Mini Sea Shore Road, Sector 10 -A, Vashi, Navi Mumbai - 400703

Board Line: 022 - 39199222 | Fax: 022 - 39199220 Emergency: 022 - 39199100 | Ambulance: 1255

For Appointment: 022 - 39199222 | Health Checkup: 022 - 39199300

www.fortishealthcare.com |

CIN: U85100MH2005PTC154823



### **HEALTH CHECKUP CONSULTATION SUMMARY**

Patient's Name :						
UHID NO :						
Age:		Sex:			3	
Date of Consultation						
BP:	HEIGHT:	>3	WEIGHT:			
Allergies : ( if Any)				×		
INVESTIGATION	6					
PATHOLOGY			ñ			
RADIOLOGY	25 36	₩			e	
			:2			
				X		
NIC						
3						
OTHERS			, a			
Chief Complaints :						



# **BMI CHART**

Hiranandani Fortis Hospital

Mini Seashore Road, Sector:10 - A, Vashi, Navi Mumbai - 400 703.

Tel.: +91-22-3919 9222 Fax: +91-22-3919 9220/21

Email: vashi@vashihospital.com

Date: 22/11 122

Signature

														•	***									
Name:	YŞ	P	אין	104	Ka		4	cv	nej	و		Age	9:	341	yrs		S	Sex:	N7 //	FF				
BP:			Heig	ht (c	ms):					_ We	eigh	t(kgs	s):					BMI	:					. )
	0													9 N										-1
WEIGHT Ibs	100	105	100	115	120	125	130	135	140	145	150	155	160	165	170	175	180	185	190		200		210 95.5	
kgs	45.5	1	50.50 erwei		54.5	-	Heal		63.6	6.60			weig		11.5	79.0	Obes						y Obe	
HEIGHT in/cm 5'0" - 152.4	19			•	23 🚟				27	28		4			33	34		36	37	38	39		41	57
5'1" - 154.9	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	1	20	Q						27		-		31	all residents	33			36	36	37	38	39	40
5'2" - 157.4	18	19	20	21	22	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	33	34	35	36	37	38	39
5'3" - 160.0	17							_		25	-	-			30	31	32	32	33	34	35	36		38
5'4" - 162.5	17	-	18									26				30	31		32	33	34	35	36	37
5'5" - 165.1	16	17								24	-		26		5	29	30 29	30 29	31	31	33	33	34	34
5'6" - 167.6 5'7" - 170.1	15	16	<del> </del>				227			22	-			25		-		29	29	No. of Concession, Name of Street, or other Designation, Name of Street, or other Designation, Name of Street,	31	32	33	33
5'8" - 172.7	15	16	16	17	18	19	19	20	21	22	22	23	24	25	25	26	27	28	28	29	30	31	32	32
5'9" - 176.2	14	15	16	17					O-COMPANY OF THE PARTY OF THE P	21	1100							27	28	28	29	30	-	31
5'10" - 177.8	14	15	15	16	-	18	_		-					23	-	The same of the sa			27		28	29		30
5'11" - 180.3	13	14	15	16	-	17	17	18	19	_		-		23	_	-			26			28	29	29
6'0" - 182.8	13	13	14	15		16	17	17		19				-		_					26			28
6'1" - 185.4 6'2" - 187.9	12	13	14	14	15	16	16	17	18					21	-					1	25	26	27	27
6'3" - 190.5	12	13:	13	14	15	15	16	16	17	18	18				No.					-	0		26	26
6'4" - 193.0	12	12	13	14	14	15	15	16	17	17	18	18	19	20	20	21	22	22	23	23	24	25	25	26
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Doctors Not	tes:																					ě		
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CIN: U85100MH2005PTC154823

GST IN: 27AABCH5894D1ZG | PAN NO: AABCH5894D





(A 1) Fortis Network Hospital)

UHID	5611030	Date	22/11/2022		
Name	Mrs.Priyanka Gaurav Ganage	Sex	Female	Age	34
OPD	Pap Smear	Healtl	th Check Up		

Drug allergy: Sys illness:

344/Prr(FTNWD)/Cutin Silin Xlyr MP-Iday of meuses.

flu after neuses for PAPS



Mini Sea Shore Road, Sector 10 -A, Vashi, Navi Mumbai - 400703

Board Line: 022 - 39199222 | Fax: 022 - 39199220

Emergency: 022 - 39199100 | Ambulance: 1255 For Appointment: 022 - 39199222 | Health Checkup: 022 - 39199300

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CIN: U85100MH2005PTC154823

GST IN: 27AABCH5894D1ZG | PAN NO: AABCH5894D





(A 1) Fortis Network Hospital)

UHID Name	5611030 Mrs.Priyanka Gaurav Ganage	Date Sex	22/11/202 Female	1	34
OPD	Opthal 14		h Check Up		

Drug allergy: Sys illness:

Mini Sea Shore Road, Sector 10 -A, Vashi, Navi Mumbai - 400703

Board Line: 022 - 39199222 | Fax: 022 - 39199220 9112

Emergency: 022 - 39199100 | Ambulance: 1255

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www.fortishealthcare.com

CIN: U85100MH2005PTC154823

GST IN: 27AABCH5894D1ZG | PAN NO: AABCH5894D





(A 12 Fortis Network Hospital)

Name OPD	Mrs.Priyanka Gaurav Ganage Dental 12		h Check U	34
UHID	Mrs Privanka Cauray Canaga	Date Sex	22/11/202 Female	34

Drug allergy: Sys illness:

7.0E:

1. Doubal carrier in linguel 6

2. D.C in

3 Gen. ginginds.

to plan

1. Responshion in &

2. complete scaling.

Dr Ruch Patel.







# PATIENT NAME: MRS. MRS. PRIYANKA GAURAV GANAGE

FH.5611030 PATIENT ID:

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:5611030

ACCESSION NO: 0022VK004754 DRAWN: 22/11/2022 10:02:00

SEX: Female AGE: 34 Years RECEIVED: 22/11/2022 10:03:45 ABHA NO: REPORTED:

22/11/2022 12:55:55

CLIENT NAME : FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD

REFERRING DOCTOR: SELF

CLINICAL INFORMATION:

UID:5611030 REQNO-1323874

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501220PCR058836 BILLNO-1501220PCR058836

DILLING ISOILLO, C.				VEHEN WEREN
		Results	Biological Reference Interval	Units
Test Report Status	<u>Final</u>	Results	is to	

### KIDNEY PANEL - 1

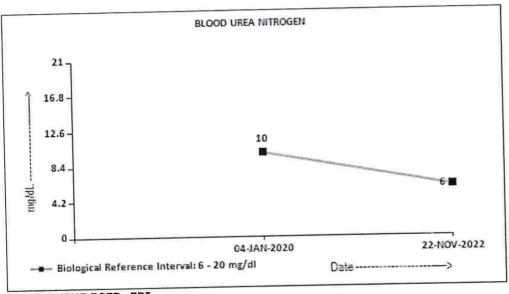
### BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM

**BLOOD UREA NITROGEN** 

6 - 20

mg/dL

METHOD: UREASE - UV



### CREATININE EGFR- EPI

AGE

CREATININE METHOD: ALKALINE PICRATE KINETIC JAFFES

GLOMERULAR FILTRATION RATE (FEMALE)

34

0.60 - 1.10

mg/dL

117.55

0.67

years

METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER

Refer Interpretation Below

mL/min/1.7













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PATIENT ID:

FH.5611030

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ACCESSION NO: 0022VK004754 AGE: 34 Years

