REF. DOCTOR: SELF PATIENT NAME: PIYALI PAL

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138363 ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL) F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156

ACCESSION NO: 0031WA002385 PATIENT ID : PIYAF01017331

CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO

AGE/SEX :50 Years Female :05/01/2023 08:03:00 DRAWN RECEIVED: 05/01/2023 08:10:49

REPORTED :06/01/2023 13:07:26

Test Report Status Results **Biological Reference Interval** Units <u>Final</u>

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP ABOVE 40FEMALE

XRAY-CHEST

IMPRESSION Dorsal spinal marginal osteophytes noted

TMT OR ECHO

TMT OR ECHO Echo done - Reduced diastolic compliance

ECG

FCG NORMAL

MEDICAL HISTORY

NOT SIGNIFICANT RELEVANT PRESENT HISTORY **NOT SIGNIFICANT** RELEVANT PAST HISTORY RELEVANT PERSONAL HISTORY **NOT SIGNIFICANT** RELEVANT FAMILY HISTORY Mother- HTN OCCUPATIONAL HISTORY **NOT SIGNIFICANT** HISTORY OF MEDICATIONS NOT SIGNIFICANT

ANTHROPOMETRIC DATA & BMI

HEIGHT IN METERS 1.53 mts WEIGHT IN KGS. Kgs 64

BMI & Weight Status as follows/sqmts BMI 27

Below 18.5: Underweight 18.5 - 24.9: Normal 25.0 - 29.9: Overweight 30.0 and Above: Obese

GENERAL EXAMINATION

NORMAL MENTAL / EMOTIONAL STATE NORMAL PHYSICAL ATTITUDE GENERAL APPEARANCE / NUTRITIONAL **OVERWEIGHT**

STATUS

BUILT / SKELETAL FRAMEWORK **AVERAGE FACIAL APPEARANCE NORMAL NORMAL** SKIN **NORMAL** UPPER LIMB NORMAL LOWER LIMB **NECK** NORMAL

NOT ENLARGED OR TENDER NECK LYMPHATICS / SALIVARY GLANDS

Desile Ray

Dr. Debika Roy **MBBS Consultant Physician**



Page 1 Of 19

PERFORMED AT:

SRL Ltd P S Srijan Tech Park Building, DN-52, Unit No.2, Ground Floor, Sector V, Salt Lake, KOLKATA, 700091 WEST BENGAL, INDIA Tel: 9111591115,



CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138363

ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)
F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156 ACCESSION NO: **0031WA002385**PATIENT ID : PIYAF01017331

CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO : AGE/SEX :50 Years Female
DRAWN :05/01/2023 08:03:00
RECEIVED :05/01/2023 08:10:49
REPORTED :06/01/2023 13:07:26

Test Report Status <u>Final</u> Results Biological Reference Interval Units

THYROID GLAND NOT ENLARGED

CAROTID PULSATION NORMAL TEMPERATURE NORMAL

PULSE 76/min- REGULAR, ALL PERIPHERAL PULSES WELL FELT

RESPIRATORY RATE NORMAL

CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM

BP 120/80 mm Hg mm/Hg

PERICARDIUM NORMAL APEX BEAT NORMAL

HEART SOUNDS S1, S2 HEARD NORMALLY

MURMURS ABSENT

RESPIRATORY SYSTEM

SIZE AND SHAPE OF CHEST

MOVEMENTS OF CHEST

BREATH SOUNDS INTENSITY

NORMAL

BREATH SOUNDS QUALITY VESICULAR (NORMAL)

ADDED SOUNDS ABSENT

PER ABDOMEN

APPEARANCE NORMAL
VENOUS PROMINENCE ABSENT
LIVER NOT PALPABLE

SPLEEN NOT PALPABLE

HERNIA ABSENT

CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM

HIGHER FUNCTIONS NORMAL
CRANIAL NERVES NORMAL
CEREBELLAR FUNCTIONS NORMAL
SENSORY SYSTEM NORMAL
MOTOR SYSTEM NORMAL
REFLEXES NORMAL

MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM

SPINE NORMAL

Desilve Ray

Dr. Debika Roy

MBBS Consultant Physician





Page 2 Of 19

View Details

View Report

PERFORMED AT:

SRL Ltd P S Srijan Tech Park Building,DN-52,Unit No.2,Ground Floor,Sector V, Salt Lake, KOLKATA, 700091 WEST BENGAL, INDIA



CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138363

ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)
F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156 ACCESSION NO: **0031WA002385**PATIENT ID : PIYAF01017331

CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO : AGE/SEX :50 Years Female
DRAWN :05/01/2023 08:03:00
RECEIVED :05/01/2023 08:10:49
REPORTED :06/01/2023 13:07:26

Test Report Status <u>Final</u> Results Biological Reference Interval Units

JOINTS NORMAL

BASIC EYE EXAMINATION

NORMAL CONJUNCTIVA **EYELIDS NORMAL** EYE MOVEMENTS NORMAL **CORNEA NORMAL** DISTANT VISION RIGHT EYE WITH GLASSES 6/36 DISTANT VISION LEFT EYE WITH GLASSES 6/24 Ν6 NEAR VISION RIGHT EYE WITH GLASSES N6 NEAR VISION LEFT EYE WITH GLASSES COLOUR VISION **NORMAL**

BASIC ENT EXAMINATION

EXTERNAL EAR CANAL NORMAL TYMPANIC MEMBRANE NORMAL

NOSE NO ABNORMALITY DETECTED

SINUSES CLEAR

THROAT NO ABNORMALITY DETECTED

TONSILS NOT ENLARGED

BASIC DENTAL EXAMINATION

TEETH NORMAL GUMS HEALTHY

SUMMARY

RELEVANT HISTORY NOT SIGNIFICANT
RELEVANT GP EXAMINATION FINDINGS Overweight (64 kg)

