

Issue Date: 04/05/2017



भारत सरकार

Government of India



बिमान झा

Biman Sahoo

जन्म तिथि/DOB: 10/12/1983

पुरुष/ MALE

7889 6568 9642

VID : 91112 4322 2525 8282

जेरा आधार, जेरी पहचान



भारतीय विशिष्ट पहचान प्राधिकरण

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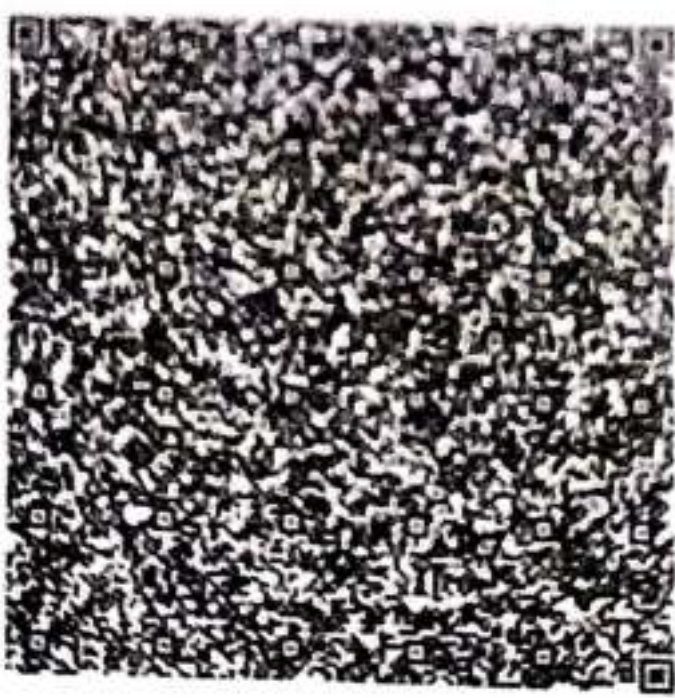


पता:

द्वारा: गौरांग प्रसाद साहू, फ्लैट न - एक - 8/84,  
एडव्यूथओ कॉलोनी, सुगन विहार, सेक्टर 1, विद्याधर  
नगर, जयपुर,  
राजस्थान - 302039

Address:

C/O: Gouranga Prasad Sahoo, Flat No - F -  
8/84 , AWHO Colony, Sugan Vihar, Sector 1,  
Vidyadhar nagar, Jaipur,  
Rajasthan - 302039



7889 6568 9642

UID : 9112 4322 2525 8282



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to work 10:00 AM to 10:00 PM  
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 **GPS Map Camera**

**Jaipur, Rajasthan, India**

G-22 Vidhadher Enclave 14, near Cine Star, Sector 2, Central Spine,  
Vidyadhar Nagar, Jaipur, Rajasthan 302039, India

Lat 26.964526°

Long 75.782503°

24/12/23 02:03 PM GMT +05:30





 **GPS Map Camera**

**Jaipur, Rajasthan, India**

Vidhyadhar Enclave II, b 14, Sector 2 Rd, Sector 2, Central Spine,  
Vidyadhar Nagar, Jaipur, Rajasthan 302039, India

Lat 26.964464°

Long 75.782608°

24/12/23 02:05 PM GMT +05:30



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24 DEC 2024  
MANGHE DIAGNOSTIC ASSOCIATES LP PC HEALTH SOLUTIONS LLP





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*Biman Sahoo*

DR. PRANISH GOYAL  
MBBS, MD (Radiologist)  
RMC No.-037041

78889 65668 9642

VID : 91112 4322 2525 8282

भेरा आधार, भेरी पहचान



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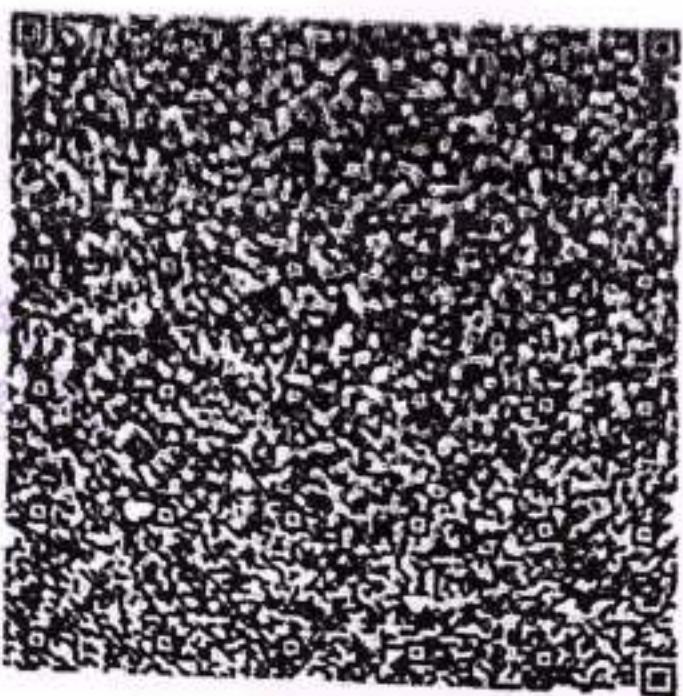
Download Date: 11/08/2023

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78889 65688 9642

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Dr. JYUSHT  
Member (Radha)  
1407575000 (Radha)  
MNC No.-097041



1947



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Central Spine, Vidhyadhar Nagar, Jaipur - 302023
- +91 141 4824885 maxcarediagnostics1@gmail.com



## General Physical Examination

Date of Examination: 04/12/2023

Name: BITMAN SAHOO Age: 40 YRS DOB: 10/11/1983 Sex: Male

Referred By: BANK OF BARODA

Photo ID: AADHAR CARD ID #: 3649

Ht: 166 (cm)

Wt: 74 (Kg)

Chest (Expiration): 92 (cm)

Abdomen Circumference: 86 (cm)

Blood Pressure: 100/80 mm Hg PR: 89/min RR: 17/min Temp: Afebrile

BMI 27.2

Eye Examination: R/E - GIG, NIG, NCB  
L/E - GIG, NIG, NCB

Other: No

On examination he/she appears physically and mentally fit: Yes / No

Signature Of Examinee: [Signature] Name of Examinee: BITMAN SAHOO

Signature Medical Examiner: [Signature] Name Medical Examiner: DR. PIYUSH GOYAL  
MBBS, DMRD (Radiologist)  
RMC No.-037041





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NAME :- Mr. BIMAN SAHOO

Age :- 40 Yrs 14 Days

Sex :- Male

Patient ID :-42234236

Date :- 24/12/2023

10:27:03

Ref. By Doctor:-BANK OF BARODA

Lab/Hosp :-

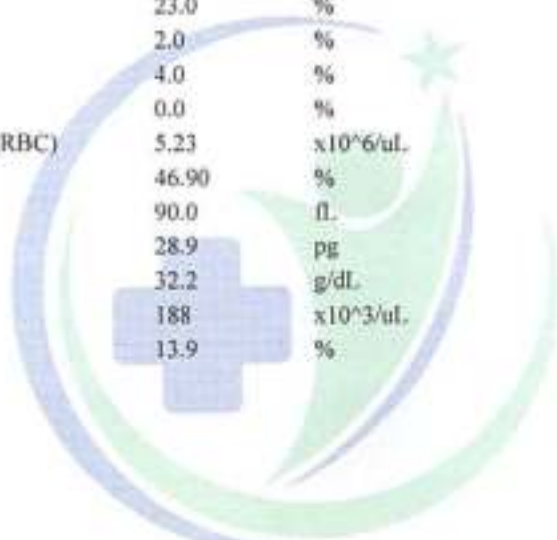
Company :- Mr.MEDIWHEEL

Final Authentication : 24/12/2023 16:38:39

## HAEMOGARAM

### HAEMATOTOLOGY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
<b>FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP BELOW 40 MALE</b>			
<b>HAEMOGLOBIN (Hb)</b>	15.1	g/dl.	13.0 - 17.0
<b>TOTAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT</b>	7.30	/cumm	4.00 - 10.00
<b>DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT</b>			
NEUTROPHIL,	71.0	%	40.0 - 80.0
LYMPHOCYTE	23.0	%	20.0 - 40.0
EOSINOPHIL,	2.0	%	1.0 - 6.0
MONOCYTE	4.0	%	2.0 - 10.0
BASOPHIL	0.0	%	0.0 - 2.0
<b>TOTAL RED BLOOD CELL COUNT (RBC)</b>	5.23	$\times 10^6/\mu\text{L}$	4.50 - 5.50
<b>HEMATOCRIT (HCT)</b>	46.90	%	40.00 - 50.00
<b>MEAN CORP VOLUME (MCV)</b>	90.0	fL	83.0 - 101.0
<b>MEAN CORP HB (MCH)</b>	28.9	pg	27.0 - 32.0
<b>MEAN CORP HB CONC (MCHC)</b>	32.2	g/dL	31.5 - 34.5
<b>PLATELET COUNT</b>	188	$\times 10^3/\mu\text{L}$	150 - 410
<b>RDW-CV</b>	13.9	%	11.6 - 14.0



Technologist  
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**DR.TANU RUNGTA**  
MD (Pathology)  
RMC No. 17226



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NAME :- Mr. BIMAN SAHOO

Age :- 40 Yrs 14 Days

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Patient ID :-12234236

Ref. By Doctor:-BANK OF BARODA

Lab/Hosp :-

Company :- Mr.MEDIWHEEL

Date :- 24/12/2023 10:27:03

Final Authentication : 24/12/2023 15:38:39

## HAEMATOLOGY

**Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR)**

Method - Westergren

13

mm in 1st hr

00 - 15

The erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR or sed rate) is a relatively simple, inexpensive, non-specific test that has been used for many years to help detect inflammation associated with conditions such as infections, cancers, and autoimmune diseases. ESR is said to be a non-specific test because an elevated result often indicates the presence of inflammation but does not tell the health practitioner exactly where the inflammation is in the body or what is causing it. An ESR can be affected by other conditions besides inflammation. For this reason, the ESR is typically used in conjunction with other tests, such as C-reactive protein. ESR is used to help diagnose certain specific inflammatory diseases, including temporal arteritis, systemic vasculitis and polymyalgia rheumatica. (For more on these, read the article on Vasculitis.) A significantly elevated ESR is one of the main test results used to support the diagnosis. This test may also be used to monitor disease activity and response to therapy in both of the above diseases as well as



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Labi/Hosp :-

Company :- Mr.MEDIWHEEL

(CBC): Methodology: TLC,DLC Fluorescent Flow cytometry, HB SLS method,TRBC,PCV,PLT Hydrodynamically focused Impedance, and MCH,MCV,MCHC,MENTZER INDEX are calculated. InstrumentName: Sysmex 6 part fully automatic analyzer XN-L,Japan





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Lab/Hosp :-

Company :- Mr.MEDIWHEEL

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## BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
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FASTING BLOOD SUGAR (Plasma)

84.9

mg/dl

70.0 - 115.0

Method - GOD POD

Impaired glucose tolerance (IGT)

111 - 125 mg/dL

Diabetes Mellitus (DM)

> 126 mg/dL

Instrument Name: HORIBA CA60 Interpretation: Elevated glucose levels (hyperglycemia) may occur with diabetes, pancreatic neoplasm, hyperthyroidism and adrenal cortical hyper-function as well as other disorders. Decreased glucose levels (hypoglycemia) may result from excessive insulin therapy or various liver diseases.

