

B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Opp. Janpath Corner, New Sanganer Road, Jaipur-302019 Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com

2300



Date

:- 25/12/2021 10:55:54

NAME :- Mr. ANKUR SINGH Sex / Age :- Male

32 Yrs

Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID: -122125923 Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Sample Type :- EDTA

Test Name

Sample Collected Time 25/12/2021 11:07:09

Final Authentication: 25/12/2021 14:19:00

HAEMATOLOGY

Value

Biological Ref Interval

BOB PACKAGE BELOW 40MALE

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HbA1C)
Method:-HPLC

5.9

%

Unit

Non-diabetic: < 5.7 Pre-diabetics: 5.7-6.4 Diabetics: = 6.5 or higher

ADA Target: 7.0 Action suggested: > 6.5

Instrument name: ARKRAY's ADAMS Lite HA 8380V, JAPAN.

HbA1C is formed by the condensation of glucose with n-terminal valine residue of each beta chain of HbA to form an unstable schiff base. It is the major fraction, constituting approximately 80% of HbA1c Formation of glycated hemoglobin (GHb) is essentially irreversible and the concentration in the blood depends on both the lifespan of the red blood cells (RBC) (120 days) and the blood glucose concentration. The GHb concentration represents the integrated values for glucose overthe period of 6 to 8 weeks. GHb values are free of day to day glucose fluctuations and are unaffected by recent exercise or food ingestion. Concentration of plasmaglucose concentration in GHb depends on the time interval, with more recent values providing a larger contribution than earlier values. The interpretation of GHbdepends on RBC having a normal life span. Patients with hemolytic disease or other conditions with shortened RBC survival exhibit a substantial reduction of GHb.High GHb have been reported in iron deficiency anemia. GHb has been firmly established as an index of long term blood glucose concentrations and as a measureof the risk for the development of complications in patients with diabetes mellitus. The absolute risk of retinopathy and nephropathy are directly proportional to themean of HbA1C.Genetic variants (e.g. HbS trait, HbC trait), elevated HbF and chemically modified derivatives of hemoglobin can affect the accuracy of HbA1cmeasurements. The effects vary depending on the specific Hb vatiant or derivative and the specific HbA1c method.

Ref by ADA 2020

MEAN PLASMA GLUCOSE Method:- Calculated Parameter

123

mg/dL

Non Diabetic < 100 mg/dL Prediabetic 100- 125 mg/dL Diabetic 126 mg/dL or Higher

Technologist

BANWARI

Page No: 1 of 15

DR.TANURUNGTA M.D (Path) RMC No.-17220

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Sample Type :- EDTA



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200	HAEMAT	OLOGY	25/12/2021 14.19:00
Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
HAEMOGARAM			
HAEMOGLOBIN (Hb) TOTAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT	15.1 5.69	g/dL /cumm	13.0 - 17.0 4.00 - 10.00
NEUTROPHIL	58.7	%	40.0 - 80.0
LYMPHOCYTE	32.1	%	20.0 - 40.0
EOSINOPHIL	5.4	%	1.0 - 6.0
MONOCYTE	3.6	%	2.0 - 10.0
BASOPHIL NEW WAY	0.2	%	0.0 - 2.0
NEUT#	3.35	10^3/uL	1.50 - 7.00
LYMPH#	1.83	10^3/uL	1.00 - 3.70
EO#	0.30	10^3/uL	0.00 - 0.40
MONO#	0.20	10^3/uL	0.00 - 0.70
BASO#	0.01	10^3/uL	0.00 - 0.10
TOTAL RED BLOOD CELL COUNT (RBC)	5.30	x10^6/uL	4.50 - 5.50
HEMATOCRIT (HCT)	44.40	%	40.00 - 50.00
MEAN CORP VOLUME (MCV)	83.7	fL	83.0 - 101.0
MEAN CORP HB (MCH)	28.4	pg	27.0 - 32.0
MEAN CORP HB CONC (MCHC)	33.9	g/dL	31.5 - 34.5
PLATELET COUNT	285	x10^3/uL	150 - 410
RDW-CV MENTZER INDEX	13.8 15.79	%	11.6 - 14.0

The Mentzer index is used to differentiate iron deficiency anemia from beta thalassemia trait. If a CBC indicates microcytic anemia, these are two of the most likely causes, making it necessary to distinguish between them.

