

PHYSICAL EXAMINATION REPORT

| Patient Name | Abhistek K | Chouley | Sex/Age | M/42 |
|--------------|------------|---------|----------|--------|
| Date | 1314124, | | Location | Thane. |

History and Complaints

Go-HTN Since 5-593 Arthrito

R

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EXAMINATION FINDINGS:

| rieight | (CIIIS): |
|---------|----------|
| | |

6 Temp (0c):

Weight (kg):

Blood Pressure

Pulse

Systems:

Cardiovascular:

Respiratory:

Genitourinary:

GI System:

CNS:

Impression: PESR (98),

BSL (PP) - Impaured

Loulcinum

LVH (mild)

Fatty Liver

REGD. OFFICE: Dr. Lal PathLabs Ltd., Block E, Sector-18, Rohini, New Delhi - 110085. | CIN No.: L74899DL1995PLC065388

MUMBAI OFFICE: Suburban Diagnostics (India) Pvt. Ltd., Aston, 2nd Floor, Sundervan Complex, Above Mercedes Showroom, Andheri West, Mumbai - 400053.



Advice: - Low Fat, Low sugar Diet.
- Calcium Supplement.
- Repeat Sugar Profile (6 Months)

R

| 1) | Hypertension: Rs (4-5 yzs.) |
|-----|---|
| 2) | IHD , |
| 3) | Arrhythmia |
| 4) | Diabetes Mellitus |
| 5) | Tuberculosis |
| 6) | Asthama |
| 7) | Pulmonary Disease |
| 8) | Thyroid/ Endocrine disorders |
| 9) | Nervous disorders |
| 10) | GI system |
| 11) | Genital urinary disorder |
| 12) | Rheumatic joint diseases or symptoms . Co - Arthritts (243) |
| 13) | Blood disease or disorder |
| 14) | Cancer/lump growth/cyst |
| 15) | Congenital disease |
| 16) | Surgeries |
| 17) | Musculoskeletal System |

PERSONAL HISTORY:

| 1) | Alcohol |
|----|--|
| 2) | Smoking |
| 3) | Diet |
| 4) | Medication |
| + | taueopathic Ry for Dr. Manaspe Kulkarni M.B.B.S OD |
| | Arthritis / 1905/09/3439 |

REGD. OFFICE: Dr. Lal PathLabs Ltd., Block E, Sector-18, Rohini, New Delhi - 110085. | CIX No.: L7489 DL1995 LC065388

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WEST REFERENCE LABORATORY: Shop No. 9, 101 to 105, Skyline Wealth Space Building, Near Dmart, Premier Road, Vidyavihar West, Mumbai - 400086.



R E R

| Date:- | 17/4/24 |
|--------|---------|
| Date | 13/ |

CID! 30 AB

Name:- Albert . Sex/Age: 41-4 Chouself EYECHECK UP

Chief complaints:

Systemic Diseases: All Past history:

Unaided Vision:

2268 2/102/16

Aided Vision:

Refraction:

(Right Eye)

(Left Eye)

| | Sph | Суі | Axis | Vn | Sph | Cyl | Axis | Vn |
|----------|-----|-----|------|----|-----|-----|------|----|
| Distance | | | | | | | | |
| Vear | | | | | | | | |

Colour Vision: Normal / Abnormal

Remark: Uscour Spelle

OPTOMETRIST.



: 2410422229

Name

: MR.KRISHNA ABHISHEK

Age / Gender

: 41 Years / Male

Consulting Dr.

Reg. Location

: G B Road, Thane West (Main Centre)



R

E

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Collected Reported

: 13-Apr-2024 / 11:42 :13-Apr-2024 / 18:51

MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP MALE ABOVE 40/2D ECHO

| PARAMETER | CBC (Comple | te Blood Count), Blood | ZUECHO |
|---|--|--|--|
| RBC PARAMETERS | RESULTS | BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE | METHOD |
| Haemoglobin RBC PCV MCV MCH MCHC RDW WBC PARAMETERS WBC Total Count | 13.8 4.89 42.0 86.0 28.3 32.9 15.0 | 13.0-17.0 g/dL 4.5-5.5 mil/cmm 40-50 % 80-100 fl 27-32 pg 31.5-34.5 g/dL 11.6-14.0 % | Spectrophotometric Elect. Impedance Measured Calculated Calculated Calculated Calculated |
| WBC DIFFERENTIAL AND ABSOLUMPHOCYTES | 9040 DLUTE COUNTS | 4000-10000 /cmm | Elect. Impedance |
| Absolute Lymphocytes Monocytes Absolute Monocytes | 20.3 1835.1 6.7 | 20-40 % 1000-3000 /cmm 2-10 % | Calculated |
| Neutrophils Absolute Neutrophils | 605.7 69.7 | 200-1000 /cmm 40-80 % | Calculated |
| Eosinophils Absolute Eosinophils | 6300.9 | 2000-7000 /cmm 1-6 % | Calculated |
| Basophils Absolute Basophils | 289.3 0.1 | 20-5 00 /cmm 0.1-2 % | Calculated |
| Immature Leukocytes WBC Differential Count by Absorbance | 9.0 | 20 -100 /cmm | Calculated |

WBC Differential Count by Absorbance & Impedance method/Microscopy.