RELEVANT LAB INVESTIGATIONS Raised Chol (290), TGL (567), Non HDL (246), HbA1c (5.9), FBS (116)

RELEVANT NON PATHOLOGY DIAGNOSTICS Reduced diastolic compliance in echo

Mild hepatomegaly with grade II fatty liver in usg Dorsal spinal marginal osteophytes noted in X-Ray

Desilve Ray

Dr. Debika Roy MBBS Consultant Physician



Page 3 Of 19

View Details





SRL Ltd P S Srijan Tech Park Building,DN-52,Unit No.2,Ground Floor,Sector V, Salt Lake, KOLKATA, 700091 WEST BENGAL, INDIA Tel : 9111591115,



CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138363

ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)
F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156 ACCESSION NO: **0031WA002385**PATIENT ID : PIYAF01017331

CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO : AGE/SEX :50 Years Female DRAWN :05/01/2023 08:03:00 RECEIVED :05/01/2023 08:10:49 REPORTED :06/01/2023 13:07:26

Units

Test Report Status <u>Final</u> Results Biological Reference Interval

REMARKS / RECOMMENDATIONS

On examination and investigations the candidate is found to be overweight and has raised Chol (290), TGL (567), Non HDL (246), HbA1c (5.9), FBS (116) Reduced diastolic compliance in echo Mild hepatomegaly with grade II fatty liver in usg Dorsal spinal marginal osteophytes noted in X-Ray

Should follow the given advice:

- 1. Avoid fat, oil and high carbohydrate in diet
- 2. Reduce body weight
- 3. Estimated body weight should be: 56 kg
- 4. Regular physical exercise and walking
- 5. Drink plenty of water
- 6. Physician and ophthalmologist opinion

Comments

MEDICAL EXAMINATION DONE BY:

DR. DEBIKA ROY, MBBS REG NO: 51651 (WBMC) CONSULTANT PHYSICIAN WELLNESS CLINIC SALT LAKE REF LAB, KOLKATA

Desilve Ray

Dr. Debika Roy MBBS Consultant Physician Page 4 Of 19





View Details

View Report

PERFORMED AT:

SRL Ltd P S Srijan Tech Park Building,DN-52,Unit No.2,Ground Floor,Sector V, Salt Lake, KOLKATA, 700091 WEST BENGAL, INDIA Tel: 9111591115,



CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138363
ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)
F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030

8800465156

ACCESSION NO: 0031WA002385

PATIENT ID : PIYAF01017331

CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO : AGE/SEX :50 Years Female DRAWN :05/01/2023 08:03:00 RECEIVED :05/01/2023 08:10:49

RECEIVED : 05/01/2023 08:10:49 REPORTED : 06/01/2023 13:07:26

Test Report Status Final Results Units

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP ABOVE 40FEMALE

ULTRASOUND ABDOMEN

ULTRASOUND ABDOMEN

Mild hepatomegaly with grade II fatty liver

Interpretation(s)

MEDICAL

.....

Desilve Ray

Dr. Debika Roy MBBS Consultant Physician



Page 5 Of 19

View Details

View Report

PERFORMED AT:

SRL Ltd P S Srijan Tech Park Building,DN-52,Unit No.2,Ground Floor,Sector V, Salt Lake, KOLKATA, 700091 WEST BENGAL, INDIA Tel: 9111591115,





CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138363

ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)
F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156 ACCESSION NO: **0031WA002385**PATIENT ID : PIYAF01017331

CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO : AGE/SEX :50 Years Female
DRAWN :05/01/2023 08:03:00
RECEIVED :05/01/2023 08:10:49
REPORTED :06/01/2023 13:07:26

Test Report Status <u>Final</u> Results Biological Reference Interval Units

н	IAEMATOLOGY - CBC		
MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP A	BOVE 40FEMALE		
BLOOD COUNTS,EDTA WHOLE BLOOD			
HEMOGLOBIN (HB)	13.3	12.0 - 15.0	g/dL
METHOD: SPECTROPHOTOMETRY			
RED BLOOD CELL (RBC) COUNT METHOD: ELECTRICAL IMPEDANCE	4.63	3.8 - 4.8	mil/μL
WHITE BLOOD CELL (WBC) COUNT METHOD: ELECTRICAL IMPEDANCE	6.10	4.0 - 10.0	thou/µL
PLATELET COUNT	160	150 - 410	thou/µL
METHOD: ELECTRONIC IMPEDENCE & MICROSCOPY			
RBC AND PLATELET INDICES			
HEMATOCRIT (PCV)	38.9	36 - 46	%
METHOD: CALCULATED			
MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOLUME (MCV) METHOD: ELECTRICAL IMPEDANCE	84.1	83 - 101	fL
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN (MCH) METHOD: CALCULATED	28.7	27.0 - 32.0	pg
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN CONCENTRATION (MCHC) METHOD: CALCULATED	34.1	31.5 - 34.5	g/dL
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW) METHOD: ELECTRICAL IMPEDANCE	14.1 High	11.6 - 14.0	%
MENTZER INDEX	18.2		
MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV) METHOD: CALCULATED	9.3	6.8 - 10.9	fL
WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT			
NEUTROPHILS METHOD: FLOWCYTOMETRY, ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE & MICROS	56 COPY.	40 - 80	%
LYMPHOCYTES	35	20 - 40	%
METHOD: FLOWCYTOMETRY, ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE & MICROS	COPY.		
MONOCYTES	6	2 - 10	%
METHOD: FLOWCYTOMETRY, ELECTRONIC IMPEDANCE & MICROS	COPY.		
EOSINOPHILS	3	1 - 6	%
BASOPHILS	0	0 - 2	%

