



CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS : ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD ( MEDIWHEEL ) F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULI SOUTH WEST DELHI NEW DELHI 110030

## SRL LTD GRAND MALL, OPPOSITE SBI ZONAL OFFICE, SM ROAD, AMBAWADI, AHMEDABAD, 380015 GUJRAT, INDIA Tal • 079-48912999.079-48913999,079-48914999

| DELHI INDIA<br>8800465156                                     | Tel : 079-48912999,079-48913999,079-48914999<br>Email : customercare.ahmedabad@srl.in |                            |                          |  |
|---|---|----------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| PATIENT NAME : SHOBHANA JAGR                                  | P   | ATTENT ID : SHOBF310365321 |                          |  |
| ACCESSION NO : 0321VI002091                                   | AGE : 57 Years SEX : Female   | ABHA NO :                  |                          |  |
| DRAWN : 24/09/2022 00:00:00                                   | RECEIVED : 24/09/2022 09:37:11  | REPORTED :                 | 27/09/2022 18:12:17      |  |
| REFERRING DOCTOR : SELF                                       |   | CLIEN                      | NT PATIENT ID:           |  |
| Test Report Status <u>Final</u>                               | Results   | Biological                 | Reference Interval Units |  |
| MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH (                                 | HECKUP ABOVE 40FEMALE   |                            |                          |  |
| BLOOD COUNTS,EDTA WHOLE BLO                                   | DD  |                            |                          |  |
| HEMOGLOBIN  | 13.1  | 12.0 - 15.0                | g/dL                     |  |
| RED BLOOD CELL COUNT  | 5.01  | <b>High</b> 3.8 - 4.8      | mil/µL                   |  |
| WHITE BLOOD CELL COUNT  | 5.38  | 4.0 - 10.0                 | thou/µL                  |  |
| PLATELET COUNT  | 327   | 150 - 410                  | thou/µL                  |  |
| RBC AND PLATELET INDICES                                      |   |                            |                          |  |
| HEMATOCRIT  | 40.8  | 36.0 - 46.0                | %                        |  |
| MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOL  | 81.4  | Low 83.0 - 101.0           | 0 fL                     |  |
| MEAN CORPUSCULAR HGB.   | 26.2  | Low 27.0 - 32.0            | pg                       |  |
| MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN<br>CONCENTRATION<br>MENTZER INDEX | 32.2<br>16.3  | 31.5 - 34.5                | g/dL                     |  |
| RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH                                   | 10.3<br>15.1  | <b>High</b> 11.6 - 14.0    | %                        |  |
| MEAN PLATELET VOLUME  | 7.0   | 6.8 - 10.9                 | fL                       |  |
| WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT - NLR                                  | 7.0   | 0.0 10.9                   | IL IL                    |  |
| SEGMENTED NEUTROPHILS   | 56  | 40 - 80                    | %                        |  |
| ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT                                     | 3.01  | 2.0 - 7.0                  | thou/µL                  |  |
| LYMPHOCYTES   | 34  | 20 - 40                    | %                        |  |
| ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT                                     | 1.83  | 1.0 - 3.0                  | thou/µL                  |  |
| NEUTROPHIL LYMPHOCYTE RATIO (NLI                              |   |                            | 0.000/ ME                |  |
| EOSINOPHILS   | 4   | 1.0 - 6.0                  | %                        |  |
| ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT                                     | 0.22  | 0.02 - 0.50                | thou/µL                  |  |
| MONOCYTES   | 6   | 2.0 - 10.0                 | %                        |  |
| ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT                                       | 0.32  | 0.2 - 1.0                  | thou/µL                  |  |
| BASOPHILS   | 0   | 0 - 1                      | %                        |  |
| ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT                                       | 0.00  | Low 0.02 - 0.10            |                          |  |
| DIFFERENTIAL COUNT PERFORMED ON                               |   |                            | <b>, p</b> -             |  |

## MORPHOLOGY

RBC WBC PLATELETS

REMARKS

NORMOCYTIC NORMOCHROMIC NORMAL MORPHOLOGY ADEQUATE NO PREMATURE CELLS ARE SEEN. MALARIAL PARASITES ARE NOT DETECTED.











