Final Report

## **DEPARTMENT OF LABORATORY MEDICINE**

Patient Name: Ms Reshma Hegde MRN: 20150000000974 Gender/Age: FEMALE, 39y (05/11/1983)

Collected On: 02/08/2023 10:21 AM Received On: 02/08/2023 12:15 PM Reported On: 02/08/2023 11:01 PM

Barcode: 032308020193 Specimen: Urine Consultant: Dr. Priya S(FAMILY MEDICINE)

Sample adequacy: Satisfactory Visit No: OP-001 Patient Mobile No: 9740131310

**CLINICAL PATHOLOGY** 

Not Present

Test Result Unit

**Urine For Sugar (Post Prandial)** (Enzyme

Method (GOD POD))

Dr. Shalini K S

DCP, DNB, Pathology

Consultant

**CLINICAL PATHOLOGY** 

Test Result Unit

Urine For Sugar (Fasting) (Enzyme Method (GOD Not Present -

POD))

Dr. Deepak M B

MD, PDF, Hematopathology

Consultant

NARAYANA HRUDAYALAYA BLOOD CENTRE

Test Result Unit

**BLOOD GROUP & RH TYPING** 

Blood Group (Column Agglutination Technology) -

RH Typing (Column Agglutination Technology) Positive

Dr. Prathip Kumar B R

MBBS,MD, Immunohaematology & Blood Transfusion

Consultant

## **HEMATOLOGY**

Test	Result	Unit	Biological Reference Interval
Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR)	9	mm/1hr	0.0-12.0

(Westergren Method)

# **Interpretation Notes**

• ESR high - Infections, chronic disorders,, plasma cell dyscrasias.

DISCLAIMER:All the laboratory findings should mandatorily interpreted in correlation with clinical findings by a medical expert

Shahili

Dr. Shalini K S DCP, DNB, Pathology Consultant

## **BIOCHEMISTRY**

Test	Result	Unit	Biological Reference Interval
Fasting Blood Sugar (FBS) (Colorimetric - Glucose Oxidase Peroxidase)	91	mg/dL	70 to 99 : Normal 100 to 125 : Pre-diabetes =>126 : Diabetes ADA standards 2020
<b>Post Prandial Blood Sugar (PPBS)</b> (Colorimetric - Glucose Oxidase Peroxidase)	96	mg/dL	70 to 139 : Normal 140 to 199 : Pre-diabetes =>200 : Diabetes ADA standards 2020

## **SERUM CREATININE**

Patient Name: Ms Reshma Hegde MRN: 20150000	000974 Gender,	/Age : FEMALE , 39y (05/	11/1983)
Serum Creatinine (Two Point Rate - Creatinine Aminohydrolase)	0.63	mg/dL	0.52-1.04
eGFR (Calculated)	105.3	mL/min/1.73m <sup>2</sup>	Indicative of renal impairment < 60 Note:eGFR is inaccurate for Hemodyamically unstable patients eGFR is not applicable for less than 18 years of age.
Blood Urea Nitrogen (BUN) (Endpoint /Colorimetric – Urease)	10	mg/dL	7.0-17.0
Serum Uric Acid (Colorimetric - Uricase,Peroxidase)	6.10	mg/dL	2.5-6.2
LIPID PROFILE (CHOL,TRIG,HDL,LDL,VLDL)			
Cholesterol Total (Colorimetric - Cholesterol Oxidase)	140	mg/dL	Desirable: < 200 Borderline High: 200-239 High: > 240
Triglycerides (Colorimetric - Lip/Glycerol Kinase)	152 H	mg/dL	Normal: < 150 Borderline: 150-199 High: 200-499 Very High: > 500
HDL Cholesterol (HDLC) (Colorimetric: Non HDL Precipitation Phosphotungstic Acid Method)	30 L	mg/dL	40.0-60.0
Non-HDL Cholesterol (Calculated)	110.0	mg/dL	Desirable: < 130 Above Desirable: 130-159 Borderline High: 160-189 High: 190-219 Very High: => 220
LDL Cholesterol (Colorimetric)	83 L	mg/dL	Optimal: < 100 Near to above optimal: 100-129 Borderline High: 130-159 High: 160-189 Very High: > 190
VLDL Cholesterol (Calculated)	30.4	mg/dL	0.0-40.0
Cholesterol /HDL Ratio (Calculated)	4.7	-	0.0-5.0
THYROID PROFILE (T3, T4, TSH)			
Tri Iodo Thyronine (T3) (Enhanced Chemiluminesence)	1.23	ng/mL	0.97-1.69
Thyroxine (T4) (Enhanced Chemiluminesence)	8.03	μg/dl	5.53-11.0

