

BMI CHART

Hiranandani Fortis Hospital Mini Seashore Road, Sector 10 - A, Vashi, Navi Mumbai - 400 703. Tel.: +91-22-3919 9222 Fax: +91-22-3919 9220/21

Email: vashi@vashihospital.com

Date 23 19 123

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dani Healthcare Pvt. Ltd.

ea Shore Road, Sector 10 -A, Vashi, Navi Mumbai - 400703

1 Line: 022 - 39199222 | Fax: 022 - 39199220 Emergency: 022 - 39199100 | Ambulance: 1255 For Appointment: 022 - 39199222 | Health Checkup: 022 - 39199300

www.fortishealthcare.com | CIN : U85100MH2005PTC154823

GST IN: 27AABCH5894D1ZG | PAN NO: AABCH5894D





(A it Fortis Network Hospital)

UHID	12726180	Date	23/09/	2023	
Name	Mr Narendar M	Sex	M	Age	33
OPD	Opthal	Healt	th Check	k-ap	

0	PD Opthal	Health Check-up
Clar	B6. (Lasik den).	Drug allergy: -> Not know. Sys illness: -> No Mulif> No
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Hiranandani Healthcare Pvt. Ltd.

Mini Sea Shore Road, Sector 10 -A, Vashi, Navi Mumbai - 400703

Board Line: 022 - 39199222 | Fax: 022 - 39199220 Emergency: 022 - 39199100 | Ambulance: 1255

For Appointment: 022 - 39199222 | Health Checkup: 022 - 39199300

www.fortishealthcare.com |

CIN: U85100MH2005PTC154823

GST IN: 27AABCH5894D1ZG | PAN NO: AABCH5894D





(A **I** Fortis Network Hospital)

UHID	12726180	Date	23/09/	2023	
Name	Mr Narendar M	Sex	M	Age	33
OPD	Dental - 7387696540	Healt	h Check	κ-up	

Drug allergy: Sys illness:

Of Roof piece

Deep Caries

Sherins + Calculus +

J. Amosto









CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507

FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD FORTIS HOSPITAL # VASHI,

MUMBAI 440001

REF. DOCTOR:

ACCESSION NO : 0022WI004839

: FH.12726180

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12726180

ABHA NO

PATIENT ID

AGE/SEX :33 Years Male

DRAWN :23/09/2023 11:36:00 RECEIVED : 23/09/2023 11:35:42

REPORTED :23/09/2023 13:13:17

CLINICAL INFORMATION:

UID:12726180 REQNO-1585467 CORP-OPD BILLNO-1501230PCR054532 BILLNO-1501230PCR054532

Test Report Status

Final

Results

Biological Reference Interval Units

BIOCHEMISTRY

GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA

PPBS(POST PRANDIAL BLOOD SUGAR)

METHOD : HEXOKINASE

103

70 - 140

mg/dL

Interpretation(s)
GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA-High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glyosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc.Additional test HbA1c

End Of Report Please visit www.agilusdiagnostics.com for related Test Information for this accession

(probably

Dr. Akshay Dhotre Consultant Pathologist





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Hiranandani Hospital-Vashi, Mini Seashore Road, Sector 10, Navi Mumbai, 400703 Maharashtra, India

Tel: 022-39199222,022-49723322, CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956







REF. DOCTOR :



PATIENT NAME: MR.M NARENDAR.

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507

FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD FORTIS HOSPITAL # VASHI, MUMBAI 440001

ACCESSION NO : 0022WI004800 PATIENT ID : FH.12726180

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12726180 9

ABHA NO

AGE/SEX :33 Years Male

DRAWN :23/09/2023 09:09:00 RECEIVED : 23/09/2023 09:09:01

REPORTED :23/09/2023 13:54:13

CLINICAL INFORMATION:

UID:12726180 REQNO-1585467 CORP-OPD BILLNO-1501230PCR054532 BILLNO-1501230PCR054532

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Test Report Status	<u>Final</u>	Results	Biological Reference Interval	There is
			- and a second reference Title All	Units

	5-25-2-39-2-39-2-39-2-39-2-39-2-39-2-39-			
		HAEMATOLOGY - CBC		
	CBC-5, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD			
	BLOOD COUNTS, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD			
	HEMOGLOBIN (HB) METHOD: SLS METHOD	15.1	13.0 - 17.0	g/dL
	RED BLOOD CELL (RBC) COUNT METHOD: HYDRODYNAMIC FOCUSING	4.96	4.5 - 5.5	mil/µL
	WHITE BLOOD CELL (WBC) COUNT METHOD: FLUORESCENCE FLOW CYTOMETRY	4.97	4.0 - 10.0	thou/µL
	PLATELET COUNT METHOD: HYDRODYNAMIC FOCUSING BY DC DETECTION	244	150 - 410	thou/µL
			*	
	RBC AND PLATELET INDICES			
	HEMATOCRIT (PCV) METHOD: CUMULATIVE PULSE HEIGHT DETECTION METHOD	44.5	40.0 - 50.0	%
	MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOLUME (MCV) METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	89.7	83.0 - 101.0	fL
	MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN (MCH) METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	30.4	27.0 - 32.0	pg
1	MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN CONCENTRATION(MCHC) METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	33.9	31.5 - 34.5	g/dL
F	RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW) METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	12.7	11.6 - 14.0	%
	MENTZER INDEX METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER	18.1		
N	MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV) METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	9.1	6.8 - 10.9	fL

WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT

Monety

Dr.Akshay Dhotre Consultant Pathologist Page 1 Of 16

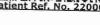






Email: -

Agilus Diagnostics Ltd. Hiranandani Hospital-Vashi, Mini Seashore Road, Sector 10, Navi Mumbai, 400703 Maharashtra, India Tel: 022-39199222,022-49723322, CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956











CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507

FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD FORTIS HOSPITAL # VASHI, MUMBAI 440001

REF. DOCTOR:

ACCESSION NO: 0022WI004800

PATIENT ID : FH.12726180 CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12726180

ABHA NO . AGE/SEX :33 Years Male

DRAWN :23/09/2023 09:09:00 RECEIVED: 23/09/2023 09:09:01 REPORTED :23/09/2023 13:54:13

CLINICAL INFORMATION:

UID:12726180 REQNO-1585467 CORP-OPD BILLNO-1501230PCR054532 BILLNO-1501230PCR054532

Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results	Biological Reference	Interval Units
NEUTROPHILS METHOD: FLOW CYTOMETRY WITH LIGHT SCATTERING	45	40.0 - 80.0	%
LYMPHOCYTES METHOD: FLOW CYTOMETRY WITH LIGHT SCATTERING	46 High	20.0 - 40.0	%
MONOCYTES METHOD: FLOW CYTOMETRY WITH LIGHT SCATTERING	8	2.0 - 10.0	%
EOSINOPHILS METHOD: FLOW CYTOMETRY WITH LIGHT SCATTERING BASODUTISE	1	1 - 6	%
BASOPHILS METHOD: FLOW CYTOMETRY WITH LIGHT SCATTERING ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT	0	0 - 2	%
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT	2.24	2.0 - 7.0	thou/µL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT	0.40	1.0 - 3.0	thou/µL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT	0.05	0.2 - 1.0	thou/µL
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT	0.00 Low	0.02 - 0.50	thou/µL
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER SEUTROPHIL LYMPHOCYTE RATIO (NLR)	1.0	0.02 - 0.10	thou/μL
METHOD : CALCULATED	1.0		

MORPHOLOGY

RBC

METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

WBC

METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

PLATELETS

METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

PREDOMINANTLY NORMOCYTIC NORMOCHROMIC

NORMAL MORPHOLOGY

ADEQUATE

Ashata

Dr. Akshay Dhotre Consultant Pathologist Page 2 Of 16









Hiranandani Hospital-Vashi, Mini Seashore Road, Sector 10, Navi Mumbai, 400703 Maharashtra, India Tel: 022-39199222,022-49723322,

CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956









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Interpretation(s)

Interpretation(s)
RBC AND PLATELET INDICES-Mentzer Index (MCV/RBC) is an automated cell-counter based calculated screen tool to differentiate cases of Iron deficiency anaemia(>13)
(<13) in patients with microcytic anaemia. This needs to be interpreted in line with clinical correlation and suspicion. Estimation of HbA2 remains the gold standard for diagnosing a case of beta thalassaemia trait.

WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT-The optimal threshold of 3.3 for NLR showed a prognostic possibility of clinical symptoms to change from mild to severe in COVID positive patients. When age = 49.5 years old and NLR = 3.3, 46.1% COVID-19 patients with mild disease might become severe. By contrast, when age < 49.5 years old and NLR < 3.3, COVID-19 patients tend to show mild disease.

(Reference to - The diagnostic and predictive role of NLR, d-NLR and PLR in COVID-19 patients; A.-P. Yang, et al.; International Immunopharmacology 84 (2020) 106504
This ratio element is a calculated parameter and out of NABL scope.

pohoton

Dr. Akshay Dhotre Consultant Pathologist Page 3 Of 16







PERFORMED AT :

Agilus Diagnostics Ltd. Hiranandani Hospital-Vashi, Mini Seashore Road, Sector 10, Navi Mumbai, 400703

Maharashtra, India Tel: 022-39199222,022-49723322, CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956







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REF. DOCTOR:

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Test Report Status

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Biological Reference Interval

Units

HAEMATOLOGY

ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR), WHOLE BLOOD

E.S.R

METHOD: WESTERGREN METHOD

05

0 - 14

mm at 1 hr

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

HBA1C

5.4

Non-diabetic: < 5.7

%

Pre-diabetics: 5.7 - 6.4 Diabetics: > or = 6.5Therapeutic goals: < 7.0 Action suggested: > 8.0 (ADA Guideline 2021)

METHOD: HB VARIANT (HPLC)

ESTIMATED AVERAGE GLUCOSE(EAG)

METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER

108.3

< 116.0

mg/dL

Interpretation(s)

Interpretation(s)
ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR), WHOLE BLOOD-TEST DESCRIPTION:
ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR), whole BLOOD-TEST DESCRIPTION:
Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a test that indirectly measures the degree of inflammation present in the body. The test actually measures the rate of fall (sedimentation) of erythrocytes in a sample of blood that has been placed into a tall, thin, vertical tube. Results are reported as the millimetres of clear fluid (plasma) that are present at the top portion of the tube after one hour. Nowadays fully automated instruments are available to measure ESR.

ESR is not diagnostic; it is a non-specific test that may be elevated in a number of different conditions. It provides general information about the presence of an TEST INTERPRETATION

Increase in: Infections, Vasculities, Inflammatory arthritis, Renal disease, Anemia, Malignancies and plasma cell dyscrasias, Acute allergy Tissue injury, Pregnancy,

estrogen medication, aging.
Finding a very accelerated ESR(>100 mm/hour) in patients with ill-defined symptoms directs the physician to search for a systemic disease (Paraproteinemias, Disseminated malignancies, connective tissue disease, severe infections such as bacterial endocarditis).