If the quotient of the mean corpuscular volume divided by the red blood cell count is less than 13, thalassemia is more likely. If the result is greater than 13, then iron-deficiency anemia is more likely.

Technologist

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Page No: 2 of 15

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r. Gova Path Lab & Imaging Centre

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HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name Value

Unit

Biological Ref Interval

Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR)

19 H

mm/hr.

00 - 13

(ESR) Methodology: Measurment of ESR by cells aggregation.

Interpretation

Instrument Name : Indepedent form Hematocrit value by Automated Analyzer (Roller-20) : ESR test is a non-specific indicator ofinflammatory disease and abnormal protein states.

The test in used to detect, follow course of a certain disease (e.g-tuberculosis, rheumatic fever, myocardial infarction

Levels are higher in pregnency due to hyperfibrinogenaemia.

The "3-figure ESR " x>100 value nearly always indicates serious disease such as a serious infection, malignant paraproteinaemia of BChieffygdisgg: FLCaplc Fluorescent Flow cytometry, HB SLS method, TRBC, PCV, PLT Hydrodynamically focused Impedance. and MCH, MCV, MCHC, MENTZER INDEX are calculated. InstrumentName: Sysmex 6 part fully automatic analyzer XN-L, Japan

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Page No: 3 of 15

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Dr. Goya

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Date :- 25/12/2021 10:55:54

NAME :- Mr. ANKUR SINGH Sex / Age :- Male 32 Yrs

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

MC - 2300



Patient ID: -122125923

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Sample Collected Time 25/12/2021 11:07:09

Final Authentication: 25/12/2021 12:42:14

BIOCHEMISTRY Test Name Value Unit Biological Ref Interval LIPID PROFILE TOTAL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Enzymatic Endpoint Method 271.25 H mg/dl Desirable <200 Borderline 200-239 High> 240 TRIGLYCERIDES Method:- GPO-PAP Normal <150 Borderline high 150-199 High 200-499 Very high >500 107.20 mg/dl VLDL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Calculated 21.44 mg/dl 0.00 - 80.00

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SURENDRAKHANGA

Page No: 4 of 15

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Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Patient ID :-122125923

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Lab/Hosp :-

Sample Collected Time 25/12/2021 11:07:09

Final Authentication: 25/12/2021 12:42:14

Name (2012)	BIOCHEMI	STRY	
Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
DIRECT HDL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Direct clearance Method	60.26	mg/dl	Low < 40
DIRECT LDL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Direct clearance Method	193.12 H	mg/dl	High > 60 Optimal <100 Near Optimal/above optimal 100-129 Borderline High 130-159 High 160-189 Very High > 190
T.CHOLESTEROL/HDL CHOLESTEROL RATIO Method:- Calculated	4.50		0.00 - 4.90
LDL / HDL CHOLESTEROL RATIO Method:- Calculated	3.20		0.00 - 3.50
TOTAL LIPID Method:-CALCULATED TOTAL CHOISETPRO, Instrumental and Development	740.38	mg/dl	400.00 - 1000.00

TOTAL CHOLESTEROL InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Cholesterol measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatments of lipid lipoprotein metabolism

TRIGLYCERIDES InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Triglyceride measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of diseases involving lipid metabolism and

DIRECT HDLCHOLESTERO InstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: An inverse relationship between HDL-cholesterol (HDL-C) levels in serum and the incidence/prevalence of coronary heart disease (CHD) has been demonstrated in a number of epidemiological studies. Accurate measurement of HDL-C is of vital importance when assessing patient risk from CHD. Direct measurement gives improved accuracy and reproducibility when compared to precipitation methods.