SEX: Female

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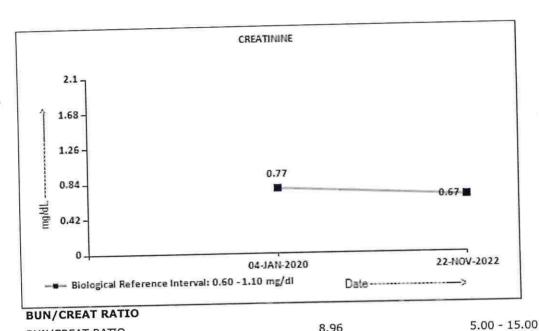
CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501220PCR058836 BILLNO-1501220PCR058836

Results Test Report Status **Final** 

Biological Reference Interval

Units



BUN/CREAT RATIO	8.96	5.00 - 15.00		
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER				
URIC ACID, SERUM	ma	2.6 - 6.0	mg/dL	
URIC ACID	4.3	2.6 - 0.0		
METHOD: URICASE UV				
TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM	7.0	6.4 - 8.2	g/dL	
TOTAL PROTEIN	7.8	0.4 0.2	( <del>-</del> 27)	
METHOD: BIURET				
ALBUMIN, SERUM	2.7	3.4 - 5.0	g/dL	
ALBUMIN	3.7	3.4 3.0		
METHOD : BCP DYE BINDING				
GLOBULIN	4.1	2.0 - 4.1	g/dL	
GLOBULIN	4.1	2.0, ,,,,		
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
ELECTROLYTES (NA/K/CL), SERUM	136	136 - 145	mmol/L	
SODIUM, SERUM	130			

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METHOD: ISE INDIRECT

POTASSIUM, SERUM



4.01

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3.50 - 5.10

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mmol/L





22/11/2022 12:55:55



## PATIENT NAME: MRS. MRS. PRIYANKA GAURAV GANAGE

CLIENT PATIENT ID : UID:5611030 PATIENT ID : FH.5611030

ABHA NO: SEX: Female AGE: 34 Years 0022VK004754 ACCESSION NO: REPORTED: RECEIVED: 22/11/2022 10:03:45 DRAWN: 22/11/2022 10:02:00

REFERRING DOCTOR: SELF CLIENT NAME : FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD

CLINICAL INFORMATION:

UID:5611030 REQNO-1323874

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501220PCR058836

Test Report Status	<u>Final</u>	Results	Biological Reference Interva	l Units
METHOD: ISE INDIRECT CHLORIDE, SERUM METHOD: ISE INDIRECT Interpretation(s)		101	98 - 107	mmol/L

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION, URINE

PALE YELLOW COLOR

METHOD: PHYSICAL

CLEAR **APPEARANCE** 

METHOD: VISUAL

CHEMICAL EXAMINATION, URINE

4.7 - 7.56.0

METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY- DOUBLE INDICATOR METHOD

1.003 - 1.035 1.010 SPECIFIC GRAVITY

METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY (APPARENT PKA CHANGE OF PRETREATED POLYELECTROLYTES IN RELATION TO IONIC CONCENTRATION) NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED

PROTEIN METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY - PROTEIN-ERROR-OF-INDICATOR PRINCIPLE

NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED **GLUCOSE** 

METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, DOUBLE SEQUENTIAL ENZYME REACTION-GOD/POD

NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED KETONES

METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, ROTHERA'S PRINCIPLE

NOT DETECTED DETECTED (+) BLOOD

METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, PEROXIDASE LIKE ACTIVITY OF HAEMOGLOBIN

NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED BILIRUBIN

METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, DIAZOTIZATION- COUPLING OF BILIRUBIN WITH DIAZOTIZED SALT NORMAL

UROBILINOGEN METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY (MODIFIED EHRLICH REACTION)

NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED NITRITE

METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, CONVERSION OF NITRATE TO NITRITE

NOT DETECTED DETECTED (++) LEUKOCYTE ESTERASE

METHOD: REFLECTANCE SPECTROPHOTOMETRY, ESTERASE HYDROLYSIS ACTIVITY

MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION, URINE

/HPF NOT DETECTED 3 - 5 RED BLOOD CELLS

METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

/HPF 0-5 10-15 PUS CELL (WBC'S)

METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

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Tel: 022-39199222,022-49723322,



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Page 3 Of 16







## PATIENT NAME: MRS. MRS. PRIYANKA GAURAV GANAGE

FH.5611030 PATIENT ID:

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:5611030

ACCESSION NO:

0022VK004754

AGE: 34 Years

SEX: Female

ABHA NO: REPORTED:

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UID:5611030 REQNO-1323874

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501220PCR058836 BTI I NO-1501220PCR058836

BILLNO-1501220PCR058838							
Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results	Biological Reference	Interval Units				
EPITHELIAL CELLS	10-15	0-5	/HPF				
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION CASTS	NOT DETECTED						
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION CRYSTALS	NOT DETECTED						
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION BACTERIA	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED					
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION YEAST	NOT DETECTED	NOT DETECTED					
METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION REMARKS	URINARY MICROSCO CENTRIFUGED SEDIN	PIC EXAMINATION DONE ON MENT.	URINARY				

#### Comments

FEW SEEN IN CLAMPS Interpretation(s)

Interpretation(s)

BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM-Causes of Increased levels include Pre renal (High protein diet, Increased protein catabolism, GI haemorrhage, Cortisol, BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM-Causes of Increased levels include Pre renal (High protein diet, Increased protein catabolism, GI haemorrhage, Cortisol, BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM-Causes of Increased levels include Pre renal (High protein diet, Increased protein catabolism, GI haemorrhage, Cortisol, BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM-Causes of Increased levels include Pre renal (High protein diet, Increased protein catabolism, GI haemorrhage, Cortisol, BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM-Causes of Increased levels include Pre renal (High protein diet, Increased protein catabolism, GI haemorrhage, Cortisol, BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM-Causes of Increased levels include Pre renal (High protein diet, Increased protein catabolism, GI haemorrhage, Cortisol, BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM-Causes of Increased levels include Pre renal (High protein diet, Increased protein catabolism, GI haemorrhage, Cortisol, BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM-Causes of Increased levels include Pre renal (High protein diet, Increased protein catabolism, GI haemorrhage, Cortisol, BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN), SERUM-Causes of Increased (Bun), SERUM-Cau Dehydration, CHF Renal), Renal Failure, Post Renal (Malignancy, Nephrolithiasis, Prostatism)
Causes of decreased level include Liver disease, SIADH.
CREATININE EGFR- EPI-

CKEATIMINE EGRA- EPIGFR— Glomerular filtration rate (GFR) is a measure of the function of the kidneys. The GFR is a calculation based on a serum creatinine test. Creatinine is a muscle was product that is filtered from the blood by the kidneys and excreted into urine at a relatively steady rate. When kidney function decreases, less creatinine is excreted and concentrations increase in the blood. With the creatinine test, a reasonable estimate of the actual GFR can be determined.

A GFR of 60 or higher is in the normal range.

A GFR of 60 or higher is in the normal range.

A GFR below 60 may mean kidney disease.

A GFR of 15 or lower may mean kidney failure.

Estimated GFR (eGFR) is the preferred method for identifying people with chronic kidney disease (CKD). In adults, eGFR calculated using the Modification of Diet in Ren Estimated GFR (eGFR) is the preferred method for identifying people with chronic kidney function than serum creatinine alone.

Disease (MDRD) Study equation provides a more clinically useful measure of kidney function than serum creatinine alone.

Disease (MDRD) Study equation provides a more clinically useful measure of kidney function than serum creatinine alone.