Patient Name: Ms Reshma Hegde MRN: 2	0150000000974	Gender/Age : FEMALE , 3	39y (05/11/1983)
TSH (Thyroid Stimulating Hormone) (Enh Chemiluminesence)	anced 1.939	μIU/mL	> 18 Year(s) : 0.4 -4.5 Pregnancy: 1st Trimester: 0.129-3.120 2nd Trimester: 0.274-2.652 3rd Trimester: 0.312-2.947

### **Interpretation Notes**

• TSH levels are subjected to circadian variation, reaching peak levels between 2 - 4.a.m. and at a minimum between 6-10 pm. The variation is of the order of 50%, hence time of the day has influence on the measured serum TSH concentrations. Alteration in concentration of Thyroid hormone binding protein can profoundly affect Total T3 and/or Total T4 levels especially in pregnancy and in patients on steroid therapy. Unbound fraction (Free,T4 /Free,T3) of thyroid hormone is biologically active form and correlate more closely with clinical status of the patient than total T4/T3 concentration.

## LIVER FUNCTION TEST(LFT)

Bilirubin Total (Colorimetric - Diazo Method)	1.10	mg/dL	0.2-1.3
Conjugated Bilirubin (Direct) (Dual Wavelength - Reflectance Spectrophotometry)	0.00	mg/dL	0.0-0.3
Unconjugated Bilirubin (Indirect) (Calculated)	1.1	mg/dL	0.0-1.1
Total Protein (Colorimetric - Biuret Method)	7.00	gm/dL	6.3-8.2
Serum Albumin (Colorimetric - Bromo-Cresol Green)	3.70	gm/dL	3.5-5.0
Serum Globulin (Calculated)	3.3	gm/dL	2.0-3.5
Albumin To Globulin (A/G)Ratio (Calculated)	1.13	-	1.0-2.1
SGOT (AST) (Multipoint-Rate With P-5-P (pyridoxal-5-phosphate))	23	U/L	14.0-36.0
<b>SGPT (ALT)</b> (Multipoint-Rate With P-5-P (pyridoxal-5-phosphate))	19	U/L	<35.0
Alkaline Phosphatase (ALP) (Multipoint-Rate - P- nitro Phenyl Phosphate, AMP Buffer)	66	U/L	38.0-126.0
Gamma Glutamyl Transferase (GGT) (Multipoint Rate - L-glutamyl-p-nitroanilide ( Szasz Method))	20	U/L	12.0-43.0

## **Interpretation Notes**

• Indirect Bilirubin result is a calculated parameter (Indirect Bilirubin = Total Bilirubin - Direct Bilirubin).

Indirect bilirubin result includes the delta bilirubin fraction also. Delta Bilirubin is the bilirubin which is covalently bound to albumin.

Delta Bilirubin is not expected to be present in healthy adults or neonates.

