Dr. Goyal's

Path Lab & Imaging Centre

B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Opp. Janpath Corner, New Sanganer Road, Jaipur-302019

Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com

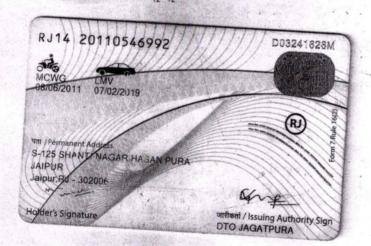


General Physical Examination

Date of Examination: $24-12-2022$
Name: HITCSH S. KHINCHI Age: 29 Sex: M9 le
DOB: 14-03-1993
Referred By: BOB (Mediusheel)
Photo ID: ID #: attached
Ht: 160 (cm) Wt: 102 (Kg)
Chest (Expiration): 115 (cm) Abdomen Circumference: 108 (cm)
Blood Pressure: 40,90 mm Hg PR: 69 min RR: 17 min Temp: Aleboote
вмі
Eye Examination: MISION DONNER OF 6/6 + B/L eyes. Near VISION
MIC BIC entr. rossesson Color Mishes.
Other: Not significant
On examination he/she appears physically and mentally fit: Yes/No
War were
Signature of Examine 1
Signature Medical Examiner: Name Medical Examiner
Signature Medical Examiner:
D' 885'NO -01'
Signature Medical Examiner: Name Medical Examiner



Night and



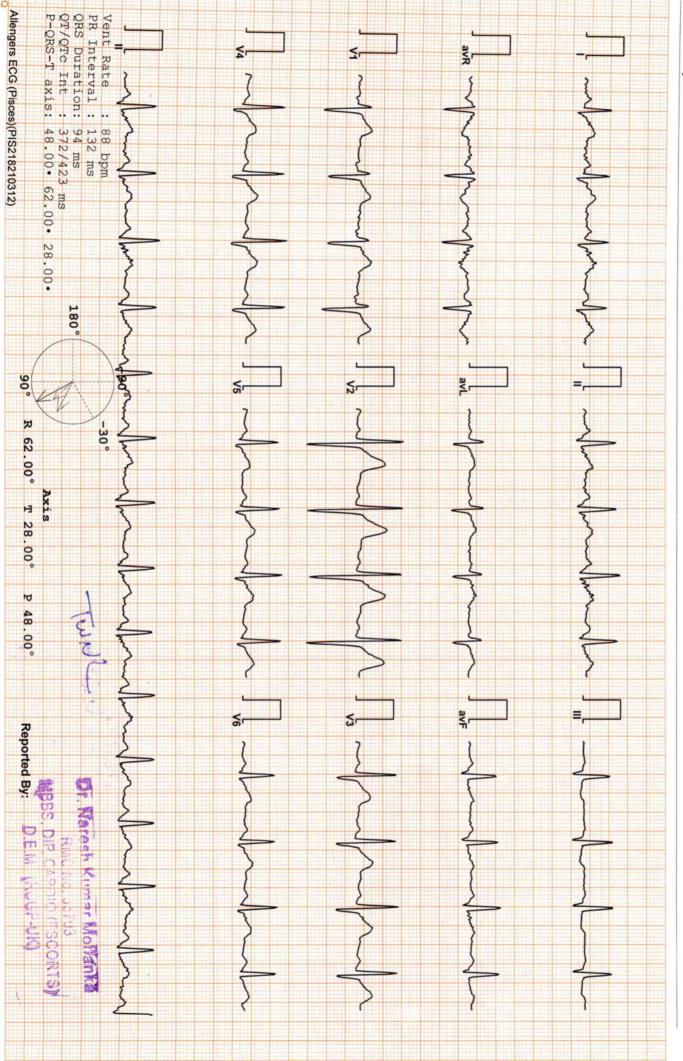
Dr pivus D.M.R.D. 017996

DR.GOYAL PATH LAB & IMAGING CENTER, JAIPUR 3183 / MR HITESH KHINCHI / 29 Yrs / M/ Non Smoker

Heart Rate: 88 bpm / Tested On: 24-Dec-22 14:39:14 / HF 0.05 Hz - LF 35 Hz / Notch 50 Hz / Sn 1.00 Cm/mV / Sw 25 mm/s / Refd By.: BOB