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| 8800465156                               | Email                     | Email : customercare.ahmedabad@srl.in |   |                |  |  |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|----------------|--|--|
| PATIENT NAME : SHOBHANA JAGRUT RA        | AVAL                      | _                                     | PATIENT ID :  | SHOBF310365321 |  |  |
| ACCESSION NO : <b>0321VI002091</b> AGE : | 57 Years SEX : Female     |                                       | ABHA NO :   |                |  |  |
| DRAWN : 24/09/2022 00:00:00 RECE         | IVED: 24/09/2022 09:37:11 |                                       | REPORTED : 27/09/2022   | 18:12:17       |  |  |
| REFERRING DOCTOR : SELF                  |                           |                                       | CLIENT PATIENT ID :   |                |  |  |
| Test Report Status <u>Final</u>          | Results                   |                                       | Biological Reference In   | terval Units   |  |  |
| ERYTHRO SEDIMENTATION RATE, BLOO         | D                         |                                       |   |                |  |  |
| SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR)                 | 14                        |                                       | 0 - 20  | mm at 1 hr     |  |  |
| GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN, EDTA WH         | IOLE BLOOD                |                                       |   |                |  |  |
| GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HBA1C)          | 6.3                       | High                                  | Non-diabetic: < 5.7<br>Pre-diabetics: 5.7 - 6.4<br>Diabetics: > or = 6.5<br>ADA Target: 7.0<br>Action suggested: > 8.0                              | %              |  |  |
| MEAN PLASMA GLUCOSE                      | 134.1                     | High                                  | < 116.0   | mg/dL          |  |  |
| GLUCOSE, FASTING, PLASMA                 |                           |                                       |   |                |  |  |
| GLUCOSE, FASTING, PLASMA                 | 123                       | High                                  | 74 - 99   | mg/dL          |  |  |
| GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA           |                           |                                       |   |                |  |  |
| GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA           | 139                       |                                       | 70 - 140  | mg/dL          |  |  |
| CORONARY RISK PROFILE, SERUM             |                           |                                       |   |                |  |  |
| CHOLESTEROL                              | 170                       |                                       | Desirable: < 200<br>BorderlineHigh: 200 - 239<br>High: > or = 240   | mg/dL          |  |  |
| TRIGLYCERIDES                            | 96                        |                                       | Desirable: < 150<br>BorderlineHigh: 150 - 199<br>High: 200 - 499<br>Very High: > or = 500   | mg/dL          |  |  |
| HDL CHOLESTEROL                          | 49                        |                                       | < 40 Low  | mg/dL          |  |  |
| CHOLESTEROL LDL                          | 102                       | Hiah                                  | > or = 60 High<br>Adult levels:   | mg/dL          |  |  |
|  |                           | 5                                     | Optimal < 100<br>Near optimal/above optim<br>129<br>Borderline high : 130-159<br>High : 160-189   | al: 100-       |  |  |
| NON HDL CHOLESTEROL                      | 121                       |                                       | Very high : = 190<br>Desirable: Less than 130<br>Above Desirable: 130 - 15<br>Borderline High: 160 - 18<br>High: 190 - 219<br>Very high: > or = 220 |                |  |  |
| CHOL/HDL RATIO                           | 3.5                       |                                       | , 5   |                |  |  |
| LDL/HDL RATIO                            | 2.1                       |                                       | 0.5 - 3.0 Desirable/Low R<br>3.1 - 6.0 Borderline/Mode<br>>6.0 High Risk  |                |  |  |
| VERY LOW DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN             | 19.2                      |                                       |   | mg/dL          |  |  |
|  |                           |                                       |   |                |  |  |











SHOBF310365321

**CLIENT CODE :** C000138364

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PATIENT ID:

27/09/2022 18:12:17

## PATIENT NAME : SHOBHANA JAGRUT RAVAL

| ACCESSIO | N NO : | 0321VI0    | 02091 | AGE : | 57 Ye  | ars   | SEX :   | Female  | ABHA NO : |   |
|----------|--------|------------|-------|-------|--------|-------|---------|---------|-----------|---|
| DRAWN :  | 24/09, | /2022 00:0 | 0:00  | RECE  | IVED : | 24/09 | /2022 ( | 9:37:11 | REPORTED  | : |

REFERRING DOCTOR : SELF

CLIENT PATIENT ID:

| Test Report Status <u>Final</u>       | Results      |      | Biological Reference Interv | al Units       |
|---------------------------------------|--------------|------|-----------------------------|----------------|
|                                       | 0.74         |      | Unto 1 2                    | ma/dl          |
| BILIRUBIN, TOTAL<br>BILIRUBIN, DIRECT | 0.74<br>0.31 | High | Upto 1.2<br>Upto 0.2        | mg/dL<br>mg/dL |
| BILIRUBIN, INDIRECT                   | 0.43         | nign | 0.00 - 1.00                 | mg/dL          |
| TOTAL PROTEIN                         | 6.7          |      | 6.4 - 8.3                   | g/dL           |
| ALBUMIN                               | 4.7          |      | 3.5 - 5.2                   | g/dL           |
| GLOBULIN                              | 2.0          |      | 2.0 - 4.1                   | g/dL           |
| ALBUMIN/GLOBULIN RATIO                | 2.0<br>2.4   | Hiah | 1.0 - 2.0                   | g/uL<br>RATIO  |
| SPARTATE AMINOTRANSFERASE (AST/SGOT)  | 19           |      | 0 - 32                      | U/L            |
| LANINE AMINOTRANSFERASE (ALT/SGPT)    | 26           |      | 0 - 33                      | U/L            |
| LKALINE PHOSPHATASE                   | 139          | Hiah | 35 - 104                    | U/L            |
| GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE (GGT)      | 54           |      | 5 - 36                      | U/L            |
| ACTATE DEHYDROGENASE                  | 187          |      | 135 - 214                   | U/L            |
| ERUM BLOOD UREA NITROGEN              | 107          |      | 155 214                     | 0/L            |
| BLOOD UREA NITROGEN                   | 8            |      | 6 - 20                      | mg/dL          |
| REATININE, SERUM                      | 0            |      | 0 20                        | mg/uL          |
| REATININE                             | 0.77         |      | 0.60 - 1.10                 | mg/dL          |
| SUN/CREAT RATIO                       | 0.77         |      | 0.00 1.10                   | mg/uL          |
| SUN/CREAT RATIO                       | 10.39        |      | 5.0 - 15.0                  |                |
| IRIC ACID, SERUM                      | 10105        |      | 510 1510                    |                |
| IRIC ACID                             | 8.2          | Hiah | 2.4 - 5.7                   | mg/dL          |
| LECTROLYTES (NA/K/CL), SERUM          | 012          |      | 2.1 5.7                     | ing/ac         |
| ODIUM                                 | 143.6        |      | 136- 145                    | mmol/L         |
| OTASSIUM                              | 4.82         |      | 3.50- 5.10                  | mmol/L         |
| CHLORIDE                              | 102.7        |      | 98 - 107                    | mmol/L         |
| PHYSICAL EXAMINATION, URINE           |              |      |                             |                |
| COLOR                                 | Yellow       |      |                             |                |
| PPEARANCE                             | Clear        |      |                             |                |
| PECIFIC GRAVITY                       | 1.020        |      | 1.003 - 1.035               |                |
| HEMICAL EXAMINATION, URINE            |              |      |                             |                |
| н                                     | 5.5          |      | 4.7 - 7.5                   |                |
| ROTEIN                                | NOT DETECTED |      | NOT DETECTED                |                |
| SLUCOSE                               | NOT DETECTED |      | NOT DETECTED                |                |
| ETONES                                | NOT DETECTED |      | NOT DETECTED                |                |