BLOOD SUGAR PP (Plasma)

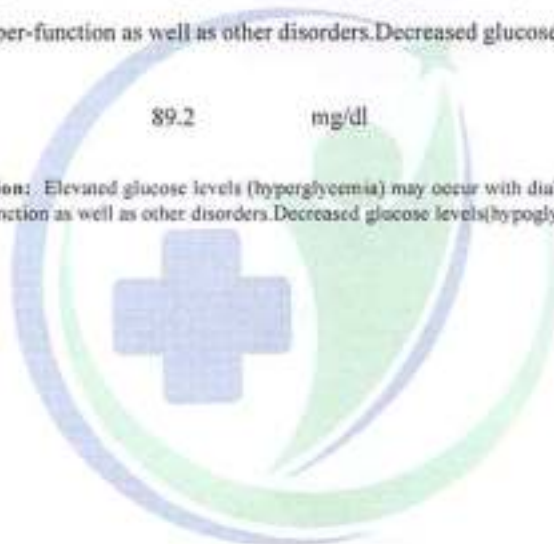
89.2

mg/dl

70.0 - 140.0

Method - GOD PAP

Instrument Name: HORIBA Interpretation: Elevated glucose levels (hyperglycemia) may occur with diabetes, pancreatic neoplasm, hyperthyroidism and adrenal cortical hyper-function as well as other disorders. Decreased glucose levels (hypoglycemia) may result from excessive insulin therapy or various liver diseases.



Technologist  
MSR  
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DR.TANU RUNGTA  
MD (Pathology)  
RMC No. 17226





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## HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
-----------	-------	------	-------------------------

### GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HbA1c)

Method - CAPILLARY with EDTA

5.6 mg%

Non-Diabetic < 6.0  
Good Control 6.0-7.0  
Weak Control 7.0-8.0  
Poor control > 8.0

### MEAN PLASMA GLUCOSE

Method - Calculated Parameter

110 mg/dL

68 - 125

### INTERPRETATION

AS PER AMERICAN DIABETES ASSOCIATION (ADA)

Reference Group HbA1c in %

Non diabetic adults  $\geq 18$  years < 5.7

At risk (Prediabetes) 5.7 - 6.4

Diagnosing Diabetes  $\geq 6.5$

#### CLINICAL NOTES

In vitro quantitative determination of HbA1c in whole blood is utilized in long term monitoring of glycaemia. The HbA1c level correlates with the mean glucose concentration prevailing in the course of the patient's recent history (approx - 8-8 weeks) and therefore provides much more reliable information for glycaemia monitoring than do determinations of blood glucose or urinary glucose. It is recommended that the determination of HbA1c be performed at intervals of 4-8 weeks during Diabetes Mellitus therapy. Results of HbA1c should be assessed in conjunction with the patient's medical history, clinical examinations and other findings.

Some of the factors that influence HbA1c and its measurement (Adapted from Gallagher et al)

#### 1. Erythropoiesis

- Increased HbA1c: iron, vitamin B12 deficiency, decreased erythropoiesis.  
- Decreased HbA1c: administration of erythropoietin, iron, vitamin B12, reticulocytosis, chronic liver disease.

2. Altered Haemoglobin-Genetic or chemical alterations in hemoglobin: hemoglobinopathies, HbF, methemoglobin, may increase or decrease HbA1c

#### 3. Glycation

- Increased HbA1c: alcoholism, chronic renal failure, decreased intracellular pH.  
- Decreased HbA1c: carbon hemoglobinopathies, increased intra-erythrocyte pH

#### 4. Erythrocyte destruction

- Increased HbA1c: increased erythrocyte life span: Splenectomy.  
- Decreased HbA1c: decreased RBC life span: hemoglobinopathies, splenomegaly, rheumatoid arthritis or drugs such as antiretroviral, ribavirin & zalcitabine.

#### 5. Others

- Increased HbA1c: hyperbilirubinemia, carbamylated hemoglobin, alcoholism, large doses of aspirin, chronic opiate use, chronic renal failure.  
- Decreased HbA1c: hypertriglyceridemia, reticulocytosis, chronic liver disease, aspirin, vitamin C and E, splenomegaly, rheumatoid arthritis or drugs

Technologist

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*Tanu*

DR. TANU RUNGTA  
MD (Pathology)  
RMC No. 17226



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## HAEMATOLOGY

**BLOOD GROUP ABO**

Method - Haemagglutination reaction

**"O" POSITIVE**



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MD (Pathology)  
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Age :- 40 Yrs 14 Days	Ref. By Doctor:-BANK OF BARODA		
Sex :- Male	Lab/Hosp :-		
	Company :- Mr.MEDIWHEEL		

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## BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
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### LIPID PROFILE

<b>TOTAL CHOLESTEROL</b> Method - CHOD-PAP methodology	193.00	mg/dl	Desirable <200 Borderline 200-239 High > 240
---	--------	-------	--

InstrumentName: MISPA PLUS Interpretation: Cholesterol measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatments of lipid lipoprotein metabolism disorders.

<b>TRIGLYCERIDES</b> Method - GPO-PAP	154.00 H	mg/dl	Normal <150 Borderline high 150-199 High 200-499 Very high >500
--	----------	-------	--

InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Triglyceride measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of diseases involving lipid metabolism and various endocrine disorders e.g. diabetes mellitus, nephrosis and liver obstruction.

<b>DIRECT HDL CHOLESTEROL</b> Method - Direct clearance Method	51.20	mg/dl	MALE - 30-70 FEMALE - 30-85
---	-------	-------	--------------------------------

Instrument Name: Rx Daytona plus Interpretation: An inverse relationship between HDL-cholesterol (HDL-C) levels in serum and the incidence/prevalence of coronary heart disease (CHD) has been demonstrated in a number of epidemiological studies. Accurate measurement of HDL-C is of vital importance when assessing patient risk from CHD. Direct measurement gives improved accuracy and reproducibility when compared to precipitation methods.

<b>LDL CHOLESTEROL</b> Method - Calculated Method	116.13	mg/dl	Optimal <100 Near Optimal/above optimal 100-129 Borderline High 130-159 High 160-189 Very High > 190
--	--------	-------	--

<b>VLDL CHOLESTEROL</b> Method - Calculated	30.80	mg/dl	0.00 - 80.00
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<b>T.CHOLESTEROL/HDL CHOLESTEROL RATIO</b> Method - Calculated	3.77		0.00 - 4.90
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<b>LDL / HDL CHOLESTEROL RATIO</b> Method - Calculated	2.27		0.00 - 3.50
---	------	--	-------------

<b>TOTAL LIPID</b> Method - CALCULATED	609.55	mg/dl	400.00 - 1000.00
---	--------	-------	------------------

1. Measurements in the same patient can show physiological & analytical variations. Three serial samples 1 week apart are recommended for Total Cholesterol, Triglycerides, HDL & LDL Cholesterol.

2. As per NCEP guidelines, all adults above the age of 20 years should be screened for lipid status. Selective screening of children above the age of 2 years with a family history of premature cardiovascular disease or those with at least one parent with high total cholesterol is

*Tanu*

**DR.TANU RUNGTA**  
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**Technologist**  
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## BIOCHEMISTRY

recommended

- Low HDL levels are associated with Coronary Heart Disease due to insufficient HDL being available to participate in reverse cholesterol transport, the process by which cholesterol is eliminated from peripheral tissues



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## BIOCHEMISTRY

### LIVER PROFILE WITH GGT

SERUM BILIRUBIN (TOTAL) Method - DMSO/Diazot	0.62	mg/dL	Infants : 0.2-8.0 mg/dL Adult - Up to - 1.2 mg/dL
SERUM BILIRUBIN (DIRECT) Method - DMSO/Diazot	0.20	mg/dL	Up to 0.40 mg/dL
SERUM BILIRUBIN (INDIRECT) Method - Calculated	0.42	mg/dl	0.30-0.70
SGOT Method - IFCC	24.5	U/L	0.0 - 40.0
SGPT Method - IFCC	29.1	U/L	0.0 - 40.0
SERUM ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE Method - DGKC - SCE	88.60	U/L	53.00 - 141.00
SERUM GAMMA GT Method - Szaize methodology Isotomate Name Randox Rx level Interpretation: Elevations in GGT levels are seen earlier and more pronounced than those with other liver enzymes in cases of obstructive jaundice and metastatic neoplasms. It may reach 5 to 30 times normal levels in jaundice post-hepatic biliary obstruction. Only moderate elevations in the enzyme level (2 to 5 times normal) are observed with infectious hepatitis.	32.50	U/L	10.00 - 45.00
SERUM TOTAL PROTEIN Method - Direct Biuret Reagent	7.89	g/dl	6.00 - 8.40
SERUM ALBUMIN Method - Bromocresol Green	4.46	g/dl	3.50 - 5.50
SERUM GLOBULIN Method - CALCULATION	3.43	gm/dl	2.20 - 3.50
A/G RATIO	1.30		1.30 - 2.50

**Interpretation:** Measurements obtained by this method are used in the diagnosis and treatment of a variety of diseases involving the liver, kidney and bone marrow as well as other metabolic or nutritional disorders.

**Note:** These are group of tests that can be used to detect the presence of liver disease, distinguish among different types of liver disorders, gauge the extent of known liver damage, and monitor the response to treatment. Most liver diseases cause only mild symptoms initially, but these diseases must be detected early. Some tests are associated with functionality (e.g., albumin), some with cellular integrity (e.g., transaminase), and some with conditions linked to the biliary tract (gamma-glutamyl transferase and alkaline phosphatase). Conditions with elevated levels of ALT and AST include hepatitis A,B,C, paracetamol toxicity etc. Several biochemical tests are useful in the evaluation and management of patients with hepatic dysfunction. Some or all of these measurements are also carried out (usually about twice a year for routine cases) on those individuals taking certain medications, such as anticonvulsants, to ensure that the medications are not adversely impacting the person's liver.

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*Tanu*  
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## BIOCHEMISTRY

### RFT / KFT WITH ELECTROLYTES

SERUM UREA	36.50	mg/dl	10.00 - 50.00
<small>Method - Urease/GLDH</small>			

InstrumentName: HORIBA CA 60 Interpretation : Urea measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of certain renal and metabolic diseases.

SERUM CREATININE	1.26	mg/dl	Males : 0.6-1.50 mg/dl Females : 0.6 -1.40 mg/dl
<small>Method - Jaffe's Method</small>			

#### Interpretation :

Creatinine is measured primarily to assess kidney function and has certain advantages over the measurement of urea. The plasma level of creatinine is relatively independent of protein ingestion, water intake, rate of urine production and exercise. Depressed levels of plasma creatinine are rare and not clinically significant.

SERUM URIC ACID	5.83	mg/dl	2.40 - 7.00
-----------------	------	-------	-------------

InstrumentName:HORIBA YUMIZEN CA60 Daytona plus Interpretation: Elevated Urate:High purine diet,Alcohol, Renal insufficiency,Drugs , Polycythaemia vera, Malignancies,Hypothyroidism,Rare enzyme defects ,Downs syndrome, Metabolic syndrome, Pregnancy,Gout.

SODIUM	138.5	mmol/L	135.0 - 150.0
<small>Method - ISE</small>			

POTASSIUM	4.42	mmol/L	3.50 - 5.50
<small>Method - ISE</small>			

CHLORIDE	98.9	mmol/L	94.0 - 110.0
<small>Method - ISE</small>			

SERUM CALCIUM	10.00	mg/dl	8.80 - 10.20
<small>Method - Arsenazo III Method</small>			

InstrumentName:MISPA PLUS Interpretation: Serum calcium levels are believed to be controlled by parathyroid hormone and vitamin D. Increases in serum PTH or vitamin D are usually associated with hypercalcemia. Hypocalcemia may be observed in hypoparathyroidism, nephrosis and pancreatitis.

SERUM TOTAL PROTEIN	7.89	g/dl	6.00 - 8.40
<small>Method - Direct Buret Reagent</small>			

SERUM ALBUMIN	4.46	g/dl	3.50 - 5.50
<small>Method - Bromocresol Green</small>			

SERUM GLOBULIN	3.43	gm/dl	2.20 - 3.50
<small>Method - CALCULATION</small>			

A/G RATIO	1.30		1.30 - 2.50
-----------	------	--	-------------

Interpretation : Measurements obtained by this method are used in the diagnosis and treatment of a variety of dis... liver, kidney and

DR.TANU RUNGTA  
MD (Pathology)  
RMC No. 17226

Technologist  
MGR  
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# P3 HEALTH SOLUTIONS LLP

(ASSOCIATES OF MAXCARE DIAGNOSTICS)

- 📍 B-14, Vidhyadhar Enclave-II, Near Axis Bank  
Central Spine, Vidhyadhar Nagar, Jaipur - 302023  
☎ +91 141 4824885 📧 maxcarediagnostics1@gmail.com



NAME :- Mr. BIMAN SAHOO

Age :- 40 Yrs 14 Days

Sex :- Male

Patient ID :-42234236

Date :- 24/12/2023

10:27:03

Ref. By Doctor:-BANK OF BARODA

Lab/Hosp :-

Company :- Mr.MEDIWHEEL

Final Authentication : 24/12/2023 16:38:39

## BIOCHEMISTRY

bone marrow as well as other metabolic or nutritional disorders.