ECG





B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Opp. Janpath Corner, New Sanganer Road, Jaipur Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



Date

:- 24/12/2022 08:43:28

NAME :-

:- Mr. HITEŞH S KHINCHI

Sex / Age :- Male

29 Yrs 9 Mon 12 Days

Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID :-122228676 Ref. By Doctor:-BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Final Authentication: 24/12/2022 10:44:57

BOB PACKAGE BELOW 40MALE

USG WHOLE ABDOMEN

Liver is mild enlarged in size (~15.8 cm). Echo-texture is minimally bright No focal space occupying lesion is seen within liver parenchyma. Intra hepatic biliary channels are not dilated. Portal vein diameter is normal.

Gall bladder is of normal size. Wall is not thickened. No calculus or mass lesion is seen in gall bladder. Common bile duct is not dilated.

Pancreas is of normal size and contour. Echo-pattern is normal. No focal lesion is seen within pancreas.

Spleen is of normal size and shape. Echotexture is normal. No focal lesion is seen.

Kidneys are normally sited and are of normal size and shape. Cortico-medullary echoes are normal. No focal lesion is seen. Collecting system does not show any dilatation or calculus.

Urinary bladder is well distended and showing smooth wall with normal thickness. Urinary bladder does not show any calculus or mass lesion.

Prostate is normal in size (~18 gms) with normal echo-texture and outline.

No enlarged nodes are visualised. No retro-peritoneal lesion is identified No significant free fluid is seen in peritoneal cavity.

IMPRESSION:

*Mild hepatomegaly with early fatty changes.

Needs clinical correlation for further evaluation

*** End of Report ***.

AHSAN

Dr. Piyush Goyal M.B.B.S., D.M.R.D. RMC Reg No. 017996

Dr. Poonam Gupta MBBS, MD (Radio Diagnosis) RMC No. 32495 Dr. Ashish Choudhary

MBBS, MD (Radio Diagnosis)

Fetal Medicine Consultant

FMF ID - 260517 | RMC No 22430

Dr. Abhishek JainMBBS, DNB, (Radio-Diagnosis)
RMC No. 21687

Transcript by.



B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Opp. Janpath Corner, New Sa Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787 Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: dr

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Sex / Age :- Male 29 Yrs 9 Mon 12 Days

MediWheel Company :-

Patient ID :-122228676 Ref. By Doctor:-BOB

Lab/Hosp :-



Final Authentication: 24/12/2022 10:44:57

BOB PACKAGE BELOW 40MALE 2D ECHO OPTION TMT (ADULT/CHILD)

2D-ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY M.MODE WITH DOPPLER STUDY:

FAIR TRANSTHORACIC ECHOCARIDIOGRAPHIC WINDOW MORPHOLOGY:

MITRAL VALVE NORMAL AORTIC VALVE NORMAL		MAL	TRICUSP	ID VALVE		NORMAL		
		PULMONARY VALVE			NORMAL			
		M.MODE	EXAMITATION:					
AO	23	mm	LA	30 -	Mm	IVS-D	7	mm
IVS-S	12	mm	LVID	38	Mm	LVSD	25	mm
LVPW-D	6	mm	LVPW-S	13	Mm	RV		mm
RVWT		mm	EDV		MI	LVVS		ml
LVEF	62%		-	RWMA		ABSENT		

CHAMBERS:

LA	NORMAL	RA	NORMAL
LV ·	NORMAL	RV	NORMAL
PERICARDIU	M	NORMAL	

COLOUR DORRIER.