In pregnancy BRI in first trimester is 0-48 mm/hr(62 if anemic) and in second trimester (0-70 mm /hr(95 if anemic). ESR returns to normal 4th week post partum.

Decreased in: Polycythermia vera, Sickle cell anemia

LIMITATIONS

False elevated ESR: Increased fibrinogen, Drugs(Vitamin A, Dextran etc.), Hypercholesterolemia
False Decreased: Poikilocytosis, (SickleCells, spherocytes), Microcytosis, Low fibrinogen, Very high WBC counts, Drugs(Quinine,

(Aphilia

Dr. Akshav Dhotre Consultant Pathologist Page 4 Of 16





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Tel: 022-39199222,022-49723322, CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956







REF. DOCTOR:



MC-2275

PATIENT NAME: MR.M NARENDAR.

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507

FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD FORTIS HOSPITAL # VASHI, MUMBAI 440001

ACCESSION NO : 0022WI004800

PATIENT ID : FH.12726180 CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12726180

ABHA NO

AGE/SEX :33 Years

DRAWN :23/09/2023 09:09:00 RECEIVED: 23/09/2023 09:09:01

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Test Report Status

Final

Results

Biological Reference Interval

Units

REFERENCE :

1. Nathan and Oski's Haematology of Infancy and Childhood, 5th edition; 2. Paediatric reference intervals. AACC Press, 7th edition. Edited by S. Soldin; 3. The reference for the adult reference range is "Practical Haematology by Dacie and Lewis, 10th edition.

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-Used For:

Evaluating the long-term control of blood glucose concentrations in diabetic patients.

Evaluating the long-term control or blood glucose concentrations in small states.
 Diagnosing diabetes.
 Identifying patients at increased risk for diabetes (prediabetes).
 The ADA recommends measurement of HbA1c (typically 3-4 times per year for type 1 and poorly controlled type 2 diabetic patients, and 2 times per year for well-controlled type 2 diabetic patients) to determine whether a patients metabolic control has remained continuously within the target range.
 eAG (Estimated average glucose) converts percentage HbA1c to md/dl, to compare blood glucose levels.
 eAG gives an evaluation of blood glucose levels for the last couple of months.
 eAG is calculated as eAG (mg/dl) = 28.7 * HbA1c - 46.7

HbA1c Estimation can get affected due to:

1. Shortened Erythrocyte survival: Any condition that shortens erythrocyte survival or decreases mean erythrocyte age (e.g. recovery from acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia) will falsely lower HbA1c test results. Fructosamine is recommended in these patients which indicates diabetes control over 15 days.

2. Vitamin C & E are reported to falsely lower test results. (possibly by inhibiting glycation of hemoglobin.

3. Iron deficiency anemia is reported to increase test results. Hypertriglyceridemia, uremia, hyperbilirubinemia, chronic alcoholism, chronic ingestion of salicylates & opiates addiction are reported to interfere with some assay methods, falsely increasing results.

4. Interference of hemoglobinopathies in HbA1c estimation is seen in

a) Homozygous hemoglobinopathy. Fructosamine is recommended for testing of HbA1c.
b) Heterozygous state detected (D10 is corrected for HbS & HbC trait.)
c) HbF > 25% on alternate paltform (Boronate affinity chromatography) is recommended for testing of HbA1c.Abnormal Hemoglobin electrophoresis (HPLC method) is recommended for detecting a hemoglobinopathy

prohiting

Dr. Akshav Dhotre **Consultant Pathologist** Page 5 Of 16





View Details









CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507

FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD FORTIS HOSPITAL # VASHI, MUMBAI 440001

REF. DOCTOR :

ACCESSION NO: 0022WI004800

PATIENT ID : FH.12726180 CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12726180

ABHA NO

AGE/SEX :33 Years Male

DRAWN :23/09/2023 09:09:00 RECEIVED: 23/09/2023 09:09:01

REPORTED :23/09/2023 13:54:13

CLINICAL INFORMATION:

UID:12726180 REQNO-1585467 CORP-OPD BILLNO-1501230PCR054532 BILLNO-1501230PCR054532

Test Report Status

Final

Results

Biological Reference Interval

Units

IMMUNOHAEMATOLOGY

ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

ABO GROUP

METHOD: TUBE AGGLUTINATION

RH TYPE

METHOD: TUBE AGGLUTINATION

TYPE O

POSITIVE

Interpretation(s)
ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-Blood group is identified by antigens and antibodies present in the blood. Antigens are protein molecules found on the surface of red blood cells. Antibodies are found in plasma. To determine blood group, red cells are mixed with different antibody solutions to give A,B,O or AB.

Disclaimer: "Please note, as the results of previous ABO and Rh group (Blood Group) for pregnant women are not available, please check with the patient records for availability of the same."

The test is performed by both forward as well as reverse grouping methods.

Dr. Akshav Dhotre Consultant Pathologist Page 6 Of 16







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Male

PATIENT NAME: MR.M NARENDAR.