### INTERPRETATION

Kidney function tests are group of tests that can be used to evaluate how well the kidneys are functioning. Creatinine is a waste product that comes from proteins in the diet and also comes from the normal wear and tear of muscles of the body. In blood, it is a marker of GFR. In urine, it can remove the need for 24-hour collections for many analytes or be used as a quality assurance tool to assess the accuracy of a 24-hour collection. Higher levels may be a sign that the kidneys are not working properly. As kidney disease progresses, the level of creatinine and urea in the blood increases. Certain drugs are nephrotoxic hence KFT is done before and after initiation of treatment with these drugs.

Low serum creatinine values are rare; they almost always reflect low muscle mass.

Apart from renal failure Blood Urea can increase in dehydration and GI bleed



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**DR.TANU RUNGTA**  
MD (Pathology)  
RMC No. 17226





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- 📞 +91 141 4824885 📧 maxcarediagnostics1@gmail.com



**NAME :- Mr. BIMAN SAHOO**

Age :- 40 Yrs 14 Days

Sex :- Male

Patient ID :-12234236

Date :- 24/12/2023

10:27:03

Ref. By Doctor:-BANK OF BARODA

Lab/Hosp :-

Company :- Mr.MEDIWHEEL

Final Authentication : 24/12/2023 16:38:39

## CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

URINE SUGAR (FASTING)  
Collected Sample Received

Nil

Nil



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☎ +91 141 4824885 📧 maxcarediagnostics1@gmail.com



<b>NAME :- Mr. BIMAN SAHOO</b>	Patient ID :-12234236	Date :- 24/12/2023	10:27:03
Age :- 40 Yrs 14 Days	Ref. By Doctor:-BANK OF BARODA		
Sex :- Male	Lab/Hosp :-		
	Company :- Mr.MEDIWHEEL		

Final Authentication : 24/12/2023 16:38:39

## TOTAL THYROID PROFILE

### IMMUNOASSAY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
-----------	-------	------	-------------------------

<b>THYROID-TRIIODOTHYRONINE T3</b>	1.12	ng/mL	0.70 - 2.04
------------------------------------	------	-------	-------------

Method - ECLIA

NOTE-T3h levels are subject to circadian variation, reaching peak levels between 2-4 AM and min between 6-10 PM. The variation is the order of 50% hence time of the day has influence on the measure serum T3h concentration. Dose and time of drug intake also influence the test result. Transient increase in T3h levels or abnormal T3h levels can be seen in some non thyroidal conditions, simultaneous measurement of T3h with free T4 is useful in evaluating differential diagnosis.

INTERPRETATION-Ultra Sensitive 4th generation assay 1.Primary hyperthyroidism is accompanied by serum T3 & T4 values along with TSH level 2.Low TSH/high FT4 and TSH receptor antibody (TRAb) -ve seen in patients with Graves disease 3.Low TSH/high FT4 and TSH receptor antibody (TRAb) -ve seen in patients with Toxic adenoma/Toxic Multinodular goiter 4.High TSH/Low FT4 and Thyroid microsomal antibody increased seen in patients with Hashimoto's thyroiditis 5.High TSH/Low FT4 and Thyroid microsomal antibody normal seen in patients with iodine deficiency/Congenital T4 synthesis deficiency 6.Low TSH/Low FT4 and TRH stimulation test -Delayed response seen in patients with Tertiary hypothyroidism 7.Primary hypothyroidism is accompanied by serum T3 and T4 values & serum TSH levels 8.Normal T4 levels accompanied by T3 levels and low TSH are seen in patients with T3 Thyrotoxicosis 9.Normal or T3 & T4 10.Normal T3 & T4 along with TSH indicate mild / Subclinical Hyperthyroidism 11.Normal T3 & T4 along with TSH is seen in Hypothyroidism 12.Normal T3 & T4 levels with TSH indicate Mild / Subclinical Hypo

DURING PREGNANCY - REFERENCE RANGE for TSH in uIU/L (As per American Thyroid Association) 1st Trimester - 0.10-2.50 uIU/L, 2nd Trimester - 0.20-3.50 uIU/L, 3rd Trimester - 0.30-3.00 uIU/L. The production, circulation, and integration of thyroid hormones are altered throughout the stages of pregnancy.

REMARK-Assay results should be interpreted in context to the clinical condition and associated results of other investigations. Previous treatment with corticosteroid therapy may result in lower TSH levels while thyroid hormone levels are normal. Results are invalidated if the client has undergone a radioiodine scan within 7-14 days before the test. Abnormal thyroid test findings often found in critically ill patients should be repeated after the critical nature of the condition is resolved. TSH is an important marker for the diagnosis of thyroid dysfunction. Recent studies have shown that the TSH distribution progressively shifts to a higher

**THYROID-THYRONINE (T4)** has a real chance with age or an increasing proportion of unaccompanied thyroid disease in the elderly. \*\*\* 5.10 - 14.10

Method - ECLIA

NOTE-T3h levels are subject to circadian variation, reaching peak levels between 2-4 AM and min between 6-10 PM. The variation is the order of 50% hence time of the day has influence on the measure serum T3h concentration. Dose and time of drug intake also influence the test result. Transient increase in T3h levels or abnormal T3h levels can be seen in some non thyroidal conditions, simultaneous measurement of T3h with free T4 is useful in evaluating differential diagnosis.

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REMARK-Assay results should be interpreted in context to the clinical condition and associated results of other investigations. Previous treatment with corticosteroid therapy may result in lower TSH levels while thyroid hormone levels are normal. Results are invalidated if the client has undergone a radioiodine scan within 7-14 days before the test. Abnormal thyroid test findings often found in critically ill patients should be repeated after the critical nature of the condition is resolved. TSH is an important marker for the diagnosis of thyroid dysfunction. Recent studies have shown that the TSH distribution progressively shifts to a higher concentration with age, and it is debatable whether this is due to a real change with age or an increasing proportion of unaccompanied thyroid disease in the elderly.

**TSH** 2.977 uIU/ml, 0.350 - 5.500

Method - ECLIA

NOTE-T3h levels are subject to circadian variation, reaching peak levels between 2-4 AM and min between 6-10 PM. The variation is the order of 50% hence time of the day has influence on the measure serum T3h concentration. Dose and time of drug intake also influence the test result. Transient increase in T3h levels or abnormal T3h levels can be seen in some non thyroidal conditions, simultaneous measurement of T3h with free T4 is use

**DR.TANU RUNGTA**  
MD (Pathology)  
RMC No. 17226

Technologist  
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☎ +91 141 4824885 📧 maxcarediagnostics1@gmail.com



**NAME :- Mr. BIMAN SAHOO**

Age :- 40 Yrs 14 Days

Sex :- Male

Patient ID :-12234236

Date :- 24/12/2023

10:27:03

Ref. By Doctor:-BANK OF BARODA

Lab/Hosp :-

Company :- Mr.MEDIWHEEL

Final Authentication : 24/12/2023 16:38:39

## IMMUNOASSAY

Evaluating differential diagnosis

**INTERPRETATION** - Ultra Sensitive 4th generation assay

- 1 Primary hyperthyroidism is accompanied by (serum T3 & T4 values along with ↓ TSH level)
- 2 Low TSH, high FT4 and TSH receptor antibody (TRAb) +ve seen in patients with Graves disease
- 3 Low TSH, high FT4 and TSH receptor antibody (TRAb) -ve seen in patients with Toxic adenoma/Toxic Multinodular goiter
- 4 High TSH, Low FT4 and Thyroid microsomal antibody increased seen in patients with Hashimoto's thyroiditis
- 5 High TSH, Low FT4 and Thyroid microsomal antibody normal seen in patients with iodine deficiency/Congenital T4 synthesis deficiency
- 6 Low TSH, Low FT4 and TRH stimulation test -Delayed response seen in patients with Tertiary hypothyroidism
- 7 Primary hypothyroidism is accompanied by ↑ serum T3 and T4 values & (serum TSH levels)
- 8 Normal T4 levels accompanied by ↑ T3 levels and low TSH are seen in patients with T3 Thyrotoxicosis
- 9 Normal or ↓ T3 & T4 levels indicate T4 Thyrotoxicosis (problem is conversion of T4 to T3)
- 10 Normal T3 & T4 along with ↓ TSH indicate mild / Subclinical Hyperthyroidism .
- 11 Normal T3 & T4 along with ↑ TSH is seen in Hypothyroidism .
- 12 Normal T3 & T4 levels with ↑ TSH indicate Mild / Subclinical Hypothyroidism .
- 13 Slightly ↑ T3 levels may be found in pregnancy and in estrogen therapy while ↓ levels may be encountered in severe illness , malnutrition , renal failure and during therapy with drugs like propylthiouracil
- 14 Although ↑ TSH levels are nearly always indicative of Primary Hypothyroidism , rarely they can result from TSH secreting pituitary tumours

**DURING PREGNANCY** - REFERENCE RANGE for TSH IN uIU/mL (As per American Thyroid Association)

1st Trimester : 0.10-2.50 uIU/mL

2nd Trimester : 0.20-3.00 uIU/mL

3rd Trimester : 0.30-3.00 uIU/mL

The production, circulation, and distribution of thyroid hormones are altered throughout the stages of pregnancy.

**REMARK**-Assay results should be interpreted in context to the clinical condition and associated results of other investigations. Previous treatment with corticosteroid therapy may result in lower TSH levels while thyroid hormone levels are normal. Results are invalidated if the client has undergone a radioiodine scan within 7-14 days before the test. Abnormal thyroid test findings often found in critically ill patients should be repeated after the critical nature of the condition is resolved. TSH is an important marker for the diagnosis of thyroid dysfunction. Recent studies have shown that the TSH distribution progressively shifts to a higher concentration with age and it is debatable whether this is due to a real change with age or an increasing proportion of unrecognized thyroid disease in the elderly.

\*\*\* End of Report \*\*\*

Technologist  
MOR  
Page No: 16 of 16

**DR.TANU RUNGTA**  
MD (Pathology)  
RMC No. 17226





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📞 +91 141 4824885 📧 maxcarediagnostics1@gmail.com



**NAME :- Mr. BIMAN SAHOO**

Age :- 40 Yrs 14 Days

Sex :- Male

Patient ID :-12234236

Date :- 24/12/2023

10:27:03

Ref. By Doctor:-BANK OF BARODA

Lab/Hosp :-

Company :- Mr.MEDIWHEEL

Final Authentication : 24/12/2023 16:38:39

## CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
<b>Urine Routine</b>			
<b><u>PHYSICAL EXAMINATION</u></b>			
COLOUR	PALE YELLOW		PALE YELLOW
APPEARANCE	Clear		Clear
<b><u>CHEMICAL EXAMINATION</u></b>			
REACTION(PH)	5.0		5.0 - 7.5
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.030		1.010 - 1.030
PROTEIN	NIL		NIL
SUGAR	NIL		NIL
BILIRUBIN	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE
UROBILINOGEN	NORMAL		NORMAL
KETONES	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE
NITRITE	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE
<b><u>MICROSCOPY EXAMINATION</u></b>			
RBC/HPF	NIL	/HPF	NIL
WBC/HPF	2-3	/HPF	2-3
EPITHELIAL CELLS	2-3	/HPF	2-3
CRYSTALS/HPF	ABSENT		ABSENT
CAST/HPF	ABSENT		ABSENT
AMORPHOUS SEDIMENT	ABSENT		ABSENT
BACTERIAL FLORA	ABSENT		ABSENT
YEAST CELL	ABSENT		ABSENT
OTHER	ABSENT		ABSENT



Technologist  
MGR  
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**DR.TANU RUNGTA**  
MD (Pathology)  
RMC No. 17226







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Central Spine, Vidhyadhar Nagar, Jaipur - 302023
- +91 141 4824885 maxcarediagnostics1@gmail.com



MR. BIMAN SAHOO	40 Y/M
Registration Date: 24/12/2023	Ref. by: BANK OF BARODA

## ULTRASOUND OF WHOLE ABDOMEN

**Liver** is of normal size (11.5 cm). Echo-texture is normal. A well-defined, anechoic cystic lesion of size 13 x 14 mm is seen in segment IV – suggestive of simple hepatic cyst. Intra hepatic biliary channels are not dilated. Portal vein diameter is normal.