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CLIENT PATIENT ID:

# PATIENT NAME : SHOBHANA JAGRUT RAVAL PATIENT ID : SHOBF310365321 ACCESSION NO : 0321VI002091 AGE : 57 Years SEX : Female ABHA NO : DRAWN : 24/09/2022 00:00:00 RECEIVED : 24/09/2022 09:37:11 REPORTED : 27/09/2022 18:12:17

## REFERRING DOCTOR : SELF

| Test Report Status <u>Final</u>       | Results                                       | Biological Reference Interva              | al Units |
|---------------------------------------|---|---|----------|
|                                       |   |   |          |
| BLOOD                                 | NOT DETECTED                                  | NOT DETECTED                              |          |
| BILIRUBIN                             | NOT DETECTED                                  | NOT DETECTED                              |          |
| UROBILINOGEN                          | NORMAL  | NORMAL                                    |          |
| NITRITE                               | NOT DETECTED                                  | NOT DETECTED                              |          |
| LEUKOCYTE ESTERASE                    | NOT DETECTED                                  | NOT DETECTED                              |          |
| MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION, URINE        |   |   |          |
| PUS CELL (WBC'S)                      | NOT DETECTED                                  | 0-5                                       | /HPF     |
| EPITHELIAL CELLS                      | 1-2   | 0-5                                       | /HPF     |
| ERYTHROCYTES (RBC'S)                  | NOT DETECTED                                  | NOT DETECTED                              | /HPF     |
| CASTS                                 | NOT DETECTED                                  |   |          |
| CRYSTALS                              | NOT DETECTED                                  |   |          |
| BACTERIA                              | NOT DETECTED                                  | NOT DETECTED                              |          |
| YEAST                                 | NOT DETECTED                                  | NOT DETECTED                              |          |
| REMARKS                               | MICROSCOPIC EXAMINAT<br>CENTRIFUGED URINARY S | TON OF URINE IS CARRIED OUT (<br>EDIMENT. | NC       |
| THYROID PANEL, SERUM                  |   |   |          |
| Т3                                    | 129.9   | 80.00 - 200.00                            | ng/dL    |
| T4                                    | 12.98   | 5.10 - 14.10                              | µg/dL    |
| TSH 3RD GENERATION                    | 10.050 High                                   | 0.270 - 4.200                             | µIU/mL   |
| ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD |   |   |          |
| ABO GROUP                             | TYPE A  |   |          |
| RH TYPE                               | POSITIVE                                      |   |          |
| XRAY-CHEST                            |   |   |          |
| IMPRESSION                            | PROMINENT BRONCHO VA                          | SCULAR MARKINGS NOTED                     |          |
| TMT OR ECHO                           |   |   |          |