Achatterise

Dr.Anwesha Chatterjee,MD Pathologist





Page 6 Of 19

View Details





SRL Ltd
P S Srijan Tech Park Building, DN-52, Unit No.2, Ground Floor, Sector V, Salt Lake, KOLKATA, 700091
WEST BENGAL, INDIA





CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138363 ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL) F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030

8800465156

ACCESSION NO: 0031WA002385 PATIENT ID : PIYAF01017331

CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO

AGE/SEX :50 Years Female DRAWN :05/01/2023 08:03:00 RECEIVED: 05/01/2023 08:10:49 REPORTED :06/01/2023 13:07:26

	İ	l	
Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results	Biological Referenc	e Interval Units
METHOD: FLOWCYTOMETRY, ELECTRONIC IM	PEDANCE & MICROSCOPY.		
ABSOLUTE NEUTROPHIL COUNT	3.42	2.0 - 7.0	thou/µL
METHOD: FLOWCYTOMETRY & CALCULATED			
ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCYTE COUNT	2.14	1 - 3	thou/µL
METHOD: FLOWCYTOMETRY & CALCULATED			
ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE COUNT	0.37	0.20 - 1.00	thou/µL
METHOD: FLOWCYTOMETRY & CALCULATED			
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPHIL COUNT	0.18	0.02 - 0.50	thou/µL
METHOD: FLOWCYTOMETRY & CALCULATED			
ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL COUNT	0.00 Low	0.02 - 0.10	thou/µL
METHOD: FLOWCYTOMETRY & CALCULATED			
MORPHOLOGY			
RBC	NORMOCYTIC NORM	1OCHROMIC	
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			
WBC	NORMAL MORPHOLO	OGY	
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION			
PLATELETS	ADEQUATE		
	_		

METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

Interpretation(s)
BLOOD COUNTS,EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-The cell morphology is well preserved for 24hrs. However after 24-48 hrs a progressive increase in MCV and HCT is observed leading to a decrease in MCHC. A direct smear is recommended for an accurate differential count and for examination of RBC morphology.

RBC AND PLATELET INDICES-Mentzer index (MCV/RBC) is an automated cell-counter based calculated screen tool to differentiate cases of Iron deficiency anaemia(>13) from Beta thalassaemia trait

(<13) in patients with microcytic anaemia. This needs to be interpreted in line with clinical correlation and suspicion. Estimation of HbA2 remains the gold standard for diagnosing a case of beta thalassaemia trait.

WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT-The optimal threshold of 3.3 for NLR showed a prognostic possibility of clinical symptoms to change from mild to severe in COVID positive

patients. When age = 49.5 years old and NLR = 3.3, 46.1% COVID-19 patients with mild disease might become severe. By contrast, when age < 49.5 years old and NLR < 3.3, COVID-19 patients tend to show mild disease.

(Reference to - The diagnostic and predictive role of NLR, d-NLR and PLR in COVID-19 patients; A.-P. Yang, et al.; International Immunopharmacology 84 (2020) 106504

This ratio element is a calculated parameter and out of NABL scope.

Achatterise

Dr. Anwesha Chatterjee, MD **Pathologist**





Page 7 Of 19



P S Srijan Tech Park Building, DN-52, Unit No.2, Ground Floor, Sector V, Salt Lake, KOLKATA, 700091 WEST BENGAL, INDIA





REF. DOCTOR: SELF PATIENT NAME: PIYALI PAL

CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138363 ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL) F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030

8800465156

ACCESSION NO: 0031WA002385

PATIENT ID : PIYAF01017331

CLIENT PATIENT ID:

ABHA NO

AGE/SEX :50 Years Female :05/01/2023 08:03:00 DRAWN

RECEIVED: 05/01/2023 08:10:49 REPORTED :06/01/2023 13:07:26

Test Report Status Biological Reference Interval Final Results Units

HAEMATOLOGY

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP ABOVE 40FEMALE

ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR), WHOLE BLOOD

E.S.R 0 - 20mm at 1 hr

METHOD: AUTOMATED (PHOTOMETRICAL CAPILLARY STOPPED FLOW KINETIC ANALYSIS)"

Interpretation(s)
ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR), WHOLE BLOOD-TEST DESCRIPTION:

Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a test that indirectly measures the degree of inflammation present in the body. The test actually measures the rate of fall (sedimentation) of erythrocytes in a sample of blood that has been placed into a tall, thin, vertical tube. Results are reported as the millimetres of clear fluid (plasma) that are present at the top portion of the tube after one hour. Nowadays fully automated instruments are available to measure ESR.

ESR is not diagnostic; it is a non-specific test that may be elevated in a number of different conditions. It provides general information about the presence of an inflammatory condition.CRP is superior to ESR because it is more sensitive and reflects a more rapid change. **TEST INTERPRETATION**

Increase in: Infections, Vasculities, Inflammatory arthritis, Renal disease, Anemia, Malignancies and plasma cell dyscrasias, Acute allergy Tissue injury, Pregnancy, Estrogen medication, Aging.

Finding a very accelerated ESR(>100 mm/hour) in patients with ill-defined symptoms directs the physician to search for a systemic disease (Paraproteinemias,

Disseminated malignancies, connective tissue disease, severe infections such as bacterial endocarditis).

