

भारत सरकार
GOVERNMENT OF INDIA

दिनेश कुमार शर्मा
Dinesh Kumar Sharma

जन्म वर्ष / Year of Birth : 1969
पुरुष / Male

4690

आधार - आम आदमी का अधिकार

Dina

भारतीय विशिष्ट पहचान प्राधिकरण
UNIQUE IDENTIFICATION AUTHORITY OF INDIA

पता : S/O मोहन लाल, वार्ड न १२
कसेरा भवन, मोहल्ला लोकनाथ का, श्री
माधोपुर, श्रीमाधोपुर, सीकर, राजस्थान,
332715

Address: S/O Mohan Lal, ward n
12 kasera bhawan mohalla
foknath ka, Sri Madhopur,
Srimadhopur, Sikar, Rajasthan,
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P.O. Box No. 1947,
Bengaluru-560 001

Dr. PIYUSH GOYAL
MBBS, DMDD (Radiologist)
RMC No.-037041



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(ASSOCIATES OF MAXCARE DIAGNOSTICS)

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- Central Spine, Vidhyadhar Nagar, Jaipur - 302023
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General Physical Examination

Date of Examination: 26/09/24

Name: DINESH KUMAR SHARMA Age: 54 DOB: 01/09/1969 Sex: MALE

Referred By: BANK OF BARODA

Photo ID: AADHAN ID #: 4690

Ht: 163 (cm)

Wt: 79 (Kg)

Chest (Expiration): 104 (cm)

Abdomen Circumference: 108 (cm)

Blood Pressure: 120/80 mm Hg PR: 79 /min RR: 18 /min Temp: Afebrile

BMI 29

Eye Examination: RE 6/6, N16, NCD
LE 6/6, N16

Other: No

On examination he/she appears physically and mentally fit: Yes / No

Signature Of Examinee : Dinesh Name of Examinee: DINESH KUMAR SHARMA

Signature Medical Examiner: Dr. PiYush Goyal Name Medical Examiner: DR. PIYUSH GOYAL
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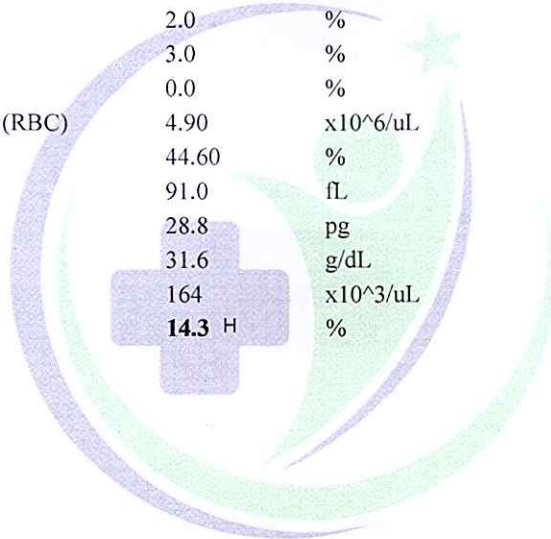
NAME :- Mr. DINESH KUMAR SHARMA	Patient ID :-12234988	Date :- 26/03/2024	10:38:56
Age :- 54 Yrs 6 Mon 26 Days	Ref. By Doctor:-BANK OF BARODA		
Sex :- Male	Lab/Hosp :-		
	Company :- Mr.MEDIWHEEL		

Final Authentication : 26/03/2024 17:58:09

HAEMOGARAM

HAEMATOLOGY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
FULL BODY HEALTH CHECKUP BELOW 40 FEMAL			
HAEMOGLOBIN (Hb)	14.1	g/dL	13.0 - 17.0
TOTAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT	6.60	/cumm	4.00 - 10.00
DIFFERENTIAL LEUCOCYTE COUNT			
NEUTROPHIL	55.0	%	40.0 - 80.0
LYMPHOCYTE	40.0	%	20.0 - 40.0
EOSINOPHIL	2.0	%	1.0 - 6.0
MONOCYTE	3.0	%	2.0 - 10.0
BASOPHIL	0.0	%	0.0 - 2.0
TOTAL RED BLOOD CELL COUNT (RBC)	4.90	$\times 10^6/uL$	4.50 - 5.50
HEMATOCRIT (HCT)	44.60	%	40.00 - 50.00
MEAN CORP VOLUME (MCV)	91.0	fL	83.0 - 101.0
MEAN CORP HB (MCH)	28.8	pg	27.0 - 32.0
MEAN CORP HB CONC (MCHC)	31.6	g/dL	31.5 - 34.5
PLATELET COUNT	164	$\times 10^3/uL$	150 - 410
RDW-CV	14.3 H	%	11.6 - 14.0



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HAEMATOLOGY

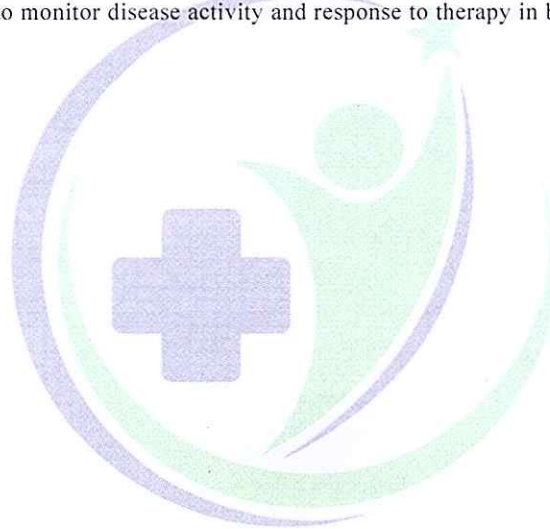
Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate (ESR)
Method:- Westergreen

09

mm in 1st hr

00 - 15

The erythrocyte sedimentation rate (ESR or sed rate) is a relatively simple, inexpensive, non-specific test that has been used for many years to help detect inflammation associated with conditions such as infections, cancers, and autoimmune diseases. ESR is said to be a non-specific test because an elevated result often indicates the presence of inflammation but does not tell the health practitioner exactly where the inflammation is in the body or what is causing it. An ESR can be affected by other conditions besides inflammation. For this reason, the ESR is typically used in conjunction with other tests, such as C-reactive protein. ESR is used to help diagnose certain specific inflammatory diseases, including temporal arteritis, systemic vasculitis and polymyalgia rheumatica. (For more on these, read the article on Vasculitis.) A significantly elevated ESR is one of the main test results used to support the diagnosis. This test may also be used to monitor disease activity and response to therapy in both of the above diseases as well as



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(CBC): **Methodology:** TLC,DLC Fluorescent Flow cytometry, HB SLS method,TRBC,PCV,PLT Hydrodynamically focused Impedance. and MCH,MCV,MCHC,MENTZER INDEX are calculated. **InstrumentName:** Sysmex 6 part fully automatic analyzer XN-L,Japan





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BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
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FASTING BLOOD SUGAR (Plasma)
Method:- GOD POD

84.2 mg/dl

70.0 - 115.0

Impaired glucose tolerance (IGT)	111 - 125 mg/dL
Diabetes Mellitus (DM)	> 126 mg/dL

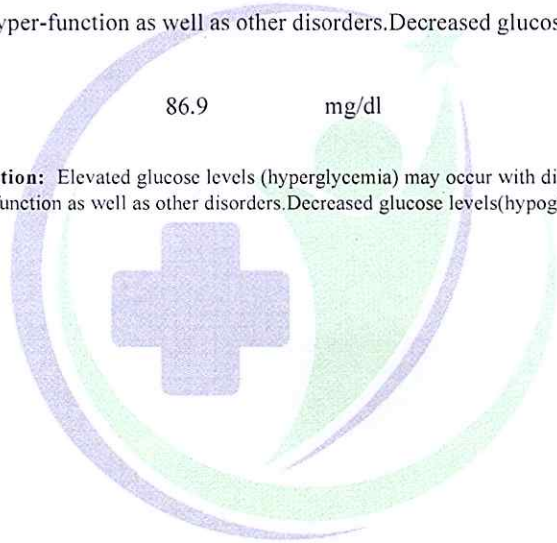
Instrument Name: HORIBA CA60 Interpretation: Elevated glucose levels (hyperglycemia) may occur with diabetes, pancreatic neoplasm, hyperthyroidism and adrenal cortical hyper-function as well as other disorders. Decreased glucose levels (hypoglycemia) may result from excessive insulin therapy or various liver diseases .

BLOOD SUGAR PP (Plasma)
Method:- GOD PAP

86.9 mg/dl

70.0 - 140.0

Instrument Name: HORIBA Interpretation: Elevated glucose levels (hyperglycemia) may occur with diabetes, pancreatic neoplasm, hyperthyroidism and adrenal cortical hyper-function as well as other disorders. Decreased glucose levels (hypoglycemia) may result from excessive insulin therapy or various liver diseases .



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HAEMATOTOLOGY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
GLYCOSYLATED HEMOGLOBIN (HbA1C) Method:- CAPILLARY with EDTA	5.7	mg%	Non-Diabetic < 6.0 Good Control 6.0-7.0 Weak Control 7.0-8.0 Poor control > 8.0
MEAN PLASMA GLUCOSE Method:- Calculated Parameter	112	mg/dL	68 - 125

INTERPRETATION

AS PER AMERICAN DIABETES ASSOCIATION (ADA)

Reference Group HbA1c in %

Non diabetic adults >=18 years < 5.7

At risk (Prediabetes) 5.7 - 6.4

Diagnosing Diabetes >= 6.5

CLINICAL NOTES

In vitro quantitative determination of HbA1c in whole blood is utilized in long term monitoring of glycemia. The HbA1c level correlates with the mean glucose concentration prevailing in the course of the patient's recent history (approx - 6-8 weeks) and therefore provides much more reliable information for glycemia monitoring than do determinations of blood glucose or urinary glucose. It is recommended that the determination of HbA1c be performed at intervals of 4-6 weeks during Diabetes Mellitus therapy. Results of HbA1c should be assessed in conjunction with the patient's medical history, clinical examinations and other findings.

Some of the factors that influence HbA1c and its measurement [Adapted from Gallagher et al.]

1. Erythropoiesis

- Increased HbA1c: iron, vitamin B12 deficiency, decreased erythropoiesis.

- Decreased HbA1c: administration of erythropoietin, iron, vitamin B12, reticulocytosis, chronic liver disease.