GFR and serum creatinine equation is based on the same four variables as the MDRD Study equation, but uses a 2-slope spline to model the relationship between estimate The CKD-EPI creatinine equation is based on the same four variables as the MDRD Study equation was reported to perform better and with less bias than the MDRD Study equity especially in patients with higher GFR. This results in reduced misclassification of CKD.

The CKD-EPI creatinine equation has not been validated in children & will only be reported for patients = 18 years of age. For pediatric and childrens, Schwartz Pediatri Bedside eGFR (2009) formulae is used. This revised "bedside" pediatric eGFR requires only serum creatinine and height.

Causes of Increased levels:-Dietary(High Protein Intake,Prolonged Fasting,Rapid weight loss),Gout,Lesch nyhan syndrome,Type 2 DM,Metabolic syndrome Causes of decreased levels-Low Zinc intake,OCP,Multiple Sclerosis TOTAL PROTEIN, SERUM-

Serum total protein, also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum...Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin a

Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstrom's disease Lower-than-normal levels may be due to: Agammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage), Burns, Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome,Protein-losing enteropathy etc.

ALBUMIN, SERUM-Human serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low blood albumin levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilutio



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# PATIENT NAME: MRS. MRS. PRIYANKA GAURAV GANAGE

FH.5611030 PATIENT ID:

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:5611030

ACCESSION NO: 0022VK004754 AGE: 34 Years

SEX: Female

ABHA NO:

DRAWN: 22/11/2022 10:02:00

RECEIVED: 22/11/2022 10:03:45

REPORTED:

22/11/2022 12:55:55

CLIENT NAME : FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD

Final

REFERRING DOCTOR: SELF

CLINICAL INFORMATION:

**Test Report Status** 

UID:5611030 REQNO-1323874

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501220PCR058836 BILLNO-1501220PCR058836

Results

**Biological Reference Interval** 

increased vascular permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance, malnutrition and wasting etc.







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hr

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CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501220PCR058836 BILLNO-1501220PCR058836

Test Report Status	Einal	Results	Biological Reference Interval
Test Report Status	rilidi		2.0.00

	HAEMATOLOGY			
ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR), WHOLE BLOOD			020	mm at 1 l
E.S.R	12		0 - 20	min ac 1
METHOD: WESTERGREN METHOD				
CBC-5, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD				
BLOOD COUNTS, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD				***
HEMOGLOBIN (HB)	12.2		12.0 - 15.0	g/dL
METHOD : SPECTROPHOTOMETRY				C WITHOUT MINNE
RED BLOOD CELL (RBC) COUNT	5.36	High	3.8 - 4.8	mil/µL
METHOD : ELECTRICAL IMPEDANCE				MARCONIN POR
WHITE BLOOD CELL (WBC) COUNT	6.18		4.0 - 10.0	thou/µL
METHOD: DOUBLE HYDRODYNAMIC SEQUENTIAL SYSTEM(DH	SS)CYTOMETRY			
PLATELET COUNT	364		150 - 410	thou/µL
METHOD: ELECTRICAL IMPEDANCE				
RBC AND PLATELET INDICES				920
HEMATOCRIT (PCV)	36.9		36 - 46	%
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				7201
MEAN CORPUSCULAR VOLUME (MCV)	68.9	Low	83 - 101	fL
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER				
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN (MCH)	22.7	Low	27.0 - 32.0	pg
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER				SE ANDRE
MEAN CORPUSCULAR HEMOGLOBIN CONCENTRATION(MCHC) METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	33.0		31.5 - 34.5	g/dL
RED CELL DISTRIBUTION WIDTH (RDW)	17.1	High	11.6 - 14.0	%
METHOD : CALCULATED PARAMETER				
MENTZER INDEX	12.9			
MEAN PLATELET VOLUME (MPV)	7.6		6.8 - 10.9	fL
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	vi 2076			
WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT				
	60		40 - 80	%
NEUTROPHILS  METHOD: FLOW CYTOMETRY				
	32		20 - 40	%
LYMPHOCYTES  METHOD: FLOW CYTOMETRY				
PICTOD . FLOW CHOILENN				

METHOD: FLOW CYTOMETRY

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UID:5611030 REQNO-1323874

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501220PCR058836 NO-1501220PCR058836

BILLNO-1501220PCR058836									
Test Report Status	Final	Results		Biological Referen	ice Interval				
(									
MONOCYTES		6		2 - 10	%				
METHOD: FLOW CYTOMETRY EOSINOPHILS	<i>(</i> -	2		1 - 6	%				
METHOD : FLOW CYTOMETR	r	0		0 - 2	%				
BASOPHILS		0		0, 2					
METHOD: FLOW CYTOMETR  ABSOLUTE NEUTROPH		3.71		2.0 - 7.0	thou/µL				
METHOD : CALCULATED PAR ABSOLUTE LYMPHOCY	RAMETER	1.98		1.0 - 3.0	thou/µL				
METHOD : CALCULATED PAR	RAMETER	0.37		0.2 - 1.0	thou/µL				
ABSOLUTE MONOCYTE METHOD: CALCULATED PA		0.37							
ABSOLUTE EOSINOPH METHOD : CALCULATED PA		0.12		0.02 - 0.50	thou/μL				
ABSOLUTE BASOPHIL	COUNT	0	Low	0.02 - 0.10	thou/µL				
METHOD: CALCULATED PA		2.8							
NEUTROPHIL LYMPHO		1.9							
METHOD : CALCULATED PA	RAMETER								
MORPHOLOGY		NORMOCHRON	IC MILD M	ICROCYTOSIS, MILD	ANISOCYTOSIS				
RBC		NORMOCIMO		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC I	NORMAL MORE	PHOLOGY							
WBC		NONTALITON	1,0200.						
METHOD : MICROSCOPIC	EXAMINATION	ADEQUATE							
PLATELETS		ADEQUATE							

ERYTHROCYTE SEDIMENTATION RATE (ESR), WHOLE BLOOD-TEST DESCRIPTION:

Erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR) is a test that indirectly measures the degree of inflammation present in the body. The test actually measures the rate of fall Erythrocyte sedimentation of erythrocytes in a sample of blood that has been placed into a tall, thin, vertical tube. Results are reported as the millimetres of clear fluid (plasma) to the property of the tube of the control of the subsection of t are present at the top portion of the tube after one hour. Nowadays fully automated instruments are available to measure ESR.

ESR is not diagnostic; it is a non-specific test that may be elevated in a number of different conditions. It provides general information about the presence of an inflammatory condition.CRP is superior to ESR because it is more sensitive and reflects a more rapid change.

TEST INTERPRETATION

METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

Increase in: Infections, Vasculities, Inflammatory arthritis, Renal disease, Anemia, Malignancies and plasma cell dyscrasias, Acute allergy Tissue injury, Pregnancy,

Estrogen medication, Aging.

Finding a very accelerated ESR(>100 mm/hour) in patients with ill-defined symptoms directs the physician to search for a systemic disease (Paraproteinemias, Finding a very accelerated ESR(>100 mm/hour) in patients with ill-defined symptoms directs the physician to search for a systemic disease (Paraproteinemias, Finding a very accelerated ESR(>100 mm/hour) in patients with ill-defined symptoms directs the physician to search for a systemic disease (Paraproteinemias, Finding a very accelerated ESR(>100 mm/hour) in patients with ill-defined symptoms directs the physician to search for a systemic disease (Paraproteinemias, Finding a very accelerated ESR(>100 mm/hour) in patients with ill-defined symptoms directs the physician to search for a systemic disease (Paraproteinemias, Finding a very accelerated ESR(>100 mm/hour) in patients with ill-defined symptoms directs the physician to search for a systemic disease.