PLATELET PARAMETERS

| Platelet Count MPV PDW RBC MORPHOLOGY | 145000 12.7 31.2 | 150000-400000 /cmm 6-11 fl 11-18 % | Elect. Impedance Calculated Calculated |
|---------------------------------------|------------------------|--|--|
| Hypochromia | | | |
| Microcytosis | | | |

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Collected Reported

: 13-Apr-2024 / 11:42 :13-Apr-2024 / 17:46

Macrocytosis

Anisocytosis

Poikilocytosis

Polychromasia

Target Cells

Basophilic Stippling

Normoblasts

Others

Elliptocytes-occasional

WBC MORPHOLOGY

PLATELET MORPHOLOGY

Megaplatelets seen on smear

COMMENT

Specimen: EDTA Whole Blood

ESR, EDTA WB-ESR

48

2-15 mm at 1 hr.

Sedimentation

Clinical Significance: The erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR), also called a sedimentation rate is the rate red blood cells sediment in a

Factors that increase ESR: Old age, Pregnancy, Anemia

Factors that decrease ESR: Extreme leukocytosis, Polycythemia, Red cell abnormalities- Sickle cell disease

Limitations:

- It is a non-specific measure of inflammation.
- The use of the ESR as a screening test in asymptomatic persons is limited by its low sensitivity and specificity.

Reflex Test: C-Reactive Protein (CRP) is the recommended test in acute inflammatory conditions.

Reference:

- Pack Insert
- Brigden ML. Clinical utility of the erythrocyte sedimentation rate. American family physician. 1999 Oct 1;60(5):1443-50.

*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD G B Road Lab, Thane West * End Of Report ***

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Dr. VANDANA KULKARNI M.D (Path) Pathologist

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: 2410422229

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: -

GLUCOSE (SUGAR) FASTING,

GLUCOSE (SUGAR) PP, Fluoride 156.6

Reg. Location

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Collected Reported

: 13-Apr-2024 / 13:59 :13-Apr-2024 / 16:41

METHOD

Hexokinase

Hexokinase

MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP MALE ABOVE 40/2D ECHO

PARAMETER

Fluoride Plasma

Plasma PP/R

RESULTS

98.1

BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE

Non-Diabetic: < 100 mg/dl Impaired Fasting Glucose:

100-125 mg/dl

Diabetic: >/= 126 mg/dl

Non-Diabetic: < 140 mg/dl

Impaired Glucose Tolerance:

140-199 mg/dl

Diabetic: >/= 200 mg/dl

Urine Sugar (Fasting) Urine Ketones (Fasting)

Urine Sugar (PP)

Urine Ketones (PP)

Absent

Absent

Absent

Absent

Absent Absent

Absent

Absent

Mujawar Dr.IMRAN MUJAWAR M.D (Path) Pathologist

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: 13-Apr-2024 / 11:42

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Reported :14-Apr-2024 / 02:17

MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP MALE ABOVE 40/2D ECHO KIDNEY FUNCTION TESTS

| DADAMETER | KIDNEY FUNCT | ION TESTS | |
|-------------------|--------------|---|---------------|
| PARAMETER | RESULTS | BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE | METHOD |
| BLOOD UREA, Serum | 15.7 | | |
| BUN, Serum | 7.3 | 12.8-42.8 mg/dl | Urease & GLDH |
| | | 6-20 mg/dl | Calculated |
| CREATININE, Serum | 0.89 | 0.67-1.17 mg/dl | Enzymatic |
| eGFR, Serum | 110 | (ml/min/1.73sqm) Normal or High: Above 90 Mild decrease: 60-89 Mild to moderate decrease: 45-59 Moderate to severe decrease: 30-44 Severe decrease: 15-29 Kidney failure: <15 | Calculated |
| Notes of D | | | |