DIRECT LDL-CHOLESTEROLInstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Accurate measurement of LDL-Cholesterol is of vital importance in therapies which focus on lipid reduction to prevent atherosclerosis or reduce its progress and to avoid plaque rupture TOTAL LIPID AND VLDL ARE CALCULATED

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SURENDRAKHANGA

Page No: 5 of 15

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Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Patient ID :-122125923

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Sample Collected Time 25/12/2021 11:07:09

Final Authentication: 25/12/2021 12:42:14

1/2	BIOCHEM	USTRY	- mar Authentication : 25/12/2021 12:42:14
Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
LIVER PROFILE WITH GGT	80		
SERUM BILIRUBIN (TOTAL) Method:- Colorimetric method	0.53	mg/dl	Up to - 1.0 Cord blood <2 mg/dL Premature < 6 days <16mg/dL Full-term < 6 days= 12 mg/dL 1month - <12 months <2 mg/dL 1-19 years <1.5 mg/dL Adult - Up to - 1.2
SGOT Method:-IFCC	31.7	U/L	Ref-(ACCP 2020) Men- Up to - 37.0
SGPT Method:- IFCC	46.7 H	U/L	Women - Up to - 31.0 Men- Up to - 40.0
SERUM ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE Method:- AMP Buffer	95.10	IU/L	Women - Up to - 31.0 30.00 - 120.00
SERUM TOTAL PROTEIN Method:- Biuret Reagent	7.20	g/dl	6.40 - 8.30
SERUM ALBUMIN Method:- Bromocresol Green	4.77	g/dl	3.80 - 5.00
SERUM GLOBULIN Method:- CALCULATION	2.43	gm/dl	2.20 - 3.50
A/G RATIO	1.96		1.30 - 2.50

Technologist

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Page No: 6 of 15



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Sex / Age :- Male 32 Yrs

Company :- MediWheel Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM Patient ID: -122125923

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Sample Collected Time 25/12/2021 11:07:09

Final Authentication: 25/12/2021 12:42:14

1944 NOVES	BIOCHEN	AISTRY	
Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
SERUM BILIRUBIN (DIRECT) Method:- Colorimetric Method	0.19	mg/dL	Adult - Up to 0.25 Newborn - <0.6 mg/dL
SERUM BILIRUBIN (INDIRECT) Method:- Calculated	0.34	mg/dl	>- 1 month - <0.2 mg/dL 0.30-0.70
SERUM GAMMA GT Method:- IFCC	33.70	U/L	11.00 - 50.00

Total BilirubinMethodology:Colorimetric method InstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation An increase in bilirubin concentration in the serum occurs in toxic or infectious diseases of the liver e.g. hepatitis B or obstruction of the bile duct and in rhesus incompatible babies. High levels of unconjugated bilirubin indicate that too much haemoglobin is being destroyed or that the liver is not actively treating

AST Aspartate Aminotransferase Methodology IFCC InstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevated levels of AST can signal myocardial infarction, hepatic disease, muscular dystrophy and organ damage. Although heart muscle is found to have the most activity of the enzyme, significant activity has also been seen in the brain, liver, gastric mucosa, adipose tissue and kidneys of humans.

ALT Alanine Aminotransferase Methodology IFCCInstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: The enzyme ALT has been found to be in highest concentrations in the liver, with decreasing distances of the transaminases can indicate myocardial infarction, hepatic disease, muscular destrophy and organ damage.

concentrations found in kidney, heart, skeletal muscie, pancreas, spicer and long uses the dystrophy and organ damage.

Alkaline Phosphatase Methodology: AMP Buffer InstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Measurements of alkaline phosphatase are of use in the diagnosis, treatment and investigation of hepatobilary disease and in bone disease associated with increased osteoblastic activity. Alkaline phosphatase is also used in the diagnosis of parathyroid and intestinal disease.

TOTAL PROTEIN Methodology: Biuret Reagent InstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Measurements obtained by this method are used in the diagnosis and treatment of a variety of diseases involving the liver, kidney and bone marrow as well as other metabolic or nutritional disorders.