**Gall bladder** shows a well-defined calculus of size 17-18 mm with posterior acoustic shadowing in body region; however, no evidence of pericholecystic free fluid is noted. No mass lesion is seen in gall bladder. Common bile duct is not dilated.

**Pancreas** is of normal size and contour. Echo-pattern is normal. No focal lesion is seen within pancreas.

**Spleen** is of normal size and shape (10.0 cm). Echotexture is normal. No focal lesion is seen.

**Kidneys** are normally sited and are of normal size and shape. Cortico-medullary echoes are normal. Collecting system does not show any calculus or dilatation.

**Right kidney** is measuring approx. 9.6 x 4.1 cm.

**Left kidney** is measuring approx. 10.1 x 4.5 cm.

**Urinary bladder** is partially distended and does not show any calculus or mass lesion.

**Prostate** is normal in size with normal echotexture and outline.

No enlarged nodes are visualized. No retro-peritoneal lesion is identified.

No significant free fluid is seen in pelvis.

**IMPRESSION:** Cholelithiasis as described above.

DR. SHALINI GOEL

M.B.B.S, D.N.B (Radiodiagnosis) RMC No 21954

RMC no.: 21954

Dr. SHALINI GOEL

MBBS, DNB (Radiologist)

RMC No 21954

P-3 Health Solutions LLP





# P3 HEALTH SOLUTIONS LLP

(ASSOCIATES OF MAXCARE DIAGNOSTICS)

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Central Spine, Vidhyadhar Nagar, Jaipur - 302023  
☎ +91 141 4824885 📧 maxcarediagnostics1@gmail.com



NAME:	MR. BIMAN SAHOO	AGE	40 YRS/M
REF.BY	BANK OF BARODA	DATE	24/12/2023

## CHEST X RAY (PA VIEW)

Bilateral lung fields appear clear.

Bilateral costo-phrenic angles appear clear.

Cardiothoracic ratio is normal.

Thoracic soft tissue and skeletal system appear unremarkable.

Soft tissue shadows appear normal.

**IMPRESSION: No significant abnormality is detected.**

**DR.SHALINI GOEL**

**M.B.B.S, D.N.B (Radiodiagnosis)**

**RMC No.: 21954**

Tems (P) Ltd

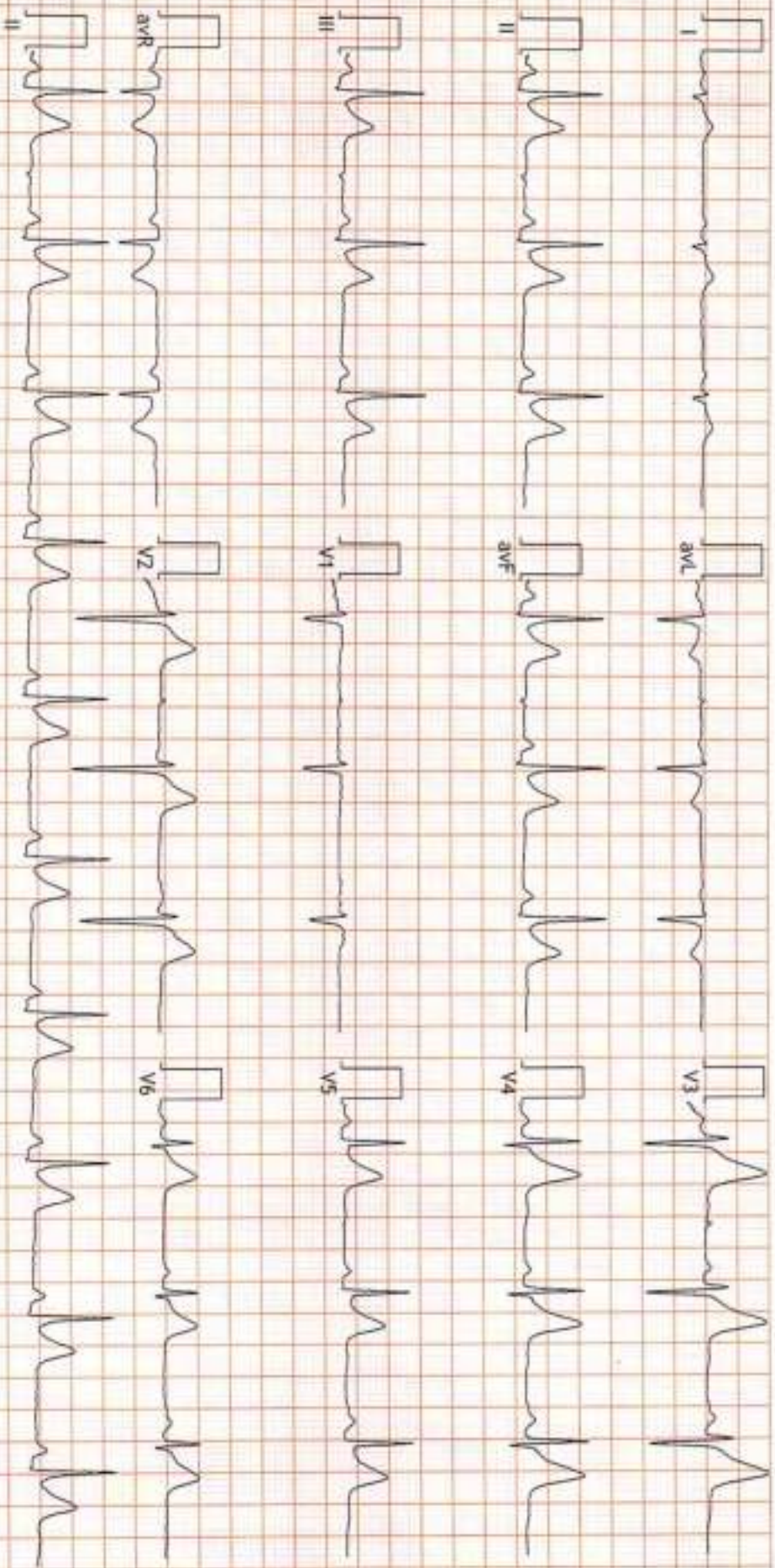
#P3 HEALTH SOLUTIONS LLP B-14, Vidhyadhar nahar , Jaipur

12234237/Mr Biman Sahoo 40Yrs/Male Kgs/ Cms BP: \_\_\_/\_\_\_ mmHg

Ref.: BANK OF BARODA Test Date: 24-Dec-2023(2:18:24 P) Notch: 50Hz 0.05Hz - 35Hz 10mm/mV 25mm/Sec HR: 59 bpm



PR Interval: 162 ms  
QRS Duration: 106 ms  
QT/QTc: 356/353ms  
P-QRS-T Axis: 74 - 91 - 74 (Deg)



FINDINGS: Abnormal ECG with Indication of Sinus Bradycardia

Vent Rate : 59 bpm; PR Interval : 162 ms; QRS Duration: 106 ms; QT/QTc Int : 356/353 ms

P-QRS-T axis: 74+ 91+ 74+ (Deg)

Comments :

*Dr. Naresh Mohinka*

TUNL

*[Signature]*

Dr. NARESH MOHINKA  
MBBS  
MD  
D.E.C.  
D.E.B.  
D.E.H.  
D.E.P.  
D.E.S.  
D.E.T.  
D.E.V.  
D.E.W.  
D.E.X.  
D.E.Y.  
D.E.Z.

Dr. NARESH MOHINKA



B-14, Vidhyadhar Enclave-2, Vidhyadhar Nagar, Jaipur

12234237/AM BIRAN SAHOO 40 Yrs/Male 0 Kg/0 Cms

Date: 24-Dec-2023 02:33:25 PM

Ref. By : BANK OF BARODA

Medication : Nil

Protocol : BRUCE  
History : Nil



Stage	Stage Time (min:sec)	Phase Time (min:sec)	Speed (kmph)	Grade (%)	METS	H.R. (bpm)	B.P. (mmHg)	R.P.P. (%)	PVC	Comments
Supine					1.0	62	125/80	77	-	
Standing					1.0	60	125/80	75	-	
HV					1.0	89	125/80	111	-	
EXStart					1.0	76	125/80	95	-	
Stage 1	3:01	3:02	1.7	10.0	4.7	110	135/80	148	-	
Stage 2	3:01	6:02	2.5	12.0	7.1	123	145/85	178	-	
PeakEx	2:29	8:30	3.4	14.0	9.7	156	155/85	241	-	
Recovery	1:00		0.0	0.0	1.2	106	155/85	164	-	
Recovery	2:00		0.0	0.0	1.0	89	165/90	146	-	
Recovery	3:00		0.0	0.0	1.0	83	155/85	128	-	
Recovery	4:00		0.0	0.0	1.0	81	145/85	117	-	

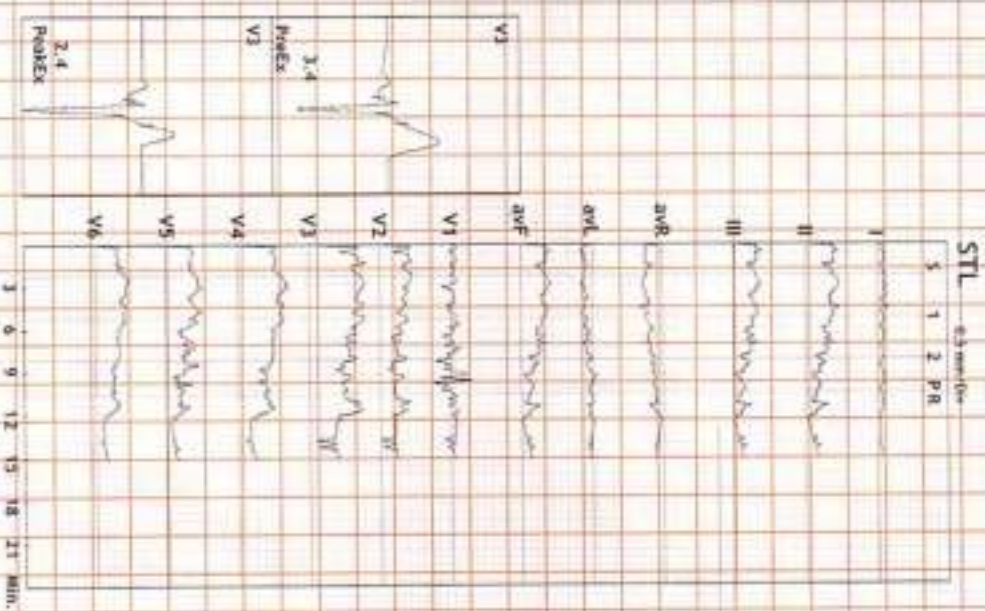
Findings :

Exercise Time : 08:29  
 Max HR Attained : 156 bpm 87% of Max Predictable HR 180  
 Max BP : 165/90(mmHg)  
 Max Workload attained : 9.7(Good Effort Tolerance)

TTT done good for R.H.I.