Note: eGFR estimation is calculated using 2021 CKD-EPI GFR equation w.e.f 16-08-2023

| TOTAL PROFESSION | aced daing 2021 CND-E | FI GFR equation w.e.f 16-08-2023 | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|
| TOTAL PROTEINS, Serum | 6.9 | 6.4-8.3 g/dL | Biuret |
| ALBUMIN, Serum | 3.9 | 3.5-5.2 g/dL | |
| GLOBULIN, Serum | 3.0 | | BCG |
| A/G RATIO, Serum | | 2.3-3.5 g/dL | Calculated |
| | 1.3 | 1 - 2 | Calculated |
| URIC ACID, Serum | 4.8 | 3.5-7.2 mg/dl | Uricase |
| PHOSPHORUS, Serum | 3.0 | 2.7-4.5 mg/dl | |
| CALCIUM, Serum | 8.4 | | Ammonium molybdate |
| SODIUM, Serum | | 8.6-10.0 mg/dl | N-BAPTA |
| | 140 | 135-148 mmol/l | ISE |
| POTASSIUM, Serum | 5.6 | 3.5-5.3 mmol/l | ISE |
| CHLORIDE, Serum | 103 | 98-107 mmol/l | |
| | | To reminder | ISE |

Repeat estimation on fresh sample, if clinically indicated.

Note: In view of high potassium value kindly rule out preanalytic variables that can cause pseudo-hyperkalemia.

*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD G B Road Lab, Thane West

Thatker Dr.JYOT THAKKER M.D. (PATH), DPB Pathologist & AVP(Medical Services)

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*** End Of Report ***

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: 13-Apr-2024 / 11:42 :13-Apr-2024 / 20:11

MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP MALE ABOVE 40/2D ECHO GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HbA1c)

PARAMETER

RESULTS

BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE METHOD

Glycosylated Hemoglobin (HbA1c), EDTA WB - CC

5.4

Non-Diabetic Level: < 5.7 % Prediabetic Level: 5.7-6.4 %

HPLC

Estimated Average Glucose (eAG), EDTA WB - CC

108.3

Diabetic Level: >/= 6.5 % mg/dl

Calculated

Intended use:

In patients who are meeting treatment goals, HbA1c test should be performed at least 2 times a year

In patients whose therapy has changed or who are not meeting glycemic goals, it should be performed quarterly

For microvascular disease prevention, the HbA1C goal for non pregnant adults in general is Less than 7%.

Clinical Significance:

HbA1c, Glycosylated hemoglobin or glycated hemoglobin, is hemoglobin with glucose molecule attached to it.

The HbA1c test evaluates the average amount of glucose in the blood over the last 2 to 3 months by measuring the percentage of

Test Interpretation:

The HbA1c test evaluates the average amount of glucose in the blood over the last 2 to 3 months by measuring the percentage of

HbA1c test may be used to screen for and diagnose diabetes or risk of developing diabetes.

To monitor compliance and long term blood glucose level control in patients with diabetes.

index of diabetic control, predicting development and progression of diabetic micro vascular complications.

Factors affecting HbA1c results:

Increased in: High fetal hemoglobin, Chronic renal failure, Iron deficiency anemia, Splenectomy, Increased serum triglycerides, Alcohol ingestion, Lead/opiate poisoning and Salicylate treatment.

Decreased in: Shortened RBC lifespan (Hemolytic anemia, blood loss), following transfusions, pregnancy, ingestion of large amount of Vitamin

Reflex tests: Blood glucose levels, CGM (Continuous Glucose monitoring)

References: ADA recommendations, AACC, Wallach's interpretation of diagnostic tests 10th edition.

*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD G B Road Lab, Thane West *** End Of Report *

> Dr. VANDANA KULKARNI M.D (Path)

Pathologist

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Collected Reported

: 13-Apr-2024 / 11:42 :13-Apr-2024 / 18:20

MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP MALE ABOVE 40/2D ECHO PROSTATE SPECIFIC ANTIGEN (PSA)

PARAMETER

RESULTS

BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE METHOD

TOTAL PSA, Serum

0.133

<4.0 ng/ml

CLIA

Kindly note change in platform w.e.f. 24-01-2024



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Clinical Significance:

- PSA is detected in the serum of males with normal, benign hyper-plastic, and malignant prostate tissue.
- Monitoring patients with a history of prostate cancer as an early indicator of recurrence and response to treatment.
- Prostate cancer screening 4. The percentage of Free PSA (FPSA) in serum is described as being significantly higher in patients with BPH than in patients with prostate cancer. 5. Calculation of % free PSA (ie. FPSA/TPSA x 100), has been suggested as way of improving the

Interpretation:

Increased In- Prostate diseases, Cancer, Prostatitis, Benign prostatic hyperplasia, Prostatic ischemia, Acute urinary retention, Manipulations like Prostatic massage, Cystoscopy, Needle biopsy, Transurethral resection, Digital rectal examination, Radiation therapy, Indwelling catheter, Vigorous bicycle exercise, Drugs (e.g., testosterone), Physiologic fluctuations. Also found in small amounts in other cancers (sweat and salivary glands, breast, colon, lung, ovary) and in Skene glands of female urethra and in term placenta, Acute renal failure, Acute myocardial

Decreased In- Ejaculation within 24-48 hours, Castration, Antiandrogen drugs (e.g., finasteride), Radiation therapy, Prostatectomy, PSA falls 17% in 3 days after lying in hospital, Artifactual (e.g., improper specimen collection; very high PSA levels). Finasteride (5-α reductase

Reflex Tests: % FREE PSA , USG Prostate

Limitations:

- tPSA values determined on patient samples by different testing procedures cannot be directly compared with one another and could be the cause of erroneous medical interpretations. If there is a change in the tPSA assay procedure used while monitoring therapy, then the tPSA values obtained upon changing over to the new procedure must be confirmed by parallelmeasurements with both methods. Immediate PSA testing following digital rectal examination, ejaculation, prostatic massage, indwelling catheterization, ultrasonography and needle biopsy of prostate is not recommended as they falsely elevate levels.
- Patients who have been regularly exposed to animals or have received immunotherapy or diagnostic procedures utilizing $immunoglobulins \ or \ immunoglobulin \ fragments \ may \ produce \ antibodies, \ e.g. \ HAMA, \ that \ interferes \ with \ immunoassays.$
- PSA results should be interpreted in light of the total clinical presentation of the patient, including: symptoms, clinical history, data from additional tests, and other appropriate information.
- Serum PSA concentrations should not be interpreted as absolute evidence for the presence or absence of prostate cancer.

Note: The concentration of PSA in a given specimen, determined with assay from different manufacturers, may not be comparable due to

Reference:

- Wallach's Interpretation of diagnostic tests
- Total PSA Pack insert

*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD SDRL, Vidyavihar Lab * End Of Report **





Dr.ANUPA DIXIT M.D.(PATH)

aline -

Consultant Pathologist & Lab Director

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: 2410422229

Name

: MR. KRISHNA ABHISHEK

Age / Gender

:41 Years / Male

Consulting Dr.

Reg. Location

: G B Road, Thane West (Main Centre)

Authenticity Check

Collected Reported

: 13-Apr-2024 / 11:42 :13-Apr-2024 / 17:43

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MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP MALE ABOVE 40/2D ECHO

| DADA44 | OF FAECES | ZD ECHO | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|--|--------------|
| PARAMETER | RESULTS | BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE | METHOD |
| PHYSICAL EXAMINATION | | | METHOD |
| Colour | Brown | Brown | |
| Form and Consistency | Semi Solid | Semi Solid | * |
| Mucus | Absent | Absent | |
| Blood | Absent | Absent | * |
| CHEMICAL EXAMINATION | | Abserte | • |
| Reaction (pH) | Acidic (6.0) | | -111 |
| Occult Blood | Absent | Absent | pH Indicator |
| MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION | | , and the second | Guaiac |
| Protozoa | Absent | Absent | |
| Flagellates | Absent | Absent | |
| Ciliates | Absent | Absent | |
| Parasites | Absent | Absent | |
| Macrophages | Absent | Absent | |
| Mucus Strands | Absent | Absent | |
| Fat Globules | Absent | Absent | |
| RBC/hpf | Absent | Absent | |
| WBC/hpf | Absent | Absent | |
| Yeast Cells | Absent | Absent | |
| Undigested Particles | Present + | • | |
| Concentration Mathed (5 | | | |
| Concentration Method (for ova) | No ova detected | Absent | |
| *Sample processed at CURLIPP | | | |

^{*}Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD G B Road Lab, Thane West ** End Of Report ***

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Dr. VANDANA KULKARNI M.D (Path) Pathologist

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CID : 2410422279

Name : MR. KRISHNA ABHISHEK

Age / Gender : 41 Years / Male

Consulting Dr.