2. Altered Haemoglobin-Genetic or chemical alterations in hemoglobin: hemoglobinopathies, HbF, methemoglobin, may increase or decrease HbA1c.

3. Glycation

- Increased HbA1c: alcoholism, chronic renal failure, decreased intraerythrocytic pH.

- Decreased HbA1c: certain hemoglobinopathies, increased intra-erythrocyte pH

4. Erythrocyte destruction

- Increased HbA1c: increased erythrocyte life span: Splenectomy.

- Decreased A1c: decreased RBC life span: hemoglobinopathies, splenomegaly, rheumatoid arthritis or drugs such as antiretrovirals, ribavirin & dapson.

5. Others

- Increased HbA1c: hyperbilirubinemia, carbamylated hemoglobin, alcoholism, large doses of aspirin, chronic opiate use, chronic renal failure

- Decreased HbA1c: hypertriglyceridemia, reticulocytosis, chronic liver disease, aspirin, vitamin C and E, splenomegaly, rheumatoid arthritis or drugs

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HAEMATOLOGY

BLOOD GROUP ABO
Method:- Haemagglutination reaction

"O" POSITIVE



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BIOCHEMISTRY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
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LIPID PROFILE

TOTAL CHOLESTEROL 159.00 mg/dl
 Desirable <200
 Borderline 200-239
 High > 240
 Method:- CHOD-PAP methodology

InstrumentName:MISPA PLUS Interpretation: Cholesterol measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatments of lipid lipoprotein metabolism disorders.

TRIGLYCERIDES 159.00 H mg/dl
 Normal <150
 Borderline high 150-199
 High 200-499
 Very high >500
 Method:- GPO-PAP

InstrumentName:Randox Rx Imola Interpretation : Triglyceride measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of diseases involving lipid metabolism and various endocrine disorders e.g. diabetes mellitus, nephrosis and liver obstruction.

DIRECT HDL CHOLESTEROL 43.20 mg/dl
 MALE- 30-70
 FEMALE - 30-85
 Method:- Direct clearance Method

Instrument Name:Rx Daytona plus Interpretation: An inverse relationship between HDL-cholesterol (HDL-C) levels in serum and the incidence/prevalence of coronary heart disease (CHD) has been demonstrated in a number of epidemiological studies. Accurate measurement of HDL-C is of vital importance when assessing patient risk from CHD. Direct measurement gives improved accuracy and reproducibility when compared to precipitation methods.

LDL CHOLESTEROL 89.30 mg/dl
 Optimal <100
 Near Optimal/above optimal 100-129
 Borderline High 130-159
 High 160-189
 Very High > 190
 Method:- Calculated Method

VLDL CHOLESTEROL 31.80 mg/dl
 0.00 - 80.00
 Method:- Calculated

T.CHOLESTEROL/HDL CHOLESTEROL RATIO 3.68
 0.00 - 4.90
 Method:- Calculated

LDL / HDL CHOLESTEROL RATIO 2.07
 0.00 - 3.50
 Method:- Calculated

TOTAL LIPID 537.37 mg/dl
 400.00 - 1000.00
 Method:- CALCULATED

- 1 Measurements in the same patient can show physiological& analytical variations. Three serialsamples 1 week apart are recommended for Total Cholesterol, Triglycerides, HDL& LDL Cholesterol.
- 2 As per NCEP guidelines, all adults above the age of 20 years should be screened for lipid status. Selective screening of children above the age of 2 years with a family history of premature cardiovascular disease or those with at least one parent with high total cholesterol is

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BIOCHEMISTRY

recommended

- 3 Low HDL levels are associated with Coronary Heart Disease due to insufficient HDL being available to participate in reverse cholesterol transport, the process by which cholesterol is eliminated from peripheral tissues.



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BIOCHEMISTRY

LIVER PROFILE WITH GGT

SERUM BILIRUBIN (TOTAL) Method:- DMSO/Diazo	0.72	mg/dL	Infants : 0.2-8.0 mg/dL Adult - Up to - 1.2 mg/dL
SERUM BILIRUBIN (DIRECT) Method:- DMSO/Diazo	0.22	mg/dL	Up to 0.40 mg/dL
SERUM BILIRUBIN (INDIRECT) Method:- Calculated	0.50	mg/dl	0.30-0.70
SGOT Method:- IFCC	22.7	U/L	0.0 - 40.0
SGPT Method:- IFCC	26.5	U/L	0.0 - 40.0
SERUM ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE Method:- DGKC - SCE	87.20	U/L	53.00 - 141.00
SERUM GAMMA GT Method:- Szasz methodology Instrument Name Randox Rx Imiola Interpretation: Elevations in GGT levels are seen earlier and more pronounced than those with other liver enzymes in cases of obstructive jaundice and metastatic neoplasms. It may reach 5 to 30 times normal levels in intra-or post-hepatic biliary obstruction. Only moderate elevations in the enzyme level (2 to 5 times normal) are observed with infectious hepatitis.	20.20	U/L	10.00 - 45.00
SERUM TOTAL PROTEIN Method:- Direct Biuret Reagent	6.74	g/dl	6.00 - 8.40
SERUM ALBUMIN Method:- Bromocresol Green	4.20	g/dl	3.50 - 5.50
SERUM GLOBULIN Method:- CALCULATION	2.54	gm/dl	2.20 - 3.50
A/G RATIO	1.65		1.30 - 2.50

Interpretation : Measurements obtained by this method are used in the diagnosis and treatment of a variety of diseases involving the liver, kidney and bone marrow as well as other metabolic or nutritional disorders.

Note :- These are group of tests that can be used to detect the presence of liver disease, distinguish among different types of liver disorders, gauge the extent of known liver damage, and monitor the response to treatment. Most liver diseases cause only mild symptoms initially, but these diseases must be detected early. Some tests are associated with functionality (e.g., albumin), some with cellular integrity (e.g., transaminase), and some with conditions linked to the biliary tract (gamma-glutamyl transferase and alkaline phosphatase). Conditions with elevated levels of ALT and AST include hepatitis A,B,C, paracetamol toxicity etc. Several biochemical tests are useful in the evaluation and management of patients with hepatic dysfunction. Some or all of these measurements are also carried out (usually about twice a year for routine cases) on those individuals taking certain medications, such as anticonvulsants, to ensure that the medications are not adversely impacting the person's liver.

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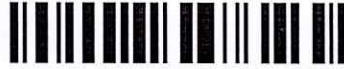
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BIOCHEMISTRY

RFT / KFT WITH ELECTROLYTES

SERUM UREA Method:- Urease/GLDH	30.20	mg/dl	10.00 - 50.00
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InstrumentName: HORIBA CA 60 **Interpretation :** Urea measurements are used in the diagnosis and treatment of certain renal and metabolic diseases.

SERUM CREATININE Method:- Jaffe's Method	1.04	mg/dl	Males : 0.6-1.50 mg/dl Females : 0.6 -1.40 mg/dl
---	------	-------	---

Interpretation : Creatinine is measured primarily to assess kidney function and has certain advantages over the measurement of urea. The plasma level of creatinine is relatively independent of protein ingestion, water intake, rate of urine production and exercise. Depressed levels of plasma creatinine are rare and not clinically significant.

SERUM URIC ACID	5.21	mg/dl	2.40 - 7.00
-----------------	------	-------	-------------

InstrumentName:HORIBA YUMIZEN CA60 Daytona plus **Interpretation: Elevated Urate:**High purine diet,Alcohol• Renal insufficiency,Drugs , Polycythaemia vera, Malignancies,Hypothyroidism,Rare enzyme defects ,Downs syndrome,Metabolic syndrome, Pregnancy,Gout.

SODIUM Method:- ISE	139.0	mmol/L	135.0 - 150.0
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POTASSIUM Method:- ISE	4.36	mmol/L	3.50 - 5.50
---------------------------	------	--------	-------------

CHLORIDE Method:- ISE	103.0	mmol/L	94.0 - 110.0
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SERUM CALCIUM Method:- Arsenazo III Method	9.65	mg/dL	8.80 - 10.20
---	------	-------	--------------

InstrumentName:MISPA PLUS **Interpretation:** Serum calcium levels are believed to be controlled by parathyroid hormone and vitamin D. Increases in serum PTH or vitamin D are usually associated with hypercalcemia .Hypocalcemia may be observed in hypoparathyroidism, nephrosis and pancreatitis.

SERUM TOTAL PROTEIN Method:- Direct Biuret Reagent	6.74	g/dl	6.00 - 8.40
---	------	------	-------------

SERUM ALBUMIN Method:- Bromocresol Green	4.20	g/dl	3.50 - 5.50
---	------	------	-------------

SERUM GLOBULIN Method:- CALCULATION	2.54	gm/dl	2.20 - 3.50
--	------	-------	-------------

A/G RATIO	1.65		1.30 - 2.50
-----------	------	--	-------------

Interpretation : Measurements obtained by this method are used in the diagnosis and treatment of a variety of dis... liver, kidney and

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BIOCHEMISTRY

bone marrow as well as other metabolic or nutritional disorders.

INTERPRETATION

Kidney function tests are group of tests that can be used to evaluate how well the kidneys are functioning. Creatinine is a waste product that comes from protein in the diet and also comes from the normal wear and tear of muscles of the body. In blood, it is a marker of GFR. In urine, it can remove the need for 24-hour collections for many analytes or be used as a quality assurance tool to assess the accuracy of a 24-hour collection. Higher levels may be a sign that the kidneys are not working properly. As kidney disease progresses, the level of creatinine and urea in the blood increases. Certain drugs are nephrotoxic hence KFT is done before and after initiation of treatment with these drugs.

Low serum creatinine values are rare; they almost always reflect low muscle mass.

Apart from renal failure Blood Urea can increase in dehydration and GI bleed



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CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

URINE SUGAR (FASTING)
Collected Sample Received

Nil

Nil



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	Company :-	Mr.MEDIWHEEL	

Final Authentication : 26/03/2024 17:58:09

TOTAL THYROID PROFILE

IMMUNOASSAY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
THYROID-TRIiodOTHYRONINE T3 Method:- ECLIA	1.13	ng/mL	0.70 - 2.04
THYROID - THYROXINE (T4) Method:- ECLIA	7.64	ug/dl	5.10 - 14.10
TSH Method:- ECLIA	1.232	μIU/mL	0.350 - 5.500

4th Generation Assay,Reference ranges vary between laboratories

PREGNANCY - REFERENCE RANGE for TSH IN uIU/mL (As per American Thyroid Association)

- 1st Trimester : 0.10-2.50 uIU/mL
- 2nd Trimester : 0.20-3.00 uIU/mL
- 3rd Trimester : 0.30-3.00 uIU/mL

The production, circulation, and disintegration of thyroid hormones are altered throughout the stages of pregnancy.