Promotest Green InstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Albumin measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of numerous diseases involving

ALBUMIN (ALB) Methodology: Bromocresol Green InstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Albumin measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of numerous diseases involving primarily the liver or kidneys. Globulin & A/G ratio is calculated.

Instrument Name Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevations in GGT levels are seen earlier and more pronounced than those with other liver enzymes in cases of obstructive jaundice and metastatic neoplasms. It may reach 5 to 30 times normal levels in intra-or post-hepatic biliary obstruction. Only moderate elevations in the enzyme level (2 to 5 times normal)

Technologist

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32 Yrs

Company :- MediWheel

Sex / Age :- Male



Patient ID :-122125923

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Sample Collected Time 25/12/2021 11:07:09

Final Authentication: 25/12/2021 12:57:25

IMMUNOASSAY

	IMITORO	ASSAI		
Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval	
TOTAL THYROID PROFILE		¥ ¥		6
SERUM TSH Method:- Enhanced Chemiluminescence Immunoassay	1.380	μIU/mL	0.465 - 4.680	

Technologist

ANANDSHARMA

Page No: 8 of 15

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NAME :- Mr. ANKUR SINGH

Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Sex / Age :- Male 32 Yrs Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Patient ID :-122125923

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Sample Collected Time 25/12/2021 11:07:09

Final Authentication: 25/12/2021 12:57:25

IMMUNOASSAY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
SERUM TOTAL T3 Method:- Chemiluminescence(Competitive immunoassay)	1.300	ng/ml	0.970 - 1.690
SERUM TOTAL T4 Method:- Chemiluminescence(Competitive immunoassay)	6.740	ug/dl	5.530 - 11.000

InstrumentName: VITROS ECI Interpretation: Triiodothyronine (T3) contributes to the maintenance of the euthyroid state. A decrease in T3 concentration of up to 50% occurs in a variety of clinical situations, including acute and chronic disease. Although T3 results alone cannot be used to diagnose hypothyroidism, T3 concentration may be more sensitive than thyroxine (T4) for hyperthyroidism. Consequently, the total T3 assay can be used in conjunction with other assays to aid in the differential diagnosis of thyroid disease. T3 concentrations may be altered in some conditions, such as pregnancy, that affect the capacity of the thyroid hormone-binding proteins. Under such conditions, Free T3 can provide the best estimate of the metabolically active hormone concentration. Alternatively, T3 uptake, or T4 uptake can be used with the total T3 result to

InstrumentName: VITROS ECI Interpretation: The measurement of Total T4 aids in the differential diagnosis of thyroid disease. While >99.9% of T4 is protein-bound, primarily to thyroxine-binding globulin (TBG), it is the free fraction that is biologically active. In most patients, the total T4 concentration is a good indicator of thyroid status. T4 concentrations may be altered in some conditions, such as pregnancy, that affect hormone concentration. Alternatively, T3 uptake may be used with the total T4 result to calculate the free T4 index (FT4I) and estimate the concentration of free T4. Some drugs and some nonthyroidal patient conditions are known to alter TT4 concentrations in vivo.

InstrumentName: VITROS ECI Interpretation: TSH stimulates the production of thyroxine (T4) and triiodothyronine (T3) by the thyroid gland. The diagnosis of overt hypothyroidism by the finding of a low total T4 or free T4 concentration is readily confirmed by a raised TSH concentration. Measurement of low or undetectable TSH concentrations may assist the diagnosis of hyperthyroidism, where concentrations of T4 and T3 are elevated and TSH secretion is suppressed. These have the advantage of discriminating between the concentrations of TSH observed in thyrotoxicosis, compared with the low, but detectable, concentrations that occur in subclinical hyperthyroidism. The performance of this assay has not been established for neonatal specimens. Some drugs and some nonthyroidal patient conditions are known to alter TSH concentrations in vivo.