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507

FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD FORTIS HOSPITAL # VASHI,

MUMBAI 440001

REF. DOCTOR:

ACCESSION NO : 0022WI004800

PATIENT ID : FH.12726180

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Test Report Status	Final	Described to the second	1402 ST 121 MINST 9.	
	Tillai	Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units

	BIOCHEM	HISTRY		
LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM				
BILIRUBIN, TOTAL METHOD: JENDRASSIK AND GROFF	2.20 Hi	gh	0.2 - 1.0	mg/dL
BILIRUBIN, DIRECT METHOD: JENDRASSIK AND GROFF	0.23 Hi	gh	0.0 - 0.2	mg/dL
BILIRUBIN, INDIRECT METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	1.97 Hi	gh	0.1 - 1.0	mg/dL
TOTAL PROTEIN METHOD: BIURET	7.5		6.4 - 8.2	g/dL
ALBUMIN METHOD: BCP DYE BINDING	4.0		3.4 - 5.0	g/dL
GLOBULIN METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	3.5		2.0 - 4.1	g/dL
ALBUMIN/GLOBULIN RATIO METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	1.1		1.0 - 2.1	RATIO
ASPARTATE AMINOTRANSFERASE(AST/SGOT) METHOD: UV WITH PSP	16		15 - 37	U/L
ALANINE AMINOTRANSFERASE (ALT/SGPT) METHOD: UV WITH P5P	20		< 45.0	U/L
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE METHOD: PNPP-ANP	48		30 - 120	U/L
GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE (GGT) METHOD: GAMMA GLUTAMYLCARBOXY 4NITROANILIDE	18		15 - 85	U/L
LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE METHOD: LACTATE - PYRUVATE	135		85 - 227	U/L

GLUCOSE FASTING, FLUORIDE PLASMA

FBS (FASTING BLOOD SUGAR)

93

Normal: < 100

Pre-diabetes: 100-125

Diabetes: >/=126

mg/dL

METHOD: HEXOKINASE

(Atolotis

Dr.Akshay Dhotre Consultant Pathologist Page 7 Of 16









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Tel: 022-39199222,022-49723322, CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956









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Biological Reference Interval Units

KIDNEY PANEL - 1

BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM

BLOOD UREA NITROGEN METHOD: UREASE - UV 8

6 - 20

mg/dL

CREATININE EGFR- EPI

CREATININE

1.28

0.90 - 1.30

mg/dL

METHOD: ALKALINE PICRATE KINETIC JAFFES AGE

33

years

GLOMERULAR FILTRATION RATE (MALE)
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER

75.79

Refer Interpretation Below

mL/min/1.73m2

BUN/CREAT RATIO

BUN/CREAT RATIO

METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER

6.25

5.00 - 15.00

URIC ACID, SERUM

URIC ACID

METHOD : URICASE UV

5.6

3.5 - 7.2

mg/dL

TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM

TOTAL PROTEIN

METHOD : BIURET

7.5

6.4 - 8.2

g/dL

(AND JOS

Dr. Akshay Dhotre Consultant Pathologist Page 8 Of 16





View Details

View Report



Agilus Diagnostics Ltd.
Hiranandani Hospital-Vashi, Mini Seashore Road, Sector 10,
Navi Mumbai, 400703
Maharashtra, India
Tel: 022-39199222,022-49723322,
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REF. DOCTOR:

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Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results	Biological Reference Interval Units	
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ALBUMIN, SERUM ALBUMIN METHOD: BCP DYE BINDING	4.0	3.4 - 5.0	g/dL
GLOBULIN GLOBULIN METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	3.5	2.0 - 4.1	g/dL
ELECTROLYTES (NA/K/CL), SERUM			
SODIUM, SERUM METHOD: ISE INDIRECT	138	136 - 145	mmol/L
POTASSIUM, SERUM METHOD: ISE INDIRECT	3.98	3.50 - 5.10	mmol/L
CHLORIDE, SERUM METHOD: ISE INDIRECT	101	98 - 107	mmol/L

Interpretation(s)

Interpretation(s)
LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM-

LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM—
Bilirubin is a yellowish pigment found in bile and is a breakdown product of normal heme catabolism. Bilirubin is excreted in bile and urine, and elevated levels may give yellow discoloration in jaundice. Elevated levels results from increased bilirubin production (eg., hemolysis and ineffective erythropoiesis), decreased bilirubin excretion (eg., obstruction and hepatitis), and abnormal bilirubin metabolism (eg., hereditary and neonatal jaundice). Conjugated (direct) bilirubin in Viral hepatitis, Drug reactions, Alcoholic liver disease Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is also elevated more than unconjugated there is some kind of biockage of the bile ducts like in Gallstones getting into the bile ducts. Increased unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin may be a result of Hemolytic or pernicious anemia, Transfusion reaction & a common metabolic condition termed Gilbert syndrome, due to low levels of the enzyme that



Dr.Akshay Dhotre **Consultant Pathologist** Page 9 Of 16





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PATIENT ID

:33 Years AGE/SEX

DRAWN

Male

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Test Report Status

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Biological Reference Interval Units

AST is an enzyme found in various parts of the body. AST is found in the liver, heart, skeletal muscle, kidneys, brain, and red blood cells, and it is commonly measured clinically as a marker for liver health. AST levels increase during chronic viral hepatitis, blockage of the bile duct, cirrhosis of the liver, liver cancer, kidney failure, hemolytic anemia, pancreatitis, hemochromatosis. AST levels may also increase after a heart attack or strenuous activity. ALT test measures the amount of this enzyme in the blood. ALT is found mainly in the liver, but also in smaller amounts in the kidneys, heart, muscles, and pancreas. It is commonly measured as a part of a diagnostic evaluation of hepatocellular injury, to determine liver health. AST levels increase during acute hepatitis, sometimes due to a viral infection, ischemia to the liver, chronic

hepatocellular injury, to determine liver health.AST levels increase during acute hepatitis, sometimes due to a viral infection, ischemia to the liver, chronic hepatitis, obstruction of bile ducts, cirrhosis.