NOTE-TSH levels are subject to circadian variation,reaching peak levels between 2-4 AM and min between 6-10 PM. The variation is the order of 50% hence time of the day has influence on the measures serum TSH concentration.Dose and time of drug intake also influence the test result.

INTERPRETATION

- 1.Primary hyperthyroidism is accompanied by ↑serum T3 & T4 values along with ↓ TSH level.
- 2.Primary hypothyroidism is accompanied by ↓ serum T3 and T4 values & ↑serum TSH levels
- 3.Normal T4 levels accompanied by ↑ T3 levels and low TSH are seen in patients with T3 Thyrotoxicosis
- 4.Normal or ↓ T3 & ↑T4 levels indicate T4 Thyrotoxicosis (problem is conversion of T4 to T3)
- 5.Normal T3 & T4 along with ↓ TSH indicate mild / Subclinical Hyperthyroidism

. COMMENTS: Assay results should be interpreted in context to the clinical condition and associated results of other investigations. Previous treatment with corticosteroid therapy may result in lower TSH levels while thyroid hormone levels are normal. Results are invalidated if the client has undergone a radionuclide scan within 7-14 days before the test.

Disclaimer-TSH is an important marker for the diagnosis of thyroid dysfunction.Recent studies have shown that the TSH distribution progressively shifts to a higher concentration with age ,and it is debatable whether this is due to a real change with age or an increasing proportion of unrecognized thyroid disease in the elderly

. Reference ranges are from Teitz fundamental of clinical chemistry 8th ed (2018)

Test performed by Instrument : Beckman coulter Dxi 800

Note : The result obtained relate only to the sample given/ received & tested. A single test result is not always indicative of a disease, it has to be correlated with clinical data for interpretation.

*** End of Report ***

DR.TANU RUNGTA
MD (Pathology)
RMC No. 17226

Technologist
MGR
Page No: 15 of 15



P3 HEALTH SOLUTIONS LLP

(ASSOCIATES OF MAXCARE DIAGNOSTICS)

📍 B-14, Vidhyadhar Enclave-II, Near Axix Bank
Central Spine, Vidhyadhar Nagar, Jaipur - 302023
☎ +91 141 4824885 📧 maxcarediagnostics1@gmail.com



NAME :- Mr. DINESH KUMAR SHARMA

Patient ID :-12234988

Date :- 26/03/2024

10:38:56

Age :- 54 Yrs 6 Mon 26 Days

Ref. By Doctor:-BANK OF BARODA

Sex :- Male

Lab/Hosp :-

Company :- Mr.MEDIWHEEL

Final Authentication : 26/03/2024 17:58:09

CLINICAL PATHOLOGY

Test Name	Value	Unit	Biological Ref Interval
Urine Routine			
<u>PHYSICAL EXAMINATION</u>			
COLOUR	PALE YELLOW		PALE YELLOW
APPEARANCE	Clear		Clear
<u>CHEMICAL EXAMINATION</u>			
REACTION(PH)	5.5		5.0 - 7.5
SPECIFIC GRAVITY	1.025		1.010 - 1.030
PROTEIN	NIL		NIL
SUGAR	NIL		NIL
BILIRUBIN	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE
UROBILINOGEN	NORMAL		NORMAL
KETONES	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE
NITRITE	NEGATIVE		NEGATIVE
<u>MICROSCOPY EXAMINATION</u>			
RBC/HPF	NIL	/HPF	NIL
WBC/HPF	2-3	/HPF	2-3
EPITHELIAL CELLS	2-3	/HPF	2-3
CRYSTALS/HPF	ABSENT		ABSENT
CAST/HPF	ABSENT		ABSENT
AMORPHOUS SEDIMENT	ABSENT		ABSENT
BACTERIAL FLORA	ABSENT		ABSENT
YEAST CELL	ABSENT		ABSENT
OTHER	ABSENT		ABSENT

Technologist

MGR
Page No: 12 of 15

DR.TANU RUNGTA
MD (Pathology)
RMC No. 17226



P3 HEALTH SOLUTIONS LLP

(ASSOCIATES OF MAXCARE DIAGNOSTICS)

📍 B-14, Vidhyadhar Enclave-II, Near Axix Bank
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☎ +91 141 4824885 📧 maxcarediagnostics1@gmail.com



MR. DINESH KUMAR SHARMA	54 Y/M
Registration Date: 26/03/2024	Ref. by: BANK OF BARODA

ULTRASOUND OF WHOLE ABDOMEN

Liver is of normal size (14.4 cm) **with increased echotexture**. No focal space occupying lesion is seen within liver parenchyma. Intra hepatic biliary channels are not dilated. Portal vein diameter is normal.

Gall bladder is well distended. Wall is not thickened. No calculus or mass lesion is seen in gall bladder. Common bile duct is not dilated.

Pancreas is of normal size and contour. Echo-pattern is normal. No focal lesion is seen within pancreas.

Spleen is of normal size and shape (10.1 cm). Echotexture is normal. No focal lesion is seen.

Kidneys are normally sited and are of normal size and shape. Cortico-medullary echoes are normal. Collecting system does not show any calculus or dilatation.

Right kidney is measuring approx. 11.4 x 3.9 cm.

- A simple, well-defined cortical cyst measuring 15 x 16 mm is noted in lower pole.

Left kidney is measuring approx. 11.2 x 4.5 cm.

Urinary bladder is well distended and does not show any calculus or mass lesion.

Prostate is enlarged in size (measuring 4.5 x 5.5 x 4.4 cm, volume 59-60 cc) with indentation of base of urinary bladder by median lobe and intravesical component of 9-10 mm. No focal lesion is seen.

No enlarged nodes are visualized. No retro-peritoneal lesion is identified.
No significant free fluid is seen in pelvis.

IMPRESSION:

- Grade 4 prostatomegaly.
- Grade I fatty liver.

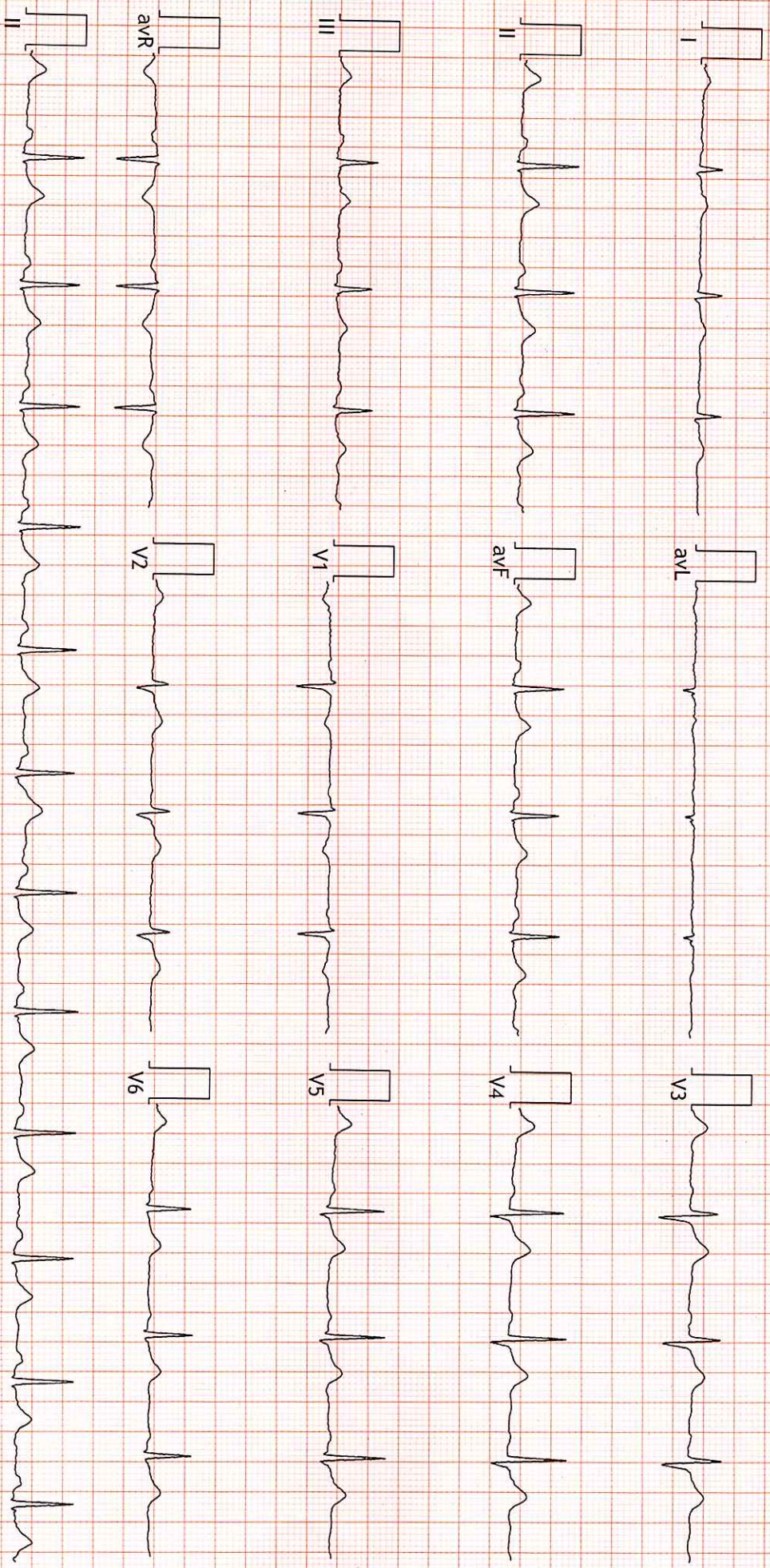
DR. SHALINI GOEL

M.B.B.S, D.N.B (Radiodiagnosis)

RMC no.: 21954

Dr. SHALINI GOEL
MBBS, DNB (Radiologist)
RMC No. 21954
P-3 Health Solutions LLP





FINDINGS: Normal Sinus Rhythm
 Vent Rate : 74 bpm; PR Interval : 170 ms; QRS Duration: 88 ms; QT/QTc Int : 362/402 ms
 P-QRS-T axis: 65 • 67 • 56 • (Deg)
 Comments :