: G B Road, Thane West (Main Centre) Reg. Location

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Collected

Reported

: 13-Apr-2024 / 11:42 :13-Apr-2024 / 17:43

MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP MALE ABOVE 40/2D ECHO URINE EXAMINATION REPORT

| DADAMETER | CITITE LA TANITA A I | ON REPORT | |
|---|---|--|---|
| PARAMETER | RESULTS | BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE | METHOD |
| PHYSICAL EXAMINATION | | 1011102 | METHOD |
| Color Reaction (pH) Specific Gravity Transparency Volume (ml) CHEMICAL EXAMINATION Proteins Glucose | Pale yellow Acidic (6.5) 1.010 Clear 30 Absent Absent | Pale Yellow 4.5 - 8.0 1.010-1.030 Clear - | Chemical Indicator Chemical Indicator pH Indicator |
| Ketones Blood Bilirubin Urobilinogen Nitrite MICROSCOPIC EXAMINATION | Absent Absent Normal | Absent Absent Absent Absent Normal Absent | GOD-POD Legals Test Peroxidase Diazonium Salt Diazonium Salt Griess Test |
| Leukocytes(Pus cells)/hpf Red Blood Cells / hpf Epithelial Cells / hpf Casts | Absent 2-3 | 0-5/hpf 0-2/hpf | |
| Crystals Amorphous debris Bacteria / hpf Others | Absent Absent | Absent Absent Absent Less than 20/hpf | |

Interpretation: The concentration values of Chemical analytes corresponding to the grading given in the report are as follows: Protein (1+ = 25 mg/dl, 2+ =75 mg/dl, 3+ = 150 mg/dl, 4+ = 500 mg/dl)

- Glucose(1+ = 50 mg/dl, 2+ =100 mg/dl, 3+ =300 mg/dl, 4+ =1000 mg/dl)
- Ketone (1+ =5 mg/dl, 2+ = 15 mg/dl, 3+= 50 mg/dl, 4+ = 150 mg/dl)

Reference: Pack inert

*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD G B Road Lab, Thane West *** End Of Report ***

> Dr. VANDANA KULKARNI M.D (Path) **Pathologist**

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: 2410422229

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Reg. Location

: G B Road, Thane West (Main Centre)

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Collected Reported

: 13-Apr-2024 / 11:42 :13-Apr-2024 / 18:29

MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP MALE ABOVE 40/2D ECHO BLOOD GROUPING & Rh TYPING

PARAMETER

RESULTS

ABO GROUP

A

Rh TYPING

Negative

NOTE: Test performed by Semi- automated column agglutination technology (CAT)

Specimen: EDTA Whole Blood and/or serum

Clinical significance:

ABO system is most important of all blood group in transfusion medicine

Limitations:

- ABO blood group of new born is performed only by cell (forward) grouping because allo antibodies in cord blood are of maternal origin.
- Since A & B antigens are not fully developed at birth, both Anti-A & Anti-B antibodies appear after the first 4 to 6 months of life. As a result, weaker reactions may occur with red cells of newborns than of adults.
- Confirmation of newborn's blood group is indicated when A & B antigen expression and the isoagglutinins are fully developed at 2 to 4
- Cord blood is contaminated with Wharton's jelly that causes red cell aggregation leading to false positive result
- The Hh blood group also known as Oh or Bombay blood group is rare blood group type. The term Bombay is used to refer the phenotype that lacks normal expression of ABH antigens because of inheritance of hh genotype.

Refernces:

- 1. Denise M Harmening, Modern Blood Banking and Transfusion Practices- 6th Edition 2012. F.A. Davis company. Philadelphia 2. AABB technical manual

*Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD G B Road Lab, Thane West *** End Of Report *

> incasury Dr. VANDANA KULKARNI M.D (Path) **Pathologist**

> > Page 11 of 15



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Collected Reported

: 13-Apr-2024 / 11:42 : 14-Apr-2024 / 02:14

MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP MALE ABOVE 40/2D ECHO LIPID PROFILE

| PARAMETER | RESULTS | LII ID FROI | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------|-----------------------|--|----------------------------------|
| CHOLESTEROL, Serum | | | BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE | METHOD |
| TRIGLYCERIDES, Serum | 142.3 | | Desirable: <200 mg/dl Borderline High: 200-239mg/dl High: >/=240 mg/dl | CHOD-POD |
| | 97.7 | | Normal: <150 mg/dl Borderline-high: 150 - 199 mg/dl High: 200 - 499 mg/dl | GPO-POD |
| HDL CHOLESTEROL, Serum | 40.0 | I. | Very high:>/=500 mg/dl Desirable: >60 mg/dl Borderline: 40 - 60 mg/dl | Homogeneous enzymatic |
| NON HDL CHOLESTEROL, Serum | 102.3 | E H | Low (High risk): <40 mg/dl Desirable: <130 mg/dl Borderline-high:130 - 159 mg/dl High:160 - 169 mg/dl | colorimetric assay Calculated |
| LDL CHOLESTEROL, Serum | 82.0 | С N В п Н | lear Optimal: 100 - 129 mg/dl orderline High: 130 - 159 ng/dl ligh: 160 - 189 mg/dl | Calculated |
| VLDL CHOLESTEROL, Serum | 20.3 | V | ery High: >/= 190 mg/dl | |
| CHOL / HDL CHOL RATIO. | 3.6 | | 4 F D - 4: | Calculated |
| Serum | | Ū. | -4.5 Ratio | Calculated |
| LDL CHOL / HDL CHOL RATIO, Serum | 2.0 | 0- | -3.5 Ratio | Calculated |