INTERPRETATION

PREGNANCY	REFERENCE RANGE FOR TSH IN uIU/mL (As per American Thyroid Association)
1st Trimester	0.10-2.50
2nd Trimester	0.20-3.00
3rd Trimester	0.30-3.00

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ANANDSHARMA

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:- 25/12/2021 10:55:54 NAME :- Mr. ANKUR SINGH

Sex / Age :- Male 32 Yrs

Company :- MediWheel

Sample Type :- URINE



Patient ID :-122125923

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Sample Collected Time 25/12/2021 11:07:09

Final Authentication: 25/12/2021 13:50:46

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

	CLINICAL PAI	HOLOGY				
Test Name	Value	Unit		Biologic	al Ref Inte	rval
Urine Routine MICROSCOPY EXAMINATION RBC/HPF WBC/HPF EPITHELIAL CELLS CRYSTALS/HPF CAST/HPF AMORPHOUS SEDIMENT BACTERIAL FLORA YEAST CELL	NIL 2-3 1-2 ABSENT ABSENT ABSENT ABSENT	/HPF /HPF /HPF	8	NIL 2-3 2-3 ABSENT ABSENT ABSENT ABSENT ABSENT ABSENT		ivai
OTHER	ABSENT		63	1352111		

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POOJABOHRA

Page No: 10 of 15

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32 Yrs

Company :- MediWheel

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Lab/Hosp :-

Sample Type :- URINE

Sample Collected Time 25/12/2021 11:07:09

Final Authentication: 25/12/2021 13:50:46

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Test Name	Value Unit	Biological Ref Interval
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION COLOUR APPEARANCE CHEMICAL EXAMINATION	PALE YELLOW Clear	PALE YELLOW Clear
REACTION(PH) SPECIFIC GRAVITY PROTEIN SUGAR BILIRUBIN UROBILINOGEN KETONES NITRITE	5.5 1.025 NIL NIL NEGATIVE NORMAL NEGATIVE NEGATIVE	5.0 - 7.5 1.010 - 1.030 NIL NIL NEGATIVE NORMAL NEGATIVE NEGATIVE

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POOJABOHRA

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Sex / Age :- Male 32 Yrs

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Patient ID :-122125923

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Sample Type :- KOx/Na FLUORIDE-F, KOx/Na Sabhole IDEHER el L'Arine SEIRU 10021 11:07:09

Final Authentication: 25/12/2021 15:16:19

	BIOCHEMISTRY		25/12/2021 15.16:19
Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
FASTING BLOOD SUGAR (Plasma) Method:- GOD PAP	105.9	mg/dl	75.0 - 115.0
Impaired glucose tolerance (IGT) Diabetes Mellitus (DM)		1 - 125 mg/dL 26 mg/dL	

Instrument Name: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevated glucose levels (hyperglycemia) may occur with diabetes, pancreatic neoplasm, hyperthyroidism and adrenal cortical hyper-function as well as other disorders. Decreased glucose levels (hypoglycemia) may result from excessive insulin therapy or various liver diseases .

BLOOD SUGAR PP (Plasma) Method:- GOD PAP

118.0

mg/dl

Instrument Name: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevated glucose levels (hyperglycemia) may occur with diabetes, pancreatic neoplasm, hyperthyroidism and adrenal cortical hyper-function as well as other disorders. Decreased glucose levels(hypoglycemia) may result from excessive insulin therapy or various liver diseases .

SERUM CREATININE Method:- Colorimetric Method	0.92	mg/dl	Men - 0.6-1.30
SERUM URIC ACID Method:- Enzymatic colorimetric	4.56	mg/dl	Women - 0.5-1.20 Men - 3.4-7.0 Women - 2.4-5.7

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JITENDRAKUMAWAT, SURENDRAKHANGA

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HAEMATOLOGY

Value

Unit

Biological Ref Interval

BLOOD GROUP ABO

"O"POSITIVE

BLOOD GROUP ABO Methodology: Haemagglutination reaction Kit Name: Monoclonal agglutinating antibodies (Span clone).