ALP is a protein found in almost all body tissues. Tissues with higher amounts of ALP include the liver, bile ducts and bone. Elevated ALP levels are seen in Biliary obstruction, Osteoblastic bone tumors, osteomalacia, hepatitis, Hyperparathyroidism, Leukemia, Lymphoma, Pagets disease, Rickets, Sarcoidosis etc. Lower-than-normal ALP levels seen in Hypophosphatasia, Malnutrition, Protein deficiency, Wilsons disease.

GGT is an enzyme found in cell membranes of many tissues mainly in the liver, kidney and pancreas. It is also found in other tissues including intestine, spleen, heart, brain and seminal vesicles. The highest concentration is in the kidney, but the liver is considered the source of normal enzyme activity. Serum GGT has been widely used as an index of liver dysfunction. Elevated serum GGT activity can be found in diseases of the liver, biliary system and pancreas. Conditions that increase serum GGT are obstructive liver disease, high alcohol consumption and use of enzyme-inducing drugs etc.

Total Protein also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum. Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin. Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage), Burns, Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc.

Albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance, malnutrition and wasting etc GLUCOSE FASTING, FL

Normally, the glucose concentration in extracellular fluid is closely regulated so that a source of energy is readily available to tissues and sothat no glucose is excreted in the

Normally, the glucose concentration in extracellular fluid is closely regulated so that a source of energy is readily available to tissues and sothat no glucose is excreted in the urine.

Increased in:Diabetes mellitus, Cushing's syndrome (10 – 15%), chronic pancreatitis (30%). Drugs:corticosteroids, phenytoin, estrogen, thiazides.

Decreased in:Pancreatic islet cell disease with increased insulin, insulinoma, advenocortical insufficiency, hypopituitarism, diffuse liver disease, malignancy (adrenocortical, stomach, fibrosarcoma), infant of a diabetic mother, enzyme deficiency diseases(e.g. galactosemia), Drugs-insulin, ethanol, propranolol; sulfonylureas, tolbutamide, and other oral hypoglycemic agents.

NOTE: While random serum glucose levels correlate with home glucose monitoring results (weekly mean capillary glucose values), there is wide fluctuation within individuals. Thus, glycosylated hemoglobin(HbA1c) levels are favored to monitor glycemic control.

High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glyosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc.

BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM-Causes of Increased levels include Pre renal (High protein diet, Increased protein catabolism, GI haemorrhage, Cortisol, Dehydration, CHF Renal), Renal Fallure, Post Renal (Malignancy, Nephroithiasis, Prostatism)

Causes of decreased level include Liver disease, SIADPH.

CREATININE EGFR- EPI-- Kidney disease outcomes quality initiative (KDOQI) guidelines state that estimation of GFR is the best overall indices of the Kidney function.

- It gives a rough measure of number of functioning nephrons. Reduction in GFR implies progression of underlying disease.

- The GFR is a calculation based on serum creatinine test.

- Creatinine is mainly derived from the metabolism of creatine in muscle, and its generation is proportional to the total muscle mass. As a re

National Kidney Foundation (NKF) and the American Society of Nephrology (ASN).

Estimated GFR Calculated Using the CKD-EPI equation-https://testguide.labmed.uw.edu/guideline/egfr
Ghuman JK, et al. Impact of Removing Race Variable on CKD Classification Using the Creatinine-Based 2021 CKD-EPI Equation. Kidney Med 2022, 4:100471. 35756325
Harrison's Principle of Internal Medicine, 21st ed. pg 62 and 334

URIC ACID, SERUM-Causes of Increased levels:-Dietary(High Protein Intake, Prolonged Fasting, Rapid weight loss), Gout, Lesch nyhan syndrome, Type 2 DM, Metabolic syndrome Causes of decreased levels-Low Zinc intake, OCP, Multiple Sciencis's

TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM-is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum. Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin.

Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstroms disease.

Atthation

Dr. Akshav Dhotre **Consultant Pathologist** Page 10 Of 16





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CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956









Male

PATIENT NAME: MR.M NARENDAR.

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507

FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD FORTIS HOSPITAL # VASHI,

MUMBAI 440001

REF. DOCTOR :

ACCESSION NO : 0022WI004800

PATIENT ID : FH.12726180 CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12726180

ABHA NO

AGE/SEX :33 Years

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CLINICAL INFORMATION:

UID:12726180 REQNO-1585467

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501230PCR054532 BILLNO-1501230PCR054532

Test Report Status

Results

Biological Reference Interval Units

Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage), Burns, Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Mainutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc.

ALBUMIN, SERUM-Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance, malnutrition and wasting etc.

Dr.Akshay Dhotre **Consultant Pathologist**



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Agilus Diagnostics Ltd. Hiranandani Hospital-Vashi, Mini Seashore Road, Sector 10, Navi Mumbai, 400703 Maharashtra, India Tel: 022-39199222,022-49723322,

CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956











mg/dL

mg/dL

mg/dL

mg/dL

mg/dL

mg/dL

MC-2275

PATIENT NAME: MR.M NARENDAR.

