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Investigation HAEMATOLOGY	Observed Value	<u>Unit</u>	Biological Reference Interval
Complete Blood Count With - ESR			
Haemoglobin (EDTA Blood/Spectrophotometry)	17.6	g/dL	13.5 - 18.0
INTERPRETATION: Haemoglobin values vary in Men, blood loss, renal failure etc. Higher values are often due to			
PCV (Packed Cell Volume) / Haematocrit (EDTA Blood/Derived)	50.0	%	42 - 52
RBC Count (EDTA Blood/Automated Blood cell Counter)	5.60	mill/cu.mm	4.7 - 6.0
MCV (Mean Corpuscular Volume) (EDTA Blood/Derived from Impedance)	89.0	fL	78 - 100
MCH (Mean Corpuscular Haemoglobin) (EDTA Blood/Derived)	31.3	pg	27 - 32
MCHC (Mean Corpuscular Haemoglobin concentration) (EDTA Blood/Derived)	35.1	g/dL	32 - 36
RDW-CV (Derived)	12.42	%	11.5 - 16.0
RDW-SD (Derived)	38.69	fL	39 - 46

6160

47

40



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cells/cu.mm

%

%

4000 - 11000

40 - 75

20 - 45

Total WBC Count (TC)

Neutrophils

Lymphocytes

 $(EDTA\ Blood \textit{Derived from Impedance})$

(Blood/Impedance Variation & Flow Cytometry)

(Blood/Impedance Variation & Flow Cytometry)

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Investigation	Observed Value	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Biological</u> <u>Reference Interval</u>
Eosinophils (Blood/Impedance Variation & Flow Cytometry)	07	%	01 - 06
Remark: Kindly correlate clinically			
Monocytes (Blood/Impedance Variation & Flow Cytometry)	06	%	01 - 10
Basophils (Blood/Impedance Variation & Flow Cytometry)	00	%	00 - 02
Absolute Neutrophil count (EDTA Blood/Impedance Variation & Flow Cytometry)	2.90	10^3 / μl	1.5 - 6.6
Absolute Lymphocyte Count (EDTA Blood/Impedance Variation & Flow Cytometry)	2.46	10^3 / μl	1.5 - 3.5
Absolute Eosinophil Count (AEC) (EDTA Blood/Impedance Variation & Flow Cytometry)	0.43	10^3 / μl	0.04 - 0.44
Absolute Monocyte Count (EDTA Blood/Impedance Variation & Flow Cytometry)	0.37	10^3 / μl	< 1.0
Absolute Basophil count (EDTA Blood/Impedance Variation & Flow Cytometry)	0.00	10^3 / μl	< 0.2
Platelet Count (EDTA Blood/Derived from Impedance)	194	10^3 / μl	150 - 450
MPV (Blood/ <i>Derived</i>)	08.96	fL	7.9 - 13.7
PCT	0.17	%	0.18 - 0.28
ESR (Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate) (Citrated Blood/Automated ESR analyser)	06	mm/hr	< 15



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Investigation	Observed Value	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Biological</u> <u>Reference Interval</u>
BIOCHEMISTRY			
Liver Function Test			
Bilirubin(Total) (Serum/Diazotized Sulfanilic Acid)	1.7	mg/dL	0.1 - 1.2
Remark: Kindly correlate clinically.	0.2	/ 17	0.0.02
Bilirubin(Direct) (Serum/Diazotized Sulfanilic Acid)	0.3	mg/dL	0.0 - 0.3
Bilirubin(Indirect) (Serum/Derived)	1.40	mg/dL	0.1 - 1.0
Total Protein (Serum/Biuret)	7.5	gm/dl	6.0 - 8.0
Albumin (Serum/Bromocresol green)	4.3	gm/dl	3.5 - 5.2
Globulin (Serum/Derived)	3.20	gm/dL	2.3 - 3.6
A : G Ratio (Serum/Derived)	1.34		1.1 - 2.2
INTERPRETATION: Remark : Electrophoresis is the p	referred method		
SGOT/AST (Aspartate Aminotransferase) (Serum/IFCC / Kinetic)	41	U/L	5 - 40
Remark: Kindly correlate clinically.			
SGPT/ALT (Alanine Aminotransferase) (Serum/IFCC / Kinetic)	96	U/L	5 - 41
Remark: Kindly correlate clinically.			
Alkaline Phosphatase (SAP) (Serum/PNPP / Kinetic)	97	U/L	53 - 128
GGT(Gamma Glutamyl Transpeptidase) (Serum/IFCC / Kinetic)	23	U/L	< 55

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Investigation	Observed <u>Value</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Biological</u> <u>Reference Interval</u>
<u>Lipid Profile</u>			
Cholesterol Total (Serum/Oxidase / Peroxidase method)	241	mg/dL	Optimal: < 200 Borderline: 200 - 239 High Risk: >= 240
Remark: Kindly correlate clinically.			
Triglycerides (Serum/Glycerol phosphate oxidase / peroxidase)	147	mg/dL	Optimal: < 150 Borderline: 150 - 199 High: 200 - 499 Very High: >= 500

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INTERPRETATION: The reference ranges are based on fasting condition. Triglyceride levels change drastically in response to food, increasing as much as 5 to 10 times the fasting levels, just a few hours after eating. Fasting triglyceride levels show considerable diurnal variation too. There is evidence recommending triglycerides estimation in non-fasting condition for evaluating the risk of heart disease and screening for metabolic syndrome, as non-fasting sample is more representative of the õusualö"circulating level of triglycerides during most part of the day.