URINE SUGAR (FASTING)
Collected Sample Received

Nil

Nil

BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN)

9.2

mg/dl

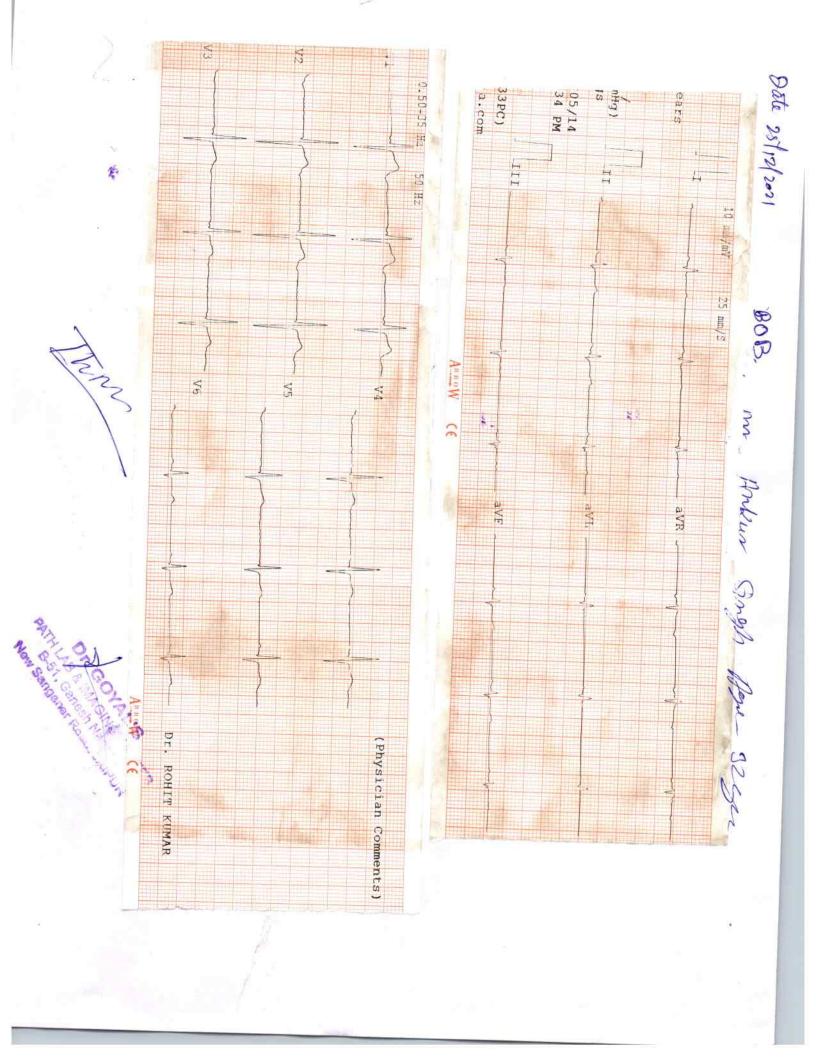
0.0 - 23.0

*** End of Report ***

Technologist

BANWARI, POOJABOHRA, SURENDRAKHANGA

Page No: 15 of 15



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Final Authentication: 25/12/2021 14:55:43

BOB PACKAGE BELOW 40MALE

ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY 2D (ADULT/CHILD)

2D-ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY M.MODE WITH DOPPLER STUDY:

_FAIR TRANSTHORACIC ECHOCARIDIOGRAPHIC WINDOW MORPHOLOGY:

MITRAL VALV	√E	NOR	MAL	TRICUS	SPID VALVE		NORMAL	
AORTIC VAL	VE	NOR	MAL	PULMO	PULMONARY VALVE		NORMAL	
		M.MODE	EXAMITATION:					
AO	22	mm	LA	30	Mm	IVS-D	8	mm
IVS-S	13	mm	LVID	47	Mm	LVSD	29	mm
LVPW-D	10	mm	LVPW-S	14	Mm	RV		mm
RVWT		- mm	EDV		MI	LVVS		ml
LVEF	69%		**	RWMA		ABSENT		
				CH	AMBERS:			
LA	NORN	1AL	RA			NORMAL		