Disseminated malignancies, connective tissue disease, severe infections such as bacterial endocarditis).

In pregnancy BRI in first trimester is 0-48 mm/hr(62 if anemic) and in second trimester (0-70 mm /hr(95 if anemic). ESR returns to normal 4th week post partum.

Decreased in: Polycythermia vera, Sickle cell anemia

#### LIMITATIONS

SRL Ltd













# PATIENT NAME: MRS. MRS. PRIYANKA GAURAV GANAGE

PATIENT ID:

FH.5611030

CLIENT PATIENT ID : UID:5611030

ACCESSION NO:

0022VK004754

AGE: 34 Years

SEX: Female

ABHA NO:

22/11/2022 12:55:55

DRAWN: 22/11/2022 10:02:00

RECEIVED: 22/11/2022 10:03:45

REPORTED:

CLIENT NAME : FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD

REFERRING DOCTOR: SELF

CLINICAL INFORMATION:

UID:5611030 REQNO-1323874

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501220PCR058836

BILLNO-1501220PCR058836

Results

Biological Reference Interval

**Test Report Status** 

Final

False elevated ESR: Increased fibrinogen, Drugs(Vitamin A, Dextran etc), Hypercholesterolemia
False Decreased: Poikilocytosis, (SickleCells, spherocytes), Microcytosis, Low fibrinogen, Very high WBC counts, Drugs(Quinine, salicylates)

1. Nathan and Oski's Haematology of Infancy and Childhood, 5th edition; 2. Paediatric reference intervals. AACC Press, 7th edition. Edited by S. Soldin; 3. The reference for

the adult reference range is "Practical Haematology by Dacie and Lewis,10th edition.

RBC AND PLATELET INDICES-Mentzer index (MCV/RBC) is an automated cell-counter based calculated screen tool to differentiate cases of Iron deficiency anaemia(>13)

from Beta thalassaemia trait

(<13) in patients with microcytic anaemia. This needs to be interpreted in line with clinical correlation and suspicion. Estimation of HbA2 remains the gold standard for diagnosing a case of beta thalassaemia trait.

WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT-The optimal threshold of 3.3 for NLR showed a prognostic possibility of clinical symptoms to change from mild to severe in COVID positive WBC DIFFERENTIAL COUNT-The optimal threshold of 3.3 for NLR showed a prognostic possibility of clinical symptoms to change from mild to severe in COVID positive patients. When age = 49.5 years old and NLR = 3.3, 46.1% COVID-19 patients with mild disease might become severe. By contrast, when age < 49.5 years old and NLR = 3.3, COVID-19 patients tend to show mild disease.

(Reference to - The diagnostic and predictive role of NLR d-NLR and PLR in COVID-19 patients: A.-P. Yang, et al.: International Immunopharmacology 84 (2020) 10651

(Reference to - The diagnostic and predictive role of NLR, d-NLR and PLR in COVID-19 patients; A.-P. Yang, et al.; International Immunopharmacology 84 (2020) 1065 This ratio element is a calculated parameter and out of NABL scope.

#### **IMMUNOHAEMATOLOGY**

### ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

ABO GROUP

TYPE B

METHOD: TUBE AGGLUTINATION

RH TYPE

POSITIVE

METHOD: TUBE AGGLUTINATION

ABO GROUP & RH TYPE, EDTA WHOLE BLOODBlood group is identified by antigens and antibodies present in the blood. Antigens are protein molecules found on the surface of red blood cells. Antibodies are found in plasma. To determine blood group, red cells are mixed with different antibody solutions to give A,B,O or AB.

Disclaimer: "Please note, as the results of previous ABO and Rh group (Blood Group) for pregnant women are not available, please check with the patient records for availability of the same.

The test is performed by both forward as well as reverse grouping methods.

## **BIO CHEMISTRY**

\			
LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM	1.07	High 0.2 - 1.0	mg/dL
BILIRUBIN, TOTAL	1.07	0.2	WALL
METHOD: JENDRASSIK AND GROFF		High 0.0 - 0.2	mg/dL
BILIRUBIN, DIRECT	0.26	High 0.0 - 0.2	mg/ac
METHOD: JENDRASSIK AND GROFF		8 4 A 10	mg/dL
BILIRUBIN, INDIRECT	0.81	0.1 - 1.0	nig/ac
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER			7-11
TOTAL PROTEIN	7.8	6.4 - 8.2	g/dL
METHOD : BIURET			7.16
ALBUMIN	3.7	3.4 - 5.0	g/dL

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CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501220PCR058836

BILLNO-150122OPCRO	58836				
Test Report Status	Final	Results		Biological Reference Interv	al
The Control of the Co					
METHOD : BCP DYE BINDING	3				g/dL
GLOBULIN		4.1		2.0 - 4.1	g/uL
METHOD : CALCULATED PAR	AMETER	Đ.	120		RATIO
ALBUMIN/GLOBULIN R	OITA	0.9	Low	1.0 - 2.1	KAIIO
METHOD : CALCULATED PAR				Notice Service	U/L
ASPARTATE AMINOTRA	ANSFERASE (AST/SGOT)	15		15 - 37	U/L
METHOD: UV WITH P5P				0.000	U/L
ALANINE AMINOTRANS	SFERASE (ALT/SGPT)	18		< 34.0	U/L
METHOD: UV WITH P5P				200	1171
ALKALINE PHOSPHATA	SE	64		30 - 120	U/L
METHOD : PNPP-ANP				to the	rrzi
GAMMA GLUTAMYL TR	ANSFERASE (GGT)	25		5 - 55	U/L
	YLCARBOXY 4NITROANILIDE			000000 u.z.c.	0.0
LACTATE DEHYDROGE	NASE	124		100 - 190	U/L
METHOD: LACTATE -PYRUV	ATE			2	
LIPID PROFILE, SEI	RUM			58 A W	
CHOLESTEROL, TOTAL	<u> </u>	129		< 200 Desirable 200 - 239 Borderline High	mg/dL
				>/= 240 High	
METHOD - ENTYMATIC/COL	LORIMETRIC, CHOLESTEROL OXIDASE	, ESTERASE, PEROXIDASE			
TRIGLYCERIDES	D)(d) 12 (14.5)	46		< 150 Normal	mg/dL
IRIGEICERIDES				150 - 199 Borderline High	
				200 - 499 High >/=500 Very High	
METHOD : ENZYMATIC ASS	zav.			27 200 (0.7	
	PA I	56		< 40 Low	mg/dL
HDL CHOLESTEROL				>/=60 High	
METHOD: DIRECT MEASU	RE - PEG			5 6 5 5 5 N	
LDL CHOLESTEROL, I	DIRECT	53		< 100 Optimal 100 - 129 Near or above opt	mg/dL imal
				130 - 159 Borderline High	
				160 - 189 High	
				>/= 190 Very High	
METHOD: DIRECT MEASL	IRE WITHOUT SAMPLE PRETREATMEN			B - I - black large than 120	mg/dL
NON HDL CHOLESTE	ROL	73		Desirable: Less than 130 Above Desirable: 130 - 159	mg/ac
				Borderline High: 160 - 189	
				High: 190 - 219	
				Very high: $>$ or $= 220$	

METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER









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Page 9 Of 16







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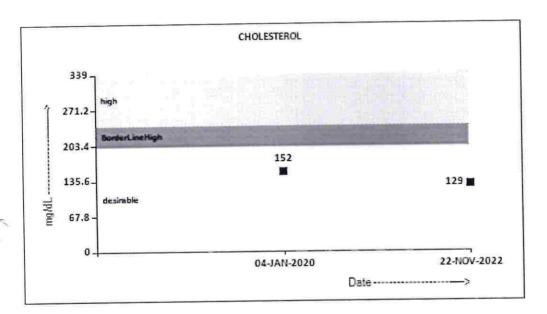
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DRAWN: 22/11/2022 10:02:00