HDL Cholesterol (Serum/Immunoinhibition)	39	mg/dL	Optimal(Negative Risk Factor): >= 60 Borderline: 40 - 59 High Risk: < 40
Remark: Kindly correlate clinically.			
LDL Cholesterol (Serum/Calculated)	172.6	mg/dL	Optimal: < 100 Above Optimal: 100 - 129 Borderline: 130 - 159 High: 160 - 189 Very High: >=190
VLDL Cholesterol (Serum/Calculated)	29.4	mg/dL	< 30



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<u>Investigation</u>		<u>nit</u> <u>Biological</u>
	<u>Value</u>	Reference Interval

Non HDL Cholesterol 202.0 mg/dL

(Serum/Calculated)

Optimal: < 130 Above Optimal: 130 - 159 Borderline High: 160 - 189 High: 190 - 219 Very High: >= 220

Mild to moderate risk: 2.5 - 5.0

High Risk: > 5.0

INTERPRETATION: 1. Non-HDL Cholesterol is now proven to be a better cardiovascular risk marker than LDL Cholesterol. 2. It is the sum of all potentially atherogenic proteins including LDL, IDL, VLDL and chylomicrons and it is the "new bad cholesterol" and is a co-primary target for cholesterol lowering therapy.

Total Cholesterol/HDL Cholesterol Ratio 6.2 Optimal: < 3.3
(Serum/Calculated) Low Risk: 3.4 - 4.4
Average Risk: 4.5 - 7.1
Moderate Risk: 7.2 - 11.0
High Risk: > 11.0

Triglyceride/HDL Cholesterol Ratio 3.8 Optimal: < 2.5

(TG/HDL)

(Serum/Calculated)

LDL/HDL Cholesterol Ratio 4.4 Optimal: 0.5 - 3.0 (Serum/*Calculated*) Borderline: 3.1 - 6.0

High Risk: > 6.0

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Investigation	Observed Value	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Biological</u> <u>Reference Interval</u>
Glycosylated Haemoglobin (HbA1c)			
HbA1C (Whole Blood/HPLC)	5.9	%	Normal: 4.5 - 5.6 Prediabetes: 5.7 - 6.4 Diabetic: >= 6.5

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INTERPRETATION: If Diabetes - Good control: 6.1 - 7.0 %, Fair control: 7.1 - 8.0 %, Poor control >= 8.1 %

Remark: Kindly correlate clinically.

Estimated Average Glucose 122.63 mg/dL

(Whole Blood)

INTERPRETATION: Comments

HbA1c provides an index of Average Blood Glucose levels over the past 8 - 12 weeks and is a much better indicator of long term glycemic control as compared to blood and urinary glucose determinations.

Conditions that prolong RBC life span like Iron deficiency anemia, Vitamin B12 & Folate deficiency,

hypertriglyceridemia,hyperbilirubinemia,Drugs, Alcohol, Lead Poisoning, Asplenia can give falsely elevated HbA1C values. Conditions that shorten RBC survival like acute or chronic blood loss, hemolytic anemia, Hemoglobinopathies, Splenomegaly,Vitamin E ingestion, Pregnancy, End stage Renal disease can cause falsely low HbA1c.

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Investigation Observed Unit Biological Value Reference Interval

IMMUNOASSAY

THYROID PROFILE / TFT

T3 (Triiodothyronine) - Total 1.19 ng/ml 0.7 - 2.04

(Serum/Chemiluminescent Immunometric Assay (CLIA))

INTERPRETATION:

Comment:

Total T3 variation can be seen in other condition like pregnancy, drugs, nephrosis etc. In such cases, Free T3 is recommended as it is Metabolically active.

T4 (Thyroxine) - Total 9.86 Microg/dl 4.2 - 12.0

 $(Serum/{\it Chemiluminescent\ Immunometric\ Assay}$

(CLIA))

INTERPRETATION:

Comment:

Total T4 variation can be seen in other condition like pregnancy, drugs, nephrosis etc. In such cases, Free T4 is recommended as it is Metabolically active.