PERICARDIUM		NORMAL			
LV	NORMAL	RV	NORMAL		
LA	NORMAL	RA	NORMAL		

COLOUR DOPPLER:

	MI	TRAL VALVE						
E VELOCITY	1.0	m/sec	PEAK GRADIENT			Mm		
A VELOCITY	0.48	m/sec	MEAN GRADIENT MVA BY PLANIME		г	Mm	Mm/hg Cm2	
MVA BY PHT		Cm2			ETRY	Cm2		
MITRAL REGURGITAT	ION				ABSENT			
	AC	RTIC VALVE						
PEAK VELOCITY 1.3		m/:	m/sec		PEAK GRADIENT		mm/hg	
AR VMAX		m/:	sec MEAN GI		RADIENT	mı	mm/hg	
AORTIC REGURGITAT	ION			ABSENT				
	TRIC	USPID VALV	VE					
PEAK VELOCITY	0.69	0.69		PEAK GRADIENT			mm/hg	
MEAN VELOCITY		r	m/sec MEAN G		GRADIENT		mm/hg	
VMax VELOCITY								
TRICUSPID REGURGI	TATION			ABSENT				
	PU	LMONARY \	ALVE					
PEAK VELOCITY 1.		1.0		M/sec.	PEAK GRADIENT		Mm/hg	
MEAN VALOCITY					MEAN GRADIENT		Mm/hg	
PULMONARY REGURGITATION				1,	ABSENT			

Page No: 1 of 2

BILAL

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Patient ID :-122125923 Ref. By Doctor:-BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

:- 25/12/2021 10:55:54 NAME :- Mr. ANKUR SINGH

Sex / Age :- Male

32 Yrs

Company :- MediWheel

Final Authentication: 25/12/2021 14:55:43

Impression--

- 1. Normal LV size & contractility
- 2. No RWMA, LVEF 69 %.
- 3. Normal cardiac chamber.
- 4. Normal valve
- 5. No clot, no vegetation, no pericardial effusion.

*** End of Report ***

Page No: 2 of 2

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Lab/Hosp :-

Final Authentication: 25/12/2021 12:20:35



USG WHOLE ABDOMEN

Liver is of normal size (13.5cm). Echo-texture is normal. No focal space occupying lesion is seen within liver parenchyma. Intra hepatic biliary channels are not dilated. Portal vein diameter is normal.

Gall bladder is of normal size. Wall is not thickened. No calculus or mass lesion is seen in gall bladder. Common bile duct is not dilated.

Pancreas is of normal size and contour. Echo-pattern is normal. No focal lesion is seen within pancreas.

Spleen is of normal size and shape. Echotexture is normal. No focal lesion is seen.

Kidneys are normally sited and are of normal size and shape. Cortico-medullary echoes are normal. No focal lesion is seen. Collecting system does not show any dilatation or calculus.

Urinary bladder is well distended and showing smooth wall with normal thickness. Urinary bladder does not show any calculus or mass lesion.

Prostate is normal in size (22 cc) with normal echo-texture and outline.

No enlarged nodes are visualised. No retro-peritoneal lesion is identified No significant free fluid is seen in peritoneal cavity.

IMPRESSION:

*No significant abnormality is seen. Needs clinical correlation for further evaluation

*** End of Report ***

Page No: 1 of 1

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Patient ID :-122125923 Ref. By Doctor:-BOB

Lab/Hosp :-



:- 25/12/2021 - 10:55:54

NAME :- Mr. ANKUR SINGH

Sex / Age :- Male

Company :- MediWheel

32 Yrs

Final Authentication: 25/12/2021 14:14:57

BOB PACKAGE BELOW 40MALE

X RAY CHEST PA VIEW:

Both lung fields appears clear.

Bronchovascular markings appear normal.

Trachea is in midline.

Both the hilar shadows are normal.

Both the C.P.angles is clear.

Both the domes of diaphragm are normally placed.

Bony cage and soft tissue shadows are normal.

Heart shadows appear normal.

Impression :- Normal Study

(Please correlate clinically and with relevant further investigations)

*** End of Report ***

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