Dr. Anushre Prasad

MBBS,MD, Biochemistry
Consultant Biochemistry



Mrs. Latha B S
MSc, Mphil, Biochemistry
Incharge, Consultant Biochemistry

# **HEMATOLOGY**

Test	Result	Unit	Biological Reference Interval
COMPLETE BLOOD COUNT (CBC)			
Haemoglobin (Hb%) (Photometric Measurement)	13.0	g/dL	12.0-15.0
Red Blood Cell Count (Electrical Impedance)	4.33	million/μl	3.8-4.8
PCV (Packed Cell Volume) / Hematocrit (Calculated)	37.4	%	36.0-46.0
MCV (Mean Corpuscular Volume) (Derived)	86.4	fL	83.0-101.0
MCH (Mean Corpuscular Haemoglobin) (Calculated)	30.1	pg	27.0-32.0
MCHC (Mean Corpuscular Haemoglobin Concentration) (Calculated)	34.8 H	%	31.5-34.5
Red Cell Distribution Width (RDW) (Derived)	13.4	%	11.6-14.0
Platelet Count (Electrical Impedance Plus Microscopy)	281	$10^3/\mu$ L	150.0-450.0
Mean Platelet Volume (MPV)	7.4	fL	7.0-11.7
Total Leucocyte Count(WBC) (Electrical Impedance)	7.2	$10^3/\mu$ L	4.0-10.0
DIFFERENTIAL COUNT (DC)			
Neutrophils (VCS Technology Plus Microscopy)	63.2	%	40.0-75.0

Patient Name: Ms Reshma Hegde	MRN: 20150000000974	Gender/Age : FEMALE , 3	39y (05/11/1983)	
Lymphocytes (VCS Technology Plus N	Microscopy) 26.4	%	20.0-40.0	
Monocytes (VCS Technology Plus Mic	croscopy) 7.7	%	2.0-10.0	
Eosinophils (VCS Technology Plus Mid	croscopy) 2.4	%	1.0-6.0	
Basophils (VCS Technology Plus Micro	oscopy) 0.3	%	0.0-2.0	
Absolute Neutrophil Count (Calculate	ated) 4.56	x10 <sup>3</sup> cells/μl	2.0-7.0	
Absolute Lymphocyte Count (Calcu	ulated) 1.91	x10 <sup>3</sup> cells/μl	1.0-3.0	
Absolute Monocyte Count (Calcula	oted) 0.56	x10 <sup>3</sup> cells/μl	0.2-1.0	
Absolute Eosinophil Count (Calcula	ated) 0.18	x10 <sup>3</sup> cells/μl	0.02-0.5	
Absolute Basophil Count (Calculate	ed) 0.03	-	-	

As per the recommendation of International Council for Standardization in Hematology, the differential counts are additionally being reported as absolute numbers.

## **Interpretation Notes**

• Haemoglobin , RBC Count and PCV: If below reference range, indicates Anemia. Further evaluation is suggested . RBC Indices aid in typing of anemia.

WBC Count: If below reference range, susceptibility to infection.

If above reference range- Infection\*

If very high in lakhs-Leukemia

Neutrophils -If above reference range-acute infection, mostly bacterial

Lymphocytes -If above reference range-chronic infection/ viral infection

Monocytes -If above reference range- TB, Typhoid, UTI

Eosinophils -If above reference range -Allergy, cough, Common cold, Asthma & worms

Basophils - If above reference range, Leukemia, allergy

Platelets: If below reference range- bleeding disorder, Dengue, drug- induced, malignancies

\* In bacterial infection with fever total WBC count increases.

Eg Tonsillitis, Sinusitis, Bronchitis, Pneumonia, Appendicitis, UTI -12000-25000 cells/cumm.

In typhoid and viral fever WBC may be normal.

DISCLAIMER: All the laboratory findings should mandatorily interpreted in correlation with clinical findings by a medical expert.

Dr. Sudarshan Chougule MBBS, MD, Pathology

Consultant & Head - Hematology & Flow Cytometry

#### **BIOCHEMISTRY**

Test	Result	Unit	<b>Biological Reference Interval</b>
HBA1C			
HbA1c (HPLC NGSP Certified)	5.0	%	Normal: 4.0-5.6 Prediabetes: 5.7-6.4 Diabetes: => 6.5 ADA standards 2020
Estimated Average Glucose (Calculated)	96.8	-	-

#### Interpretation:

- 1. HbA1C above 6.5% can be used to diagnose diabetes provided the patient has symptoms. If the patient does not have symptoms with HbA1C>6.5%, repeat measurement on further sample. If the repeat test result is <6.5%, consider as diabetes high risk and repeat measurement after 6 months.
- 2. HbA1C measurement is not appropriate in diagnosing diabetes in children, suspicion of type 1 diabetes, symptoms of diabetes for less than 2 months, pregnancy, hemoglobinopathies, medications that may result sudden increase in glucose, anemia, renal failure, HIV infection, malignancies, severe chronic hepatic, and renal disease.
- 3. Any sample with >15% should be suspected of having a haemoglobin variant.