					COLO	UR DOPPLER:			
	MI	TRAL VA	LVE						
EVELOCITY	0.79	m/se	ec	PEAK G	RADIENT		Mn	n/hg	
A VELOCITY	0.64	m/se	ec	MEAN (GRADIENT		Mn	n/hg	
MVA BY PHT		Cm2		MVA BY	PLANIMI	TRY	Cm	2	
MITRAL REGURGITATI	ION					ABSENT	'		
	AC	RTIC VA	LVE		-				
PEAK VELOCITY	1.1		m/sed	:	PEAK GR	ADIENT	m	m/hg	
AR VMAX			m/sec		MEAN G	RADIENT	m	mm/hg	
AORTIC REGURGITATI	ON				ABSENT			. •	
	TRIC	CUSPID \	VALVE						
PEAK VELOCITY	0.40	0	m/	sec	PEAK GI	RADIENT		mm/hg	
MEAN VELOCITY			m/	sec	MEAN C	RADIENT		mm/hg	
VMax VELOCITY									
TRICUSPID REGURGIT	TATION	*		¥/	ABSENT				
	PU	ILMONA	RY VA	LVE					
PEAK VELOCITY		0.98	3		M/sec.	PEAK GRADIENT		Mm/hg	
MEAN VALOCITY						MEAN GRADIENT		Mm/hg	
PULMONARY REGUR	GITATION					ABSENT	•		

Page No: 1 of 2

AHSAN



B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Opp. Janpath Corner, New Sanganer Road, Jaipur

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Impression--

- 1. Normal LV size & contractility
- 2. No RWMA, LVEF 62 %.
- 3. Normal cardiac chamber.
- 4. Normal valve
- 5. No clot, no vegetation, no pericardial effusion. (Cardiologist)

*** End of Report ***

AHSAN



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BOB PACKAGE BELOW 40MALE

X RAY CHEST PA VIEW:

Both lung fields appears clear.

Bronchovascular markings appear normal.

Trachea is in midline.

Both the hilar shadows are normal.

Both the C.P.angles is clear.

Both the domes of diaphragm are normally placed.

Bony cage and soft tissue shadows are normal.

Heart shadows appear normal.

Impression :- Normal Study

(Please correlate clinically and with relevant further investigations)

*** End of Report ***

DR ABHISHEK JAIN MBBS. DNB. (RADIO DIAGNOSIS) **RMC NO. 21687**

Page No: 1 of 1

Dr. Piyush Goyal (D.M.R.D.) BILAL

B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Opp. Janpath Corner, New Sanganer Road, Jaipur-302019

Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



Date

:- 24/12/2022 08:43:28

Sample Type :- EDTA

NAME :- Mr. HITESH S KHINCHI

Sex / Age :- Male

29 Yrs 9 Mon 12 Days

Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID :-122228676

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Sample Collected Time 24/12/2022 08:49:23

Final Authentication: 24/12/2022 13:53:59

HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval	-
BOB PACKAGE BELOW 40MALE				-
HAEMOGARAM				
HAEMOGLOBIN (Hb)	14.1	g/dL	13.0 - 17.0	
TOTAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT	9.59	/cumm	4.00 - 10.00	
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT			1.00	
NEUTROPHIL	46.3	%	40.0 - 80.0	
LYMPHOCYTE	40.3 H	%	20.0 - 40.0	
EOSINOPHIL	11.2 H	%	1.0 - 6.0	
MONOCYTE	2.0	%	2.0 - 10.0	
BASOPHIL	0.2	%	0.0 - 2.0	
NEUT#	4.45	10^3/uL	1.50 - 7.00	
LYMPH#	3.86 H	10^3/uL	1.00 - 3.70	
EO#	1.07 H	10^3/uL	0.00 - 0.40	
MONO#	0.19	10^3/uL	0.00 - 0.70	
BASO#	0.02	10^3/uL	0.00 - 0.10	
TOTAL RED BLOOD CELL COUNT (RBC)	4.64	x10^6/uL	4.50 - 5.50	
HEMATOCRIT (HCT)	39.80 └	%	40.00 - 50.00	
MEAN CORP VOLUME (MCV)	85.7	fL	83.0 - 101.0	
MEAN CORP HB (MCH)	30.3	pg	27.0 - 32.0	
MEAN CORP HB CONC (MCHC)	34.5	g/dL	31.5 - 34.5	
PLATELET COUNT	391	x10^3/uL	150 - 410	
RDW-CV	13.5	%	11.6 - 14.0	
MENTZER INDEX	18.47			