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## PATIENT NAME : SHOBHANA JAGRUT RAVAL PATIENT ID: SHOBF310365321 ACCESSION NO : 0321VI002091 AGE: 57 Years SEX · Female ABHA NO : DRAWN: 24/09/2022 00:00:00 RECEIVED : 24/09/2022 09:37:11 27/09/2022 18:12:17 REPORTED : REFERRING DOCTOR : SELF CLIENT PATIENT ID: Results Biological Reference Interval **Test Report Status** Units **Final** TMT OR ECHO 2D ECHO:-1) NORMAL CHAMBERS AND VALVES. MILD CONCENTRIC LVH. 2) GOOD LV SYSTOLIC FUNCTION. LVEF 55%. NO RWMA AT REST. 3) NO MR, AR. MILD TR. 4) REDUCED LV COMPLIANCE. 5) MILD PAH. RVSP = 40. 6) NO LV CLOT, VEGETATION OR PERICARDIAL EFFUSION. 7) IAS/IVS INTACT. ECG ECG NORMAL SINUS RHYTHM **MEDICAL HISTORY** RELEVANT PRESENT HISTORY K/C/O HYPOTHYROIDISM ON TREATMENT SINCE LAST 25 YEARS; C/O KNEE AND BACK PAIN SINCE LAST 3 YEARS RELEVANT PAST HISTORY P/H/O HYSTERECTOMY SURGERY 10 YEARS BACK; P/H/O LEFT LEG FRACTURE SURGERY 12 - 13 YEARS BACK RELEVANT PERSONAL HISTORY NOT SIGNIFICANT **OBSTETRIC HISTORY (FOR FEMALES)** G4,P3,A1,L3 LCB (FOR FEMALES) 21/09/1990 **RELEVANT FAMILY HISTORY** HEART DISEASE; TUBERCULOSIS; DIABETES; CANCER OCCUPATIONAL HISTORY NOT SIGNIFICANT HISTORY OF MEDICATIONS TAB. THYRONORM; PAIN KILLER **ANTHROPOMETRIC DATA & BMI** HEIGHT IN METERS 1.54 mts WEIGHT IN KGS. 114.6 Kgs











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## PATIENT NAME : SHOBHANA JAGRUT RAVAL PATIENT ID: SHOBF310365321 ACCESSION NO : 0321VI002091 AGE: 57 Years SEX · Female ABHA NO : DRAWN: 24/09/2022 00:00:00 RECEIVED : 24/09/2022 09:37:11 27/09/2022 18:12:17 **REPORTED** : REFERRING DOCTOR : SELF CLIENT PATIENT ID : Results Biological Reference Interval **Test Report Status** Units **Final** BMI & Weight Status as follows: kg/sqmts BMI 48 Below 18.5: Underweight 18.5 - 24.9: Normal 25.0 - 29.9: Overweight 30.0 and Above: Obese **GENERAL EXAMINATION** MENTAL / EMOTIONAL STATE NORMAL PHYSICAL ATTITUDE NORMAL GENERAL APPEARANCE / NUTRITIONAL STATUS OBESE **BUILT / SKELETAL FRAMEWORK** AVERAGE FACIAL APPEARANCE NORMAL SKIN NORMAL UPPER LIMB NORMAL LOWER LIMB NORMAL NECK NORMAL NECK LYMPHATICS / SALIVARY GLANDS NOT ENLARGED OR TENDER THYROID GLAND NOT ENLARGED **TEMPERATURE** NORMAL PULSE 86/MIN RESPIRATORY RATE NORMAL CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM 154/114 MM HG RΡ mm/Hg (SITTING) PERICARDIUM NORMAL APEX BEAT NORMAL HEART SOUNDS S1, S2 HEARD NORMALLY MURMURS ABSENT **RESPIRATORY SYSTEM** SIZE AND SHAPE OF CHEST NORMAL MOVEMENTS OF CHEST SYMMETRICAL BREATH SOUNDS INTENSITY NORMAL BREATH SOUNDS QUALITY VESICULAR (NORMAL) ADDED SOUNDS ABSENT PER ABDOMEN NORMAL APPEARANCE











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| Test Report Status <u>Final</u>        | Results                                   | Biological Reference Interval Units |  |  |  |  |
|--|---|-------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
|  |   |                                     |  |  |  |  |
| LIVER                                  | NOT PALPABLE                              |                                     |  |  |  |  |
| SPLEEN                                 | NOT PALPABLE                              |                                     |  |  |  |  |
|  | NORMAL                                    |                                     |  |  |  |  |
| HIGHER FUNCTIONS                       | NORMAL                                    |                                     |  |  |  |  |
| CRANIAL NERVES<br>CEREBELLAR FUNCTIONS | NORMAL<br>NORMAL                          |                                     |  |  |  |  |
| SENSORY SYSTEM                         | NORMAL                                    |                                     |  |  |  |  |
| MOTOR SYSTEM                           | NORMAL                                    |                                     |  |  |  |  |
| REFLEXES                               | NORMAL                                    |                                     |  |  |  |  |
|  | NORMAL                                    |                                     |  |  |  |  |
| SPINE                                  | NORMAL                                    |                                     |  |  |  |  |
| JOINTS                                 | NORMAL                                    |                                     |  |  |  |  |
| BASIC EYE EXAMINATION                  |   |                                     |  |  |  |  |
| DISTANT VISION RIGHT EYE WITH GLASSES  | WITH GLASSES NORMAL                       |                                     |  |  |  |  |
| DISTANT VISION LEFT EYE WITH GLASSES   | WITH GLASSES NORMAL                       | WITH GLASSES NORMAL                 |  |  |  |  |
| NEAR VISION RIGHT EYE WITH GLASSES     | WITHIN NORMAL LIMIT                       |                                     |  |  |  |  |
| NEAR VISION LEFT EYE WITH GLASSES      | WITHIN NORMAL LIMIT                       |                                     |  |  |  |  |
| COLOUR VISION                          | NORMAL                                    |                                     |  |  |  |  |
| SUMMARY                                |   |                                     |  |  |  |  |
| RELEVANT HISTORY                       | K/C/O HYPOTHYROIDISM                      | ON TREATMENT SINCE LAST 25 YEARS;   |  |  |  |  |
| RELEVANT GP EXAMINATION FINDINGS       | C/O KNEE AND BACK PAII<br>NOT SIGNIFICANT | N SINCE LAST 3 YEARS                |  |  |  |  |
| RELEVANT LAB INVESTIGATIONS            | FBS:- HIGH                                |                                     |  |  |  |  |
|  | HBA1C:- PRE-DIABETIC, N                   | MEAN PLASMA GLUCOSE:- HIGH          |  |  |  |  |
|  | LDL:- HIGH                                |                                     |  |  |  |  |
|  | ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE:                     | - HIGH                              |  |  |  |  |
|  | GGT:- HIGH                                |                                     |  |  |  |  |
|  | URIC ACID:- HIGH                          |                                     |  |  |  |  |
|  | TSH:- HIGH                                |                                     |  |  |  |  |
|  |   |                                     |  |  |  |  |











