

Name : Mr. DUDI VENKATA HEMANTH KUMAR

PID No. : MED111631877

SID No. : 80026471

Age / Sex : 36 Year(s) / Male

Type : OP

Ref. Dr : MediWheel

Register On : 08/05/2023 9:11 AM

Collection On : 08/05/2023 9:55 AM

Report On : 08/05/2023 5:10 PM

Printed On : 09/05/2023 8:54 AM



<u>Investigation</u>	<u>Observed Value</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Biological Reference Interval</u>
BLOOD GROUPING AND Rh TYPING (Blood/Agglutination)	'A' 'Positive'		
<b><u>Complete Blood Count With - ESR</u></b>			
Haemoglobin (Blood/Spectrophotometry)	17.84	g/dL	13.5 - 18.0
Packed Cell Volume(PCV)/Haematocrit (Blood/Numeric Integration of MCV)	51.2	%	42 - 52
RBC Count (Blood/Electrical Impedance )	5.91	mill/cu.mm	4.7 - 6.0
Mean Corpuscular Volume(MCV) (Blood/Calculated)	95.1	fL	78 - 100
Mean Corpuscular Haemoglobin(MCH) (Blood/Calculated)	31.9	pg	27 - 32
Mean Corpuscular Haemoglobin concentration(MCHC) (Blood/Calculated)	33.5	g/dL	32 - 36
RDW-CV (Calculated)	14.5	%	11.5 - 16.0
RDW-SD (Calculated)	48.26	fL	39 - 46
Total Leukocyte Count (TC) (Blood/Electrical Impedance )	9320	cells/cu.mm	4000 - 11000
Neutrophils (Blood/Impedance and absorbance)	51.79	%	40 - 75
Lymphocytes (Blood/Impedance and absorbance)	27.65	%	20 - 45
Eosinophils (Blood/Impedance and absorbance)	<b>12.12</b>	%	01 - 06



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Monocytes (Blood/Impedance and absorbance)	8.01	%	01 - 10
Basophils (Blood/Impedance and absorbance)	0.43	%	00 - 02
<b>INTERPRETATION:</b> Tests done on Automated Five Part cell counter. All abnormal results are reviewed and confirmed microscopically.			
Absolute Neutrophil count (Blood/Impedance and absorbance)	4.83	10 <sup>3</sup> / $\mu$ l	1.5 - 6.6
Absolute Lymphocyte Count (Blood/Impedance)	2.58	10 <sup>3</sup> / $\mu$ l	1.5 - 3.5
Absolute Eosinophil Count (AEC) (Blood/Impedance)	<b>1.13</b>	10 <sup>3</sup> / $\mu$ l	0.04 - 0.44
Absolute Monocyte Count (Blood/Impedance)	0.75	10 <sup>3</sup> / $\mu$ l	< 1.0
Absolute Basophil count (Blood/Impedance)	0.04	10 <sup>3</sup> / $\mu$ l	< 0.2
Platelet Count (Blood/Impedance)	2.78	lakh/cu.mm	1.4 - 4.5
<b>INTERPRETATION:</b> Platelet count less than 1.5 lakhs will be confirmed microscopically.			
MPV (Blood/Derived from Impedance)	8.31	fL	7.9 - 13.7
PCT (Calculated)	0.23	%	0.18 - 0.28
ESR (Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate) (Blood/Automated ESR analyser)	10	mm/hr	< 15
BUN / Creatinine Ratio	8.6		
Glucose Fasting (FBS) (Plasma - F/Glucose oxidase/Peroxidase)	<b>105</b>	mg/dL	Normal: < 100 Pre Diabetic: 100 - 125 Diabetic: >= 126

  
CHINTHA SHIVAJI  
Lab Manager

VERIFIED BY



  
Dr K. NEEHARIKA  
MD PATHOLOGY  
Reg No : 96545

APPROVED BY

The results pertain to sample tested.

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Lab Address: MEDALL HEALTH CARE PVT LTD, #17-11-3/4, DR. GKS MANSION, OFFICIAL COLONY, MAHARANI PETA, VIZAG 530002,.

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**INTERPRETATION:** Factors such as type, quantity and time of food intake, Physical activity, Psychological stress, and drugs can influence blood glucose level.

Glucose, Fasting (Urine) (Urine - F)	Negative		Negative
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Glucose Postprandial (PPBS) (Plasma - PP/GOD - POD)	128	mg/dL	70 - 140
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**INTERPRETATION:**

Factors such as type, quantity and time of food intake, Physical activity, Psychological stress, and drugs can influence blood glucose level. Fasting blood glucose level may be higher than Postprandial glucose, because of physiological surge in Postprandial Insulin secretion, Insulin resistance, Exercise or Stress, Dawn Phenomenon, Somogyi Phenomenon, Anti-diabetic medication during treatment for Diabetes.