Adverse/Comments:

*Normal ECG*



DR. NARESH MOHINKA  
 DIRECTOR (CARDIOLOGY)  
 DHEM. (RCCG)-UK



HR: 62 bpm  
METs: 1.0  
BP: 125/80

MPH: 34% of 180  
Speed: 0.0 mph  
Grade: 0.0%

Raw ECG  
BRUCE  
10.05-100Hz

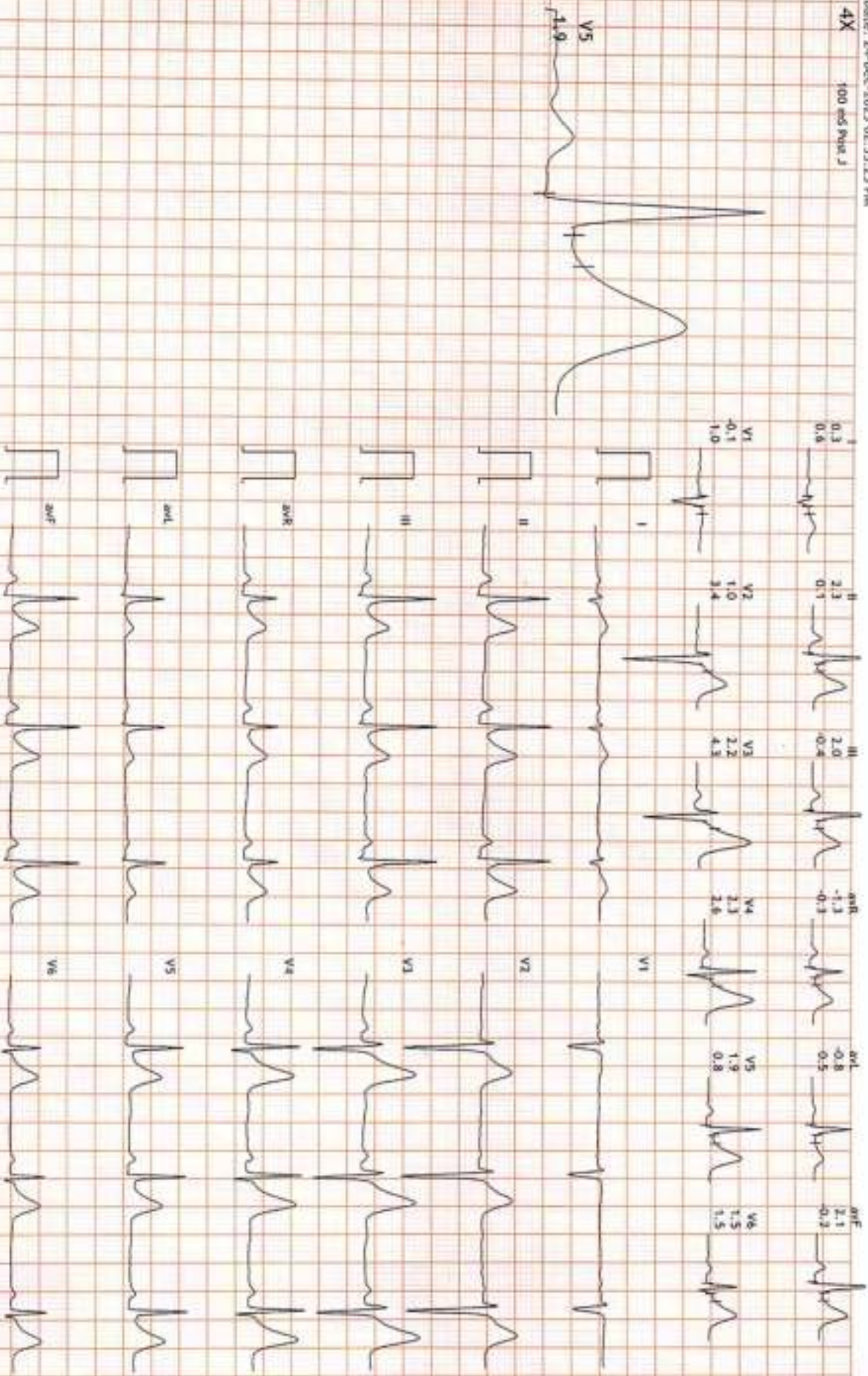
Ex Time 00:31  
RLC :On  
Notch :On

Supine  
10.0 mm/mV  
25 mm/Sec.



4X

100 mV Pulse J





B-14, Vidhyadhar Enclave-2, Vidhyadhar Nagar, Jaipur

12234237/Mr. BILWAN SAIKOO

40 Yrs/Male

0 Kg/0 Cms

Date: 26-Dec-2023 07:33:25 PM

4X 100 mS Print J

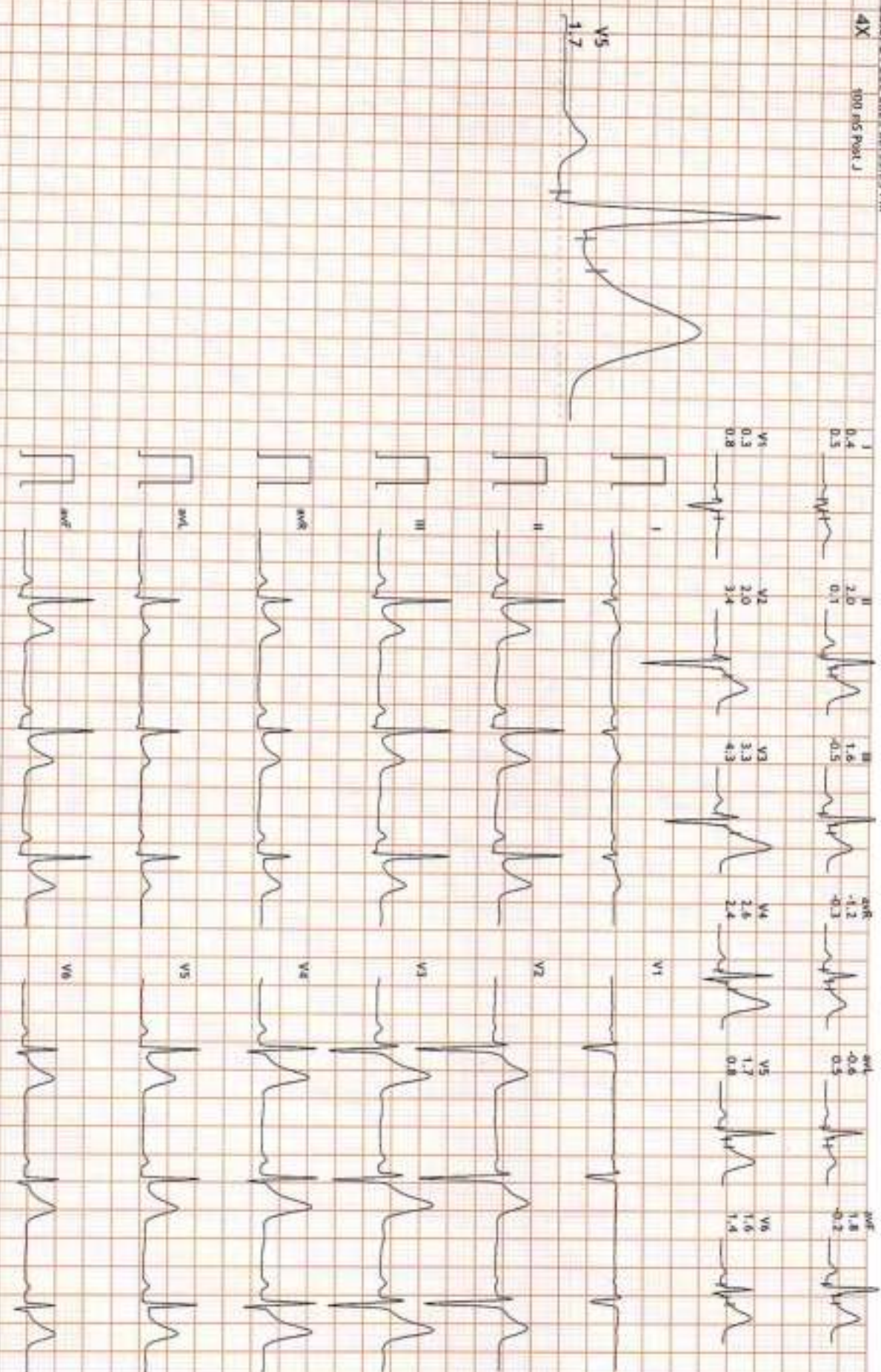
HR: 60 bpm  
METS: 1.0  
BP: 125/80

APPR: 33% of 180  
Speed: 0.0 mph  
Grade: 0.0%

Raw ECG  
BRUCE  
10.05-1001Hz

Ex Time 00:56  
B.L.C: On  
March: On

Standing  
10.0 mm/mV  
25 mm/Sec.





B-14, Vidhyadhar Enclave-2, Vidhyadhar Nagar, Jaipur

12234237/M. BIRMAN SAHOO

402 Yrs/Male

0 Kg/0 Cmc

Date: 24-Dec-2023 07:33:25 PM

4X 100.05 Post J

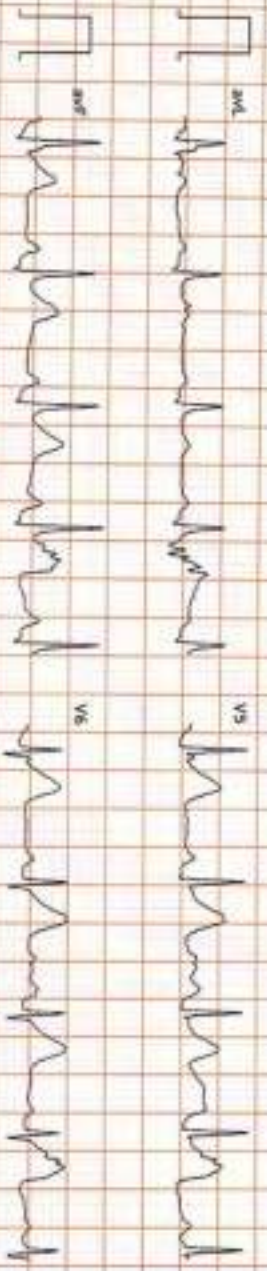
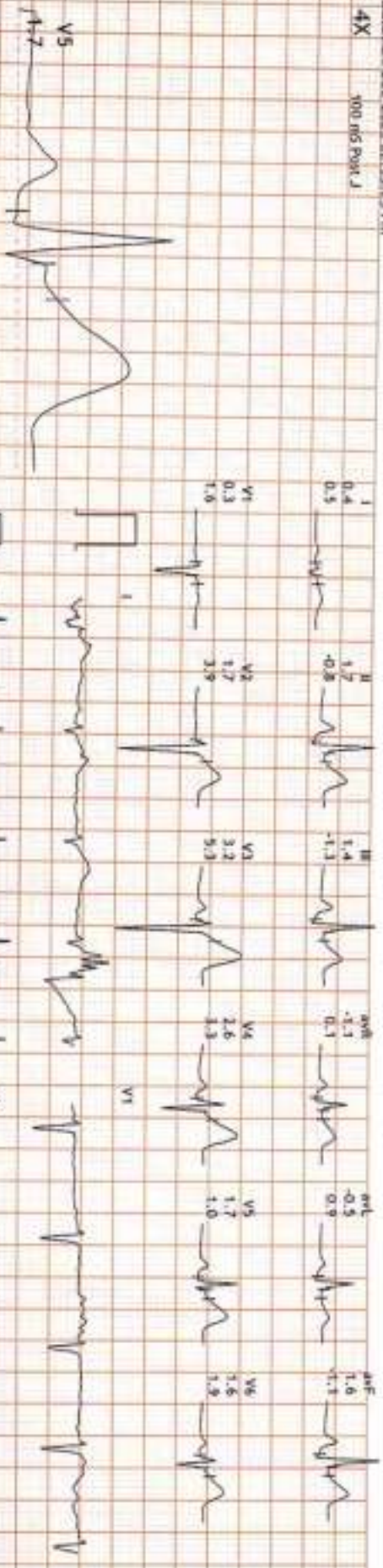
HR: 83 bpm  
MCTS: 1.0  
BP: 125/80