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DRAWN : 24/09/2022 00:00:00 RECEIVED : 24/09/2022 09:37:11

REFERRING DOCTOR : SELF

| Test Report Status <u>Final</u>    | Results                                       | Biological Reference Interval Units   |  |  |  |
|------------------------------------|---|---|--|--|--|
| RELEVANT NON PATHOLOGY DIAGNOSTICS | USG ABDOMEN:- FAT                             | TY LIVER, LEFT RENAL CALCULI;   |  |  |  |
| REMARKS / RECOMMENDATIONS          |   | IINENT BRONCHO VASCULAR MARKINGS NOTED<br>C:- PRE-DIABETIC, MEAN PLASMA GLUCOSE:-     |  |  |  |
|                                    |   | KE OF SWEET, SUGAR, STARCH IN DIET, REGULAR<br>REPEAT FBS, PPBS AND HBA1C AND<br>NION |  |  |  |
|                                    | 2) LDL:- HIGH                                 |   |  |  |  |
|                                    | ADV:- LOW FAT DIET, REGULAR PHYSICAL EXERCISE |   |  |  |  |
|                                    | 3) URIC ACID:- HIGH                           |   |  |  |  |
|                                    | ADV:- PHYSICIAN OPINION                       |   |  |  |  |
|                                    | 4) TSH:- HIGH                                 |   |  |  |  |
|                                    | ADV:- ENDOCRINOLC                             | DGIST OPINION   |  |  |  |
|                                    | 5) ALKALINE PHOSPH<br>FATTY LIVER             | IATASE:- HIGH, GGT:- HIGH, USG ABDOMEN:-  |  |  |  |
|                                    | ADV:- REDUCE INTAK<br>OPINION                 | E OF FRIED AND OILY FOODS AND GASTROLOGIST  |  |  |  |
| Comments                           |   |   |  |  |  |

OUR PANEL DOCTORS FOR NON-PATHOLOGY TESTS:-

CHECK UP DONE BY:- DR. NAMRATA AGRAWAL (M.B.B.S)

REPORT REVIEWED BY:- DR. PRIYANK KAPADIYA (M.B.B.S DNB MEDICINE)

RADIOLOGIST:- DR. KALPANA MODI (M.D.RADIOLOGY) // DR. SAHIL N SHAH (M.D.RADIOLOGY)











**CLIENT'S NAME AND ADDRESS :** 

ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD ( MEDIWHEEL ) F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULI SOUTH WEST DELHI **NEW DELHI 110030** DELHI INDIA 8800465156

## SRL LTD GRAND MALL, OPPOSITE SBI ZONAL OFFICE, SM ROAD, AMBAWADI, AHMEDABAD, 380015 GUJRAT, INDIA Tel: 079-48912999,079-48913999,079-48914999 Email : customercare.ahmedabad@srl.in

| REFERRING DOCTOR : SELF     |                                | CLIENT PATIENT ID:             |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| DRAWN : 24/09/2022 00:00:00 | RECEIVED : 24/09/2022 09:37:11 | REPORTED : 27/09/2022 18:12:17 |
| ACCESSION NO : 0321VI002091 | AGE : 57 Years SEX : Female    | ABHA NO :                      |
| PATIENT NAME : SHOBHANA JA  | GRUT RAVAL                     | PATIENT ID : SHOBF310365321    |

## MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP ABOVE 40FEMALE

ULTRASOUND ABDOMEN

**ULTRASOUND ABDOMEN** 

FATTY LIVER:

## LEFT RENAL CALCULI

## Interpretation(s)

BLOOD COUNTS, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-

The cell morphology is well preserved for 24hrs. However after 24-48 hrs a progressive increase in MCV and HCT is observed leading to a decrease in MCHC. A direct smear is recommended for an accurate differential count and for examination of RBC morphology. WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT - NLR-

The optimal threshold of 3.3 for NLR showed a prognostic possibility of clinical symptoms to change from mild to severe in COVID positive patients. When age = 49.5 years old and NLR = 3.3, 46.1% COVID-19 patients with mild disease might become severe. By contrast, when age < 49.5 years old and NLR < 3.3, COVID-19 patients tend to show mild disease.