Dr. Anushre Prasad MBBS,MD, Biochemistry

Consultant Biochemistry

**CLINICAL PATHOLOGY** 

Test Result Unit

**STOOL ROUTINE EXAMINATION** 

**PHYSICAL EXAMINATION** 

Patient Name: Ms Reshma Hegde MRN: 20150000	0000974 Gender/Age : FEMALE , 39y (05/11/1983)
Colour	Dark Yellow -
Consistency	Semi Solid -
Mucus	Absent -
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION	
Stool For Occult Blood (Standard Guaiac Method)	Negative -
Reaction	Alkaline -
MICROSCOPE EXAMINATION	
Ova	Not Seen -
Cyst Of Protozoa	Not Seen -
Trophozoite	Not Seen -

--End of Report-

Dr. Sudarshan Chougule

MBBS, MD, Pathology

Consultant & Head - Hematology & Flow Cytometry

## Note

- Abnormal results are highlighted.
- Results relate to the sample only.
- Kindly correlate clinically.

(Lipid Profile, -> Auto Authorized)

(, -> Auto Authorized)

(CR, -> Auto Authorized)

(LFT, -> Auto Authorized)

(Uric Acid, -> Auto Authorized)

(Blood Urea Nitrogen (Bun), -> Auto Authorized)

(Fasting Blood Sugar (FBS), -> Auto Authorized)

(Post Prandial Blood Sugar (PPBS) -> Auto Authorized)





Collected On: 02/08/2023 08:51 AM Received On: 02/08/2023 12:16 PM Reported On: 02/08/2023 01:23 PM

Barcode: 032308020131 Specimen: Urine Consultant: Dr. Priya S(FAMILY MEDICINE)

Sample adequacy : Satisfactory Visit No : OP-001 Patient Mobile No : 9740131310

## **CLINICAL PATHOLOGY**

	CLINICAL PAT	HOLOGY	
Test	Result	Unit	Biological Reference Interval
URINE ROUTINE & MICROSCOPY			
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION			
Colour	STRAW	-	-
Appearance	Clear	-	-
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION			
pH(Reaction) (pH Indicator Method)	5.0	-	4.5-7.5
Sp. Gravity (Refractive Index)	1.010	-	1.002 - 1.030
Protein (Automated Protein Error Or Ph Indicator)	Not Present	-	Not Present
Urine Glucose (Enzyme Method (GOD POD))	Not Present	-	Not Present
Ketone Bodies (Nitroprusside Method)	Not Present	-	Not Present
Bile Salts (Azo Coupling Method)	Not Present	-	Not Present
Bile Pigment (Bilirubin) (Azo Coupling Method)	Not Present	-	Not Present
Urobilinogen (Azo Coupling Method)	Normal	-	Normal
Urine Leucocyte Esterase (Measurement Of Leukocyte Esterase Activity)	Not Present	-	Not Present
Blood Urine (Peroxidase Reaction)	Trace	-	Not Present
Nitrite (Gries Method)	Not Present	-	Not Present
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			
Pus Cells	3.3	/hpf	0-5

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RBC	7.6	/hpf	0-4	
Epithelial Cells	4.6	/hpf	0-6	
Crystals	0.0	/hpf	0-2	
Casts	0.00	/hpf	0-1	
Bacteria	64.2	/hpf	0-200	
Yeast Cells	0.1	/hpf	0-1	
Mucus	Not Pr	esent -	Not Present	

### **Interpretation Notes**

Since the analytical methodology of Urine Microscopy is Flow cytometry based and FDA approved the results of automated urine
microscopy which includes RBCs, WBCs Epithelial cells etc are being reported in decimal fraction. Rounding off the value to
nearest whole number is suggested.

-- End of Report-

Dr. Deepak M B

MD, PDF, Hematopathology

Consultant

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