TWNL

[Signature]
 Dr. Naresh Kumar Mohanka
 RMC No.: 35703
 MBBS, DIP. CARDIO (ESCORTS)
 D.E.M. (RCGP-UK)

P3 HEALTH SOLUTIONS LLP
 B-14, Vidhyadhar Enclave-2, Vidhyadhar Nagar, Jaipur
 10238595/MR DINESH KUMAR SHARMA 54 Yrs/Male 0 Kg/0 Cms
 Date: 26-Mar-2024 03:07:21 PM
 Ref. By : BANK OF BARODA

Protocol : BRUCE
 History : Nil

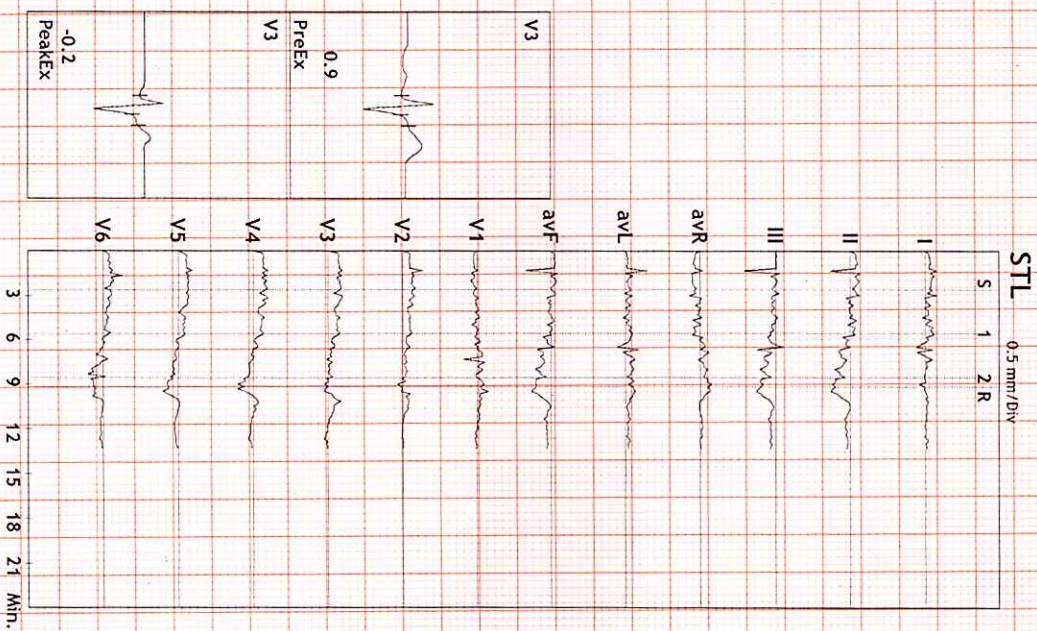
Medication : Nil
 Objective :

Stage	StageTime (Min:Sec)	PhaseTime (Min:Sec)	Speed (mph)	Grade (%)	METS	H.R. (bpm)	B.P. (mmHg)	R.P.P. x100	PVC	Comments
Supine					1.0	73	120/80	87	-	
Standing					1.0	75	120/80	90	-	
HV					1.0	89	120/80	106	-	
ExStart					1.0	97	120/80	116	-	
Stage 1	3:01	3:02	1.7	10.0	4.7	125	130/80	162	-	
Stage 2	3:01	6:02	2.5	12.0	7.1	148	140/85	207	-	
PeakEx	0:37	6:38	3.4	14.0	7.7	155	140/85	217	-	
Recovery	1:00		0.0	0.0	1.2	129	140/85	180	-	
Recovery	2:00		0.0	0.0	1.0	114	150/85	171	-	
Recovery	3:00		0.0	0.0	1.0	103	140/85	144	-	
Recovery	4:00		0.0	0.0	1.0	106	130/80	137	-	

Findings :

Exercise Time :06:37
 Max HR Attained :155 bpm 93% of Max Predictable HR 166
 Max BP : 150/85(mmHg)
 Max Workload attained :7.7(Fair Effort Tolerance)

ECG is Negative for RMT



Advice/Comments:

Dr. Naresh Kumar Mohanka
 RMC No.: 35703
 MBBS, DIP CARDIO (ESCORTS)
 D.E.M. (RCGP-UK)



HR: 73 bpm
METs: 1.0
BP: 120/80

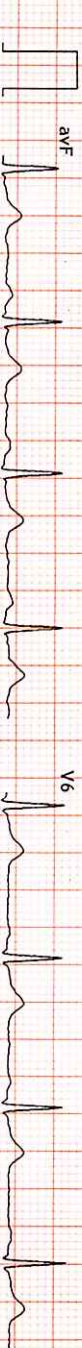
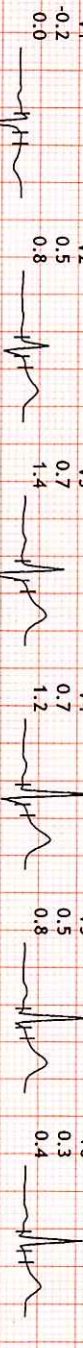
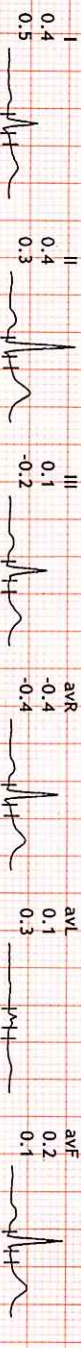
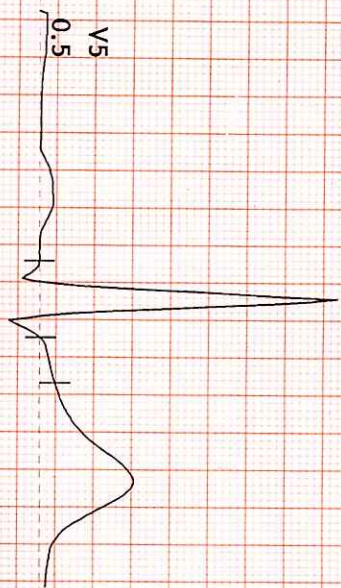
MPHR: 43% of 166
Speed: 0.0 mph
Grade: 0.0%

Raw ECG
BRUCE
(0.05-100)Hz

Ex Time 00:40
BLC: On
Notch: On

Supine
10.0 mm/mV
25 mm/Sec.

12 Lead + Median



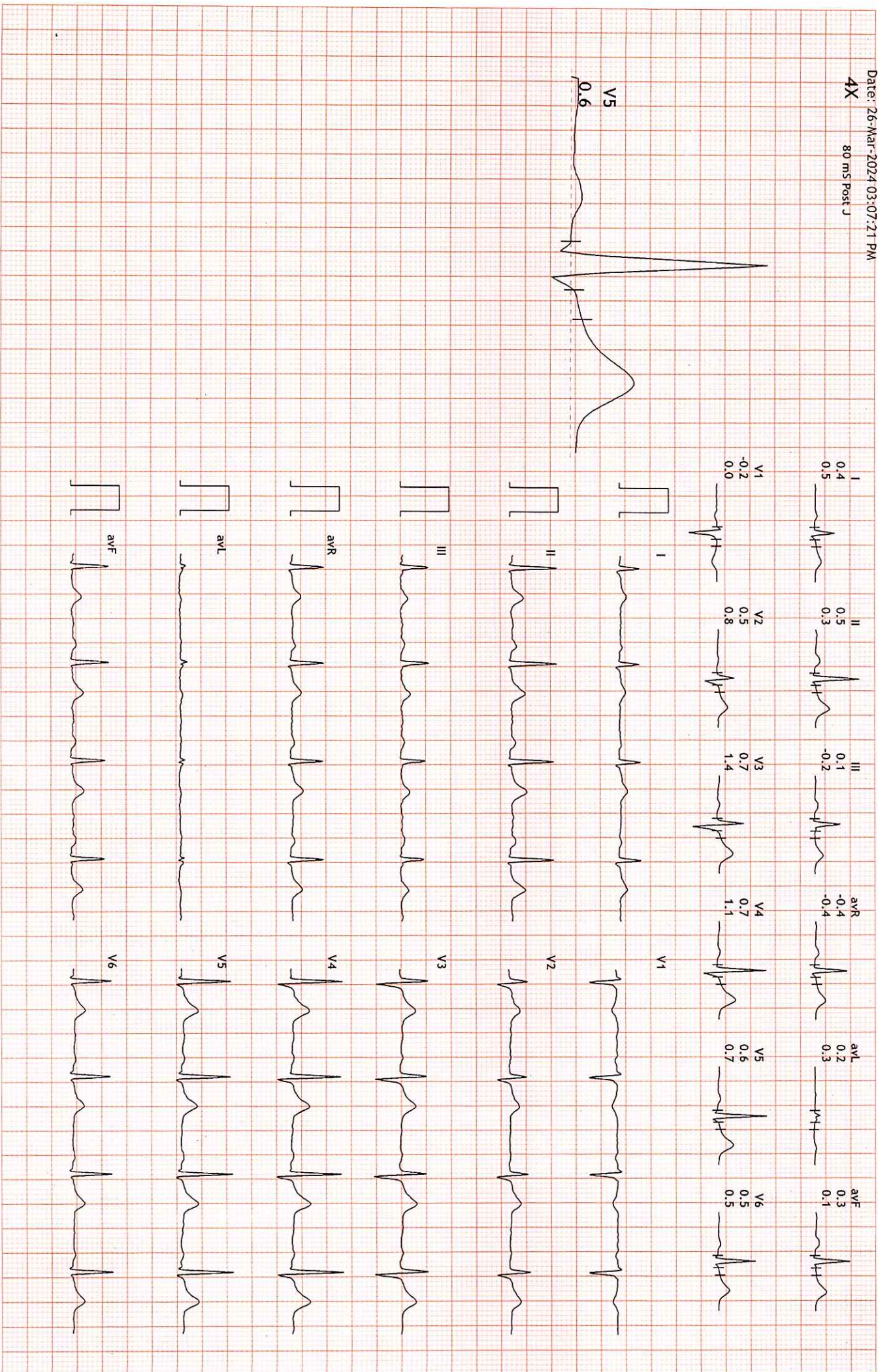
HR: 75 bpm
METs: 1.0
BP: 120/80

MPHR: 45% of 166
Speed: 0.0 mph
Grade: 0.0%

Raw ECG
BRUCE
(0.05-100)Hz

Ex Time 00:57
BLC :On
Notch :On

Standing
10.0 mm/mV
25 mm/Sec.