In pregnancy BRI in first trimester is 0-48 mm/hr(62 if anemic) and in second trimester (0-70 mm /hr(95 if anemic). ESR returns to normal 4th week post partum.

Decreased in: Polycythermia vera, Sickle cell anemia

False elevated ESR : Increased fibrinogen, Drugs(Vitamin A, Dextran etc), Hypercholesterolemia

False Decreased: Poikilocytosis, (SickleCells, spherocytes), Microcytosis, Low fibrinogen, Very high WBC counts, Drugs (Quinine, salicylates)

1. Nathan and Oski's Haematology of Infancy and Childhood, 5th edition; 2. Paediatric reference intervals. AACC Press, 7th edition. Edited by S. Soldin; 3. The reference for the adult reference range is "Practical Haematology by Dacie and Lewis,10th edition.

Achatterise

Dr. Anwesha Chatterjee, MD **Pathologist**





Page 8 Of 19



P S Srijan Tech Park Building, DN-52, Unit No.2, Ground Floor, Sector V, Salt Lake, KOLKATA, 700091 WEST BENGAL, INDIA





CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138363 ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL) F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030

8800465156

ACCESSION NO: 0031WA002385

PATIENT ID : PIYAF01017331

CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO

AGE/SEX :50 Years Female DRAWN :05/01/2023 08:03:00 RECEIVED: 05/01/2023 08:10:49 REPORTED :06/01/2023 13:07:26

Test Report Status Results **Biological Reference Interval** Units <u>Final</u>

IMMUNOHAEMATOLOGY

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP ABOVE 40FEMALE

ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

ABO GROUP TYPE A

METHOD: GEL CARD METHOD

RH TYPE **POSITIVE**

METHOD: GEL CARD METHOD

Interpretation(s)

ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-Blood group is identified by antigens and antibodies present in the blood. Antigens are protein molecules found on the surface of red blood cells. Antibodies are found in plasma. To determine blood group, red cells are mixed with different antibody solutions to give A,B,O or AB.

Disclaimer: "Please note, as the results of previous ABO and Rh group (Blood Group) for pregnant women are not available, please check with the patient records for availability of the same."

The test is performed by both forward as well as reverse grouping methods.

Achatterise

Dr.Anwesha Chatterjee,MD **Pathologist**





Page 9 Of 19



SRL Ltd P S Srijan Tech Park Building, DN-52, Unit No.2, Ground Floor, Sector V, Salt Lake, KOLKATA, 700091 WEST BENGAL, INDIA





CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138363
ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)
F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030

8800465156

ACCESSION NO : 0031WA002385

PATIENT ID : PIYAF01017331

CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO : AGE/SEX :50 Years Female
DRAWN :05/01/2023 08:03:00
RECEIVED :05/01/2023 08:10:49

RECEIVED : 05/01/2023 08:10:49
REPORTED : 06/01/2023 13:07:26

Test Report Status <u>Final</u> Results Biological Reference Interval Units

BIOCHEMISTRY

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP ABOVE 40FEMALE

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE

BLOOD HBA1C 5.9 High

Non-diabetic Adult < 5.7

Pre-diabetes 5.7 - 6.4

Diabetes diagnosis: > or = 6.5 Therapeutic goals: < 7.0 Action suggested : > 8.0 (ADA Guideline 2021)

METHOD: HPLC

ESTIMATED AVERAGE GLUCOSE(EAG) 122.6 High < 116.0 mg/dL

chaitalily.

Dr. Chaitali Ray, PhD Chief Biochemist cum MRQA



Page 10 Of 19

View Details

View Report



SRL Ltd P S Srijan Tech Park Building,DN-52,Unit No.2,Ground Floor,Sector V, Salt Lake, KOLKATA, 700091 WEST BENGAL, INDIA Tel: 9111591115,





CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138363

ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)
F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156 ACCESSION NO: **0031WA002385**PATIENT ID : PIYAF01017331

CLIENT PATIENT ID:

AGE/SEX :50 Years Female
DRAWN :05/01/2023 08:03:00
RECEIVED :05/01/2023 08:10:49
REPORTED :06/01/2023 13:07:26

Test Report Status <u>Final</u> Results Biological Reference Interval Units

SRL LIMITED - KOLKATA REF. LAB Bio-Rad Variant II Turbo CDM 5.4 S/N: 16043

PATIENT REP V2TURBO_A1c

Patient Data

 Sample ID:
 3106684864

 Patient ID:
 0031WA002385

 Name:
 PIYALIPAL

Physician: Sex:

DOB:

Analysis Data

Analysis Performed: 05/JAN/2023 12:43:59
Injection Number: 849
Run Number: 47
Rack ID: 0002

Rack ID: 00 Tube Number: 6

Report Generated: 05/JAN/2023 13:32:19

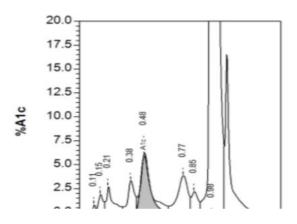
Operator ID:

Comments:

Peak Name	NGSP %	Area %	Retention Time (min)	Peak Area
Unknown		0.2	0.108	4492
A1a		0.8	0.154	21884
A1b		1.6	0.213	42671
LA1c		2.0	0.382	52577
A1c	5.9		0.481	130712
P3		3.4	0.771	91508
P4		1.2	0.853	32057
Ao		86.0	0.985	2315940

Total Area: 2,691,841

HbA1c (NGSP) = 5.9 %



chaitalilas.