(Reference to - The diagnostic and predictive role of NLR, d-NLR and PLR in COVID-19 patients : A.-P. Yang, et al.: International Immunopharmacology 84 (2020) 106504 This ratio element is a calculated parameter and out of NABL scope.

ERYTHRO SEDIMENTATION RATE, BLOOD-Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a non - specific phenomena and is clinically useful in the diagnosis and monitoring of disorders associated with an increased production of acute phase reactants. The ESR is increased in pregnancy from about the 3rd month and returns to normal by the 4th week post partum. ESR is influenced by age, sex, menstrual cycle and drugs (eg. corticosteroids, contraceptives). It is especially low (0 -1mm) in polycythaemia, hypofibrinogenemia or congestive cardiac failure and when there are abnormalities of the red cells such as poikilocytosis, spherocytosis or sickle cells.

Reference :

Nathan and Oski's Haematology of Infancy and Childhood, 5th edition
 Paediatric reference intervals. AACC Press, 7th edition. Edited by S. Soldin
 The reference for the adult reference range is "Practical Haematology by Dacie and Lewis, 10th Edition"

Glycosylated hemoglobin (GHb) has been firmly established as an index of long-term blood glucose concentrations and as a measure of the risk for the development of complications in patients with diabetes mellitus. Formation of GHb is essentially irreversible, and the concentration in the blood depends on both the life span of the red blood cell (average 120 days) and the blood glucose concentration. Because the rate of formation of GHb is directly proportional to the concentration of glucose in the blood, the GHb concentration represents the integrated values for glucose over the preceding 6-8 weeks.

Any condition that alters the life span of the red blood cells has the potential to alter the GHb level. Samples from patients with hemolytic anemias will exhibit decreased glycated hemoglobin values due to the shortened life span of the red cells. This effect will depend upon the severity of the anemia. Samples from patients with polycythemia

grycated hemoglobins may exhibit increased glycated hemoglobin values due to a somewhat longer life span of the red cells. Glycosylated hemoglobins results from patients with HbSS, HbCC, and HbSC and HbD must be interpreted with caution, given the pathological processes, including anemia, increased red cell turnover, transfusion requirements, that adversely impact HbA1c as a marker of long-term glycemic control. In these conditions, alternative forms of testing such as glycated serum protein (fructosamine) should be considered. "Targets should be individualized; More or less stringent glycemic goals may be appropriate for individual patients. Goals should be individualized based on duration of

diabetes, age/life expectancy, comorbid conditions, known CVD or advanced microvascular complications, hypoglycemia unawareness, and individual patient considerations.

References

1. Tietz Textbook of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Diagnostics, edited by Carl A Burtis, Edward R.Ashwood, David E Bruns, 4th Edition, Elsevier publication, 2006, 879-884.

2. Forsham PH. Diabetes Mellitus: A rational plan for management. Postgrad Med 1982, 71,139-154.

3. Mayer TK, Freedman ZR: Protein glycosylation in Diabetes Mellitus: A review of laboratory measurements and their clinical utility. Clin Chim Acta 1983, 127, 147-184. GLUCOSE, FASTING, PLASMA-ADA 2021 guidelines for adults, after 8 hrs fasting is as follows:

Pre-diabetics: 100 - 125 mg/dL Diabetic: > or = 126 mg/dL

GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA-ADA Guidelines for 2hr post prandial glucose levels is only after ingestion of 75grams of glucose in 300 ml water, over a period of 5 minutes.

LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM-

LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE

Bilirubin is a yellowish pigment found in bile and is a breakdown product of normal heme catabolism. Bilirubin is excreted in bile and urine, and elevated levels may give



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yellow discoloration in jaundice. Elevated levels results from increased bilirubin production (eg, hemolysis and ineffective erythropoiesis), decreased bilirubin excretion (eg, obstruction and hepatitis), and abnormal bilirubin metabolism (eg, hereditary and neonatal jaundice). Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin in Viral hepatitis, Drug reactions, Alcoholic liver disease Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is also elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin when there is some kind of blockage of the bile ducts like in Gallstones getting into the bile ducts, tumors &Scarring of the bile ducts. Increased unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin may be a result of Hemolytic or pernicious anemia, Transfusion reaction & a common metabolic condition termed Gilbert syndrome, due to low levels of the enzyme that attaches sugar molecules to bilirubin.

AST is an enzyme found in various parts of the body. AST is found in the liver, heart, skeletal muscle, kidneys, brain, and red blood cells, and it is commonly measured clinically as a marker for liver health. AST levels increase during chronic viral hepatitis, blockage of the bile duct, cirrhosis of the liver, liver cancer, kidney failure, hemolytic anemia, pancreatitis, hemochromatosis. AST levels may also increase after a heart attack or strenuous activity.ALT test measures the amount of this enzyme in the blood.ALT is found mainly in the liver, but also in smaller amounts in the kidneys, heart, muscles, and pancreas. It is commonly measured as a part of a diagnostic evaluation of hepatocellular injury, to determine liver health.AST levels increase during acute hepatitis, sometimes due to a viral infection, ischemia to the liver, chronic hepatitis.obstruction of bile ducts.cirrhosis.