TSH (Thyroid Stimulating Hormone) 1.206 µIU/mL 0.35 - 5.50

(Serum/Chemiluminescent Immunometric Assay

(CLIA))

INTERPRETATION:

Reference range for cord blood - upto 20

1 st trimester: 0.1-2.5 2 nd trimester 0.2-3.0 3 rd trimester : 0.3-3.0

(Indian Thyroid Society Guidelines)

Comment:

- 1.TSH reference range during pregnancy depends on Iodine intake, TPO status, Serum HCG concentration, race, Ethnicity and BMI.
- 2.TSH Levels are subject to circadian variation, reaching peak levels between 2-4am and at a minimum between 6-10PM. The variation can be of the order of 50%, hence time of the day has influence on the measured serum TSH concentrations.
- 3. Values&lt 0.03 µIU/mL need to be clinically correlated due to presence of rare TSH variant in some individuals.



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Investigation	<u>Observed</u> <u>Un</u>	<u>t</u> <u>Biological</u>
	Value	Reference Interval

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CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION

Colour	Pale yellow	Yellow to Amber
(Urine/Physical examination)		
Volume	40	ml
(Urine/Physical examination)		
Appearance	Clear	
(Urine)		

6.0		4.5 - 8.0
1.015		1.002 - 1.035
Negative		Negative
Nil		Nil
Nil		Nil
Negative	leuco/uL	Negative
Nil		Nil
Negative	mg/dL	Negative
	1.015 Negative Nil Nil Negative Nil	1.015 Negative Nil Nil Negative leuco/uL Nil



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(Urine)

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Investigation	<u>Observed</u> <u>Value</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Biological</u> <u>Reference Interval</u>
Blood	Nil		Nil
(Urine)			
Urobilinogen	Normal		Within normal limits
(Urine/Dip Stick o''Reagent strip method)			
<u>Urine Microscopy Pictures</u>			
RBCs	Nil	/hpf	NIL
(Urine/Microscopy)			
Pus Cells	3-5	/hpf	< 5
(Urine/Microscopy)			
Epithelial Cells	2-4	/hpf	No ranges
(Urine/Microscopy)			
Others	Nil		Nil
(Urine)			

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MEDALL

InvestigationObservedUnitBiologicalValueReference Interval

IMMUNOHAEMATOLOGY

BLOOD GROUPING AND Rh TYPING

(EDTA Blood/Agglutination)

Remark: Test to be confirmed by Gel method.

'A' 'Positive'

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Diabetic: >= 126

Investigation	<u>Observed</u> <u>Value</u>	<u>Unit</u>	<u>Biological</u> <u>Reference Interval</u>
BIOCHEMISTRY			
BUN / Creatinine Ratio	9.33		
Glucose Fasting (FBS) (Plasma - F/GOD- POD)	73	mg/dL	Normal: < 100 Pre Diabetic: 100 - 125

INTERPRETATION: Factors such as type, quantity and time of food intake, Physical activity, Psychological stress, and drugs can influence blood glucose level.

Nil Urine sugar, Fasting Nil (Urine - F) Glucose Postprandial (PPBS) 112 mg/dL 70 - 140 (Plasma - PP/GOD - POD)

INTERPRETATION:

Factors such as type, quantity and time of food intake, Physical activity, Psychological stress, and drugs can influence blood glucose level. Fasting blood glucose level may be higher than Postprandial glucose, because of physiological surge in Postprandial Insulin secretion, Insulin resistance, Exercise or Stress, Dawn Phenomenon, Somogyi Phenomenon, Anti- diabetic medication during treatment for Diabetes.

Urine Sugar (PP-2 hours) (Urine - PP)	Negative		Negative
Blood Urea Nitrogen (BUN) (Serum/Urease UV / derived)	11.2	mg/dL	7.0 - 21
Creatinine (Serum/Jaffe Kinetic)	1.2	mg/dL	0.9 - 1.3

INTERPRETATION: Elevated Creatinine values are encountered in increased muscle mass, severe dehydration, Pre-eclampsia, increased ingestion of cooked meat, consuming Protein/ Creatine supplements, Diabetic Ketoacidosis, prolonged fasting, renal dysfunction and drugs such as cefoxitin ,cefazolin, ACE inhibitors ,angiotensin II receptor antagonists, N-acetylcyteine , chemotherapeutic agent such as flucytosine etc.

Uric Acid 7.6 3.5 - 7.2mg/dL

(Serum/Uricase/Peroxidase)

Remark: Kindly correlate clinically.

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(*) MEDALI

-- End of Report --



Name	PRAKASH K MOKASHI	ID	MED110050400
Age & Gender	33Y/M	Visit Date	May 14 2022 9:40AM
Ref Doctor	MediWheel		

X – RAY CHEST PA VIEW

LUNGS:

Both lung fields are clear.

Vascular markings are normal.

Tracheal air lucency is normal.

No evidence of abnormal hilar opacities.

Costophrenic angle recesses are normal.

CARDIA:

Cardia is normal shape and configuration.

Diaphragm, Thoracic cage, soft tissues are normal.

IMPRESSION:

• NO SIGNIFICANT DIAGNOSTIC ABNORMALITY.

MB/MS

DR. MOHAN, B

(DMRD, DNB, EDIR, FELLOW IN CARDIAC

MRD

CONSULTANT RADIOLOGIST