-----

and in case of hemolytic anemia.

Dr.Lakshita singh











Awarded Emergency Excellence Services E-2019-0026/27/07/2019-26/07/2021



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NAME	Rakesh YADAV	STUDY DATE	15-02-2023 12:38:08
AGE / SEX	036Yrs / M	HOSPITAL NO.	MH010781954
REFERRING DEPT	OPD	MODALITY/Procedure	US /Ultrasound abdomen n pelvis
REPORTED ON	15-02-2023 13:57:39	REFERRED BY	Dr. Health Check MHD

### **USG WHOLE ABDOMEN SCREENING**

### Findings:

Liver is normal in size and echopattern No focal intra-hepatic lesion is detected. Intra-hepatic biliary radicals are not dilated. Portal vein is normal in calibre.

Gall bladder is normal in size and echofree with normal wall thickness. Common bile duct is normal in calibre.

Pancreas is normal in size and echopattern.

Spleen is normal in size and echopattern.

Both kidneys are normal in position, size and outline. Cortico-medullary differentiation of both kidneys is maintained. Central sinus echoes are compact. No focal lesion or calculus seen in either kidney. Bilateral pelvicalyceal systems are not dilated.

Urinary bladder is optimally distended with normal in wall thickness and clear contents. No significant intra or extraluminal mass is seen.

Prostate is normal in size and shows uniform echopattern.

No significant free fluid is detected.

IMPRESSION: Normal study.

Kindly correlate clinically.

Dr.Simran Singh DNB, FRCR(UK), DMC Reg. no. 36404 Consultant Radiologist

NAME	Rakesh YADAV	STUDY DATE	15-02-2023 12:38:08
AGE / SEX	036Yrs / M	HOSPITAL NO.	MH010781954
REFERRING DEPT	OPD	MODALITY/Procedure	US /Ultrasound abdomen n pelvis
REPORTED ON	15-02-2023 13:57:39	REFERRED BY	Dr. Health Check MHD

NAME	Rakesh YADAV	STUDY DATE	15-02-2023 12:32:34
AGE / SEX	036Yrs / M	HOSPITAL NO.	MH010781954
REFERRING DEPT	OPD	MODALITY/Procedure	CR /Xray chest PA (CXR)
		Description	
REPORTED ON	15-02-2023 15:03:20	REFERRED BY	Dr. Health Check MHD

# X-RAY CHEST - PA VIEW

### **Findings:**

Visualized lung fields appear clear.

Both hilar shadows appear normal.

Cardiothoracic ratio is within normal limits.

Both hemidiaphragmatic outlines appear normal.

Both costophrenic angles are clear.

Kindly correlate clinically

Dr. Abhinav Pratap Singh DNB, DMC Reg No. 58170 Associate Consultant, Dept. of Radiology & Imaging

NAME	Rakesh YADAV	STUDY DATE	15-02-2023 12:32:34
AGE / SEX	036Yrs / M	HOSPITAL NO.	MH010781954
REFERRING DEPT	OPD	MODALITY/Procedure	CR /Xray chest PA (CXR)
		Description	
REPORTED ON	15-02-2023 15:03:20	REFERRED BY	Dr. Health Check MHD