Dr. Chaitali Ray, PhD Chief Biochemist cum MRQA





Page 11 Of 19

lew Details

View Report



SRL Ltd P S Srijan Tech Park Building,DN-52,Unit No.2,Ground Floor,Sector V, Salt Lake, KOLKATA, 700091 WEST BENGAL, INDIA





CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138363

ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)
F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030

8800465156

ACCESSION NO : **0031WA002385**

PATIENT ID : PIYAF01017331

CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO : DRAWN :05/01/2023 08:03:00 RECEIVED :05/01/2023 08:10:49 REPORTED :06/01/2023 13:07:26

Female

:50 Years

AGE/SEX

Test Report Status <u>Final</u> Results Biological Reference Interval Units

GLUCOSE FASTING, FLUORIDE PLASMA

FBS (FASTING BLOOD SUGAR) **116 High** 74 - 100 mg/dL

METHOD: ENZYMATIC (HEXOKINASE/G-6-PDH)

GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA

PPBS(POST PRANDIAL BLOOD SUGAR) 100 140 Normal mg/dL

140 - 199 Pre-diabetic > or = 200 Diabetic

METHOD: ENZYMATIC (HEXOKINASE/G-6-PDH)

Comments

NOTE: PP SUGAR CAN BE LOWER THAN FASTING SUGAR DUE TO THE FOLLOWING REASONS:

- 1) OPTIMUM AMOUNT OF GLUCOSE (i.e. 75 GM OF ANHYDROUS GLUCOSE EQUIVALENT TO 82.5 GRAMS OF GLUCOSE MONOHYDRATE) MAY NOT HAVE BEEN CONSUMED.
- 2) PATIENT MAY BE A KNOWN DIABETIC UNDER TREATMENT.
- 3) IN LATENT DIABETICS, HYPERSECRETION OF INSULIN BY THE ISLET CELLS OF PANCREAS MAY LEAD TO INCREASED UTILISATION OF POST PRANDIAL BLOOD GLUCOSE.
- 4) IN CASE OF HEAVY EXCERCISES LIKE TRADEMILL TEST BEFORE GIVING PP SAMPLE.
- 5) "DAWN PHENOMENON" WHICH IS HIGH SUGAR VALUE IN THE MORNING DUE TO NORMAL ALTERATION IN HORMONES LIKE GROWTH HORMONE, CORTISOL, EPINEPHRINE AND NOREPINEPHRIN AFTER WAKING UP.
- 6) TAKING TOO MUCH BLOOD PRESSURE MEDICATION MAY ALSO CAUSE THE BLOOD SUGAR TO GO UP IN THE MORNING.
- 7) IN CASE OF IMPAIRED FASTING GLYCEMIA, A TYPE OF PREDIABETIC CONDITION.

LIPID PROFILE, SERUM

CHOLESTEROL, TOTAL **290 High** < 200 Desirable mg/dL

200 - 239 Borderline High

>/= 240 High

METHOD: ENZYMATIC ASSAY

TRIGLYCERIDES **567 High** < 150 Normal mg/dL

150 - 199 Borderline High 200 - 499 High >/=500 Very High

METHOD: GLYCEROL PHOSPHATE OXIDASE

HDL CHOLESTEROL 44 Low: < 40 mg/dL

High: > / = 60

METHOD: ACCELERATOR SELECTIVE DETERGENT METHODOLOGY

CHOLESTEROL LDL 133 mg/dL

chaitalily.

Page 12 Of 19

Dr. Chaitali Ray, PhD Chief Biochemist cum MRQA





View Details

View Report



SRL Ltd P S Srijan Tech Park Building,DN-52,Unit No.2,Ground Floor,Sector V, Salt Lake, KOLKATA, 700091 WEST BENGAL, INDIA





CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138363
ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL)
F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156 ACCESSION NO: **0031WA002385**PATIENT ID: PIYAF01017331

CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO : AGE/SEX :50 Years Female
DRAWN :05/01/2023 08:03:00
RECEIVED :05/01/2023 08:10:49
REPORTED :06/01/2023 13:07:26

Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results	Biological Reference Interval Units
NON HDL CHOLESTEROL	246 High	Desirable: Less than 130 mg/dL Above Desirable: 130-159 Borderline High: 160-189 High: 190 -219 Very High: >or = 220
METHOD: CALCULATED		
CHOL/HDL RATIO	6.6	
LDL/HDL RATIO	3.0	

Comments

NOTE VLDL CANNOT BE REPORTED AS THEY ARE CALCULATED VALUES & THE FORMULA IS INVALID IF THE TRIGLYCERIDE VALUE IS > 400mg/dl Interpretation(s)

LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM

BILIRUBIN, TOTAL METHOD: DIAZONIUM SALT	0.75	0.2 - 1.2	mg/dL
BILIRUBIN, DIRECT METHOD: DIAZO REACTION	0.23	0.0 - 0.5	mg/dL
BILIRUBIN, INDIRECT METHOD: CALCULATED	0.52	0.1 - 1.0	mg/dL
TOTAL PROTEIN METHOD: BIURET	8.2	6.0 - 8.30	g/dL
ALBUMIN METHOD: COLORIMETRIC (BROMCRESOL GREEN)	5.1	3.5 - 5.2	g/dL
GLOBULIN	3.1	2.0 - 3.5	g/dL
ALBUMIN/GLOBULIN RATIO METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	1.7	1 - 2.1	RATIO
ASPARTATE AMINOTRANSFERASE (AST/SGOT) METHOD: ENZYMATIC (NADH (WITHOUT P-5'-P)	27	5 - 34	U/L
ALANINE AMINOTRANSFERASE (ALT/SGPT) METHOD: ENZYMATIC (NADH (WITHOUT P-5'-P)	29	0 - 55	U/L
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE METHOD: PARA-NITROPHENYL PHOSPHATE	98	40 - 150	U/L
GAMMA GLUTAMYL TRANSFERASE (GGT) METHOD: L-GAMMA-GLUTAMYL-4-NITROANALIDE /GLYCYLGLYCINE	20 E KINETIC METHOD	8 -33	U/L

chaitalila.