HR: 89 bpm
METTS: 1.0
BP: 120/80

MPHR: 53% of 166
Speed: 0.0 mph
Grade: 0.0%

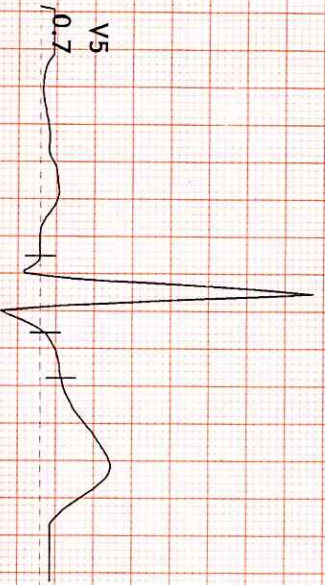
Raw ECG
BRUCE
(0.05-100)Hz

Ex Time 02:01
BLC : On
Notch : On

HV
10.0 mm/mV
25 mm/Sec.

4X

80 ms Post J



I



II



III



aVR



aVL



V1



V2



V3



V4



V5



V6



V1



V2



V3



V4



V5



V6



aVR



aVL



aVF



I



II



III



aVR



aVL



V1



V2



V3



V4



V5



V6



II



III



aVR



aVL



V1



V2



V3



V4



V5



V6



III



aVR



aVL



V1



V2



V3



V4



V5



V6



aVR



aVL



V1



V2



V3



V4



V5



V6



aVL



V1



V2



V3



V4



V5



V6



aVF



V1



V2



V3



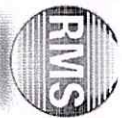
V4



V5



V6



B-14, Vidhyadhar Enclave-2, Vidhyadhar Nagar, Jaipur

10238595/MR DINESH KUMAR SHARMA

54 Yrs/Male

0 Kg/0 Cms

Date: 26-Mar-2024 03:07:21 PM

HR: 97 bpm

MEETS: 1.0

BP: 120/80

MPHR: 58% of 166

Speed: 0.0 mph

Grade: 0.0%

Raw ECG

BRUCE

(0.05-100)Hz

Ex Time 02:33

BLC : On

Notch : On

ExStart

10.0 mm/mV

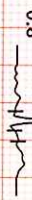
25 mm/Sec.



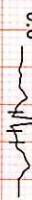
4X

80 ms Post J

I



II



III



avR



avL



avF



V1



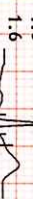
V2



V3



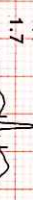
V4



V5



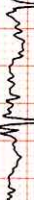
V6



I



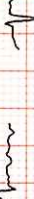
II



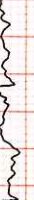
III



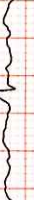
avR



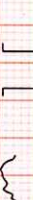
avL



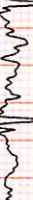
avF



I



II



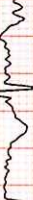
III



avR



avL



avF



I



II



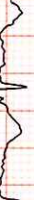
III



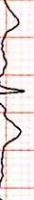
avR



avL



avF



I



II



III



avR



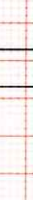
avL



avF



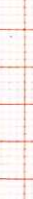
I



II



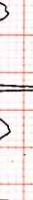
III



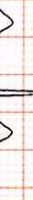
avR



avL



avF



I



II



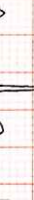
III



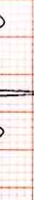
avR



avL



avF



V5



0.7



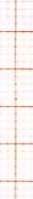
0.3



0.2



0.2



0.3



0.5



0.1



0.3



0.0



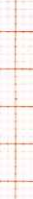
0.9



0.9



1.0



0.7



1.1



0.1



0.3



0.0



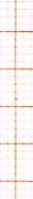
1.4



0.9



1.6



1.1



1.7



0.1



4X

80 ms Post J

HR: 125 bpm
METs: 4.7
BP: 130/80

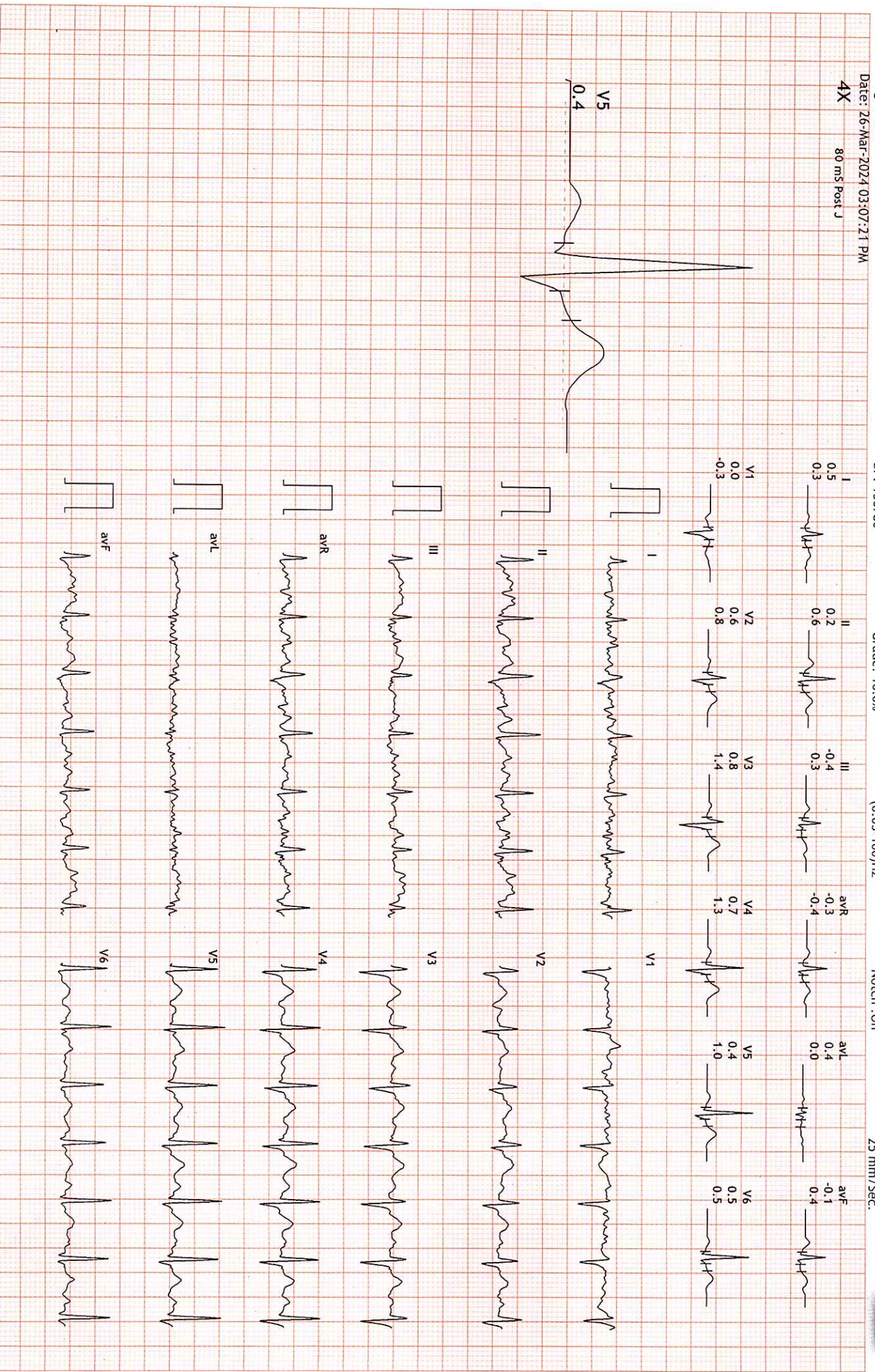
MpHR: 75% of 166
Speed: 1.7 mph
Grade: 10.0%

Raw ECG
BRUCE
(0.05-100)Hz

Ex Time 02:59
BLC: On
Notch: On

BRUCE: Stage 1(3:00)
10.0 mm/mv
25 mm/Sec.

1.2 Lead + Median



B-14, Vidhyadhar Enclave-2, Vidhyadhar Nagar, Jaipur
10238595/MR DINESH KUMAR SHARMA
54 Yrs/Male
0 Kg/0 Cms

HR: 148 bpm
METs: 7.1
BP: 140/85

MpHR: 89% of 166
Speed: 2.5 mph
Grade: 12.0%

Raw ECG
BRUCE
(0.05-100)HZ

Ex Time 05:59
BLC : On
Notch : On

BRUCE: Stage 2(3:00)
10.0 mm/mV
25 mm/Sec.