APR-R: 68% of 380  
Speed: 0.0 mph  
Grade: 0.0%

Raw ECG  
BRUCE  
(0.05-100)Hz

Ex Time 07:51  
RLC : On  
Mech: On

HV  
10.0 mm/mV  
25 mm/Sec





HR: 78 bpm  
 MCTS: 1.0  
 BP: 125/80

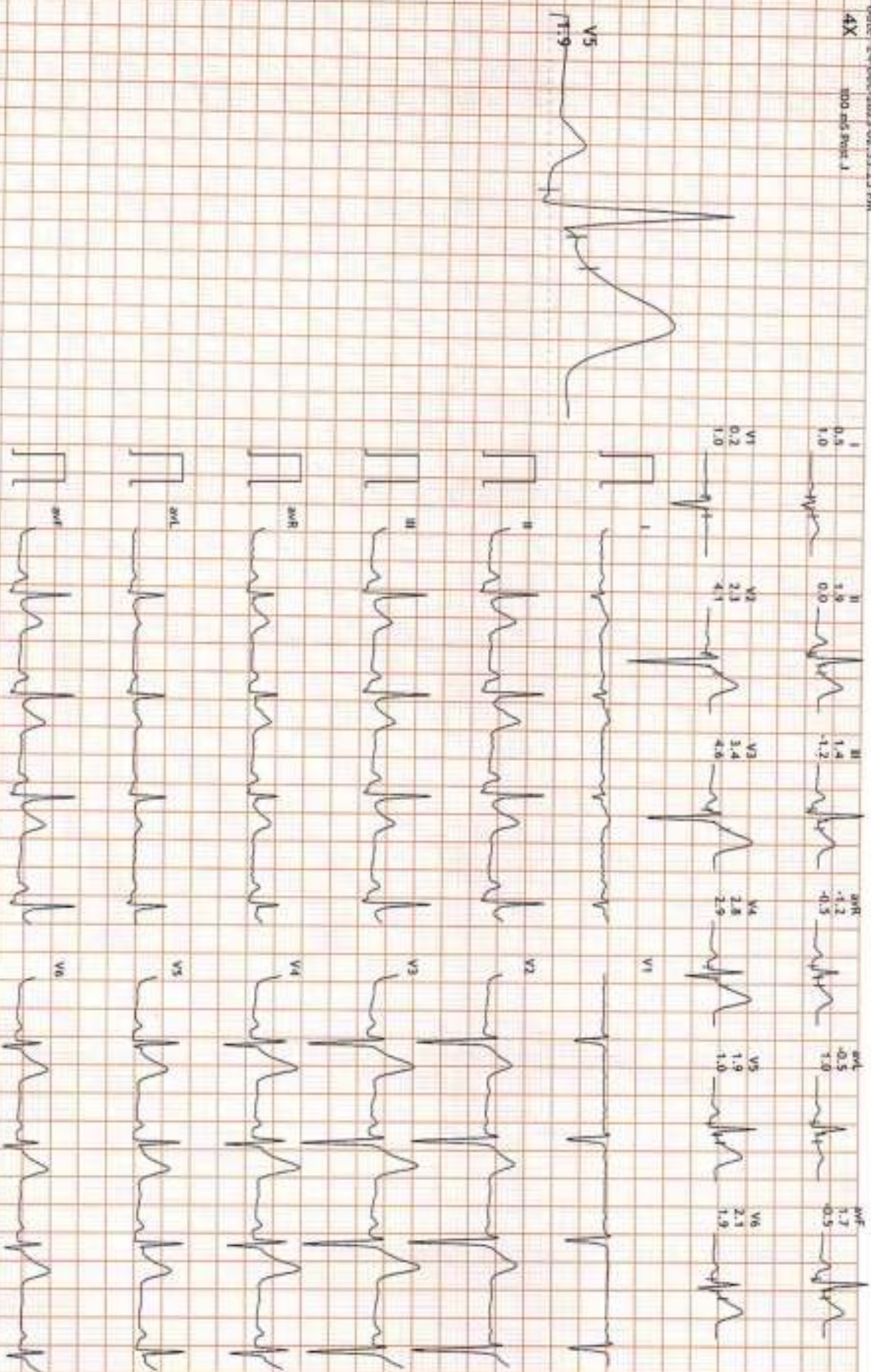
MP: 43% of 180  
 Speed: 0.0 mph  
 Grade: 0.0%

Raw ECG  
 BRUCE  
 10.05-100/Hz

Ex Time 02:08  
 BLC : On  
 Notch : On

ExStart  
 10.0 mm/mV  
 25 mm/Sec

12 Lead + Median





HR: 110 bpm  
METs: 4.7  
BP: 135/80

MPHR: 61% of 180  
Speed: 1.7 mph  
Grade: 10.0%

Raw ECG  
BRUCE  
(0.05-100)Hz

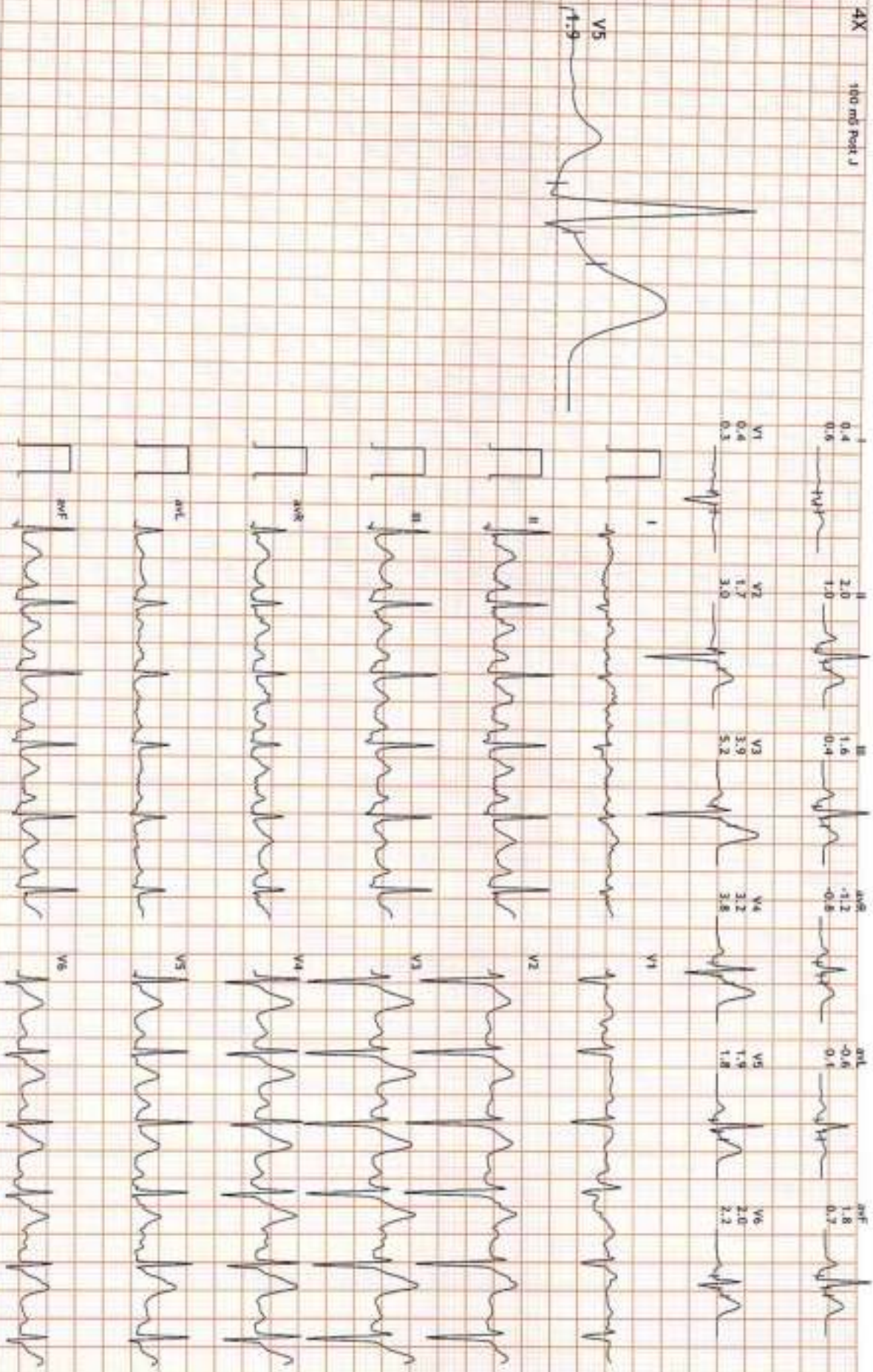
Ex Time 02:59  
BLC : On  
March : On

BRUCE: Stage 1 (3:00)  
10.0 mm/mV  
25 mm/Sec



4X

100 mV Post J





HR: 124 bpm  
METs: 7.1  
BP: 145/85

APHR: 68% of 180  
Speed: 2.5 mph  
Grade: 12.0%

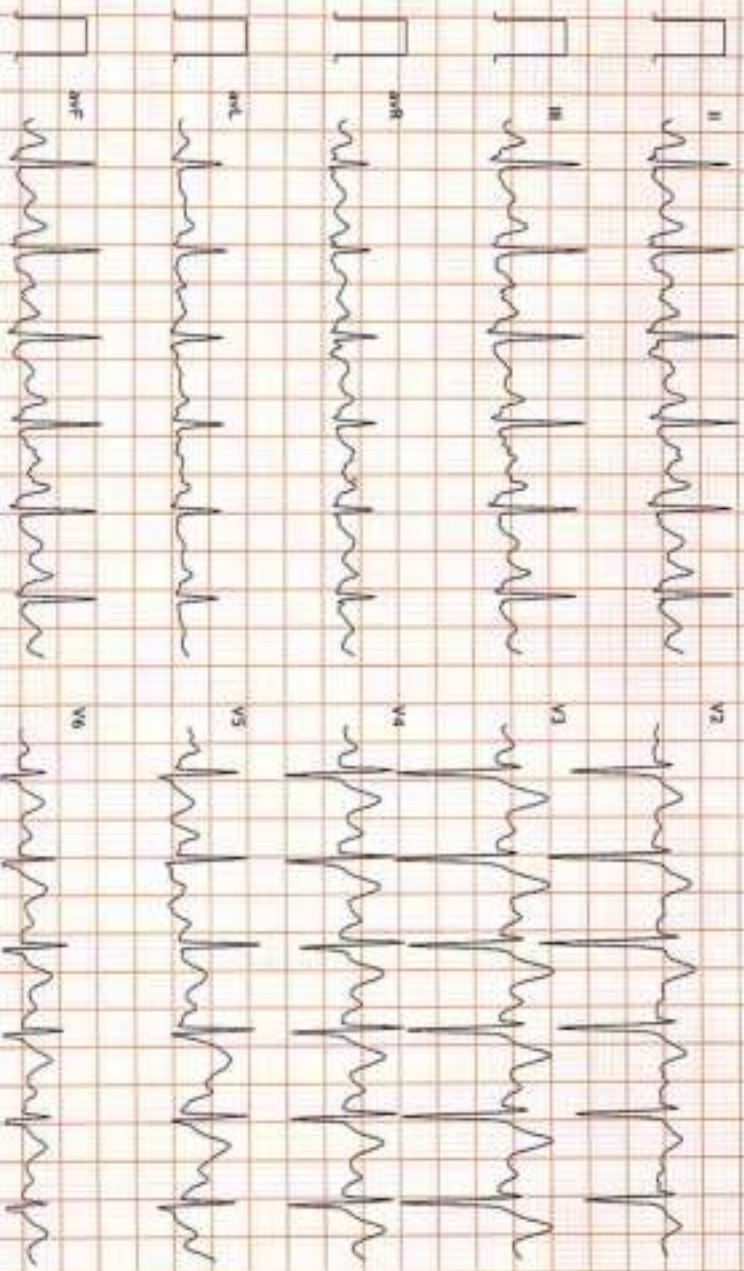
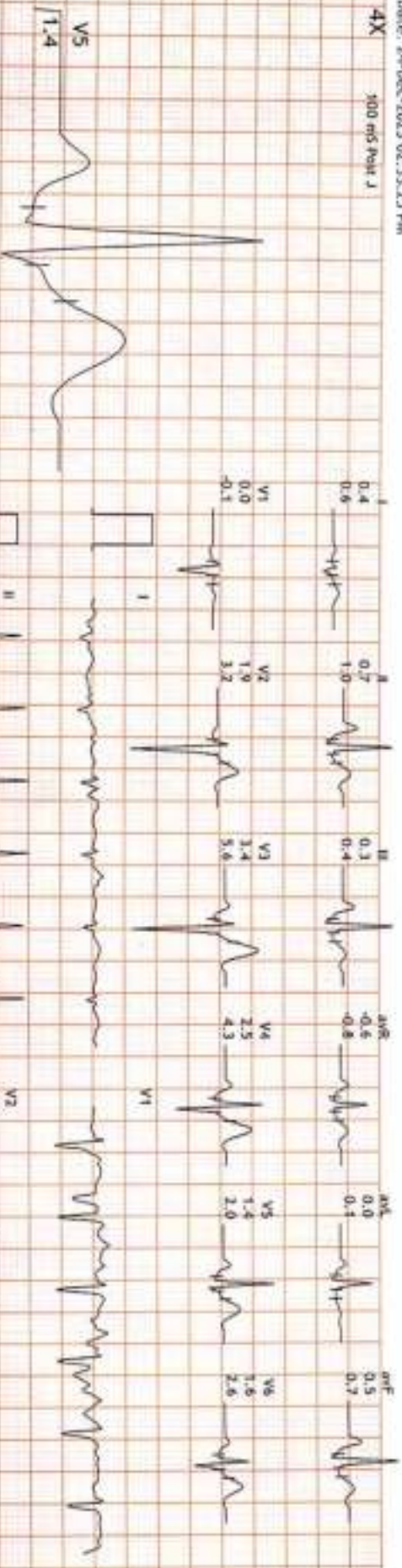
Raw ECG  
BRUCE  
60.05-100/Hz