^{*}Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD G B Road Lab, Thane West
*** End Of Report ***

Thakken

Dr.JYOT THAKKER M.D. (PATH), DPB Pathologist & AVP(Medical Services)

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Collected Reported

: 13-Apr-2024 / 11:42 :13-Apr-2024 / 22:59

MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP MALE ABOVE 40/2D ECHO THYROID FUNCTION TESTS

| PARAMETER | - ONCHON 1E313 | | |
|----------------------|----------------|----------------------|--------|
| | RESULTS | BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE | METHOD |
| Free T3, Serum | 3.6 | 3.5-6.5 pmol/L | |
| Free T4, Serum | 14.2 | | ECLIA |
| sensitiveTSH, Serum | | 11.5-22.7 pmol/L | ECLIA |
| Solidaye 1311, Serum | 4.24 | 0.35-5.5 microIU/ml | ECLIA |



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Reported :13-Apr-2024 / 22:59

Interpretation:

A thyroid panel is used to evaluate thyroid function and/or help diagnose various thyroid disorders.

Clinical Significance:

1)TSH Values between high abnormal upto 15 microl U/ml should be correlated clinically or repeat the test with new sample as physiological factors

can give falsely high TSH.

2)TSH values may be trasiently altered becuase of non thyroidal illness like severe infections, liver disease, renal and heart severe burns,

| Interpretation |
|--|
| ypothyroidism, poor compliance with thyroxine, drugs like amiodarone, Recovery phase of non- |
| A Communication of the Communi |
| sm, Autoimmune thyroiditis, post radio iodine Rx, post thyroidectomy, Anti thyroid drugs, tyrosine ors & amiodarone, amyloid deposits in thyroid, thyroid tumors & congenital hypothyroidism. |
| sm Graves diseases totals at anytoid, anytoid tumors & congenital hypothyroidism. |
| sm, Graves disease, toxic multinodular goiter, toxic adenoma, excess iodine or thyroxine intake, lated (hyperemesis gravidarum, hydatiform mole) |
| (Dethyroidism rosest D. 6.11) |
| yperthyroidism, recent Rx for Hyperthyroidism, drugs like steroids & dopamine), Non thyroidal |
| |
| thyroidism, Non Thyroidal Illness, Recent Rx for Hyperthyroidism. |
| it TPO antibodies, Drug interference: Amiodarone, Heparin, Beta Blockers, steroids & anti |
| I |

tion:TSH follows a diurnal rhythm and is at maximum between 2 am and 4 am, and is at a minimum between 6 pm and 10 pm. The variation is on the order of 50 to 206%. Biological variation: 19.7%(with in subject variation)

Reflex Tests:Anti thyroid Antibodies,USG Thyroid ,TSH receptor Antibody. Thyroglobulin, Calcitonin

Limitations:

- 1. Samples should not be taken from patients receiving therapy with high biotin doses (i.e. >5 mg/day) until atleast 8 hours following the last biotin administration.
- 2. Patient samples may contain heterophilic antibodies that could react in immunoassays to give falsely elevated or depressed results. this assay is designed to minimize interference from heterophilic antibodies.

Reference:

- 1.O.koulouri et al. / Best Practice and Research clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism 27(2013)
- 2.Interpretation of the thyroid function tests, Dayan et al. THE LANCET . Vol. 357
- 3.Tietz ,Text Book of Clinical Chemistry and Molecular Biology -5th Edition
- 4.Biological Variation:From principles to Practice-Callum G Fraser (AACC Press)

Dr. VANDANA KULKARNI M.D (Path) **Pathologist**

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^{*}Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD G B Road Lab, Thane West "" End Of Report ""



CID : 2410422229

Name : MR.KRISHNA ABHISHEK

Age / Gender : 41 Years / Male

Consulting Dr. : -

Reg. Location : G B Road, Thane West (Main Centre)



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Use a QR Code Scanner Application To Scan the Code