Dr. Chaitali Ray, PhD Chief Biochemist cum MRQA





Page 13 Of 19

View Details

View Repor



SRL Ltd P S Srijan Tech Park Building,DN-52,Unit No.2,Ground Floor,Sector V, Salt Lake, KOLKATA, 700091 WEST BENGAL, INDIA





CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138363 ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL) F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030

8800465156

ACCESSION NO: 0031WA002385 PATIENT ID : PIYAF01017331

CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO

AGE/SEX :50 Years Female :05/01/2023 08:03:00 DRAWN RECEIVED: 05/01/2023 08:10:49 REPORTED :06/01/2023 13:07:26

	<u>i</u>	i		
Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results	Biological Reference I	Biological Reference Interval Units	
LACTATE DEHYDROGENASE	196	125 - 220	U/L	
METHOD : IFCC LACTATE TO PYRUVATE	130	123 220	-, -	
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM				
BLOOD UREA NITROGEN METHOD: UREASE METHOD	10	9.8 - 20.1	mg/dL	
CREATININE, SERUM				
CREATININE METHOD: KINETIC ALKALINE PICRATE	0.71	0.50 - 1.10	mg/dL	
BUN/CREAT RATIO				
BUN/CREAT RATIO	14.08	5.0 - 15.0		
URIC ACID, SERUM				
URIC ACID METHOD: URICASE	5.5	2.6 - 6.0	mg/dL	
TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM				
TOTAL PROTEIN METHOD: BIURET	8.2	6.0 - 8.3	g/dL	
ALBUMIN, SERUM				
ALBUMIN	5.1	3.5 - 5.2	g/dL	
METHOD: COLORIMETRIC (BROMCRESOL GREEN)				
GLOBULIN				
GLOBULIN METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	3.1	2.0 - 3.5	g/dL	
ELECTROLYTES (NA/K/CL), SERUM				
SODIUM, SERUM METHOD: ION SELECTIVE ELECTRODE TECHNOLOGY INDIRECT	135 Low	136 - 145	mmol/L	
POTASSIUM, SERUM METHOD: ION SELECTIVE ELECTRODE TECHNOLOGY INDIRECT	4.20	3.5 - 5.1	mmol/L	
CHLORIDE, SERUM METHOD: ION SELECTIVE ELECTRODE TECHNOLOGY INDIRECT	98	98 - 107	mmol/L	

Interpretation(s)

chaitalily.

Dr. Chaitali Ray, PhD Chief Biochemist cum MRQA



Page 14 Of 19

PERFORMED AT:

SRL Ltd P S Srijan Tech Park Building, DN-52, Unit No.2, Ground Floor, Sector V, Salt Lake, KOLKATA, 700091 WEST BENGAL, INDIA





CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138363 ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL) F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030

8800465156

ACCESSION NO: 0031WA002385

PATIENT ID : PIYAF01017331

CLIENT PATIENT ID:

AGE/SEX :50 Years Female :05/01/2023 08:03:00 DRAWN

RECEIVED: 05/01/2023 08:10:49 REPORTED :06/01/2023 13:07:26

Test Report Status Results Biological Reference Interval **Final** Units

ABHA NO

Interpretation(s)

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-Used For:

- 1.Evaluating the long-term control of blood glucose concentrations in diabetic patients.
- 2.Diagnosing diabetes.
- 3.Identifying patients at increased risk for diabetes (prediabetes).

The ADA recommends measurement of HbA1c (typically 3-4 times per year for type 1 and poorly controlled type 2 diabetic patients, and 2 times per year for well-controlled type 2 diabetic patients) to determine whether a patients metabolic control has remained continuously within the target range.

- 1.eAG (Estimated average glucose) converts percentage HbA1c to md/dl, to compare blood glucose levels.
- 2. eAG gives an evaluation of blood glucose levels for the last couple of months. 3. eAG is calculated as eAG (mg/dl) = 28.7 * HbA1c 46.7

HbA1c Estimation can get affected due to :

I.Shortened Erythrocyte survival: Any condition that shortens erythrocyte survival or decreases mean erythrocyte age (e.g. recovery from acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia) will falsely lower HbA1c test results. Fructosamine is recommended in these patients which indicates diabetes control over 15 days. II. Vitamin C & E are reported to falsely lower test results. (possibly by inhibiting glycation of hemoglobin.

III.Iron deficiency anemia is reported to increase test results. Hypertriglyceridemia, uremia, hyperbilirubinemia, chronic alcoholism,chronic ingestion of salicylates & opiates addiction are reported to interfere with some assay methods, falsely increasing results. IV.Interference of hemoglobinopathies in HbA1c estimation is seen in

- a.Homozygous hemoglobinopathy. Fructosamine is recommended for testing of HbA1c. b.Heterozygous state detected (D10 is corrected for HbS & HbC trait.)

c.HbF > 25% on alternate paltform (Boronate affinity chromatography) is recommended for testing of HbA1c.Abnormal Hemoglobin electrophoresis (HPLC method) is recommended for detecting a hemoglobinopathy

GLUCOSE FASTING, FLUORIDE PLASMA-TEST DESCRIPTION

Normally, the glucose concentration in extracellular fluid is closely regulated so that a source of energy is readily available to tissues and sothat no glucose is excreted in the urine.