Urine Glucose(PP-2 hours) (Urine - PP)	Negative		Negative
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Blood Urea Nitrogen (BUN) (Serum/Calculated)	11.2	mg/dL	7.0 - 21
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Creatinine (Serum/Jaffe $\delta$ Alkaline Picrate)	1.3	mg/dL	0.9 - 1.3
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Uric Acid (Serum/Uricase/Peroxidase)	7	mg/dL	3.5 - 7.2
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**Liver Function Test**

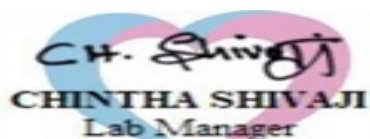
Bilirubin(Total) (Serum/Diazotized Sulphanilic acid)	0.9	mg/dL	0.1 - 1.2
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Bilirubin(Direct) (Serum/Diazotized Sulphanilic acid)	0.3	mg/dL	0.0 - 0.3
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Bilirubin(Indirect) (Serum/Calculated)	0.60	mg/dL	0.1 - 1.0
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SGOT/AST (Aspartate Aminotransferase) (Serum/IFCC without P-5-P)	<b>67 (Rechecked)</b>	U/L	5 - 40
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SGPT/ALT (Alanine Aminotransferase) (Serum/IFCC without P-5-P)	<b>80 (Rechecked)</b>	U/L	5 - 41
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Alkaline Phosphatase (SAP) (Serum/IFCC AMP Buffer)	147 (Rechecked)	U/L	53 - 128
Total Protein (Serum/Biuret)	8.8 (Rechecked)	gm/dl	6.0 - 8.0
Albumin (Serum/Bromocresol green)	4.6	gm/dl	3.5 - 5.2
Globulin (Serum/Calculated)	4.20	gm/dL	2.3 - 3.6
A : G RATIO (Serum/Calculated)	1.10		1.1 - 2.2

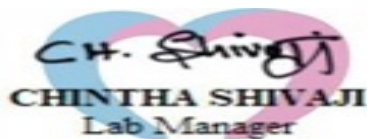
**INTERPRETATION:**Enclosure : Graph

GGT(Gamma Glutamyl Transpeptidase) (Serum/IFCC / Kinetic)	420 (Rechecked)	U/L	< 55
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**Lipid Profile**

Cholesterol Total (Serum/Cholesterol oxidase/Peroxidase)	311	mg/dL	Optimal: < 200 Borderline: 200 - 239 High Risk: >= 240
Triglycerides (Serum/Glycerol-phosphate oxidase/Peroxidase)	217	mg/dL	Optimal: < 150 Borderline: 150 - 199 High: 200 - 499 Very High: >= 500

**INTERPRETATION:** The reference ranges are based on fasting condition. Triglyceride levels change drastically in response to food, increasing as much as 5 to 10 times the fasting levels, just a few hours after eating. Fasting triglyceride levels show considerable diurnal variation too. There is evidence recommending triglycerides estimation in non-fasting condition for evaluating the risk of heart disease and screening for metabolic syndrome, as non-fasting sample is more representative of the "usual" circulating level of triglycerides during most part of the day.



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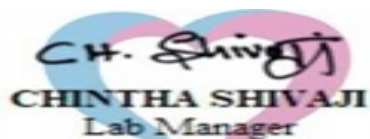
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<u>Investigation</u>	<u>Observed Value</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Biological Reference Interval</u>
HDL Cholesterol (Serum/Immunoinhibition)	62	mg/dL	Optimal(Negative Risk Factor): >= 60 Borderline: 40 - 59 High Risk: < 40
LDL Cholesterol (Serum/Calculated)	205.6	mg/dL	Optimal: < 100 Above Optimal: 100 - 129 Borderline: 130 - 159 High: 160 - 189 Very High: >= 190
VLDL Cholesterol (Serum/Calculated)	43.4	mg/dL	< 30
Non HDL Cholesterol (Serum/Calculated)	249.0	mg/dL	Optimal: < 130 Above Optimal: 130 - 159 Borderline High: 160 - 189 High: 190 - 219 Very High: >= 220

**INTERPRETATION:** 1.Non-HDL Cholesterol is now proven to be a better cardiovascular risk marker than LDL Cholesterol.  
2.It is the sum of all potentially atherogenic proteins including LDL, IDL, VLDL and chylomicrons and it is the "new bad cholesterol" and is a co-primary target for cholesterol lowering therapy.