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501220PCR058836

BILLNO-1501220PCR058836				
Test Report Status <u>Final</u>	Results	Biological Reference Interval		
CHOL/HDL RATIO	2.3	Low 3.3 - 4.4 Low Risk 4.5 - 7.0 Average Risk 7.1 - 11.0 Moderate Risk > 11.0 High Risk		
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER LDL/HDL RATIO	1.0	0.5 - 3.0 Desirable/Low Risk 3.1 - 6.0 Borderline/Moderate Risk >6.0 High Risk		
METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER VERY LOW DENSITY LIPOPROTEIN METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER	9.2	= 30.0 mg/dl</td		





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Page 10 Of 16 Patient Ref. No. 220000008







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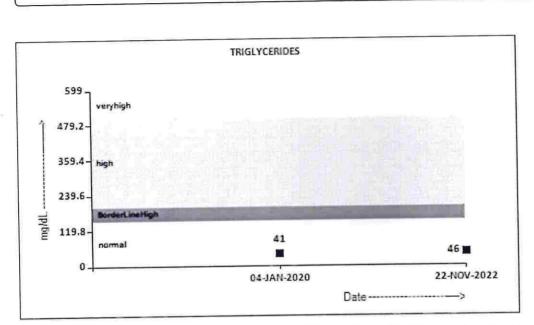
**Test Report Status** 

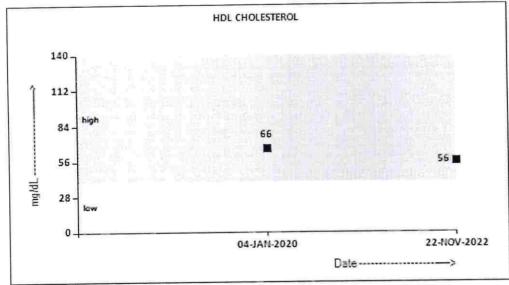
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CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501220PCR058836 BILLNO-1501220PCR058836

**Biological Reference Interval** 





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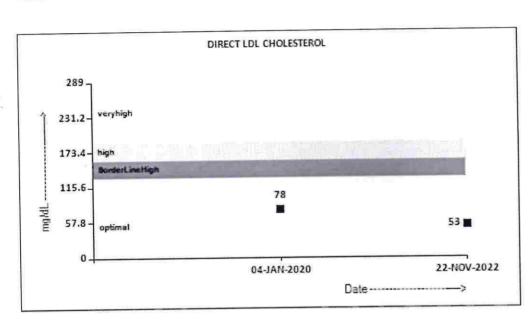
CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501220PCR058836 BILLNO-1501220PCR058836

**Test Report Status** 

Results

**Biological Reference Interval** 



### GLUCOSE FASTING, FLUORIDE PLASMA

FBS (FASTING BLOOD SUGAR)

METHOD: HEXOKINASE

79

74 - 99

mg/dL

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Patient Ref. No. 220000008:

Page 12 Of 16

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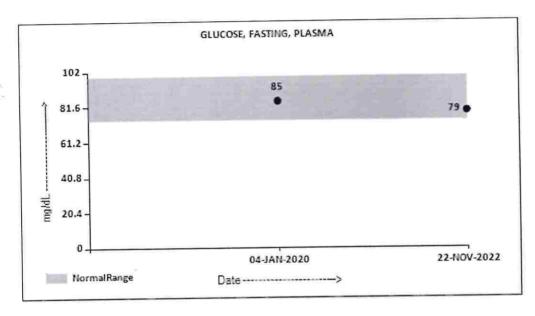
BILLNO-1501220PCR058836 BILLNO-1501220PCR058836

**Test Report Status** 

**Final** 

Results

**Biological Reference Interval** 



### GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD

HBA1C

5.7

Non-diabetic: < 5.7 Pre-diabetics: 5.7 - 6.4 Diabetics: > or = 6.5

ADA Target: 7.0

Action suggested: > 8.0

METHOD: HB VARIANT (HPLC)

METHOD: CALCULATED PARAMETER

ESTIMATED AVERAGE GLUCOSE(EAG)

116.9

High < 116.0

mg/dL

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Page 13 Of 16 Patient Ref. No. 220000008

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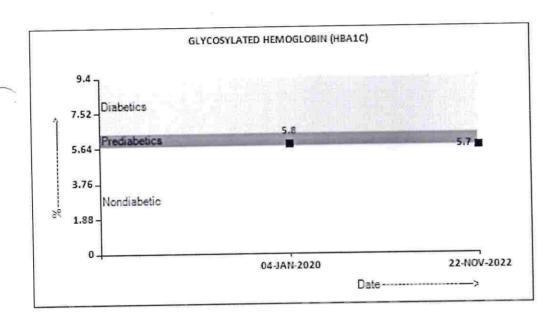
UID:5611030 REQNO-1323874

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501220PCR058836 BILLNO-1501220PCR058836

**Test Report Status** Final Results

Biological Reference Interval



Interpretation(s)
LIVER FUNCTION PROFILE, SERUM-

ELIVER FUNCTION PROFILE
Bilirubin is a yellowish pigment found in bile and is a breakdown product of normal heme catabolism. Bilirubin is excreted in bile and urine, and elevated levels may give Bilirubin is a yellowish pigment found in bile and is a breakdown product of normal heme catabolism. Bilirubin is excreted in bile and urine, and elevated levels may give yellow discoloration in jaundice. Elevated levels results from increased bilirubin production (eg, hemolysis and ineffective erythropoiesis), decreased bilirubin excretion (eg obstruction and hepatitis), and abnormal bilirubin metabolism (eg, hereditary and neonatal jaundice). Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin in Viral hepatitis, Drug reactions, Alcoholic liver disease Conjugated (direct) bilirubin is also elevated more than unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin where is some kind of blockage of the bile ducts like in Gallstones getting into the bile ducts, tumors &Scarring of the bile ducts. Increased unconjugated (indirect) bilirubin may be a result of Hemolytic or pernicious anemia, Transfusion reaction & a common metabolic condition termed Gilbert syndrome, due to low levels of the enzyme tha attackes supar melecules to hilirubin.

attaches sugar molecules to bilirubin.

AST is an enzyme found in various parts of the body. AST is found in the liver, heart, skeletal muscle, kidneys, brain, and red blood cells, and it is commonly measured clinically as a marker for liver health. AST levels increase during chronic viral hepatitis, blockage of the bile duct, cirrhosis of the liver,liver cancer,kidney failure,hemoly anemia,pancreatitis,hemochromatosis. AST levels may also increase after a heart attack or strenuous activity.ALT test measures the amount of this enzyme in the blood is found mainly in the liver, but also in smaller amounts in the kidneys,heart,muscles, and pancreas.It is commonly measured as a part of a diagnostic evaluation of hepatocellular injury, to determine liver health.AST levels increase during acute hepatitis,sometimes due to a viral infection,ischemia to the liver,chronic hepatitis protraction of bile ducts, cirrhosis.

ALR is a posterior found in almost all hody tissues. Tissues with higher amounts of ALR include the liver,bile ducts and hone. Elevated ALP levels are seen in Billiary obstruction.

hepatitis, obstruction of bile ducts, cirrhosis.