ALP is a protein found in almost all body tissues. Tissues with higher amounts of ALP include the liver, bile ducts and bone. Elevated ALP levels are seen in Biliary obstruction, Osteoblastic bone tumors, osteomalacia, hepatitis, Hyperparathyroidism, Leukemia, Lymphoma, Paget's disease,Rickets,Sarcoidosis etc. Lower-than-normal ALP levels seen in Hypophosphatasia,Malnutrition,Protein deficiency,Wilson's disease.GGT is an enzyme found in cell membranes of many tissues mainly in the liver,kidney and pancreas.It is also found in other tissues including intestine, spleen, heart, brain and seminal vesicles. The highest concentration is in the kidney, but the liver is considered the source of normal enzyme activity. Serum GGT has been widely used as an index of liver dysfunction. Elevated serum GGT activity can be found in diseases of the liver, biliary system and pancreas. Conditions that increase serum GGT are obstructive liver disease, high alcohol consumption and use of enzyme-inducing drugs etc. Serum total protein, also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum.Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin.Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstrom's disease.Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage), Burns, Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc.Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma.It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein.Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance,malnutrition and wasting etc SERUM BLOOD UREA NITROGEN-

Causes of Increased levels

Pre renal

High protein diet, Increased protein catabolism, GI haemorrhage, Cortisol, Dehydration, CHF Renal

 Renal Failure Post Renal

• Malignancy, Nephrolithiasis, Prostatism

Causes of decreased levels

Liver disease

SIADH.

CREATININE, SERUM-

Higher than normal level may be due to:

Blockage in the urinary tract

Kidney problems, such as kidney damage or failure, infection, or reduced blood flow
Loss of body fluid (dehydration)
Muscle problems, such as breakdown of muscle fibers

• Problems during pregnancy, such as seizures (eclampsia)), or high blood pressure caused by pregnancy (preeclampsia)

Lower than normal level may be due to: • Myasthenia Gravis Muscular dystrophy URIC ACID, SERUM-Causes of Increased levels Dietary • High Protein Intake. • Prolonged Fasting, Rapid weight loss Gout Lesch nyhan syndrome. Type 2 DM.

Metabolic syndrome.

Causes of decreased levels

 Low Zinc Intake • OCP's

Multiple Sclerosis

Nutritional tips to manage increased Uric acid levels Drink plenty of fluids



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| Test Report Status Final    | Results                        | Biological Reference Interval Units |
|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
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| PATIENT NAME : SHOBHANA JA  | GRUT RAVAL                     | PATIENT ID : SHOBF310365321         |

Limit animal proteins

· High Fibre foods

• Vit C Intake

Antioxidant rich foods
 ELECTROLYTES (NA/K/CL), SERUM-

Sodium levels are Increased in dehydration, cushing's syndrome, aldosteronism & decreased in Addison's disease, hypopituitarism, liver disease. Hypokalemia (low K) is common in vomiting, diarrhea, alcoholism, folic acid deficiency and primary aldosteronism. Hyperkalemia may be seen in end-stage renal failure, hemolysis, trauma, Addison's disease, metabolic acidosis, acute starvation, dehydration, and with rapid K infusion. Chloride is increased in dehydration, renal tubular acidosis (hyperchloremia metabolic acidosis), acute renal failure, metabolic acidosis associated with prolonged diarrhea and loss of sodium bicarbonate, diabetes insipidus, adrenocortical hyperfuction, salicylate intoxication and with excessive infusion of isotonic saline or extremely high dietary intake of salt. Chloride is decreased in overhydration, chronic respiratory acidosis, salt-losing nephritis, metabolic alkalosis, congestive heart failure, Addisonian crisis, certain types of metabolic acidosis, persistent gastric secretion and prolonaed vomitina,

MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION, URINE-

Routine urine analysis assists in screening and diagnosis of various metabolic, urological, kidney and liver disorders Protein: Elevated proteins can be an early sign of kidney disease. Urinary protein excretion can also be temporarily elevated by strenuous exercise, orthostatic proteinuria, dehydration, urinary tract infections and acute illness with fever

Glucose: Uncontrolled diabetes mellitus can lead to presence of glucose in urine. Other causes include pregnancy, hormonal disturbances, liver disease and certain medications.

Ketones: Uncontrolled diabetes mellitus can lead to presence of ketones in urine. Ketones can also be seen in starvation, frequent vomiting, pregnancy and strenuous exercise.

Blood: Occult blood can occur in urine as intact erythrocytes or haemoglobin, which can occur in various urological, nephrological and bleeding disorders

Leukocytes: An increase in leukocytes is an indication of inflammation in urinary tract or kidneys. Most common cause is bacterial urinary tract infection. Nitrite: Many bacteria give positive results when their number is high. Nitrite concentration during infection increases with length of time the urine specimen is retained in

bladder prior to collection. pH: The kidneys play an important role in maintaining acid base balance of the body. Conditions of the body producing acidosis/ alkalosis or ingestion of certain type of food can affect the pH of urine.

Specific gravity: Specific gravity gives an indication of how concentrated the urine is. Increased specific gravity is seen in conditions like dehydration, glycosuria and proteinuria while decreased specific gravity is seen in excessive fluid intake, renal failure and diabetes insipidus.