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507

FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD FORTIS HOSPITAL # VASHI,

MUMBAI 440001

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ACCESSION NO: 0022W1004800

: FH.12726180 PATIENT ID CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12726180

ABHA NO

Male AGE/SEX :33 Years :23/09/2023 09:09:00

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BILLNO-1501230PCR054532 Results **Final Test Report Status**

Biological Reference Interval Units

BIOCHEMISTRY - LIPID

LIPID PROFILE, SERUM

CHOLESTEROL, TOTAL

175

< 200 Desirable

200 - 239 Borderline High

>/= 240 High

METHOD: ENZYMATIC/COLORIMETRIC, CHOLESTEROL OXIDASE, ESTERASE, PEROXIDASE TRIGLYCERIDES

< 150 Normal

150 - 199 Borderline High

200 - 499 High

>/=500 Very High

METHOD: ENZYMATIC ASSAY 43 HDL CHOLESTEROL

METHOD : DIRECT MEASURE - PEG

LDL CHOLESTEROL, DIRECT

105

< 100 Optimal

100 - 129 Near or above

optimal

< 40 Low

>/=60 High

130 - 159 Borderline High

160 - 189 High >/= 190 Very High

METHOD: DIRECT MEASURE WITHOUT SAMPLE PRETREATMENT

NON HDL CHOLESTEROL

132 High

32.0 High

4.1

Desirable: Less than 130 Above Desirable: 130 - 159

Borderline High: 160 - 189

High: 190 - 219

Very high: > or = 220

METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER

VERY LOW DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN

METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER

CHOL/HDL RATIO

</=30.0

3.3 - 4.4 Low Risk 4.5 - 7.0 Average Risk

7.1 - 11.0 Moderate Risk

> 11.0 High Risk

METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER

Dr.Akshay Dhotre **Consultant Pathologist** Page 12 Of 16







PERFORMED AT :

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BILLNO-1501230PCR054532 Biological Reference Interval Units Results **Test Report Status Final**

LDL/HDL RATIO

2.4

0.5 - 3.0 Desirable/Low Risk 3.1 - 6.0 Borderline/Moderate Risk >6.0 High Risk

METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER

Interpretation(s)

Dr. Akshay Dhotre Consultant Pathologist Page 13 Of 16





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Male



PATIENT NAME: MR.M NARENDAR.

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BILLNO-1501230PCR054532 BILLNO-1501230PCR054532

Test Report Status Final Results

Biological Reference Interval Units

CLINICAL PATH - URINALYSIS

KIDNEY PANEL - 1

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION, URINE

COLOR

PALE YELLOW

METHOD : PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

CLEAR

METHOD: VISUAL

CHEMICAL EXAMINATION, URINE

6.0

4.7 - 7.5

METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY- DOUBLE INDICATOR METHOD

1.003 - 1.035

METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY (APPARENT PKA CHANGE OF PRETREATED POLYELECTROLYTES IN RELATION TO IONIC CONCENTRATION) SPECIFIC GRAVITY

METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY - PROTEIN-ERROR-OF-INDICATOR PRINCIPLE **PROTEIN**

GLUCOSE

NOT DETECTED

KETONES

METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, DOUBLE SEQUENTIAL ENZYME REACTION-GOD/POD

NOT DETECTED

METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, ROTHERA'S PRINCIPLE

NOT DETECTED

NOT DETECTED

BLOOD

METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, PEROXIDASE LIKE ACTIVITY OF HAEMOGLOBIN

NOT DETECTED

BILIRUBIN

METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, DIAZOTIZATION- COUPLING OF BILIPUBIN WITH DIAZOTIZED SALT

UROBILINOGEN

NORMAL

METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY (MODIFIED EHRLICH REACTION)

NOT DETECTED

NOT DETECTED

NITRITE

METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, CONVERSION OF NITRATE TO NITRITE

NOT DETECTED

NOT DETECTED

LEUKOCYTE ESTERASE METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, ESTERASE HYDROLYSIS ACTIVITY

Kolota

Dr. Akshay Dhotre Consultant Pathologist

Dr. Rekha Nair, MD Microbiologist

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I NO 1E01230PC RU54334					
BILLNO-1501230PCR054532 BILLNO-1501230PCR054532	Results	Biological Reference In	nterval Units		
Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results				
MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION, URINE	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED	/HPF		
RED BLOOD CELLS METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	0-1	0-5	/HPF		
PUS CELL (WBC'S) METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	0-1	0-5	/HPF		
EPITHELIAL CELLS METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION CASTS	NOT DETECTED				
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	NOT DETECTED				
CRYSTALS METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED			
BACTERIA METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED			
YEAST METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION REMARKS	URINARY MICROSCO CENTRIFUGED SEDIN	PIC EXAMINATION DONE ON U MENT	JRINARY		

Interpretation(s)

Killeding

Dr.Akshay Dhotre Consultant Pathologist

Dr. Rekha Nair, MD Microbiologist

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REF. DOCTOR : Male :33 Years PATIENT NAME: MR.M NARENDAR. ACCESSION NO: 0022WI004800 AGE/SEX :23/09/2023 09:09:00 CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507 DRAWN RECEIVED : 23/09/2023 09:09:01 : FH.12726180 PATIENT ID FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12726180 REPORTED :23/09/2023 13:54:13 FORTIS HOSPITAL # VASHI, ABHA NO MUMBAI 440001

CLINICAL INFORMATION:

UID:12726180 REQNO-1585467 CORP-OPD BILLNO-1501230PCR054532

Biological Reference Interval BILLNO-1501230PCR054532 Units Results Test Report Status

SPECIALISED CHEMISTRY - TUMOR MARKER

PROSTATE SPECIFIC ANTIGEN, SERUM

PROSTATE SPECIFIC ANTIGEN

0.466

0.0 - 1.4

ng/mL

METHOD: ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE, SANDWICH IMMUNOASSAY

Interpretation(s)
PROSTATE SPECIFIC ANTIGEN, SERUM-- PSA is detected in the male patients with normal, benign hyperplastic and malignant prostate tissue and in patients with prostatitis.
- PSA is not detected (or detected at very low levels) in the patients without prostate tissue (because of radical prostatectomy or cystoprostatectomy) and also in the female representations.

PSA is not detected (or detected at very low levels) in the patients without prostate tissue (because or reaction prostate).
It a suitable marker for monitoring of patients with Prostate Cancer and it is better to be used in conjunction with other diagnostic procedures.
Serial PSA levels can help determine the success of prostatectomy and the need for further treatment, such as radiation, endocrine or chemotherapy and useful in detecting residual disease and early recurrence of tumor.
Elevated levels of PSA can be also observed in the patients with non-malignant diseases like Prostatitis and Benign Prostatic Hyperplasia.
Elevated levels of PSA can be also observed in the patients with non-malignant diseases like Prostatic massage, since manipulation of the prostate gland may lead to elevated PSA specimens for total PSA assay should be obtained before biopsy, prostatectomy or prostatic massage, since manipulation of the prostate gland may lead to elevated PSA (false positive) levels persisting up to 3 weeks.
As per American urological guidelines, PSA screening is recommended for early detection of Prostate cancer above the age of 40 years. Following Age specific reference range can be used as a guide lines.
As per American urological guidelines, PSA screening is recommended for early detection of Prostate cancer, this is especially true for the total PSA values range can be used as a guide lines.
Measurement of total PSA alone may not clearly distinguish between benign prostatic hyperplasia (BPH) from cancer, this is especially true for the total PSA values between 4-10 ng/mL.

Measurement of total PSA alone may not clearly distinguish between beingh prostatic hyperplasia (brrr) from cancer, this is especially due for the total PSA values between 4-10 ng/mL.
 Total PSA values determined on patient samples by different testing procedures cannot be directly compared with one another and could be the cause of erroneous rotal PSA values determined on patient samples by different testing procedures cannot be directly compared with one another and could be the cause of erroneous rotal PSA values determined on patient samples by different testing procedures cannot be directly compared with one another and could be the cause of erroneous rotal PSA values determined on patient samples by different testing procedures cannot be directly compared with one another and could be the cause of erroneous rotal PSA values.

References1. Burtis CA, Ashwood ER, Bruns DE. Teitz textbook of clinical chemistry and Molecular Diagnostics. 4th edition.
2. Williamson MA, Snyder LM. Wallach's interpretation of diagnostic tests. 9th edition.

Please visit www.agilusdiagnostics.com for related Test Information for this accession **End Of Report**

Dr. Akshay Dhotre **Consultant Pathologist**

Page 16 Of 16

PERFORMED AT:

Agilus Diagnostics Ltd. Hiranandani Hospital-Vashi, Mini Seashore Road, Sector 10, Navi Mumbai, 400703 Maharashtra, India Tel: 022-39199222,022-49723322,

Fmail: -





CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956





REF. DOCTOR : PATIENT NAME: MR.M NARENDAR.

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000045507

FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD FORTIS HOSPITAL # VASHI,

MUMBAI 440001

ACCESSION NO: 0022WI004801

: FH.12726180 PATIENT ID CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:12726180

ABHA NO

Male :33 Years AGE/SEX :23/09/2023 09:10:00

DRAWN RECEIVED: 23/09/2023 09:09:40 REPORTED :23/09/2023 15:08:06

CLINICAL INFORMATION:

UID:12726180 REQNO-1585467 CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501230PCR054532

BILLNO-1501230PCR054532 **Biological Reference Interval** Units Results **Final** Test Report Status

SPECIALISED CHEMISTRY - HORMONE

ng/dL THYROID PANEL, SERUM 80.0 - 200.0 58.8 Low T3

METHOD: ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNOASSAY, COMPETITIVE PRINCIPLE µg/dL 5.10 - 14.10

T4 METHOD: ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE IMMUNOASSAY, COMPETITIVE PRINCIPLE µIU/mL 0.270 - 4.200 1.750 TSH (ULTRASENSITIVE)

METHOD: ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE, SANDWICH IMMUNOASSAY

Interpretation(s)

End Of Report

Please visit www.agilusdiagnostics.com for related Test Information for this accession