ALP is a protein found in almost all body tissues. Tissues with higher amounts of ALP include the liver, bile ducts and bone. Elevated ALP levels are seen in Biliary obstruction found in almost all body tissues. Tissues with higher amounts of ALP include the liver, bile ducts and bone. Elevated ALP levels are seen in Biliary obstruction. Steoblastic bone tumors, osteomalacia, hepatitis, Hyperparathyroidism, Leukemia, Lymphoma, Paget's disease, Rickets, Sarcoidosis etc. Lower-than-normal ALP levels in Hypophosphatasia, Malnutrition, Protein deficiency, Wilson's disease. GGT is an enzyme found in cell membranes of many tissues mainly in the liver, kidney and pancrea is also found in other tissues including intestine, spleen, heart, brain and seminal vesicles. The highest concentration is in the kidney, but the liver is considered the source normal enzyme activity. Serum GGT has been widely used as an index of liver dysfunction. Elevated serum GGT activity can be found in diseases of the liver, biliary syste and pancreas. Conditions that increase serum GGT are obstructive liver disease, high alcohol consumption and use of enzyme-inducing drugs etc. Serum total protein, also known as total protein, is a biochemical test for measuring the total amount of protein in serum. Protein in the plasma is made up of albumin and globulin. Higher-than-normal levels may be due to: Chronic inflammation or infection, including HIV and hepatitis B or C, Multiple myeloma, Waldenstrom's disease, Lower-than-normal levels may be dagammaglobulinemia, Bleeding (hemorrhage), Burns, Glomerulonephritis, Liver disease, Malabsorption, Malnutrition, Nephrotic syndrome, Protein-losing enteropathy etc. Hu serum albumin is the most abundant protein in human blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low blood alb levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing entero serum albumin is the most abundant protein in numan blood plasma. It is produced in the liver. Albumin constitutes about half of the blood serum protein. Low blood alb levels (hypoalbuminemia) can be caused by: Liver disease like cirrhosis of the liver, nephrotic syndrome, protein-losing enteropathy, Burns, hemodilution, increased vascu permeability or decreased lymphatic clearance, malnutrition and wasting etc LIPID PROFILE, SERUM-Serum cholesterol is a blood test that can provide valuable information for the risk of coronary artery disease This test can help determine your of the build up of plaques in your arteries that can lead to narrowed or blocked arteries throughout your body (atherosclerosis). High cholesterol levels usually don'''.



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CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501220PCR058836 BILLNO-1501220PCR058836

Results

Biological Reference Interval

**Test Report Status** 

cause any signs or symptoms, so a cholesterol test is an important tool. High cholesterol levels often are a significant risk factor for heart disease and important for diagnosis of hyperlipoproteinemia, atherosclerosis, hepatic and thyroid diseases.

Serum Triglyceride are a type of fat in the blood. When you eat, your body converts any calories it doesn triglyceride are a type of fat in the blood. When you eat, your body converts any calories it doesn triglyceride, which are stored in fat cells. He triglyceride levels are associated with several factors, including being overweight, eating too many sweets or drinking too much alcohol, smoking, being sedentary, or have diabetes with elevated blood sugar levels. Analysis has proven useful in the diagnosis and treatment of patients with diabetes mellitus, nephrosis, liver obstruction, other diseases involving lipid metabolism, and various endocrine disorders. In conjunction with high density lipoprotein and total serum cholesterol, a triglyceride determination provides valuable information for the assessment of coronary heart disease risk. It is done in fasting state.

High-density lipoprotein (HDL) cholesterol. This is sometimes called the ""good"" cholesterol because it helps carry away LDL cholesterol, thus keeping arteries open and blood flowing more freely.HDL cholesterol is inversely related to the risk for cardiovascular disease. It increases following regular exercise, moderate alcohol consumptio and with oral estrogen therapy. Decreased levels are associated with obesity, stress, cigarette smoking and diabetes mellitus.

SERUM LDL The small dense LDL test can be used to determine cardiovascular risk in individuals with metabolic syndrome or established/progressing coronary artery disease, individuals with triglyceride levels between 70 and 140 mg/dL, as well as individuals with a diet high in trans-fat or carbohydrates. Elevated sdLDL levels are associated with metabolic syndrome and an 'atherogenic lipoprotein profile', and are a strong, independent predictor of cardiovascular disease. Elevated levels of LDL arise from multiple sources. A major factor is sedentary lifestyle with a diet high in saturated fat. Insulin-resistance and pre-diabetes have also be implicated, as has genetic predisposition. Measurement of sdLDL allows the clinician to get a more comprehensive picture of lipid risk factors and tailor treatment accordingly. Reducing LDL levels will reduce the risk of CVD and MI.

accordingly. Reducing LDL levels will reduce the risk of CVD and MI. Non HDL Cholesterol - Adult treatment panel ATP III suggested the addition of Non-HDL Cholesterol as an indicator of all atherogenic lipoproteins (mainly LDL and VLDL) NICE guidelines recommend Non-HDL Cholesterol measurement before initiating lipid lowering therapy. It has also been shown to be a better marker of risk in both prim and secondary prevention studies.

Recommendations:

Results of Lipids should always be interpreted in conjunction with the patient's medical history, clinical presentation and other findings.

NON FASTING LIPID PROFILE includes Total Cholesterol, HDL Cholesterol and calculated non-HDL Cholesterol. It does not include triglycerides and may be best used in

patients for whom fasting is difficult.

GLUCOSE FASTING, FLUORIDE PLASMA-TEST DESCRIPTION

Normally, the glucose concentration in extracellular fluid is closely regulated so that a source of energy is readily available to tissues and sothat no glucose is excreted in urine.

Diabetes mellitus, Cushing's syndrome (10 – 15%), chronic pancreatitis (30%). Drugs:corticosteroids, phenytoin, estrogen, thiazides.

Pancreatic islet cell disease with increased insulin,insulinoma,adrenocortical insufficiency, hypopituitarism,diffuse liver disease, malignancy (adrenocortical, stomach,fibrosarcoma), infant of a diabetic mother, enzyme deficiency diseases(e.g., galactosemia),Drugs- insulin, ethanol, propranolol; sulfonylureas,tolbutamide, and other oral hypoglycemic agents.

NOTE:

Hypoglycemia is defined as a glucoseof < 50 mg/dL in men and< 40 mg/dL in women.

While random serum glucose levels correlate with home glucose monitoring results (weekly mean capillary glucose values), there is wide fluctuation within individuals. If glycosylated hemoglobin (HbA1c) levels are favored to monitor glycemic control. glycosylated hemoglobin(HbA1c) levels are ravored to monitor glycemic control.
High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulin treatment, Renal Glyosuria, Glycaemindex & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc.
GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN(HBA1C), EDTA WHOLE BLOOD-Used For:

- Evaluating the long-term control of blood glucose concentrations in diabetic patients.
- 2.Diagnosing diabetes.

3.Identifying patients at increased risk for diabetes (prediabetes).

The ADA recommends measurement of HbA1c (typically 3-4 times per year for type 1 and poorly controlled type 2 diabetic patients, and 2 times per year for well-controlled type 2 diabetic patients) to determine whether a patients metabolic control has remained continuously within the target range.

1.eAG (Estimated average glucose) converts percentage HbA1c to md/dl, to compare blood glucose levels.

2. eAG gives an evaluation of blood glucose levels for the last couple of months.