Increased in

Diabetes mellitus, Cushing's syndrome (10 - 15%), chronic pancreatitis (30%). Drugs:corticosteroids, phenytoin, estrogen, thiazides.

Decreased in

Pancreatic islet cell disease with increased insulin,insulinoma, adrenocortical insufficiency, hypopituitarism, diffuse liver disease, malignancy (adrenocortical, stomach,fibrosarcoma), infant of a diabetic mother, enzyme deficiency diseases(e.g., galactosemia),Drugs- insulin, ethanol, propranolol; sulfonylureas,tolbutamide, and other oral hypoglycemic agents.

NOTE:

While random serum glucose levels correlate with home glucose monitoring results (weekly mean capillary glucose values), there is wide fluctuation within individuals. Thus,

glycosylated hemoglobin(HbA1c) levels are favored to monitor glycemic control.

High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glyosuria, Glycaemic

index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc.

GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA-High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glyosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc. Additional test HbA1c LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM-LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE

Bilirubin is a yellowish pigment found in bile and is a breakdown product of normal heme catabolism. Bilirubin is excreted in bile and urine, and elevated levels may give yellow discoloration in jaundice. Elevated levels results from increased bilirubin production (eg, hemolysis and ineffective erythropoiesis), decreased bilirubin excretion (eg, obstruction and hepatitis), and abnormal bilirubin metabolism (eg, hereditary and neonatal jaundice). Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin in Viral hepatitis, Drug reactions, Alcoholic liver disease Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is also elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin when there is some kind of blockage of the bile ducts like in Gallstones getting into the bile ducts, tumors &Scarring of the bile ducts. Increased unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin may be a result of Hemolytic or pernicious anemia, Transfusion reaction & a common metabolic condition termed Gilbert syndrome, due to low levels of the enzyme that attaches sugar molecules to bilirubin.

AST is an enzyme found in various parts of the body. AST is found in the liver, heart, skeletal muscle, kidneys, brain, and red blood cells, and it is commonly measured clinically as a marker for liver health. AST levels increase during chronic viral hepatitis, blockage of the bile duct, cirrhosis of the liver, liver cancer, kidney failure, hemolytic anemia, pancreatitis, hemochromatosis. AST levels may also increase after a heart attack or strenuous activity. ALT test measures the amount of this enzyme in the blood. ALT is found mainly in the liver, but also in smaller amounts in the kidneys, heart, muscles, and pancreas. It is commonly measured as a part of a diagnostic evaluation of hepatocellular injury, to determine liver health AST levels increase during acute hepatitis, sometimes due to a viral infection, ischemia to the liver, chronic hepatitis, obstruction of bile ducts, cirrhosis,

ALP is a protein found in almost all body tissues. Tissues with higher amounts of ALP include the liver, bile ducts and bone. Elevated ALP levels are seen in Biliary obstruction,

chaitalily.

Page 15 Of 19

Dr. Chaitali Ray, PhD Chief Biochemist cum MROA





V<u>iew Report</u>

PERFORMED AT:

P S Srijan Tech Park Building, DN-52, Unit No.2, Ground Floor, Sector V, Salt Lake, KOLKATA, 700091 WEST BENGAL, INDIA Tel: 9111591115,





CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138363 ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL) F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030

8800465156

ACCESSION NO: 0031WA002385

PATIENT ID : PIYAF01017331

CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO

:05/01/2023 08:03:00 DRAWN RECEIVED: 05/01/2023 08:10:49

:50 Years

AGE/SEX

REPORTED :06/01/2023 13:07:26

Female

Test Report Status Results **Biological Reference Interval Final** Units

Osteoblastic bone tumors, osteomalacia, hepatitis, Hyperparathyroidism, Leukemia, Lymphoma, Paget'''s disease,Rickets,Sarcoidosis etc. Lower-than-normal ALP levels seen in Hypophosphatasia,Malnutrition,Protein deficiency,Wilson'''s disease.GGT is an enzyme found in cell membranes of many tissues mainly in the liver,kidney and pancreas.It is also found in other tissues including intestine,spleen,heart, brain and seminal vesicles.The highest concentration is in the kidney,but the liver is considered the source of normal enzyme activity. Serum GGT has been widely used as an index of liver dysfunction. Elevated serum GGT activity can be found in diseases of the liver, biliary system and pancreas. Conditions that increase serum GGT are obstructive liver disease, high alcohol consumption and use of enzyme-inducing drugs etc. Serum total protein, also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum. Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin.Higher-than-normal levels may be due to:Chronic inflammation or infection,including HIV and hepatitis B or C,Multiple myeloma,Waldenstrom'''s disease.Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia,Bleeding (hemorrhage),Burns,Glomerulonephritis,Liver disease, Malabsorption,Malnutrition,Nephrotic syndrome,Protein-losing enteropathy etc.Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma.It is produced in the liver.Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein.Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by:Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome,protein-losing enteropathy,Burns,hemodilution,increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance,malnutrition and wasting etc

BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM-Causes of Increased levels include Pre renal (High protein diet, Increased protein catabolism, GI haemorrhage, Cortisol, Dehydration, CHF Renal), Renal Failure, Post Renal (Malignancy, Nephrolithiasis, Prostatism)

Causes of decreased level include Liver disease, SIADH.