4X 80 ms Post J

V5 -0.5

I -0.1
0.4

II -0.4
0.5

III -0.3
0.1

avR -0.2
0.5

avL 0.1
0.2

avF -0.3
0.3

V1 -0.1
0.3

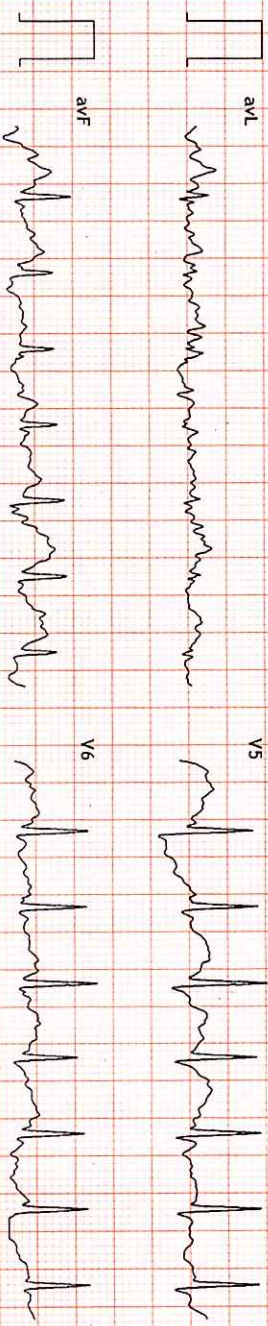
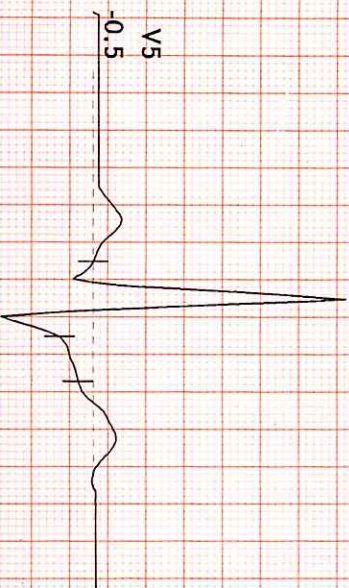
V2 0.2
1.3

V3 0.3
1.7

V4 -0.3
1.3

V5 -0.5
1.1

V6 0.2
0.8



4X

80 ms Post J

HR: 155 bpm

METS: 7.7

BP: 140/85

MPPHR: 93% of 166

Speed: 3.4 mph

Grade: 14.0%

Raw ECG

BRUCE

(0.05-100)HZ

1.2 Lead + Median

Ex Time 06:35

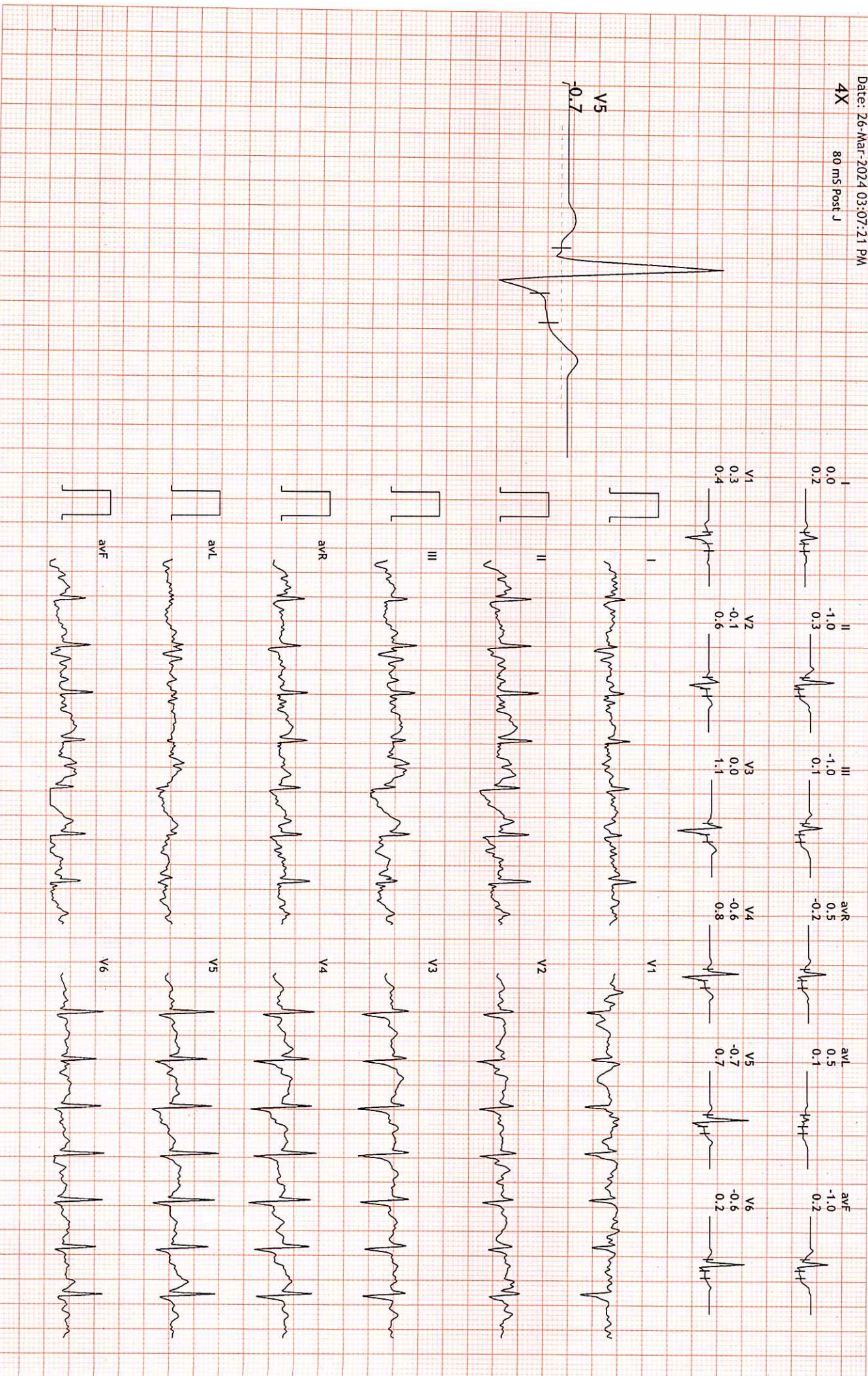
BLC : On

Notch : On

BRUCE: PeakEx(0:35)

10.0 mm/mV

25 mm/Sec.



HR: 129 bpm
METs: 1.3
BP: 140/85

MpHR: 77% of 166
Speed: 0.0 mph
Grade: 0.0%

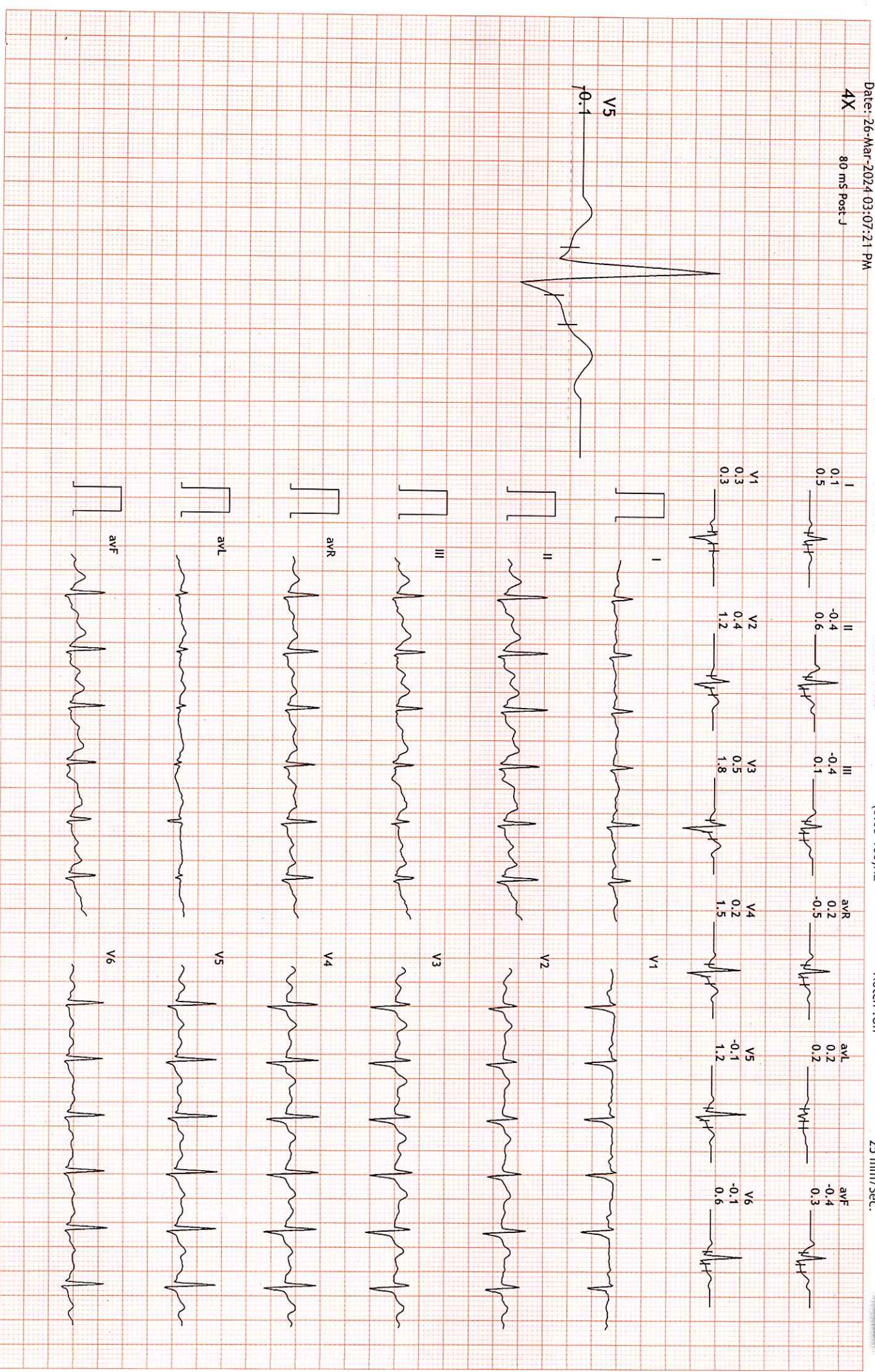
Raw ECG
BRUCE
(0.05-100)Hz

Ex Time 06:37
BLC : On
Notch : On

Recovery(1:00)
10.0 mm/mV
25 mm/Sec.