The Mentzer index is used to differentiate iron deficiency anemia from beta thalassemia trait. If a CBC indicates microcytic anemia, these are two of the most likely causes, making it necessary to distinguish between them.

If the quotient of the mean corpuscular volume divided by the red blood cell count is less than 13, thalassemia is more likely. If the result is greater than 13, then iron-deficiency anemia is more likely.

AJAYSINGH Technologist

Page No: 1 of 10



Dr. Chandrika Gupta MBBS.MD (Path) RMC NO. 21021/008037

B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Opp. Janpath Corner, New Sanganer Road, Jaipur-302019

Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



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Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID: -122228676

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Final Authentication: 24/12/2022 13:53:59

Sample Type :- EDTA

Sex / Age :- Male

Sample Collected Time 24/12/2022 08:49:23

HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name Value

Biological Ref Interval

Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR)

81 H

mm/hr.

00 - 13

(ESR) Methodology: Measurment of ESR by cells aggregation.

Instrument Name : Indepedent form Hematocrit value by Automated Analyzer (Roller-20)

Interpretation

: ESR test is a non-specific indicator ofinflammatory disease and abnormal protein states.

The test in used to detect, follow course of a certain disease (e.g-tuberculosis, rheumatic fever, myocardial infarction

Levels are higher in pregnency due to hyperfibrinogenaemia.

The "3-figure ESR " x>100 value nearly always indicates serious disease such as a serious infection, malignant paraproteinaemia of Connective disease. The paraproteinaemia with the connective disease and MCH, MCV, MCHC, MENTZER INDEX are calculated. InstrumentName: Sysmex 6 part fully automatic analyzer XN-L, Japan

AJAYSINGH Technologist

Page No: 2 of 10



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B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Opp. Janpath Corner, New Sanganer Road, Jaipur-302019

Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

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Date :- 24/12/2022 08:43:28 NAME :- Mr. HITESH S KHINCHI

29 Yrs 9 Mon 12 Days

Company :-MediWheel

Sex / Age :- Male

Patient ID :-122228676

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Final Authentication: 24/12/2022 16:16:22

Sample Type :- EDTA, KOx/Na FLUORIDE-F, KSan/NateFCb/(GRIEDE-FPRe-24/12/2022 08:49:23

HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name Value Unit **Biological Ref Interval**

BLOOD GROUP ABO

"AB" POSITIVE

BLOOD GROUP ABO Methodology: Haemagglutination reaction Kit Name: Monoclonal agglutinating antibodies (Span clone).

FASTING BLOOD SUGAR (Plasma)

Method:- GOD PAP

91.8

mg/dl

75.0 - 115.0

Impaired glucose tolerance (IGT)	111 - 125 mg/dL			
Diabetes Mellitus (DM)	> 126 mg/dL			

Instrument Name: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevated glucose levels (hyperglycemia) may occur with diabetes, pancreatic neoplasm, hyperthyroidism and adrenal cortical hyper-function as well as other disorders. Decreased glucose levels(hypoglycemia) may result from excessive insulin therapy or various liver diseases .

BLOOD SUGAR PP (Plasma)

Method:- GOD PAP

136.2

70.0 - 140.0

Instrument Name: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevated glucose levels (hyperglycemia) may occur with diabetes, pancreatic neoplasm, hyperthyroidism and adrenal cortical hyper-function as well as other disorders.Decreased glucose levels(hypoglycemia) may result from excessive insulin therapy or various liver diseases.