Ex Time 05:19  
BLC :On  
Mech: :On

BRUCE: Stage 2(3:00)  
10.0 mm/mV  
25 mm/Sec.



4X 300 ms Paper 1





HR: 157 bpm  
METs: 9.7  
BP: 155/85

MPHR: 87% of 180  
Speed: 3.4 mph  
Grade: 14.0%

Raw ECG  
BRUCE  
10.05-100)/s

Ex Time 08:27  
BLC :On  
Match :On

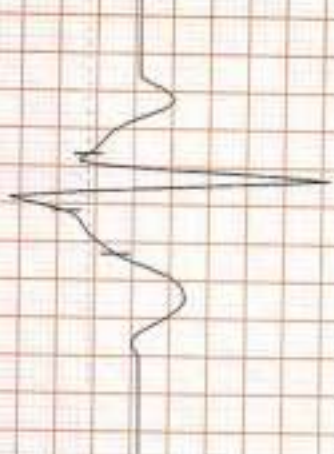
BRUCE:PeakEx(2:27)  
10.0 min/mv  
25 mm/Sec



4X

100 ms Prog 1

V5  
1.0



I  
0.1  
0.8



II  
0.7  
1.3



III  
0.7  
0.5



aVR  
-0.4  
-1.1



aVL  
-0.3  
0.2



aVF  
0.7  
0.9



V1  
0.1  
0.1  
1.5



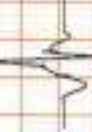
V2  
0.9  
3.4



V3  
2.4  
7.0



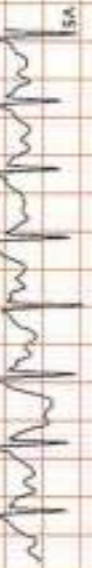
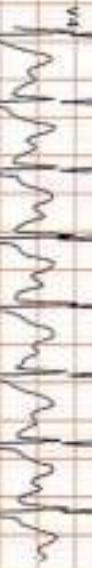
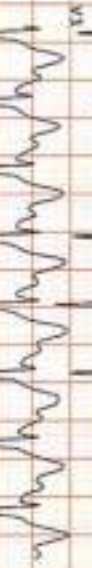
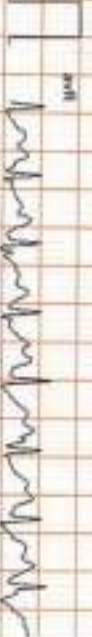
V4  
1.8  
5.7



V5  
1.0  
2.9



V6  
1.1  
3.0





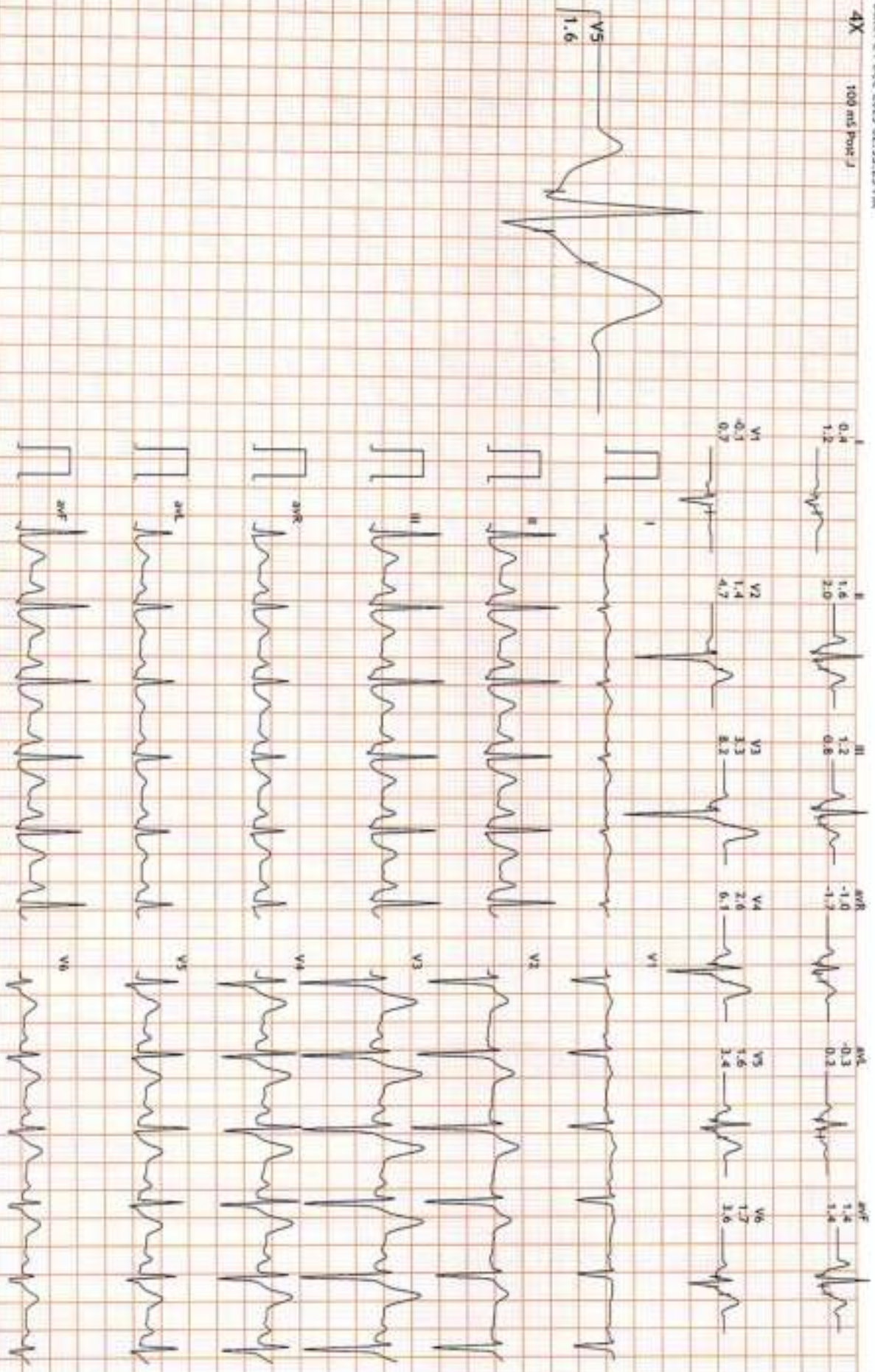
HR: 107 bpm  
METs: 1.3  
BP: 155/85

MPHR: 59% of 180  
Speed: 0.0 mph  
Grade: 0.0%

Raw ECG  
BRUCE  
10.05-100/Hz

Ex Time 08:29  
BLC :On  
Notch :On

Recovery(1:00)  
10.0 mm/mV  
25 mm/Sec.





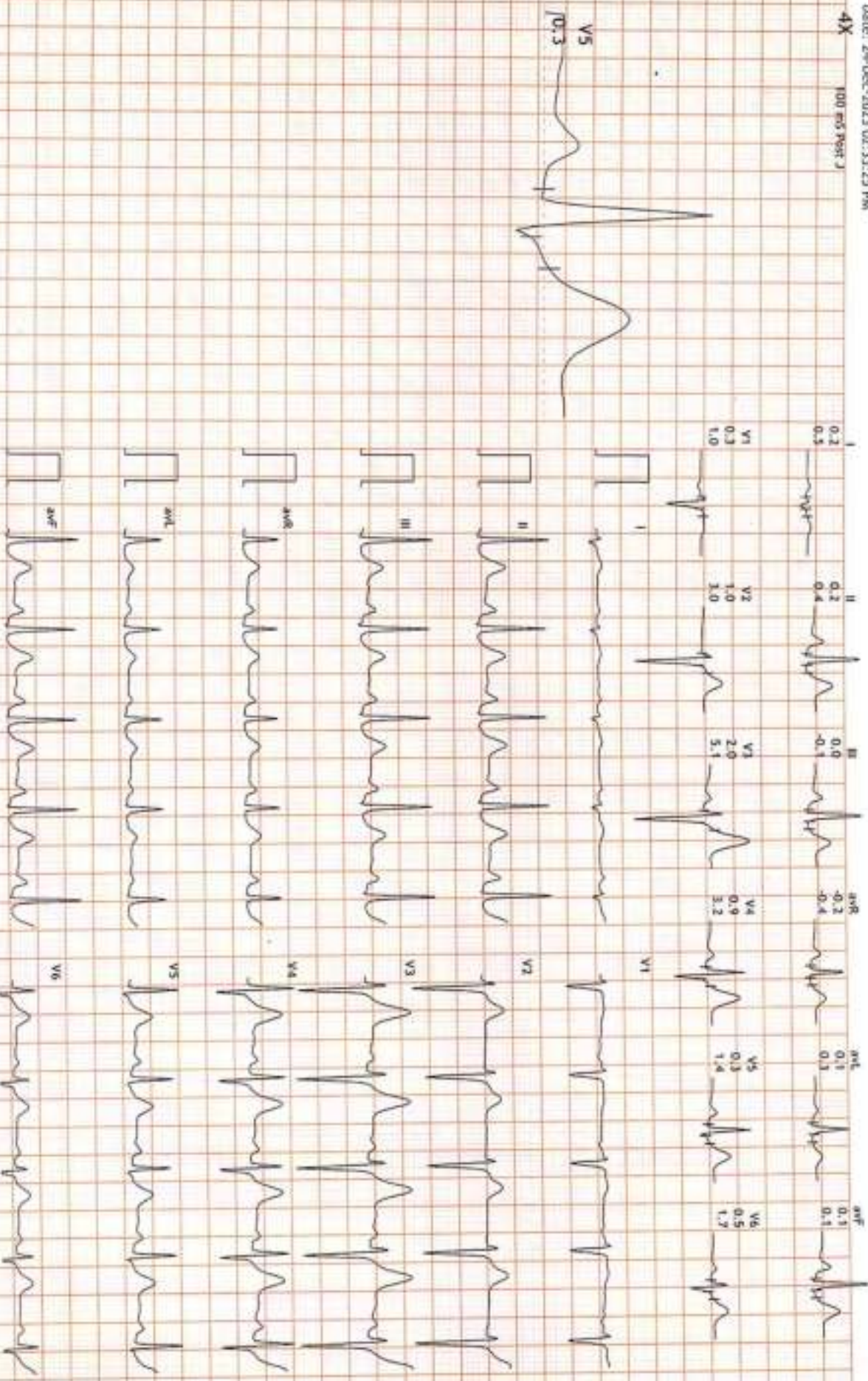
HR: 88 bpm  
METS: 1.0  
BP: 165/90

APPR: 65% of 180  
Speed: 0.0 mph  
Grade: 0.0%

Raw ECG  
BRUCE  
10.05-100/Hz

Ex Time 08:29  
RLC :On  
Notch :On

Recovery(2:00)  
10.0 mm/mV  
25 mm/Sec.