CREATININE, SERUM-Higher than normal level may be due to:

- Blockage in the urinary tract
- Kidney problems, such as kidney damage or failure, infection, or reduced blood flow
 Loss of body fluid (dehydration)
- · Muscle problems, such as breakdown of muscle fibers
- Problems during pregnancy, such as seizures (eclampsia)), or high blood pressure caused by pregnancy (preeclampsia)

Lower than normal level may be due to:

- Myasthenia Gravis
- Muscular dystroph

URIC ACID, SERUM-Causes of Increased levels:-Dietary(High Protein Intake, Prolonged Fasting, Rapid weight loss), Gout, Lesch nyhan syndrome, Type 2 DM, Metabolic

Causes of decreased levels-Low Zinc intake,OCP,Multiple Sclerosis
TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM-Serum total protein, also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum..Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin

Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstrom'''''''''''''' disease Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage), Burns, Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc.

ALBUMIN, SERUM-Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance,malnutrition and wasting etc.

chaitalily.

Dr. Chaitali Ray, PhD Chief Biochemist cum MROA



Page 16 Of 19



P S Srijan Tech Park Building, DN-52, Unit No.2, Ground Floor, Sector V, Salt Lake, KOLKATA, 700091 WEST BENGAL, INDIA





CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138363 ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL) F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030

8800465156

ACCESSION NO: 0031WA002385

PATIENT ID : PIYAF01017331

CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO

AGE/SEX :50 Years Female DRAWN :05/01/2023 08:03:00 RECEIVED: 05/01/2023 08:10:49 REPORTED :06/01/2023 13:07:26

Test Report Status Results **Biological Reference Interval** Units <u>Final</u>

CLINICAL PATH - URINALYSIS

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP ABOVE 40FEMALE

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION, URINE

COLOR PALE YELLOW

APPEARANCE CLEAR

CHEMICAL EXAMINATION, URINE

PH 6.0 4.7 - 7.5 1.003 - 1.035

1.005 SPECIFIC GRAVITY

METHOD : DIPSTICK

PROTEIN NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED

METHOD: DIPSTICK

GLUCOSE NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED

METHOD: DIPSTICK

KETONES NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED

METHOD : DIPSTICK

BLOOD NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED

METHOD : DIPSTICK

BILIRUBIN NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED

METHOD: DIPSTICK

UROBILINOGEN NORMAL NORMAL

METHOD: DIPSTICK

NITRITE NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED

 ${\tt METHOD}: {\tt DIPSTICK}$

NOT DETECTED LEUKOCYTE ESTERASE **NEGATIVE**

MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION, URINE

/HPF RED BLOOD CELLS NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED /HPF PUS CELL (WBC'S) 1-2 0-5 EPITHELIAL CELLS 0-5 /HPF 0-1

NOT DETECTED **CASTS**

NOT DETECTED **CRYSTALS**

BACTERIA NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED YEAST

Himori Moran

Dr.Himadri Mondal, MD **Consultant Microbiologist**





Page 17 Of 19





SRL Ltd

P S Srijan Tech Park Building, DN-52, Unit No.2, Ground Floor, Sector V, Salt Lake, KOLKATA, 700091 WEST BENGAL, INDIA





CODE/NAME & ADDRESS: C000138363 ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL) F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030 8800465156

ACCESSION NO: 0031WA002385 PATIENT ID : PIYAF01017331

CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO

AGE/SEX :50 Years Female DRAWN :05/01/2023 08:03:00 RECEIVED: 05/01/2023 08:10:49

REPORTED :06/01/2023 13:07:26

Biological Reference Interval Test Report Status Results Units <u>Final</u>

Comments

URINALYSIS: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION IS CARRIED OUT ON CENTRIFUGED URINARY SEDIMENT.

Interpretation(s)

Himori Moran

Dr.Himadri Mondal, MD **Consultant Microbiologist**





Page 18 Of 19



SRL Ltd P S Srijan Tech Park Building, DN-52, Unit No.2, Ground Floor, Sector V, Salt Lake, KOLKATA, 700091 WEST BENGAL, INDIA Tel: 9111591115,





CODE/NAME & ADDRESS : C000138363 ACROFEMI HEALTHCARE LTD (MEDIWHEEL) F-703, LADO SARAI, MEHRAULISOUTH WEST

DELHI

NEW DELHI 110030

8800465156

ACCESSION NO: 0031WA002385

PATIENT ID : PIYAF01017331

CLIENT PATIENT ID: ABHA NO

AGE/SEX :50 Years Female DRAWN :05/01/2023 08:03:00 RECEIVED: 05/01/2023 08:10:49

REPORTED :06/01/2023 13:07:26

Test Report Status Results **Biological Reference Interval** Units <u>Final</u>

SPECIALISED CHEMISTRY - HORMONE

MEDI WHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP ABOVE 40FEMALE

THYROID PANEL, SERUM

T3 35 - 193 ng/dL 120.7

METHOD: TWO-STEP CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY

Non-Pregnant Women **T4** 9.15 μg/dL

4.87 - 11.71 Pregnant Women

1st Trimester: 7.33 - 14.80 2nd Trimester: 7.93 - 16.10 3rd Trimester: 6.95 - 15.70

METHOD: TWO-STEP CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY

TSH (ULTRASENSITIVE) 0.350 - 4.940μIU/mL 4.752

METHOD: TWO-STEP CHEMILUMINESCENT MICROPARTICLE IMMUNOASSAY

Interpretation(s)

End Of Report Please visit www.srlworld.com for related Test Information for this accession

chaitaliles.

Dr. Chaitali Ray, PhD Chief Biochemist cum MRQA





Page 19 Of 19





SRL Ltd P S Srijan Tech Park Building, DN-52, Unit No.2, Ground Floor, Sector V, Salt Lake, KOLKATA, 700091 WEST BENGAL, INDIA Tel: 9111591115,