Mintra

Dr.Akshay Dhotre Consultant Pathologist

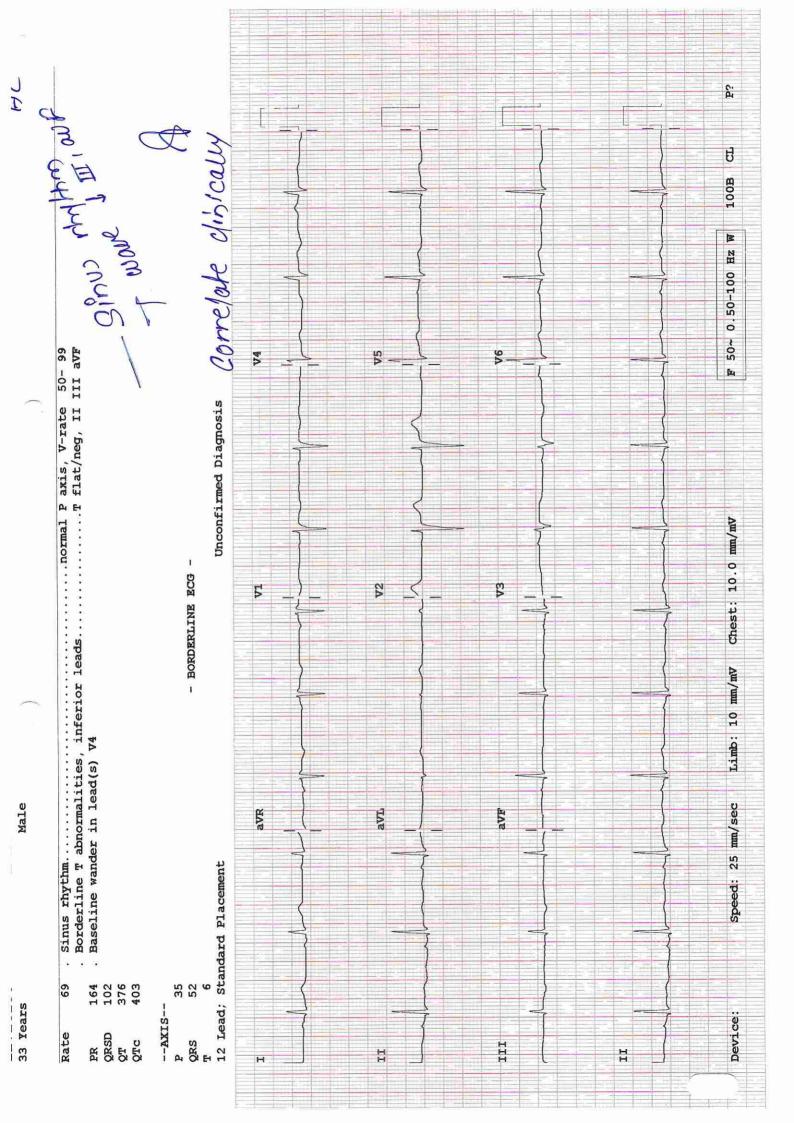
Page 1 Of 1

PERFORMED AT:

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Tel: 022-39199222,022-49723322, CIN - U74899PB1995PLC045956





Hiranandani Healthcare Pvt. Ltd. Mini Sea Shore Road, Sector 10-A, Vashi, Navi Mumbai - 400703.

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For Appointment: 022 - 39199200 | Health Checkup: 022 - 39199300

www.fortishealthcare.com | vashi@fortishealthcare.com

CIN: U85100MH2005PTC 154823

GST IN: 27AABCH5894D1ZG PAN NO: AABCH5894D

(For Billing/Reports & Discharge Summary only)





DEPARTMENT OF RADIOLOGY

Date: 23/Sep/2023

Name: Mr. M Narendar.

Age | Sex: 33 YEAR(S) | Male Order Station: FO-OPD

Bed Name:

UHID | Episode No: 12726180 | 55207/23/1501

Order No | Order Date: 1501/PN/OP/2309/115106 | 23-Sep-2023 Admitted On | Reporting Date: 23-Sep-2023 12:23:16

Order Doctor Name: Dr.SELF.

X-RAY-CHEST- PA

Findings:

Both lung fields are clear.

The cardiac shadow appears within normal limits.

Trachea and major bronchi appears normal.

Both costophrenic angles are well maintained.

Bony thorax are unremarkable.

DR. CHETAN KHADKE M.D. (Radiologist)

Hiranandani Healthcare Pvt. Ltd.

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CIN: U85100MH2005PTC 154823 GST IN: 27AABCH5894D1ZG

PAN NO : AABCH5894D





(For Billing/Reports & Discharge Summary only)

Patient Name	T:	M Narendar .	Patient ID	:	12726180
Sex / Age	1.	M / 33Y 4M 23D	Accession No.	:	PHC.6633922
Modality	- ;	US	Scan DateTime	:	23-09-2023 09:47:24
IPID No	<u> </u>	55207/23/1501	ReportDatetime	:	23-09-2023 10:01:34

US - WHOLE ABDOMEN

UVER is normal in size and echogenicity. Intrahepatic portal and biliary systems are normal. No focal lesion is seen in liver. Portal vein appears normal.

GALL BLADDER is physiologically distended. Gall bladder reveals normal wall thickness. No evidence of calculi in gall bladder. No evidence of pericholecystic collection.

CBD appears normal in caliber.

SPLEEN is normal in size and echogenicity.

RIGHT KIDNEY is normal in size and echogenicity. The central sinus complex is normal. No evidence of calculi/hydronephrosis.

Right kidney measures 11.1 x 5.3 cm.

Left kidney is not seen - likely absent (also consistent with patient history).

PANCREAS: Head & body of pancreas is unremarkable. Rest of the pancreas is obscured.

URINARY BLADDER is partially distended. No evidence of intravesical mass/calculi.

PROSTATE: Visualized prostate appears grossly unremarkable. It measures ~ 10 cc in volume.

No evidence of ascites.

IMPRESSION:

No significant abnormality is detected.

DR. CHETAN KHADKE (MD Radiologist)