Collected Reported

: 13-Apr-2024 / 11:42 : 14-Apr-2024 / 02:16

MEDIWHEEL FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP MALE ABOVE 40/2D ECHO LIVER FUNCTION TESTS

| PARAMETER | DEGL | LIVER FUNCTION TESTS | ZD ECHO |
|------------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------|---|
| BILIRUBIN (TOTAL), Serum | RESUL | TS BIOLOGICAL REF RANGE | METHOD |
| BILIRUBIN (DIRECT), Serum | 0.44 | 0.1-1.2 mg/dl | Diazo |
| BILIRUBIN (INDIRECT), Serum | 0.14 | 0-0.3 mg/dl | Diazo |
| TOTAL PROTEINS, Serum | 0.30 | 0.1-1.0 mg/dl | Calculated |
| ALBUMIN, Serum | 6.9 | 6.4-8.3 g/dL | Biuret |
| GLOBULIN, Serum | 3.9 | 3.5-5.2 g/dL | BCG |
| A/G RATIO, Serum | 3.0 | 2.3-3.5 g/dL | Calculated |
| SGOT (AST), Serum | 1.3 | 1 - 2 | Calculated |
| COOT (AST), Serum | 27.9 | 5-40 11/1 | |
| SGPT (ALT), Serum | 24.1 | | IFCC without pyridoxal phosphate activation |
| | 27.1 | 5-45 U/L | IFCC without pyridoval |
| GAMMA GT, Serum | 61.1 | 3-60 U/L | phosphate activation |
| ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE, Serum | 90.8 | 40-130 U/L | FCC |
| *Sample processed at SURURRANI DIA | | 40-130 U/L | PNPP |
| Jumple processed at STRIPRAN DIA | 21100=100 | | |

^{*}Sample processed at SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS (INDIA) PVT. LTD G B Road Lab, Thane West

Dr. WOT TRANS

Dr.JYOT THAKKER M.D. (PATH), DPB Pathologist & AVP(Medical Services)

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Name

Ref. Dr

Age / Sex

Reg. Location

Authenticity Check <<QRCode>>

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Use a QR Code Scanner Application To Scan the Code

Reg. Date

: 13-Apr-2024 Reported : 13-Apr-2024 / 14:35

X-RAY CHEST PA VIEW

Both lung fields are clear.

Both costo-phrenic angles are clear.

The cardiac size and shape are within normal limits.

: 2410422229

: 41 Years/Male

: Mr KRISHNA ABHISHEK

: G B Road, Thane West Main Centre

The domes of diaphragm are normal in position and outlines.

The skeleton under review appears normal.

IMPRESSION:

NO SIGNIFICANT ABNORMALITY IS DETECTED.

-- End of Report--

Dr Gauri Varma Consultant Radiologist MBBS / DMRE MMC- 2007/12/4113

Grace.

Click here to view images << ImageLink>>

Page no 1 of 1



NAME : MR. ABHISHEK CHOUBEY

REF BY DR: ----
DATE: 13.04.2024

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2D ECHOCARDIOGRAPHY

M - MODE FINDINGS:

| LVIDD | 54 | mm |
|-------|----|-----|
| LVIDS | 32 | mm |
| LVEF | 60 | 9/0 |
| IVS | 14 | mm |
| PW | 7 | mm |
| AO | 18 | mm |
| LA | 34 | mm |

2D ECHO:

- All cardiac chambers are normal in size
- Left ventricular contractility: Normal
- Regional wall motion abnormality: Absent.
- Systolic thickening: Normal. LVEF = 60%
- Mitral, tricuspid, aortic, pulmonary valves are: Normal.
- Great arteries: Aorta and pulmonary artery are: Normal.
- Inter artrial and inter ventricular septum are intact.
- Pulmonary veins, IVC, hepatic veins are normal.
- No pericardial effusion . No intracardiac clots or vegetation.



PATIENT NAME: MR. ABHISHEK CHOUBEY

COLOR DOPPLER:

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- Mitral valve doppler E- 0.9 m/s, A 0.6 m/s.
- Mild TR.
- No aortic / mitral regurgition. Aortic velocity 1.4 m/s, PG 8.9 mmHg
- No significant gradient across aortic valve.
- No diastolic dysfunction.

IMPRESSION:

- MILD CONCENTRIC HYPERTROPHY OF LV
- NO REGIONAL WALL MOTION ABNORMALITY AT REST.
- NORMAL LV SYSTOLIC FUNCTION.

-----End of the Report-----

DR.YOGESH KHARCHE DNB(MEDICINE) DNB (CARDIOLOGY) CONSULTANAT INTERVENTIONAL CARDIOLOGIST.



| Name: MR. ABHISHEK K CHOUBEY | Age: 42 YRS / MALE |
|------------------------------|--------------------|
| Ref. By : | Date: 13.04.2024 |

USG WHOLE ABDOMEN

EXCESSIVE BOWEL GAS:

<u>LIVER</u>: Liver appears normal in size (13.8 cm) and *shows increased echoreflectivity*. There is no intra-hepatic biliary radical dilatation. No evidence of any focal lesion.