Total Cholesterol/HDL Cholesterol Ratio (Serum/Calculated)	5	Optimal: < 3.3 Low Risk: 3.4 - 4.4 Average Risk: 4.5 - 7.1 Moderate Risk: 7.2 - 11.0 High Risk: > 11.0
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Triglyceride/HDL Cholesterol Ratio (TG/HDL) (Serum/Calculated)	3.5	Optimal: < 2.5 Mild to moderate risk: 2.5 - 5.0 High Risk: > 5.0
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LDL/HDL Cholesterol Ratio (Serum/Calculated)	3.3		Optimal: 0.5 - 3.0 Borderline: 3.1 - 6.0 High Risk: > 6.0

**Glycosylated Haemoglobin (HbA1c)**

HbA1C (Whole Blood/HPLC-Ion exchange)	6.1	%	Normal: 4.5 - 5.6 Prediabetes: 5.7 - 6.4 Diabetic: $\geq$ 6.5
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**INTERPRETATION:** If Diabetes - Good control : 6.1 - 7.0 % , Fair control : 7.1 - 8.0 % , Poor control  $\geq$  8.1 %

Mean Blood Glucose (Whole Blood)	128.37	mg/dl
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**INTERPRETATION: Comments**

HbA1c provides an index of Average Blood Glucose levels over the past 8 - 12 weeks and is a much better indicator of long term glycemic control as compared to blood and urinary glucose determinations.

Conditions that prolong RBC life span like Iron deficiency anemia, Vitamin B12 & Folate deficiency, hypertriglyceridemia, hyperbilirubinemia, Drugs, Alcohol, Lead Poisoning, Asplenia can give falsely elevated HbA1C values.

Conditions that shorten RBC survival like acute or chronic blood loss, hemolytic anemia, Hemoglobinopathies, Splenomegaly, Vitamin E ingestion, Pregnancy, End stage Renal disease can cause falsely low HbA1c.

**THYROID PROFILE / TFT**

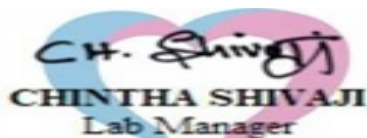
T3 (Triiodothyronine) - Total (Serum/Chemiluminescent Immunometric Assay (CLIA))	1.04	ng/ml	0.7 - 2.04
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**INTERPRETATION:**

**Comment :**

Total T3 variation can be seen in other condition like pregnancy, drugs, nephrosis etc. In such cases, Free T3 is recommended as it is Metabolically active.

T4 (Thyroxine) - Total (Serum/Chemiluminescent Immunometric Assay (CLIA))	11.24	$\mu$ g/dl	4.2 - 12.0
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**INTERPRETATION:**

**Comment :**

Total T4 variation can be seen in other condition like pregnancy, drugs, nephrosis etc. In such cases, Free T4 is recommended as it is Metabolically active.

TSH (Thyroid Stimulating Hormone) (Serum/Chemiluminescence)	<b>0.17</b>	μIU/mL	0.35 - 5.50
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**INTERPRETATION:**

Reference range for cord blood - upto 20

1 st trimester: 0.1-2.5

2 nd trimester 0.2-3.0

3 rd trimester : 0.3-3.0

(Indian Thyroid Society Guidelines)

**Comment :**

1.TSH reference range during pregnancy depends on Iodine intake, TPO status, Serum HCG concentration, race, Ethnicity and BMI.

2.TSH Levels are subject to circadian variation, reaching peak levels between 2-4am and at a minimum between 6-10PM.The variation can be of the order of 50%,hence time of the day has influence on the measured serum TSH concentrations.

3.Values&amplt;0.03 μIU/mL need to be clinically correlated due to presence of rare TSH variant in some individuals.

**Urine Analysis - Routine**

Others (Urine/Microscopy)	Nil
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**INTERPRETATION:**Note: Done with Automated Urine Analyser & microscopy

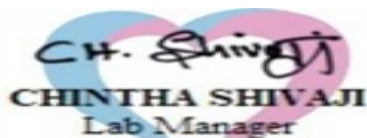
**Physical Examination(Urine Routine)**

Colour (Urine/Physical examination)	Pale Yellow	Yellow to Amber
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Appearance (Urine/Physical examination)	Clear	Clear
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**Chemical Examination(Urine Routine)**

Protein (Urine/Dipstick-Error of indicator/ Sulphosalicylic acid method )	Negative	Negative
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Glucose (Urine/Dip Stick Method / Glucose Oxidase - Peroxidase / Benedict's semi quantitative method.)	Negative		Negative
<b><u>Microscopic Examination(Urine Routine)</u></b>			
Pus Cells (Urine/Microscopy exam of urine sediment)	2-3	/hpf	0 - 5
Epithelial Cells (Urine/Microscopy exam of urine sediment)	1-2	/hpf	NIL
RBCs (Urine/Microscopy exam of urine sediment)	Nil	/hpf	0 - 5



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-- End of Report --