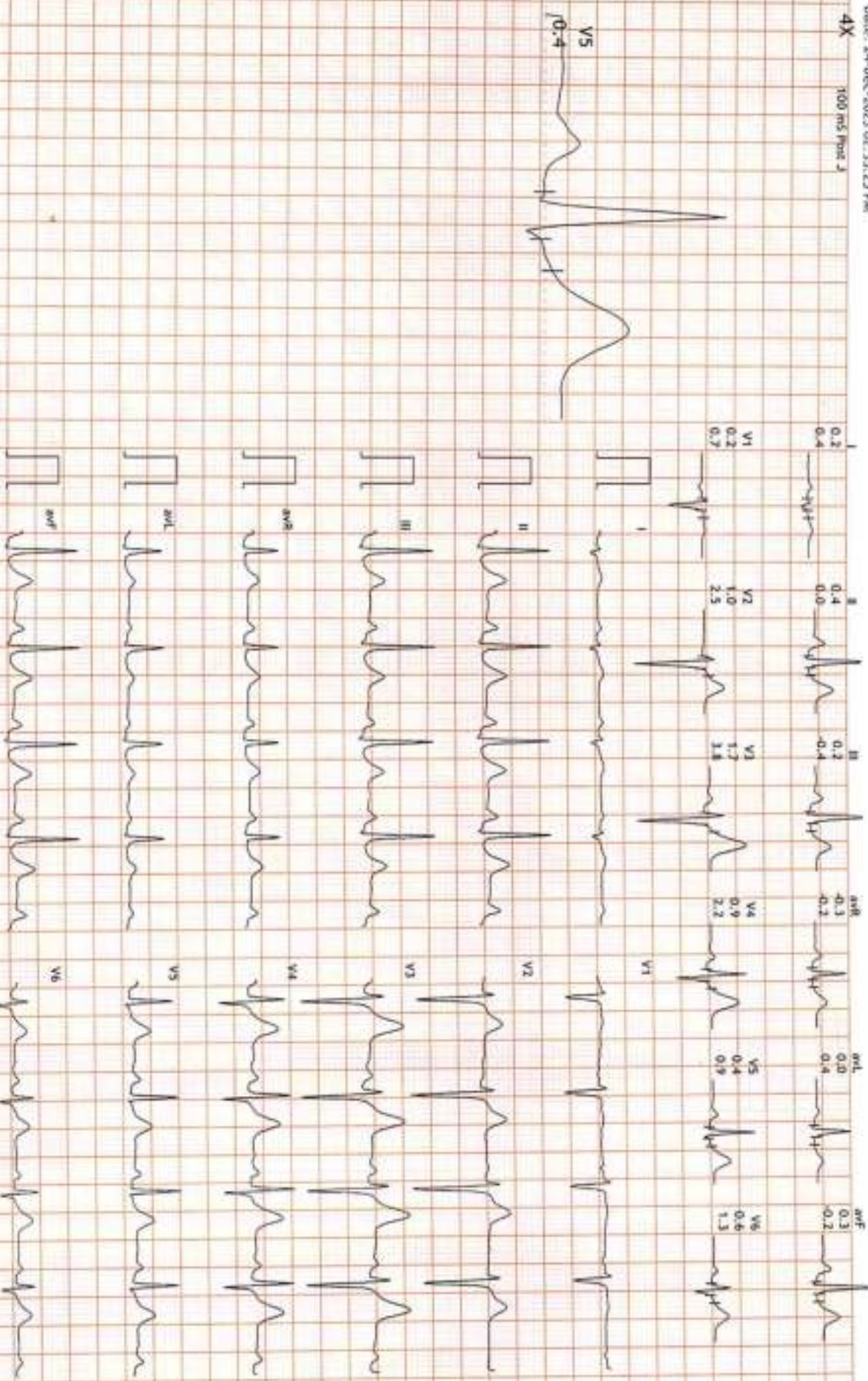
HR: 83 bpm  
METS: 1.0  
BP: 155/85

APHR: 40% of 180  
Speed: 0.0 mph  
Grade: 0.0%

Raw ECG  
BRUCE  
10.05-100/Hz

LT Time 08:29  
BLC : On  
Hatch : On

Recovery(3:00)  
10.0 mm/mV  
25 mm/Sec.





HR: 81 bpm  
M/TS: 1.0  
BP: 145/85

MPHR: 45% of 180  
Speed: 0.0 mph  
Grade: 0.0%

Raw ECG  
REFLICE  
10.05-100Hz

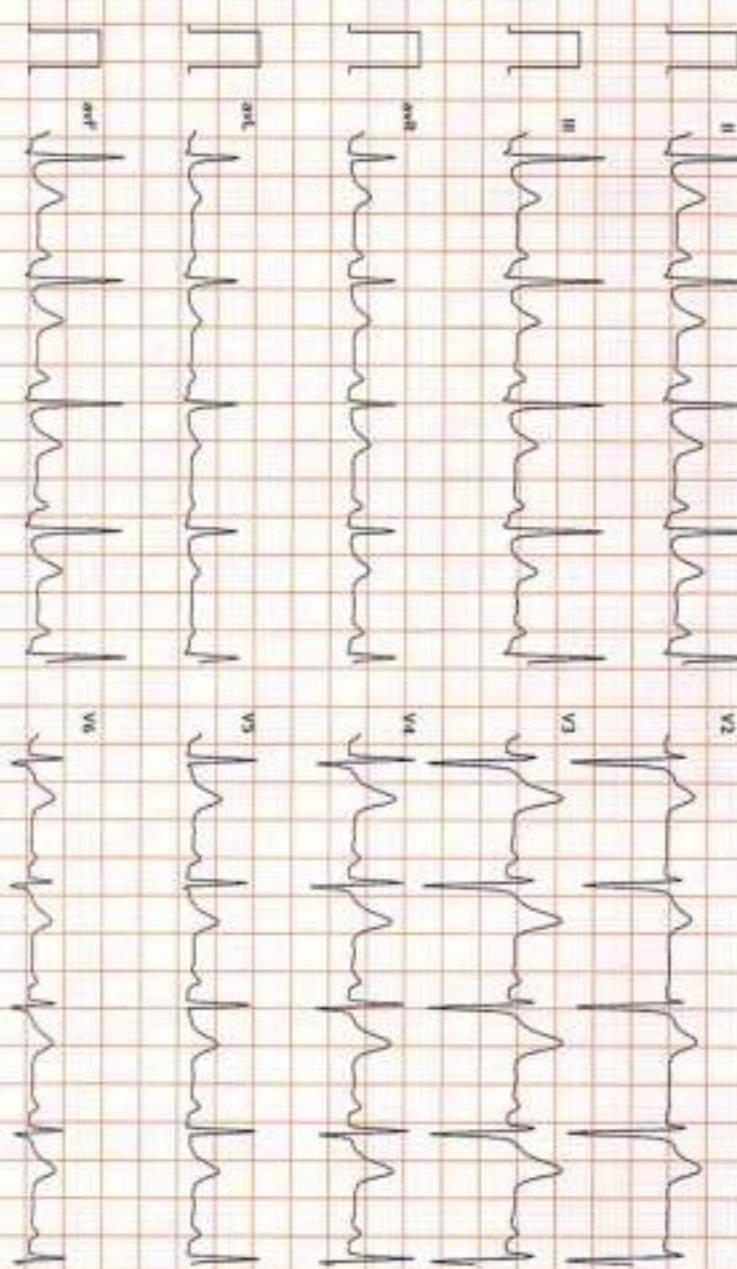
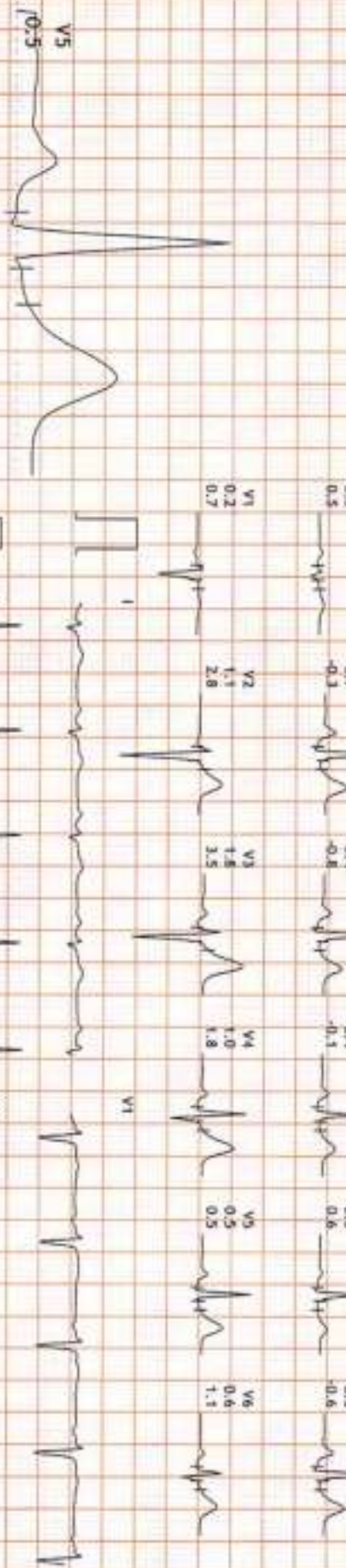
Ex Time: 08:29  
BLC: On  
March: On

Recovery: (4:00)  
10.0 mm/mV  
25 mm/Sec.



4X

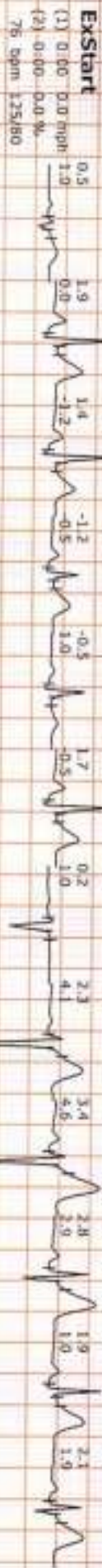
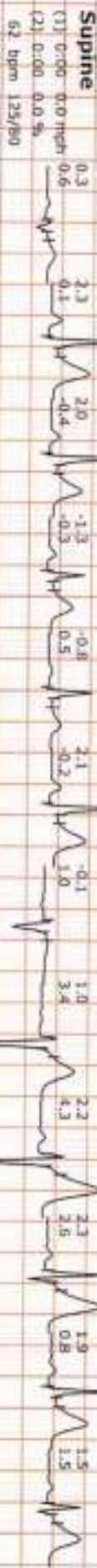
100 mV PAPER J







I II III aVR aVL aVF V1 V2 V3 V4 V5 V6





B-14, Vidhyadhar Enclave-2, Vidhyadhar Nagar, Jaipur

12234237/M/ BIRAN SAHOO 40 Yrs/Male 0 Kg/0 Cms

Date: 24-Dec-2023 02:33:25 PM

I II III aVR aVL aVF V1 V2 V3 V4 V5 V6