GALL BLADDER: Gall bladder is distended and appears normal. Wall thickness is within normal limits. There is no evidence of any calculus.

PORTAL VEIN: Portal vein is normal. CBD: CBD is normal.

<u>PANCREAS</u>: Pancreas appears normal in echotexture. There is no evidence of any focal lesion or calcification. Pancreatic duct is not dilated.

<u>KIDNEYS</u>: Right kidney measures $11.0 \times 4.9 \text{ cm}$. Left kidney measures $11.1 \times 4.6 \text{ cm}$. Both kidneys are normal in shape and echotexture. Corticomedullary differentiation is maintained. There is no evidence of any hydronephrosis, hydroureter or calculus.

SPLEEN: Spleen is normal in size, shape and echotexture. No focal lesion is seen.

<u>URINARY BLADDER:</u> Urinary bladder is distended and normal. Wall thickness is within normal limits.

PROSTATE: Prostate is normal in size and echotexture and measures 3.1 x 2.8 x 3.8 cm in dimension and 17 cc in volume. No evidence of any focal lesion. Median lobe does not show significant hypertrophy.

No free fluid or significant lymphadenopathy is seen.

IMPRESSION:

© GRADE I FATTY INFILTRATION OF LIVER.

Advice:Clinical co-relation sos further evaluation and follow up.

Note:Investigations have their limitations. Solitary radiological investigations never confirm the final diagnosis. They only help in diagnosing the disease in correlation to clinical symptoms and other related tests. USG is known to have inter-observer variations. Further/follow-up imaging may be needed in some cases for confirmation / exclusion of diagnosis.

DR.GAURI VARMA
MBBS,DMRE
(CONSULTANT RADIOLOGIST)

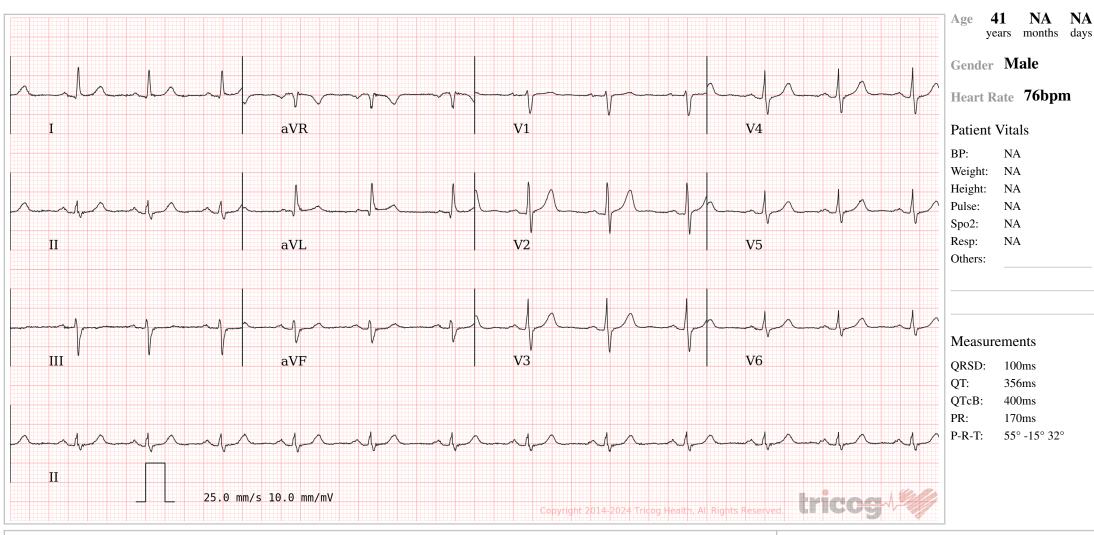
SUBURBAN DIAGNOSTICS - G B ROAD, THANE WEST



Patient Name: .KRISHNA ABHISHEK

Date and Time: 13th Apr 24 8:56 AM

Patient ID: 2410422229



ECG Within Normal Limits: Sinus Rhythm. Please correlate clinically.

REPORTED BY



DR SHAILAJA PILLAI MBBS, MD Physican MD Physican 49972

Disclaimer: 1) Analysis in this report is based on ECG alone and should be used as an adjunct to clinical history, symptoms, and results of other invasive and non-invasive tests and must be interpreted by a qualified physician. 2) Patient vitals are as entered by the clinician and not derived from the ECG.