Bilirubin: In certain liver diseases such as biliary obstruction or hepatitis, bilirubin gets excreted in urine. Urobilinogen: Positive results are seen in liver diseases like hepatitis and cirrhosis and in cases of hemolytic anemia

THYROID PANEL, SERUM-

Triiodot PANEL, SEROM-Triiodothyronine T3, is a thyroid hormone. It affects almost every physiological process in the body, including growth, development, metabolism, body temperature, and heart rate. Production of T3 and its prohormone thyroxine (T4) is activated by thyroid-stimulating hormone (TSH), which is released from the pituitary gland. Elevated concentrations of T3, and T4 in the blood inhibit the production of TSH. Thyroxine T4, Thyroxine's principal function is to stimulate the metabolism of all cells and tissues in the body. Excessive secretion of thyroxine in the body is

hyperthyroidism, and deficient secretion is called hypothyroidism. Most of the thyroid hormone in blood is bound to transport proteins. Only a very small fraction of the

In primary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are significantly elevated, while in secondary and tertiary hypothyroidism, TSH levels are low. Below mentioned are the guidelines for Pregnancy related reference ranges for Total T4, TSH & Total T3

| Delow mentioned | are the guidennes for  | ricghancy relate  | a reference runges to |
|-----------------|------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| Levels in       | TOTAL T4               | TSH3G             | TOTAL T3              |
| Pregnancy       | (µg/dL)                | (µIU/mL)          | (ng/dL)               |
| First Trimester | 6.6 - 12.4             | 0.1 - 2.5         | 81 - 190              |
| 2nd Trimester   | 6.6 - 15.5             | 0.2 - 3.0         | 100 - 260             |
| 3rd Trimester   | 6.6 - 15.5             | 0.3 - 3.0         | 100 - 260             |
| Below mentioned | are the guidelines for | age related refer | ence ranges for T3 ar |
|                 |                        |                   |                       |

and T4. T4

T3 (na/dL) (ua/dI)

| (119/41)           | (P9/4L)             |
|--------------------|---------------------|
| New Born: 75 - 260 | 1-3 day: 8.2 - 19.9 |
|                    | 1 Week: 6.0 - 15.9  |
|                    |                     |

NOTE: TSH concentrations in apparently normal euthyroid subjects are known to be highly skewed, with a strong tailed distribution towards higher TSH values. This is well documented in the pediatric population including the infant age group. Kindly note: Method specific reference ranges are appearing on the report under biological reference range.

## Reference:

Ν

 Burtis C.A., Ashwood E. R. Bruns D.E. Teitz textbook of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Diagnostics, 4th Edition.
 Gowenlock A.H. Varley's Practical Clinical Biochemistry, 6th Edition.
 Behrman R.E. Kilegman R.M., Jenson H. B. Nelson Text Book of Pediatrics, 17th Edition ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-Blood group is identified by antigens and antibodies present in the blood. Antigens are protein molecules found on the surface of red blood cells. Antibodies are found in plasma. To determine blood group, red cells are mixed with different antibody solutions to give A,B,O or AB.

Disclaimer: "Please note, as the results of previous ABO and Rh group (Blood Group) for pregnant women are not available, please check with the patient records for availability of the same.'











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| Test Report Status Final    |                                |                                |
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The test is performed by both forward as well as reverse grouping methods. MEDICAL

THIS REPORT CARRIES THE SIGNATURE OF OUR LABORATORY DIRECTOR. THIS IS AN INVIOLABLE FEATURE OF OUR LAB MANAGEMENT SOFTWARE. HOWEVER, ALL EXAMINATIONS AND INVESTIGATIONS HAVE BEEN CONDUCTED BY OUR PANEL OF DOCTORS.

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Dr.Sahil .N.Shah

**Consultant Radiologist** 

P. V. Espadia

**Dr.Priyank Kapadia** Physician

KKModi

Dr Kalpana Modi Radiologist



**Dr.Miral Gajera Consultant Pathologist** 

## **CONDITIONS OF LABORATORY TESTING & REPORTING**

1. It is presumed that the test sample belongs to the patient named or identified in the test requisition form. 2. All tests are performed and reported as per the turnaround time stated in the SRL Directory of Services. 3. Result delays could occur due to unforeseen circumstances such as non-availability of kits / equipment breakdown / natural calamities / technical downtime or any

other unforeseen event. 4. A requested test might not be performed if:

- i. Specimen received is insufficient or inappropriate
- ii. Specimen quality is unsatisfactory
- iii. Incorrect specimen type

iv. Discrepancy between identification on specimen container label and test requisition form

5. SRL confirms that all tests have been performed or assayed with highest quality standards, clinical safety & technical integrity.

6. Laboratory results should not be interpreted in isolation; it must be correlated with clinical information and be interpreted by registered medical practitioners only to determine final diagnosis.

7. Test results may vary based on time of collection, physiological condition of the patient, current medication or nutritional and dietary changes. Please consult your doctor or call us for any clarification.

- 8. Test results cannot be used for Medico legal purposes.
- 9. In case of queries please call customer care
- (91115 91115) within 48 hours of the report.

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