AJAYSINGH, KAUSHAL **Technologist**

Page No: 3 of 10



B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Opp. Janpath Corner, New Sanganer Road, Jaipur-302019

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Sex / Age :- Male

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Company :- MediWheel

Patient ID: -122228676

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Sample Collected Time 24/12/2022 08:49:23

Final Authentication: 24/12/2022 16:16:22

BIOC	HEMIS	TRY
------	-------	-----

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
LIPID PROFILE			
TOTAL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Enzymatic Endpoint Method	265.16 H	mg/dl	Desirable <200 Borderline 200-239 High> 240
TRIGLYCERIDES Method:- GPO-PAP	101.99	mg/dl	Normal <150 Borderline high 150-199 High 200-499 Very high >500
DIRECT HDL CHOLESTEROL Method: Direct clearance Method	45.82	mg/dl	Low < 40 High > 60
DIRECT LDL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Direct clearance Method	202.34 H	mg/dl	Optimal <100 Near Optimal/above optimal 100-129 Borderline High 130-159 High 160-189 Very High > 190
VLDL CHOLESTEROL Method:- Calculated	20.40	mg/dl	0.00 - 80.00
T.CHOLESTEROL/HDL CHOLESTEROL RATIO Method:- Calculated	5.79 H		0.00 - 4.90
LDL / HDL CHOLESTEROL RATIO Method:- Calculated	4.42 H		0.00 - 3.50
TOTAL LIPID Method:- CALCULATED	721.35	mg/dl	400.00 - 1000.00

TOTAL CHOLESTEROL InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Cholesterol measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatments of lipid lipoprotein metabolism

 $\textbf{TRIGLYCERIDES InstrumentName}. Randox \ Rx \ Imola \ \textbf{Interpretation}: \ Triglyceride \ measurements \ are used in the \ diagnosis \ and \ treatment \ of \ diseases \ involving \ lipid \ metabolism \ and \ diseases \ diagnosis \ and \ diseases \ diagnosis \ diagnosis \ diseases \ diagnosis \ diseases \ diagnosis \ diagnosis \ diagnosis \ diseases \ diagnosis \ diseases \ diagnosis \ diagno$ various endocrine disorders e.g. diabetes mellitus, nephrosis and liver obstruction

DIRECT HDLCHOLESTERO InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: An inverse relationship between HDL-cholesterol (HDL-C) levels in serum and the incidence/prevalence of coronary heart disease (CHD) has been demonstrated in a number of epidemiological studies. Accurate measurement of HDL-C is of vital importance when assessing patient risk from CHD. Direct measurement gives improved accuracy and reproducibility when compared to precipitation methods.

DIRECT LDL-CHOLESTEROLInstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Accurate measurement of LDL-Cholesterol is of vital importance in therapies which focus on lipid reduction to prevent atherosclerosis or reduce its progress and to avoid plaque rupture.

TOTAL LIPID AND VLDL ARE CALCULATED

KAUSHAL

Page No: 4 of 10



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Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