4X 80 ms Post J



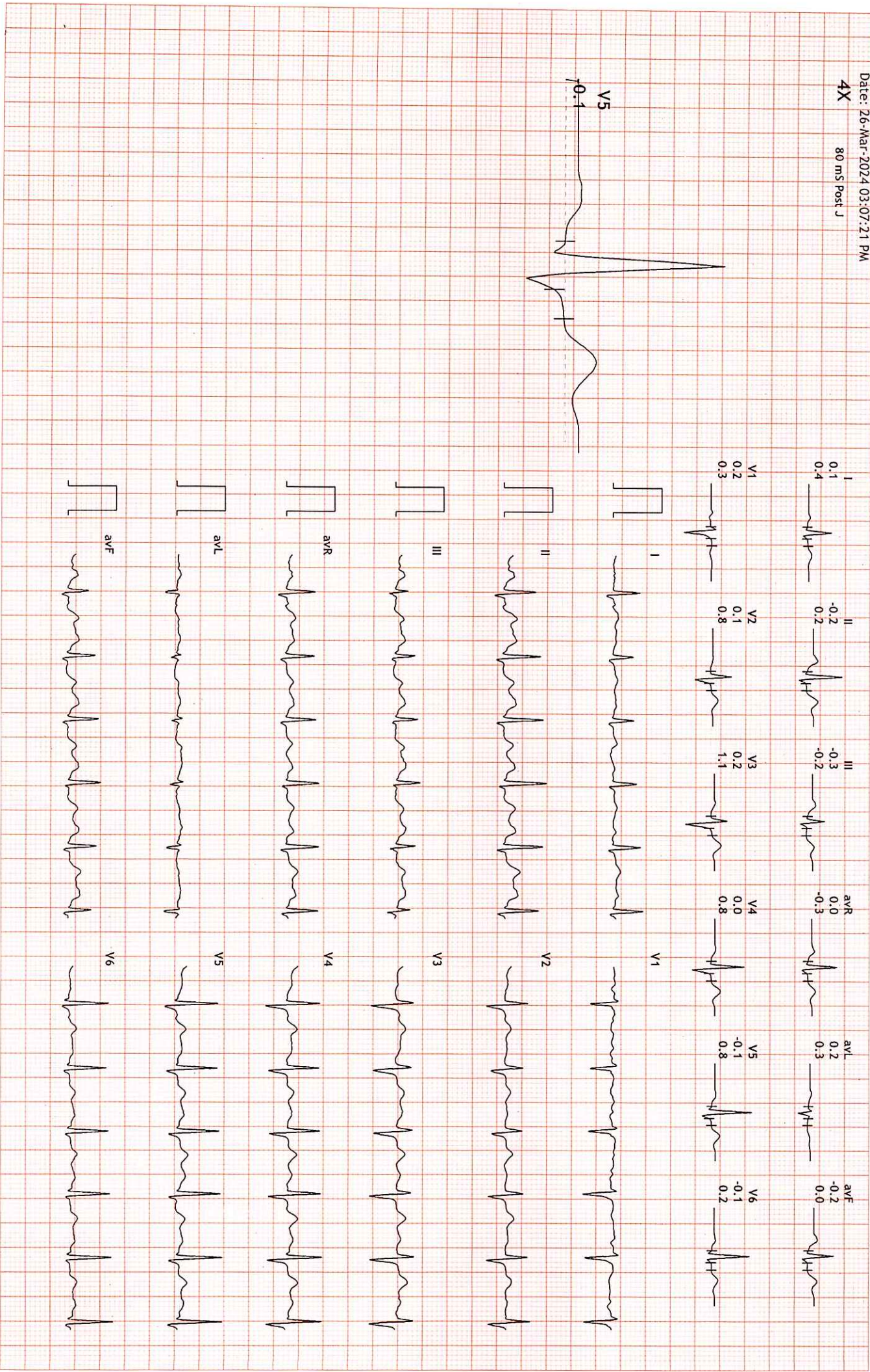
HR: 113 bpm
METTS: 1.0
BP: 150/85

MPPHR: 68% of 166
Speed: 0.0 mph
Grade: 0.0%

Raw ECG
BRUCE
(0.05-100)Hz

Ex Time 06:37
BLC: On
Notch: On

Recovery(2:00)
10.0 mm/mV
25 mm/Sec.



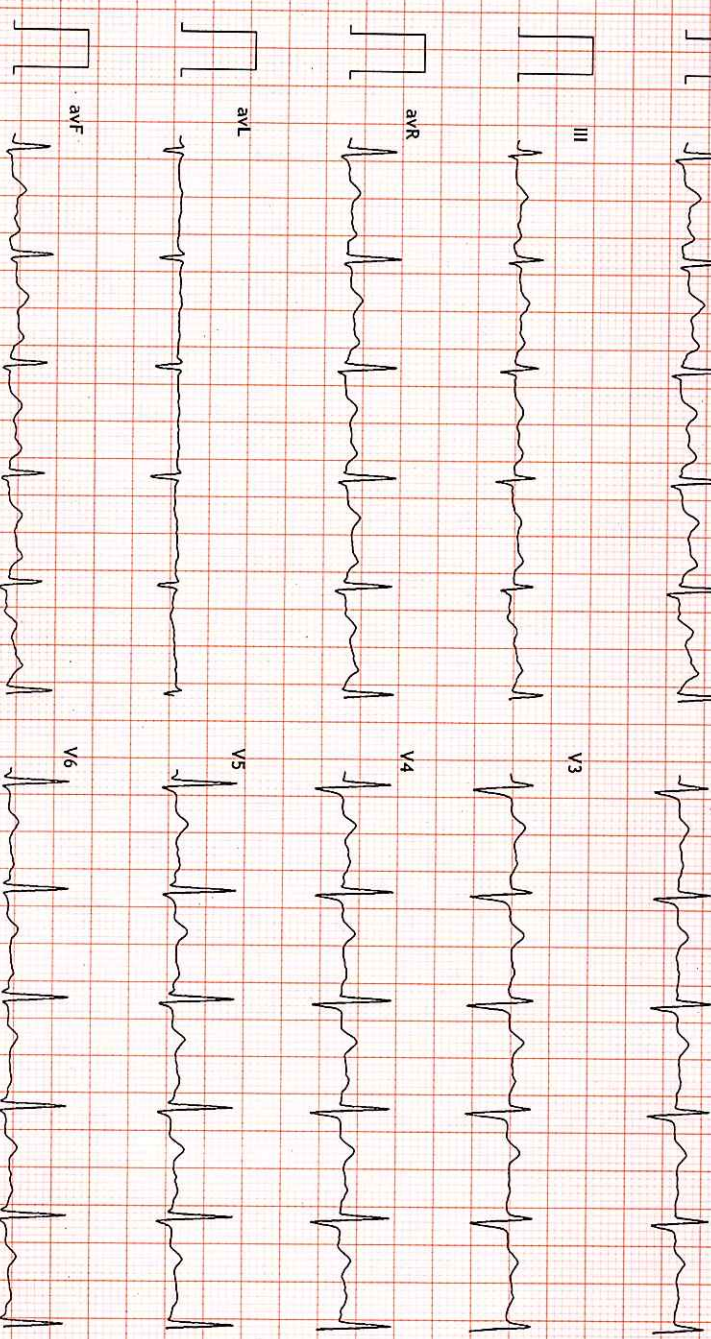
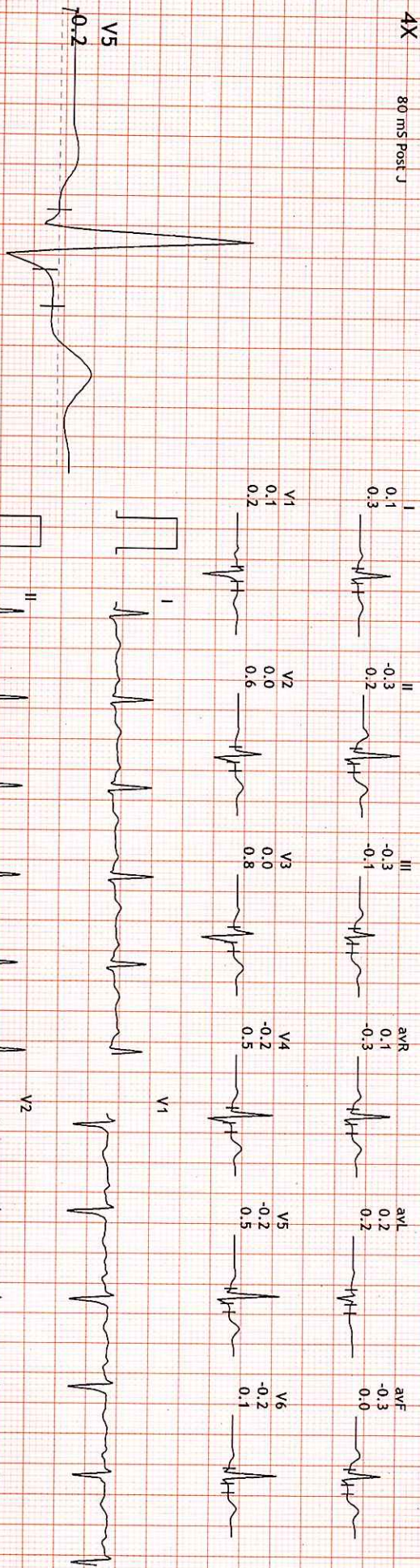
HR: 103 bpm
METs: 1.0
BP: 140/85

MPHR: 62% of 166
Speed: 0.0 mph
Grade: 0.0%

Raw ECG
BRUCE
(0.05-100)Hz

Ex Time 06:37
BLC :On
Notch :On

Recovery(3:00)
10.0 mm/mV
25 mm/Sec.