3. eAG is calculated as eAG (mg/dl) = 28.7 \* HbA1c - 46.7

HbA1c Estimation can get affected due to:
I.Shortened Erythrocyte survival: Any condition that shortens erythrocyte survival or decreases mean erythrocyte age (e.g. recovery from acute blood loss, hemolytic anemia) will falsely lower HbA1c test results. Fructosamine is recommended in these patients which indicates diabetes control over 15 days.
II.Vitamin C & E are reported to falsely lower test results. (possibly by inhibiting glycation of hemoglobin.
III.Iron deficiency anemia is reported to increase test results. Hypertriglyceridemia, uremia, hyperbilirubinemia, chronic alcoholism, chronic ingestion of salicylates & opi addiction are reported to interfere with some assay methods, falsely increasing results.
IV.Interference of hemoglobinopathies in HbA1c estimation is seen in a.Homozygous hemoglobinopathy. Fructosamine is recommended for testing of HbA1c.
b.Heterozygous state detected (D10 is corrected for HbS & HbC trait.)

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Page 15 Of 16

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DRAWN: 22/11/2022 10:02:00

REFERRING DOCTOR: SELF

CLINICAL INFORMATION:

UID:5611030 REQNO-1323874

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501220PCR058836 BILLNO-1501220PCR058836

**Test Report Status** 

Results

**Biological Reference Interval** 

c.HbF > 25% on alternate paltform (Boronate affinity chromatography) is recommended for testing of HbA1c.Abnormal Hemoglobin electrophoresis (HPLC method) is recommended for detecting a hemoglobinopathy

> \*\*End Of Report\*\* Please visit www.srlworld.com for related Test Information for this accession

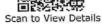
Dr.Akta Dubey

Counsultant Pathologist

Dr. Rekha Nair, MD

Microbiologist







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## PATIENT NAME: MRS. MRS. PRIYANKA GAURAV GANAGE

PATIENT ID: FH.5611030 CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:5611030

ACCESSION NO:

0022VK004757 AGE: 34 Years

SEX: Female

RECEIVED: 22/11/2022 10:13:23

ABHA NO:

REPORTED:

22/11/2022 11:31:14

DRAWN: 22/11/2022 10:13:00 CLIENT NAME : FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD

REFERRING DOCTOR:

CLINICAL INFORMATION:

UID:5611030 REQNO-1323874

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-150122OPCR058836 BILLNO-1501220PCR058836

Units **Biological Reference Interval** Results **Test Report Status** 

#### MICRO BIOLOGY

STOOL: OVA & PARASITE

COLOUR

BROWN

METHOD: VISUAL

CONSISTENCY

WELL FORMED

METHOD : VISUAL

**ODOUR** 

FAECAL

METHOD: PHYSICAL

MUCUS

NOT DETECTED

NOT DETECTED

METHOD: VISUAL

VISIBLE BLOOD

ABSENT

ABSENT

/HPF

METHOD: VISUAL

POLYMORPHONUCLEAR LEUKOCYTES METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

0 - 1

0 - 5

RED BLOOD CELLS

METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED /HPF

MACROPHAGES

METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

CHARCOT-LEYDEN CRYSTALS

METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

NOT DETECTED

NOT DETECTED

TROPHOZOITES

NOT DETECTED

NOT DETECTED

METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

**CYSTS** 

NOT DETECTED

NOT DETECTED

METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

NOT DETECTED

OVA

METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

NOT DETECTED

NOT DETECTED

LARVAE

METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

ADULT PARASITE

METHOD: MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION

NOT DETECTED NOT DETECTED

NOT DETECTED

OCCULT BLOOD METHOD: GUAIAC METHOD

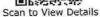
Interpretation(s)

SRL Ltd HIRANANDANI HOSPITAL-VASHI, MINI SEASHORE ROAD, SECTOR 10, NAVI MUMBAI, 400703

MAHARASHTRA, INDIA

Tel: 022-39199222,022-49723322,







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## PATIENT NAME: MRS. MRS.PRIYANKA GAURAV GANAGE

FH.5611030 PATIENT ID:

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:5611030

SEX: Female ACCESSION NO: 0022VK004757 AGE: 34 Years

ABHA NO:

DRAWN: 22/11/2022 10:13:00

RECEIVED: 22/11/2022 10:13:23

22/11/2022 11:31:14 REPORTED:

CLIENT NAME : FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD

REFERRING DOCTOR:

CLINICAL INFORMATION:

UID:5611030 REQNO-1323874

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501220PCR058836 BILLNO-1501220PCR058836

**Test Report Status** 

**Final** 

Results

**Biological Reference Interval** 

\*\*End Of Report\*\* Please visit www.srlworld.com for related Test Information for this accession

Dr. Rekha Nair, MD Microbiologist







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### PATIENT NAME: MRS. MRS. PRIYANKA GAURAV GANAGE

PATIENT ID: FH.5611030 CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:5611030

ACCESSION NO: 0022VK004821

Final

AGE: 34 Years SEX: Female ABHA NO:

REPORTED:

22/11/2022 14:23:07

DRAWN: 22/11/2022 13:22:00

RECEIVED: 22/11/2022 13:24:49

CLIENT NAME : FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD CLINICAL INFORMATION:

UID:5611030 REQNO-1323874

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501220PCR058836 BILLNO-1501220PCR058836 REFERRING DOCTOR:

**Biological Reference Interval** Results

Units

#### **BIO CHEMISTRY**

### GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA

PPBS(POST PRANDIAL BLOOD SUGAR)

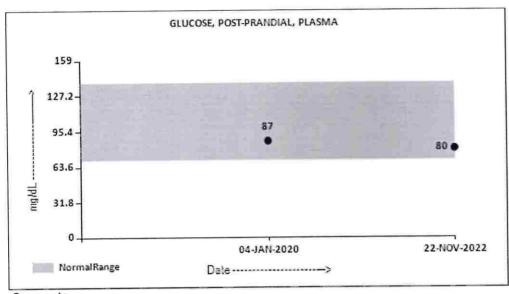
80

70 - 139

mg/dL

METHOD: HEXOKINASE

**Test Report Status** 



#### Comments

NOTE: - RECHECKED FOR POST PRANDIAL PLASMA GLUCOSE VALUES . TO BE CORRELATE WITH CLINICAL, DIETETIC AND THERAPEUTIC HISTORY.

Interpretation(s)
GLUCOSE, POST-PRANDIAL, PLASMA-High fasting glucose level in comparison to post prandial glucose level may be seen due to effect of Oral Hypoglycaemics & Insulir treatment, Renal Glyosuria, Glycaemic index & response to food consumed, Alimentary Hypoglycemia, Increased insulin response & sensitivity etc.Additional test HbA1c

\*\*End Of Report\*\* Please visit www.srlworld.com for related Test Information for this accession

SRL Ltd HIRANANDANI HOSPITAL-VASHI, MINI SEASHORE ROAD, SECTOR 10,

NAVI MUMBAI, 400703 MAHARASHTRA, INDIA

Tel: 022-39199222,022-49723322,







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### PATIENT NAME: MRS. MRS. PRIYANKA GAURAV GANAGE

PATIENT ID : FH.5611030

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:5611030

ACCESSION NO: 0022VK004821 AGE: 34 Years

SEX: Female

ABHA NO:

DRAWN: 22/11/2022 13:22:00

RECEIVED: 22/11/2022 13:24:49

REPORTED:

22/11/2022 14:23:07

CLIENT NAME : FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD

**Final** 

**REFERRING DOCTOR:** 

**CLINICAL INFORMATION:** 

**Test Report Status** 

UID:5611030 REQNO-1323874

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501220PCR058836 BILLNO-1501220PCR058836

Results

**Biological Reference Interval** 

Units

Dr.Akta Dubey Counsultant Pathologist

**SRL Ltd** HIRANANDANI HOSPITAL-VASHI, MINI SEASHORE ROAD, SECTOR 10, NAVI MUMBAI, 400703

MAHARASHTRA, INDIA Tel: 022-39199222,022-49723322,



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## PATIENT NAME: MRS. MRS. PRIYANKA GAURAV GANAGE

FH.5611030 PATIENT ID:

CLIENT PATIENT ID: UID:5611030

ACCESSION NO: 0022VK004754

AGE: 34 Years

SEX: Female

ABHA NO:

22/11/2022 14:09:38

DRAWN: 22/11/2022 10:02:00

RECEIVED: 22/11/2022 10:03:45

REPORTED:

CLIENT NAME : FORTIS VASHI-CHC -SPLZD

Test Report Status

REFERRING DOCTOR: SELF

CLINICAL INFORMATION:

UID:5611030 REQNO-1323874

CORP-OPD

BILLNO-1501220PCR058836 BILLNO-1501220PCR058836

Units **Biological Reference Interval** Results

**Final** 

SPECIALISED CHEMISTRY - HORMONE

THYROID PANEL, SERUM

128.4

80 - 200

ng/dL

METHOD: ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE, COMPETITIVE IMMUNOASSAY

T4

5.1 - 14.1

μg/dL

METHOD: ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE, COMPETITIVE IMMUNOASSAY

TSH (ULTRASENSITIVE)

0.617

0.270 - 4.200

µIU/mL

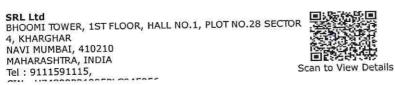
METHOD: ELECTROCHEMILUMINESCENCE, COMPETITIVE IMMUNOASSAY

Interpretation(s)

\*\*End Of Report\*\* Please visit www.srlworld.com for related Test Information for this accession

Dr. Swapnil Sirmukaddam

**Consultant Pathologist** 









	Money					50~ 0.50-100 HZ W 100B CL P?
normal P axis, V-rate 50- 99		- NORMAL ECG - Unconfirmed Diagnosis		ZA	94	mm/mV Chest: 10.0 mm/mV F
Female Female Sings rhythm	Baseline wander in lead(s) V4,V5	49 67 50 Standard Placement	avr	avia avia	avr.	Speed: 25 mm/sec Limb: 10
34 Years	127 96 391 422	AXIS P 49 QRS 67 T 50 12 Lead; Stan				

Mini Sea Shore Road, Sector 10-A, Vashi, Navi Mumbai - 400703.

Board Line: 022 - 39199222 | Fax: 022 - 39133220 Emergency: 022 - 39199100 | Ambulance: 1255

For Appointment: 022 - 39199200 | Health Checkup: 022 - 39199300

www.fortishealthcare.com | vashi@fortishealthcare.com

CIN: U85100MH2005PTC 154823 GST IN: 27AABCH5894D1ZG PAN NO: AABCH5894D





### DEPARTMENT OF NIC

Date: 22/Nov/2022

Name: Mrs. Priyanka Gaurav Ganage

Age | Sex: 34 YEAR(S) | Female

Order Station: FO-OPD

Bed Name:

UHID | Episode No : 5611030 | 58283/22/1501

Order No | Order Date: 1501/PN/OP/2211/123824 | 22-Nov-2022

Admitted On | Reporting Date: 22-Nov-2022 17:00:56

Order Doctor Name : Dr.SELF.

## TREAD MILL TEST (TMT)

Resting Heart rate	69 bpm		
	110/70 mmHg		
Resting Blood pressure	Nil		
Medication FCG	Normal		
Supine ECG	BRUCE 09 min 35 seconds		
Standard protocol  Total Exercise time			
Maximum heart rate	175 bpm		
Maximum blood pressure	140/80 mmHg		
Workload achieved	11.0 METS		
Reason for termination	Target heart rate achieved		

### Final Impression:

STRESS TEST IS NEGATIVE FOR EXERCISE INDUCED MYOCARDIAL ISCHEMIA AT 11.0 METS AND 94 % OF MAXIMUM PREDICTED HEART RATE.

DR.PRASHANT PAWAR, DNB(MED),DNB(CARDIOLOGY)

Mini Sea Shore Road, Sector 10-A, Vashi, Navi Mumbai - 400703.

Board Line: 022 - 39199222 | Fax: 022 - 39133220 Emergency: 022 - 39199100 | Ambulance: 1255

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CIN: U85100MH2005PTC 154823 GST IN : 27AABCH5894D1ZG PAN NO : AABCH5894D





### DEPARTMENT OF RADIOLOGY

Date: 22/Nov/2022

Name: Mrs. Priyanka Gaurav Ganage

Age | Sex: 34 YEAR(S) | Female

Order Station: FO-OPD

Bed Name:

UHID | Episode No : 5611030 | 58283/22/1501

Order No | Order Date: 1501/PN/OP/2211/123824 | 22-Nov-2022

Admitted On | Reporting Date: 22-Nov-2022 12:23:28

Order Doctor Name: Dr.SELF.

#### X-RAY-CHEST- PA

## Findings:

Both lung fields are clear.

The cardiac shadow appears within normal limits.

Trachea and major bronchi appears normal.

Both costophrenic angles are well maintained.

Bony thorax is unremarkable.

DR. YOGINI SHAH

Helsh

DMRD., DNB. (Radiologist)

Mini Sea Shore Road, Sector 10-A, Vashi, Navi Mumbai - 400703.

Board Line: 022 - 39199222 | Fax: 022 - 39133220 Emergency: 022 - 39199100 | Ambulance: 1255

For Appointment: 022 - 39199200 | Health Checkup: 022 - 39199300

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CIN: U85100MH2005PTC 154823 GST IN: 27AABCH5894D1ZG PAN NO: AABCH5894D eckup: 022 - 39199300 hcare.com





(For Billing/Reports & Discharge Summary only)

### DEPARTMENT OF RADIOLOGY

Date: 22/Nov/2022

Name: Mrs. Priyanka Gaurav Ganage

Age | Sex: 34 YEAR(S) | Female

Order Station: FO-OPD

Bed Name:

UHID | Episode No : 5611030 | 58283/22/1501

Order No | Order Date: 1501/PN/OP/2211/123824 | 22-Nov-2022

Admitted On | Reporting Date : 22-Nov-2022 14:21:11

Order Doctor Name: Dr.SELF.

### **US-WHOLE ABDOMEN**

LIVER is normal in size (12.8 cm) and echogenicity. Intrahepatic portal and biliary systems are normal. No focal lesion is seen in liver. Portal vein appears normal (9.5 mm).

GALL BLADDER is physiologically distended. Gall bladder reveals normal wall thickness. No evidence of calculi in gall bladder. No evidence of pericholecystic collection. CBD appears normal in caliber.

SPLEEN is normal in size (10.1 cm) and echogenicity.

**BOTH KIDNEYS** are normal in size and echogenicity. The central sinus complex is normal. No evidence of calculi/hydronephrosis.

Right kidney measures 9.1 x 4.0 cm.

Left kidney measures 10.3 x 4.3 cm.

PANCREAS: Head and body of pancreas appear unremarkable. Rest of the pancreas is obscured.

URINARY BLADDER is normal in capacity and contour. Bladder wall is normal in thickness. No evidence of intravesical mass/calculi.

UTERUS is normal in size and retroverted, measuring  $8.9 \times 4.3 \times 6.0$  cm. IUCD is seen in situ.

Both ovaries are normal. Right ovary measures 2.9 x 1.3 cm. Left ovary measures 3.0 x 1.5 cm.

No evidence of ascites.

### **IMPRESSION:**

· No significant abnormality is detected.

DR. YOGESH PATHADE (MD Radio-diagnosis)