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BIOCHEMISTRY

Sample Collected Time 24/12/2022 08:49:23

	BIOCHEMISTRI			
Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval	
LIVER PROFILE WITH GGT SERUM BILIRUBIN (TOTAL)	0.44		Suppl 10 - 20030000 11 -	
Method:- Colorimetric method	0.41	mg/dl	Up to - 1.0 Cord blood <2 Premature < 6 days <16 Full-term < 6 days= 12 1month - <12 months <2 1-19 years <1.5 Adult - Up to - 1.2 Ref-(ACCP 2020)	
SERUM BILIRUBIN (DIRECT) Method:- Colorimetric Method	0.12	mg/dL	Adult - Up to 0.25 Newborn - <0.6 mg/dL >- 1 month - <0.2 mg/dL	
SERUM BILIRUBIN (INDIRECT) Method:- Calculated	0.29	mg/dl	0.30-0.70	
SGOT Method:- IFCC	27.1	U/L	Men- Up to - 37.0 Women - Up to - 31.0	
SGPT Method:- IFCC	35.8	U/L	Men- Up to - 40.0 Women - Up to - 31.0	
SERUM ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE Method:-AMP Buffer	98.30	IU/L	30.00 - 120.00	
SERUM GAMMA GT Method:- IFCC	47.10	U/L	11.00 - 50.00	
SERUM TOTAL PROTEIN Method:- Biuret Reagent	7.10	g/dl	6.40 - 8.30	
SERUM ALBUMIN Method:- Bromocresol Green	4.23	g/dl	3.80 - 5.00	
SERUM GLOBULIN Method:- CALCULATION	2.87	gm/dl	2.20 - 3.50	
A/G RATIO	1.47		1.30 - 2.50	

Total BilirubinMethodology:Colorimetric method InstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation An increase in bilirubin concentration in the serum occurs in toxic or infectious diseases of the liver e.g. hepatitis B or obstruction of the bile duct and in rhesus incompatible babies. High levels of unconjugated bilirubin indicate that too much haemoglobin is being destroyed or that the liver is not actively treating the haemoglobin it is receiving.

AST Aspartate Aminotransferase Methodology: IFCC InstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevated levels of AST can signal myocardial infarction, hepatic disease, muscular dystrophy and organ damage. Although heart muscle is found to have the most activity of the enzyme, significant activity has also been seen in the brain, liver, gastric mucosa, adipose tissue and kidneys of humans.

ALT Alanine Aminotransferase Methodology: IFCCInstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: The enzyme ALT has been found to be in highest concentrations in the liver, with decreasing concentrations found in kidney, heart, skeletal muscle, pancreas, spleen and lung tissue respectively. Elevated levels of the transaminases can indicate myocardial infarction, hepatic disease, muscular dystrophy and organ damage.

Alkaline Phosphatase Methodology: AMP Buffer InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Measurements of alkaline phosphatase are of use in the diagnosis, treatment and investigation of hepatobilary disease and in bone disease associated with increased osteoblastic activity. Alkaline phosphatase is also used in the diagnosis of parathyroid and intestinal disease.

TOTAL PROTEIN Methodology: Biuret Reagent InstrumentName: Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Measurements obtained by this method are used in the diagnosis and treatment of a variety of diseases involving the liver, kidney and bone marrow as well as other metabolic or nutritional disorders.

ALBUMIN (ALB) Methodology: Bromocresol Green InstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Albumin measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of numerous diseases involving primarily the liver or kidneys. Globulin & A/G ratio is calculated.

Instrument Name Randox Rx Imola Interpretation: Elevations in GGT levels are seen earlier and more pronounced than those with other liver enzymes in cases of obstructive jaundice and metastatic neoplasms. It may reach 5 to 30 times normal levels in intra-or post-hepatic biliary obstruction. Only moderate elevations in the enzyme level (2 to 5 times normal)

KAUSHAL

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Lab/Hosp :-

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Final Authentication: 24/12/2022 16:16:22

BIOCHEMISTRY

WINDS WELFARM	DIOCHEM	ISTRY	
Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
SERUM CREATININE Method:- Colorimetric Method	0.92	mg/dl	Men - 0.6-1.30 Women - 0.5-1.20
SERUM URIC ACID Method:- Enzymatic colorimetric	7.51 H	mg/dl	Men - 3.4-7.0 Women - 2.4-5.7

KAUSHAL

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Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Sample Collected Time 24/12/2022 08:49:23

Final Authentication: 24/12/2022 16:16:22

BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name Value Unit Biological Ref Interval

BLOOD UREA NITROGEN (BUN)