HR: 105 bpm
METs: 1.0
BP: 130/80

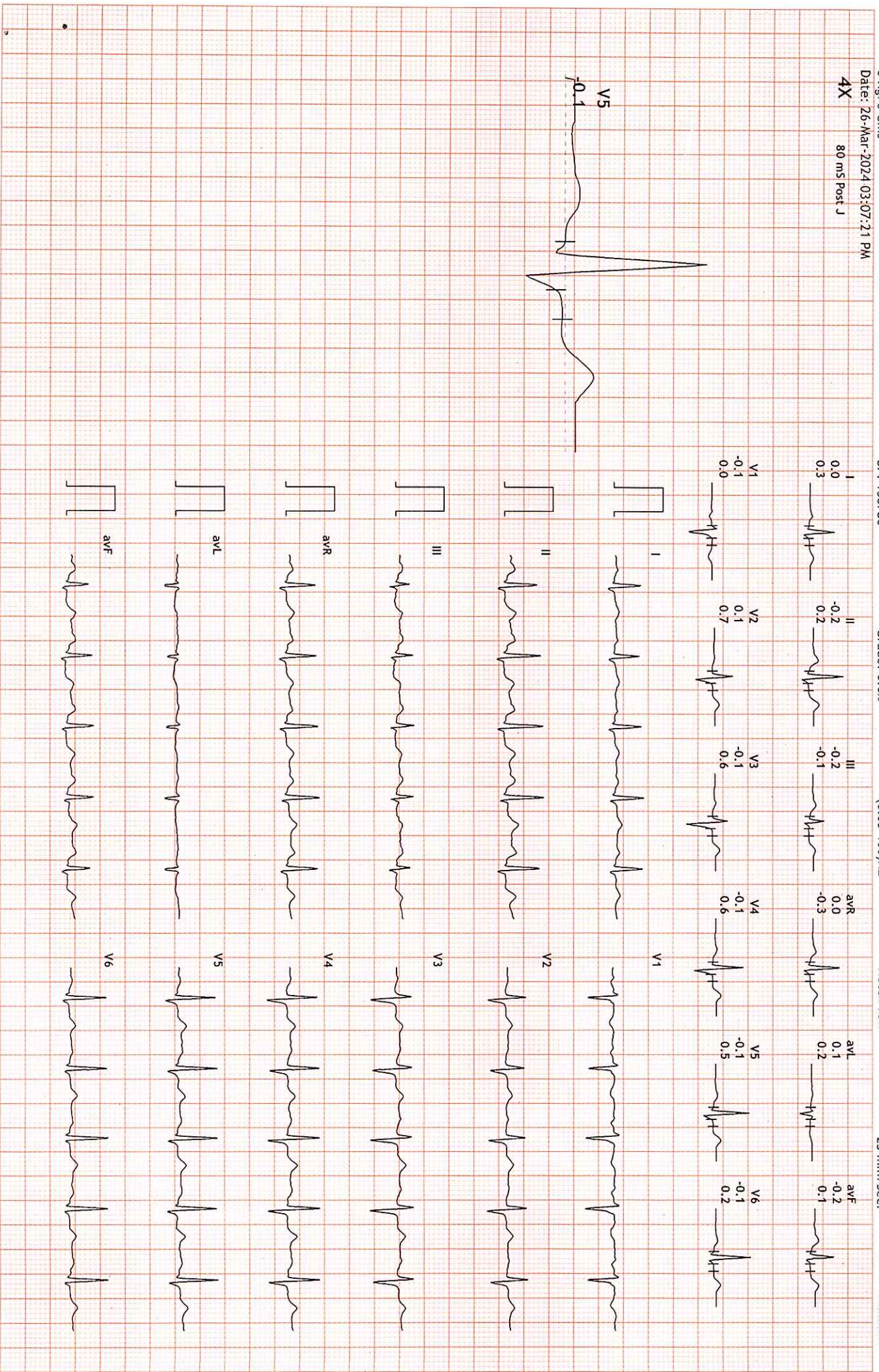
MPPR: 63% of 166
Speed: 0.0 mph
Grade: 0.0%

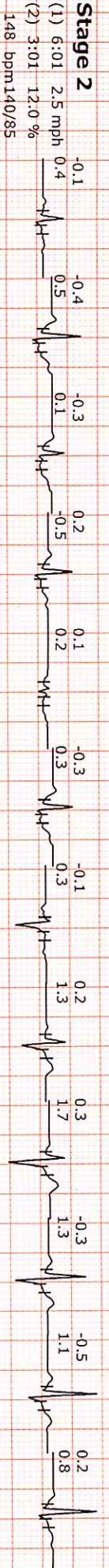
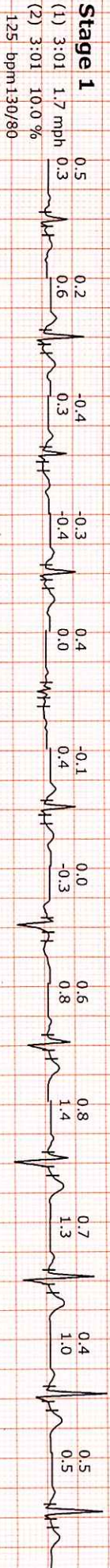
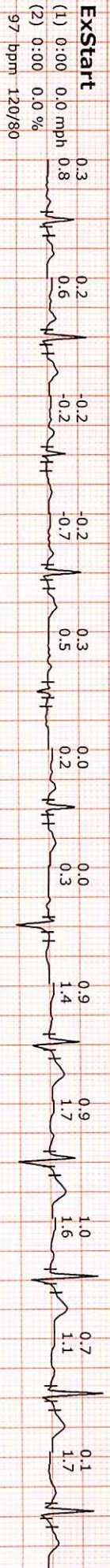
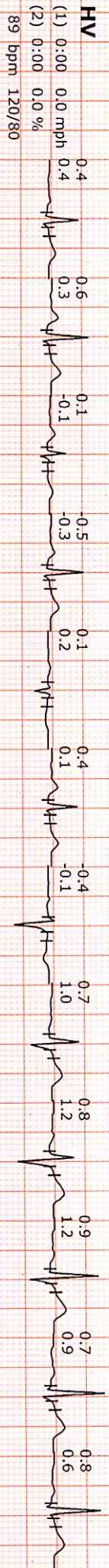
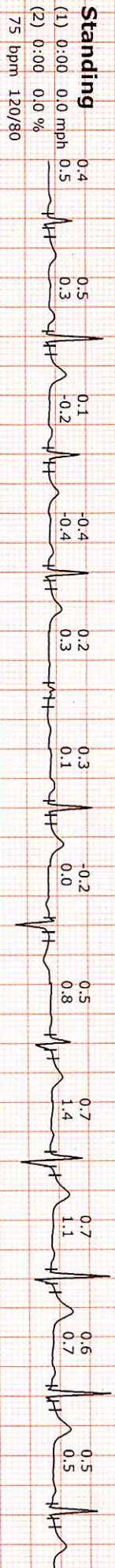
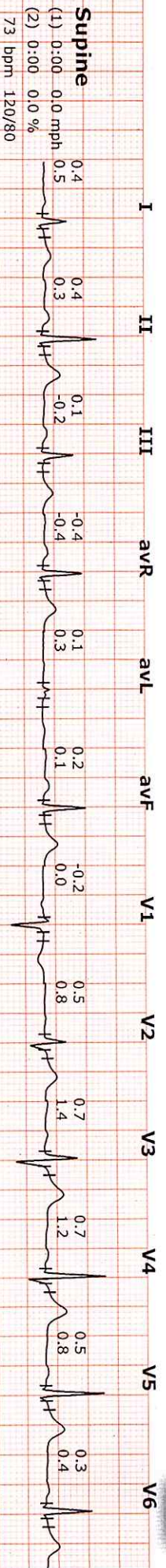
Raw ECG
BRUCE
(0.05-100)Hz

Ex Time 06:37
BLC : On
Notch : On

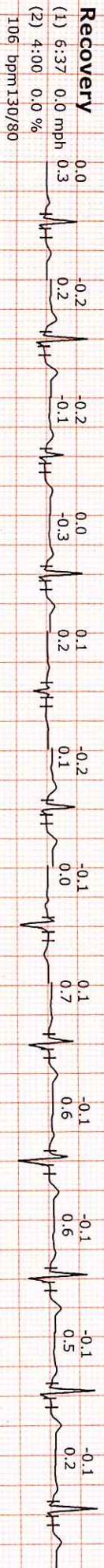
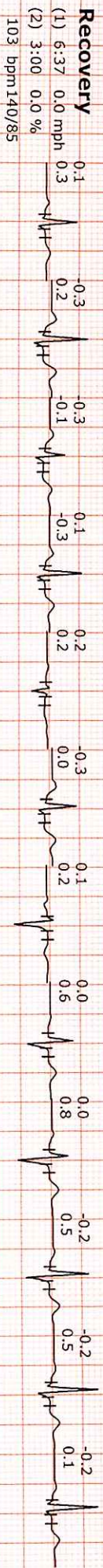
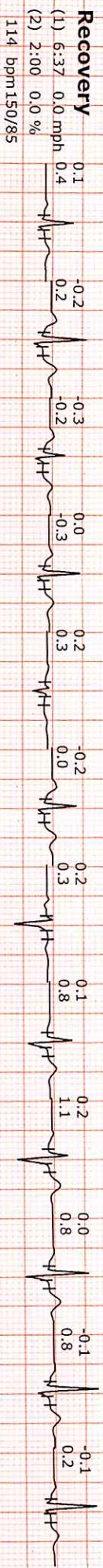
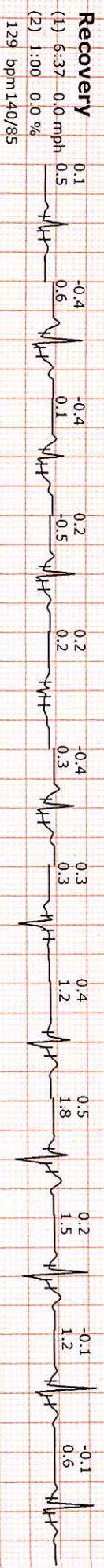
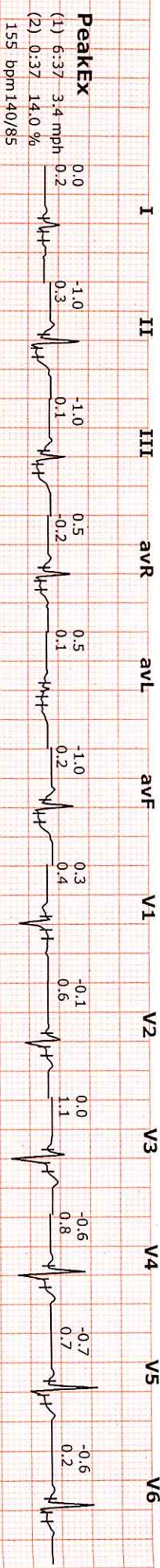
Recovery(4:00)
10.0 mm/mv
25 mm/Sec.

12 Lead + Median





Average





P3 HEALTH SOLUTIONS LLP

(ASSOCIATES OF MAXCARE DIAGNOSTICS)

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Central Spine, Vidhyadhar Nagar, Jaipur - 302023
☎ +91 141 4824885 📧 maxcarediagnostics1@gmail.com



NAME:	MR. DINESH KUMAR SHARMA	AGE	54 YRS/M
REF.BY	BANK OF BARODA	DATE	26/03/2024

CHEST X-RAY (PA VIEW)

Bilateral lung fields appear clear.

Bilateral costo-phrenic angles appear clear.

Cardiothoracic ratio is normal.

Thoracic soft tissue and skeletal system appear unremarkable.

Soft tissue shadows appear normal.

Note is made of degenerative changes in visualized bones and spine

IMPRESSION: No significant abnormality is detected.

DR.SHALINI GOEL

M.B.B.S, D.N.B (Radiodiagnosis)

RMC No.: 21954



12234988 DINESH KUMAR SHARMA 54 YRS MEDIWHEEL M
26 MAR 2024
MAXCARE DIAGNOSTIC (ASSOCIATES OF P3 HEALTH SOLUTIONS LLP)