16.3

mg/dl

0.0 - 23.0

KAUSHAL

Page No: 7 of 10



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Lab/Hosp :-

Sample Type :- EDTA Sample Collected Time 24/12/2022 08:49:23

Final Authentication: 24/12/2022 13:53:59

HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name Value Unit Biological Ref Interval

GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HbA1C)
Method:- HPLC

6.8 H

%

Non-diabetic: < 5.7 Pre-diabetics: 5.7-6.4

Diabetics: = 6.5 or higher ADA Target: 7.0

ADA Target: 7.0 Action suggested: > 6.5

Instrument name: ARKRAY's ADAMS Lite HA 8380V, JAPAN.

Test Interpretation:

HbA1C is formed by the condensation of glucose with n-terminal valine residue of each beta chain of HbA to form an unstable schiff base. It is the major fraction, constituting approximately 80% of HbA1c. Formation of glycated hemoglobin (GHb) is essentially irreversible and the concentration in the blood depends on both the lifespan of the red blood cells (RBC) (120 days) and the blood glucose concentration. The GHb concentration represents the integrated values for glucose overthe period of 6 to 8 weeks. GHb values are free of day to day glucose fluctuations and are unaffected by recent exercise or food ingestion. Concentration of plasmaglucose concentration in GHb depends on the time interval, with more recent values providing a larger contribution than earlier values. The interpretation of GHbdepends on RBC having a normal life span. Patients with hemolytic disease or other conditions with shortened RBC survival exhibit a substantial reduction of GHb. High GHb have been reported in iron deficiency anemia. GHb has been firmly established as an index of long term blood glucose concentrations and as a measure of the risk for the development of complications in patients with diabetes mellitus. The absolute risk of retinopathy and nephropathy are directly proportional to themean of HbA1C. Genetic variants (e.g. HbS trait, HbC trait), elevated HbF and chemically modified derivatives of hemoglobin can affect the accuracy of HbA1c meethod.

Ref by ADA 2020

MEAN PLASMA GLUCOSE Method:- Calculated Parameter 148 H

mg/dL

Non Diabetic < 100 mg/dL Prediabetic 100- 125 mg/dL Diabetic 126 mg/dL or Higher

AJAYSINGH Technologist

Page No: 8 of 10



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Date :- 24/12/2022 08:43:28 NAME :- Mr. HITESH S KHINCHI

29 Yrs 9 Mon 12 Days

Company :- MediWheel

Sex / Age :- Male

Patient ID :-122228676

Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Sample Type :- URINE Sample Collected Time 24/12/2022 08:49:23

Final Authentication: 24/12/2022 18:11:21

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
Urine Routine			
PHYSICAL EXAMINATION			
COLOUR	PALE YE	LLOW	PALE YELLOW
APPEARANCE	Clear		Clear
CHEMICAL EXAMINATION			Cica
REACTION(PH)	5.5		5.0 - 7.5
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.015		1.010 - 1.030
PROTEIN	NIL		NIL
SUGAR	NIL		NIL
BILIRUBIN	NEGATIV	E	NEGATIVE
UROBILINOGEN	NORMAL		NORMAL
KETONES	NEGATIV	E	NEGATIVE
NITRITE	NEGATIV	E	NEGATIVE
MICROSCOPY EXAMINATION			
RBC/HPF	NIL	/HPF	NIL
WBC/HPF	2-3	/HPF	2-3
EPITHELIAL CELLS	2-3	/HPF	2-3
CRYSTALS/HPF	ABSENT		ABSENT
CAST/HPF	ABSENT		ABSENT
AMORPHOUS SEDIMENT	ABSENT		ABSENT
BACTERIAL FLORA	ABSENT		ABSENT
YEAST CELL	ABSENT		ABSENT
OTHER	ABSENT		

KAUSHAL **Technologist**

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Dr. Rashmi Bakshi MBBS. MD (Path) RMC No. 17975/008828

B-51, Ganesh Nagar, Opp. Janpath Corner, New Sanganer Road, Jaipur-302019

Tele: 0141-2293346, 4049787, 9887049787

Website: www.drgoyalspathlab.com | E-mail: drgoyalpiyush@gmail.com



Date :- 24/12/2022 08:43:28

NAME :- Mr. HITESH S KHINCHI

Sex / Age :- Male 29 Yrs 9 Mon 12 Days

Company :-MediWheel Sample Type :- PLAIN/SERUM

Patient ID :-122228676 Ref. By Dr:- BOB

Lab/Hosp :-

Sample Collected Time 24/12/2022 08:49:23

Final Authentication: 24/12/2022 12:24:00

IMMUNOASSAY

н			LOUISE	
	Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
	TOTAL THYROID PROFILE			B-us-rea anterval
	SERUM TOTAL T3 Method:- Chemiluminescence(Competitive immunoassay)	1.287	ng/ml	0.970 - 1.690
	SERUM TOTAL T4 Method:- Chemiluminescence(Competitive immunoassay)	8.069	ug/dl	5.530 - 11.000
	SERUM TSH ULTRA Method:- Enhanced Chemiluminescence Immunoassay	3.810	μIU/mL	0.550 - 4.780

Interpretation: Triiodothyronine (T3) contributes to the maintenance of the euthyroid state. A decrease in T3 concentration of up to 50% occurs in a variety of clinical situations, including acute and chronic disease. Although T3 results alone cannot be used to diagnose hypothyroidism, T3 concentration may be more sensitive than thyroxine (T4) for hyperthyroidism. Consequently, the total T3 assay can be used in conjunction with other assays to aid in the differential diagnosis of thyroid disease T3 concentrations may be altered in some conditions, such as pregnancy, that affect the capacity of the thyroid hormone-binding proteins. Under such conditions, Free T3 can provide the best estimate of the metabolically active hormone concentration. Alternatively, T3 uptake, or T4 uptake can be used with the total T3 result to calculate the free T3 index and estimate the concentration of free T3.

Interpretation: The measurement of Total T4 aids in the differential diagnosis of thyroid disease. While >99.9% of T4 is protein-bound, primarily to thyroxine-binding globulin (TBG), it is the free fraction that is biologically active. In most patients, the total T4 concentration is a good indicator of thyroid status. T4 concentrations may be altered in some conditions, such as pregnancy, that affect the capacity of the thyroid hormone-binding proteins. Under such conditions, free T4 can provide the best estimate of the metabolically active hormone concentration. Alternatively, T3 uptake may be used with the total T4 result to calculate the free T4 index (FT4I) and estimate the concentration of free T4. Some drugs and some nonthyroidal patient conditions are known to alter TT4 concentrations in vivo.

Interpretation: TSH stimulates the production of thyroxine (T4) and triiodothyronine (T3) by the thyroid gland. The diagnosis of overt hypothyroidism by the finding of a low total T4 or free T4 concentration is readily confirmed by a raised TSH concentration. Measurement of low or undetectable TSH concentrations may assist the diagnosis of hyperthyroidism, where concentrations of T4 and T3 are elevated and TSH secretion is suppressed. These have the advantage of discriminating between the concentrations of TSH observed in thyrotoxicosis, compared with the low, but detectable, concentrations that occur in subclinical hyperthyroidism. The performance of this assay has not been established for neonatal specimens. Some drugs and some nonthyroidal patient conditions are known to alter TSH concentrations in vivo.

INTERPRETATION

PREGNANCY	REFERENCE RANGE FOR TSH IN uIU/mL (As per American Thyroid Association)
1st Trimester	0.10-2.50
2nd Trimester	0.20-3.00
3rd Trimester	0.30-3.00

*** End of Report ***

KAUSHAL **Technologist**

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Dr. Chandrika Gupta MBBS.MD (Path) RMC NO. 21021/008037